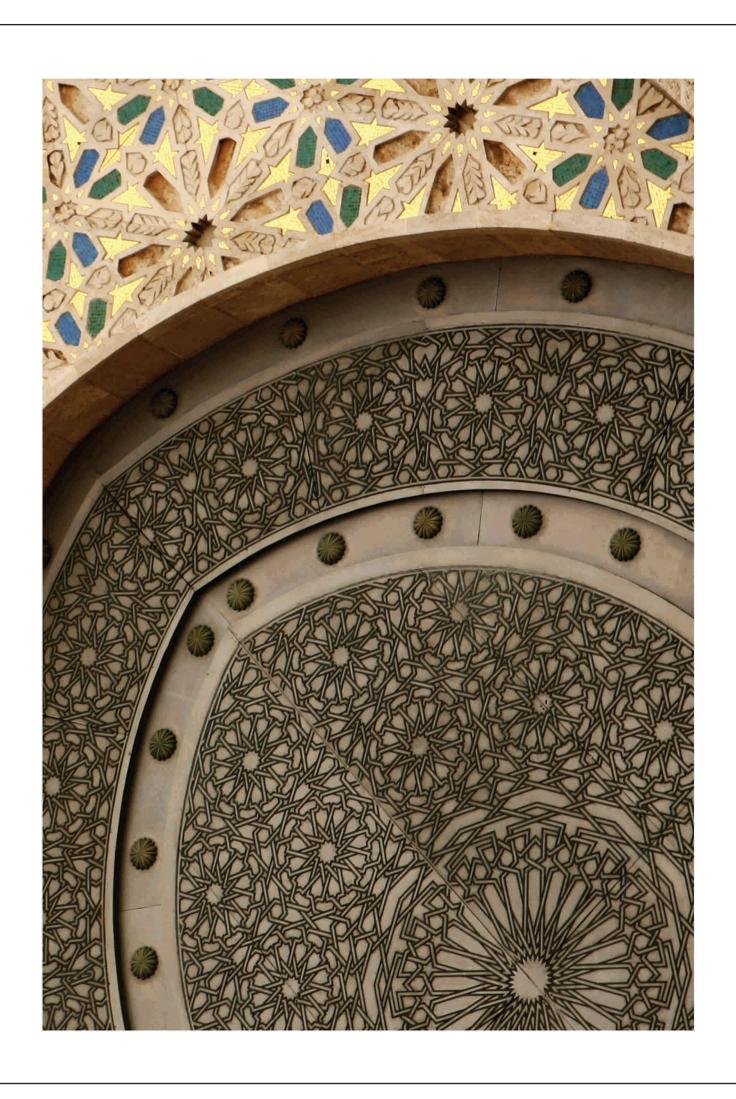
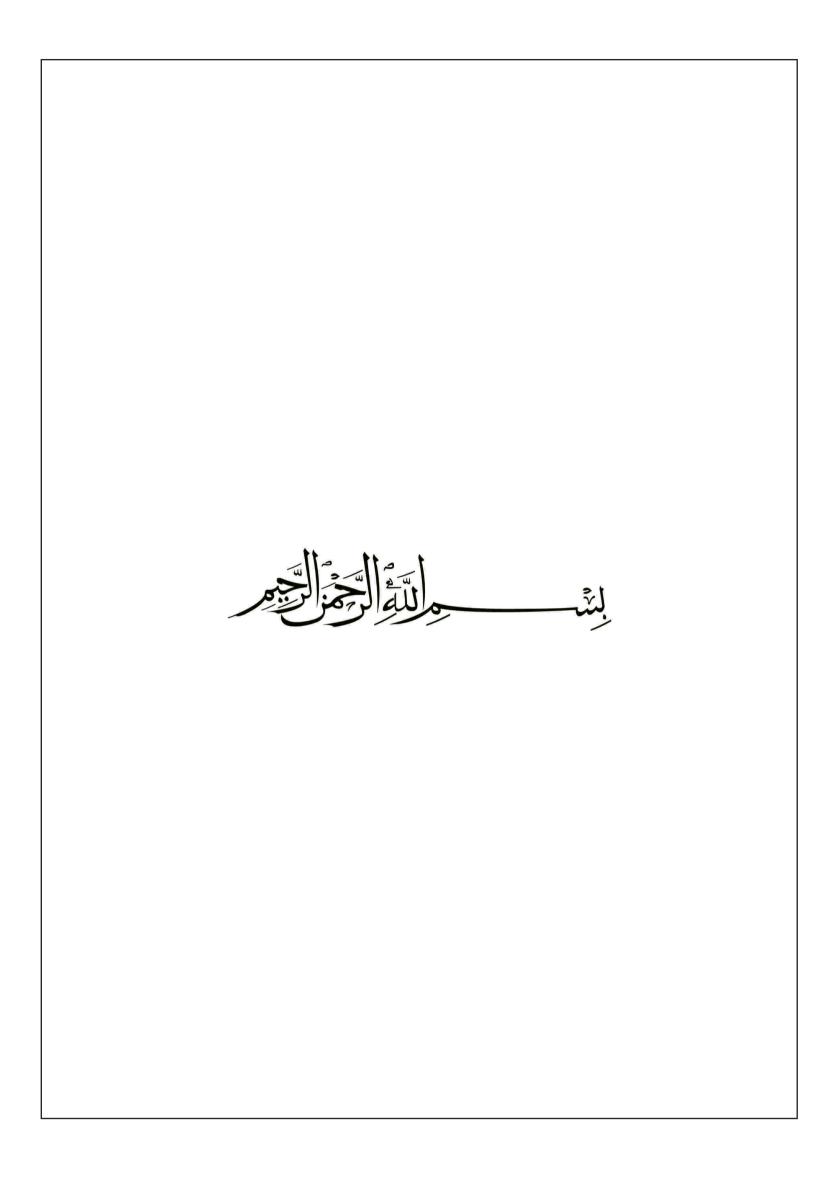
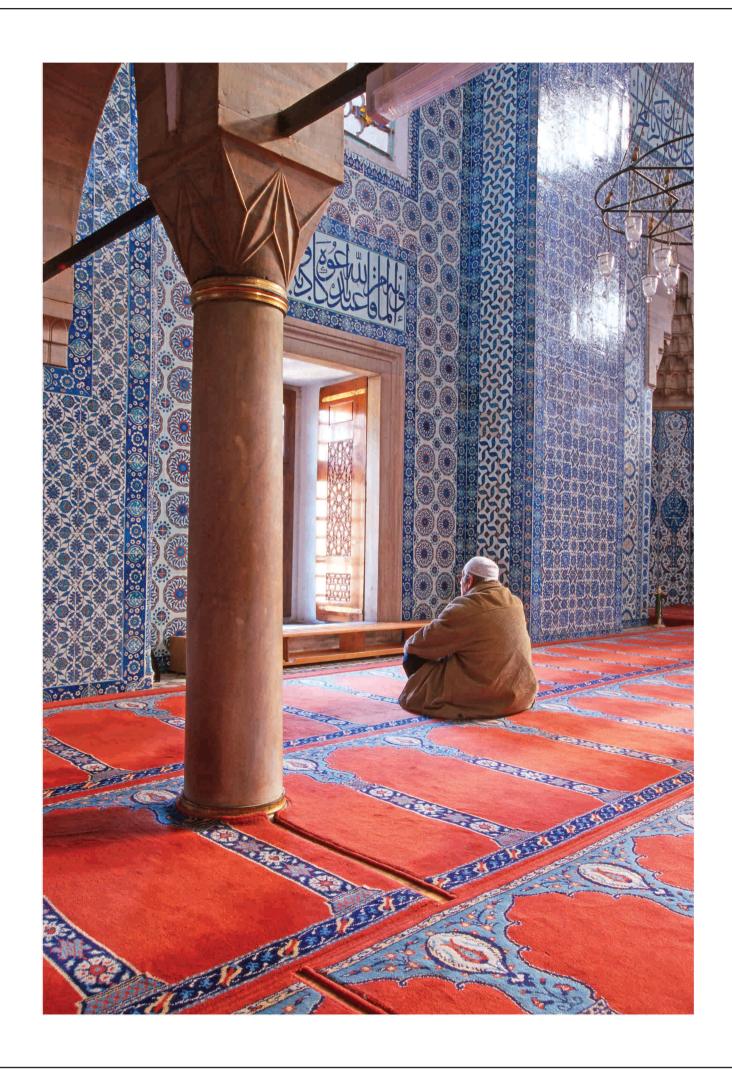


