

Saudi Pak Leasing Company Limited Annual Report 2007

The prerequisite for creativity is an open and inventive mind which can think of infinite possibilities. Creativity can be experienced in many spheres of life including the financial sector. The nature around us abounds with inspiration and ideas. Flexibility in approach is the key to inspire from things around us for generating innovative thoughts.

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# OUR VISION



To become industry leader by offering unique business solutions to the customers, driven by a cohesive team of professionals.

# OUR MISSION

## For our customers

We will strive to add value for our customers through high quality business solutions with superior services.

## For our shareholders

We will maximize our shareholders' value by optimum utilization of resources.

## For our employees

We will provide our employees opportunities for self-development in a highly challenging performance-oriented work environment.

## For the society

We will maintain high ethical standards and act as responsible corporate citizen.

















Management Team	3
Directors' Profile	5
Corporate Info	6
Notice of Annual General meeting	7
Chairman's Review	11
Key Performance Indicators	17
Financial Highlights	21
Directors' Report to the Shareholders	25
Statement of Ethics and Business Practices	31
Statement of Compliance with the CoCG	33
Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with the Best	
Practices of the CoCG	35
Auditors' Report to the Members	36
Balance Sheet	39
Profit and Loss Account	40
Cash Flow Statement	41
Statement of Changes in Equity	42
Notes to the Accounts	43
Pattern of Shareholding	65
Categories of Shareholders	66
Proxy Form	



# Radiant Inspiration

**66** Enthusiasm is excitement with inspiration, motivation and a pinch of creativity. **99** 

- Bo Bennett

## Management Team

From Left to Right:

Farrukh Shaukat Ansari Chief Executive Officer

Ahmed Haroon Head of Corporate Finance & Syndication

Nayyar Alam Ilyas General Manager - North

Farooq Khan Head of Human Resource, Administration & Recovery

Faraz Zaidi Head of Treasury

**Rashid Kamal Siddiqui** General Manager – South

Shyam Lal Chief Financial Officer & Company Secretary

Abdul Jalil Shakil Branch Manager – Lahore



"If I have seen farther than others, it is because I was standing on the shoulder of giants." - Isaac Newton

From Right to Left:

**Kamran Anwar** Branch Manager – Faisalabad

> **Amjad Aziz** Branch Manager – Sialkot

Manzar Masood Head of Product Support

Khurrum Rauf Malik Branch Manager – Islamabad

> Imran Masood Head of Internal Audit

Rais Ahmed Sheikh Head of Information Technology

> Usman Iqbal Head of Operating Lease



## Directors' Profile



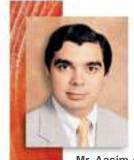
Mr. Muhammad Rashid Zahir Chairman



Mr. Ihsanul Haq Piracha Vice Chairman



Mr. Farrukh S. Ansari Chief Executive Officer



Mr. Aasim A. Siddiqui



Mr. Haroon Ihsan Director



Mr. Faridullah Khan Director



Mr. M. Tariq Masud

## Corporate Info

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Muhammad Rashid Zahir *Chairman* 

Mr. Ihsanul Haq Piracha Vice Chairman

Mr. Farrukh Shaukat Ansari Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Aasim Azim Siddiqui Director

Mr. Haroon Ihsan *Director* 

Mr. Faridullah Khan Director

Mr. Muhammad Tariq Masud Director

#### AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Muhammad Rashid Zahir Chairman

Mr. Ihsanul Haq Piracha *Vice Chairman* 

Mr. Aasim Azim Siddiqui Director

#### **CREDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Ihsanul Haq Piracha *Chairman* 

Mr. Aasim Azim Siddiqui Director

Mr. Faridullah Khan Director

#### **HUMAN RESOURCE COMMITTEE**

Mr. Aasim Azim Siddiqui Chairman

Mr. Haroon Ihsan Director

Mr. Muhammad Tariq Masud Director

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY & CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER**

Mr. Shyam Lal, ACA

#### **HEAD OF INTERNAL AUDIT**

Mr. Imran Masood

#### **AUDITORS**

Anjum Asim Shahid Rahman Chartered Accountants

### LEGAL ADVISOR

Mandviwalla & Zafar

#### **TAX CONSULTANTS**

Anjum Asim Shahid Rahman Chartered Accountants

#### **CREDIT RATING AGENCY**

JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company (Pvt.) Limited

#### **CREDIT RATING**

Long-term (A-) Short-term (A-2)

#### BANKS & LENDING INSTITUTIONS

National Bank of Pakistan The Bank of Punjab United Bank Limited ABN AMRO Bank N.V. MCB Bank Limited Standard Chartered Bank Allied Bank Limited The Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corp. Limited Askari Bank Limited Saudi Pak Commercial Bank Limited

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

6th Floor, Lakson Square, Building # 1, Sarwar Shaheed Road, Saddar, Karachi. Tel: (021) 5655181-85, 5655215-19 Fax: (021) 5210607-9

#### **BRANCHES**

#### Lahore

Pakistan Engineering Congress (PEC) Building First Floor, 97/A-D/1, Liberty Market, Gulberg-III, Lahore. Tel: (042) 5762644-47, 5762634 Fax: (042) 5672633

#### Islamabad

2nd Floor, High-Rise Block, Saudi Pak Tower 61-A, Jinnah Avenue, Blue Area, Islamabad Tel: (051) 2800207, 2800206 Fax: (051) 2800205

#### Faisalabad

Kotwali Road (Allama Iqbal Road), Faisalabad. Tel: (041) 2412082

#### Sialkot

2nd Floor, Sanori Building 27, Paris Road, Sialkot. Tel: (052) 4296364, 3005335 Fax: (052) 4296365

Universal Access Number: 111-888-999 Karachi, Lahore & Islamabad Website: www.saudipakleasing.com

#### REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER OFFICE

THK Associates (Pvt.) Ltd. Ground Floor, State Life Building No. 3 Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed Road, Karachi-75530. Tel: (021) 111-000-322 Fax: (021) 5655595

## Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the 17th Annual General Meeting of the members of Saudi Pak Leasing Company Limited ("the Company") will be held at Auditorium of Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, Chartered Accountants Avenue, Clifton, Karachi, on October 22, 2007 at 1030 hours to transact the following business:

### **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the Extra Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on December 15, 2006.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the audited accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2007 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Report thereon.
- 3. To approve the payment of cash dividend. The Board of Directors has recommended payment of cash dividend @ 10% i.e. Re. 1/- per share of Rs. 10/- each for the year ended June 30, 2007.
- 4. To appoint Auditors for the year 2007- 2008 and to fix their remuneration. The present Auditors, M/s. Anjum Asim Shahid Rahman, Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment. The Board of Directors has recommended appointment of M/s. Anjum Asim Shahid Rahman, Chartered Accountants as auditors for the year 2007-2008.
- 5. To consider any other business with the permission of the Chair.

#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

6. To approve the issue of bonus shares in the proportion of 5 shares for every 100 shares held i.e. 5% as recommended by the Board of Directors.

A statement under section 160 (1) (b) of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the draft of the resolution proposed to be considered by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting of the Company as required by section 164 (1) of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 are enclosed.

By Order of the Board

Karachi Dated: October 2, 2007 Shyam Lal

Company Secretary

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. The Register of members of the Company will remain closed from October 12, 2007 to October 22, 2007 (both days inclusive).
- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote for him/her.
- 3. A proxy must be a member of the Company.
- 4. An instrument of proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed, or notarially certified copy of such power of attorney, in order to be valid must be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- 5. Members are advised to lodge shares for transfer at the office of our Registrar, THK Associates (Pvt) Ltd., Ground Floor, State Life Building No. 3, Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed Road, Karachi.



- 6. CDC account holders will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down in Circular No. 1 dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:
  - i) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original National Identity Card (NIC) or original passport at the time of attending the meeting. The shareholders registered on CDS are also requested to bring their participants I.D. numbers and account numbers in CDS.
  - ii) In case of a corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of meeting.

#### **STATEMENT UNDER SECTION 160 OF THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE, 1984**

This statement sets out the material facts concerning the special business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting of shareholders of the Company to be held at 10:30 hours on October 22, 2007 at the Auditorium of Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, Chartered Accountants Avenue, Clifton, Karachi.

#### **Issuance of Bonus Shares**

The Directors have recommended capitalization of Rs. 21,505,000 from the unappropriated profit and reserves of the Company to enable issue of bonus shares in the ratio of 5 shares for every 100 shares held. The Directors are interested in the business to the extent of their entitlement to bonus shares as shareholders. In this regard, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution:

"Resolved that a sum of Rs. 21,505,000 out of the free reserve of the Company be capitalized and be applied for the issue of 2,150,500 ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each and allotted as fully paid up bonus shares to the members of the Company who are registered in the book of the Company as at October 11, 2007, in the proportion of 5 shares for every 100 shares held and that such new shares shall rank pari-passu with the existing shares of the Company except that they shall not qualify for dividend for the year ended June 30, 2007."

"Resolved further that for the purpose of giving effect to the above, the Directors be and are hereby authorized to take all necessary actions and to settle any question or difficulty that may arise with regard to the distribution of the said bonus shares or in the payment of sale proceeds of the fractional entitlements as they deem fit."





# Prolific Inspiration

**66** An individual has not started living until he can rise above the narrow confines of his individualistic concerns to the broader concerns of all humanity.

- Martin Luther King, Jr.

## Chairman's Review

I am pleased to present on behalf of th Board of Directors the 17th Annual Report along with the audited Financial Statements of Saudi Pak Leasing Company Limited for the year ended June 30, 2007.

### **Pakistan's Economic Scenario**

The economy has witnessed another year of impressive growth on the back of strong economic fundamentals. Real GDP grew at 7 percent as against the revised estimates of 6.6 percent for the last year. All the three major sectors of the economy contributed to the growth in economy. The single largest sector of the economy agriculture made a modest recovery from the dismal performance of last year, as overall it grew by 5 percent with record wheat and sugar cane crops and contributed about 1.1 percent to the GDP. The manufacturing sector growth was moderate as compared to last year as it grew 8.4 percent and contributed 1.6 percent to the GDP. The services sector showed a robust growth powered by stellar performance in construction, banking and insurance sectors. It grew by 8 percent and contributed about 4.2 percent to the GDP.

The reforms and policies pursued over the last seven years are now attracting foreign investors. Record foreign investment flows at around US\$ 6.5 billion coupled with highest ever workers remittances of US\$ 5.5 billion has compensated for widening trade deficit thus resulting in stable exchange rate.

The successful floatation of a new US\$ 750 million 10 years sovereign bond in international debt capital market with seven times over subscription has set the tone for offshore fund raising and reflect confidence of global investors on Pakistan's current economic prospects and future economic outlook. The per capita income in dollar term has grown to US\$ 925 in 2006-07. The main factors responsible for the sharp rise in per capita income include acceleration in real GDP growth, stable exchange rate and four fold increase in the inflows of workers' remittance.

The Year 2006-07 was a landmark in the history of Karachi Stock Exchange. The KSE 100 index closed at 13,772 points as against 9,989 points a year ago thus rising by 38 percent during the year. Continuation of economic reforms, stability in exchange rate, large scale merger and acquisition in banking, successful GDR offering of OGDC and MCB and increase in Pakistan's coverage by large international brokerage firms were the main driving forces.

#### **Leasing Industry**

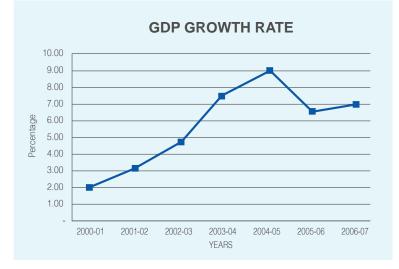
The NBFC sector of which Leasing is a part continues to play a key role in deepening of the financial sector. Leasing Companies and Modarabas have been the major intermediaries in creating awareness and delivering credit for development to the Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs). They are the only institutions that provide funds to small start up and green field projects. However due to high interest rate regime and competition from banks, the number of industry players has reduced to 22 in 2007 from 28 in 2003. The industry has total equity of over Rs. 20 billion and total assets of over Rs. 123 billion.

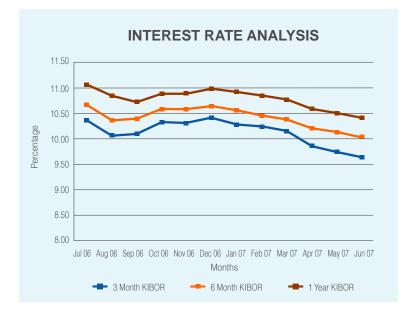
#### **Financial Performance**

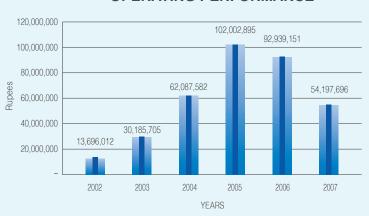
During the period under review, your company maintained the tempo of growth through enhancement of lease portfolio and diversification. Disbursements rose to Rs. 2,486 million in 2006-07 as against Rs. 2,258 million in 2005-06. Total gross revenue increased to Rs. 722 million from Rs. 643 million in the same period of the last year. Lease revenue increased to Rs. 481 million up from Rs. 420 million in 2005-06. Income on investment increased to Rs. 233 million from Rs. 212 million. Financial charges amounted to Rs. 522 million, increasing from Rs. 411 million as compared to the previous year. The increase in KIBOR rate and increase in bank borrowing to meet fresh business requirements are the major factors in increasing the financial cost. During the period under review operating expenses increased by Rs. 24 million to Rs. 119 million from Rs. 95 million due to increase in direct cost of operating leases comprising mainly of payments to assets manager, depreciation and insurance. The operating profit for the year decreased by 42 percent to Rs. 80 million in 2006-07 down from Rs. 138 million in the previous year. However due to effective recovery drive during the year, the provision for potential lease / Ioan losses came down to Rs. 18 million against a provision of Rs. 32 million in 2005-06. Net profit after tax for the year stood at Rs. 54 million compared to Rs. 93 million during the last year.

