# annual report



Ali Asghar Textile Mills Limited



#### CONTENTS

Company Information	2
Vision & Mission Statement	3
Directors' Report to the Share Holders	4
Key Operating and Financial Results	7
Pattern of Share Holding	8
Statement of Compliance	10
Review Report to the Members	12
Notice of Annual General Meeting	13
Auditors' Report	16
Balance Sheet	17
Profit & Loss Account	19
Cash Flow Statement	20
Statement of Changes in Equity	22
Notes to the Accounts	23
Form of Proxy (Enclosed)	





#### COMPANY INFORMATION

Board of Directors : Mr Nadeem Ellahi Shaikh Chief Executive

Mr. Naveed Ellahi Shaikh Mst. Marium Humavun Mr. Salman Masood Mr. Abdul Aziz Mr. Sultan Mehmood Mr. Muhammad Azad Khan

Audit Committee : Mst. Marium Humayun

Chairperson Mr. Naveed Ellahi Shaikh Member

Mr. Sultan Mehmood Member

Chief Financial Officer: Mr. Aftab Ahmad

Chief Internal Auditor · Mr Altaf Qadir

Company Secretary: Mr. Abdul Aziz

Auditors : M/s. M. Yousuf Adil Saleem & Co.

Chartered Accountants,

Bankers · Habib Bank Limited

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

National Bank of Pakistan

Registered Office : 306-308, Uni Tower,

> I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi-Pakistan.

Website : www.aatml.com.pk

Mills at : Plot 2 & 6, Sector No. 25,

Korangi Industrial Area,

Karachi-Pakistan.



#### DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors have the honor to present 41<sup>St</sup> Annual Report alongwith audited financial statement for the period ended June 30, 2007

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS

The annual turnover for the year under review was Rs.549.25 Million as compared to Rs.586.64 Million last year and operating costs were Rs.20.14 Million as compared to Rs.20.11 Million last year.

However the cost push inflation led to rise in wages/energy/transportation costs resulted in a net loss of Rs.31.50 Million for the year. Accordingly the loss per share worked out at Rs.0.82 this year as compared to earning per share of Rs.0.37 last year.

This is the first loss after 3 years of consistent profitability and inspite of the operating profit of Rs.52.62 Million in the year under review. The biggest factor was the rise in financial cost. and increased depreciation of Rs.34.64. Million over Rs.13.13 Million last year.

In order to remedy the situation the management team is implementing the following steps .

- a) Decrease financial cost by converting KIBOR loan to LIBOR based loan.
   b) Pay off expensive leasing with cheaper borrowing from commercial banks.
- c) Increase spindleage by another 8000 spindles to decrease cost and utilize existing civil and energy Infra-structure.
- d) Increase capital of the company to improve balance sheet footing and debt/equity

The last 12 months have been one of the tremendous change in AATML 2007 saw the addition of 13 new ring frames and . the auto leveler DX8 TOYODA drawing which enabled AATML to manufacture 80/s Warp yarn which was a subsequent milestone in the history of the company.

#### FUTURE OUTLOOK

ratio.

In view of positive attitude of our government towards supporting the spinning sector and grant of 3% subsidy on mark-up rate of long-term loans, the management is hopfell that the government will come to the rescue of the spinning sector. APTMA has made a detailed representation of the subsidies given to Pakistan textile competitors in the region and the Government of Pakistan has agreed to come out with a textile package in the near future to counter these unfair subsidies.

In view of the above steps taken by the management and the positive attitude of GOP, the comments of the auditor in note. No.1.2 are properly addressed and leave no doubt of the ability of the company to operate as a going concern.

During the year Company approached its bankers Habib Metropolitan Bank for restructuring of its various short term liabilities by transferring into long term. Regotiations with the banker was successfully reached in May 2007 and the both parties were principally agreed on such restructuring, however formal restructuring, becament was signed in July 2007 and accordingly, based on the fact that such restructuring was principally agreed between parties pending documentation only, the restructured loans has been correctly shown are shown under long term liabilities. However in view of the requirement of IAS in the opinion of the auditors these liabilities become the subsequent to vear end.



The Dividend has been passed over in view of loss and need for further investments in fixed assets...

The directors are pleased to report that your company has taken necessary steps to comply with the provisions of the code of Corporate Governance as incorporated in the listing regulations of stock exchange.

In light of the company's overall objective, the Board of Directors regularly reviews the company's strategic direction. Annual plans and performance targets set for the business the Board is committed to maintain the high standards, of good corporate governance. Given below is the statement of Corporate and Financial Report Framework.

These financial statements present fairly the state of affairs of the company, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.

The Company has maintained proper books of accounts.

Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of these financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgement.

International Accounting Standards as applicable in Pakistan have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed.

The system of internal control, which was in place, is being continuously reviewed by the management. The process of review and monitoring will continue with the object to improve it further. Hiring of appropriate staff to strengthen the internal audit function is under consideration.

The management of your company is leaving no stone unturned to improve the financial and operational performance.

All liabilities in regard to the payment on account of taxes, duties, levies, and charges have been fully provided and will be paid in due course or where claim was not acknowledged as debt the same is disclosed as contingent liabilities in the notes to the accounts.

There is no doubt about the company's ability to continue as going concern.

There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.

Key operating and financial data of last six years is annexed to the financial statements.

The Company operates un-funded gratuity scheme for its employees and provision has been made in the accounts accordingly.

No trades in the shares of the Company were carried out by the directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouces and minor children.



During the year six Board Meeting were held, the attendance by each Directors given helow:-

S. No.	Name of Director					
	Number	o f	meetings	attended		
1.	Mrs. Gulnar Humayun					
			4			
2.		Mr. Nade	eem Ellahi Shaikh			
			5			
3.		Mr. Nave	eed Ellahi Shaikh			
			6			

Leave of absence was granted to the directors who could not attend some of the Board meetings.

Code of Ethics and Business practice has been developed and are now being communicated and acknowledged by each director and employee of the Company.

The management of your company is leaving no stone unturned to improve the financial and operational performance and initiating following major steps to prove its reality.

The pattern of holding of the shares as on June 30, 2007 is annexed.

Retiring Auditors M/s. Yousuf Adil Saleem & Co. Chartered Accountants are eligible.

The Directors wish to place on record the highly dedicated services rendered by the employees and convey thanks to bankers, and leasing companies for their valuable support.