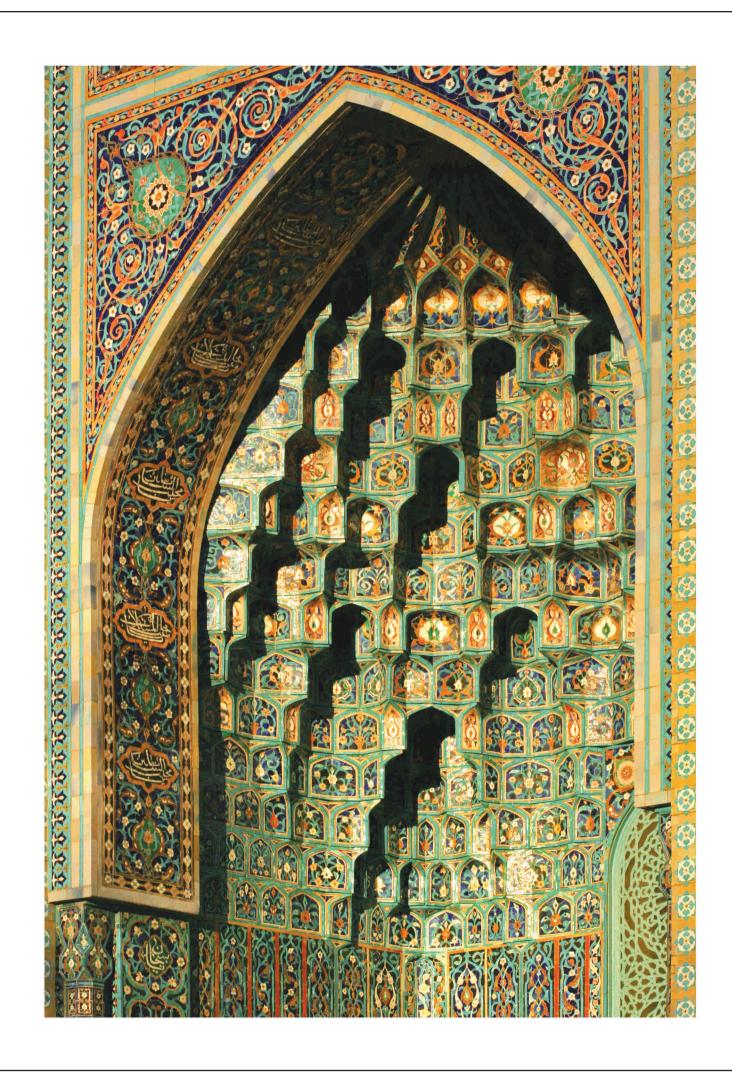
Annual Report 2009





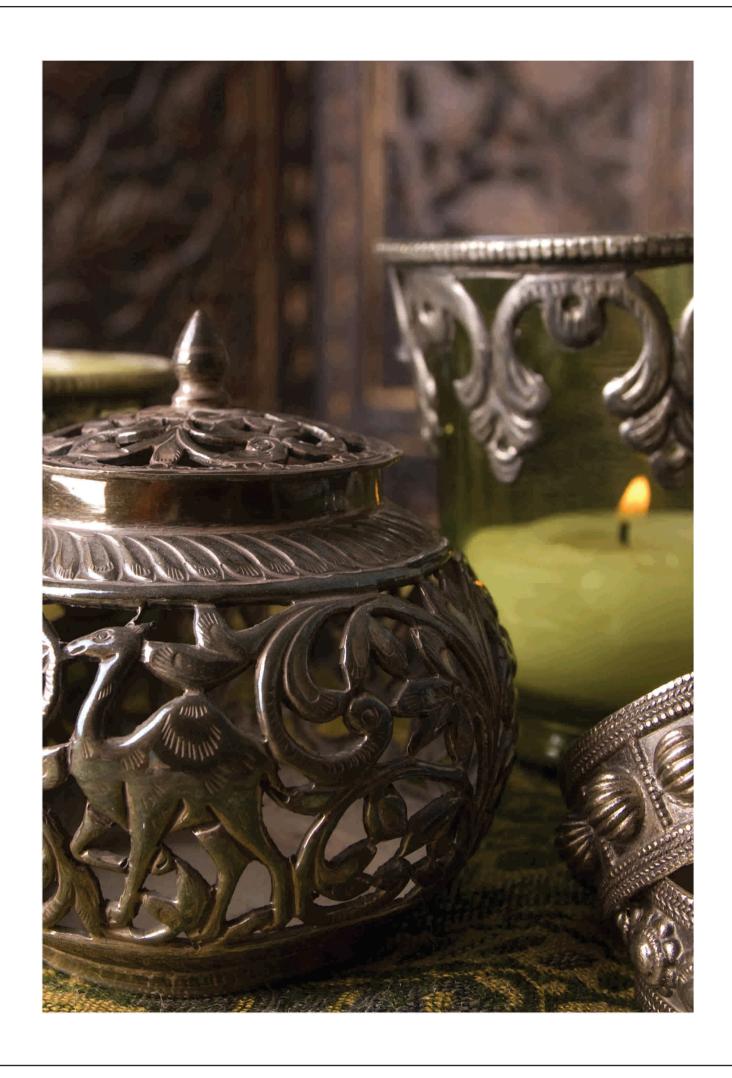


Social values of Islam provide the faithful
with a large measure of spiritual peace
and serenity, and this contentment can be
reaped while pursuing business
aspirations within the confines of Islamic
law. We visualize creating an institution
where society can seek a just and fair
advantage from the richness of Islamic
system of trade finance.



CONTENTS

\	CORPORATE INFORMATION	01
\	DIRECTORS' REPORT	02
\	KEY FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL DATA	07
\	STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	10
\	AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT ON COMPLIANCE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE	12
\	AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE CERTIFICATE HOLDERS	13
\	BALANCE SHEET	14
\	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	15
\	CASH FLOW STATEMENT	16
\	STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	17
\	notes to and forming part of the financial statements	18
\	PATTERN OF CERTIFICATE HOLDING	41
\	NOTICE OF ANNUAL REVIEW MEETING	43



Board of Directors Syed Muhammad Rehmanullah Syed Majeedullah Husaini Mir Mujahid Ali Khan Syed Waseem-ul-Haq Haqqie

Chairman Chief Executive Officer Director Director

Company Secretary & Chief Financial Officer Ms. Faiqa Naz

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Management Company KASB Modaraba Management (Private) Limited

A.F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants Member PriceWaterHouseCoopers

Audit Committee

Mir Mujahid Ali Khan Syed Muhammad Rehmanullah Syed Waseem-ul-Haq Haqqie

Chairman Member Member

KASB Bank Limited Al-Baraka Islamic Bank Dawood Islamic Bank Meezan Bank MyBank Limited Bank Al-Falah Limited

Registered Office

80-C, 24th Commercial Street, D.H.A. Phase II Extension, Karachi. Telephone: 5313939-43

Certificate Transfer Office C&K Management Associates (Private) Limited 404, Trade Tower, Abdullah Haroon Road, Near Metropole Hotel Karachi – 75530 Telephone: 5687839 - 5685930

Legal Advisor

Ghulam Ali & Co. Ahmed & Qazi

Branch Offices

Gulshan-e-Iqbal Branch Mezzanine Floor, Friends Paradise, SB-36, Block No. 13-B,

University Road, Karachi.

D.H.A. Branch

80-C, 24th Commercial Street, D.H.A. Phase II Extension, Karachi.

Web Address

www.kasbmodaraba.com

info.modaraba@kasb.com

DIRECTORS' REPORT



The Board of Directors of KASB Modaraba Management (Private) Ltd, the Management Company of KASB Modaraba (the Modaraba) is pleased to present the eighteenth annual report together with the audited financial statements of Modaraba for the year ended June 30, 2009 to the Certificate Holders.

The operating results are summarized as under:

Description	June	June
	2009	2008
	Rupees	Rupees
	- Grand	1000
Income from Leasing Operations	20,514,852	5,728,699
Profit on Musharaka Finance	4,549,474	598,654
Profit on Murabaha Finance	4,580,067	301,258
Profit on Bank Deposit	10,700,559	3,188,861
Profit on Investments	2,465,075	302,720
Other Income	138,214	1,568,640
		YEL AND WITH
Total Income	42,948,241	11,688,832
Administrative and Operating Expenses	(25,145,060)	(11,156,189)
Expense for Right Issue	202	(7,960,913)
Expense for Right Issue	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	(7,900,913)
Modaraba Company Management Fee	(1,780,318)	- 10
Profit /(Loss) Before Taxation	16,022,863	(7,428,270)
Tiont/(Loss) Before Taxation	10,022,003	(7,420,270)
Taxation	- 6	(650,000)
Profit /(Loss) After Taxation	16,022,863	(8,078,270)
Tront (Loss) Alter razation	10,022,003	(0,070,270)
Earning /(Loss) per Certificate	0.65	(1.10)



OPERATIONS AND PERFORMANCE

Profitability:

The modaraba and leasing industry was seriously affected by the recent economic downturn, however, KASB Modaraba adopted a steady approach towards business with stress on quality and safety, and as such the Modaraba recorded a profit of Rs. 16,022,863 with an Earning per Certificate of Rs. 0.65 and return on equity of 9.98%.

The total income of the Modaraba has increased from Rs. 11.7 million in 2008 to Rs. 42.9 million in the year ended June 2009. This remarkable growth in total income was on account of an overall increase in disbursements of Islamic finance. Although the business of Ijarah is the largest contributor to our revenue-stream, nevertheless, we have recorded an impressive rise in other areas of Islamic loans namely Musharaka, Murabaha and Modaraba Finance.

Total expenditure also increased from Rs.11 million in 2008 to Rs.25 million in the year ended June 2009. It is important to note that KASB Modaraba is a relatively new acquisition and important infrastructural allocation was a necessity to ensure the right base for supporting business and growth. Hence the rise in expenses is largely business oriented. The future growth in business volume will bring about economies of scale and improve productivity.

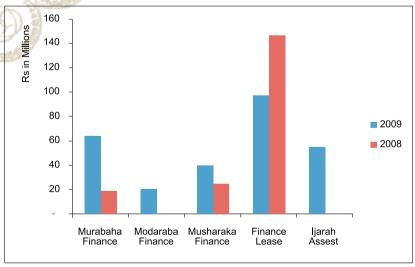
Expenses rose largely on account of the following:

- Financial expenses rose as a result of issuance of Certificate of Musharaka, a Shariah compliant liability product which is issued to customers to raise deposits.
- Salaries rose from Rs.2.955 million to Rs.9.083 million. This year in June 2009 we have a staff of 27 persons compared to last year's staff strength of only 19 persons. Our professional staff comprises of a qualified chartered accountant, a trade finance specialist, ICMA qualified accountants, MBA s, etc.
- Rise in other expenses like utilities, stationery, fees etc was also growth oriented as we opened two branches and acquired a new space for the head office.