Balanced growth in the portfolio mix was maintained whereby exposure to single sector was kept around 20 percent to achieve minimum concentration risk. Approximately, 16 percent was disbursed to Textile sector followed by 12 percent to Energy, Oil and Gas sector. Plant and Machinery accounted for 74 percent of the lease portfolio and Commercial Vehicles 12 percent of the lease portfolio.



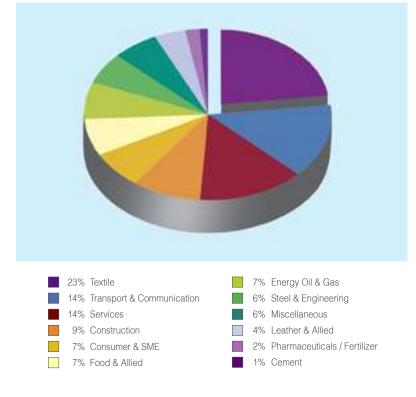




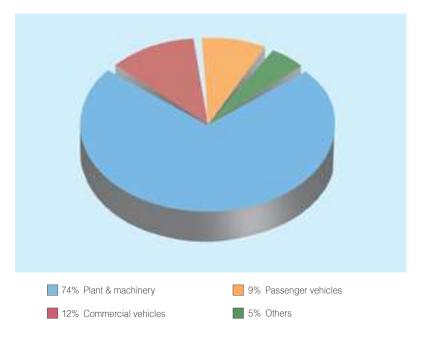


#### **OPERATING PERFORMANCE**

#### LEASE PORTFOLIO BY TYPE OF CUSTOMER AS ON JUNE 30, 2007



### LEASE PORTFOLIO BY TYPE OF ASSETS AS ON JUNE 2007



### **Future Outlook**

The continuation and consistency of macro economic policies over the last seven years have built strong fundamentals in the economy. A stable government with investor friendly policies will enable the economy to continue up the path of prosperity. The stock market has shown volatility in the face of uncertain political direction and is seeking a new level post election. The State Bank continues to implement a tight monetary policy to control inflation. The record workers remittances and foreign investment has created excess liquidity in the market, which is driving the interest rates downward.

The company has sharpened focus on recoveries and careful risk assessment. It is constantly devising new products and services to enhance and diversify business generating activities. The operating lease segment of the business has started to contribute satisfactorily. Similarly, housing finance activities are picking up and are expected to contribute significantly to the operations of the company. Our pilot project for providing tractors and agricultural implements to farmers has met with great success. We are also tapping the immense potential of the agricultural sector for providing crop support and farm development financing.

### And last, but not the least

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I avail the opportunity to acknowledge with thanks the guidance of the regulatory authorities and the patronage of customers, COI holders, banks and lending institutions. I would also like to place on record the dedicated efforts and hard work of the management and the employees.

Muhammad Rashid Zahir Chairman

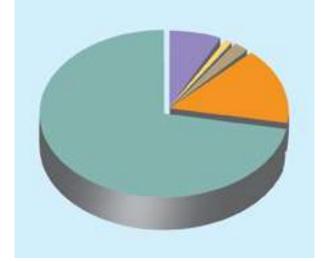


# Eternal Inspiration

66 I shall be telling this with a sigh somewhere ages and ages hence: Two roads diverged in a wood, and I took the one less traveled by, and that has made all the difference.

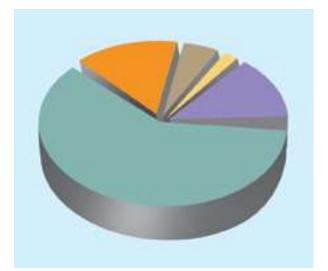
- Robert Frost

## **Key Performance Indicators**



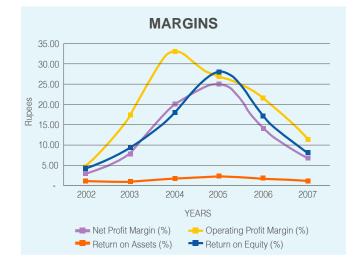
## **REVENUE DISTRIBUTION FOR 2007**

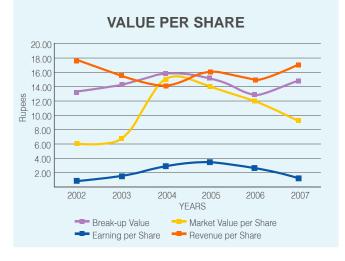
- 72% Financial and other charges
- 17% Administrative and operating expenses
- 1% Provision for potential lease-losses
- 2% Taxation
- 8% Net profit after tax



#### **REVENUE DISTRIBUTION FOR 2006**

64%	Financial and other charges
15%	Administrative and operating expenses
5%	Provision for potential lease-losses
2%	Taxation
14%	Net profit after tax

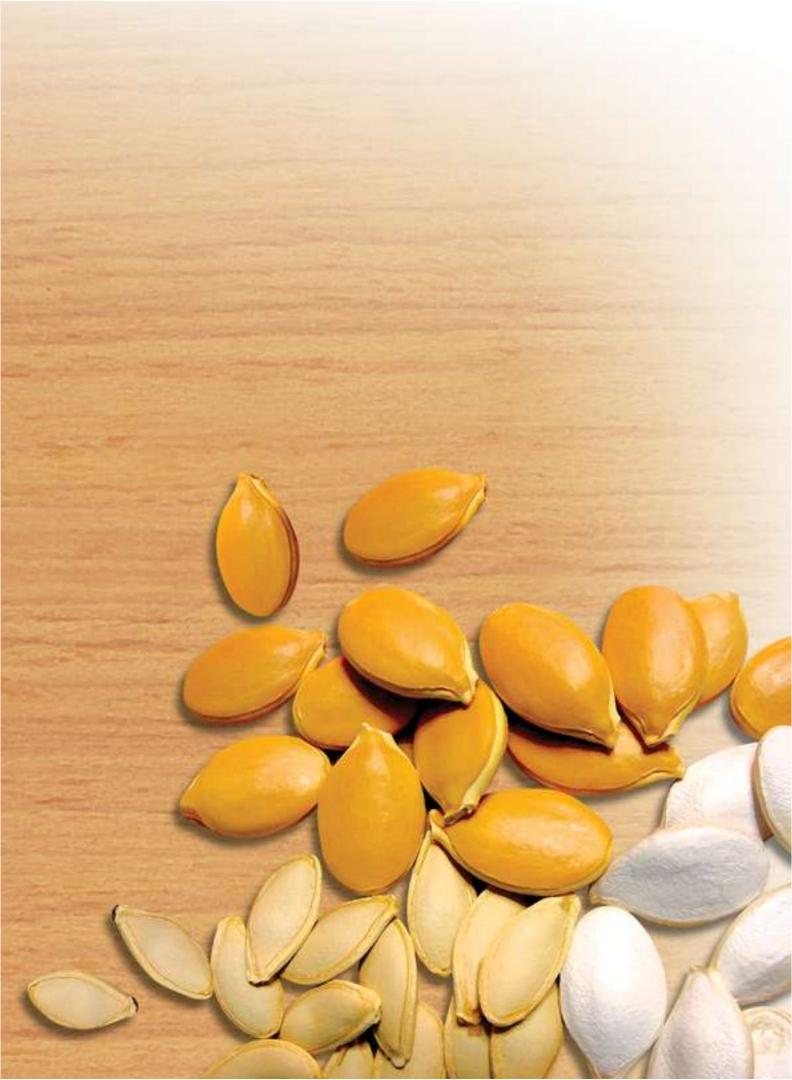






Ratio	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Break-up Value (Rs.)	14.84	12.51	15.07	15.80	14.21	13.30
Current Ratio (X)	1.01	1.04	0.98	1.10	1.40	2.09
Debt Leverage	7.62	8.46	9.74	8.34	6.84	7.64
Dividend per share (Rs.)	1.50*	1.50	2.00*	2.50*	0.75	-
Dividend Yield (%)	15.38	12.50	14.29	16.67	11.11	-
Earning per Share (Rs.)	1.26	2.52	3.33	2.82	1.37	0.62
Financial Charges / Total Expenses (%)	81.38	81.25	72.07	69.65	81.30	87.69
Financial Charges / Total Revenue (%)	72.34	63.81	53.24	46.63	67.08	83,73
Market Value per share (Rs.)	9.75	12.00	14.00	15.00	6.75	6,10
Net Profit Margin (%)	7.51	14.45	25.18	20.01	8.85	3,51
Operating Profit Margin (%)	11.11	21.47	26.12	33.04	17.49	4.51
Price Earning Ratio (X)	7.74	4.75	4.20	5.32	4.92	9.80
Return on Assets (%)	0.83	1.54	2.13	1.66	1.07	0.49
Return on Equity (%)	8.49	17.28	26.75	17.86	9.66	4.68
Revenue per Share (Rs.)	16.78	14.96	16.01	14.10	15.50	17.75
Times Interest Earned (X)	1.15	1.34	1.49	1.71	1.26	1.05
Total Assets / Net worth (X)	10.24	11.19	12.54	10.78	9.04	9.59
Total Financing / Net Worth (X)	7.30	8.13	9.31	7.95	6.39	7.13

\* includes Bonus Shares



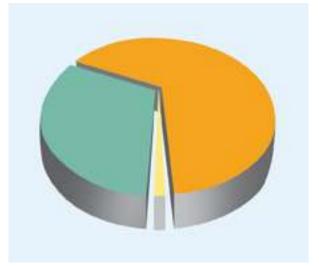
# Growing Inspiration

**66** Imagination is the beginning of creation. You imagine what you desire, you will what you imagine and at last you create what you will.**99** 

- George Bernard Shaw

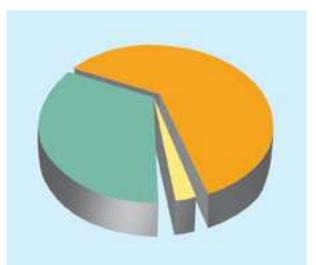


## **Financial Highlights**



## **REVENUE ANALYSIS FOR 2007**

67%	Income from leasing operations
32%	Income on term loans investments
1%	Other income



## **REVENUE ANALYSIS FOR 2006**

65%	Income from leasing operations
33%	Income on term loans investments
2%	Other income





#### **EXPENSES ANALYSIS FOR 2007**

46%	Financial changes from financial institutions	

- 35% Certificates of investments
- 18% Administrative & operating expenses
- 1% Other charges

## **EXPENSES ANALYSIS FOR 2006**

49%	Financial changes from financial institutions
31%	Certificates of investments
19%	Administrative & operating expenses
1%	Other charges



	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
<b>Operational results</b>						
Total disbursements	2,486	2,258	1,874	1,592	1,012	614
Revenues	722	643	405	310	355	392
Profit before tax	71	103	54	68	66	17
Profit after tax	54	93	102	62	30	14
Financial charges	522	411	216	145	229	327
Provision for bad debts	18	32	43	33	5	2
Cash Dividend	43.01	64.52	25.30	22.00	16.50	-

(Rupees in millions)

**Balance Sheet** 

Gross lease receivables	5,084	4,844	3,866	2,916	2,276	2,123
Net investment in lease	4,248	4,073	3,319	2,533	1,919	1,775
Net worth	638	537	381	326	313	293
Reserves	136	125	106	86	73	83
Fixed assets owned & operating	209	84	100	42	39	46
Total assets	6,538	6,020	4,780	3,746	2,824	2,807
Long term liabilities	2,028	1,855	1,483	1,419	1,328	1,658
Long term investments	120	381	143	21	-	48



# Flourishing Inspiration

66 If seeds in the black earth can turn into such beautiful roses, what might not the heart of man become in its long journey toward the stars?

- G.K. Chesterton

## **Directors'** Report to the Shareholders

It is our privilege to present on behalf of the Board of Directors the 17th Annual Report and audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2007.

## **Financial Results**

Financial Results	Rupees
Profit before taxation	70,697,696
Less: Taxation-Current -Deferred	(11,500,000) (5,000,000) (16,500,000)
Profit after taxation	54,197,696
Un-appropriated profit brought forward	108,534,789
Less: cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2006	64,515,000
Profit available for appropriation	98,217,485
Transfer to statutory reserve	10,839,539
Un-appropriated profit carried forward	87,377,946
Earning per share	1.26
Subsequent effect:	
Proposed dividend @ Re. 1 per share	43,010,000
Bonus shares @ 5 shares for every 100 shares	21,505,000

### **Dividend**

The Directors are pleased to recommend a cash dividend of 10% (2006: Cash 15%) and bonus shares @ 5% (2006: nil).