By Order of the Board

NADEEM ELLAHI SHAIKH Chief Executive

Karachi: November 8, 2007



#### **KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL RESULTS**

#### FROM 2001-2002 TO 2006-2007

ACCOUNTING YEAR	2006-2007	2005-2006	2004-2005	2003-2004	2002-2003	2001-2002
OPERATING RESULTS:						
Sales -Net Gross Profit (Loss) Net Profit (Loss) After Tax	549,246 61,336 (31,495)	586,638 79,309 14,082	375,005 54,859 3,900	460,868 45,987 3,124	365,744 25,500 (13,838)	375,412 52,980 7,888
FINANCIAL POSITION						
Assets Employed Operating Assets Current Assets Other Assets Deferred Costs	882,090 338,012 14,190 8,354	871,880 306,125 10,338 14,479	638,969 330,609 5,933 18,698	191,470 225,538 7,088 22,556	129,237 289,870 6,313	111,112 135,021 1,704
	1,242,646	1,202,822	994,209	446,652	425,420	247,837
Assets Financed By: Shareholders Equity Director Loan Surplus on revaluation of Fixed Assets Long Term Loan Other Deferred Liabilities Current Maturity Other Current Liabilities	(149,358) 31,703 578,014 336,765 3,084 81,125 361,313	(123,694) 35,504 583,847 301,931 3,965 31,681 369,588 1,202,822	(137,977) 33,504 490,439 164,529 3,463 58,711 381,540	(142,039) 6,867 80,431 132,483 3,499 41,952 323,459	(241,148) 63,728 80,668 104,620 7,372 33,670 376,510	(227,282) 52,218 84,908 98,723 3,613 21,993 213,663
Key Ratios: Gross Profit to Sales % Net Profit (Loss) to Sales % E.P.S.	11.17% 6 -5.73% -0.82%	13.52% 2.40% 0.37%	14.63% 1.04% 0.10%	9.98% 0.68% 0.08%	6.97% -3.78% -0.36%	14.11% 2.10% 0.20%



#### PATTERN OF HOLDING OF SHARES

#### HELD BY THE SHARE HOLDERS AS AT JUNE 30, 2007

SHA	RES				
		SHARE	TOTAL		
FROM	то	HOLDERS	SHARES		
1	100	447	42,876		
101	500	274	83,186		
501	1000	87	71,800		
1001	5000	79	188,000		
5001	10000	3	24,000		
10001	15000	2	21,099		
15001	20000	2	34,200		
70001	75000	1	73,200		
895001	985000	2	1,878,323		
2500001	16100000	4	35,882,190		
TOTAL		901	38,298,874		

S. NO.	CATEGORY OF SHAREHOLDERS	NO.	SHARES HELD	%
1	INDIVIDUALS	882	21,187,686	55.32
2	INVESTMENT COMPANIES	2	200	0.00
3	INSURANCE COMPANIES	1	3,100	0.01
4	JOINT STOCK COMPANIES	4	914,322	2.38
5	FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	5	16,183,571	42.26
6	OTHERS	7	10,001	0.03
	TOTAL:-	901	38,298,874	100%



#### PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

AS AT JUNE 30, 2007

Ξ	Name of Shareholders	No.	Shares Held	Percentage
1.	Associated Company	-		
2.	N.I.T. & I.C.P			
	Investment Corporation of Pakistan	3	14,999	0.039
3.	Director CEO and Executive	4		
	Mr. Nadeem Ellahi Shaikh - Chief Executive     Mr. Naveed Ellahi Shaikh - Director     Mst. Marium Humayun - Director     Mr. Salman Masood - Director		8,487,092 8,772,465 2,000 2,000	22.160 22.906 0.005 0.005
4.	Banks, Development Finance Institutions. Non Banking Finance Institutions Insurance Companies, Modaraba and Mutual Funds	5		
	P.I.C.I.C. Limited Adamjee Insurance Co. Ltd. Habib Investment Co. Ltd. Shirazi Investment Co., Habib Bank Limited.		73,200 3,100 100 100 16,095,372	0.191 0.008 0.000 0.000 42.026
5.	Individuals	878	3,924,123	10.246
6.	Others SHARE HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY	11 901	924,323 38,298,874	2.414 100.00
7.	Share Holders holding 10% or more. Mr. Nadeem Ellahi Shaikh Mr. Naveed Ellahi Shaikh Habib Bank Limited		8,487,092 8,772,465 16,095,372	22.16 22.90 42.02



### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in Regulation No. 37, Chapter XIII and Chapter XI of regulation of KARACHI STOCK EXCHANGE (GUARANTEE) LIMITED for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corrorate covernance.

The Company has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

- The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its Board of Directors. At present the board includes one independent non-executive director, but no director representing minority shareholders.
- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than ten listed companies, including this Company.
- 3. All the resident directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a Development Financial Institution or Non-banking Financial Institution, being a member of Stock Exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that Stock Exchange.
- 4. Casual vacancy of one Director occurred during the year.
- The Company has prepared a 'Statement of Ethics and Business Practices', which has been signed by all the directors and employees of the Company.
- The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended is being maintained.
- All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO and other executive directors, have been taken by the Board.
- 8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman / Chairperson and in his absence, by a Director elected by the Board for this purpose and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meeting were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- No specific orientation course was held during the period. However, the management continues to appraise and familiarize with changes in law to discharge their duties and responsibilities.



- The Board has approved appointment of CFO and head of internal audit during the period, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment, as determined by the CFO.
- The Director's report for this period has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval
  of the Board
- The Directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises of 3 members including the Chairperson, two of them are non-executive directors.
- 16. The meetings of the audit committee were held prior to approval of interim and final results of the company as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the committee have been determined and approved by the Board of Directors and advised to the committee for compliance.
- There is no effective internal audit function. The implementation of effective internal audit function is under the consideration of the Board.
- 18. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm, and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other service and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this repard.
- 20. We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code have been complied with.

On Behalf of the Board of Directors

NADEEM E. SHAIKH Chief Executive

Karachi: November 8, 2007



## REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH BEST PRACTICES OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance prepared by the Board of Directors of ALI ASGHAR TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED to comply with the Clause XIV of the Listing Regulation No. 37 of the Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited, where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the Company, Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We have not carried out any special review of the internal control system to enable us to express an opinion as to whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all controls and the effectiveness of such controls.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the company for the vear ended June 30. 2007.

> M. Yousuf Adil Saleem & Co. Chartered Accountants

Karachi: November 08, 2007



A statement of material facts u/s. 160(1)(b) of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 relating to the special resolution and special business to be transacted at the said AGM is being sent to all the shareholders along with the Notice of AGM.

By Order of the Board

(ABDUL AZIZ) Company Secretary

Karachi November 8, 2007.

#### Notes:

l.			The	e sha	re trai	nsfer bo	oks of t	the com	ipany w	vill rem	ain clo	sed f	rom N	ovemb	er 19,
2		0	0		7									t	0
			No	vemb	er 30,	2007 (E	oth day	s inclus	sive).						
II.			An	nemb	er enti	tled to a	ttend a	nd vote	at this	meetin	g may	appoi	nt ano	ther m	embei
а	s							h	i	s	/		h	e	Γ
			pro	xy to	atten	d and vo	te inste	ead of h	im/her.	Proxi	es in o	rder to	be et	ffective	must
b	е						r	е	С		9	i	٧	e	d
				he Re eting.	-	red offic	e of the	Compa	any not	less th	nan 48	hours	befor	e the t	ime of
III.			C.E	D.C sl	hareh	olders w	ho wish	n to atte	nd the	Annua	I Gene	ral M	eeting	are re	quired
t	0								b		r	i		n	g
			Ori	ginal	I.D. c	ard with	сору	thereof	along-	with th	e Part	icipar	it ID n	umber	, their
а	С	С	0	u	n	t				n	u	m	b	е	r
			at t	he tin	ne of r	neeting	in orde	r to auth	nenticat	e their	identit	y.			
IV. addr	ress.		Sh	are-ho	olders	are req	uested	to prom	ply noti	fy Con	npany (	of any	chang	je in th	eir



#### NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 41st Annual General Meeting pf Ali Asghar Textile Mills Limited will be held on November 30, 2007 at 10:30 a.m. at Company's Mills situated at Plot No. 2 & 6, Sector 25, Korangi, Karachi to transact the following business:

To confirm the minutes of extra ordinary General Meeting held on April 16, 2007.