It is our earnest opinion that economies of scale will improve profitability and returns as we gradually expand business.

Balance sheet growth:

The balance sheet standing of the Modaraba in terms of total assets has improved by 91%, from Rs. 232.507 million in 2008 to Rs. 443,514 million in 2009. The growth figures shown in the chart below reflect a vigorous rise in business indicating potential in the Islamic market and our ability to take fair advantage in a short span of time.



Growth in Islamic Financing

DIRECTORS' REPORT



YEAR AT A GLANCE

During the last one year KASB Modaraba has shown substantial growth in all areas of Islamic Finance. The Modaraba added a number of asset products to its Islamic portfolio which include Musharaka, Modaraba and Murabaha finance. These products were also utilized to finance foreign trade which was an innovative step, and reflects our keenness to provide Islamic finance to the import and export sectors. As a result, a fairly diversified revenue stream was added, with income coming in from other non traditional sources and lessening our dependence on pure Ijarah. We will continue to look for innovative 'Shariah compliant' asset products in order to create a more substantive Islamic portfolio, and at the same time diversify risk.

The Board considered dividend for the year under review. However, it is decided not to recommend any dividend for the year 2009 which will enable the Modaraba to consolidate its reserves and raise our ability to generate better returns in the future.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

KASB Modaraba will endeavor to raise its business portfolio in areas of trade finance and commodity financing. Moreover, it will strive to generate quality revenues with a good customer base. The management realizes that future growth of our Modaraba depends on product innovation and our adaptation to international developing trends in the field of Islamic finance.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

One important feature added to this year's balance sheet is the issuance of Certificate of Musharaka. On the receipt of our rating from JCR VIS, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan permitted us the issuance of Certificate of Musharaka which helped us raise funds from the retail sector. This portfolio continues to grow, and would become, in the near future, an important source of funding. The Modaraba intends to keep this funding largely individual and retail, to ensure stable deposits.

In the month of April, this year, we opened our second branch in Defence Housing Authority, Karachi, located off Khayaban-e-Ittehad. KASB Modaraba is the first Modaraba to open a high street branch in Pakistan, where customers can walk in to avail all types of financial facilities based on the Islamic principles of Shariah.

During the year, KASB Bank Limited acquired KASB Capital which is the holding company of KASB Modaraba Management (Private) Limited. Consequently, KASB Bank Limited has now become the ultimate holding company of KASB Modaraba Management (Private) Limited.

CREDIT RATING

JCR-VIS has reaffirmed long term entity rating of BBB and short term entity rating of A3 with a "stable" outlook to the Modaraba.

On June 16, 2008, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan imposed a penalty of Rs 100,000 each on the previous directors of Modaraba Management Company and the Modaraba Management Company, due to non-compliance of provisions of Regulation 7(1) and 7(3) of Part-II (A), Regulation 2(1) of Part II (A) and Regulation 1 of Part-IV of Prudential Regulation of Modaraba and Rule 16(1) of Modaraba Rules, 1981. The penalty was paid on July 14, 2008.

During the current year, Registrar Modaraba (Specialized Companies Division) imposed a fine of Rs. 55,000/- each on the directors of Modaraba Management Company for non compliance of IAS-19 and violation of Regulation '7(3)' of the Prudential Regulation of Modaraba. KASB Modaraba, while recording its reservations on the penalty order, filed an appeal under section 32(2) of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 against the above-mentioned order. Hearing of the said appeal was held in July 2009 and decision is still awaited.



CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Board of Directors is fully aware of its duties and responsibilities under Code of Corporate Governance issued by Security and Exchange Commission of Pakistan. The following statements demonstrate the Board's philosophy and commitment towards maintaining high standards of Corporate Governance:

- The financial statements prepared by the management of the Modaraba, present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- Proper books of accounts of the Modaraba have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Accounting Standards (IAS), as applicable to Modaraba in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements. During the year 2007, Islamic Financial Accounting Standard (IFAS) 2 "Ijarah" was issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and the same was notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide an SRO dated 22nd May 2007. Under the IFAS 2, the "Ijarah" transactions are required to be accounted for as operating leases. The IFAS is operative for financial statements covering the periods beginning on or after 1st July 2007 and is required to be followed on those Ijarah which commence on or after 1st July 2007. On the request of Modaraba Association of Pakistan, the SECP vide its letter # SC/M/RW/SCM/2009 date March 9, 2009 has decided that the Modaraba management companies may apply the accounting treatment only to the leasing (Ijarah) transactions executed on or after July 01, 2008. In view of this decision, in preparation of these financial statements the Modaraba has accounted for Ijarah transaction executed before July 01, 2008 as finance leases consistent with prior years and has treated the Ijarah transaction executed on or after July 01, 2008 as operating lease.
- The system of internal controls is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- The Modaraba is financially sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There are no significant doubts upon the Modaraba's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- The Modaraba operates an unapproved unfunded gratuity scheme for its permanent employees, value of which is Rs.201,758/- as at June 30, 2009.
- Key operating and financial data for the last six years in summarized form is included in this annual report.
- There are no statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges outstanding as on June 30, 2009 except as disclosed in the financial statements.
- None of the directors of Modaraba, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children has carried out trading of certificates of the Modaraba.
- During the year, five meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance by each director is as follows:

Name of Directors	Number of Meeting Attended
Syed M. Husaini	05
Muhammad Hamidullah	04
Mir Mujahid Ali Khan	04
S. M. Rahmanullah	05

Leave of absence was granted to directors who could not attend the board meetings.

• The pattern of holding of Certificates by the Certificate-holders is included in this annual report.



DIRECTORS' REPORT



COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance set out by the Karachi Stock Exchange in its listing regulations relevant for the year ended June 30, 2009 have been adopted by the Modaraba and have been duly complied with. A statement to this effect is annexed with the report.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE

The following changes have taken place in Board of Directors since the Directors' report for the year ended June 30, 2008.

- The Board of Directors has appointed Syed Muhammad Rahmanullah as Chairman of the Board in place of Syed Majeedullah Husaini.
- Muhammad Hamidullah has resigned from the office of Director and Mr. Syed Waseem-ul-Haq Haqqie has been appointed as director.

The following changes have taken place in Audit Committee since the Directors' report for the year ended June 30, 2008:

• The Committee has appointed Mr. Fahad Abbas as Secretary of Audit Committee.

The Board wishes to place on record its appreciation and gratitude to the outgoing director for the valuable services rendered by him.

HUMAN RESOURCES

The Board is confident that the management and employees of your Modaraba will continue to work with the integrity and zeal that has been their hallmark, and your Modaraba shall Insha'Allah continue to prosper. Investment in Human Resources is the cornerstone of our policy.

STATUTORY RESERVES

The Board has transferred 20% of net profit after tax amounting Rs. 3,204,573 to its statutory reserve as per the requirement of Rule 2 of Part III of Prudential Regulation for Modarabas as issued by Security and Exchange Commission of Pakistan through Circular No. 4 of 2004 dated January 28, 2004.

AUDITORS

On the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board has approved the re-appointment of the present auditors Messrs. A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants, as auditors for the year ending June 30, 2010, subject to approval by the Registrar of Modaraba Companies and Modaraba.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Board would like to take this opportunity to thank the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, Registrar Modaraba Companies, valued customers and Certificate Holders, all of whom have made our task so pleasant.

We pray to Almighty Allah for the success of your Modaraba.

For and behalf of

Board of Directors

Syed Muhammad Rehmanullah

Chairman

Dated: August 29, 2009

Karachi

KEY FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL DATA AT A GLANCE



		2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
			F	Rupees in Thou	sand		
	Total Assets	443,514	232,507	54,764	52,360	77,714	48,703
	Musharaka Finance	39,594	24,969	640	6,367	2,410	-
	Murabaha Finance	63,893	19,014	-	-	-	-
	Modaraba Finance	20,774	-	-	-	-	-
	Ijarah Assets	55,337	-	-	-	-	-
	Investment in Lease	97,718	146,916	1,776	5,884	2,999	2,524
7	Equity	258,322	62,674	52,873	50,684	51,435	46,544
	Current Assets	302,422	125,037	53,111	48,050	72,963	46,264
	Current Liabilities	159,906	80,309	1,398	1,010	24,912	1,597
	Income	42,948	11,689	5,329	2,328	7,809	3,769
Z	Taxation	(8)	(650)	(180)	44	58	-
	Profit/(Loss) after Tax	16,023	(8,078)	2,227	(814)	4,916	1,511
	Dividend	9) -	-	0.25	-	-	-
	EPS (Rs)	0.65	(1.10)	0.30	(0.11)	0.67	0.21



KEY FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL DATA AT A GLANCE



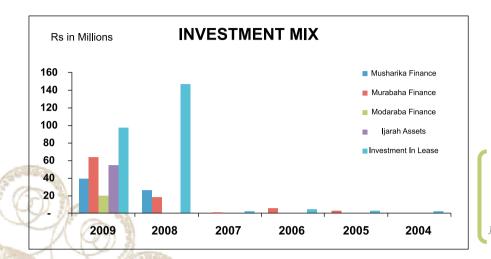


Table showing change in investment mix for last six years

*The apparent fall in investment in Lease is due to adoptation of Islamic Financial Accounting Standard - 2 for treatment of transaction executed on or after July 01, 2008 as operating lease.

