Years of Excellence



ANNUAL REPORT 2013









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### **Annual General Meeting**

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# Company Profile

Suraj Cotton Mills Limited is a Public Limited Company incorporated on December 18, 1984 and is listed on Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges of Pakistan. The Company is engaged in the manufacturing and trading of high quality Yarn and Woven Fabrics.

The Company has four operating units located at Nooriabad (Sindh), Shahkot and Raiwind (Punjab). The Company initially set up its spinning project with the capacity of 16,320 spindles at Nooriabad in 1985, which came into commercial production in 1986. After additions this unit now comprises of 24,576 spindles producing yarn counts from 10/1 cd to 30/1 cd. high end combed yarns and spandex yarns for weaving

Spinning unit No. 2 was set up at Shahkot in 1990 and this unit has witnessed a continuous process of modernization and expansion. Currently its spinning capacity is 43,000 spindles all of which specialize in the production of fine count yarns in range 40 combed to 130 combed.

The third production facility set up in 1994 in the same location. The weaving unit is equipped with most modern, sophisticated, state-ofthe-art machinery and has a collective capacity exceeding 12 Million meters of grey cloth annually. In order for the company to be able to absorb the increasing competitiveness, and to able to produce a variety of fabrics,



the management has expanded its weaving facilities by addition of 120 state of art, wider width Air Jet looms in 2003 which has further enhanced the collective capacity to 28 million meters of Grey cloth annually.

In 2006 Suraj Cotton Mills completed the acquisition of a spinning unit comprising of 25,000 spindles located in Raiwind, Punjab. This unit has added to the company's production capability for fine count yarns in range 40/1 to 130/1.



## Company Information

### **Board of Directors**

Mr. Khalid Bashir (Chairman)

Mr. Nadeem Maqbool (Chief Executive)

Mr. Ahsan Bashir

Mr. Amjad Mahmood

Mr. Asif Bashir

Mr. Humayun Maqbool

Mr. Mohammad Iqbal

### Chief Financial Officer

Farooq Ahmad

### **Audit Committee**

Mr. Humayun Maqbool (Chairman)

(Member)

Mr. Asif Bashir (Member)

(Secretary)

(Chairman)

Mr. Asif Bashir

(Member)

### Share Registrar

Crescent Group (Pvt) Ltd. 306, 3rd Floor, Siddig Trade Centre, 72 Main Boulevard, Gulberg, Lahore.

### **Auditors**

Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder

Chartered Accountants

### Bankers

Allied Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited United Bank Limited Dubai Islamic Bank Limited

### Registered Office

7-B-III, Aziz Avenue, Gulberg-V, Lahore.

Ph:+92-423-576 0379, 576 0382 Fax: +92-423-576 0376 Email: infor@suraj.com Web: www.suraj.com

### **Project Locations**

Nooriabad, District Dadu, Sindh. Kotla Kahloon, District Nankana Sahib, Punjab, Bhaikot, Raiwind, District Lahore, Punjab



# Financial Summary

Rs 000		Jun-13	Jun-12	Jun-11	Jun-10	Jun-09	Jun-08
Sales - net		9,593,325	8,257,042	8,797,929	6,896,059	4,790,418	4,130,287
Cost of sales		8,145,758	7,432,717	7,628,389	5,751,905	4,235,024	3,676,027
Gross Profit		1,447,567	824,325	1,169,540	1,144,154	555,394	454,260
Distribution cost		254,750	189,659	244,538	135,003	112,460	102,728
Administrative expenses		102,178	87,379	77,503	66,975	61,978	53,525
Other operating expenses		98,257	38,796	60,746	64,540	84,048	68,436
		455,185	315,834	382,787	266,518	258,486	224,689
		992,382	508,491	786,753	877,636	296,908	229,571
Other operating income		106,522	30,006	20,587	16,686	9,406	97,971
Operating profit		1,098,904	538,497	807,340	894,322	306,314	327,542
Financial cost		87,772	104,522	161,350	196,239	232,856	171,537
Profit before taxation		1,011,132	433,975	645,990	698,083	73,458	156,005
Provision for taxation		107,787	87,508	135,138	192,980	20,551	19,202
Profit after taxation		903,345	346,467	510,852	505,103	52,907	136,803
Financial Position							
Current Assets		3,015,342	2,066,041	2,279,728	1,634,455	1,223,109	1,395,527
Current Liabilities		1,099,990	938,204	1,424,333	1,124,073	1,289,875	1,466,187
Operating Fixed Assets		1,990,050	1,863,563	1,894,078	1,971,954	2,111,454	2,291,150
Total Assets		5,058,833	3,948,305	4,186,629	3,629,932	3,350,457	3,708,230
Long Term Debts		336,807	216,934	241,524	416,957	537,639	717,454
Share holders' Equity		3,408,996	2,579,781	2,304,829	1,877,924	1,394,515	1,404,961
Break-up value per share (Rupees	3)	172.17	130.29	116.41	104.33	77.47	78.05
Financial Ratios	0.4		0.00			0.05	2.25
Current Ratio	%	2.74	2.20	1.60	1.45	0.95	0.95
Total Debts to Total Assets	%	6.66	5.49	5.77	11.49	16.05	19.35
Debt Equity	%	09:91	08:92	09:91	18:82	28:72	34:66
Average Collection Period	Days	15.45	16.94	17.85	19.09	21.78	24.92
Inventory Turnover	Times	5.20	5.02	5.88	6.62	5.30	5.70
Fixed Assets Turnover	Times	1.24	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total Assets Turnover	Times	2.13	2.03	0.24	0.14	0.10	0.08
Per Share Results and Returns	Dunasa	45.60	17 E0	0E 00	00.06	0.04	7.60
Earning per share	Rupees	45.62	17.50	25.80	28.06	2.94	7.60
Return on capital employed - net	Rupees	26.50	13.43	22.16	26.90	3.79	9.74
Net Income to Sales	%	9.42	4.20	5.81	7.32	1.10	3.31
Return on average Equity	%	33.77	17.77	30.89	42.66	5.25	11.26
Return on average Assets	%	22.45	10.67	16.53	20.00	2.08	4.28

### Mission / Vision Statement

### Our Business

We are a manufacturing organization operating integrated spinning and weaving facilities in textile industry and our end products are sold to international and national customers.

### Vision of Future Business

We are committed to becoming the premier manufacturing organization in the textile industry maintaining market leadership in the present business and diversifying into value added projects with the object of maximizing returns for all the stakeholders.

### Our Strengths

We have made pioneering efforts in development of new products which has enabled us to emerge as a market leader. This together with an innovative and professional management style has helped us to build a strong and financially sound base.

### Our Strategy

We are determined to convert our vision into reality by using innovation to create a market niche for our products and by investing in facilities, people, systems and new technology, diversification into value addition and improvements in productivity and service to customers.

We shall aggressively exploit new markets by drawing strength from our corporate image and by promoting a culture that encourages initiatives at all levels of decision making.

### Our Values

- We take pride in adhering to ethical business practices and in being a good corporate citizen.
- We respect our people and endeavor to provide them opportunities to realize their full potential.
- We recognize our responsibility to our stakeholders and society.





## Directors' Profile







Name

Mr. Khalid Bashir, 72 Chairman Director (Non-Executive)

Mr. Nadeem Maqbool, 54 Chief Executive Officer Director (Executive)

Mr. Ahsan Bashir, 44 Director (Executive)

Joined Board: 1998

Joined Board: 1984

Joined Board: 1994

Other Engagements

Chief Executive & Director:

Shams Textile Mills Limited

Shakarganj Mills Limited

Director:

The Crescent Textile Mills Limited Crescent Cotton Mills Limited Premier Insurance Limited

Director:

Shams Textile Mills Limited Premier Insurance Limited Crescent Fibres Limited Equity Textile Mills Limited Premier Financial Services (Pvt) Limited Mohd Amin Mohd Bashir (Pvt)

Limited

Chief Executive & Director: Crescent Powertec Limited

Director:

Pakistan State Oil Company

Crescent Bahuman Limited













Mr. Amjad Mahmood, 65 Director (Non-Executive)

Mr. Asif Bashir, 41 Director (Non-Executive)

Director (Non-Executive)

Mr. Humayun Maqbool, 45 Mr. Mohammad Iqbal, 64 Director (Non-Executive)

Joined Board: 1988

Joined Board: 1996

Joined Board: 1996

Joined Board: 2010

Director:

Shams Textile Mills Limited

Director:

Shams Textile Mills Limited

Director:

Crescent Fibres Limited Crescent Powertec Limited Chairman & Director:

Al Abbas Sugar Mills Limited Acme Mills (Pvt) Limited

Director:

Javedan Cement Company Limited BMA Assets Management Company Limited ICon Global (Pvt) Limited



## Chief Executive's Review

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present the operating and financial performance of the company for the year ended 30 June 2013. The Company posted excellent results for the period under review and sales and profitability rose sharply. Profit after tax is Rs. 903.345 million and earnings per share of Rs. 45.62 (2012: Rs 17.50).



### Operating Results

In the year under review the textile industry in general and your company in particular has performed well. This is mainly due to stable raw material and finished goods prices. Throughout the year this stability translated into a sustained growth in sales and higher operating margins. Demand for cotton yarn and cloth remained robust resulting in the results that we present to you with this report.

Due to this stable environment we were able to procure our raw materials at realistic levels and pursue an aggressive sales policy enabling us to market our products with higher operating margins.

The Company's sales increased by approximately 14%, due to higher end product prices and costs remained largely within control in spite of inflationary pressures. The company continued to develop and consolidate its export markets. For yarn, China remained a very important market for the company but we also managed to maintain our markets share in the domestic market as well. Domestic fabric demand increased during the year and we were also to hold our share of traditional export markets.

Administration costs increased by approximately 17% due to normal inflationary factor. Due to an increase in the company's sales, distribution costs increased by 34% on account of freight and forwarding as well as commission on sales. In addition, we increased our export sales by approximately Rs. 800 million.

For the period under review, financial charges decreased by about 16% compared to the corresponding period. Reduction on this account shows the

financial prudence being exercised by the management and also the strength of our financial health. Since no major investments were made during the year we were able to rely on our own resources to finance our operations and as a result our borrowing costs declined. A major thrust this year has been on increasing our exports so as to further reduce receivables on domestic sales.

The key financial results are as under:

lower than the previous year. The cotton output has become stagnant and this quantity does not fulfill the requirements of the textile industry leading to imports to fill the shortfall. Although estimates were higher, unseasonal rains reduced the output. In view of a decline in international prices, the industry managed to meet its requirements at competitive prices,

	Rs. in Million		
Particular	2013	2012	
Sales	9,593	8,257	
Gross profit	1,448	824	
Operating profit	1,099	538	
Financial cost	88	105	
Profit before taxation	1,011	434	
Provision for taxation	108	88	
Profit after taxation	903	346	

The country's energy crisis continues unabated and the industry in Punjab bears the brunt of this shortage. In addition to gas supplies being severely curtailed, electricity is also in short supply with load shedding of up to 10 hours per day! In the rest of the country we also see weekly supply cutoffs of gas even though the summer months have no domestic demand for gas. Gas shortages are no longer restricted to the cold weather season. This is having an extremely detrimental effect on existing industries, which have to rely on higher cost alternate energy and in some cases, cease operations. This situation also results in having a dampening effect on new investment. At the risk of being repetitive we continue to highlight this issue in successive reviews in the hope that some decisive action will be taken.

The cotton crop output was just over 12 million bales which was

# Statements on Corporate and Financial Reporting Frame Work

- a) The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company, present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity;
- b) Proper books of account of the Company have been maintained;
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment;
- d) International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been

### Chief Executive's Review

followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed and explained;

- e) The System of Internal Control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored; and
- f) There are no significant doubts upon the listed company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- g) There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- h) Key operating and financial data of last six years in a summarized form is annexed.
- i) The following is the value of investment in respect of retirement benefit funds: Provident Fund: Rs. 122.143 Million (2012: Rs. 100.207 Million)
- j) Four meetings of the Board of Directors were held during the year 2012-13. Attendance by each director was as under:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	No. Of Meetings Attended
1.	Mr. Ahsan Bashir	04
2.	Mr. Amjad Mahmood	02
3.	Mr. Asif Bashir	03
4.	Mr. Humayun Maqbool	04
5.	Mr. Khalid Bashir	04
6.	Mr. Nadeem Maqbool	03
7.	Mr. Mohammad Iqbal	03

(However, leave of absence was granted to the Directors who could not attend the Board Meetings due to preoccupations)

### **Audit Committee**

The Board of Directors in compliance to the Code of Corporate Governance has established an Audit Committee and the following non-executive directors are its members. Seven audit committee meetings were held:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	No. Of Meetings Attended
1.	Mr. Humayun Maqbool	05
2.	Mr. Khalid Bashir	05
3.	Mr. Asif Bashir	05

# Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

The Board of Directors in compliance to the Code of Corporate Governance has established an Human Resource & Remuneration Committee and the following directors are its members:

### Directors' Training

Sr. No.	Name of Director	
1.	Mr. Ahsan Bashir	Chairman
2.	Mr. Asif Bashir	Member
3.	Mr. Humayun Maqbool	Member

### Programme:

Mr. Nadeem Maqbool, CEO completed his Director certification from the Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance and he also met the criteria of 14 years of education and 15 years of experience on the board of the listed Companies.

Further all other Directors also met the criteria of 14 years of education and 15 years of experience on the board of the listed Companies.



### Investor Value

The Board of Directors has recommended a final cash dividend of Rs. 6/- per share & bonus 1 share for every 10 shares for approval by the shareholders in the next Annual general Meeting.

The Break up value per share for the year is Rs. 172.17 (2012: Rs. 130.29)

### Directors

Election of Directors was held on March 26, 2013 and same board was re-elected unopposed whose term of office will expire on March 26, 2016.