## **Board of Directors**

No casual vacancy arose during the year.

#### **Corporate Governance**

The Board of Directors of the company is responsible to the shareholders for the management of the Company. It acknowledges the responsibility for the system of sound internal controls and is committed to uphold the highest standards of Corporate Governance. Your Company has also implemented provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance. Review report on compliance with best practices of the Code of Corporate Governance by statutory auditors is annexed with the report.

#### **Statement of Corporate Governance**

The Directors are pleased to state that:

- a) The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- b) Proper books of account of the Company have been maintained.
- c) Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d) International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure therefrom has been adequately disclosed.

- e) The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored. The ultimate responsibility of the effectiveness of internal control system and its monitoring lies with the Board. An Audit Committee has been formed for the purpose that meets periodically and independently throughout the year with the management and also the internal and external auditors to discuss the effectiveness of internal control system and other financial reporting matters. In addition, there are financial forecasts and budgetary control procedures in place, which are reviewed and monitored throughout the year to indicate and evaluate the variances from the budget.
- f) There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- g) There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- h) During the year 5 board meetings were held. These meetings were attended by the directors as under:

Nome of Directore	Designation	Number of meetings		
Name of Directors	Designation -	Held during the year Attend		
Mr. Muhammad Rashid Zahir	Chairman	5	5	
Mr. Ihsanul Haq Piracha	Vice Chairman	5	5	
Mr. Farrukh Shaukat Ansari	Chief Executive	5	5	
Mr. Aasim Azim Siddiqui	Director	5	4*	
Mr. Haroon Ihsan	Director	5	4*	
Mr. Faridullah Khan	Director	5	5	
Mr. Muhammad Tariq Masud	Director	5	5	

\* Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Aasim Azim Siddiqui and Mr. Haroon Ihsan who could not attend the Board Meeting.

- i) The key information as to operating and financial data of the Company is available in the annual report. The categories and pattern of shareholding as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984 are also included in the annual report.
- j) No executive owns or has acquired any shares in the Company during the year and no trading was carried out in the shares of the Company during the year by the Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, Chief Internal Auditor or their spouses and minor children.
- k) The value of investments in provident and gratuity funds is Rs. 7.78 million and Rs. 2.18 million respectively as per the audited accounts for provident fund and gratuity fund for the year ended June 30, 2007.

## **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee comprises of three non-executive directors namely Mr. Muhammad Rashid Zahir, Mr. Ihsanul Haq Piracha and Mr. Aasim Azim Siddique.

#### **Credit Rating**

Based on the results for the year ended June 30, 2006 the entity rating of A – (A- minus) for long term and A-2 for short term assigned by JCR-VIS, a credit rating company, has been maintained.

#### Auditors

The present auditors, M/s. Anjum Asim Shahid Rahman, Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment for the year 2007-2008. On the suggestion of the Audit Committee, the Board recommends the appointment of M/s. Anjum Asim Shahid Rahman, Chartered Accountants as statutory auditors for the year 2007-2008.

## **Pattern of Shareholding**

The pattern of shareholding as on June 30, 2007 is annexed with this report.

### **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights are summarized and annexed to these financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Board.

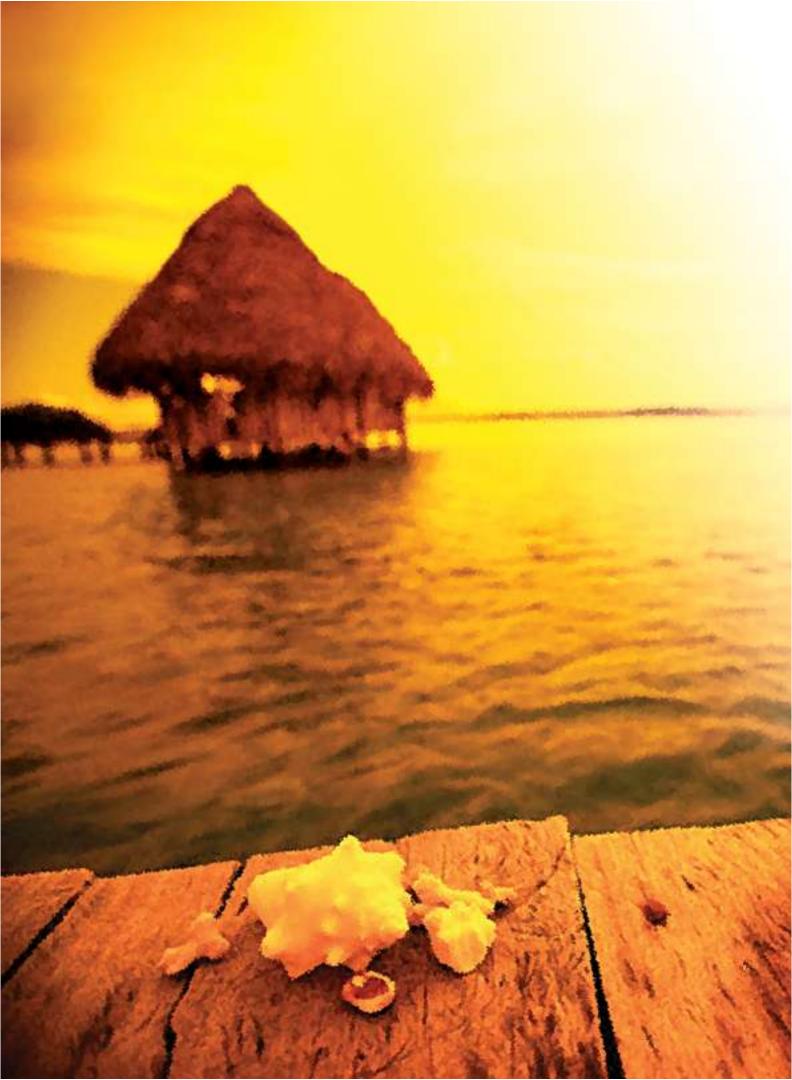
Jouron.

**Farrukh S. Ansari** *Chief Executive Officer* 

Karachi Dated: September 8, 2007

5

Muhammad Rashid Zahir Chairman



# Emerging Inspiration

**66** The pessimist sees difficulty in every opportunity. The optimist sees the opportunity in every difficulty.**99** 

- Winston Churchill

### **Statement of Ethics and Business Practices**

The Code of Ethics of Saudi Pak Leasing Company Limited imbibes the guiding principles of our operations and conduct of our business with our shareholders, customers, vendors, affiliated companies and other stakeholders. These principles are required to be upheld at all times by all the officers and employees of the Company. The salient features of our commitments are as follows:

#### **Our Shareholders**

We strive to achieve optimum value for our shareholders on their investment in the Company through pursuance of prudent and sound risk management policies.

#### **Our Customers**

- We are a customer-friendly Company and seek to serve the needs of our customers with high standards of professional expertise and efficiency.
- In dealings with our customers, we strictly adhere to the legal, statutory and regulatory requirements.
- Transparency in business dealings is the cornerstone of our corporate policy.

#### **Our Staff**

- We expect the highest standards of integrity, diligence and responsibility from our staff.
- We expect our staff to be essentially "team players" and be able to contribute towards achievement of the goals set by the Company.
- We require of our staff utmost confidentiality of information and data obtained during the course of business with our customers.

#### **Compliance with Laws and Regulations**

- Our business policies and plans are formulated in strict compliance with the laws prevailing in the country.
- The Company attaches high degree of sanctity to proper maintenance of records relating to financial transactions as required under the laws.

#### **Credit Operations**

- Our credit operations are conducted under well-defined policies and procedures which are carefully reviewed, from time to time, to meet the emerging business environment.
- Our credit operations are transparent and the business decisions conform to high standards of financial prudence.
- We maintain adequate provisions against our receivables and investments as required under the Prudential Regulations.

#### **Social Responsibility**

- We recognize our responsibility in terms of the contribution we make towards the well-being of the society.
- We do not make donations to or extend any financing to or accept financial exposure towards any political organization.



#### **Maintaining Confidentiality**

- We attach utmost importance to ensure the confidentiality of business data concerning the Company, its customers and other business relationships.
- We do not disclose information relating to our customers or employees to third parties except with their consent or unless there is a legal or regulatory obligation to do so.

#### **Financial Statements and other Records**

- We have installed adequate control procedures and systems to ensure that all the books, records, accounts and financial statements are maintained appropriately and capture the spirit of the Company's transactions and conform to the legal requirements. The Company will not retain unrecorded or "off-the-books" funds or assets or liabilities in contravention of applicable laws and regulations.
- We believe in disclosure of all material financial information relating to the operations of the Company as required under the laws.

# Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

This statement of compliance is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in listing regulations of the Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad Stock Exchanges for the purpose of establishing a frame work of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Company has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

- 1. The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its Board of Directors. At present the Board includes six non-executive directors and no directors representing minority shareholders.
- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than ten listed companies, including this Company.
- 3. All the directors of the Company are registered as tax payers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange
- 4. No casual vacancies of the Board of Directors arise during the year.
- 5. The Company has prepared a 'Statement of Ethics and Business Practice's which has been signed by all the directors and employees of the Company.
- The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of the particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of Chief Executive Officer have been taken by the Board.
- 8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with the agenda and working papers, were circulated in time before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9. The Directors are conversant of the relevant laws applicable to the Company, its policies and procedures and provisions of memorandum and article of association and are aware of their duties and responsibilities.
- 10. During the year, the Board of Directors has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer. Future appointment, if any, on statutory positions including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment as determined by the Chief Executive Officer, will be referred to the Board for approval.
- 11. The director's report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer before the approval of the Board.
- 13. The Directors, Chief Executive Officer and Executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of the shareholdings.
- 14. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- 15. The Board has formed an audit committee comprising of three non-executives directors including the Chairman of the committee.

- - 16. The meeting of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company and as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance in the form of Audit Committee Charter.
  - 17. The Board has set-up an effective internal audit function with employees who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company and they are involved in the internal audit function on a full time basis. The Internal Audit Department reports to the Audit Committee.
  - 18. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all his partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
  - 19. The statutory auditors or the person associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regards.
  - 20. The quarterly un-audited financial statements of the Company were circulated along with the review of the Directors. Half yearly financial statements were subject to the limited review by the statutory auditors. Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2007 have been audited and will be circulated in accordance with clause (xxii) of the Code.
  - 21. All material information as described in clause (xxiii) of the Code is disseminated to the stock exchanges and Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan in a timely fashion.
  - 22. We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code have been complied with.

On behalf of the Board

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Farrukh S. Ansari Chief Executive Officer

Muhammad Rashid Zahir Chairman

Dated: September 8, 2007

### Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with the Best Practices of the Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance prepared by the Board of Directors of Saudi Pak Leasing Company Limited (the company) to comply with the Listing Regulation No. 37 (Chapter XI) of the Karachi Stock Exchange, Chapter XIII of the Listing Regulations of the Lahore Stock Exchange and Section 36 (Chapter XI) of the Listing Regulations of the Islamabad Stock Exchange where the company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We have not carried out any special review of the internal control system to enable us to express an opinion as to whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all controls and effectiveness of such internal controls.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the company, for the year ended June 30, 2007.

Airjun Hein Juled Rahman

Karachi Dated: September 8, 2007

Anjum Asim Shahid Rahman

### Auditors' Report to the Members

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of Saudi Pak Leasing Company Limited as at June 30, 2007 and the related profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by the management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- (a) in our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) in our opinion -
  - the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
  - (ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the company's business; and
  - (iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objectives of the company;
- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at June 30, 2007 and of the profit, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion Zakat deductible at source under Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

Augun How haled Rahmon

Anjum Asim Shahid Rahman Chartered Accountants

Karachi Dated: September 8, 2007



# Progressive Inspiration

**66** Success is the sum of small efforts, repeated day in and day out. **99** 

- Robert Collier

## Balance Sheet As at June 30, 2007

	Note	2007	2006
ASSETS	note	Rup	Dees
Current assets			
Cash and bank balances Short-term loans Short-term investments Loans and receivables Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Current maturity of non- current assets	4 5 7 8 9	104,618,359 851,069,387 407,293,928 36,960,916 437,258,882 2,091,038,978	164,161,545 450,729,221 487,769,472 65,583,454 215,918,825 2,380,757,678
Total current assets		3,928,240,450	3,764,920,195
Non-current assets			
Long-term loans Net investment in leases Long-term investments Property, plant and equipment	10 11 12 13	103,473,089 2,281,114,477 16,641,900 208,860,551	357,704,434 1,789,012,338 23,643,400 84,378,311
Total non-current assets		2,610,090,017	2,254,738,483
Total Assets		6,538,330,467	6,019,658,678
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Borrowings from financial institutions Certificates of investment Accured and other payables Current maturity of non-current liabilities Provision for taxation - net	14 15 16 17	965,000,000 1,811,676,000 150,849,930 942,136,470 1,834,633	1,280,000,000 1,521,923,000 123,344,314 696,993,691 4,749,856
Total current liabilities		3,871,497,033	3,627,010,861
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings from financial institutions Certificates of investment Long-term finances Deposits against leases Deferred tax	14 15 18 19 20	- 571,139,000 555,833,340 846,942,192 54,581,968	100,000,000 161,699,000 695,833,334 847,557,476 49,581,968
Total non-current liabilities		2,028,496,500	1,854,671,778
Total Liabilities		5,899,993,533	5,481,682,639
NET ASSETS		638,336,934	537,976,039
FINANCED BY EQUITY			
Authorized share capital 100,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital Reserves Unappropriated profit	21 22	430,100,000 136,164,293 87,377,946 653,642,239	430,100,000 125,324,754 108,534,789 663,959,543
Unrealized loss on available for sale investments		(15,305,305)	(125,983,504)
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	23		
Total equity		638,336,934	537,976,039