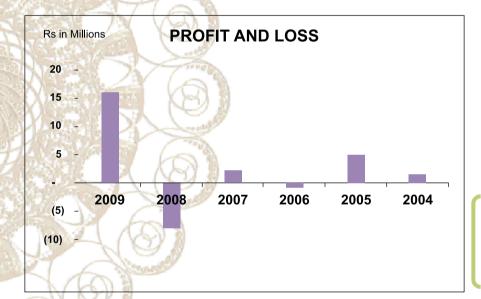


Table showing movement in profit / (loss) for last six years



STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE



This statement is being presented to comply with Code of Corporate Governance contained in Regulation No. 35 of listing regulations of the Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited and chapter XIII of the Lahore Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed Modaraba is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

Regardless of the fact that KASB Modaraba Management (Private) Limited, the management company of the KASB Modaraba, is a Private Limited Company, the Board of Directors of management company are pleased to confirm that the code of corporate governance is being complied with in all material respects.

Modaraba Management Company (hereafter referred as Company) has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner.

- 1. The Board comprises of four directors including three non-executives.
- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as director in more than ten listed companies, including this company.
- 3. All the directors of the company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFC or, being a member of stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange
- 4. During the year the Board of directors resigned and casual vacancies were duly replaced by the new board according to applicable laws & regulations.
- 5. The Company has prepared a "Statement of Ethics and Business Practices", which has been signed by all the directors and employees of the Modaraba at the time of their appointment. In addition list for annual approval of directors and employee has been prepared and circulated.
- 6. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Modaraba.

 A complete record of particulars of significant policies is maintained with relevant department of the Modaraba.
- 7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO and other executive directors have been taken by the Board
- 8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman of the Board. The Board of Directors has met five times in the year and notices of meetings, along with agenda and related papers are always endeavored to be circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9. Although no orientation courses were held, the directors have been provided with the copies of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980) and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, Listing Regulation, Code of Corporate Governance, Companies Ordinance 1984, Prudential Regulation, Modaraba's Prospectus and all other relevant rules and regulations and the directors are conversant with relevant laws applicable to the Modaraba, its policies and procedures and provision of the prospectus and are aware of their duties and responsibilities
- 10. The Board has approved appointment of CFO and Company Secretary including remuneration and terms and conditions of employment as determined by CEO.
- 11. The Directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. CEO and CFO have duly endorsed the financial statements of the Modaraba before approval of the Board.
- 13. The Directors, CEO and Executives do not hold any interest in the Certificates of Modaraba.
- 14. The Modaraba has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- 15. The Board has formed an audit committee that also ensures the independence of the internal audit function and the independence and objectivity of the external auditors.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE



- 16. The Audit Committee of the Board comprises of three members who are non-executives directors, including chairman of the committee
- 17. The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once in every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Modaraba as required by the Code. The term of reference of the committee have been formed, approved by the Board and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 18. The related party transactions have been placed before the audit committee and approved by the board of directors with justification for non arm's length transactions and pricing methods for transactions that were made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions only if such terms can be substantiated.
- 19. The Board has set-up an effective internal audit function which has been outsourced to a firm of chartered accountants who are involved in the internal audit function.
- 20. The statutory auditors of the Modaraba have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold Certificates of the Modaraba and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guideline on the code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- 21. The Statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regards.
- 22. We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code have been complied with.

For and on behalf of the Board

Karachi

August 29, 2009

Syed M. Husaini CEO





AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT ON COMPLIANCE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE



A.F.FERGUSON & CO.

A member firm of

PRICEWATERHOUSE COPERS @

A.F.Ferguson & Co Chartered Accountants State Life Building No. 1-C I.I.Chundrigar Road, P.O.Box 4716 Karachi-74000, Pakistan Telephone: (021) 2426682-6 / 2426711-5 Facsimile: (021) 2415007 / 2427938

REVIEW REPORT ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE BEST PRACTICES OF THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance prepared by the Board of Directors of KASB Modaraba (the Modaraba), to comply with the Listing Regulation number 35 of the Karachi Stock Exchange where the Modaraba is

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the Modaraba. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Modaraba's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Modaraba's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Modaraba to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We have not carried out any special review of the internal control system to enable us to express an opinion as to whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all controls and the effectiveness of such internal controls.

Further, Sub-Regulation (xiiia) of Listing Regulation 35 notified by the Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited vide notice KSE/N-269 dated January 19, 2009 requires the Modaraba to place before the Board of Directors for their consideration and approval related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. All such transactions are also required to be separately placed before the Audit Committee. We are only required and have ensured compliance of the requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board of Directors and placement of such transactions before the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Modaraba's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the Modaraba for the year ended June 30, 2009.

countants Karachi

Dated: August 29, 2009

Lahore Office: 505-509, 5* Floor, Alfalah Building, P.O.Box 39, Shahrah-e-Quaid-e-Azam, Lahore-54000, Pakistan Tel: (92-42) 6285078-85 Fax: (92-42) 6285088 islamabad Office: PIA Building, 3** Floor, 49 Blue Area, FazI-ul-Haig Road, P.O.Box 3021, islamabad-44000, Pakistan Tel: (92-51) 2273457-60 Fax: (92-51) 2277924 Kabul Office: PIOsus No. 4, Street No. 3, District 6, Road Karte-S, Kabul, Afghanistan, Tel: (93-399) 3153204324

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE CERTIFICATE HOLDERS



A.F. FERGUSON & CO.

A member firm of

PRICEWATERHOUSE COPERS @

A.F. Ferguson & Co Chartered Accountants State Life Building No. 1-C 1.1. Chundrigar Road, P.O.Box 4716. Karachi-74000, Pakistan Telephone: (021) 2426682-6 / 2426711-5 Facsimile: (021) 2415007 / 2427938

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE CERTIFICATE HOLDERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of KASB Modaraba as at June 30, 2009 and the related profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof (hereinafter referred to as the financial statements), for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

These financial statements are the Modaraba management company's responsibility [KASB Modaraba Management (Private) Limited] who is also responsible to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980) and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by the Modaraba management company in respect of KASB Modaraba, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- In our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the management company in respect of KASB Modaraba as required by the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980) and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981;
- in our opinion:
 - the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon, have been drawn up in conformity with the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980) and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in agreement with accounting policies consistently applied;
 - the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Modaraba's business; and
 - the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects, terms and conditions of the Modaraba;
- in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980) and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Modaraba's affairs as at June 30, 2009 and of the profit, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- in our opinion, no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: Rashid A. Jafer

Dated: 2 9 AUG 2009

Lahore Office: 505-509, 5th Floor, Alfalah Building, P.O.Hox 39, Shahrah-e-Quaid-e-Azam, Lahore-54000, Pakistan Tel: 192-421 6285078-85 Fax: 192-421 6285078 Islamahad Office: PIA Building, 3+ Floor, 49 Blue Area, Fazi-ul-Haq Road, P.O.Box 3021, Islamahad-44000, Pakistan Tel: (92-51) 2273457-40 Fax: (92-51) 2277924 Kabul Office: Floor Note, Street No. 3, District 6, Road Kater-3, Kabul, Afghanistan. Tel: (93-799) 315320-203451.



BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2009



ACCETO	Note	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2008
ASSETS		(Rup	ees)
Current assets			
Cash and bank balances	5	128,714,414	33,845,102
Short-term Investments	6.1	4,256,334	3,950,889
Current portion of murabaha finance	7	55,892,966	19,014,375
Modaraba finance	8	20,774,248	
Musharaka finance	9	39,594,329	24,968,800
Current portion of net investment in finance lease	10	44,753,495	41,275,094
ljarah rentals receivable	11	810,667	Bi (Call)
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	12	5,644,579	1,046,800
Accrued profit	13	1,240,907	265,312
Taxation recoverable	14	739,682	671,171
Total current assets		302,421,621	125,037,543
Non-current assets	4	and the same	200
Long-term deposits	Ago.	128,000	25,000
Long-term investment	6.2	17,020,000	- N I
Long-term portion of Murabaha finance	7	8,000,000	- A SEC.
Long-term portion of net investment in finance lease	10	52,964,055	105,641,031
ljarah assets	15	55,336,939	10/1/19
Fixed assets	16	7,643,188	1,803,427
Total non-current assets	A a	141,092,182	107,469,458
Total Assets		443,513,803	232,507,001
LIABILITIES		2 3 3 2 3	
0 (17.177)	200		
Current liabilities	Aller .	450,005,000	200 74 4 10
Certificate of musharaka	17	150,625,000	75 000 000
Short-term finance	18	874,750	75,000,000 50,000
Current maturity of security deposits	19	7,929,592	4,781,889
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities Unclaimed profit distribution	19	476,790	4,761,869
Total current liabilities	Parra	159,906,132	80,308,957
Total Current Habilities	Capat .	133,300,132	00,300,337
Non-current liabilities		4 - 1	
Long-term finance		1 10 / I	70,000,000
Security deposits	18	25,083,668	19,310,262
Deferred liabilities - staff gratuity	20	201,758	214,000
Total non-current liabilities	Bases!	25,285,426	89,524,262
Total Liabilities	far.	185,191,558	169,833,219
NET ASSETS	£ (258,322,245	62,673,782
DEDDECENTED DV	18.	911	12.
REPRESENTED BY	13	DATE	1
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		3 7	
Certificate capital			1 V/
Authorised:			11
50,000,000 (June 30, 2008: 50,000,000) certificates of Rs 10/- each		500,000,000	500,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	21	282,744,000	83,160,000
Statutory reserve	22	11,938,132	8,733,559
Accumulated loss		(36,359,887)	(49,178,177)
Right certificates subscription money		-	19,958,400
			,,
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	23		
		258,322,245	62,673,782

The annexed notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For KASB Modaraba Management (Private) Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Director Director