To receive, consider and adopt the annual audited accounts of the company for the year ended. Junde 30, 2007 together with the directors' and auditors' reports thereon.

To appoint auditors for the year ending June 30, 2008 and fix their remuneration.

#### SPECIAL BUSINESS

 To approve the payment of remuneration and provision of certain facilities to the Chief Executive and a working director of the Company.

#### Ordinary Resolutions:

"Resolved that the payment of annual remuneration to the Chief Executive and a working director of the Company be and is hereby approved."

To with draw the issuance of right shares offered in the Extraordinary General Meeting of the shareholders held on April 16, 2007 and pass the following resolutions:

"Resolved that the permission for issuance of 6,127,820 right shares @16% at par to the existing shareholders in proportion of 0.16 share on every one share held, granted in the Extraordinary General Meeting of the shareholders held on April 16, 2007 be and is hereby withdrawn and the said proposed issuance of fight shares should be considered as cancelled."

6. To consider and if deemed fit, to pass with or without modification, the following Special Resolutions"

#### Special Resolution:

"Resolved that further paid up capital of the Company be and is hereby enhanced by issuance and allotment of =6,127,820= Ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each at par, ranking pari passu with the existing ordinary shares in all respect, to the directors of the Company against their loan, without issuance of right shares, in accordance with the provision of Section 86(1) of the Companies Ordinance1984 subject to approval from Securities and Exchance Commission of Pakistan."

Further Resolved that the Chief Executive / Company Secretary be and is hereby authorised to take all the necessary steps to effect ht Special Resolution and fulfill the legal, corporate and procedural formalities to complete the process of raising further paid up capital without issue of right shares.

7. To consider any other business with the permission of the Chair.



#### STATEMENT UNDER SECTION 180 OF THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE, 1984

This statement sets out the material facts concerning the special business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders to be held on November 30, 2007.

#### Agenda Item No. 4:

The Board of Directors have proposed to increase the payment of remuneration and provision of certain facilities to the Chief Executive and a working director of the Company as follows:

- a) Managerial Remuneration:
- Reimbursable expenses which are in the nature of a perquisite or benefit;
- Rs. 1.440.000 each per annum for two.

Housing, Transport, Medical and Leave Fare facility for themselves, their wives and dependent children to the extent of 10% of the annual remuneration. (Rs. 1.440,000 each).

#### Agenda Item No. 5:

The shareholders in their Extraordinary General Meeting held on April 16, 2007 had permitted the issuance of =6,127,820= right shares @16% at par to be issued to the existing shareholders in proportion of 0.16 share on every one share held on April 11, 2007.

Due to prevailing recession in the textile sector, response of underwriters towards underwriting right shares issue was not positive. In view of inability of the company to get the issuance of right shares underwritten, which is a company requirement for right issue of loss making companies under Rule S(v)(b) of the Companies (Issue of Capital), Rules, 1996, the management decided to withdraw the offer of right shares.

Due to persistent textile crises, which have effected the Company's liquidity position adversely, there is dire need to increase the paid up capital of the Company, enabling it to reduce its dependence on borrowed capital and improve its balance sheet ratios.

#### Agenda Item No. 6:

Some of directors of the Company have extended loans to the Company, have shown their intention to subscribe to further issue of Ordinary shares by the Company against their respective loans, after completion of all the necessary corporate and legal requirements.

Keeping in view circumstances of the Company, the Board of Directors has recommended that paid up capital of the company be raised by further issuing =6,127,820= fully paid ordinary shares of Rs.5.4 each at par to the directors after obtaining approval of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, in accordance with the provisions of section 86 of the Companies Ordinance:



#### **AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS**

We have audited the annewed balance sheet of Ali Asphar Toxille Mills Limited as at June 30, 2007, and the related profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity logother with the notices forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our undit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain rescanded assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit airo includes assessing the accounting policies and significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the experiment of the provides are assemble basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

***********	auoi	,	пор	AL DIGIL
(1)				The Company has classified short term loans of Rs. 62 million as long term loans in view of the fact that the same has been rescheduled. However since the resheduling was made subequent to the balance sheet date on July 25, 2007 the same could not be classified as
I				o n term liabilities as per International Accounting Standard-1 "Presentation of Financial Statements".
(2)				Except for effect on the financial statements of the matter referred to in the above paragraph, we report that;
a)				in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
b)				in our opinion:
				i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the n o t e s t h e r e o n have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance,
	1	9	8	4 , a n d a r e in agreement with the books of account and are further in
	а	С	С	or dance accounting policies consistently applied.
				ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of C o m p a n y s business; and
	d		u	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
c)				in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to
	u i			the balance sheet, profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes
	C			equity together with the notes forming part thereof give the information required by the o m p a n i e s
	s	t	a	Ordinance, 1984 in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the
	3			Company's affairs as at June 30, 2007 and of the loss, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
(3)				In our opinion, no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980) and
(4) d				Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 1.2 to the financial statements that
-		٠		the adverse financial condition of the Company and steps taken by the management including
0			х	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
				M Vougue Adil Saloom & Co.

M. Yousuf Adil Saleem & Co.



#### **BALANCE SHEET**

		Note	June 30, _2007	June 30, _2006
SHARE CAPITAL Authorised			Rupees	Rupees
ordinary shares	40,0000,000 Rs 5 each		200,000,000	200,000,000
Issued, subscribed paid-up capits Accumulated loss	i and	3	191,494,370 (340,852,554) (149,358,184)	191,494,370 (315,189,295) (123,694,925)
SURPLUS ON RE OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMEN	PLANT	4	578,014,829	583,847,279
NON-CURRENT L		5	234,908,027	145,750,320
LIABILITIES AGAI		6	94,132,927	102,602,675
DEFERRED LIAB	ILITIES	7	42,511,568	93,047,070
CURRENT LIABIL Trade and other pa Short term bank by Current portion of Mark-up payable Taxation	ayables	8 9 10	140,239,432 181,843,363 81,125,630 36,420,248 2,809,611	138,180,980 210,267,214 31,681,132 18,193,844 2,946,702 401,269,872
CONTINGENCIES	SAND	11	1,242,647,451	1,202,822,291



AS AT JUNE 30, 2007	Note	June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	12	882,090,335	871,880,175
DEFERRED COSTS	13	8,354,382	12,364,482
DEFERRED TAXATION	14	-	2,115,013
LONG TERM DEPOSITS		14,190694	10,337,694
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores and spares	15	5,326,951	6,216,975
Stock in trade	16	135,510,241	129,126,786
Trade debts	17	154,924,427	127,780,876
Advances	18	19,408,415	21,678,746
Deposits and prepayments	19	5,286,378	4,034,521
Other receivables	20	2,763,476	12,038,597
Tax refundable	21	4,647,302	4,091,197
Cash and bank balances	22	10,144,850	1,157,227
	·	338,012,040	306,124,927
		1,242,647,451	1,202,822,291