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Muhammad Rashid Zahir Chairman

## Profit and Loss Account For the year ended June 30, 2007

	Note	2007	2006
Revenues		Rupees	
Income from:	a. [		
Finance leases Operating leases	24	442,388,541 38,237,366 480,625,907	401,252,883 18,572,804 419,825,687
Other operating income	25	241,055,791 721,681,698	223,531,587
Expenses			
Financial and bank charges Administrative, selling and other operating	26 27	522,088,562 119,433,991 641,522,553	410,541,234 94,715,890 505,257,124
Operating profit before provisions	-	80,159,145	138,100,150
<b>Provisions and fair value changes</b> Provision for doubtful leases, Loans and other receivable Unrealized (gain) / loss in the market value of investment	28	18,158,572	32,024,846
classified as held for trading		(8,697,123)	2,136,153
		9,461,449	34,160,999
Profit before taxation		70,697,696	103,939,151
Taxation	_		[]
Current Deferred	29 20	11,500,000 5,000,000	10,000,000 1,000,000
		16,500,000	11,000,000
Profit for the year		54,197,696	92,939,151
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	30	1.26	2.52

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Farrukh S. Ansari Chief Executive Officer

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Muhammad Rashid Zahir Chairman

## Cash Flow Statement For the year ended June 30, 2007

	Note	<b>2007</b>	2006
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash (used in)/generated from operations after working capital changes	34	(12,733,156)	523,300,590
Financial charges paid Lease deposits received Taxes paid Increase in net investment in leases		(509,906,799) 103,694,162 (14,415,223) (184,809,088)	(398,218,695) 248,382,096 (8,627,222) (785,773,277)
		(605,436,948)	(944,237,098)
Net cash used in operating activities		(618,170,104)	(420,936,508)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of repossessed assets Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Decrease / (Increase) in loans and receivables Decrease / (Increase) in investments Decrease / (Increase) in long-term loans Dividend received	13	(153,978,283) 2,200,000 3,531,708 28,622,538 219,011,790 215,041,322 23,392,434	(26,680,521) - - (7,701,304) (122,896,254) (318,902,720) 21,884,828
Net cash from / (used in) investing activities		337,821,509	(419,763,271)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds of long-term finances Increase / (Decrease) in certificates of investment (Decrease) / Increase in borrowings from financial institutions Subscription received against right shares Dividend paid		833,339 699,193,000 (415,000,000) - (64,220,930)	495,833,334 (83,143,000) 410,000,000 151,800,000 (25,149,448)
Net cash from financing activities		220,805,409	949,340,886
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(59,543,186)	108,641,107
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		164,161,545	55,520,438
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	35	104,618,359	164,161,545

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Farrukh S. Ansari Chief Executive Officer

Muhammad Rashid Zahir Chairman

## Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended June 30, 2007

			CAPITAL I	RESERVES				Unrealized	
	Share capital	Reserve for issue of bonus shares	Contingency reserve	Statutory reserve	Total reserves	Share deposit money	Unappro- priated profit	loss on investments classified as available for sale	Total equity
					- Rupees -				
Balance as at June 30, 2005	253,000,000	-	2,600,000	104,136,924	106,736,924	-	84,783,468	(63,230,725)	381,289,667
Unrealized loss in market value of investments classified as available for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(65,909,282)	(65,909,282)
Realized loss in market value of investments classified as available for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,156,503	3,156,503
Net income recognized directly in equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(62,752,779)	(62,752,779)
Profit for the year ended June 30, 2006	-	-	-	-	-	-	92,939,151	-	92,939,151
Transfer of profit to reserve for issue of bonus shares declared subsequent to year end	-	25,300,000	-	-	25,300,000	-	(25,300,000)	-	-
Transfer to share capital as bonus shares	25,300,000	(25,300,000)	-	-	(25,300,000)	-	-	-	
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2005 declared and issued subsequent to year end	-		-	-		-	(25,300,000)	-	(25,300,000)
Right shares subscription received	-	-	-	-	-	151,800,000	-	-	-
Transfer to share capital against right shares	151,800,000	-	-	-	-	(151,800,000)	-	-	151,800,000
Transfer to statutory reserve	-	-	-	18,587,830	18,587,830	-	(18,587,830)	-	
Balance as at June 30, 2006 carried forward	430,100,000	-	2,600,000	122,724,754	125,324,754	-	108,534,789	(125,983,504)	537,976,039
Unrealized loss in market value of investments classified as available for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(54,309,768)	(54,309,768)
Realized loss in market value of investments classified as available for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	164,987,967	164,987,967
Net income recognized directly in equity								110,678,199	110,678,199
Profit for the year ended June 30, 2007	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,197,696	-	54,197,696
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2006 declare and issued subsequent to year end	d -	-	-	-		-	(64,515,000)	-	(64,515,000)
Transfer to statutory reserve	-	-	-	10,839,539	10,839,539	-	(10,839,539)	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2007	430,100,000	-	2,600,000	133,564,293	136,164,293	-	87,377,946	(15,305,305)	638,336,934

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Farrukh S. Ansari Chief Executive Officer

Muhammad Rashid Zahir Chairman

#### 1. STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Saudi Pak Leasing Company Limited (the company) was incorporated in Pakistan and is listed on all the three Stock Exchanges in Pakistan. The registered office of the company is situated at 6th floor, Lakson Square Building No. 1, Sarwar Shaheed Road, Saddar, Karachi. The main business activity of the company is leasing of moveable assets and housing finance business.

Saudi Pak Industrial & Agricultural Investment Company (Private) Limited, is the holding company.

#### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards and interpretations, as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (the Ordinance), the Non-Banking Finance Companies (NBFCs) Rules, 2003, (the Rules) and the Prudential Regulations for NBFCs (the Regulations), along with the directives of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). Approved accounting standards comprise such International Accounting Standards (IASs) as notified under the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Wherever, the requirements of the Ordinance, the Rules, the Regulations or the directives issued by the SECP differ with the requirements of these IASs, the requirements of the Ordinance, the Rules, the Regulations or the requirements of the said directives take precedence.

#### 2.1 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards

International Accounting Standard (IAS) 1: 'Presentation of Financial Statements' - Capital Disclosures has been revised and the amendments are applicable to the financial statements of the company covering accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2007. Adoption of these amendments would result in an impact on the extent of disclosures presented in the future financial statements of the company.

#### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 3.1 Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain financial assets and liabilities which are stated at fair value or amortized cost as applicable.

The financial statements have been prepared following the accrual basis of accounting except for the cash flow information.

#### 3.2 Use of critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience, the Prudential Regulations for NBFCs (refer note. 3.11) and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates in these financial statements relate to the useful life of depreciable assets, provision for doubtful lease, loans and receivables. However, assumptions and judgments made by management in the application of accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements are not expected to result in material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next year.

#### 3.3 Loans and Finances

These are initially recognized at cost being the fair value of the consideration received together with the associated transaction cost. Subsequently, these are recognized at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

#### 3.4 Employees benefits

#### Defined benefit plan

The company operates an approved gratuity fund for its permanent employees who complete the eligible period of service. Provision has been made in accordance with actuarial recommendations using the projected unit credit method. The results of current valuation are summarized in note 31. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized as income or expense when the cumulative unrecognized actuarial gains or losses at the end of the previous reporting period exceeded ten percent of the higher of defined benefit obligation and fair value of the planed assets at that date. The excess amount of gains or losses are recognized over the expected remaining working lives of the employees participating in the plans.

#### Defined contribution plan

In addition, the company operates a provident fund scheme for its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions at a rate of 10 percent of basic salary are made by the company and its employees.

#### 3.5 Taxation

#### Current

The charge of current tax is based on taxable income at the applicable rate of taxation after taking into account available tax credits and rebates. Income for the purpose of computing current taxation is determined under the provisions of tax laws.

#### Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary timing differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable income. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities using tax rates enacted at the balance sheet date. A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

#### 3.6 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment (including assets given under operating lease arrangements) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is charged to income applying the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the assets (refer note 13). In respect of addition and disposal of an asset during the year, depreciation is charged from the month of acquisition and up to the month preceding the month of disposal respectively.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renovations and enhancements are capitalized.

Gains and losses on disposal of assets, if any, are included in current year's income.

#### **Capital work-in -progress**

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost and represents expenditure incurred on property, plant and equipment in the course of construction. These expenditure are transferred to relevant category of property, plant and equipment as and when the assets start operation.

#### 3.7 Finance leases (as lessor)

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recorded as receivables at the amount equal to company's net investment in lease. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the company's net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

#### 3.8 Loans and receivables

These are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market other than (a) those that the company intends to sell immediately or in the near term, which shall be classified as held for trading, and those that the company upon initial recognition designates as at fair value through profit and loss account; (b) those that the company upon initial recognition designates as available for sale; or (c) those for which the company may not recover substantially all of its initial investment, other than because of credit deterioration, which shall be classified as available for sale.

Subsequent to initial measurement loans and receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gains/losses arising on remeasurement of loans and receivables are taken to the profit and loss account.

Gain or loss is also recognized in profit and loss account when loans and receivables are derecognized or impaired, and through the amortization process.

#### 3.9 Investments

All purchases and sales of securities that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognised at the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

The management determines the appropriate classification of its investments in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (IAS-39)" at the time of purchase and re-evaluates this classification on a regular basis. The investments of the company have been categorised as per the requirements of IAS 39 as follows:

#### At fair value through profit or loss

- a) These are classified as 'held for trading' if (a) acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or re-purchasing it in the near term; (b) part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit taking; or (c) a derivative (except for a derivative that is a designated and effective hedging instrument).
- b) Upon initial recognition these are designated by the company as 'at fair value through profit or loss' except for equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market, and whose fair value can not be reliably measured.

#### Held to maturity

Held to maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity other than at fair value through profit or loss, available for sale and loans and receivables.

#### Available for sale

Available for sale financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not (a) loans and receivables, (b) held-to-maturity investments, or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

All quoted investments except 'at fair value through profit or loss' and held for trading are initially recognised at cost inclusive of transaction costs. Investments at fair value through profit or loss and held for trading are initially recognised at cost. All quoted investments are subsequently marked to market using the year end bid prices obtained from stock exchange quotations and quotes from brokers. Held to maturity investments are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Investments in delisted / unquoted investments are carried at cost less impairment in value, if any. Investments other than shares are stated at their principal amounts less provision for amounts considered doubtful.

Unrealised gains / losses on investments classified as at fair value through profit or loss are taken to profit and loss account while unrealised gains / losses on investments classified as available for sale are taken to equity until these are derecognized, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity is taken to profit and loss account.

Gain or loss is also recognized in profit and loss account when held to maturity investments are derecognized or impaired, and through the amortization process.

Impairment of investments is recognised in profit and loss account when there is a permanent diminution in their value. On impairment of available for sale investments, cumulative loss that had been recognised directly in equity is removed from equity and recognised in profit and loss account even though the investments have not been derecognized. Impairment losses recognised in profit and loss account for an investment in equity instrument classified as available for sale are not reversed through profit and loss account. Impairment loss related to investments carried at cost is not reversed.

#### Repurchase and resale transactions

The company enters into transactions of re-purchase (repo) and re-sale (reverse repo) of securities at contracted rates for a specified period of time following the trade date accounting. These transactions are recorded as follows:

- a) in case of sale under re-purchase obligations, the securities remain on the balance sheet and a liability is recorded in respect of the consideration received as 'Borrowing'. Charges arising from the differential in sale and re-purchase values are accrued on a prorata basis; and
- b) in case of purchases under re-sale obligations, the securities are not recognized on the balance sheet and the consideration paid is recorded as 'Placement' and the differential of the purchase price and contracted re-sale price is recognized over the period of the contract.

#### Derecognition

All investments are de-recognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

#### 3.10 Derivative financial instruments

A derivative is financial instrument or other contract with all of the three characteristics: a) its value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index, or other variable, provided in the case of a non-financial variable that the variable is not specific to a party to the contract; b) it requires no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other type of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors; and c) it is settled at a future date.

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. All derivative financial instruments are carried as assets when fair value is positive, and liabilities when fair value is negative. Any change in the fair value of derivative financial instrument is taken to profit and loss account.

#### 3.11 Allowance for potential lease and loans losses

The allowance for potential lease and term loan losses is maintained at a level which is adequate to provide for potential losses on lease and loan portfolio in accordance with the Prudential Regulations for NBFCs. Specific / general allowance for potential lease and loan losses is maintained at a level which, in the judgment of management, is adequate to provide for potential losses on lease and loan portfolio that can be reasonably anticipated. The allowance is increased by provisions charged to income and is decreased by charge offs, net of recoveries.

The Leases, Loans and Advances are written-off where there are no realistic prospects of recovery.