PROFITAND LOSS ACCOUNT



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Note	For the year ended June 30, 2009	For the year ended June 30, 2008 ees)
		(itap	000,
Income from leasing operations Profit on Musharaka finance	24	20,514,852 4,549,474	5,728,699 598,654
Profit on Murabaha finance		4,580,067	301,258
Profit on Term Finance Certificates		16,861	302,720
Profit on Sukuk bonds - Held for trading		294,445	-
- Held to maturity		2,153,769	_
Profit on bank deposits		10,700,559	3,188,861
(Loss) / gain on sale of marketable securities - net	25	(750,855)	1,176,419
Unrealised diminution on remeasurement of investments	20	(100,000)	1,170,410
classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss'	6.1.2	(69,309)	(386,397)
Reversal of unrealised appreciation of Term Finance Certificates on redemption	0.112	(00,000)	(210,563)
Transfer of anisotropic appropriation of the first state of the state		41,989,863	10,699,651
Financial charges	26	(7,026,981)	(3,656,123)
		34,962,882	7,043,528
Allowance for potential Musharaka & Ijarah losses	9 & 10	=	(944,538)
		34,962,882	6,098,990
Other income	27	958,378	989,181
Administrative and operating expenses	28	(18,118,079)	(14,516,441)
Transmittative and operating expenses	20	17,803,181	(7,428,270)
Modaraba Management Company fee	29	(1,780,318)	-
Profit / (loss) before taxation		16,022,863	(7,428,270)
Taxation			
- current		-	(GEO 000)
- deferred Profit / (loss) after taxation		16,022,863	(650,000)
From / (loss) after taxation		10,022,863	(8,078,270)
			,, ,-·
Earnings per certificate	30	0.65	(1.10)

The annexed notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For KASB Modaraba Management (Private) Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Director Director



CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009



CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit/ (loss) before taxation Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: Dividend income Loss/ (gain) on sale of marketable securities - net Unrealised diminution on remeasurement of investments classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' Reversal of unrealised appreciation of Term Finance Certificates on redemption Gain on disposal of fixed assets Loss on disposal of ljarah assets Deferred income Depreciation Amortisation Intangible written-off Gratuity expense Financial charges Provision for potential ljarah & Musharaka losses (Increase) / decrease in assets	16,022,863 (94,000) 750,855 69,309 (278,256) 86,867 6,344,287 69,082 (12,242) 7,026,981 29,985,746	(7,428,270) (5,811) (1,176,419) 386,397 210,563 (180,000)
Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: Dividend income Loss/ (gain) on sale of marketable securities - net Unrealised diminution on remeasurement of investments classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' Reversal of unrealised appreciation of Term Finance Certificates on redemption Gain on disposal of fixed assets Loss on disposal of liarah assets Deferred income Depreciation Amortisation Intangible written-off Gratuity expense Financial charges Provision for potential liarah & Musharaka losses	(94,000) 750,855 69,309 (278,256) 86,867 6,344,287 69,082 (12,242) 7,026,981	(5.811) (1,176,419) 386,397 210,563 (180,000) (26.873) 283,222 35,999 13,502 112,668
Dividend income Loss/ (qain) on sale of marketable securities - net Unrealised diminution on remeasurement of investments classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' Reversal of unrealised appreciation of Term Finance Certificates on redemption Gain on disposal of fixed assets Loss on disposal of ljarah assets Deferred income Depreciation Amortisation Intangible written-off Gratuity expense Financial charges Provision for potential ljarah & Musharaka losses	750,855 69,309 (278,256) 86,867 6,344,287 69,082 (12,242) 7,026,981	(1,176,419) 386,397 210,563 (180,000) (26,873) 283,222 35,999 13,502 112,668
Loss/ (gain) on sale of marketable securities - net Unrealised diminution on remeasurement of investments classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' Reversal of unrealised appreciation of Term Finance Certificates on redemption Gain on disposal of fixed assets Loss on disposal of liarah assets Deferred income Depreciation Amortisation Intangible written-off Gratuity expense Financial charges Provision for potential liarah & Musharaka losses	750,855 69,309 (278,256) 86,867 6,344,287 69,082 (12,242) 7,026,981	(1,176,419) 386,397 210,563 (180,000) (26,873) 283,222 35,999 13,502 112,668
'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' Reversal of unrealised appreciation of Term Finance Certificates on redemption Gain on disposal of fixed assets Loss on disposal of Ijarah assets Deferred income Depreciation Amortisation Intangible written-off Gratuity expense Financial charges Provision for potential Ijarah & Musharaka losses	(278,256) 86,867 6,344,287 69,082 (12,242) 7,026,981	210,563 (180,000) - (26,873) 283,222 35,999 13,502 112,668
Loss on disposal of Ijarah assets Deferred income Depreciation Amortisation Intangible written-off Gratuity expense Financial charges Provision for potential Ijarah & Musharaka losses	86,867 6,344,287 69,082 (12,242) 7,026,981	(26,873) 283,222 35,999 13,502 112,668
Depreciation Amortisation Intangible written-off Gratuity expense Financial charges Provision for potential Ijarah & Musharaka losses	69.082 (12.242) 7.026,981	283,222 35,999 13,502 112,668
Amortisation Intangible written-off Gratuity expense Financial charges Provision for potential ljarah & Musharaka losses	69.082 (12.242) 7.026,981	35,999 13,502 112,668
Intangible written-off Gratuity expense Financial charges Provision for potential Ijarah & Musharaka losses	(12,242) 7,026,981	13,502 112,668
Financial charges Provision for potential Ijarah & Musharaka losses	7,026,981	
Provision for potential Ijarah & Musharaka losses	Charles of the same	3,656,123
	20 005 746	
Increase) / decrease in assets	29,965,746	944,538 (3,174,361)
Net investment in finance lease		(145,444,458)
Musharaka finance	49,198,575 (14,625,529)	(24,968,800)
Murabaha finance	(44,878,591)	(19,014,375)
Modaraba finance	(20,774,248)	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
Ijarah rentals receivable	(810,667)	March Service
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	(4,597,779)	986,948
Accrued profit	(975,595)	(13,258)
Long-term deposits	(103,000) (37,566,834)	90,000 (188,363,943)
ncrease / (decrease) in liabilities	Year / Park	
Security deposits on lease contracts Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	6,598,156 2,360,457	18,785,012 3,372,445
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	8,958,613	22,157,457
Taxes paid	(68,511)	(251,395)
Dividend paid	(278)	(1,916,404)
Financial charges paid	(6,239,735)	(2,608,523)
Gratuity paid	(6,308,524)	(26,675)
Net cash used in operating activities	(4,930,999)	(174,183,844)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of fixed assets	(6,901,295)	(1,860,440)
Sales proceeds from disposal of fixed assets / Ijarah assets	1,887,608	510,000
Purchase of liarah assets	(62,315,911)	(26,080,044)
Deposit received	- 04 000	5.044
Dividends received Proceeds from sale of investments - net	94,000 (18,214,691)	5,811 28,185,134
Net cash (outflow) / inflow from investing activities	(85,450,289)	760,461
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	TO A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE	2
Short-term finance	(75,000,000)	75,000,000
Right certificates subscription money received	179,625,600	19,958,400
_ong-term finance	(70,000,000)	70,000,000
Certificate of Musharaka	150,625,000	18 1
Repayment of liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Net cash inflow from financing activities	185,250,600	(485,262) 164,473,138
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	94,869,312	(8,950,245)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	33,845,102	42,795,347
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	128,714,414	33,845,102

The annexed notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For KASB Modaraba Management (Private) Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Director Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Certificate capital	Statutory reserve	Right certificates subscription money	Unrealised appreciation / (diminution) on remeasurement of investment classified as 'Available for Sale'	Accumulated loss	Total
K (Q) 1/2			(шросо,		
Balance as at June 30, 2007	83,160,000	8,733,559	-	-	(39,020,907)	52,872,652
Profit distribution for the year ended						
June 30, 2007 @ Rs 0.25 per certificate	-	-	-	-	(2,079,000)	(2,079,000)
Loss for the year ended June 30, 2008	- A	-	-	-	(8,078,270)	(8,078,270)
Transfer to statutory reserve)	-	-	-	-	-
Right share subscription money			19,958,400			19,958,400
Balance as at June 30, 2008	83,160,000	8,733,559	19,958,400	-	(49,178,177)	62,673,782
Right share subscription money	- cull	-	179,625,600	-	-	179,625,600
Issue of right shares	199,584,000	<u>-</u>	(199,584,000)	-	-	-
Profit for the year ended June 30, 2009	(8)	-	-	-	16,022,863	16,022,863
Transfer to statutory reserve	- Property	3,204,573	-	-	(3,204,573)	-
Balance as at June 30, 2009	282,744,000	11,938,132	-		(36,359,887)	258,322,245
The state of the s	The second second					

The annexed notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these financial statements.



Chief Executive Director Director





FOR THE YEAR ENDED IUNE 30, 2009

1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

KASB Modaraba was formed under the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 and the rules framed thereunder and is managed by KASB Modaraba Management Company (Private) Limited, a company incorporated in Pakistan. The address of its registered office is 80-C, 13th Commercial Street, DHA Phase-II, Extension, Karachi. The Management Company is a subsidiary of KASB Bank Limited, which holds 3,985,000 shares out of total issued capital of 4,000,000 shares of KASB Modaraba Management Company (Private) Limited

The Modaraba is a multipurpose perpetual modaraba and is primarily engaged in ijarah financing, finance leasing, musharaka financing, murabaha financing, modaraba financing and investing in listed securities. The Modaraba is listed on the Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges.

2 SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE YEAR

During the current year the Modaraba has issued 240% right certificates to the existing certificate holders. The right issue was approved by the Board of Directors of the Modaraba in their meeting held on February 23, 2008.