The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

NADEEM E. SHAIKH Chief Executive NAVEED E. SHAIKH Director



#### PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Note	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
Sales - net Cost of goods sold	23 24	549,246,296 (487,909,428)	586,638,076 (507,328,786)
Gross profit		61,336,868	79,309,290
Other operating income	25	11,427,147 72,764,015	9,508,397 88,817,687
Operating expenses		72,704,010	00,017,007
Distribution cost Administrative expenses Workers' profit participation fund	26 27	916,746 19,224,590 - (20,141,336)	1,625,379 17,860,390 628,845 (20,114,614)
		52,622,679	68,703,073
Amortization of deferred cost	13	4,010,100	(4,010,100)
Finance costs	28	(75,200,353)	(52,705,825)
(Loss) / Profit before taxation		(26,587,774)	11,987,149
Taxation	29	(4,907,935)	2,095,830
(Loss) / Profit for the year		(31,495,709)	14,082,979
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	30	(0.82)	0.37

The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

NADEEM E. SHAIKH Chief Executive NAVEED E. SHAIKH Director



2006

#### CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

2007

	Rupees	Rupees
A. Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before taxation	(26,587,774)	11,987,149
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation Amortization of deferred cost Provision for gratuity Provision against doubtful advances Provision against doubtful trade receivables Provision against workers profit participation fund Gain on sale of property plant and equipment Finance cost	34,635,818 4,010,100 2,114,965 1,626,150 524,127 (9,106,055) 75,200,353	13,130,014 4,010,100 1,817,504 769,282 628,845 (2,919,099) 52,744,909
	109,005,458	70,181,555
Decrease / ( increase) in current assets	82,417,684	82,168,703
Stores and spares Stock in trade Stock in trade Advances Deposits and prepayments Other receivables Tour receivables	890,024 (6,383,455) (27,143,551) 1,863,119 (1,251,857) 9,275,121 (929,999)	(1,725,380) 21,788,204 (17,280,584) 23,317,063 8,658,559 (9,709,630) (1,204,508)
'	(23,680,598)	23,843,723
(Decrease) / Increase in current liabilities		
Trade and other payables	2,058,452	(25,016,611)
Cash generated from / operating activities	60,795,538	80,995,816
Finance cost paid Gratuity paid Tax paid	(56,973,949) (2,997,092) (2,146,505)	(46,219,935) (1,315,395) (2,553,718)
	(62,117,546)	(50,089,048)
Net cash / (used in) from operating activities	(1,332,008)	30,906,768



	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
B. Cash flows from investig activities		
Fixed capital expenditure Sale proceeds from disposal of fixed assets Long term deposits	(38,707,385) 9,276,982 (3,853,000)	(85,193,453) 8,604,000 (4,404,938)
Net cash used in investing activities	(33,283,403)	(80,994,391)
C. Cash flows from financing activities		
Long term loans - net Repayment of liabilities agains assets subject to finance lease Deferred liabilities Short term finance	79,222,092 (21,348,588) 39,428,422 (28,423,851)	(1,176,398) (18,371,290) 64,245,771 (2,407,288)
Net cash from financing activities	68,878,075	42,290,795
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	34,272,664	(7,796,829)
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginging of the year	169,262,946	(161,466,117)
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the year	(134,990,281)	(169,262,946)
Cash and cash equivalents (Refer note 2.18)		
Cash and bank balances Running finance	10,144,850 145,135,131	1,157,227 (170,420,173)
	134,990,281	(169,262,946)

The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

NADEEM E. SHAIKH Chief Executive NAVEED E. SHAIKH Director



#### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Issued, subscribed and paidup capital	Accumulated Losses Rupees	Total Equity
Balance at September 30, 2005	191,494,370	(329,472,233)	(137,977,863)
Profit for the period	-	14,082,979	14,082,979
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - incremental depreciation net of deferred tax.		199,959	199,959
Balance at June 30, 2006	191,494,370	(315,189,295)	(123,694,925)
Loss for the year		(31,495,709)	(31,495,709)
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - incremental depreciation net of deferred tax.	-	5,832,450	5,832,450
Balance at June 30, 2007	191,494,370	(340,852,554)	(149,358,184)

The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

NADEEM E. SHAIKH Chief Executive NAVEED E. SHAIKH Director



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1.1 The All Asghar Toxille Mills Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan on February 9, 1967 as a public limited company having its registered office at Int Tower, I. I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi in the province of Sinch, its shares are quoted on Karachi Slock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited. The principal activity of the Company is Area, Karachi and Patrician Charachi Slock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited. The principal activity of the Company are located at Korang Industrial Area, Karachi in the growing of Slorin annotativing facilities of the Company are located at Korang Industrial Area, Karachi in the growing of Slorin annotativing facilities.
- 1.2 The Company has accumulated losses of Rs 340.8 million as at June 30, 2007. Current liabilities exceeds its current assets by Rs. 110.9 million. However, Company has continuous financial support from banks, financial institutions and its sponsors.

The company is in the process of modernization and replacement of manufacturing facilities. In the current year addition of 73 million has been made in the plant and machinery.

Management is confident that with better manufacturing facilities and the continuous financial support from financial institutions and the directors, they would further improve the financial position and restore its profitability. Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern assumption.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Palstian and the requirements of Companies Ordinance, 1984, and directive issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (ESCP). Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Accounting Standards are compared to the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Wherever, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 or directives issued by the SECP differ with the requirements of these standards, the table precedence. Companies Ordinance, 1994 or the requirements of the said directives.

#### 2.2 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared under historical cost convention, except that leasehold land and buildings have been included at revalued amounts and measurement of certain financial instruments at fair value and the state of the state

2.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations of approved accounting standards, effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2007 are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than increased disclosures in contain cases:

IAS 1 - Presentation of financial statements- amendments relating to capital disclosures	Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 1, 2007
IFRS 2 - Share based payment	Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 1, 2007
IFRS 5 - Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations	Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 1, 2007
IFRS 6 - Exploration for and evaluation of mineral resources	Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 1, 2007
IFRIC 11 - Group and treasury share transactions	Effective from accounting period beginning on or after March 1, 2007
IFRIC 12 - Services concession arrangements	Effective from accounting period beginning on or after January 1, 2007



#### 2.4 Employee benefit cost - defined benefit plan

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for its confirmed employees who have completed the minimum qualifying period of service as defined under the respective scheme. Contributions are made to cover the obligations under the scheme on the basis of actuarial valuation and are charged to profit and loss account. At year end, valuation of the defined gratuity scheme is conducted by using "Project Unit Credit Method".

The amount recognized in the balance sheet represents the present value of defined benefit obligations as adjusted for unrecognized actuarial gains and losses as reduced by the fair value of plan assets, if any.

Cumulative net unrecognized actuarial gains and losses at the end of previous year which exceeds 10% of the greater of the present value of the Company's gratuity is amortized over the average expected remaining working lives of the employees.

Details of the scheme are given in note 7.1 to these financial statements.