#### 3.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and bank balances. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include debit balance of the short-term running finance accounts.

#### 3.13 Borrowing cost

The borrowing cost incurred on debts of the company is charged to income.

#### 3.14 Revenue recognition

#### Finance leases, loans and placements

Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the company's net investment outstanding in respect of leases.

Income on loans is recognized using effective yield on a time proportion basis.

Processing, front end and commitment fees and commission are recognized as income when received.

Revenue on finance lease is not recognized when rental is past due for the prescribed period in the Regulations.

#### **Operating lease**

Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

#### Return on investments

Return on investments is recognized using effective interest method.

Capital gain or loss arising on sale of investments are taken to income in the period in which they arise.

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the company's right to receive dividend is established.

#### 3.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

#### 3.16 Impairment

The carrying amounts of the company's assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists the assets' recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit and loss account.

#### 3.17 Financial instruments

Financial assets carried on the balance sheet include cash and bank balances, advances and deposits, and are at fair value through profit or loss. Loans and finances, finance leases, loans and receivables and investments have been categorized as per the policies mentioned in note 3.3, 3.7, 3.8 and 3.9 respectively.

Financial liabilities carried on the balance sheet include certificates of investment, accured and other payables and are at fair value through profit or loss. Loans and finances have been categorized as per policies mentioned in note 3.3.

At the time of initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at cost, which is the fair value for the consideration given or received for it. Transaction costs are included in the initial measurement of all financial assets and liabilities except for transaction costs incurred on financial assets and liabilities classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' and held for trading and that may be incurred on disposal. The particular recognition methods adopted for the measurement of financial assets and liabilities subsequent to initial measurement are disclosed in the policy statements associated with each item.

Financial assets are de-recognized when the rights to receive cash flows have expired or have been transferred and the company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are de-recognized only when it is extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### Off-setting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 3.18 Related party transactions

Related party transactions are entered into on an arm's length basis by following comparable uncontrolled price method.

#### 3.19 Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are accounted for in rupees at the rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses are included in income currently.

#### 3.20 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognized in the financial statements in the period in which the dividend is approved by the Board of Directors of the company.

#### 3.21 Segmental reporting

A business segment is a distinguishable component of the company that is engaged in providing an individual product or service or a group of related products or services and that is subject to risk and returns that are different from those of other business segments. As the risk and rate of return are predominantly affected by difference in these products or services, the primary format for reporting segment information is based on business segment.

#### 3.22 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using he currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates. The financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

#### 3.23 General

Figures have been rounded-off to nearest Rupee.

4.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	Note _	<b>2007</b> ———— Rup	2006
	With State Bank of Pakistan in current account		2,530,153	728,546
	<ul> <li>With banks:</li> <li>in current accounts - local currency</li> <li>in current accounts - foreign currency</li> <li>in savings accounts</li> <li>Cash in hand</li> </ul>	4.1	757,928 5,401 101,223,616 101,261 104,618,359	35,511,439 5,401 127,829,207 <u>86,952</u> 164,161,545

4.1 Return on these savings accounts is earned at rates ranging from 0.5% to 1.0% (2006: 0.5% to 0.8%) per annum.

		2007	2006
5.	SHORT TERM LOANS - secured	———— Rup	Dees
	Considered Good Considered doubtful	844,269,387 8,500,000	450,729,221
	Allowance for doubtful loans 5.1	(1,700,000) 6,800,000 851,069,387	450,729,221

5.1 This represents loans to customers for a period up to one year on mark-up basis and are secured by way of charge on immovable properties, pledge of listed securities and hypothecation of stock and receivables. The rate of mark-up ranges from 11.75% to 19% (2006:10% to 19%) per annum.

	<b>2007</b>	2006
6. SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS	RL	ipees
Related party		
Available for sale Investment in equity securities	58,920,000	35,430,000
Other than related partyAvailable for sale6.1	322,314,908	443,349,472
At fair value through profit or loss- held for trading Investment in equity securities	26,059,020 407,293,928	<u>8,990,000</u> 487,769,472
6.1 Available for sale Investment in equity securities Mutual funds	220,768,655 101,546,253	400,995,074 42,354,398
	322,314,908	443,349,472

#### 7. LOANS AND RECEIVABLES- considered good other than related parties

	Number of	Certificates	Face value	Tenure	Tenure	Tenure	Tenure	Tenure	Profit rate	2007	2006
	2007	2006				Rup	ees				
Term Finance Certificates- sec	ured			7	KIDOD						
Dewan Cement Limited		(refer note 7.	1)	7 years from July 15, 2004	KIBOR plus 2.5%	21,960,916	25,583,454				
Preference shares- secured											
Jamshoro Joint Venture Company Limited	-	1,500,000	10	-	-		15,000,000				
Pak Electron Limited	1,500,000	1,500,000	10	-	9.50%	15,000,000	15,000,000				
Cyber Soft Technologies Limited	-	100,000	100	-	KIBOR plus 4.5%	-	10,000,000				
						36,960,916	65,583,454				

			2007	2006
7.1	Dewan Cement Limited	Note	Rupe	es ———
	TFC Series "A" (One certificate of Rs. 24,435,000) Less: redemption to date		20,047,485 (3,622,538) 16,424,947	22,346,181 (2,298,696) 20,047,485
	TFC Series "B" (One certificate of Rs. 19,991,000) Less: redemption to date		7,073,738 (1,537,769) 5,535,969 21,960,916	7,073,738 (1,537,769) 5,535,969 25,583,454

This represents TFC's of Dewan Cement Limited (DCL) (formerly Pakland Cement Limited). In May 2004, Dewan Mushtaq Group acquired management control of DCL and agreed with the creditors to repay the entire principal amount represented by TFC series 'A' and 30% of TFC series 'B' issued for accrued profits for the period from 1995 to 2000. The revised scheme of arrangement (Revised Scheme) has been approved by the Honorable High Court of Sindh.

According to the Revised Scheme, the TFC series 'A' is repayable in seven years from July 15, 2004 in semi annual installments and carry mark up based on KIBOR plus 2.5% (2006: KIBOR plus 2.5%) per annum. TFC series 'B' carry no mark up and are redeemable in four semi annual installments starting from January 15, 2012 to July 15, 2013.

#### 8. ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		2007	2006	
		Rupees		
Advances				
Advance to employees, considered good				
- Chief executive	8.1	497,762	819,788	
- Other employees		1,513,557	2,320,468	
Advance to suppliers against lease		154,910,019	155,709,789	
Advance to suppliers		61,881,830	11,334,582	
		218,803,168	170,184,627	
Deposits and prepayments				
Trade deposits		610,045	610,045	
Prepayments	8.2	3,989,862	1,934,944	
		4,599,907	2,544,989	
Accrued				
Income on operating leases		7,203,666	1,292,166	
Return on investments		3,922,367	7,984,119	
Mark-up on term loans and advances		40,266,103	21,966,893	
		51,392,136	31,243,178	
Less: Provision for accrued income on operating lease		(1,292,166)	(1,292,166)	
		50,099,970	29,951,012	
Other receivables				
Corporate asset tax recoverable		2,057,589	2,057,589	
Cost of Assets repossessed		41,355,017	9,433,083	
Receivable against sale of securities		119,677,969	-	
Other receivables		8,775,010	2,854,950	
		171,865,585	14,345,622	
Less: Provision for other receivables	8.3	(8,109,748)	(1,107,425)	
		163,755,837	13,238,197	
		437,258,882	215,918,825	

8.1 The maximum aggregate amount due from the chief executive officer (CEO) and other employees at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 819,788 (2006: Rs. 1,000,000) and Rs. 4,565,865 (2006: Rs. 3,982,013) respectively.

8.2 Prepayments include an amount of Rs. 1,770,000 paid for issue of Term Finance Certificates after June 30, 2007.

	8.3 <b>P</b> rovision for other receivables	Note	<b>2007</b> ———— Rup	2006 Dees
	Balance at beginning of the year Charged during the year Balance at end of the year		1,107,425 7,002,323 8,109,748	1,107,425 - 1,107,425
9.	CURRENT MATURITY OF NON- CURRENT ASSETS			
10.	Current portion of Long-term loans Net investment in leases Long-term investments LONG TERM LOANS - secured, considered good Other than related party	10 11 12	112,142,246 1,966,788,076 12,108,656 2,091,038,978	72,952,223 2,283,537,375 24,268,080 2,380,757,678
	Term loan to customers Due from employees	10.1	203,985,649 11,629,686 215,615,335	425,495,112 5,161,545 430,656,657
	Less: Recoverable within one year shown as current portion of long-term loans	9	<u>112,142,246</u> 103,473,089	72,952,223

**10.1** Term loan due from customers is secured against property and pledge of listed securities. The rate of return on these loans ranges from 11.5% to 20% (2006: 9.69% to 14.55%) per annum.

			2007	2006	
11.	NET INVESTMENT IN LEASES		Rupees		
	Minimum lease payments receivable Add: Residual value of leased assets	11.2	4,018,724,432 1,064,967,670	3,879,323,842 965,000,424	
	Gross investment in leases		5,083,692,102	4,844,324,266	
	Less: Unearned lease income Income suspensed	11.3	601,469,115 90,721,566	585,823,437 50,615,924	
	Provision for potential lease losses	11.4	143,598,868 835,789,549	<u>135,335,192</u> 771,774,553	
	Net investment in leases	11.2	4,247,902,553	4,072,549,713	
	Less: Current portion of net investment in leases	9	<u>1,966,788,076</u> 2,281,114,477	<u>2,283,537,375</u> 1,789,012,338	

**11.1** The internal rate of return on leases disbursed during the year ranges from 10% to 30.82% (2006: 10% to 24.59%) per annum. Certain lease rentals have been hypothecated against long-term finances obtained (refer note 18).

#### 11.2 Minimum lease payments receivable

Less than one year	2,968,818,945	2,566,901,766
More than one year and less than five years	1,049,905,487	1,312,422,076
<b>Net investment in leases</b>	4,018,724,432	3,879,323,842
Less than one year	1,966,788,076	2,283,537,375
More than one year to five years	2,281,114,477	1,789,012,338
<b>11.3 Income suspensed</b>	4,247,902,553	4,072,549,713
Balance at beginning of the year Income suspensed during the year Reversal of suspension Write-offs during the year Balance at end of the year	50,615,924 51,236,768 (11,055,760) (75,366) 90,721,566	39,961,691 21,250,971 (10,596,738) - - 50,615,924

	Note	<b>2007</b> 	2006
<b>11.4 Provision for potential lease losses</b> Balance at beginning of the year Charge for the year Reversed during the year Write-offs against provision Balance at end of the year		135,335,192 45,500,421 (36,044,173) (1,192,572) 143,598,868	113,263,522 67,983,369 (35,958,631) (9,953,068) 135,335,192

11.5 Net investment in lease finance includes lease contract receivables amounting to Rs. 29,706,694 (2006: Rs. 30,991,541) from related parties. 2007 2006

			2007	2006
			Ruj	pees
12.	LONG TERM INVESTMENTS			
	Held to maturity			
	other than related party	12.1	28,750,556	47,911,480
	Less: current portion	9	12,108,656	24,268,080
			16,641,900	23,643,400

#### 12.1 Term Finance Certificates- secured

Number of Certificates		Face value		Profit rate	2007	2006		
2007	2006	Rupees			Rup	ees ——		
-	1,000	5,000	5 years from Sep 11, 2001	13.50%	-	5,000,000		
-	2,630	5,000	5 years from July 01, 2003	12.00%	-	8,564,780		
800	800	5,000	4 years from July 08, 2003	10.50%	1,804,256	1,999,200		
702	1,032	5,000	5 years from Dec 24, 2003	8.00%	3,508,800	5,160,000		
3,000	3,000	5,000	5 years from July 01, 2005		5 years from July 01, 2005	9.50%	15,000,000	15,000,000
						, ,		
-	-	-	4 years from Nov 2004	KIBOR + 4.50%	8,437,500	12,187,500		
	<b>2007</b>	2007         2006           -         1,000           -         2,630           800         800           702         1,032	2007         2006         Rupees           -         1,000         5,000           -         2,630         5,000           800         800         5,000           702         1,032         5,000	2007         2006         Rupees         Tenure           -         1,000         5,000         5 years from Sep 11, 2001           -         2,630         5,000         5 years from July 01, 2003           800         800         5,000         4 years from July 08, 2003           702         1,032         5,000         5 years from Dec 24, 2003           3,000         3,000         5,000         5 years from July 01, 2005	2007         2006         Rupees         Tenure         Profit rate           -         1,000         5,000         5 years from Sep 11, 2001         13.50%           -         2,630         5,000         5 years from July 01, 2003         12.00%           800         800         5,000         4 years from July 08, 2003         10.50%           702         1,032         5,000         5 years from Dec 24, 2003         8.00%           3,000         3,000         5,000         5 years from July 01, 2005         9.50%	2007         2006         Rupees         Tenure         Profit rate         Rupees         Rupees           -         1,000         5,000         5 years from Sep 11, 2001         13.50%         -           -         2,630         5,000         5 years from July 01, 2003         12.00%         -           800         800         5,000         4 years from July 08, 2003         10.50%         1,804,256           702         1,032         5,000         5 years from Dec 24, 2003         8.00%         3,508,800           3,000         3,000         5,000         5 years from July 01, 2005         9.50%         15,000,000           -         -         -         4 years from KIBOR +         20,313,056		