The Board is pleased to inform that Mr. Nadeem Maqbool has been re-appointed by the new Board of Directors as the Chief Executive of the Company with effect from March 27, 2013 for a period of three years, Mr. Nadeem Maqbool is entitled a gross managerial remuneration of Rs. 797,500/-per month. The managerial remuneration is subject to a 10% annual increase and adjustment to related benefits effective from April 2013. Remaining entitlements remain unchanged.

Furthermore the Board has also revised the gross managerial

remuneration of Mr. Ahsan Bashir, Executive Director as Rs. 674,250/- per month. The managerial remuneration is subject to a 10% annual increase and adjustment to related benefits effective from April 2013. Remaining entitlements remain unchanged.

### Auditors

As recommended by the Audit Committee, the present auditor M/s Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder, Chartered Accountants retire and being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment.

### Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding, as required by section 236 of the Companies Ordinance 1984 and Code of Corporate Governance, is enclosed.

# Key Operating and Financial Data

The key operating and financial data for the last six years is annexed.

### Corporate Governance

Your Company has been complying with the rules of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and has implemented better internal control policies with more rigorous checks and balances.

### Future Outlook

At the start of the current year we have seen a firm trend in raw cotton prices as well as product pricing. However, this has witnessed a change with cotton prices firming up and demand for finished products becoming

slack. Most of the cotton growing countries are forecasting bumper crops and estimates point towards abundant availability. However this optimism has not translated into lower prices for the moment and in the short term we expect to see higher prices of raw cotton. The prices of finished goods remain lower probably in anticipation of lower raw material prices. Until this happens we expect pressure on the margins and subsequently if cotton prices behave as per expectation then we can see a good performance by the industry. Carryover inventories of raw material should help to eliminate some of the expected negativity in operating margins during the first quarter.

China has become a very important market for Pakistani and regional textiles. It continues to import large quantities of yarn and fabrics from this region and this makes for lower price offerings by the major Chinese corporations. However, Pakistan has also become a major supplier to China and we feel that they must continue to buy from Pakistan because of its competitive pricing. The domestic market also continues to remain strong in terms of demand and pricing as the value added sector also continues to get significant orders and an increased share in the world trade.

Early estimates of the cotton crop point towards a good crop and it appears that last years output will be exceeded. The monsoon has been less than severe and the expected heavy rains and flood forecasts for September have not materialized and the crop is reported to be in good condition. However, the crop size will still not be sufficient to meet domestic demand and Pakistan

will have to import cotton to make up the shortfall. Although we have started the current year well, we need to add a note of caution with respect to increasing input costs. Electricity and gas tariffs have been sharply increased and more such increases are expected. This along with the depreciation of the Pakistan rupee has also led to across the board increase in all inputs. We think this will definitely reduce our profits as will the dampening of end product prices. With our focus on efficiency and higher productivity, we have completed the modernization of our Nooriabad unit. This has resulted in higher output with an improved product line. We have also achieved some savings in labour and electricity through use of these new machines. This modernization process is also being undertaken in other units of the company as for the moment major expansion plans are not being undertaken due to the energy situation. However, we are pursuing various diversification options and will be informing our stakeholders as soon as the proposals are finalized and approved by the Board of Directors.

### Acknowledgements

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would take this opportunity to thank all our partners and employees for their continued support. I would also take this opportunity to express my gratitude to the Board for their valuable insights and guidance.

Nadeem Maqbool Chief Executive

October 01, 2013 Lahore



# Statement of Compliance with the Best Practices of Corporate Governance

This statement is being presented to comply with the best practices of the Code of Corporate Governance as contained in the Listing Regulation of Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Company has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

1. At present the Board included:

	Category	Names
1	Executive Directors	Mr. Nadeem Maqbool Mr. Ahsan Bashir
2	Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Khalid Bashir Mr. Amjad Mahmood Mr. Asif Bashir Mr. Humayun Maqbool Mr. Mohammad Iqbal

- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than seven listed companies including this Company.
- 3. All the resident directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. No causal vacancy occurred during the financial year 2012-2013.
- The Company has prepared a 'Code of Conduct', and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with supporting policies & procedures.
- 6. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO and other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the Board
- 8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written

- notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meeting were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- The Company has arranged an orientation course for its directors and all of the Directors met the criteria of minimum of 14 years of education and 15 years of experience on the board of listed companies.
  - The Board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment.
- The Directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
- The Directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 14. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the CCG.
- 15. The Board has formed an audit committee. It comprises of 3 (three) members, all of whom are non executive Directors including the Chairman of the Committee.
- 16. The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company and as required by the CCG. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 17. The board has formed and HR and Remuneration Committee. It comprises three members, of whom two are non-executive and the chairman of the committee is an executive director.
- 18. The Board has set-up effective internal audit function by appointing a full-time Head of Internal Audit. The day to day operations of this function are being performed and supervised by the Head of Internal Audit, who is suitably qualified and

# Statement of Compliance with the Best Practices of Corporate Governance

- experienced for the purpose and is conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.
- 19. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review programme of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. The 'closed period' prior to the announcement of interim / final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange(s).
- 22. Material / price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange(s).
- 23. There is no independent director as required by the clause i (b) of the Code of Corporate Governance and hence chairman of the audit committee is not independent director as required by clause xxiv of the Code of Corporate Governance.
- 24. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the CCG have been complied with except for the above paragraph, toward which reasonable progress is being made by the company to seek compliance by next election of directors.

### Nadeem Magbool

Chief Executive

October 01, 2013 Lahore



# Pattern of Shareholding

As at June 30, 2013

	Sharel	nolding	
No. Of Shareholders	From	То	Total
138	1	100	4,429
231	101	500	60,689
109	501	1,000	74,313
109	1,001	5,000	275,579
33	5,001	10,000	252,474
18	10,001	15,000	219,453
15	15,001	20,000	253,759
2	20,001	25,000	49,750
1	25,001	30,000	26,950
2	30,001	35,000	65,500
3	35,001	40,000	113,976
1	40,001	45,000	42,500
3	45,001	50,000	149,087
1	50,001	55,000	55,000
1	55,001	60,000	58,657
1	60,001	65,000	65,000
2	65,001	70,000	134,200
1	75,001	80,000	79,750
1	85,001	90,000	89,100
2	95,001	100,000	199,154
1	125,001	130,000	129,093
2	130,001	135,000	262,050
1	160,001	165,000	160,930
1	195,001	200,000	200,000
1	205,001	210,000	205,414
1	245,001	250,000	250,000
1	330,001	335,000	332,250
1	400,001	405,000	403,600
1	425,001	430,000	428,540
1	430,001	435,000	432,094
2	550,001	555,000	1,107,426
1	625,001	630,000	627,105
1	655,001	660,000	659,890
1	835,001	840,000	836,816
1	950,001	955,000	953,579
1	1,150,001	1,155,000	1,151,500
1	1,265,001	1,270,000	1,266,893
1	8,120,001	8,125,000	8,123,500
	. ,	. ,	. ,
694			19,800,000

Categories of Shareholders	Number	Share Held	%
Joint Stock Companies	12	9,798,643	49.49
Modaraba	1	110	0.00
Investment Companies	2	131,890	0.67
Insurance Companies	2	659,989	3.33
Mutual Funds	2	65,082	0.33
Financial Institution	5	469,630	2.37
Individuals	669	8,673,622	43.81
Punjab Corporative Board	1	1,034	0.01
	694	19,800,000	100.00

# INFORMATION REQUIRED AS PER CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

As at June 30, 2013

Categories of Share Holders		Net Holding	Percentage
Associated Companies, Undertakings & Related Parties:			
Crescent Powertec Limited		8,750,605	44.19
Premier Insurance Limited		659,890	3,33
Torrior induction Entitled		000,000	0.00
National Investment Trust Limited:			
NBP-Trustee Department NI(U)T Fund		428,540	2.16
(1)		-,-	
Directors, Their Spouse & Minor Childern:			
Mr. Khalid Bashir	Director/Chairman	836,816	4.23
Mr. Nadeem Maqbool	Director/Chief Executive	67,187	0.34
Mr. Ahsan Bashir	Director	953,579	4.82
Mr. Amjad Mahmood	Director	7,701	0.04
Mr. Asif Bashir	Director	89,100	0.45
Mr. Humayun Maqbool	Director	15,537	0.08
Mr. Mohammad Iqbal	Director	99,154	0.50
Mrs. Nazia Maqbool (W/o Mr. Nadeem Maqbool)		11,660	0.06
Mrs. Tanveer Khalid (W/o Mr. Khalid Bashir)		552,476	2.79
Mrs. Naheed Amjad (W/o Mr. Amjad Mahmood)		20,460	0.10
Mrs. Amna Asif (W/o Mr. Asif Bashir)		12,100	0.06
Mrs. Humera Iqbal (W/o Mr. Mohammad Iqbal)		1,266,893	6.40
Executives		1,151,500	5.82
Public Sector Companies & Corporations:		1,034	0.01
Banks, Development Finance Institutions,			
Non Banking Finance Companies, Insurance Companies	5,		
Takaful, Modarabas & Pension Funds		106,381	0.54
Individuals, and Joint Stock Companies		4,769,387	24.09
TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES		19,800,000	100.00
Shareholders' Holding Five Percent or More Voting in the			
Crescent Powertec Limited	,	8,750,605	44.19
Mrs. Humera Igbal		1,266,893	6.40
Mr. Adil Bashir		1,151,500	5.82
IVII. 7 QII DOQLIII		1,101,000	0.02

Details of Purchase / Sale of shares by Directors / CEO / Comopany Secretary / CFO and Their Spouses / Minor Children during 2013

55,500 shares were purchased by Mr. Khalid Bashir, Director

500 shares were purchased by Mr. Nadeem Maqbool, Director

56,000 shares were purchased by Mr. Ahsan Bashir, Director

41,000 shares were purchased by Mrs. Tanveer Khalid (W/o Mr. Khalid Bashir, Director)





# Financial Statements

Suraj Cotton Mills Limited

For the year ended 30 June 2013

# Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with the Best Practices of Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance prepared by the Board of Directors of Suraj Cotton Mills Limited (the Company) to comply with the Listing Regulation No. 37 of the Karachi Stock Exchange and Chapter XIII of the Lahore Stock Exchange where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal controls covers all the risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

Further, regulations of Karachi Stock Exchange and Lahore Stock Exchange require the Company to place before the Board of Directors for their consideration and approval related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price recording proper justifications for using such alternate pricing mechanism. Further, all such transactions also required to be separately placed before the audit committee. We are only required and have ensured compliance of requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the board of directors and placement of such transactions before audit committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2013.

Without qualifying our conclusion, we would like to draw attention to the Clause 23 and 24 of Statement of Compliance with the best practices of Corporate Governance which state that currently there is no independent director as required by the clause i(b) of the Code of Corporate Governance and hence chairman of the audit committee is not independent director as required by clause xxiv of the Code of Corporate Governance.

Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: Naseem Akbar Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder

Lahore October 01, 2013



## Auditors' Report to The Member

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of Suraj Cotton Mills Limited as at 30 June 2013 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conduct our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- (a) In our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984:
- (b) in our opinion:
  - i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied except for changes as stated in note 4.1 of these financial statements with which we concur;
  - ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the company's business; and
  - iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the company.
- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2013 and of the profit, comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under Section 7 of that Ordinance.

Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: Naseem Akbar Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder

Lahore October 01, 2013



# Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2013

		2013	2012
	Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital and reserves			
Authorized share capital			
50,000,000 (2012: 50,000,000) ordinary			
shares of Rupees 10/- each		500,000	500,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital	5	198,000	198,000
Capital reserves		33,984	28,914
Revenue reserves		3,177,012	2,352,867
		3,408,996	2,579,781
Non-current liabilities			
Long term financing	6	336,807	216,934
Liabilities against assets subject			
to finance lease	7	854	-
Deferred taxation	8	212,186	213,386
		549,847	430,320
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	9	770,582	536,709
Accrued interest on financing	10	21,132	26,265
Short term borrowings	11	224,216	287,391
Current portion of long term liabilities	12	84,060	87,839
		1,099,990	938,204
		1,649,837	1,368,524
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		5,058,833	3,948,305

### CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

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The annexed notes from 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.

(CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER)



# Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2013

		2013	2012
	Note	(Rupees ir	n thousand)
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment			
Operating fixed assets	14	1,944,391	1,825,317
Assets subject to finance lease	15	1,450	980
•			
Capital work in progress	16	44,209	37,266
		1 000 050	1,000,500
A 11.1. 6	4.7	1,990,050	1,863,563
Available-for-sale investments	17	34,467	13
Long term deposits	18	18,974	18,688
		2,043,491	1,882,264
Current assets			
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	19	125,850	106,446
Stock-in-trade	20	1,716,673	1,183,983
Trade debts	21	406,138	383,246
Loans and advances	22	39,070	42,165
Trade deposits and short term			
prepayments	23	4,844	2,678
Balances with statutory authorities	24	66,044	39,857
Taxation-net		11,786	22,015
Other receivables	25	912	3,074
Short term investments	26	548,515	276,823
Cash and bank balances	27	95,510	5,754
		3,015,342	2,066,041
TOTAL ASSETS		5,058,833	3,948,305



# Profit and Loss Account For the year ended 30 June 2013

		2013	2012
	Note	(Rupees ir	n thousand)
Sales - net	28	9,593,325	8,257,042
Cost of sales	29	8,145,758	7,432,717
Gross profit		1,447,567	824,325
Operating expenses:			
Distribution cost	30	254,750	189,659
Administrative expenses	31	102,178	87,379
Other operating expenses	32	98,257	38,796
		455,185	315,834
		992,382	508,491
Other income	33	106,522	30,006
		1,098,904	538,497
Finance cost	34	87,772	104,522
Profit before taxation		1,011,132	433,975
Taxation	35	107,787	87,508
Profit for the year		903,345	346,467
Earnings per share - basic and diluted (Rupees)	36	45.62	17.50

The annexed notes from 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.



# Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 30 June 2013

	2013	2012	
	(Rupees in thousand)		
Profit for the year	903,345	346,467	
Other comprehensive income:			
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss			
in subsequent periods:			
Net unrealized gain on available-for-sale investments	5,070	485	
Items not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	-	-	
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax	5,070	485	
Total comprehensive income for the year	908,415	346,952	

The annexed notes from 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.



(CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER)

# Cash Flow Statement For the year ended 30 June 2013

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES         Research (Purposes in Housand)           Cash generated from operations         37         882.175         1,183,597           Finance cost paid         (92,905)         (113,353)         (34,693)           WPPF paid         (22,841)         (34,693)         (71,694)           Dividend paid         (78,986)         (71,694)         (71,694)           Net cash from operating activities         563,684         873,888           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (333,656)         (158,697)           Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets         38,673         3,445           Investments made - net         (238,187)         (202,824)           Dividend received         7,428         6,342           Increase in long term deposits - net         (286)         (5,878)           Net cash used in investing activities         (526,028)         (357,612)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (63,175)         (490,901)           Increase   (decrease) in long term financing - net         116,215         (33,631)           Decrease in short term borrowings - net         (63,175)         (490,901)           Finance lease liabilities repaid         (940)         (470)           Net cash from / (used in) fi			2013	2012	
Cash generated from operations         37         882,175         1,183,597           Finance cost paid         (92,905)         (113,353)         (34,693)           MPPF paid         (22,841)         (34,693)         (123,759)         (89,969)           Dividend paid         (71,694)         (318,491)         (309,709)           Net cash from operating activities         563,684         873,888           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (333,656)         (158,697)           Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets investments made - net         (233,187)         (202,824)           Dividend received         7,428         6,342         (5,878)           Increase in long term deposits - net         (286)         (5,878)           Net cash used in investing activities         (526,028)         (357,612)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (63,175)         (490,901)           Increase in short term borrowings - net         (63,175)         (490,901)           Finance lease liabilities repaid         (940)         (470)           Net cash from / (used in) financing activities         52,100         (525,002)           Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         89,756         (8,726)           Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning		Note	(Rupees in thousand)		
Finance cost paid (92,905) (113,353) WPPF paid (22,841) (34,693) Income tax paid (123,759) (89,969) (71,694) (78,986) (71,694) (318,491) (309,709) Net cash from operating activities 563,684 873,888  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Purchase of property, plant and equipment (333,656) (158,697) (202,824) (202,82	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Finance cost paid (92,905) (113,353) WPPF paid (22,841) (34,693) Income tax paid (123,759) (89,969) (71,694) (78,986) (71,694) (318,491) (309,709) Net cash from operating activities 563,684 873,888  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Purchase of property, plant and equipment (333,656) (158,697) (202,824) (202,82					
WPPF paid         (22,841)         (34,693)           Income tax paid         (123,759)         (89,969)           Dividend paid         (78,986)         (71,694)           (318,491)         (309,709)           Net cash from operating activities         563,684         873,888           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (333,656)         (158,697)           Purchase of property, plant and equipment         (333,656)         (345,897)           Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets         38,673         3,445           Investments made - net         (238,187)         (202,824)           Dividend received         7,428         6,342           Increase in long term deposits - net         (286)         (5,878)           Net cash used in investing activities         (526,028)         (357,612)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (526,028)         (357,612)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (63,175)         (490,901)           Finance lease liabilities repaid         (940)         (470)           Net cash from / (used in) financing activities         52,100         (525,002)           Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         89,756         (8,726)           Cash and cash equivalents at	Cash generated from operations	37	882,175	1,183,597	
WPPF paid         (22,841)         (34,693)           Income tax paid         (123,759)         (89,969)           Dividend paid         (78,986)         (71,694)           (318,491)         (309,709)           Net cash from operating activities         563,684         873,888           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (333,656)         (158,697)           Purchase of property, plant and equipment         (333,656)         (345,897)           Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets         38,673         3,445           Investments made - net         (238,187)         (202,824)           Dividend received         7,428         6,342           Increase in long term deposits - net         (286)         (5,878)           Net cash used in investing activities         (526,028)         (357,612)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (526,028)         (357,612)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         (63,175)         (490,901)           Finance lease liabilities repaid         (940)         (470)           Net cash from / (used in) financing activities         52,100         (525,002)           Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         89,756         (8,726)           Cash and cash equivalents at					
Income tax paid   (123,759)   (89,969)   (71,694)   (71,694)   (71,694)   (71,694)   (71,694)   (318,491)   (309,709)   (318,491)   (309,709)   (318,491)   (309,709)   (318,491)   (309,709)   (333,656)   (158,697)   (333,656)   (158,697)   (333,656)   (158,697)   (333,656)   (158,697)   (333,656)   (158,697)   (333,656)   (158,697)   (333,656)   (158,697)   (333,656)   (158,697)   (333,656)   (158,697)   (333,656)   (158,697)   (333,656)   (158,697)   (202,824)   (203,187)   (202	Finance cost paid		(92,905)	(113,353)	
Dividend paid	WPPF paid		(22,841)	(34,693)	
(318,491) (309,709)   Net cash from operating activities   563,684   873,888     CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES     Purchase of property, plant and equipment   (333,656)   (158,697)     Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets   38,673   3,445     Investments made - net   (238,187)   (202,824)     Dividend received   7,428   6,342     Increase in long term deposits - net   (286)   (5,878)     Net cash used in investing activities   (526,028)   (357,612)     CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES     Increase / (decrease) in long term financing - net   (63,175)   (490,901)     Finance lease liabilities repaid   (940)   (470)     Net cash from / (used in) financing activities   52,100   (525,002)     Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents   89,756   (8,726)     Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year   5,754   14,480	Income tax paid		(123,759)	(89,969)	
Net cash from operating activities         563,684         873,888           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         (333,656)         (158,697)           Purchase of property, plant and equipment         (333,656)         (158,697)           Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets         38,673         3,445           Investments made - net         (238,187)         (202,824)           Dividend received         7,428         6,342           Increase in long term deposits - net         (286)         (5,878)           Net cash used in investing activities         (526,028)         (357,612)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         116,215         (33,631)           Increase / (decrease) in long term financing - net         (63,175)         (490,901)           Finance lease liabilities repaid         (940)         (470)           Net cash from / (used in) financing activities         52,100         (525,002)           Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         89,756         (8,726)           Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year         5,754         14,480	Dividend paid		(78,986)	(71,694)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES         Purchase of property, plant and equipment       (333,656)       (158,697)         Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets       38,673       (202,824)         Investments made - net       (202,824)       (202,824)         Dividend received       7,428       (342         Increase in long term deposits - net       (286)       (5,878)         Net cash used in investing activities       (526,028)       (357,612)         CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         Increase / (decrease) in long term financing - net       116,215       (33,631)         Decrease in short term borrowings - net       (63,175)       (490,901)         Finance lease liabilities repaid       (940)       (470)         Net cash from / (used in) financing activities       52,100       (525,002)         Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       89,756       (8,726)         Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year       5,754       14,480			(318,491)	(309,709)	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets Investments made - net Increase in long term deposits - net Increase in long term deposits - net Increase in long term deposits - net Increase / (decrease) in long term financing - net	Net cash from operating activities		563,684	873,888	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets Investments made - net Increase in long term deposits - net Increase in long term deposits - net Increase in long term deposits - net Increase / (decrease) in long term financing - net					
Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets         38,673         3,445           Investments made - net         (238,187)         (202,824)           Dividend received         7,428         6,342           Increase in long term deposits - net         (286)         (5,878)           Net cash used in investing activities         (526,028)         (357,612)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         116,215         (33,631)           Increase / (decrease) in long term financing - net         (63,175)         (490,901)           Finance lease liabilities repaid         (940)         (470)           Net cash from / (used in) financing activities         52,100         (525,002)           Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         89,756         (8,726)           Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year         5,754         14,480	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets         38,673         3,445           Investments made - net         (238,187)         (202,824)           Dividend received         7,428         6,342           Increase in long term deposits - net         (286)         (5,878)           Net cash used in investing activities         (526,028)         (357,612)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES         116,215         (33,631)           Increase / (decrease) in long term financing - net         (63,175)         (490,901)           Finance lease liabilities repaid         (940)         (470)           Net cash from / (used in) financing activities         52,100         (525,002)           Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         89,756         (8,726)           Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year         5,754         14,480					
Investments made - net	Purchase of property, plant and equipment				
Dividend received 7,428 6,342 lncrease in long term deposits - net (286) (5,878)  Net cash used in investing activities (526,028) (357,612)  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Increase / (decrease) in long term financing - net (63,175) (490,901) (490,901) (470)  Finance lease liabilities repaid (940) (525,002)  Net cash from / (used in) financing activities 52,100 (525,002)  Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 89,756 (8,726) (28) (286)			38,673	3,445	
Increase in long term deposits - net  (286) (5,878)  Net cash used in investing activities  (526,028) (357,612)  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Increase / (decrease) in long term financing - net Decrease in short term borrowings - net Finance lease liabilities repaid  Net cash from / (used in) financing activities  52,100 (525,002)  Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year  5,754 14,480	Investments made - net		(238,187)	(202,824)	
Net cash used in investing activities (526,028) (357,612)  CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Increase / (decrease) in long term financing - net 116,215 (63,175) (63,175) (490,901) Finance lease liabilities repaid (940) (470)  Net cash from / (used in) financing activities 52,100 (525,002)  Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 89,756 (8,726) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year 5,754 14,480	Dividend received		7,428	6,342	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Increase / (decrease) in long term financing - net  Decrease in short term borrowings - net  Finance lease liabilities repaid  Net cash from / (used in) financing activities  116,215 (33,631) (490,901) (470)  Net cash from / (used in) financing activities  52,100 (525,002)  Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  89,756 (8,726) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year  5,754 14,480	Increase in long term deposits - net		(286)	(5,878)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Increase / (decrease) in long term financing - net  Decrease in short term borrowings - net  Finance lease liabilities repaid  Net cash from / (used in) financing activities  116,215 (33,631) (490,901) (470)  Net cash from / (used in) financing activities  52,100 (525,002)  Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  89,756 (8,726) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year  5,754 14,480					
Increase / (decrease) in long term financing - net  Decrease in short term borrowings - net  Finance lease liabilities repaid  Net cash from / (used in) financing activities  Section 2,100  Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year  116,215 (33,631) (490,901) (470)  Section 3,175 (490,901) (470)  Section 3,631 (490,901) (470) (525,002)	Net cash used in investing activities		(526,028)	(357,612)	
Increase / (decrease) in long term financing - net  Decrease in short term borrowings - net  Finance lease liabilities repaid  Net cash from / (used in) financing activities  Section 2,100  Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year  116,215 (33,631) (490,901) (470)  Section 3,175 (490,901) (470)  Section 3,631 (490,901) (470) (525,002)					
Decrease in short term borrowings - net  (63,175) (490,901)  Finance lease liabilities repaid  Net cash from / (used in) financing activities  52,100 (525,002)  Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year  5,754 14,480	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Decrease in short term borrowings - net  (63,175) (490,901)  Finance lease liabilities repaid  Net cash from / (used in) financing activities  52,100 (525,002)  Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year  5,754 14,480	lacrages / (decreases) in long torres financing.		110.015	(00.001)	
Finance lease liabilities repaid (940) (470)  Net cash from / (used in) financing activities 52,100 (525,002)  Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 89,756 (8,726)  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year 5,754 14,480					
Net cash from / (used in) financing activities  52,100 (525,002)  Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  89,756 (8,726)  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year  5,754 14,480					
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year  5,754  89,756  (8,726)	rinance lease liabilities repaid		(940)	(470)	
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year  5,754  89,756  (8,726)	Not each from / (used in) financing activities		50 100	(505,000)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year 5,754 14,480	The Cash Holli / (used iii) iiilandiig activities		52,100	(UZU,UUZ)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year 5,754 14,480	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		80 756	(8.726)	
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	27	95,510	5,754	

The annexed notes from 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.

(CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER)

# Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 30 June 2013

		Capital Reserves		Revenue Reserves				
	Share capital	Premium on issue of shares	Unrealized gain / (loss) on available- for- sale investments	Sub total	General	Unapprop- riated profit	Sub total	Total
		(Rupees in thousand)						
Balance as at 01 July 2011	180,000	29,000	(571)	28,429	1,564,000	532,400	2,096,400	2,304,829
Profit for the year ended 30 June 2012	-	-	-	-	-	346,467	346,467	346,467
Other comprehensive income	-	-	485	485	-	-	-	485
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	485	485	-	346,467	346,467	346,952
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	-	-	400,000	(400,000)	-	-
Bonus shares issued for the year ended 30 June 2011	18,000	=	-	=	-	(18,000)	(18,000)	-
Dividend for the year ended 30 June 2011	-	-	-	-	-	(72,000)	(72,000)	(72,000)
Balance as at 30 June 2012	198,000	29,000	(86)	28,914	1,964,000	388,867	2,352,867	2,579,781
Profit for the year ended 30 June 2013	-	-	-	-	-	903,345	903,345	903,345
Other comprehensive income	-	-	5,070	5,070	-	-	-	5,070
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	5,070	5,070	-	903,345	903,345	908,415
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	-	-	250,000	(250,000)	-	-
Dividend for the year ended 30 June 2012	-	-	-	-	-	(79,200)	(79,200)	(79,200)
Balance as at 30 June 2013	198,000	29,000	4,984	33,984	2,214,000	963,012	3,177,012	3,408,996

The annexed notes from 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.



(CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER)

For the year ended 30 June 2013

### 1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

The Company was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company under the Companies Act, 1913 (now Companies Ordinance, 1984) and is listed on Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges. The Company is engaged in the manufacturing, sale and trading of yarn, cloth and processing of cloth. Registered Office of the Company is situated at 7-B-III, Aziz Avenue, Gulberg-V, Lahore.

### 2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

#### BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments, which are carried at their fair values.

### 3.2 Significant accounting judgments and critical accounting estimates / assumptions

The Company's main accounting policies affecting its result of operations and financial conditions are set out in note 4. Judgments and assumptions have been used by the management in applying the Company's accounting policies in many areas. Actual results may differ from estimates calculated using these judgments and assumptions. Key sources of estimation, uncertainty and critical accounting judgments are as follows:

### a) Income taxes (note 4.2)

The Company takes into account relevant provisions of the current income tax laws while providing for current and deferred taxes.

### b) Useful lives, patterns of economic benefits and impairments (note 4.5)

Management has made estimates of residual values, useful lives and recoverable amounts of certain items of property, plant and equipment. Any change in these estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and equipment with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment loss.

### c) Provision for slow moving /obsolete items (note 4.7)

Provision is made for slow moving and obsolete items. Provisions are made against those having no activity during the current and last three years and are considered obsolete by the management.

### d) Provision for doubtful debts (note 4.9)

An estimate is made for doubtful receivables based on review of outstanding amounts at the year end, if any. Provisions are made against those having no activity during the current period and are considered doubtful by the management. Balances considered bad and irrecoverable are written off when identified.



For the year ended 30 June 2013

### 3.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak rupee, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company.

### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of financial statements of the Company are consistent with previous year except as discussed in Note 4.1 and are as follows:

### 4.1 New and amended standards and interpretations become effective

The Company has adopted the following amendments to IFRSs which became effective for the current year:

IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - Presentation of items of other comprehensive income (Amendment)

IAS 12 - Income Taxes - Recovery of Underlying Assets (Amendment)

The adoption of the above amendments did not have any effect on the financial statements.

### 4.2 Taxation

### Current

Provision for taxation on income from local sales and other income is based on taxable income at current rates after taking into account tax rebates and credits available, if any. The Company falls in the ambit of presumptive tax regime under section 169 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 to the extent of its export sales. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for taxation made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year.

### Deferred

Deferred taxation is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method providing for temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary timing differences and deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated based on the rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted upto the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to the period when the difference will be reversed.



For the year ended 30 June 2013

### 4.3 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received.

#### 4.4 Provisions

A provision is recognized in balance sheet when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligations and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

### 4.5 Property, plant and equipment

#### Owned

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any, except freehold land which is stated at cost. Cost of operating fixed assets comprises historical cost, borrowing cost and other expenditure pertaining to the acquisition, construction, erection and installation of these assets.

Depreciation is charged to profit and loss account using the reducing balance method to write off the cost over the expected useful life of assets at rates, which are disclosed in note 14. Leasehold land is amortized over the lease period using straight-line method. Depreciation on additions to property, plant and equipment is charged from the month in which the asset is acquired or capitalized, while no depreciation is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed off.

Residual value and the useful life of assets are reviewed at each financial year end and if expectations differ from previous estimates the change is accounted for as change in accounting estimate in accordance with IAS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors.

Normal repairs and maintenance costs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized. Gains and losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment are taken to profit and loss account.

#### Leased

Leased assets in terms of which the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Leased assets are stated at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of minimum lease payments at the inception of lease, less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment loss.

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charge so as to achieve a constant rate on the balance outstanding. Financial charges element of the rental is charged to profit and loss account.

Depreciation on assets subject to finance lease is recognized in the same manner as for owned assets.



For the year ended 30 June 2013

### Capital work in progress

Capital work-in-progress represents expenditure on property, plant and equipment which are in the course of construction and installation. Transfers are made to relevant property, plant and equipment category as and when assets are available for use.

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss.

### Impairment

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that assets excluding inventory may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amounts. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, assets are written down to the recoverable amount and the difference is charged to the profit and loss account.

#### 4.6 Investments

#### Investment in associates

Investment in associates where the Company holds 20% or more of the voting power of the investee companies and where significant influence can be established are accounted for using the equity method. Investments in associates other than those described as above are classified as "available for sale".

In case of investments accounted for under the equity method, the method is applied from the date when significant influence is established until the date when that significant influence ceases.

### Available for sale

These are initially measured at cost, being the fair value of consideration given. Cost of purchase includes transaction cost. At subsequent reporting dates, these investments are re-measured at fair value. For listed securities, fair value is determined on the basis of period end bid prices obtained from stock exchange quotations, while for unquoted securities, these are valued at lower of cost and break-up value.

All purchases and sales of investments are recognized on the trade date which is the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the investment.

Changes in carrying value are recognized in statement of comprehensive income until the investment is sold or determined to be impaired at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in statement of comprehensive income is included in profit and loss account for the year.



For the year ended 30 June 2013

### Held for trading

Investments that are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short term fluctuations in price are classified as held for trading investments and are included in current assets. These are initially measured at cost and at subsequent reporting dates, these investments are remeasured at fair value. Cost of purchase includes transaction cost. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are included in profit and loss account for the year in which they arise.

The fair value of publicly traded securities is based on market prices quoted on the Karachi Stock Exchange at the balance sheet date. The investment for which a quoted market price is not available, is measured at cost as it is not practical to apply any other valuation methodology.

All purchases and sales of investments are recognized on the trade date which is the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the investment.

### Impairment

At each balance sheet date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of the investments to assess whether there is any indication that such investments have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Impairment losses are recognized as expense. In respect of 'available for sale' financial assets, cumulative impairment loss less any impairment loss on that financial assets previously recognized in profit and loss account is removed from statement of comprehensive income at disposal or derecognition and recognized in the profit and loss account. Impairment losses recognized in the profit and loss account on equity instruments are not reversed through the profit and loss account.

### 4.7 Stores, spare parts and loose tools

These are valued at the lower of cost, which is carried at moving average, and net realizable value less provision for slow moving and obsolete items except for items in transit, which are valued at cost comprising invoice value, plus other charges paid thereon. Provision is made for slow moving and obsolete items.

Spare parts of capital nature which can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment are classified as operating fixed assets under "Plant and machinery" category and are depreciated over a time period not exceeding the useful life of the related assets.

### 4.8 Stock in trade

These are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value except waste, which is valued at net realizable value determined on the basis of contract price. Cost is determined as under:

Raw materials - Weighted average cost

Materials in transit - At invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon

Work-in-progress and finished goods - At average manufacturing cost including a proportion

of production overheads



For the year ended 30 June 2013

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

#### 4.9 Trade debts

Trade debts are carried at the amounts billed / charged which is fair value of consideration to be received in the future. An estimate is made for doubtful receivables based on review of outstanding amounts at the year end, if any. Provisions are made against those having no activity during the current period and are considered doubtful by the management. Balances considered bad and irrecoverable are written off when identified.

### 4.10 Other receivables

Other receivables are recognized at nominal amount which is fair value of the consideration to be received in the future.

#### 4.11 Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

Financial assets are derecognized when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset. The Company loses such control if it realizes the rights to benefits specified in contract, the rights expire or the Company surrenders those rights. Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

Any gain or loss on de-recognition of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to profit and loss account.

### 4.12 Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that financial assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such financial assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying value exceed recoverable amount, financial assets are written down to the recoverable amount and the difference is charged to profit and loss account.

### 4.13 Off setting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and financial liability is set off and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the Company has legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.



For the year ended 30 June 2013

#### 4.14 Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which derivative contract is entered into and subsequently re-measured at fair value. Any change in the fair value of the derivative financial instruments is taken to profit and loss account. Derivatives with positive market values are included in other receivables and derivatives with negative market values are included in other liabilities in the balance sheet.

### 4.15 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies excluding derivative financial instruments are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing at balance sheet date while foreign currency transactions are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the transaction date. Exchange gains and losses are charged to profit and loss account.

### 4.16 Revenue recognition

Local sales are recognized on dispatch of goods to customers whereas export sales are recognised on the date of bill of lading, which is the time when the risks and rewards are transferred.

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive dividend is established.

Profit on bank deposits is recognized on time proportion basis taking into account principal outstanding and effective rates of profit applicable thereon.

### 4.17 Employees' benefits

Defined contribution plan

The Company operates a funded employee's provident fund scheme for its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions at the rate of six percent of basic pay are made both by the Company and employees to the fund.

### Compensated absences

Compensated absences are accounted for in the period in which the absences are earned.

### 4.18 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are charged to profit and loss account whenever incurred. Finance cost is accounted for on accrual basis.



For the year ended 30 June 2013

## 4.19 Related party transactions and transfer pricing

Transactions and contracts with the related parties are based on the policy that all transactions between the Company and related parties are carried out at an arm's length.

## 4.20 Business segments

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products or services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. Business segments are the primary reporting format and the Company is organized into two business segments:

Spinning: Production of different quality of yarn using natural and artificial fibers.

Weaving: Production of different quality of greige fabric using yarn.

A geographical segment is engaged in providing products or services within a particular economic environment that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of segments operating in other economic environments. The Company mainly operates in one economic environment, hence there are no geographical segments.

#### 4.20.1 Segment assets and liabilities

The assets of a segment include all operating assets used by a segment and consists principally of property, plant and equipment, long and short term investments, inventories, trade debts, receivables and cash & bank balances, net of allowances and provisions, if any.

Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities consisting principally of long term and short term financing, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease, deferred liabilities and trade & other payables.

### 4.20.2 Allocation of segment expenses

All identifiable expenses are directly attributed to the respective segments.

## 4.21 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, cash at banks on current and deposit accounts and other short term highly liquid instruments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### 4.22 Dividends

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the year in which dividends are approved by Company's shareholders.



For the year ended 30 June 2013

# 4.23 Standards, Interpretations and Amendments to Published Approved Accounting Standards that are not yet effective

The following revised standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard

Standard	d	Effective Date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 7	Financial Instruments: Disclosures-(Amendments)	
	Amendments enhancing disclosures about	
	offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities	01 January 2013
IAS 19	Employee Benefits – (Amendment)	01 January 2013
IAS 32	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial liabilities –	
	(Amendment)	01 January 2014

The Company expects that the adoption of the above revisions, amendments and interpretations of the standards will not affect the Company's financial statements in the year of initial application.

In addition to the above, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

Standard	I	(Annual periods
		beginning on or after)
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement	01 January 2015
IFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	01 January 2013
IFRS 11	Joint Arrangements	01 January 2013
IFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	01 January 2013
IFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement	01 January 2013



IASB effective date

For the year ended 30 June 2013

## 5. ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP SHARE CAPITAL

2013	2012		2013	2012
 (No. o	f Shares)		(Rupees ir	n thousand)
		Ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each		
17,400,000	17,400,000	fully paid up in cash	174,000	174,000
		Ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each		
2,400,000	2,400,000	issued as fully paid bonus shares	24,000	24,000
19,800,000	19,800,000		198,000	198,000

## 5.1 Ordinary shares of the Company held by related parties as at year end are as follows:

	(No. of S	Shares)
Crescent Powertec Limited	8,750,605	8,706,605
Premier Insurance Limited	659,890	659,890
	9,410,495	9,366,495

			2013	2012
		Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
6.	LONG TERM FINANCING			
	From banking companies - secured			
	Finance 1	(6.1)	-	33,332
	Finance 2	(6.2)	43,098	63,758
	Finance 3	(6.3)	38,469	57,703
	Finance 4	(6.4)	31,979	44,771
	Finance 5	(6.5)	-	7,550
	Finance 6	(6.6)	-	34,099
	Finance 7	(6.7)	44,130	63,248
	Finance 8	(6.8)	137,563	-
	Finance 9	(6.9)	26,600	-
	Finance 10	(6.10)	98,837	-
			420,676	304,461
	Less: Current portion taken as current liability	(12)	83,869	87,527
			336,807	216,934



## For the year ended 30 June 2013

- 6.1 This facility was obtained from United Bank Limited. It was transferred from working capital line to demand finance line. It carried mark-up at the rate of 3 month KIBOR plus 250 bps (2012: 3 month KIBOR plus 250 bps) per annum to be reset on first working day of each calendar quarter and was secured against first pari passu charge of Rs. 134,000 thousand by way of equitable mortgage of land, building and machinery and personal guarantees of sponsoring directors. This loan has been repaid during the year.
- 6.2 This facility represents the loan obtained from Habib Bank Limited under the EOP-LTF Scheme launched by SBP to retire import letter of credits for machinery under Balancing, Modernization and Replacement (BMR) of the project. It carries mark up at SBP refinance rate plus 2% (2012: SBP refinance rate plus 2%) per annum payable quarterly. This is secured against first pari passu equitable mortgage on land and building, hypothecation charge on plant and machinery of the Company to the extent of Rs. 187,000 thousand and personal guarantees of sponsoring directors. The loan is repayable in twenty four equal quarterly installments. However, State Bank of Pakistan had granted one year moratorium on all loans installments payable in calendar year 2009 on the EOP-LTF loans.
  - 6.3 This facility represents loan obtained from MCB Bank Limited. Loan amounting Rs. 115,406 thousand obtained specifically as EOP-LTF arrangement. This finance is secured against first pari passu charge for Rs. 154,000 thousand over fixed assets of the Company and personal guarantees of sponsoring directors. Loan is repayable in twelve equal semi annual installments within a period of six years with a grace period of one and half year. However, State Bank of Pakistan had granted one year moratorium on all loan installments payable in calendar year 2009 on the EOP-LTF loans. These finances carry mark up at SBP refinance rate plus 2% (2012: SBP refinance rate plus 2%) per annum.
  - 6.4 This term finance obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance imported air jet looms. It carries mark up at SBP refinance rate plus 2% (2012: SBP refinance rate plus 2%) per annum. This finance is secured against first pari passu charge of Rs. 170,000 thousand over fixed assets of the Company and personal guarantees of the sponsoring directors. The loan is repayable in twelve equal semi annual installments. However, State Bank of Pakistan had granted one year moratorium on all loans installments payable in calendar year 2009 on the EOP-LTF loans.
  - 6.5 This term finance was obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance imported textile machinery. The loan was sanctioned under LTFF scheme of SBP. It carried mark up at SBP refinance rate plus 3% (2012: SBP refinance rate plus 3%) per annum. This finance was secured against first pari passu charge on fixed assets already held by the bank as mentioned in note 6.4. This loan has been repaid during the year.
  - 6.6 This term finance was obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance imported compact frames. The loan was sanctioned under LTFF scheme of SBP. It carried markup at SBP refinance rate plus 2.5% (2012: SBP refinance rate plus 2.5%) per annum payable quarterly. This finance was secured against first pari passu charge of Rs. 897,000 thousand on fixed assets of the Company. The principal portion of loan was to be repaid semi-annually and the mark-up portion was to be repaid quarterly. This loan has been repaid during the year.
  - 6.7 This finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited under LTF (EOP) scheme to retire LC's opened for importing compact frames and air compressor for industrial use. It caries markup at 1 month KIBOR plus 2.25% (2012: 1 month KIBOR plus 2.25%) per annum to be paid quarterly. This finance is secured against first pari passu charge over all present and future fixed assets of the Company aggregating to Rs. 897,000 thousands. The principal portion is to be repaid in five years through eight equal half yearly installments starting from November 2013 after grace period of one and a half year. This loan is not yet converted into LTF (EOP), however the Company is in negotiation with State Bank of Pakistan for the conversion of this loan.