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the requirements of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980, Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981 and directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). Wherever the requirements of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980, the Modaraba Rules, 1981 and directives issued by SECP differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980, the Modaraba Rules, 1981 or the directives issued by SECP prevail.

3.2 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective in the current year

During the year ended June 30, 2009, IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' became effective. IFRS 7 has superseded IAS 30 and the disclosure requirements of IAS 32. Adoption of this standard has only resulted in additional disclosures which have been set out in note 32 and note 33 to these financial statements.

During the year ended June 30, 2009, IFRIC Interpretation 14, 'IAS 19 — The limit on a defined benefit asset, minimum funding requirements and their interaction' became effective. The interpretation provides guidance on assessing the limit in IAS 19 - 'Employee Benefits' on the amount of the surplus that can be recognised as an asset. It also explains how the gratuity asset or liability may be affected by a statutory or contractual minimum funding requirement. This interpretation does not have any impact on the Modaraba's financial statements as the Modaraba's gratuity fund has a deficit and is not subject to any minimum funding requirements.

There are other standards, amendments and interpretations that were mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2008 but were considered not to be relevant or did not have any significant effect on the Modaraba's operations.

3.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published accounting standards that are not yet effective

IAS 1 (Revised), 'Presentation of financial statements' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2009), was issued in September 2007. The revised standard requires an entity to present, in a statement of changes in equity, all owner changes in equity. All non-owner changes in equity (i.e. comprehensive income) will be required to be presented separately from owner changes in equity, either in one statement of comprehensive income or in two statements (a separate income statement and a statement of comprehensive income). When the entity applies an accounting policy retrospectively or makes retrospective statement or reclassifies items in the financial statements, they will be required to present a restated financial position (balance sheet) as at beginning of comparative period in addition to the current requirement to present the balance sheet as at the end of the current and the comparative period. The adoption of this standard will only impact the presentation of the financial statements.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED IUNE 30, 2009

The amendment clarifies that a plan amendment that results in a change in the extent to which benefit promises are affected by future salary increases is a curtailment, while an amendment that changes benefits attributable to past service gives rise to a negative past service cost if it results in a reduction in the present value of the defined benefit obligation. Adoption of the amendment is not expected to have any effect on the Modaraba's financial statements.

The definition of return on plan assets has been amended to state that plan administration costs are deducted in the calculation of return on plan assets only to the extent that such costs have been excluded from measurement of the defined benefit obligation. Adoption of the amendment is not expected to have any effect on the Modaraba's financial

The distinction between short term and long term employee benefits will be based on whether benefits are due to be settled within or after 12 months of employee service being rendered. The adoption of this amendment will only impact the presentation of the financial statements.

IAS 36 (Amendment), 'Impairment of assets' (effective from January 1, 2009). As per the new requirements, disclosures equivalent to those for value-in-use calculation should be made where fair value less costs to sell is calculated on the basis of discounted cash flows. Adoption of the amendment is not expected to have significant effect on the Modaraba's financial statements.

IAS 37, 'Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets', requires contingent liabilities to be disclosed, not recognised. IAS 19 has been amended to be consistent with IAS 37.

IAS 38 (Amendment), 'Intangible assets' (effective from January 1, 2009). The amended standard states that a prepayment may only be recognised in the event that payment has been made in advance of obtaining right of access of goods or receipt of services. This amendment is not expected to have a significant effect on the Modaraba's financial statements.

IFRS 7 (Amendment), 'Financial Instruments: Disclosure'. There are a number of minor amendments to IFRS 7 in respect of enhanced disclosures about liquidity risk and fair value measurements. These amendments are unlikely to have an impact on the Modaraba's financial statements and have therefore not been analysed in detail.

There are other amendments to the approved accounting standards and interpretations that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2009 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Modaraba's operations and are therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

Applicability of International Accounting Standard 17 'Leases'

SECP vide its circular No. 10 of 2004 dated February 13, 2004 has deferred, till further orders, the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 17 "Leases" on Modarabas with effect from July 1, 2003 and advised the management companies of Modarabas that they may continue to prepare the financial statements of the Modarabas without applying the requirements of the said IAS to the Modarabas. However, the requirements of the above IAS were considered for the purpose of preparation of these financial statements upto June 30, 2008. From July 1, 2008 all new leases are being accounted for in accordance with the requirements of IFAS 2 as explained in note 3.6. As allowed by the SECP, leases which were accounted for as finance lease in accordance with IAS 17 till June 30, 2008 continue to be accounted for as finance leases.

Islamic Financial Accounting Standard - 1

During the year ended June 30, 2005, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan notified the Islamic Financial Accounting Standard 1 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan relating to accounting for Murabaha transaction undertaken by a bank / financial institution, effective for financial periods beginning on or after January 1, 2006. The Modaraba adopted this standard effective from July 1, 2006.

Islamic Financial Accounting Standard - 2 3.6

During the year ended June 30, 2008, Islamic Financial Accounting Standard 2 'Ijarah' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan which was notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide an SRO 431(1)/2007 dated May 5, 2007. Under the above IFAS 2, the 'ljarah' transactions shall be accounted for in the following manner:

- Muj`ir (lessors) shall present the assets subject to ljarah in their balance sheet according to the nature of the asset, distinguished from the assets in own use.
- Costs, including depreciation on the assets given on Ijarah, incurred in earning the Ijarah income shall be recognized as an expense.







FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

- Ijarah income shall be recognized in income on an accrual basis as and when the rental becomes due, unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which the benefit of the use derived from the leased asset is diminished.

The above IFAS was operative for financial statements covering the period beginning on or after July 1, 2007 and was required to be followed on those Ijarahs which commences after the above mentioned date.

During the current year, SECP vide its letter No. SC/M/RW/SCM/2009 dated March 9, 2009 has directed that IFAS 2 shall be used for liarah transaction executed on or after July 1, 2008.

Consequently, in preparation of these financial statements the Modaraba has accounted for Ijarah transactions executed before July 01, 2008 as finance leases consistent with prior years and has treated the Ijarah transaction executed on or after July 01, 2008 in accordance with the requirements of IFAS 2. Had the Modaraba continued to account for these transactions as finance leases the income for the year would have been lower by Rs 3,841,669.

3.7 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. It also requires management to exercise judgment in application of the Modaraba's accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant accounting estimates and areas where judgments were made by management in the application of accounting policies are disclosed in note 37 to these financial statements.

3.8 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except that certain investments have been marked to market.

3.9 Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Modaraba's functional and presentation currency.

4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and balances with banks on current and deposit accounts.

4.2 Financial assets

4.2.1 Classification

The Modaraba classifies its financial assets in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard 39 (IAS 39) Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables held to maturity and available for sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition and re-evaluates this classification on a regular basis.

- The financial assets included in loans and receivables classification are cash and bank balances, Murabaha finance, Musharaka Finance, Net investment in finance lease and Advances deposits, prepayments and other receivables.
- The financial assets included in held to maturity are investments in sukuk certificates.
- The financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss include investments in listed securities i.e. equity and term finance certificates.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED IUNE 30, 2009

a) At fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets that are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profit from short-term fluctuations in prices are classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category.

b) Loans and receivables

These are non-derivatives financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market.

c) Held to maturity

These are investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity with the Modaraba having positive intent and ability to hold to maturity.

d) Available for sale financial assets

Financial assets intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in equity prices, are classified as 'available for sale'. Available for sale financial instruments are those non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables (b) held to maturity (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

4.2.2 Regular way contracts

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date - the date on which the Modaraba commits to purchase or sell the asset.

4.2.3 Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs except for financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs associated with these financial assets are taken directly to the profit and loss account.

4.2.4 Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets are valued as follows:

a) 'Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss' & 'available for sale'

The investment in listed securities i.e. equity and term finance certificates are market to market using the closing market rates and are carried on the balance sheet at fair value.

Gains and losses arising from the difference between the carrying amount and the value determined in accordance with the criteria mentioned above in respect of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are taken to the income statement.

Net gains and losses arising from the excess of value determined in accordance with the above mentioned criteria over the carrying amount in respect of available for sale financial assets are taken to equity until the available for sale investment is derecognised. At this time, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised directly in equity is transferred to the income statement.

b) 'Loans and receivables' & 'held to maturity'

Loans and receivables and held to maturity financial assets are carried at amortised cost.

4.2.5 Impairment

The management assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that the financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available for sale financial assets, the cumulative loss-measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss - is reclassified from equity to profit and loss account. Impairment losses recognised on equity instruments are not reversed through profit and loss. For loans and receivables, a provision for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the Modaraba will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.







FOR THE YEAR ENDED IUNE 30, 2009

4.2.6 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired or have been transferred and the Modaraba has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

4.2.7 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.2.8 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Modaraba becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired.

4.3 Net Investment in Finance lease

Assets owned by the Modaraba but subject to finance lease are included in the financial statements as "Net investment in finance lease" at an amount equal to the present value of the lease payments, including estimated residual value. Allowance for non-performing leases are made in accordance with the Prudential Regulations for Modarabas issued by SECP and is charged to the profit and loss account currently.

4.4 Receivable from terminated / matured contracts

These are stated net of impairment loss. Impairment loss is recognised for doubtful receivables on the basis of Prudential Regulations for Modarabas issued by the SECP or based on the judgment of management, whichever is higher. Bad debts are written off when identified.

4.5 Lease rentals, murabaha finance, musharaka finance and modaraba finance

Lease rentals, murabaha finance, musharaka finance and modaraba finance receivables are stated net of provisions and suspense income, Provision is recognised for lease rentals receivables, in accordance with Prudential Regulations for Modaraba. Bad debts are written off as and when identified.