#### 2.5 Tayation

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at current tax rates after taking into account tax credits, tax rebates and exemptions available, if any, or half percent of tumover whichever is higher in accordance with the provisions of income tax laws and under the provisions of presumptive tax regime.

#### Deferred

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method for all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. In this regard, the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income subject to final tax regime is also considered in accordance with the requirement of Technical Release – 27 of Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that tax profits and taxable temporary differences will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred taxes are calculated at the tax rate that are expected to apply to the period when the liability is settled or the asset realized. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case their deferred tax is also dealt within equity.

#### 2.6 Property, plant and equipment

#### Operating Assets

Property, plant and equipment except leasehold land, are stated at cost / revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. Lease hold land is stated at revalued amount.

Depreciation is charged to income applying the reducing balance method at the rates specified in Property, plant and equipment note.

In respect of additions and disposal during the year depreciation is charged from the month of addition and upto the month preceding the disposal respectively.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalised.



Gains and losses on disposal of assets are included in current income as and when incurred.

#### Capital work in progress

All cost / expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during the implementation period are carried under this head. These are transferred to specific assets as and when assets are available for use.

#### 2.7 Accounting for leases

The Company accounts for assets acquired under finance leases by recording the assets and the related liability. Assets buject to finance lease are stated at the lower of present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreements and the fair value of the assets. The outstanding obligation under the lease less finance charges allocated for turn period is shown as a liability. The financial charges are allocated to accounting period in a manner so as to provide constant periodic rate of charge on the outstanding liability. Decreciation is charged at the same rate as Company owned assets.

#### 2.8 Deferred costs

These are amortized on straight line basis over the period of sixty months.

#### 2.9 Stores and spares

These are valued at lower of moving average cost or net realizable value. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon. Provision, if required, is made for slow moving and obsolete stock.

#### 2.10 Stock in trade

These are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value applying the following basis: -

Realizable value

Raw material Weighted average cost
Work in process Average manufacturing cost

Finished goods Average manufacturing cost

Average cost in relation to work in process and finished goods signifies average manufacturing cost including a portion of related direct overheads. Net realizable value signifies the selling prices prevailing in the market less cost of completion and selling expenses incidental to sales. Stock in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice values plus other charges incurred thereon.

#### 2 11 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are carried at original invoice amount less an estimate made for doubtful receivable based on review of outstanding amounts at the year end. Balances considered bad and irrecoverable are provided when identified.

#### 2.12 Trade and other payables

Waste

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.



#### 2.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognised them to Ecompany has a presement, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable to estimate of the common terms of the provisions are reviewed at each balance shelf alter and reliable to reliable to estimate of the provisions are reviewed at each balance shelf alter and the provisions are reviewed at each balance shelf alter and the provisions are reviewed at each balance shelf alter and the provisions are reviewed at each balance shelf alter and the provisions are reviewed at each balance shelf alter and the provisions are reviewed at each balance shelf alter and the provisions are reviewed at each balance shelf and the provisions are reviewed at

#### 2.14 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amount receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business.

Sales are recorded on dispatch of goods.

Profit on bank deposits is recognized on accrual basis.

Rental income is recognized on accrual basis.

#### 2.15 Foreign currency transactions

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date except for those covered by forward contracts, which are stated at contracted rates. Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pak Rupees at the rates prevailing at the date of transaction except for those covered by forward contracts, which are translated at contracted rates. Exchange differences are included in income currently.

#### 2.16 Impairment

At each balance sheet date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash operating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the greater of net selling price and value in use.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised settinate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized as income immediately.

#### 2.17 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and de-recognised when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset and in case of financial liability when the obligation specified in the contract is discharaced-cancelled or expired.



#### 2.18 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet, if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the transaction and also intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 2.19 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, balances with banks and short term running finances.

#### 2.20 Critical judgement and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Company's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies is retirement benefits (2.4 & 7.1).

#### ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP

2007	2006		2007	2006
No. of	shares		No. of	shares
21,222,201	21,222,201	Ordinary shares of Rs.5/- each fully paid in cash.	106,111,005	106,111,005
17,076,673	17,076,673	Ordinary shares of Rs.5/- each issued for consideration other than cash (note 3.1)	85,383,365	85,383,365
38,298,874	38,298,874		191,494,370	191,494,370

3.1 This includes 16,095,372 shares issued to Habib Bank Limited (HBL) in accordance with restructuring agreement dated May 14, 1986 against their deferred loan converted into ordinary shares. These shares does not qualify for any dividends unless minimum of 10% is paid to the ordinary shareholders and also do not carry voting rights.



SONE

2007

#### SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		Building		2007	2006
	Land	Mills	Others	Rupees	Rupees
Opening Balance Add: Revaluation during	484,885,978	77,442,824	21,518,477	583,847,279	490,439,304
the year	-	-	-	-	98,858,875
Transferred to deferred tax					
					(5,250,941)
	484,885,978	77,442,824	21,518,477	583,847,279	584,047,238
Transferred to accumulated loss in respect of incremental depreciation charged during the year net of deferred					
tax Balance at June 30,2007		(5,025,829) 72,416,995	(806,621) 20,711,856	(5,832,450) 578,014,829	(199,959) 583,847,279

Revaluation of mills and other buildings was carried out on June 30, 2006 by an independent valuer M/s Consultancy Support and Services. The valuation has been performed on the basis of current market value. Previous revaluation was carried out on September 7, 1993 by Eastern Surveyors. Revaluation of Land was carried out on March 14, 2005 by Consultancy Support and Services. Previous revaluation was carried out on April 1, 1994 on the basis of market value determined by Eastern Surveyors.

5. LONG TERMS LOANS	Note	Rupees	Rupees
From banking companies and other financial institutions-secured and interest bearing From directors - unsecured and interest free From others - unsecured and interest free	5.1	200,820,009 31,703,710 2,384,308	107,862,302 35,503,710 2,384,308
		234,908,027	145,750,320

#### 5.1 Long Terms Loans

Opening balance
Obtained during the year
Adjusted / transferred in
during the year due on
restructuring
Paid during the year
Overdue portions
Adjusted / transferred in
during the year due to
restructuring
Amount due and payable
within one year shown
under current liabilities

#### \_ \_ Banking Companies \_ \_ \_ NBFI \_

Ba	inking Companies		NBF	FI		
Demand finance I	Demand finance Frozen mark up	Term loan	Term loan	Term loan	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
34,192,302	78,104,000	80.000.000	27,610,617	22.000.000	112,296,302 27,610,617 102.000.000	54,328,701 - 83,588,933
(1,662,400) 32,529,902	(415,600) 77,688,400	80,000,000	27,610,617	22,000,000	(2,078,000) 239,828,919	(3,176,399) 134,741,235
(1,884,800)	(471,200)	-	1		(2,356,000)	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	(22,444,933)
(9,547,200) (11,432,000)	(2,386,800) (2,858,000)	(18,000,000) (18,000,000)	(3,487,194)	(3,231,716) (3,231,716)	(36,652,910) (39,008,910)	(4,434,000) (26,878,933)
21,097,902	74,830,400	62,000,000	24,123,423	18,768,284	200,820,009	107,862,302
5.1.1	5.1.1	5.1.2	5.1.3	5.1.4		



Principle amount	34,912,000	78,284,000	80,000,000	27,610,617	22,000,000
Repayment period	to	January 2006 to December 2013	August 2007 to November 2011	November 2007 to October 2012	August 2007 to May 2012
Rate of mark-up	Six Month KIBOR + 3' with floor of 12.25%		Six Month KIBOR +2%	Six Month KIBOR +550 bos	Six Month KIBOF +450 bps
Installment interval	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Monthly	Quarterly
No. of installment	57	96	40	60	20

- 5.1.1 These are secured against 1st pari passu charge over fixed assets of the Company by way of legal mortgage of Rs.6.3 million and equitable mortgage of Rs.322.9 million over mills property and pledge of sponsors' shares in the company.
- 5.1.2 It is secured against pledge of raw cotton stored at mills site with 10% margin and personal guarantee of all directors.
- 5.1.3 It is secured against pari passu charge over a factory plot situated in Korangi Industrial area.
- 5.1.4 It is secured against Pari passu charge over fixed assets of the company with a 30% margin.