For the year ended 30 June 2013

- 6.8 This finance has been obtained during the year from MCB Bank Limited for import of compact frames, blow room medication and high production cards. It carries markup at 6 month KIBOR plus 1.75% per annum to be serviced quarterly. This finance is secured against first pari passu charge over all present and future fixed assets of the Company aggregating to Rs. 897,000 thousands and personal guarantees of the sponsoring directors. The principal portion of loan is to be repaid in five years through sixteen equal quarterly installments starting from February 2014 with grace period of one year.
- 6.9 This finance has been obtained during the year from MCB Bank Limited to retire letter of credits for import of Simplex Frames. It caries markup at 6 month KIBOR plus 2.0% per annum to be serviced quarterly. This finance is secured against first pari passu charge over all present and future fixed assets of the Company aggregating to Rs. 897,000 thousands and personal guarantees of the sponsoring directors. The principal portion is to be repaid in five years through ten equal semi annual installments starting from June 2014 with grace period of 6 months.
- 6.10 This finance has been obtained during the year from United Bank Limited to retire letter of credit for import of new machinery. It carries markup at 3 month KIBOR plus 2.25% per annum to be serviced quarterly. This finance is secured against first pari passu charge by way of equitable mortgage charge of land, building and hypothecation of machinery aggregating to Rs. 334,000 thousands and personal guarantees of sponsoring directors. The principal portion is to be repaid in seven years through ten equal semi annual installments starting form October 2015 with grace period of two years.

		2013	2012
	Note	(Rupees i	n thousand)
7.	LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE		
	The amount of future rentals and periods during which they fall due are as under:		
	Not later than one year	333	328
	Later than one year and not later than five years	1,082	-
		1,415	328
	Less: Future financial charges	370	16
	Present value of minimum lease payments (7.1)	1,045	312
	Less: Current portion taken as current liability (12)	191	312
		854	-
7.1	Break up of net lease obligation		
	Within one year	191	312
	Within two to five years	854	-
		1,045	312

7.2 The value of the minimum lease payments has been discounted at an implicit interest rate of 12 month KIBOR plus 4% (2012: 15.80%) per annum. The balance rentals are payable in monthly installments. In case of termination of the agreement, the Company shall pay entire amount of rentals for un-expired period of lease agreement.



		2013	2012
	Note	(Rupees ir	n thousand)
8.	DEFERRED TAXATION		
	Taxable temporary differences		
	Accelerated tax depreciation	226,219	223,569
	Finance lease arrangements	6	139
		226,225	223,708
	Deductible temporary differences		
	Provision for doubtful debts	(9,519)	(8,538)
	Provision for slow moving items	(4,520)	(1,784)
		(14,039)	(10,322)
		212,186	213,386
9.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
	Creditors (9.1)	411,397	273,037
	Accrued liabilities	255,824	188,176
	Workers' profit participation fund (9.2)	53,218	22,841
	Excise duty payable on loans	11,707	11,707
	Income tax deducted at source	1,334	859
	Payable to employees' provident fund trust	178	99
	Unclaimed dividend	1,983	1,769
	Workers welfare fund	34,941	38,221
		770,582	536,709

9.1 These include an amount of Rs. 94,685 thousand (2012: Rs. 8,860 thousand) due to associated undertakings.

## 9.2 Workers' profit participation fund

Balance at the beginning of the year	22,841	34,693
Allocation for the year	53,218	22,841
	76,059	57,534
Payments made during the year	(22,841)	(34,693)
Closing balance	53,218	22,841



For the year ended 30 June 2013

			2013	2012
		Note	(Rupees i	n thousand)
10.	ACCRUED INTEREST ON FINANCING			
	Long term financing		10,847	6,154
	Short term borrowings		10,285	20,095
	Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease		-	16
			21,132	26,265
11.	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS			
	From banking companies - secured			
	Cash finance	(11.1&11.2)	74,646	110,627
	Running finance	(11.1&11.2)	149,570	176,764
			224,216	287,391

<sup>11.1</sup> The finances aggregate to Rs. 2,125,000 thousand (2012: Rs. 2,125,000 thousand) are available under mark-up agreements and carry mark up ranging from KIBOR / LIBOR plus 0.20% % to 1.75 % (2012: KIBOR / LIBOR plus 1 % to 2.75 %) per annum.

## 12. CURRENT PORTION OF LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Long term financing	(6)	83,869	87,527
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	(7)	191	312
		84,060	87,839

#### 13. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

### 13.1 Contingencies

There is contingent liability in respect of bank guarantees issued by the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business in favour of collector of customs aggregating to Rs. 810 thousand (2012: Rs. 810 thousand) against cases pending in the court of law.

### 13.2 Commitments

Commitment in respect of letter of credit for capital expenditures amounts to Rs. Nil (2012: Rs. 145,242 thousand).

Commitment for construction of building as at balance sheet date amounts to Rs. Nil (2012: Rs. 1,210 thousand).



<sup>11.2</sup> The aggregate short term finances are secured by way of charge on all present and future current assets of the Company and lien on export letters of credit or firm contracts.

					2013						
	BALA	BALANCE AS AT 01 JULY 2012	, 2012		FOR TE	FOR THE YEAR		BALAN	BALANCE AS AT 30 JUNE 2013	2013	
				,	Transfer	Disposal					RATES
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net Book Value	Additions	Cost / (accumulated depreciation)	Cost / (accumulated depreciation)	Depreciation charge	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net Book Value	%
					seedny)	(Rupees in thousand)					
Land - Freehold	52,479	1	52,479	1	ı	1	1	52,479	1	52,479	
Land - Leasehold	2,108	574	1,534	1	•	ı	21	2,108	595	1,513	1.01
Building on freehold land	73,095	45,823	27,272	2,109	•		2,828	75,204	48,651	26,553	10
Building on leasehold land	330,973	203,980	126,993	1,601	•	•	12,815	332,574	216,795	115,779	10
Plant and machinery	3,443,500	1,915,071	1,528,429	307,583		92,271	160,798	3,658,812	1,998,461	1,660,351	10
						(77,408)					
Electric installations	78,123	48,901	29,222	1		ı	3,067	78,123	51,968	26,155	10
Furniture and fixtures	2,058	3,533	1,525	1		1,509	138	3,549	2,369	1,180	10
						(1,302)					
Office equipments	42,338	25,198	17,140	ı	•	4,812	1,528	37,526	22,627	14,899	10
Vehicles	72.453	31,730	40.723	15.420	1.702	(4,099) 8,594	9.904	80.981	35.499	45,482	20
	} i		5		(722)	(6,857)				5	ì
	4,100,127	2,274,810	1,825,317	326,713	1,702	107,186	191,099	4,321,356	2,376,965	1,944,391	
					(722)	(88,666)					
					2012						
	BALA	BALANCE AS AT 01 JULY 2012	, 2012		FOR TE	FOR THE YEAR		BALAN	BALANCE AS AT 30 JUNE 2013	2013	
					Transfer	Disposal					BATES
DESCRIPTION	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net Book Value	Additions	Cost / (accumulated depreciation)	Cost / (accumulated depreciation)	Depreciation charge	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net Book Value	%
					(Rupes	(Bupes in thousand)					
700000000000000000000000000000000000000	60 470		60 470					0.00		027	
	02,479	1 C	02,4/9 1 555		1		, 6	92,479	577	1 524	, 5
Building on freehold land	73 095	42 BOB	30.287				3.015	73 095	45 823	270 70	5:-
Building on lead of call	330,073	180 855	141 118	,	,		14 125	330 073	203 980	126 903	2 (
Plant and machinery	3.306.521	1 756 185	1.550.336	136 979			158 886	3 443 500	1 915 071	1.528.429	2 (1
Electric installations	78,123	45,654	32,469		1	1	3,247	78,123	48,901	29,222	10
Furniture and fixtures	5,058	3,363	1,695	1		1	170	5,058	3,533	1,525	10
Office equipments	41,383	23,354	18,029	955	1	1	1,844	42,338	25,198	17,140	10
Vehicles	55,891	28,230	27,661	20,720	1	4,158	6,438	72,453	31,730	40,723	20
						(2,938)					
	3,945,631	2,090,002	1,855,629	158,654	1	4,158	187,746	4,100,127	2,274,810	1,825,317	
						(2,938)					
								2013	2012		
							Note	Rupees in thousand	nousand		
Depreciation charge for the year on operating fixed assets has been allocated as follows:	ı operating fixed assets	has been allocated	d as follows:								
Cost of sales							(29)	179,529	179,294		
Administrative expenses							(31)	11,570	8,452		
								191,099	187,746		

OPERATING FIXED ASSETS

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doi:toiroge	+800	Accumulated	Net Book	Sale	Mode of	\$ 0
	1800	Depreciation	Value	Proceeds	Disposal	
		Н)	-(Rupees thousand)			
Plant and Machinery:						
Auto Coner Machine	17,498	16,520	978	646	Negotiation	M/s Star Textile Mills Limited
Carding Machine Crosrol	6,588	3,860	2,728	3,960	Negotiation	M/s AI-Karam Textile Mills (Pvt) Limited
Carding Machine Crosrol	2,196	1,287	606	1,320	Negotiation	M/s Ayesha Spinning Mills Limited
Carding Machine Crosrol	2,196	1,286	910	1,650	Negotiation	M/s Nagina Cotton Mills Limited
Carding Machine Crosrol	7,546	6,962	584	1,680	Negotiation	M/s Imtiaz Textile Mills Limited
Cone Winding	8,769	5,991	2,778	000,6	Negotiation	M/s Shams Textile Mills Limited
Comber E60H	17,454	13,389	4,065	000'6	Negotiation	M/s Crescent Fibres Limited
Draw Frame	11,796	11,076	720	1,650	Negotiation	M/s Shahzad Textile Mills Limited
RV Beater Trutzschler	2,859	2,683	176	340	Negotiation	M/s S.S.Fabrics Limited
Scutcher Trutzschler	5,720	5,361	359	620	Negotiation	M/s Imtiaz Textile Mills Limited
Set Soutcher	9,649	8,993	656	2,250	Negotiation	M/s Shahzad Textile Mills Limited
Vehicles:						
Honda City	901	731	170	820	Negotiation	Mr.Muhammad Mansoor
Honda City	428	253	175	730	Negotiation	Mr Javed Roshan
Honda Civic	1,498	1,039	459	1,400	Negotiation	Mr.Aamir Shehzad Shah
Honda Civic	1,573	1,209	364	800	Negotiation	Mr.Muhammad Nawaz
Hyundai Santro	265	492	100	472	Negotiation	Mr.Muhammad Anwar
Suzuki Alto	504	365	139	400	Negotiation	Mr. Mehmood Bhatti
Suzuki Cultus	290	930	09	200	Negotiation	Mr.Sheikh Anwar Saleem
Suzuki Mehran	322	280	42	260	Negotiation	Mr Zahid Husain
Toyota Corolla	8968	863	105	700	Negotiation	Mr.Tanveer Ahmad Khan
Toyota Corolla	1,218	1,095	123	775	Negotiation	Mr.Yawar Zaidi



43

				2013						
	BALA	BALANCE AS AT 01 JULY 2012	7 2012		FOR THE YEAR		BALANC	BALANCE AS AT 30 JUNE 2013	IE 2013	
DESCRIPTION	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net Book Value	Additions	Transfer  Cost / (accumulated depreciation)	Depreciation charge	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net Book Value	RATES %
				J)	(Rupees in thousand)	(pu				
Vehicles	1,702	2 722	080	1,673	1,702	223	1,673	223	1,450	20
				2012						
	BALA	BALANCE AS AT 01 JULY 2011	7 2011		FOR THE YEAR		BALANG	BALANCE AS AT 30 JUNE 2012	IE 2012	
DESCRIPTION	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net Book Value	Additions	Transfer  Cost / (accumulated depreciation)	Depreciation charge	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net Book Value	RATES %
				J)	(Rupees in thousand)	(pL				
Vehicles	1,702	2 476	1,226	'		246	1,702	722	086	20

Depreciation charge for the year on assets subject to finance lease has been allocated to administrative expenses. 15.1



ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE

15.