4.6 Fixed assets - Tangible

4.6.1 Owned assets

Assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the assets' carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Modaraba and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit and loss account during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is charged to income applying the straight-line method whereby the cost of an asset is written-off over its estimated useful life. Depreciation is charged on additions from the month the asset is available for use and on disposals up to the month preceding the month of disposal.

Repairs and maintenance are charged to income as and when incurred.

4.6.2 Ijarah assets

Leased assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is charged to income applying the straight line method whereby the cost of an asset less salvage value is written off over the lease period, which is considered to be the estimated useful life of the asset. In respect of additions and disposals during the year, depreciation is charged on monthly basis from the date of commencement of lease. While no depreciation is charged in the month of maturity / termination.

4.6.3 Gain or loss on disposal

Gains / losses on disposal of fixed assets are charged to the profit and loss account currently.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED IUNE 30, 2009

4.6.4 Impairment

The carrying values of assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amount.

4.6.5 Intangible assets

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of the cost incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives.

4.7 Loans, advances and other receivables

These are stated at cost less estimates made for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the balance sheet date. Balances considered bad and irrecoverable are written off when identified.

4.8 Taxation

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year at the current rates of taxation after taking into account applicable tax credits, rebates and exemption available, if any. The income of non-trading modarabas is exempt from tax provided that not less than 90% of their profits are distributed to the certificate-holders. The Modaraba has decided to continue availing the tax exemption and hence no provision has been made in these financial statements for tax liability in the current year.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet liability method, on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts appearing in the financial statements. Deferred tax liability is recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax asset is recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the future and taxable income will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax asset and liability is measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

4.9 Creditors, accrued and other liabilities

These are carried at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services.

4.10 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Modaraba has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.11 Staff retirement benefits

Unfunded gratuity scheme

The Modaraba operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for all eligible employees who have completed the minimum qualifying period of service. Annual contributions are made to the fund on the basis of actuarial recommendations. The actuarial valuations are carried out using the Projected Unit Credit method. Cumulative net unrecognised actuarial gains and losses at the end of the previous year which exceed 10% of the higher of the present value of the Modaraba's gratuity obligation and the fair value of the Modaraba's assets are amortised over the expected average remaining working lives of the employees.





FOR THE YEAR ENDED IUNE 30, 2009

4.12 Revenue recognition

Finance Lease

The Modaraba follows the finance method for recognising income on Finance lease. Under this method the unearned income i.e. the excess of aggregate lease rentals (including residual value) over the net investment (cost of finance lease) outstanding is deferred and then amortised over the term of the lease, so as to produce a constant periodic rate of return on net investment in the lease. Documentation charges, front-end fee and other lease income are recognised as income on receipt basis.

liarah

Income on Ijarah is recognised on accrual basis.

Musharaka Finance

Profit on Musharaka arrangements is recognised on the basis of the projected rate of profit. The effect of adjustments, if any, between actual rate and projected rate of profit is accounted for at the end of the transaction after determination of the actual rate.

Murabaha Finance

The Modaraba follows the finance method in recognising income on murabaha finance. Under this method the unearned income i.e. the excess of aggregate murabaha instalments over the cost of the asset under murabaha facility is deferred and then amortised over the term of the murabaha, so as to produce a constant rate of return on murabaha finance. Documentation charges, front-end fee and other murabaha income are recognised as income on a receipt basis.

Modaraba Finance

Profit on modaraba finance is recognised on the basis of pre-agreed profit / loss sharing ratio when actual gain / loss on transaction is computed upon termination / completion of transaction.

Dividend Income

Dividend income is recognised when the Modaraba's right to receive the dividend is established.

4.13 Proposed profit distribution to certificate holder

Profit distribution to certificate holders is recognised as a liability in the period in which such distribution is announced.

		Note	2009	2008
			(Rup	ees)
5.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		B.	16
			200	
	With banks in current accounts	5.2	465,233	20,435,468
	With banks in deposit account	5.1 & 5.2	99,119,848	13,381,159
	With State Bank of Pakistan		12,012	15,836
	Cash in hand		2,425	12,439
	Redemption fund for Certificate of Musharaka		14,113,796	-
	Term deposits receipts	5.3	15,000,000	=
	Stamp Papers	_	1,100	200
		=	128,714,414	33,845,102

- 5.1 These deposits accounts carry profit at rates ranging from 5.15 % to 16.5% (2008: 11% to 12.5%).
- 5.2 Balances with banks include an amount of Rs 39,593,140 (2008: Rs 29,669,011) held with KASB Bank Limited which is a related party. The deposit accounts with related party carry profit at a rate of 12% to 14% (2008: 11%).
- 5.3 Term Deposit receipts include an amount of Rs 10,000,000 (2008: nil) held with KASB Bank Limited which is a related party. The deposit receipts with related party carry profit at a rate of 16% to 18%(2008: nil). Other deposit receipts carry profit at rates ranging from 14.5% to 18% (2008: nil).





		Note	2009	2008
6	INVESTMENTS		(Rup	ees)

6.1 Short-term investments

'Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss' - held for trading

- Term Finance Certificates - listed 6.1.1 - 438,600 - Equity securities - listed 6.1.2 2,296,334 3,512,289

Held to maturity

Current portion of Sukuk Bonds - unlisted

2,296,334 3,950,889 6.2 1,960,000 -

1,960,000

Balance as at June 30, 2009

4,256,334 3,950,889

6.1.1 Term Finance Certificates - listed

	Number of	certificates			Ва	alance as at June 30	, 2009
Name of investee company	As at July 01, 2008 Purchases during the year	Matured during the year	As at June 30, 2009	Profit / mark-up rate	Carrying cost	Market value	Appreciation/ (diminution)

Term Finance Certificate of Rs 5,000 each unless stated otherwise

 Al-Zamin Leasing Modaraba
 258
 8%

Number of shares

Total listed Term Finance Certificates

6.1.2 Equity Securities - listed

Name of investee co	mpany	As at July 01, 2008	Purchases during the year	Bonus / right issue	Sales during the year	As at June 30, 2009	Carrying cost	Market value	Appreciation/ (diminution)			
Fully paid ordinary shares of Rs 10 each unless stated otherwise												
	3											
Saleem Denim Industries L		19,200	-	-	-	19,200	28,800	28,800	-			
Crescent Jute Products Lin		1,021	-	-	-	1,021	2,859	1,531	(1,328)			
Engro Chemical Pakistan L	William Street, Square, Square	11,000	64,400	-	59,000	16,400	2,166,484	2,106,253	(60,231)			
Sui Northern Gas Pipelines	Limited	-	5,000	-	-	5,000	167,500	159,750	(7,750)			
Engro Polymer & Chemical	s Limited	-	5,000	-	5,000	-	-	-	-			
Fauji Cement Company Lir	nited	-	10,000	-	10,000	-	-	-	-			
Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim L	imited	-	8,000	-	8,000	-	-	-	-			
Fauji Fertilizer Company		-	2,000	-	2,000	-	-	-	-			
Hub Power Company Limit	ed	-	14,000	-	14,000	-	-	-	-			
ICI Pakistan Limited		-	2,000	-	2,000	-	-	-	-			
Lucky Cement Limited		4,000	10,000	-	14,000	-	-	-	-			
Maple Leaf Cement limited		-	15,000	-	15,000	-	-	-	-			
Nishat Mills		-	17,500	-	17,500	-	-	-	-			
Oil & Gas Development												
Corporation Limited		-	38,000	-	38,000	-	-	-	-			
PICIC Energy Fund		-	15,000	-	15,000	-	-	-	-			
Pakistan Oilfields Limited		-	19,000	-	19,000	-	-	-	-			
Pakistan Petroleum Limited	I	-	8,000	-	8,000	-	-	-	-			
Pakistan State Oil Compan	y Limited	-	2,000	-	2,000	-	-	-	-			
Pakistan Telecommunication	n											
Company Limited		-	20,000	-	20,000	-	-	-	-			
Sui Southern Gas Compan	y Limited	-	5,000	-	5,000	-	_					
Total listed equity securit	ies						2,365,643	2,296,334	(69,309)			







FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

6.2 Long Term Investment

Held to maturity

Sukuk bonds - unlisted

		Number of certificates					Carrying out	
	Name of investee company	As at July 01, 2008	Purchases during the year	Sales during the year	As at June 30, 2009	Profit / mark-up rate	Balance as at June 30, 2009	Balance as at June 30, 2008
,	Sukuk bonds of Rs.5,000 each unless stated otherwise							

						All you	1111
Kohat Cement Company Limited	-	2,000	-	2,000	14.71%	8,980,000	M
					(6M KIBOR + 1.80%)	E C	
Maple Leaf Cement Factory Limited	-	2,000	-	2,000	15.44%	10,000,000	/ 20
					(6M KIBOR + 1.70%)	1	
Total Sukuk Bonds						18,980,000	MAN - S
Less: Current portion of sukuk bonds					E 02	(1,960,000)	No. of
					No.	17,020,000	1000
					ACCEPTAGE OF THE PARTY OF THE P		

Note 2009 2008 -----(Rupees)-----

7 MURABAHA FINANCE

Murabaha receivables - gross Less: unearned income

Less: provision for non-performing assets

Murabaha finance - due after one year Current portion of Murabaha Finance 7.1 70,777,104 20,231,001 1,216,626 19,014,375

63,892,966 19,014,375 8,000,000 55,892,966 19,014,375

7.1 The profit rates on these murabaha arrangements range from 14.5% to 19% (2008: 14.36% to 17.93%)

2009 2008 -----(Rupees)------

8 MODARABA FINANCE

Modaraba finance

20,774,248 -

The Modaraba has provided funds under modaraba arrangements on profit and loss sharing basis to various entities. The profit / loss is to be shared in pre-agreed ratios. On termination date, the accounts of the modaraba shall be drawn up in accordance with accepted accounting principles and the profit / loss if any shall be worked out and paid in proportion specified.