#### 6. LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE

This represents property plant and equipment acquired under finance leases from leasing companies/banks. The financing rate used as discounting factor ranges from 8.37% to 26.63% ( $2006\ 8.37\%$  to 18.34%)

Taxes, repairs, replacement and insurance costs are borne by the Company.

The Company intends to exercise its option to purchase the above assets upon completion of the lease periods.

The amounts of future payments and the periods in which these will be due are as follows:

	2007		2006	
	Minimum lease payments	Present value	Minimum lease payments	Present value
		Ru	pees	
Not later than one year Later than one year and not later than	54,150,541	40,971,100	39,506,366	25,833,660
five years Later than five years	114,381,076 475,735	88,425,345 227,582	109,396,935	90,210,276
Total minimum lease payments	169,007,352	129,624,027	148,903,301	116,043,936
Financial charges	(39,383,325		(32,859,365)	
Present value of minimum lease payments Advance received against lease finance (6.1)	129,624,027 5,480,000 135,104,027	129,624,027 5,480,000 135,104,027	116,043,936 12,392,399 128,436,335	116,043,936 12,392,399 128,436,335
Payable within one year shown under current liabilities	(40,971,100) 94,132,927	(40,971,100) 94,132,927	(25,833,660) 102,602,675	(25,833,660) 102,602,675



6.1 This represents advances against acquisition of property, plant and machinery under leasing arrangement, the documentation for which is in process.

7. DEFERRED LIABILITIES	Note	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
Staff retirement benefits - gratuity Bills payable Unearned rent	7.1	3,083,146 39,428,422	3,965,273 87,940,376 1,141,421
		42,511,568	93,047,070

#### 7.1 Staff retirement benefits

The amount recognised in the profit and loss account against unfunded gratuity scheme is as follows:

Current service cost Interest cost Acturial gain / loss charge Increase in liability on actuarial valuation	1,580,335 435,985 98,645	1,457,557 335,592 - 24,355
	2,114,965	1,817,504

Movement in the liability recognized in the balance sheet is as follows

	3,083,146	3,965,273
Charge for the year Payment made during the year	2,114,965 (2,997,092)	1,817,504 (1,315,395)
Opening balance	3,965,273	3,463,164
wovernerit in the liability recognized in the balance's	rieet is as follows.	

2006

Rupees

351,763

628,845

980,608

2007

Rupees

1.137.505

1,137,505



The amount recogni gratuity scheme is a	sed in the balance sho s follows:	eet against unfund	ded		
	ined benefit obligation			,296,346	4,844,279
Actuarial (loss) to be	e recognized in later p onal liability to be reco	eriods	riode (1	,213,200)	(879,006)
Offiecognized additi	orial liability to be rect	ognizeu in iater pe	ilious		
			3	,083,146	3,965,273
Discount rate per an	inum			9.0%	9.0%
Expected rate of inc	rease in salary per an	num		8.0%	8.0%
Average expected re	erage expected remaining working life of employees 4 years				4 years
Comparisons for five years	s:				
	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
As at June 30	4.296.346	4.844.279		3.498.799	3,457,647
Present value of defined benefit obligation	4,250,340	4,044,275	3,720,000	3,430,733	3,437,047
				2007	2006
		Ne	ote R	upees	Rupees
8. TRADE AND OTHER PA	YABLES				
Trade creditors				,365,666	27,993,604
Accrued liabilities				,163,301	10,949,175
Bills payable Advance from custo	mers			,844,456 ,356,432	71,319,302 17,772,476
Other payables:			Ü	,000,102	,
Advance against la	and-refundable			,020,837	8,020,837
Withholding taxes Unclaimed dividen			1	,111,646 239,589	904,995 239,983
Workers' profit par		8	.1 1	.137,505	980,608
	,			,239,432	138,180,980
8.1 Workers' profit partic	cipation fund				
Opening balance				980,608	312,679
Interest on fund utili:	zed in Company's bus	iness		156,897	39,084

Allocation for the year

9



		Note	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
9.	SHORT TERM BANK BORROWINGS			
	Under mark-up arrangements - secured			
	Finance against trust receipt	9.2	36,708,232	39,847,041
Running finance - Local currency - Foreign currency	9.3 9.4	86,262,268 58,341,349 144,604,217	120,485,581 49,934,592 170,420,173	
	Book overdraft		530,914	-
			181,843,363	210,267,214

- 9.1 The aggregate unavailed short term borrowing facilities available amounted to Rs.282.8 million (2006: Rs.224 million).
- 9.2 This represents facility against inland/import letters of credit and is subject to mark-up at the rate of 6 months KIBOR + 3% (2006 : 6 months KIBOR + 3%) with the floor of 9%. It is secured against Trust Receipts for retirement of inland / import Bills.
- 9.3 The Company is availing short term finance facilities from various banks under mark-up arrangements. These are subject to mark-up ranging between 6.8% to 13% (2006: 6.0% to 11.3%) and are secured against pledge of stock and local bills purchased and discounted in addition to securities mentioned in note 5.1.1.
- 9.4 It is a sub-limit of running facility against finance for imports. It is subject to mark-up of 6 months LIBOR + 2% (2006: LIBOR + 2%) and is secured against lien on import documents with subsequent pledge of imported cotton on receipt of shipment in addition to securities mentioned in note 5.1.1.

	Note	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
10. CURRENT PORTION OF NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term loans Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Unearned Rent	5.1 6	39,008,910 40,971,100 1,145,620	4,434,000 25,849,132 1,398,000
		81,125,630	31,681,132



#### 11. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

- 11.1 In the previous year Excise and taxation authorities imposed cess of Rs.2,569,267 on certain imports. The Company has filed an appeal in the High Court and have deposited bank guarante of Rs.3,798,967 as per the Courts Order. The ultimate outcome of the case cannot be determined at this stage, however management is confident of a favorable decision and accordingly no provision has been made in these accounts.
- 11.2 In he year 2004 the Company had entered into a sale agreement of a portion of factory land and received an amount of Rs.8 million as an advance. However the said transaction was not completed by the buyers in stipulated time and agreement stand void, accordingly Company offered refund of advance of Rs.8 million to the counter party in the previous years and served various legal notices in this regard. During the year the counter party has served a public notice and filled a suit against the company claiming the little of the said land in their name and restraining the company from sale of such land to any other party and also claimed damages confident of a favorable decision and accordingly no provision against the said claim is required to be made in these accounts.
- 11.3 The Company filed appeal before Electric Inspector Karachi in 2004 against KESC for billing fixed charges on the basis of original sanctioned load of 1924 KW which was reduced to 500 KW due to shifting to self power generation. The appeal was decided in favour of the Company in August 08, 2005 however KESC kept on charging on the basis of 1924 KW Capacity and claiming approximately Rs.1 million against which the Company has filed appeal before the Secretary Inrigion and Power Generation of Sindh (SIP) which is pending. The management is confident of a favorable decision and accordingly no provision against the said claim has been made in these accounts.