#### 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Own assets			Operating lease assets							
	Building Improvements	Offices premises	Furniture, fixtures and fittings	Vehicles	Office equipment and appliances	Sub total	Generators	Plant and machinery	Vehicles	Sub total	Total
						Rupees -					
As at July 1, 2005											
Cost Accumulated	3,526,371	24,415,134	6,077,442	20,294,890	21,200,747	75,514,584	11,926,876	62,220,000	-	74,146,876	149,661,460
depreciation	(2,918,291)	(5,817,431)	(4,746,010)	(6,858,606)	(16,921,628)	(37,261,966)	(9,406,489)	(2.066,666)		(11,473,155)	(48,735,121)
Net book amount (Rs.)	608,080	18,597,703	1,331,432	13,436,284	4,279,119	38,252,618	2,520,387	60,153,334	-	62,673,721	100,926,339
Year ended June 30, 2006	5										
Opening net book amount	608,080	18,597,703	1,331,432	13,436,284	4,279,119	38,252,618	2,520,387	60.153.334		62,673,721	100,926,339
Additions	-	4,132,908	99,380	6,129,513	1,193,640	11,555,441	11,500,000	-	3,625,080	15,125,080	26,680,521
Disposals	-	-	(14,584)	(858,446)	-	(873,030)		(28,250,000)	-	(28,365,935)	(29,238,965)
Depreciation charge	(155,255)	(1,427,402)	(636,102)	(4,052,874)	(1,775,755)	(8,047,388)	(1,871,360)	(3,950,000)	(120,835)	(5,942,196)	(13,989,584)
Closing net book amount	452,825	21,303,209	780,126	14,654,477	3,697,004	40,887,641	12,033,092	27,953,334	3,504,244	43,490,670	84,378,311
As at July 1, 2006											
Cost Accumulated	3,526,371	28,548,042	6,162,238	25,565,957	22,394,387	86,196,995	14,090,000	32,000,000	3,625,080	49,715,080	135,912,075
depreciation	(3,073,546)	(7.244.833)	(5,382,112)	(10,911,480)	(18,697,383)	(45,309,354)	(2.056.908)	(4,046,666)	(120,836)	(6,224,410)	(51,533,764)
Net book amount (Rs.)	452,825	21,303,209	780,126	14,654,477	3,697,004	40,887,641	12,033,092		3,504,244	43,490,670	84,378,311
Year ended June 30, 2007											
Opening net book amount	452,825	21,303,209	780,126	14,654,477	3,697,004	40,887,641	12,033,092	27,953,334	3,504,244	43,490.670	84,378,311
Additions	-	28,712,000	624,895	8,361,000	4,344,889	42,042,784	6,200,000	35,000,000	70,735,500	111,935,500	153,978,284
Disposals - net	-	-	-	(20,910)	(57,901)	(78,811)	-	-	(2,393,233)	(2,393,233)	(2,472,044)
Depreciation charge	(155,255)	(1,573,235)	(339,969)	(5,628,603)	(1,665,491)	(9,362,553)	(4,057,994)	(6,408,328)	(7,195,125)	(17,661,447)	(27,024,000)
Closing net book amount	297,570	48,441,974	1,065,052	17,365,964	6,318,501	73,489,061	14,175,098	56,545,006	64,651,386	135,371,490	208,860,551
As at June 30, 2007											
Cost Accumulated	3,526,371	57,260,042	6,787,133	33,906,047	26,681,375	128,160,968	20,290,000	67,000,000	71,967,347	159,257,347	287,418,315
depreciation	(3,228,801)	(8,818,068)	(5,722,081)	(16,540,083)	(20,362,874)	(54,671,907)	(6,114,902)	(10,454,994)	(7,315,961)	(23,885,857)	(78,557,764)
Net book amount (Rs.)	297,570	48,441,974	1,065,052	17,365,964	6,318,501	73,489,061	14,175,098		64,651,386	135,371,490	208,860,551
Rate of depreciation (%)	20	5	20	20	20		20	10	20		

		depreciation	Book value	Sale Proceeds	Gain/ (loss) on sale	Particulars of purchaser	Mode of disposal
			Rupees			_	
sets - Own use hicles	•						
Book value not exceeding Rs. 50,000 each	769,000 352,586 41,000	769,000 346,709 25,967	- 5,877 15,033	535,000 315,000 20,500	535,000 309,123 5,467	Various	Negotiatio Negotiatio Negotiatio
each	1,162,586	1,141,676	20,910	870,500	849,590	1	
fice equipment	t						
appliances	141,900	84,006	57,894	42,002	(15,892)	Al-Salam Hi-Tech Soluti GB-20 Technocity Mall Ha Mohani Road, Karachi.	ion, srat
Book value not exceeding Rs. 50,000 each	350,000 358,010	349,999 358,004	1 6	185,000 41,000	184,999 40,994	nonan riodo, raidoni.	Negotiatic
	849,910	792,009	57,901	268,002	210,101	•	
erating lease sets Vehicles	879,000	73,250	805,750	826,785	21,035	Mr. Shafiq-ur-Rehman Eng	
	839,000	27,967	811,033	797,004	(14,029)	Management colony, Dah Mr. Imran Ghani. House # 1 Agric Town 4-Km, Raiwan	13, Normation
	879,000	102,550	776,450	769,417	(7,033)	Road Lahore. Mr. Riaz, House # A-216, Gulshan-e-Igbal, Karachi.	Block-3
l	2,597,000	203,767	2,393,233	2,393,206	(27)		
	4,609,496	2,137,452	2,472,044	3,531,708	1,059,664	-	
					Note	<b>2007</b> Rupees	2006
. BORROWIN	IGS FROM	FINANCIAL IN	ISTITUTION	IS			

#### **13.1** The following assets were disposed off during the year:

Secured Unsecured

Less: due within one year

14.1	unsecured finance facilities carry mark-up ranges from 10.00% to 11.50% (2006:9.75% 11.3%) per annum. These facilities are
	repayable at various dates by October 2007.

14.1

965,000,000 965,000,000 965,000,000 200,000,000 1,180,000,000

1,380,000,000 1,280,000,000

100,000,000

			2007	2006
		Note	Rup	Dees
15.	CERTIFICATES OF INVESTMENT			
	Long-term certificates of investments		618,242,000	246,924,000
	Current maturity		(47,103,000)	(85,225,000)
			571,139,000	161,699,000
	Short-term certificates of investments		1,764,573,000	1,436,698,000
	Add: current maturity of long-term certificates of investments		47,103,000	85,225,000
			1,811,676,000	1,521,923,000

The company has issued certificates of investment under permission granted by the Federal Government. These certificates of investment are for periods ranging from 3 months to 5 years and return on these certificates ranges from 6.00% to 13.07% (2006: 5.25% to 11.9%) per annum.

			2007	2006
16.	ACCRUED AND OTHER PAYABLES		Rupe	ees
	Accrued liabilities			
	Accrued expenses Accrued return on certificates of investment		9,290,991 51,520,501	4,442,527 45,807,381
	Accrued mark-up on: <ul> <li>long-term finances</li> <li>short- term borrowing from financial institutions</li> </ul>		29,850,418 9,312,428	15,644,938 13,884,779
			99,974,338	79,779,625
17.	Other liabilities         Rentals received in advance         Tax deducted at source         Unclaimed dividend         Payable on termination / maturity of leases         Payable in respect of undisbursed leases         Payable in respect of operating lease         Others		11,979,399 798,521 1,502,634 8,172,749 15,228,982 7,330,647 5,862,660 50,875,592 150,849,930	3,123,961 993,631 1,208,564 15,446,693 18,465,042 - - 4,326,798 43,564,689 123,344,314
	Current portion of: Long-term finances Deposits against lease	18 19	753,333,333 188,803,137 942,136,470	612,500,000 <u>84,493,691</u> 696,993,691
			<b>2007</b>	2006
18.	LONG TERM FINANCES		nupe	
	Long-term finance Less: Current maturity shown under current liabilities	18.1 17	1,309,166,673 753,333,333 555,833,340	1,308,333,334 612,500,000 695,833,334

#### 18.1 Long-term finance

8.1 Long-term finance				2007 ———— Rupe	2006	
From Banking Companies	Repayme	ent Period	Price	Principal outstanding		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	from	to				
National Bank of Pakistan -I	Jan-05	Jul-08	*6 month KIBOR+1.5% (payable semi annually)	75,000,000	125,000,00	
United Bank Limited	Oct-04	Apr-07	6 month KIBOR+2% (payable semi annually)	-	100,000,00	
Allied Bank of Pakistan Limited	Nov-05	May-08	6 month KIBOR+1.25% (payable semi annually)	50,000,000	100,000,00	
Askari Commercial Bank Limited - II	Mar-04	Dec-06	6 month KIBOR+1.5% (payable quarterly)	-	12,500,00	
Askari Commercial Bank Limited - III	Mar-05	Dec-07	6 month KIBOR+1.5% (payable quarterly)	16,666,669	50,000,00	
National Bank of Pakistan II	Sep-05	Mar-09	6 month KIBOR+1.5% (payable semi annually)	50,000,000	75,000,00	
Standard Chartered Bank	Dec-06	Sep-08	3 month KIBOR+1.5% (payable quarterly)	145,833,335	262,500,00	
First National Bank Modaraba	Dec-06	Jun-08	6 month KIBOR+2.0% (payable semi annually)	25,000,000	50,000,00	
Allied Bank of Pakistan	Jun-06	Dec-08	6 month KIBOR+2.0% (payable semi annually)	100,000,001	166,666,66	
Bank of Punjab	Jun-06	Dec-08	6 month KIBOR+2.35% (payable semi annually)	100,000,001	166,666,66	
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	Apr-07	Jul-09	3 month KIBOR+1.75% (payable quarterly)	180,000,000	-	
Soneri Bank Limited	-	Mar-08	6 month KIBOR+2.00% (payable at maturity)	50,000,000	-	
Faysal Bank	June-07	Dec-08	6 month KIBOR+2.25% (payable semi annually)	150,000,000	-	
Allied Bank of Pakistan Limited	Sep-07	Mar-10	6 month KIBOR+2.0% (payable semi annually)	200,000,000	-	

**1,142,500,006** 1,108,333,334

#### From related party

Saudi Pak Industrial and Agricultural Company (Private) Limited	Jan-07	Jul-09	6 month KIBOR+2.0% (payable semi annually)	166,666,667	200,000,000
				1,309,166,673	1,308,333,334

\* KIBOR-Karachi Interbank Offer Rate

The above are secured by hypothecation of specific leased assets and associated lease rentals. These facilities were utilized mainly for lease financing activities.

		Note	<b>2007</b>	2006 ees
19.	DEPOSITS AGAINST LEASES			
	Security deposits on finance leases Less: Current maturity shown under current liabilities	17	1,035,745,329 188,803,137 846,942,192	932,051,167 84,493,691 847,557,476

These represent security deposits received from lessees under lease contracts and are adjustable on expiry of the respective lease periods.

			No	<b>2007</b>		2006
20.	DEFERRED TAX				— Rupee	
	Balance at beginning For the year Balance at end of the	5		49,58 5,00 54,58	0,000	48,581,968 1,000,000 49,581,968
	Deferred tax has bee	en created as unde	er:			
	Taxable tempora Net investment in lea			1,484,64	0,685	1,395,775,192
	<b>Deductible tempe</b> Property, plant and e Provisions Unabsorbed deprec Overdue rentals	equipment iation and carry for	rward losses	(861,04 (2,83 (390,44 (175,72 (1,430,05 54,58	8,412) 3,677) 8,983) 8,717)	(923,981,824) (839,857) (320,092,333) (101,279,210) (1,346,193,224) 49,581,968
21.			D-UP SHARE CAPITAL	2007	,	2006
	2007	2006			— Rupee	
	No. of Sh	ares				
	25,180,000	25,180,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid in cash	251,80	0,000	251,800,000
	17,830,000	17,830,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued as fully paid bonus shares	178,30	0,000	178,300,000
	43,010,000	43,010,000	Tury paid bonds shares	430,10	0,000	430,100,000
	<b>21.1</b> Following is the reconciliation of number of shares:			No of	shares	
		ares at beginning	of the year	43,01	0,000	25,300,000
	Right issue Bonus issue	during the year:			-	15,180,000 2,530,000
	Number of sh	ares at end of the	year	43,01	0,000	43,010,000

**21.2** Saudi Pak Industrial & Agricultural Investment Company (private) Limited holds 35.06% (2006: 33.65%) of the issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital of the company.

			2007	2006
22.	RESERVES	-	Rupees	
	Capital reserve Statutory reserve Contingency reserve	22.1 22.2	133,564,293 2,600,000 136,164,293	122,724,754 
	<b>22.1</b> Balance at beginning of the year Transferred during the year		122,724,754 10,839,539 133,564,293	104,136,924 18,587,830 122,724,754

Statutory reserve represents profits set aside to comply with the Regulations.