For the year ended 30 June 2013

## 16. CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS

This represents advance given to M/s Tricon Developers for purchase of office. The title of the office is executed in the favour of Company as on November 2012. The office is still under construction as on 30 June 2013.

		2013	2012
	Note	(Rupees i	n thousand)
17.	AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE-INVESTMENTS		
	Quoted		
	Investments in related party:		
	Premier Insurance Limited		
	721,353 (2012: Nil) fully paid ordinary shares		
	of Rupees 10 each.	8,146	-
	Others		
	Pakistan International Airlines Corporation		
	6,124 (2012: 6,124) fully paid ordinary shares		
	of Rupees 10 each.	45	45
	Samba Bank Limited		
	2,930,493 (2012: Nil) fully paid ordinary shares		
	of Rupees 10 each.	15,875	-
	PICIC Energy Fund		
	63,000 (2012: Nil) fully paid ordinary shares		
	of Rupees 10 each.	745	-
	NIB Bank Limited		
	1,000,000 (2012: Nil) fully paid ordinary shares		
	of Rupees 10 each.	4,573	-
	Adamjee Insurance Company Limited		
	200,000 (2012: Nil) fully paid ordinary shares		
	of Rupees 10 each.	21,752	-



For the year ended 30 June 2013

	2013	2012
Note	(Rupees in	n thousand)
Nimir Industrial Chemical Limited		
250,000 (2012: Nil) fully paid ordinary shares		
of Rupees 10 each.	1,035	-
Jahangir Siddiqui & Co. Limited		
149,878 (2012: Nil) fully paid ordinary shares		
of Rupees 10 each.	1,733	-
Unquoted:		
Investments in related party		
Premier Financial Services (Private) Limited		
2,200 (2012: 2,200) fully paid ordinary shares		
of Rupees 1,000 each.	2,200	2,200
Others		
Crescent Spinning Mills Limited		
208,800 (2012: 208,800) fully paid ordinary shares		
of Rupees 10 each. (17.1)	2,088	2,088
	58,192	4,333
Unrealized gain / (loss) on revaluation of investments - net	4,984	(3)
Impairment loss	(28,709)	(4,317)
	34,467	13

<sup>17.1</sup> The official liquidator had submitted the statement in Lahore High Court for final liquidation of the Company and final decision is still awaited.

### 18. LONG TERM DEPOSITS

This amount represents security deposits against utilities.

## 19. STORES, SPARE PARTS AND LOOSE TOOLS

Stores in transit	26,075	7,361
Stores	119,760	103,769
Spare parts	4,098	3,803
Loose tools	88	82
	150,021	115,015
Less: Provision for slow moving / obsolete items (19.1)	24,171	8,569
	125,850	106,446



		2013	2012
	Note	(Rupees in	n thousand)
19.1	Provision for slow moving / obsolete items		
	Opening balance	8,569	8,569
	Addition during the year	16,869	-
		25,438	8,569
	Adjusted during the year	(1,267)	-
		24,171	8,569
20.	STOCK-IN-TRADE		
	Raw material in transit	-	18,384
	Raw material	1,066,098	705,384
	Work in process	98,952	98,485
	Finished goods	539,291	345,776
	Waste	12,332	15,954
		1,716,673	1,183,983
21.	TRADE DEBTS		
۷۱.	TRADE DEDTO		
	Considered good:		
	Secured against letters of credit	123,177	37,877
	Unsecured (21.1)	282,961	345,369
-		406,138	383,246
	Considered doubtful - unsecured	27,999	24,395
	Less: Provision for doubtful debts (21.3)	27,999	24,395
		-	-
		406,138	383,246
21.1	This includes amount due from following associated companies:		
	Equity Textile Mills Limited	-	60,129
	Crescent Cotton Mills Limited	-	54
	Crescent Bahuman Limited	14,963	72
		14,963	60,255

<sup>21.2</sup> There are no past due or impaired receivables from related parties as on 30 June 2013.



		2013	2012
	Note	(Rupees i	n thousand)
21.3	Provision for doubtful debts		
	Opening balance	24,395	21,798
	Addition during the year	3,604	3,935
		27,999	25,733
	Written off during the year	-	(1,338)
		27,999	24,395
21.4	The ageing of trade debts and related impairment loss at balance sheet date was:		
21.4			
	Age analysis of trade debts	051 100	104.540
	Not past due	251,163	194,548
	Past due 0 - 180 days	136,788	163,710
	Past due 180 - 365 days	1,522	10,824
	1 - 2 years	3,051	3,422
	More than 2 years	41,613	35,137
		434,137	407,641
	Age of impaired trade debts		
	Past due 0 - 180 days	-	-
	Past due 180 - 365 days	-	-
	1 - 2 years	-	-
	More than 2 years	27,999	24,395
		27,999	24,395
22.	LOANS AND ADVANCES		
	Loans to employees - considered good - unsecured	3,327	2,458
	Advances - considered good:		
	To suppliers - unsecured	35,106	37,482
	Against letters of credit - secured	637	2,225
		35,743	39,707
		39,070	42,165
23.	TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS		
	Security deposits	3,105	355
	Short term prepayments	1,739	2,323
		4,844	2,678



		2013	2012
	Note	(Rupees i	n thousand)
24.	BALANCES WITH STATUTORY AUTHORITIES		
	Sales tax refundable	63,805	36,502
	Export rebate	2,239	3,355
		66,044	39,857

#### OTHER RECEIVABLES 25.

These represent cotton claims receivables which are considered good by the management of the Company.

#### SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS 26.

	Available for sale	(26.1)	-	21,210
	Held for trading	(26.2)	548,515	255,613
			548,515	276,823
26.1	Quoted			
	Investments in related party			
	Premier Insurance Limited			
	Nil (2012: 721,353) fully paid ordinary shares			
	of Rupees 10 each.		-	8,146
	Others			
	Samba Bank Limited			
	Nil (2012: 2,930,493) fully paid ordinary shares			
	of Rupees 10 each.		-	15,875
	PICIC Energy Fund			
	Nil (2012: 63,000) fully paid ordinary shares			
	of Rupees 10 each.		-	745
	NIB Bank Limited			
	Nil (2012: 96,842) fully paid ordinary shares			
	of Rupees 10 each.		-	2,478
	Adamjee Insurance Company Limited			
	Nil (2012: 150,000) fully paid ordinary shares			
	of Rupees 10 each.		-	18,442
			-	45,686
	Unrealized loss on revaluation of investments - net		-	(84)
	Impairment loss		-	(24,392)
			-	21,210



			2013			2012	
		Carrying value	Unrealized gain / (loss)	Market value	Carrying value	Unrealized gain / (loss)	Market value
			(I	Rupees in t	housand) -		
26.2	Held for trading						
	Quoted - other than related parties:						
	NIB Bank Limited						
	Nil (2012: 776,775) fully paid ordinary						
	shares of Rupees 10 each.	-	-	-	1,173	373	1,546
	National Bank of Pakistan						
	400,000 (2012: 281,562) fully paid ordinary						
	shares of Rupees 10 each.	16,110	338	16,448	11,066	1,194	12,260
	Tripack Films Limited						
	45,000 (2012: 45,000) fully paid ordinary						
	shares of Rupees 10 each.	9,450	(360)	9,090	7,707	1,742	9,449
	Nimir Industrial Chemical Limited						
	Nil (2012: 250,000) fully paid ordinary						
	shares of Rupees 10 each.	-	-	-	700	160	860
	Pakistan Tobacco Company Limited						
	50,000 (2012: 50,000) fully paid ordinary						
	shares of Rupees 10 each.	2,642	5,208	7,850	4,836	(2,194)	2,642
	Pakistan State Oil Limited						
	Nil (2012: 25,000) fully paid ordinary						
	shares of Rupees 10 each.	-	-	-	6,615	(719)	5,896
	Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited						
	50,000 (2012: 50,000) fully paid						
	ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each.	573	294	867	411	162	573
	MCB Bank Limited						
	10,359 (2012: 53,327) fully paid ordinary						
	shares of Rupees 10 each.	1,565	948	2,513	9,591	(726)	8,865
	Jahangir Siddiqui & Co. Limited						
	Nil (2012: 120,378) fully paid ordinary						
	shares of Rupees 10 each.	-	-	-	780	714	1,494
	shares of Rupees 10 each.	-	-	=	780	714	1,494

		2013			2012	
	Carrying value	Unrealized gain / (loss)	Market value	Carrying value	Unrealized gain / (loss)	Market value
		(1	Rupees in t	housand) -		
Pakistan Oilfield Limited						
18,000 (2012: 18,000) fully paid ordinary						
shares of Rupees 10 each.	6,605	2,348	8,953	6,462	143	6,605
DG Khan Cement Company Limited						
100,000 (2012: 200,000) fully paid ordinary						
shares of Rupees 10 each.	7,735	634	8,369	6,705	1,171	7,876
Engro Corporation Limited						
60,000 (2012: 75,000) fully paid ordinary						
shares of Rupees 10 each.	6,110	1,202	7,312	7,589	49	7,638
Attock Refinery Limited						
50,000 (2012: 50,000) fully paid ordinary						
shares of Rupees 10 each.	6,144	2,484	8,628	6,476	(332)	6,144
Fauji Cement Company						
800,000 (2012: 200,000) fully paid ordinary						
shares of Rupees 10 each.	6,319	4,313	10,632	1,117	9	1,126
Fatima Fertilizer Company Limited						
400,000 (2012: 200,000) fully paid ordinary						
shares of Rupees 10 each.	9,705	227	9,932	4,848	86	4,934
The Hub Power Company Limited						
50,000 (2012: 50,000) fully paid ordinary						
shares of Rupees 10 each.	2,095	988	3,083	1,874	221	2,095
Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited						
100,000 (2012: Nil) fully paid ordinary						
shares of Rupees 10 each.	11,495	(752)	10,743	-	-	-
Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited						
200,000 (2012: Nil) fully paid ordinary						
shares of Rupees 10 each.	3,688	750	4,438	-	=	=



		2013			2012	
	Carrying value	Unrealized gain / (loss)	Market value	Carrying value	Unrealized gain / (loss)	Market value
		(	Rupees in t	:housand) -		
Pakistan Petroleum Limited						
30,000 (2012: Nil) fully paid ordinary						
shares of Rupees 10 each.	6,111	236	6,347	-	=	-
Crescent Steel and Allied Products Limited						
25,000 (2012: Nil) fully paid ordinary						
shares of Rupees 10 each.	1,191	(66)	1,125	-	-	-
HBL Asset Management Fund						
1,238,700 (2012: Nil) Units	125,000	411	125,411	-	-	-
NAFA Money Market Fund						
10,578,446 (2012: Nil) Units	100,000	5,944	105,944	-	-	-
Metro Bank Perpatual Scheme						
3,912,948 (2012: Nil) Units	203,752	(2,979)	200,773	-	-	-
MCB Dynamic Cash Fund						
548 (2012: 510) Units	56	1	57	=	52	52
MCB Pakistan Cash Management Fund						
Nil (2012: 3,507,131) Units	-	-	-	175,163	395	175,558
	526,346	22,169	548,515	253,113	2,500	255,613



		2013	2012	
	Note	(Rupees in	n thousand)	
27.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash in hand	929	275	
		929	275	
	Balances with banks in:  Current accounts	20.006	F 400	
		32,906	5,430	
	Deposit accounts (27.1			
-		94,581	5,479	
		95,510	5,754	
27.1	The rate of return on deposit accounts ranges from 6% to 7% (2012: 5% to 6%) per an	nnum.		
28.	SALES			
	Local	6,379,036	5,904,719	
	Export	3,081,798	2,221,321	
	Waste	173,112	131,002	
		9,633,946	8,257,042	
	Less: Sales tax	40,621	-	
		9,593,325	8,257,042	
29.	COST OF SALES  Raw materials:			
	Opening stock	705,384	548,205	
	Purchases	6,710,783	5,422,012	
	r dicilases	7,416,167	5,970,217	
	Closing stock (20)	(1,066,098)	(705,384)	
	Raw material consumed	6,350,069	5,264,833	
	nav material consuma	0,000,000	0,201,000	
	Sizing expenses	63,098	54,999	
	Stores, spare parts and loose tools consumed	164,410	148,428	
	Packing material consumed	93,528	80,515	
	Salaries, wages and other benefits (29.1	458,925	356,443	
	Fuel and power	905,460	780,238	
	Repairs and maintenance	77,993	55,140	
	Insurance	25,595	22,919	
	Depreciation (14.1	179,529	179,294	
	Other overheads	18,381	14,502	
		1,986,919	1,692,478	
		8,336,988	6,957,311	



For the year ended 30 June 2013

		2013	2012
	Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
Work-in-process			
Opening stock		98,485	108,148
Closing stock	(20)	(98,952)	(98,485)
		(467)	9,663
Cost of goods manufactured		8,336,521	6,966,974
Finished goods			
Opening stock		361,730	828,128
Closing stock		(551,623)	(361,730)
		(189,893)	466,398
Less: Export rebate		870	655
		8,145,758	7,432,717

29.1 This includes contribution made to provident fund by the Company amounting to Rs 8,999 thousand (2012: 7,000 thousand).