11.4 Outstanding letters of credit for:	Note	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
Raw material Machinery		23,964,442	40,364,698 25,538,844
12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
Operating assets Capital work in progress	12.1 12.2	866,716,278 15,374,057	802,552,462 69,327,713
		882,090,335	871,880,175



12.1.1	Depreciation has been allocated as under:	Note	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
	Cost of goods manufactured Administrative expenses	23.1 24	33,785,459 850,359	12,500,217 629,797
			34,635,818	13,130,014

12.1.2 Had there been no revaluation, the related figures of land and buildings at June 30, 2007 would have been as follows

		2007			2006		
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Written down value	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Written down value	
			F	Rupees			
	666,022		666,022	666,022		666,022	
ng ills hers	21,918,708 10,906,084	10,214,439 4,886,090	11,704,269 6,019,994	11,753,955 10,906,084	8,913,964 4,569,248	2,839,991 6,336,836	
	32,824,792	15,100,529	17,724,263	22,660,039	13,483,212	9,176,827	
	33,490,814	15,100,529	18,390,285	23,326,061	13,483,212	9,842,849	

12.1.3 Details of property, plant and equipment disposed off during the year:

	Particulars/ Mode of disposal		Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Written down value	Sale proceed	Particular of pu	rchasers
				Ru	pees			
	Plant and machinery Negotiations		8,532,168	8,532,168	-	8,929,982	Meo Engineering 4-Chandni Centre Liaquat Market, M Karachi.	
	Vehicles Negotiation		599,000	428,037	170,927	347,000	Ghulam Nabi Plot-45, Bihar Colony, Lyari Shah Abdul Latif Road, Karachi.	
		2007	9,131,168	8,960,241	170,927	9,276,982	Silali Abdul Lalii i	Nodu, Naidull.
		2006	8,249,839	2,564,938	6,606,777	8,604,000		
12.2	Capital Work in P	rogress	3			Note	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
	Buildings Plant and machin	ery					1,938,975 13,435,082	13,647,557 55,680,156
							15,374,057	69,327,713



13.	DEFERRED COSTS	Note	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
	Un-amortized balance at the beginning of the year Less: amortization for the year		12,364,482 (4,010,100)	16,374,582 (4,010,100)
			8,354,382	12,364,482
	These represents discount on issue of right shares and other related e	xpenses		
14.	DEFERRED TAXATION			
	As a matter of prudence Company has not recognized the deferred tax	c asset o	f Rs. 5.6 million.	
15.	STORE AND SPARES			
	Stores Spares		2,906,249 2,420,702	3,573,310 2,643,665
			5,326,951	6,216,975
16.	STOCK IN TRADE Raw material			
	- in hand - in transit		45,571,150 15,387,938	82,913,957
			60,959,088	82,913,957
	Work in process Finished goods Waste		5,902,437 66,737,139 1,911,577	4,853,353 40,932,795 426,681

16.1 Stock pledged as at June 30, 2007 was Rs.75,221,884/- (2006: Rs.121,611,812/-).

		Note	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
17.	TRADE DEBTS			
	Trade debts - unsecured Less : Provision against doubtful trade debts		157,148,750 (2,224,323)	129,481,072 (1,700,196)
	Considered good		154,924,427	127,780,876

135,510,241 129,126,786



		Note	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
18.	ADVANCES			
	Considered good Advance to: Staff		1,297,313	1,358,138
	Suppliers and contractors Less: Provision against doubtful advances		17,286,524 (2,239,065)	17,794,314 (612,915)
	Advance income tax Others		15,047,459 2,146,505 917,138	17,181,399 2,553,718 585,492
			19,408,415	21,678,746
19.	DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS			
	Margin deposit on letters of credit Prepayments		4,982,125 304,254	3,915,519 119,002
			5,286,375	4,034,521
20.	OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Other receivables Less : Provision against doubtful receivables		3,263,476 (500,000)	12,538,597 (500,000)
	Considered good		2,763,476	12,038,597
21.	TAX REFUNDABLE			
	Income tax Sales tax		2,512,795 2,134,507	2,886,689 1,204,508
			4,647,302	4,091,197
22.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash in hand Balance with banks in		1,563,203	646,999
	- current accounts - deposit accounts		8,581,647	370,929 139,300
			8,581,647	510,229
			10,144,850	1,157,227



		Note	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
23.	SALES - NET			
	Yarn - Local - Export		517,819,260 12,838,990	558,343,875 18,263,187
	Waste - local		530,658,250 20,216,008	576,607,062 12,733,133
	Brokerage and commission		550,874,258 (1,627,962)	589,340,195 (2,702,119)
			549,246,296	586,638,076
24.	COST OF GOODS SOLD			
	Finished stock - opening Purchase of finished goods Cost of goods manufactured	24.1	41,359,476 16,041,540 499,157,128	44,929,612 17,107,838 486,650,812
	Finished stock - closing *		556,558,144 (68,648,716)	548,688,262 (41,359,476)
			487,909,428	507,328,786
	1* It includes waste of Rs.1,911,577/- (2006: Rs. 426,681)			
24.1	Cost of goods manufactured			
	Raw material consumed Salariae, wages and benefits Stores and spares Packing material Doubling Rent, rates and taxes Insurance Repairs and maintenance Depreciation Other overheads  Work in process Opening stock	24.1.1 24.1.2 24.1.2	325,177,128 47,944,016 17,635,440 5,992,039 947,881 59,588,972 509,100 2,911,813 4,494,433 33,785,459 1,219,931	358,719,942 46,920,003 8,859,144 6,540,029 2,423,257 46,173,315 567,900 2,454,544 435,548 12,500,217 1,410,094 487,003,993
	Closing stock		(5,902,437) (1,049,084)	(4,853,353) (353,181)
			499,157,128	486,650,812



24.1.1	Raw material consumed	June 30, 2007 Rupees	June 30, 2006 Rupees
	Opening stock Purchases and related expenses - net of	82,913,957	87,299,255
	quality claims and sale of raw material	287,834,321 370,748,278	354,334,644 441,633,899
	Closing stock	(45,571,150)	(82,913,957)
		325,177,128	358,719,942

24.1.2 Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs 1,840,020 (2006 - Rs. 1,581,228/-) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