22.2 Contingency reserve has been created in respect of the demand raised by the Wealth Tax Officer for Corporate Asset Tax of Rs 2,000,000 along with the additional tax of Rs 557,589. The company has filed a writ petition in the High Court of Sindh against this demand.
 2007 2006

23.	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	Rupees	
	Contingencies	-	-
	Commitments Commitments for lease disbursements	243,223,300	282,521,824

		Note	<b>2007</b> 	2006
24.	INCOME FROM FINANCE LEASE OPERATIONS	Hoto	nupe	
	Income on finance lease contracts Document fee, front end fee and other charges Gain on cancellation of lease contracts Syndicate lease income	-	406,649,043 26,756,822 1,871,176 7,111,500 442,388,541	369,192,710 18,162,891 3,922,282 9,975,000 401,252,883
25.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME		, , -	- , - ,
	<ul> <li>Income from financial assets</li> <li>Federal Government securities</li> <li>Short-term loans</li> <li>Income on Term Finance Certificates</li> <li>Return on placements</li> <li>Long-term loan</li> <li>Income from savings accounts</li> <li>Dividend income</li> <li>Advance against lease</li> <li>Gain on sale of investment from</li> <li>derivates</li> <li>Investment in equity securities</li> </ul>	[	- 110,834,732 11,617,730 1,317,683 28,986,878 5,163,025 23,392,434 13,746,189 21,247,695 16,985,583 38,233,278	200,541 65,029,997 15,998,689 10,504,184 34,917,970 945,819 22,691,828 - 24,287,092 37,521,679 61,808,771
	<b>Other income</b> Mark-up, commission and fee income Write back of liabilities no longer payable Gain on sale of repossessed assets Gain on sale of property, plant and equipments Other	13.1	4,148,703 61,848 1,000,000 1,059,664 1,493,627 7,763,842	3,667,808 2,276,349 - 5,293,730 195,901 11,433,788
26.	FINANCIAL AND BANK CHARGES		241,055,791	223,531,587
	Mark-up on: - Long-term loans - Short-term borrowings Return on certificates of investment Arrangement fee Bank charges Others	26.1	186,362,667 105,661,711 227,305,134 1,950,000 210,414 598,636 522,088,562	119,447,163 130,088,600 155,972,461 3,296,900 1,250,861 485,249 410,541,234

26.1 Markup on long-term loans include markup of Rs. 22,236,164 (2006: 576,986) on finance availed from a related party.

27.	ADMINISTRATIVE, SELLING AND		2007	2006
	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES		Rupe	ees ———
	Salaries, allowances and benefits	27.1	58,778,240	43,239,400
	Rent		2,604,440	1,938,633
	Repairs and maintenance		2,296,190	879,247
	Utilities		1,456,769	1,630,760
	Depreciation	13	27,024,000	13,989,584
	Insurance		2,191,074	2,018,288
	Vehicle running		5,710,175	4,362,753
	Printing and stationery		1,663,206	1,601,091
	Telephone and postage		2,904,071	2,907,274
	Traveling and conveyance		2,726,436	2,245,050
	Fees and subscriptions		1,926,720	4,497,059
	Legal and professional charges		3,480,323	2,997,122
	Training and development		274,220	29,095
	Brokerage		2,528,479	7,913,571
	Advertising and entertainment		1,139,453	1,156,190
	Auditors' remuneration	27.2	546,645	585,711
	Donation	27.3	2,805	-
	Management fee		467,960	1,053,764
	Miscellaneous		1,712,785	1,671,298
			119,433,991	94,715,890

27.1 Salaries, allowances and benefits include Rs. 4,041,506 (2006: Rs. 2,589,824) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

	2007	2006
	Ru	pees ———
27.2 Auditors' remuneration		
Annual audit fee	250,000	225,000
Half yearly review	80,000	80,000
Special certifications	50,000	55,000
Taxation services	130,000	200,000
Out of pocket expenses	36,645	25,711
	546,645	585,711

**27.3** The donor had no interest in the donee.

#### **PROVISION FOR DOUBTFUL LEASES, LOANS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES** 28.

Provision for potential lease losses	9,456,248	32,024,846
Provision for doubtful loans	1,700,000	-
Provision for other doubtful receivable	7,002,324	-
	18,158,572	32,024,846

#### TAXATION 29.

The tax charge for the current year represents minimum charge at 0.5 % of gross income under section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and tax on dividend income.

#### 29.1 Effective tax rate reconciliation

Numerical reconciliation between the average tax rate and the applicable tax rate has not been presented as provision for current year income tax has been made under section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 related to minimum tax. The company's tax computation gives rise to a tax loss due to unabsorbed tax depreciation.

#### 29.2 Current status of tax assessments

Tax assessments have been finalized up to the tax year 2006 and no appeals are pending.

		2007	2006
30.	EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	———— Ru	ipees ———
	Profit after taxation attributable to ordinary shareholders- Rupees	54,197,696	92,939,151
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares issued and subscribed	43,100,000	36,821,511
	Earnings per share- Rupees	1.26	2.52

#### 31. **STAFF RETIREMENT GRATUITY**

#### **31.1 General description**

The scheme provides for terminal benefits for all permanent employees who complete qualifying period of service with the company at last drawn salary multiplied by year of services.

2007

2006

The latest actuarial valuation of the gratuity fund was carried out as at June 30, 2007. The fair value of the fund's assets and liabilities at the latest valuation date were as follows:

31.2	Principal actuarial assumptions	2007	2006
I	Following principal actuarial assumptions were used for the valuation.	% per annum	% per annum
	Discount rate Expected long-term rate of increase in salary level Expected long-term rate of interest	10 9 10	9 8 9
	Reconciliation of provision for gratuity scheme Present value of defined benefit obligation Less: fair value of plan assets	Rupees 7,909,082 (3,653,041)	Rupees 3,046,433 (2,822,993)
	Deficit Unrecognized net actuarial loss	4,256,041 (936,659) 3,319,382	223,440 (45,564) 177,876

		Note	<b>2007</b> — Rupees	2006
31.4	Movement in the balance sheet liability			
	Balance at beginning of the year Add: Charge for the year Payments made during the year Balance at end of the year	31.5	4.041,506 (900,000) 3,141,506	630,879 (630,879) -
31.5	Gratuity scheme expense			
	Current service cost Interest cost Expected return on plan assets Past service cost due to change in benefits during the year		679,214 274,179 (254,069) 699,324 3,342,182 4,041,506	671,239 213,310 (253,670) 630,879 

31.6 Actual return on plan assets during the year was Rs. 303,932 (2006: Rs. (20,922)).

#### 31.7 Five years data on surplus / deficit of the plans and experience adjustment

	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
		Ru	pees ———		
Present value of defined benefit obligation	(7,909,082)	(3,046,433)	(2,370,116)	(1,758,607)	(1,408,263)
Fair value of plan assets Surplus / (deficit)	<u>3,653,041</u> (4,256,041)	2,822,993 (223,440)	<u>2,818,553</u> 448,437	<u>2,306,829</u> 548,222	<u>2,846,743</u> 1,438,480
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities [gain/(loss)]	(940,958)	(41,186)	(563,690)	(107,286)	986,569
Experience adjustments on plan assets [gain/(loss)]	49,863	(274,592)	201,944	89,276	(112,569)

#### 32. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprises Saudi Pak Industrial & Agricultural Investment Company (Private) Limited, related group companies, key management personnel and companies in which directors are common or a director hold office.

Aggregate transactions with related parties and associated undertakings which are not disclosed in respective notes are as

	2007	2006
	Rupees	S
Controlling entity Rent paid Office premises purchased	1,100,155 -	129,430 4,132,908
Other Group Companies Lease money disbursed during the year Rentals received during the year Lease key money received during the year	12,988,000 22,933,251 1,298,800	1,279,000 20,021,462 127,900

#### 33. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount charged in financial statements for remuneration including all benefits, to the Chief Executive and Executives is as follows:

	Chief Executive		Executives			Total	
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006	
			F	Rupees			
Managerial remuneration	4,540,197	4,244,358	5,567,952	2,056,160	10,108,149	6,300,518	
Bonus House rent, utilities etc.	709,406 2,837,626	603,750 2,316,300	840,200 3,044,540	310,000 1,908,232	1,549,606 5,882,166	913,750 4,224,532	
Retirement benefits Leave passage	620,288 153.950	641,692 112.650	760,707 406,000	313,186 103.064	1,380,995 559,950	954,878 215,714	
Louro paccago	8,861,467	7,918,750	10,619,399	4,690,642	19,480,866	12,609,392	
Number of persons	1	1	7	3	8	4	

2007

2006

Chief Executive and Executives are provided with free use of company maintained cars.

			2007	2006
34.	CASH (USED IN)/GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS AFTER		Rupe	es
	WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES			
	Profit for the year before taxation		70,697,696	103,939,151
	Adjustment for non-cash charges and other items			
	Depreciation - owned assets	13	9,362,553	8,047,382
	Depreciation - assets under operating lease	13	17,661,447	5,942,196
	Financial charges		519,539,926	406,759,085
	Provision for doubtful leases, loans & other receivables	28	18,158,572	32,024,846
	Dividend income	25	(23,392,434)	(22,691,828)
	Unrealized (gain)/loss in market value of investments classified			( ) ) )
	as held for trading		(8,697,123)	2,136,153
	Gain on sale of repossessed asset		(1,000,000)	_,,
	Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	13.1	(1,059,664)	(5,293,730)
		1011	530,573,277	426,924,104
	Profit before working capital changes		601,270,973	530,863,255
	Working capital changes			
	Increase in advances, deposite, prepayments and other reasivables		(229,542,380)	(22,530,567)
	Increase in advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables (Increase)/Decrease in short-term loans		(402,040,166)	13,713,652
	(Increase)/Decrease in short-term loans		(631,582,546)	(8,816,915)
	Increase in accurational other neuroplas			1,254,250
	Increase in accured and other payables		17,578,417	
			(614,004,129)	(7,562,665)
	Cash (used in)/generated from operations after working capital changes		(12,733,156)	523,300,590
35.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash and bank balances	4	104,618,359	164,161,545

#### **36. SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The business of the company is divided into three primary reporting segments namely Lease operations, Term loans and placements and Investments based on the nature of business and the related risks and returns associated with these segments. Other operations, which are not considered by management to be sufficiently significant to disclose as separate items and do not fall into the above segment category, are reported as 'Others'.

Lease operation includes leasing of moveable assets and includes finance and operating lease. Term loans include secured loans for tenure ranging from 3 months to 5 years whereas investments include securities and derivative transactions.

Segment assets and liabilities include all assets and liabilities related to the segment and relevant proportion of the assets and liabilities allocated to the segment on a reasonable basis.

Segment revenues and expenses include all revenues and expenses related to the segment and relevant proportion of the revenues and expenses allocated to the segment on a reasonable basis.

	June 30, 2007						
		Rupees					
	Finance Lease	Operating Lease	Term loans	Investment	Others	Total	
Segment revenue	442,388,541	38,237,366	141,139,293	73,243,442	26,673,056	721,681,698	
Segment results	432,932,293	20,107,959	139,439,293	81,940,565	19,670,732	694,090,842	
<b>Unallocated cost</b> Financial and bank charges Administrative, selling and other operating <b>Profit before taxation</b>						522,088,562 101,304,584 623,393,146 70,697,696	
Taxation Taxation Profit for the year						70,697,696 16,500,000 54,197,696	
Other information Segment assets Unallocated assets Total assets	4,247,902,553	135,371,490	1,066,684,722	473,005,400	615,366,302	5,922,964,165 615,366,302 6,538,330,467	
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities <b>Total liabilities</b>	1,071,126,459	7,330,647	-	-	- 4,821,536,427	1,078,457,106 4,821,536,427 5,899,993,533	
Net assets						638,336,934	

June 30, 2006 Rupees Finance Operating Term loans Investment Others Total Lease Lease **Segment revenue** 401,252,883 18,572,804 110,452,151 100,699,829 12,379,607 643,357,274 Segment results 369,228,037 11,576,844 110,452,151 98,563,676 12,379,607 602,200,315 **Unallocated cost** Financial and bank charges 410,541,234 Administrative, selling and other operating 87,719,930 498,261,164 **Profit before taxation** 103,939,151 11,000,000 Taxation **Profit for the year** 92,939,151 **Other information** Segment assets 4,072,549,713 43,490,670 881,385,878 601,264,406 5,598,690,667 420,968,011 420,968,011 Unallocated assets **Total assets** 6,019,658,678 Segment liabilities 969,086,863 969,086,863 Unallocated liabilities 4,512,595,776 4,512,595,776 **Total liabilities** 5,481,682,639 Net assets 537,976,039