## 30. DISTRIBUTION COST

Salaries, wages and other benefits	(30.1)	3,151	3,296
Commission on sales		142,903	101,290
Freight and shipment		77,518	51,375
Clearing and forwarding		23,576	28,323
Export development surcharge		7,602	5,375
		254,750	189,659

30.1 This includes contribution made to provident fund by the Company amounting to Rs 116 thousand (2012: 123 thousand).

### 31. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Salaries, wages and other benefits	(31.1)	60,386	51,123
Rent, rates and taxes		4,515	4,028
Electricity and gas		3,642	3,347
Traveling and conveyance		1,204	3,729
Repair and maintenance		3,969	1,842
Vehicle running and maintenance		4,941	3,806
Printing and stationery		3,409	2,640
Communication		2,780	3,061
Fee and subscription		1,566	1,510
Advertisement		231	100
Insurance		2,019	1,538
Depreciation	(14.1&15.1)	11,793	8,698
Entertainment		606	509
Research and development		117	248
Donation	(31.2)	1,000	1,200
		102,178	87,379



- 31.1 This includes contribution made to provident fund by the Company amounting to Rs 1,863 thousand (2012: 1,626 thousand).
- 31.2 None of the directors or their spouses have any interest in the donees.

		2	2013	2012
	Not	е	(Rupees in	thousand)
32.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Legal and professional		1,495	1,347
	Auditors' remuneration		4.450	1.150
	Statutory audit		1,150	1,150
	Half yearly review and other certifications		150	150
	Out of pocket expenses		50	50
	NA/adama lang Chang di alam di ang Kanad		1,350	1,350
	Workers' profit participation fund		53,218	22,841
	Workers welfare fund		21,721	9,323
	Provision for doubtful trade debts		3,604	3,935
	Provision for slow moving stores		16,869	
			98,257	38,796
33.	OTHER INCOME			
00.	OTTENTINOONE			
	Income from financial assets (33.	1)	8,990	3,761
	Income from investments (33.)	2)	70,317	20,076
	Income from assets other than financial assets (33.)	3)	27,215	6,169
			106,522	30,006
33.1	Income from financial assets			
	Exchange gain - net		6,458	3,469
	Profit on bank deposits		2,532	292
			8,990	3,761
33.2	Income from investments			
	Dividend income		7,428	6,342
	Unrealized gain on investments - held for trading		18,792	2,500
	Gain on disposal of investments - held for trading		44,097	11,234
			70,317	20,076
33.3	Income from assets other than financial assets			
	Sale of empties and scrap		6,062	3,944
	Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets		21,153	2,225
			27,215	6,169



		2013	2012
	Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
34.	FINANCE COST		
	Interest / markup on:		
	Long term financing	34,463	25,857
	Short term borrowings	41,721	68,547
	Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	119	90
		76,303	94,494
	Bank charges and commission	11,469	10,028
		87,772	104,522
35.	TAXATION		
	Charge for the year:		
	Current	108,987	90,065
	Deferred (35.1)	(1,200)	(2,557)
	(35.2)	107,787	87,508
35.1	Deferred tax effect due to		
	Accelerated tax depreciation	2,650	(1,709)
	Finance lease arrangements	(133)	46
	Provision for doubtful debts	(981)	(909)
	Provision for slow moving / obsolete items	(2,736)	15
		(1,200)	(2,557)
35.2	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit		
	Profit before taxation	1,011,132	433,975
			,
	Tax at applicable rate of 35% (2012: 35%)	353,896	151,891
	Tax effect of:		
	Expenses that are not deductible in		
	determining taxable income	(36,278)	(3,383)
	Presumptive tax regime	(204,969)	(61,634)
	Reduction in opening deferred taxes resulting	,	,
	from reduction in tax rate	(6,097)	_
	Lower tax rate, minimum tax credit and others	1,235	634
		107,787	87,508



		2013	2012
36.	EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED		
	Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	903,345	346,467
		(Number	of shares)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares		
	outstanding during the year	19,800,000	19,800,000
		Rup	pees
	Earnings per share - basic (Rupees)	45.62	17.50

No figure for diluted earnings per share has been presented as the Company has not issued any instruments carrying options which would have an impact on earnings per share when exercised.

			2013	2012
		Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
37.	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS			
	Profit before taxation		1,011,132	433,975
	Adjustments to reconcile profit to net cash			
	provided by operating activities			
	Depreciation on operating fixed assets	(14)	191,099	187,746
	Depreciation on leased assets	(15)	223	246
	Unrealized gain on investments held for trading		(18,792)	(2,500)
	Gain on disposal of investments - held for trading		(44,097)	(11,234)
	Provision for doubtful debts		3,604	3,935
	Provision for slow moving / obsolete items		16,869	-
	Exchange gain - net		(6,458)	(3,469)
	Dividend income		(7,428)	(6,342)
	Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets		(21,153)	(2,225)
	Provision for WPPF		53,218	22,841
	Provision for WWF		21,721	9,323
	Finance cost		87,772	104,522
	Cash flows from operating activities before working capital changes		1,287,710	736,818



For the year ended 30 June 2013

	2013	2012
Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
Working capital changes		
(Increase) / decrease in current assets:		
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	(36,273)	(3,071)
Stock-in-trade	(532,690)	383,476
Trade debts	(20,038)	48,462
Loans and advances	3,095	11,677
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	(2,166)	(246)
Balances with statutory authorities	(26,187)	(23,112)
Other receivables	2,162	4,256
Increase in current liabilities:		
Trade and other payables	206,562	25,337
	(405,535)	446,779
Cash generated from operations	882,175	1,183,597

### 38. CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES' REMUNERATION

The aggregate amounts charged in the accounts for remuneration, allowances including all benefits to the Chief Executive, Director and other Executives of the Company are as follows:

	2013				2012	
	(Rupees in thousand)					
	Chief			Chief		
Description	Executive	Director	Executives	Executive	Director	Executives
Managerial remuneration	6,006	5,098	13,650	5,411	4,600	12,496
House rent	2,102	1,784	5,278	1,894	1,610	4,900
Provident fund contribution	360	306	811	295	282	750
Reimbursable expenses	601	510	2,760	541	460	2,421
Others	344	1,097	262	387	1,097	215
	9,413	8,795	22,761	8,528	8,049	20,782
No. of persons	1	1	11	1	1	11

<sup>38.1</sup> Chief Executive, Directors and Executives are provided with free use of Company maintained vehicles.

<sup>38.2</sup> The aggregate amount charged in financial statements for the year against fees for attending four board meetings and seven audit committee meetings was Rs. 250 thousand (2012: Rs. 270 thousand).



For the year ended 30 June 2013

#### 39. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The related parties and associated undertakings comprise associated companies, associates, companies in which directors are interested, staff retirement funds, directors and key management personnel. Significant transactions with related parties and associated undertakings are as under:

		2013	2012
Relationship with the Company	Nature of transactions	(Rupees i	n thousand)
Associated Companies	Purchases of goods and services	1,011,472	664,351
	Sales of goods and services	445,660	219,227
	Insurance claim	8,770	2,270
	Dividend paid	37,466	34,060
	Dividend received	721	721
	Bonus shares issued	-	8,515
Provident Fund Trust	Amount contributed	10,979	8,749
Directors and key management personnel	Bonus shares issued	-	1,684
	Remuneration Such train	nsactions have been	disclosed in Note 38

The outstanding balances of such parties have been disclosed in respective notes to the financial statements.

#### 40. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The textile sector comprise of spinning, combing, weaving, dyeing, bleaching, printing, stitching, buying, selling and dealing in yarn, cloth and other goods and fabrics made from raw cotton and synthetic fibers. This sector also includes power generation facilities which provide electricity for internal consumption purposes.

### 40.1 Business segments

For management purposes, the Suraj Cotton Mills is organized into business units based on their products and services and has two reportable operating segments as follows:

Spinning: Production of different quality of yarn using natural and artificial fibers.

Weaving: Production of different quality of greige fabric using yarn.

No other operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss and is measured consistently with operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements.

Transfer prices between operating segments are on arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties.



	Spir	nning	Wea	aving	Inter-se	Elimination of Inter-segment transactions		otal
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
				(Rupees in	thousand)			
Sales								
External	5,081,057	5,256,396	4,512,268	3,000,646	-	-	9,593,325	8,257,042
Inter-segment	985,385	545,219	-	-	985,385	545,219	-	-
	6,066,442	5,801,615	4,512,268	3,000,646	985,385	545,219	9,593,325	8,257,042
Cost of sales								
External	5,005,629	5,029,856	3,140,129	2,402,861	-	-	8,145,758	7,432,717
Inter-segment	-	-	985,385	545,219	985,385	545,219	-	-
	5,005,629	5,029,856	4,125,514	2,948,080	985,385	545,219	8,145,758	7,432,717
Gross profit	1,060,813	771,759	386,754	52,566	-	-	1,447,567	824,325
Distribution cost	113,450	84,721	141,300	104,938	-	-	254,750	189,659
Administrative expenses	84,002	70,825	18,177	16,554	-	-	102,178	87,379
	197,452	155,546	159,477	121,492	-	-	356,928	277,038
Profit before taxation and unallocated								
income and expenses	863,361	616,213	227,277	(68,926)	-	-	1,090,639	547,287
Unallocated income and expense	s:							
Other operating expenses							(98,257)	(38,796)
Other income							106,522	30,006
Finance cost							(87,772)	(104,522)
							(79,507)	(113,312)
Profit before taxation							1,011,132	433,975
Taxation							107,787	87,508
Profit for the year							903,345	346,467

Inter segment sales and purchases have been eliminated on consolidation.



For the year ended 30 June 2013

	Spin	ning	Wea	aving	Inter-s	ation of egment actions	Tot	al
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
				(Rupees in t	housand)			
Segment operating assets	3,362,032	2,694,233	991,780	878,098	-	-	4,353,812	3,572,331
Unallocated:								
Capital work in progress							44,209	37,266
Long term investments							34,467	13
Balances with statutory authorities							66,044	39,857
Taxation-net							11,786	22,015
Short term investments							548,515	276,823
Total operating assets							5,058,833	3,948,305
Segment operating liabilities	1,067,215	851,480	282,277	242,596	-	-	1,349,492	1,094,076
Unallocated:								
Deferred taxation							212,186	213,386
Workers' profit participation fund							53,218	22,841
Workers welfare fund							34,941	38,221
Total operating liabilities							1,649,837	1,368,524
Other disclosures								
Capital expenditure	325,823	136,337	7,833	22,360	-	-	333,656	158,697

## 40.2 Geographical segments

Secondary information is reported geographically.

The Company operates in only one geographical segment i.e. Pakistan, as the Company has no distinguishable component other than Pakistan that is engaged in providing products within a particular economic environment.



For the year ended 30 June 2013

## 41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 41.1 Financial risk factors

The Company's financial liabilities comprise long term financing, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease, short term borrowings and trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to raise finances for Company's operations. The Company has trade debts, short term loans and advances, other receivables and cash and short term deposits that arrive directly from its operations. The Company also holds available for sale and held for trading investments.

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the Board of Directors (the Board), Audit Committee and Chief Financial Officer (CFO). The Board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as currency risk, equity price risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

#### (a) Market risk

#### (i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly from future commercial transactions or receivables and payables that exist due to transactions in foreign currencies.

The following analysis demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in US\$ exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's profit before tax.

	2013	2012
Rupees per US Dollar		
Reporting date rate	99.66	94.02
	Changes in US \$ Rate	Effects on Profit Before Tax
		(Rupees in thousand)
2013	+10%	1,237
	-10%	(1,237)
2012	+10%	1,663
	-10%	(1,663)



For the year ended 30 June 2013

#### (ii) Equity price risk

Equity price risk represents the risk that the fair value of equity investments will fluctuate because of changes in levels of indices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instrument traded in the market. The Company is exposed to equity price risk as Company hold available for sale and held for trading investments.

			2013	2012
Reporting date all index points			14988	9708
		Changes in KSE all Index	Effects on Profit Before Tax	Effects on Other Comprehensive Income
			(Rupees ir	thousand)
Available for sale investments	0040	+10%	-	3,447
	2013	-10%	-	(3,447)
		+10%	-	2,122
	2012	-10%	-	(2,122)
Held for trading investments			54,852	-
	2013	-10%	(54,852)	-
		+10%	25,561	-
	2012	-10%	(25,561)	-

#### (iii) Interest rate risk

This represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company has no significant long-term interest-bearing assets. The Company's interest rate risk arises from long term financing, short term borrowings and liabilities against assets subject to finance lease. Borrowings obtained at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings obtained at fixed rate expose the Company to fair value interest rate risk.



For the year ended 30 June 2013

At the balance sheet date the interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments is as follows:

	2013	2012
	(Rupees in	n thousand)
Fixed rate instruments		
Financial liabilities		
Long term financing	113,546	207,881
Floating rate instruments		
<del>-</del>		
Financial assets		
Bank balances - deposit accounts	61,675	49
Financial liabilities		
Long term financing	307,130	96,580
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	1,045	312
Short term borrowings	224,216	287,391

### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rate at the balance sheet date would not affect profit or loss of the Company.

## Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The following analysis demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's profit before tax. This analysis is prepared assuming the amounts of floating rate instruments outstanding at balance sheet dates were outstanding for the whole year.

		Changes in Interest Rate	Effects on Profit Before Tax
			(Rupees in thousand)
Bank balances - deposit accounts	2013	+1.00	617
	2010	-1.00	(617)
	2012	+1.00	-
	2012	-1.00	-
Long term financing	2013	+2.00	(6,143)
	2013	-2.00	6,143
	0010	+2.00	(1,932)
	2012	-2.00	1,932



For the year ended 30 June 2013

		Changes in Interest Rate	Effects on Profit Before Tax
			(Rupees in thousand)
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	0010	+2.00	(21)
	2013	-2.00	21
	2012	+2.00	(6)
		-2.00	6
Short term borrowings	0010	+2.00	(4,484)
	2013	-2.00	4,484
	0040	+2.00	(5,748)
	2012	-2.00	5,748

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	2013	2012	
	(Rupees in thousand)		
Long term deposits	18,974	18,688	
Trade debts	282,961	345,369	
Loans to employees	3,327	2,458	
Trade deposits	3,105	355	
Other receivables	912	3,074	
Bank balances	94,581	5,479	
	403,860	375,423	

Credit risk related to trade debts is managed by established procedures and controls relating to customers credit risk management. Outstanding receivables are regularly monitored and shipments to foreign customers are covered by letters of credit.