24.1.3 This includes machinery overhauling charges of Rs. 5,934,695/- during the year.

#### 25. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

	Rent Gain on sale of Fixed assets Scrap sale Exchange loss Others		1,393,800 9,106,055 305,412 (1,159,744) 1,781,624	1,779,830 2,919,099 3,459,275 (469,974) 1,820,167
			11,427,147	9,508,397
26.	DISTRIBUTION COST			
	Freight Clearing and forwarding Others		35,735 871,208 9,803	372,802 893,107 359,470
			916,746	1,625,379
27.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
21.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Director's remuneration Staff salaries and benefits The salaries and benefits Administration of the salaries and salaries Benefit and salaries Utilities Postage and telephone Printing and stationery Energy and telephone Entertainment Legal and professional Auditors' remuneration Repairs and maintenance Repairs and maintenance Repairs and maintenance Provision against bad debts Provision against boutbul receivables Division against doubtul receivables	27.1	2,291,050 7,227,241 722,056 316,000 310,500 884,925 198,419 831,827 306,379 1,153,517 633,500 267,500 222,892 429,184 850,359 524,127 1,626,150	2,339,058 6,940,458 803,657 198,000 285,422 924,194 284,823 569,215 570,499 1324,969 223,000 463,500 309,173 474,222 629,797 769,282
	Others		239,344 19,224,590	348,908 17,860,390

27.1 Staff salaries and benefits includes Rs. 274,945 (2006 - Rs. 236,276) in respect of staff retirement benefits.



		Note	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
27.2	Auditors' remuneration			
	Annual audit Half yearly review Corporate services Tax services Out of pocket expenses		125,000 40,000 25,000 60,000 17,500	125,000 40,000 50,000 231,000 17,500
			267,500	463,500
28.	FINANCE COSTS			
	Mark-up/interest on : Long term loans Short term borrowings Finance lease Worker's profit participation fund		6,587,436 39,533,301 18,733,642 156,897	3,295,381 26,803,263 12,018,391 39,084
			65,011,276	42,156,119
	Bank charges and guarantee commission		10,189,077	10,549,706
			75,200,353	52,705,825
29.	TAXATION			
	Current Deferred		2,792,922 2,115,013	2,946,702 (5,042,532)
			4,907,935	(2,095,830)
	The relationship between tay expense and accounting profit	t for current v	ear and compara	tive figures for

The relationship between tax expense and accounting profit for current year and comparative figures for 2006 has not been presented in these financial statements as the income of the Company attracts minimum tax under section 113 and presumptive tax under section 154 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

#### 30. EARNING PER SHARE

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company which is based on:

(Loss) Profit after taxation	Rs.	(31,495,709)	14,082,979
Average number of ordinary shares		38,298,874	38,298,874
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	Re.	(0.82)	0.37



Chief Executive		Directo	r
2007	2006	2007	2006
		Ruposs	

#### 31. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND DIRECTOR

Remuneration House rent and other allowances	640,000 320,000	640,000 320,000	640,000 320,000	640,000 320,000
	960,000	960,000	960,000	960,000
No. of Persons	1	1	1	1

The Chief Executive and Directors were provided with free use of company maintained cars and were reimbursed for entertainment expenses, the monetary value of which is Rs.98.98, 710/- (2006 is Rs.225,000/) approximately. Chief Executive is also entitled for reimbursement of residential telephone and utility bills and reimbursement of some other expenses, the monetary value of which is Rs.374(505/-2006 is .83.99.440).

#### 32. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Name of related Parties	Name of Transaction	2007 Rupees	2006 Rupees
Directors of the Company	Long term loan obtained Long term loan paid Rent (Office premises)	3,800,000 316,000	2,000,000 - 162,000

#### 33. PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION

It is difficult to determine precisely the production capacity in the textile Industry since it fluctuate widely depending on various factors such as count of yarm spun, raw material used, spindle speed and twist. It would also vary according to the pattern of production adopted in a particular year. However, the capacity of the project has been estimated at 7.795 million ksc. based on 20½ scount.

	2001	2000
Total number of spindles installed	32,684	31,388
Total number of spindles worked	32,684	31,388
Number of shifts per day	3	3
Installed capacity converted into 20/s count, Kgs.	8,116,941	7,795,084
Actual production converted into 20/s count - Kgs.	10,458,899	9,723,315



#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

#### 34.1 Concentration of credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties failed completely to perform as contracted. Out of the total financial assets, the financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs. 166.355.780°. The Company believes that it is exposed to major concentration of credit risk in the textile sector. The management monitors and limits the Company's exposure of credit risk by limiting transactions with specific counter parties and continually assessing their credit

#### 34.2 Interest rate/ mark-up rate risk

Interest/mark-up rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will effect the value of financial instruments. The Company is however exposed to interest rate risk in case of bank borrowings. The rate of interest/mark-up and their maturities are given in the respective notes.

The analysis of interest rate/mark-up rate risk is as under:

	Interest bearing					
	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Sub Total	Non-interes Bearing	2007	2006
Financial assets			Rupe	es		
Long term deposits Trade debts Advances Short term deposits Other receivables Cash and bank balances	-	: :	: :: :	14,190,694 154,924,427 11,482,101 4,982,125 2,763,476 10,144,850 198,487,673	14,190,694 154,924,427 11,482,101 4,982,125 2,763,476 10,144,850 198,487,673	10,337,694 127,780,876 19,523,626 3,915,519 14,592,315 1,157,227
Financial liabilities						
Long term loans Liabilities against assets subject to	36,150,910	125,989,609	162,140,519	111,776,418	273,916,937	150,184,320
finance lease Deferred liabilities Short term bank	40,971,100	94,132,927 39,428,422	135,104,027 39,428,422		135,104,027 39,428,422	128,436,335 93,047,070
borrowings Trade and other payable	181,843,363 128,633,849	-	181,843,363 128,633,849	11.605.583	181,843,363 140,239,432	210,267,214 136,295,377
Mark-up accrued on secured loans	-		-	36,420,248	36,420,248	18,193,844
	387,599,222	259,550,958	647,150,180	159,802,249	806,952,429	736,424,160
On Balance Sheet gap	(387,599,222)	(259,550,958)	(647,150,180)	38,685,424	(608,464,756)	(559,116,902)



#### 34.3 Fair values of financial instruments

The fair value of all the financial instruments reported in the financial statements approximates their fair value.

#### 34.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk reflects an enterprise's inability in raising funds to meet commitments. The company's management closely monitors the company's liquidity and cash flow position.

#### 34.5 Foreign exchange risk management

Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions with foreign undertakings. As at June 30, 2007, the total foreign currency risk exposure was Rs.58,792,409/- (2006: Rs.49,934.592/-) in respect of foreign currency finance.

#### 35. NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

Additions to plant and machinery during the year amounting to Rs.15,030,000 were financed by new finance lease.

#### 36. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on November 8, 2007 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

#### 37. RECLASSIFICATION AND CHANGE OF NOMENCLATURE

Following reclassification / rearrangements have been made in the financial statements for better presentation.

Previous classification	Current classification	Rupees
Advance from customers	Advance against land-refundable	8,020,837
Bank charges and guarantee commission	Mark up on Short term borrowings	2,674,335

#### 38. GENERAL

- 38.1 Figures have been rounded off nearest to Rupee.
- 38.2 The financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

NADEEM E. SHAIKH Chief Executive NAVEED E. SHAIKH Director