61

#### 37. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

2007		2006		
	Rup			
Book value	Fair value	Book value	Fair value	
104,618,359	104,618,359	164,161,545	164,161,545	
851,069,387	851,069,387	450,729,221	450,729,221	
442,652,667	436,044,484	663,800,610	535,680,952	
36,960,916	36,960,916	65,583,454	65,583,454	
433,269,020	433,269,020	213,983,881	213,983,881	
215,615,335	215,615,335	430,656,657	430,656,657	
4,247,902,553	4,247,902,553	4,072,549,713	4,072,549,713	
6,332,088,237	6,325,480,054	6,061,465,081	5,933,345,423	
965.000.000	965.000.000	1.380.000.000	1380,000,000	
, ,			1,683,622,000	
1,309,166,673	1,309,166,673	1,308,333,334	1,308,333,334	
1,035,745,329	1,035,745,329	932,051,167	932,051,167	
150,051,409	150,051,409	122,350,683	122,350,683	
5,842,778,411	5,842,778,411	5,426,357,184	5,426,357,184	
	104,618,359 851,069,387 442,652,667 36,960,916 433,269,020 215,615,335 4,247,902,553 6,332,088,237 965,000,000 2,382,815,000 1,309,166,673 1,035,745,329 150,051,409	Book value         Fair value           104,618,359         104,618,359           851,069,387         851,069,387           442,652,667         436,044,484           36,960,916         36,960,916           433,269,020         433,269,020           215,615,335         215,615,335           4,247,902,553         4,247,902,553           6,332,088,237         6,325,480,054           965,000,000         965,000,000           2,382,815,000         2,382,815,000           1,309,166,673         1,309,166,673           1,035,745,329         1,035,745,329           150,051,409         150,051,409	Rupees           Book value         Fair value         Book value           104,618,359         104,618,359         164,161,545           851,069,387         851,069,387         450,729,221           442,652,667         436,044,484         663,800,610           36,960,916         36,960,916         65,583,454           433,269,020         433,269,020         213,983,881           215,615,335         215,615,335         430,656,657           4,247,902,553         4,247,902,553         4,072,549,713           6,332,088,237         6,325,480,054         6,061,465,081           965,000,000         965,000,000         1,380,000,000           2,382,815,000         2,382,815,000         1,683,622,000           1,309,166,673         1,309,333,334         1,035,745,329         932,051,167           150,051,409         150,051,409         122,350,683         122,350,683	

#### 38. MATURITIES OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	Total	Up to 3 months	Over 3 months to one year	Over 1 year to five years	Over 5 years
			Rupees		
Assets					· · · ·
Cash and bank balances	104,618,359	104,618,359	-	-	-
Short-term loans	851,069,387	187,876,891	663,192,496	-	-
Investments	436,044,484	410,035,684	9,366,900	16,641,900	-
Loan and receivables	36,960,916	-	36,960,916	-	-
Advances, prepayments and					
other receivables	437,258,883	226,920,509	210,338,374	-	-
Long-term loan	215,615,335	39,249,786	72,892,460	83,778,848	19,694,241
Net Investment in lease	4,247,902,553	1,001,079,872	965,708,204	2,281,114,477	-
Property, plant and equipment	208,860,550	7,832,270	2,346,811	177,397,469	21,284,000
Total Assets	6,538,330,467	1,977,613,371	1,960,806,161	2,558,932,694	40,978,241
Liabilities					
Borrowings from financial institutions	965.000.000	765,000,000	200,000,000		
Certificate of Investment	2,382,815,000	1,337,627,000	474,049,000	571,139,000	-
Long-term finances	1,309,166,673	128,333,333	624,999,999	555,833,341	
Deposits on leases	1.035.745.329	46.640.036	142,163,101	846,942,192	_
Accrued and other payables	150,849,930	104,165,380	46,684,550	-	_
Taxation	1,834,633	-	1,834,633	_	-
Deferred liabilities	54,581,968		-	54,581,968	-
Total Liabilities	5,899,993,533	2,381,765,749	1,489,731,283	2,028,496,501	-
Net assets-2007	638,336,934	(404,152,378)	471,074,878	530,436,193	40,978,241
Net assets-2006	537,976,039	11,564,958	140,542,319	359,969,229	25,899,533
					, ,

#### 39. INTEREST RATE SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

The information about the company's exposure to interest rate risk as at June 30, 2007 on contractual refinancing or maturity dates whichever is earlier is as follows:

	Effective			Exposed to interest rate risk			
Particulars	yield %	Total	Up to 3 months	3 months to 1 year		Over 5 years	to interest rate risk
On-balance sheet financial i	nstrument			—— Rupees			
Assets							
Cash and bank balances	0.50% - 10.00%	104,618,359	103,860,431	_	_	_	757,928
Short-term loans	11.75%-19.00%	851,069,387	187,876,891	663.192.496	_		-
Investments	9.50%-15.00%	436,044,484	2,741,756	9,366,900	16,641,900		407,293,928
l oans and receivables	9.50%-12.01%	36,960,916	-	36,960,916	-	-	-
Advances, deposits and							
other receivable	-	433,269,020	-	-	-	-	433,269,020
Long-term loans	11.50%-20.00%	215,615,335	39,249,786	72,892,460	83,778,848	19,694,241	-
Net Investment in leases	10.00%-30.82%	4,247,902,553	1,001,079,872	965,708,204	2,281,114,477	-	-
Total Financial Assets		6,325,480,054	1,334,808,736	1,748,120,976	2,381,535,225	19,694,241	841,320,876
Liabilities							
Borrowings from							
financial institutions	10.00%-11.50%	965,000,000	765,000,000	200,000,000	-	-	-
Accrued and other payables		150,051,409	-	-	-	-	150,051,409
Long-term finances	11.50%-13.00%	1,309,166,673	128,333,333	624,999,999	555,833,341	-	-
Deposits on leases	-	1,035,745,329	-	-	-	-	1,035,745,329
Certificate of Investment	6.00%-13.70%	2,382,815,000	1,337,627,000	474,049,000	571,139,000	-	-
Total Financial Liabilities		5,842,778,411	2,230,960,333	1,299,048,999	1,126,972,341	-	1,185,796,738
On balance sheet gap-2007		482,701,643	(896,151,597)	449,071,977	1,254,562,884	19,694,241	(344,475,862
On balance sheet gap-2006		506,988,239	(545,390,246)	155,866,806	1,212,827,839		(316,316,160

#### 40. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The company manages concentration of credit risk exposure through diversification of activities to avoid undue concentration of risks with individuals, groups or specific industry segments. An analysis of class of business of the company's net investment in finance leases and installment loans, term finance and other financial assets is as follows:

	Percentage			Amount
Sector	2007	2006	2007	2006
				(Rupees)
		Restated		Restated
Sugar and Allied	2.12	2.41	117,797,296	123,646,911
Cement	0.83	2.30	46,133,809	118,167,908
Energy Oils and Gas	6.38	5.42	354,361,812	278,517,502
Steel and Engineering & Auto Mobiles	7.58	10.72	420,647,741	551,228,369
Electric and Electric Goods	1.83	1.56	101,341,322	80,382,168
Transport and Communications	12.94	5.26	718,298,247	270,312,113
Chemicals / Fertilizer / Pharmaceutical	2.14	1.82	118,733,021	93,792,283
Textile	19.24	20.60	1,067,844,467	1,058,977,985
Paper and Boards	4.44	4.53	246,271,356	232,994,804
Construction	11.34	7.66	629,177,508	393,545,359
Food, Tobacco and Beverages	3.09	4.01	171,494,245	205,961,128
Glass and Ceramics	1.91	1.39	106,150,206	71,293,696
Hotels	1.25	0.49	69,441,491	25,009,652
Health Care	2.12	3.09	117,914,281	158,703,061
Dairy and Poultry	0.79	0.36	44,117,619	18,418,299
Services	11.25	10.31	624,172,968	530,097,800
Miscellaneous	3.56	10.84	197,491,887	557,420,108
Consumer	7.19	7.23	399,218,435	371,417,561
	100.00	100.00	5,550,607,711	5,139,886,707

#### 41. **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The company is primarily subject to market risk, cash flow interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The company has designed and implemented a framework of controls to identify, monitor and manage these risks as follows:

#### 41.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. The company's market risk is managed by following the internal guidelines established by the management.

#### 41.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The company controls credit risk by monitoring credit exposure, limiting transactions with specific counter party and continually assessing the credit worthiness of counter parties.

#### 41.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. The company manages liquidity risk by following internal guidelines of the management such as monitoring maturities of financial assets and financial liabilities.

#### 41.4 Cash Flow interest rate risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. The company has adopted appropriate policies to minimize its exposure to this risk.

#### 42. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on September 08, 2007.

#### **APPROPRIATIONS** 43.

The Board of Directors of the company proposed the following appropriations during their meeting held on September 08, 2007.

	2007		2006		
	Rupees	Per Share	Rupees	Per Share	
dividend	43,010,000	Re. 1.0	64,515,000	Rs. 1.5	
e of Bonus shares	21,505,000	Re. 0.5	-	-	

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Farrukh S. Ansari Chief Executive Officer

**Muhammad Rashid Zahir** Chairman

## Pattern of Shareholding As at June 30, 2007

No. of	Havin	g Shares		
Shareholders	From	to	Shares held	Percentage
406	1	100	13,955	0.0324
373	101	500	100,999	0.2348
188	501	1000	147,453	0.3428
453	1001	5000	1,151,621	2.6776
89	5001	10000	663,565	1.5428
41	10001	15000	516,930	1.2019
12	15001	20000	211,636	0.4921
13	20001	25000	286,706	0.6666
9	25001	30000	245,987	0.5719
2	30001	35000	68,510	0.1593
2	35001	40000	79,000	0.1837
3	40001	45000	125,612	0.2921
4	45001	50000	194,270	0.4517
1	50001	55000	52,706	0.1225
1	55001	60000	58,720	0.1365
2	60001	65000	124,288	0.2890
2	70001	75000	149,000	0.3464
2	75001	80000	154,529	0.3593
1	80001	85000	80,282	0.1867
5	95001	100000	500,000	1.1625
1	100001	105000	103,827	0.2414
1	110001	115000	110,030	0.2558
2	115001	120000	234,958	0.5463
1	150001	155000	150,282	0.3494
2	155001	160000	315,870	0.7344
1	175001	180000	175,765	0.4087
1	200001	205000	200,710	0.4667
1	205001	210000	205,011	0.4767
1	210001	215000	211,500	0.4917
2	215001	220000	430,100	1.0000
2	235001	240000	473,110	1.1000
1	250001	255000	250,887	0.5833
1	300001	305000	303,100	0.7047
1	425001		429,600	
1	440001	430000 445000		0.9988 1.0327
1	450001	455000	444,162 453,032	1.0533
1	485001	490000	487,079	1.1325
1	605001	610000		1.4125
1	615001	620000	607,500 615,677	1.4315
1	865001	870000	870,000	2.0228
1	1160001	1165000	1,160,511	2.6982
1	1450001	1455000	1,450,400	3.3722
1	1720001	1725000	1,720,400	4.0000
1	1900001	1905000	1,902,688	4.4238
1	2955001	2960000	2,957,858	6.8771
1	3045001	3050000	3,046,838	7.0840
1	4295001	4300000	4,299,499	9.9965
1	14470001	14475000	14,473,837	33.6524
1641			43,010,000	100.0000

## Categories of Shareholders

		SHAREHOLDERS	SHAREHOLDING	PERCENTAGE
1.	Individuals	1583	7,399,718	17.205
2.	Shares held by Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties:			
	Saudi Pak Industrial & Agricultural Investment Co.(Pvt) Ltd.	1	15,081,337	35.065
	Saudi Pak Insurance Company Ltd.	1	15,300	0.036
	Premier Mercantile Services (Pvt) Ltd.	1	4,301,000	10.000
	Marine Services (Pvt) Ltd.	1	61,288	0.142
З.	Investment Corporation of Pakistan	1	500	0.001
4.	National Investment Trust	1	6,004,696	13.961
5.	Directors, Chief Executive Officer and their spouse and minor children			
	Senator(R) Ihsanul Haq Piracha	1	1,935,450	4.500
	Mr. Haroon Ihsan	1	2,306,523	5.363
	Mrs. Khurshid Ihsan Piracha	1	1,665,450	3.872
6.	Insurance Companies	2	2,355,720	5.477
7.	Public Sector Companies & Corporations	3	27,376	0.064
8.	Financial Institution	4	657,313	1.528
9.	Modarabas	4	187,170	0.435
10.	Others	31	987,739	2.297
11.	Non-Resident	5	23,420	0.054
		1641	43,010,000	100.000

Shareholders holding ten percent or more voting interest in the Company:

Saudi Pak Industrial & Agricultural Investment Co.(Pvt) Ltd.	15,081,337	35.065
Premier Mercantile Services (Pvt) Ltd.	4,301,000	10.000
National Bank of Pakistan, Trustee Deptt.	6,004,696	13.961



## **Proxy Form**

I/We	of		_
being member(s) of Saudi Pak Leasing	g Company Limited hereby appoint		
Mr./Ms			_
of			(full address)
or failing him/her			
Mr./Ms	of		-
	ny/our Proxy to attend, act and vote for eeting of the Company to be held on Oc		
As witness my/our hand this	day of		
Signed by			-
In presence of			-
Signature and address of witness		Please affix Rs. 5/- revenue stamp	
	Signature of Members(s)	Stamp	
Shareholder's Folio No.			-
Number of Shares held			_

A member entitled to attend and vote at a general Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote for him/her. A proxy must be a member of the Company.

The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in written under the hand of the appointer or of his/her attorney duly authorised in writing, if the appointer is a corporation, under its common seal of the hand of any officer or attorney duly authorised.

The instrument appoint a proxy, together with the Power of Attorney, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy thereof, should be deposited at the Registered Office not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the Meeting.



#### SAUDI PAK LEASING COMPANY LIMITED

6th Floor, Lakson Square, Building # 1, Sarwar Shaheed Road, Saddar, Karachi-74200, Pakistan. UAN: 111-888-999 Fax: (021) 5210607-9 Email: info@saudipakleasing.com

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