The maximum credit risk exposure at reporting date is carrying value of financial assets stated above.

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty default rate. The table below shows the bank balances held with some major counterparties at the balance sheet date:



For the year ended 30 June 2013

		Rating		2013	2012
	Short Term	Short Term Long term Agency		(Rupees ir	n thousand)
Banks					
MCB Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	87,745	849
National Bank of Pakistan	A-1+	AAA	JCR - VIS	3,568	2,012
United bank Limited	A-1+	AA+	JCR - VIS	320	472
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	38	1,195
Askari Bank Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA	-	9
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	85	124
Royal Bank of Scotland Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA	26	290
Bank Al-Habib Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	2,274	150
Faysal Bank Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA	-	5
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	411	221
NIB Bank Limited	A1	AA-	PACRA	102	113
Silk Bank Limited	A-2	A-	JCR - VIS	-	2
Dubai Islamic Bank Limited	A-1	Α	JCR - VIS	12	37
				94,581	5,479

At 30 June 2013, the Company has 41 customers (2012: 35 customers) that owed the Company more than Rs. 2,500 thousand each and accounted for approximately 92 % (2012: 88 %) of all receivables.

There are 14 customers (2012: 10 customers) with balance greater than Rs. 7,000 thousand accounted for over 62 % (2012: 60 %) of total amount receivables.

The Company's exposure to credit risk related to trade debts is disclosed in Note 21.

Due to the Company's long standing business relationships with these counterparties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, the management does not expect non-performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Company. Accordingly the credit risk is minimal.

### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under control committed credit lines.



For the year ended 30 June 2013

The table below analysis the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Carrying Amount	Contractual cash flows	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Over 5 years
		(Rup	ees in thousand	d)	
30 June 2013					
Long term financing	420,676	560,609	126,913	412,170	21,526
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	1,045	1,415	333	1,082	-
Trade and other payables	770,582	770,582	770,582	-	-
Accrued interest on financing	21,132	21,132	21,132	-	-
Short term borrowings	224,216	256,593	256,593	-	-
	1,437,651	1,610,331	1,175,553	413,252	21,526
	Carrying Amount	Contractual cash flows	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Over 5 years
		(Rup	ees in thousand	d)	
30 June 2012					
Long term financing	304,461	374,029	115,064	251,597	7,368
12.1992					
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	312	328	328	-	-
		328 536,709	328 536,709	-	-
finance lease	312			- - -	- -
finance lease  Trade and other payables	312 536,709	536,709	536,709	- - -	- - -

The contractual cash flows relating to the above financial liabilities have been determined on the basis of markup rates effective as at 30 June. The rates of mark up have been disclosed in respective notes to the financial statements.

#### 41.2 Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Fair value of available-for-sale financial assets is derived from quoted market prices in active markets, if available. Fair value of unquoted available-for-sale financial assets is estimated using appropriate valuation techniques. The carrying values of other financial assets and financial liabilities reflected in financial statements approximate their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date.

### Fair value hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:



For the year ended 30 June 2013

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable either, directly or indirectly

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data

As at 30 June 2013, the Company hold the following financial instruments carried at fair value on the statement of financial position:

### Assets measured at fair value

	2013	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		(Rupees in th	nousand)	
Held for trading				
Equity shares and mutual fund units	548,515	548,515	-	-
Available for sale financial assets				
Equity shares	34,467	34,467	-	_*

There were no liabilities measured at fair value as at 30 June 2013.

During the reporting year ended 30 June 2013, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.

As at 30 June 2012, the Company held the following financial instruments measured at fair value:

#### Assets measured at fair value

	2012	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		(Rupees in th	nousand)	
Held for trading				
Equity shares and mutual fund units	255,613	255,613	-	-
Available for sale financial assets				
Equity shares	21,223	21,223	-	_*

There were no liabilities measured at fair value as at 30 June 2012.

During the reporting year ended 30 June 2012, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.

\* The Company carries unquoted equity shares in Crescent Spinning Mills Limited and Premier Financial Services (Private) Limited as available-for-sale financial instruments classified as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy. However, such investments have been fully impaired and are carried at nil value. The Company did not incur any gain or loss recorded in the profit & loss account and statement of comprehensive income as the impairment had been recorded prior to 01 July 2011.



## 41.3 Financial instruments by categories

	2013				
	Cash and cash equivalents	Loans and advances	Available for sale	Held for trading	Total
		(Rup	pees in thousan	d)	
Assets as per balance sheet					
Available for sale investments	-	-	34,467	-	34,467
Long term deposits	-	18,974	-	-	18,974
Trade debts	-	406,138	-	-	406,138
Loans	-	3,327	-	-	3,327
Trade deposits	-	3,105	-	-	3,105
Short term investments	-	-	-	548,515	548,515
Other receivables	-	912	-	-	912
Cash and bank balances	95,510	-	-	-	95,510
	95,510	432,456	34,467	548,515	1,110,948

20	2013	
at a	Financial Liabilities at amortized cost upees in thousand)	
Liabilities as per balance sheet		
Long term financing	420,676	
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	1,045	
Trade and other payables	770,582	
Accrued interest on financing	21,132	
Short term borrowings	224,216	
	1,437,651	

	2012				
	Cash and cash equivalents	Loans and advances	Available for sale	Held for trading	Total
	(Rupees in thousand)				
Assets as per balance sheet					
Available for sale investments	-	-	13	-	13
Long term deposits	-	18,688	-	-	18,688
Trade debts	-	383,246	-	-	383,246
Loans	-	2,458	-	-	2,458
Trade deposits	=	355	=	=	355
Short term investments	=	=	21,210	=	21,210
Short term investments	=	=	=	255,613	255,613
Other receivables	=	3,074	=	=	3,074
Cash and bank balances	5,754	=	=	=	5,754
	5,754	407,821	21,223	255,613	690,411



For the year ended 30 June 2013

	2012
	Financial Liabilities
	at amortized cost
	(Rupees in thousand)
Liabilities as per balance sheet	
Long term financing	304,461
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	312
Trade and other payables	536,709
Accrued interest on financing	26,265
Short term borrowings	287,391
	1,155,138

### 41.4 Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide return for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain healthier capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholders value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust dividend payments to the shareholders, return on capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes from the previous year. The Company monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is debt divided by equity plus net debt. Debt represent long-term financing (including current portion) plus liabilities against assets subject to finance lease and short term borrowings obtained by the Company as referred to in note 6, note 7 and note 11. Total capital employed includes 'total equity' as shown in the balance sheet plus debt. The Company's strategy, which was unchanged from last year, was to maintain optimal capital structure in order to minimize cost of capital.

Note	2013	2012
	(Rupees i	n thousand)
The gearing ratio as at year ended 30 June 2013 and 30 June 2012 is as follows:		
Debt (6) & (7) & (11)	645,937	592,164
Equity	3,408,996	2,579,781
Total capital employed	4,054,933	3,171,945
Gearing ratio	15.93%	18.67%



For the year ended 30 June 2013

		2013	2012
42.	PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION		
	Spinning:		
	Spindle installed - Numbers	92,928	92,928
	Spindle operated - Numbers	87,342	90,639
	Production at normal capacity in 20 s count		
	based on 3 shifts per day - Kgs	38,160,051	38,162,110
	Actual production converted to 20 s count		
	based on 3 shifts per day - Kgs	34,626,227	33,382,665
	Weaving:		
	Looms installed - Numbers	204	204
	Looms worked - Numbers	204	204
	Production at normal capacity in 50 picks		
	based on 3 shifts per day - Square Meters	80,160,453	79,497,970
	Actual production at normal capacity converted		
	to 50 picks based on 3 shifts per day - Square Meters	69,189,739	68,516,973

### 42.1 Reason for low production

Under utilization of available capacity is due to normal repair and maintenance of plant and machinery and gas load shedding.

### 43. PROVIDENT FUND TRUST

43.1 The Company has maintained an employee provident fund trust and investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 227 of the Companies Ordinance 1984, and the rules formulated for this purpose except the investments in the unit trusts schemes which exceed the limit prescribed in the clause (i) of the SRO 261(I)/2002 regarding the investment in listed unit trusts schemes.

The salient information of the fund is as follows:

2012
thousand)
80,128
78,314
97.74%
100,207
1



For the year ended 30 June 2013

	2013	2012
	(Rupees i	n thousand)
43.2 Breakup of investment		
Investment in listed securities	4,602	2,990
Investment in funds	117,541	97,217
	122,143	100,207
	2013	2012
44. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES		
Number of employees at the end of the year	2,653	2,683
Average number of employees during the year	2,639	2,613

### 45. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

The Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on October 01, 2013 has proposed a cash dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2013 of Rupees 6 per share (2012: Rupees 4 per share) and 10% bonus shares (2012: Nil). The appropriation will be approved by the members in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. These financial statements do not include the effect of these appropriations which will be accounted for subsequent to the year end.

### 46. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These financial statements have been authorized for issue by Board of Directors of the Company on October 01, 2013.

## 47. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged or reclassified, wherever necessary, for the purposes of comparison, however no significant rearrangement / reclassification have been made.

#### 48. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of rupees.



# Notice of Annual General Meeting

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the 29th Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of Suraj Cotton Mills Limited will be held on Monday, October 28, 2013 at 10:30 a.m at the Registered Office, 7-B III, Aziz Avenue, Gulberg V, Lahore to transact the following business:

#### Ordinary Business

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Accounts together with the Directors' and Auditors' reports thereon for the year ended June 30, 2013.
- 2. To approve as recommended by Directors, the payment of Cash Dividend @ 60% i.e. Rs. 6/- per share and bonus @ 10 % i.e. 1 share of every 10 shares for the year ended June 30, 2013.
- 3. To appoint auditors of the Company and fix their remuneration. The present auditor M/s Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder, Chartered Accountants retires and offers themselves for re-appointment.
- ${\it 4.} \quad {\it To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.}$

Lahore By Order of the Board

October 07, 2013 Company Secretary

#### **BOOK CLOSURE:**

The Members' Register will remain closed from October 22, 2013 to October 28, 2013 (both day inclusive)

#### NOTES:

- 1. Transfer received in order at the Registered Office by the close of business hours on Monday, October 21, 2013 will be treated in time.
- 2. A member eligible to attend and vote at this Meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her.
- 3. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority under which it is signed or a notarially attested copy of the power of attorney must be received by the Company at the Registered Office not later than 48 hours before the time for holding the Meeting.
- 4. CDC account holders will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down in circular no. 1 dated January 26, 2000 of the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan for attending the meeting:

#### For Attending the Meeting:

- i. In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and whose registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original National Identity Card (CNIC) or passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- ii. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of meeting.

## For Appointing Proxies:

i. In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and whose registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per above requirement



# Notice of Annual General Meeting

- ii. Attested copies of valid CNICor the passport of beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- iii. The proxy shall produce his/her original valid CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of meeting.
- 5. SECP has directed vide SRO No. 779(1)/2011 dated August 18, 2011 to issue dividend warrant only crossed as "A/c Payee only" and should bear the Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) of the registered members. Members who have not yet submitted photocopy of their valid CNIC are requested to send the same to the Company's Registrar.
- 6. As directed by SECP vide Circular NO. 18 of 2012 dated June 5, 2012, we give the shareholders the opportunity to authorize the Company to directly credit in your bank account with cash dividend, if any, declared by the Company in future. If you wish that the cash dividend if declared by the Company be directly, credited into your bank account, instead of issuing a dividend warrants, please provide the following details:

Folio No.	
Name	
Title of Bank Account	
Bank Account Number	
Bank's Name	
Branch Name & Address	
Cell Number of Transferee	
Landline Number of Transferee, if any	

# Form of Proxy

Note:

Twenty Ninth Annual General Mee	eting	
I/We		of
		atton Mills Limited and holder of
shares as per Registered F	·olio No	
For Beneficial Owners as per 0	CDC list	
CDC Participant I. D. No.		
Sub-Account No.		
		·
hereby appoint	of	Who is also a member of the Company, Folio No.
		of who is also mem-
ber of the Company vide Register	red Folio No as	s my/our Proxy to attend, speak and vote for me/us and on my/
our behalf at the 29th Annual Ge	eneral Meeting of the Compa	any to be held on Monday, October 28, 2013 at 10:30 a.m. at
Registered Office, 7-B-III, Aziz Ave	enue, Gulberg-V Lahore and	at any adjournment thereof.
Dated this day of	, 2013.	
		Affix
		Revenue of Stamp
Witness 1:		of Rs. 5/-
Signature:		
Name:		
Address:		
Witness 2:		
Signature:		Signature of Member(s)
Name:		
Address:		

- 1. Proxies in order to be effective, must be received at the Registered Office of the Company at 7-B-III, Aziz Avenue, Gulberg-V, Lahore not later than 48 hours before the meeting.
- 2. CDC Shareholders and their Proxies are each requested to attach an attested Photocopy of their National Identity Card or Passport with this proxy form before submission to the Company.

## Second Fold

Affix Revenue Stamp

The Company Secretary
Suraj Cotton Mills Limited
7-B-III, Aziz Avenue, Gulberg-V, Lahore.

Third Fold and Tuck In





## SURAJ COTTON MILLS LIMITED

7-B III, Aziz Avenue, Gulberg-V, Lahore – Pakistan Tel: +92 42 35711138, 35760379, 35760381 Fax: +92 42 35760376 E-mail: info@suraj.com