2009	2008
(Rup	ees)

9 MUSHARAKA FINANCE

Musharaka receivables Provision for non-performing assets

Musharaka finance - due after one year Current portion of Musharaka Finance

40,234,329 (640,000)	25,608,800 (640,000)
(640,000)	(640,000)
39,594,329	24,968,800
39.594.329	24.968.800

9.1 The Modaraba has provided funds under Musharaka arrangements for working capital requirements on profit and loss sharing basis. Expected rate of profit ranges from 16.28% to18.3% (2008: 12.8% to 28.76%) per annum. All musharaka arrangements are secured against hypothecation of assets, personal guarantees and promissory notes.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

10 NET INVESTMENT IN FINANCE LEASE

		2009				2008		
	Note	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Total	Not later than one year	Later than one and less than five years	Total	
					(Rupees)-—-			
	Minimum lease payments receivable	55,182,592	40,387,949	95,570,541	57,832,300	99,123,494	156,955,794	
-	Add: Residual value	874,750	16,243,467	17,118,217	50,000	19,310,262	19,360,262	
0		56,057,342	56,631,416	112,688,758	57,882,300	118,433,756	176,316,056	
7	Less: Unearned finance income	(10,567,095)	(3,667,361)	(14,234,456)	(16,298,692)	(12,752,798)	(29,051,490)	
	Suspended income Allowance for potential	(432,214)	-	(432,214)	(43,903)	-	(43,903)	
	lease losses 10.3	(304,538)	-	(304,538)	(264,611)	(39,927)	(304,538)	
	10.1	44,753,495	52,964,055	97,717,550	41,275,094	105,641,031	146,916,125	
					-	2009 (Rup	2008 ees)	
0.1	Total receivable	Fig.				97,717,550	146,916,125	
	Later than one year	3				52,964,055	105,641,031	
1	Less than one year	3			:	44,753,495	41,275,094	
0.2	There are no ljarah contracts recranges from 12.75% to 28.02% per		•		a's implicit ra	ite of return on	ijarah finance	
	V PACE AND	/ N. 104			NI-4-	0000	0000	
0.3	Allowance for potential lease los	ses			Note -	2009 (Rup	2008 nees)	

	ranges from 12.75% to 28.02% per annum (2008: 7.51% to 28.01%).			,
40.0		Note	2009	2008
10.3	Allowance for potential lease losses		(Rupe	es)
	Provision and write offs Reversal of provision against lease rental		304,538 -	304,538 -
14			304,538	304,538
11	IJARAH RENTAL RECEIVABLES			
	Lease rental accrued		810,667	-
1000	Suspended lease rentals			
			810,667	-
12	ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Loan and advances to:			
_	- Executives		173,609	161,904
14	- Employees		336,418	13,000
	Advances to suppliers and others		520,000	471,608
F	Advances against ijarah assets		1,809,000	-
A STATE OF	Prepayments		1,070,063	390,288
	Others		1,735,489	10,000
	Overdue ijarah rentals		11,076	11,076
			5,655,655	1,057,876
	Less: provision in respect of overdue ijarah rental		(11,076)	(11,076)
			5,644,579	1,046,800
13	ACCRUED PROFIT			
	Accrued profit on Term Finance Certificates		=	683
	Accrued profit on Sukuk Certificates		154,635	_
	Accrued profit on bank accounts	13.1	501,213	185,102
	Accrued profit on musharaka arrangements		792,040	194,739
	Less: provision in respect of accrued profit on musharaka arrangements		(206,981)	(115,212)
			585,059	79,527
			1 240 907	265 312

13.1 Accrued profit on bank accounts include an amount of Rs 352,119 receivable from KASB Bank Limited.







FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

14 TAXATION

- 14.1 No provision for current taxation has been made as the Modaraba has accumulated tax losses of approximately Rs.15.454 million as at June 30, 2009.
- 14.2 As at June 30, 2009 the Modaraba has net deferred tax liability amounting to Rs 5,317,385 which has not recognized in these financial statements as the Modaraba intends to avail the tax exemption available to all non-trading modarabas as referred to in note 4.8 by distributing at least 90% of its income every year in future.

15	IJARAH ASSETS	Note	2009 2008 (Rupees)
	Plant & Machinery	15.1	28,572,809 -
	Motor Vehicles	15.1	26,751,530 -
	Computers	15.1	12,600
		(A)	55,336,939 -

15.1 The following is a statement of ijarah assets:

	IJaran Assets			THE PERSON OF TH
	Plant & Machinery	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories	Total
		(R	upees)	
At July 01, 2008	,	Mato.		35237
Cost	- A		YES AND	
Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	- (6)	W Y		电影
Net book value	- 13			
Additions	30,867,719	31,420,192	28,000	62,315,911
Transfer from leased to owned assets		Canal Control	Control of the	
		6		
Cost	- I	W (CI)	100	
Depreciation			/ 4	
Diamagala	-		-/	
Disposals		(4.700.000)		(4.700.000)
Cost	- I	(1,709,000)		(1,709,000)
Depreciation	-	384,525		384,525
	(0.004.040)	(1,324,475)	() I I	(1,324,475)
Depreciation / amortisation charge for the year	(2,294,910)	(3,344,187)	(15,400)	(5,654,497)
Closing net book value	28,572,809	26,751,530	12,600	55,336,939
		450	Birds and	
At June 30, 2009			1 (C)	111
Cost	30,867,719	29,711,192	28,000	60,606,911
Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	(2,294,910)	(2,959,662)	(15,400)	(5,269,972)
Net book value	28,572,809	26,751,530	12,600	55,336,939

-Year ended June 30, 2009

15.2 Disposal of Ijarah Assets

The following assets were disposed of during the year having carrying value of more than Rs 50,000:

			Cost	Accumulated depreciation (Rupee	Net book value	Sale proceeds	Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyer
	Motor Veh	nicle	1,709,000	384,525	1,324,475	1,237,608	Negotiation	Sigma Leasing
	2009	Rupees	1,709,000	384,525	1,324,475	1,237,608		Corporation
	2008	Rupees	-	_	-	-		
16	FIXED A	SSETS				Note .	2009 (Ru _l	2008 pees)
	Owned a Leased a Intangible	assets				16.1 16.1 16.1	7,643,188 - - - 7,643,188	1,803,427 - - - 1,803,427

NNUAL REPORT 2009

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



16.1 The following is a statement of fixed assets:

				real e	ended June 30	, 2000		
			Owned assets	s		Leased		Intangible assets
				-		assets	Total	
	Furniture, fixtures and	Office	Electrical	Motor	Computers and	Vehicles	Total	Computer
	equipment	equipment	equipment	vehicles	accessories			software
					Rupees			
At July 01, 2008								
Cost	115,250	18,050	50,597	1,134,450	807,543	-	2,125,890	145,000
Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	(103,649)	(18,049)	(2,606)	(42,890)	(155,269)	-	(322,463)	(145,000)
Net book value	11,601	1	47,991	1,091,560	652,274	-	1,803,427	-
11/2								
Additions	3,542,858	6,150	1,665,647	1,473,390	213,250	_	6,901,295	_
1 (() 3)								
Transfer from lease to owned assets								
Cost	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	II . I
Depreciation								
Depreciation				-	-			ـــــا
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals		1	1					
Cost	-	-	-	(448,500)	-	-	(448,500)	-
Depreciation	-	-	-	76,756	-		76,756	<u> </u>
	3	-	-	(371,744)	-	-	(371,744)	-
Depreciation / amortisation charge for the year	(62,088)	(205)	(92,419)	(285,722)	(249,356)	_	(689,790)	=
Closing net book value	3,492,371	5,946	1,621,219	1,907,484	616,168	-	7,643,188	
		5,5.5	.,,=.0	.,,	0, . 0 0		.,,	
At June 30, 2009	- CA							
A STATE OF THE STA	2.050.400	24.200	4 740 044	0.450.040	4 000 700		0.570.005	445.000
Cost	3,658,108	24,200	1,716,244	2,159,340	1,020,793	-	8,578,685	145,000
Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	(165,737)	(18,254)	(95,025)	(251,856)	(404,625)	-	(935,497)	(145,000)
Net book value	3,492,371	5,946	1,621,219	1,907,484	616,168	-	7,643,188	
Depreciation rate % per anum	10	10	20	20	30	20		30
	70							
1 N. C. V. V. V. SHILLINGS	300							
TOTAL DAY				Year e	ended June 30	, 2008		
	·		Owned assets		ended June 30	, 2008 Leased		Intangible assets
	Ž		Owned assets				Taval	Intangible assets
	Furniture,	Office	Electrical	Motor	Computers	Leased assets	Total	Computer
	Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1	1	5		Leased	Total	
	fixtures and	Office	Electrical	Motor	Computers and	Leased assets	Total	Computer
At July 01, 2007	fixtures and	Office	Electrical	Motor	Computers and accessories	Leased assets	Total	Computer
At July 01, 2007 Cost	fixtures and	Office	Electrical	Motor	Computers and accessories	Leased assets	Total 1,224,550	Computer
	fixtures and equipment	Office equipment	Electrical	Motor	Computers and accessories - Rupees	Leased assets Vehicles		Computer software
Cost	fixtures and equipment	Office equipment	Electrical	Motor	Computers and accessories Rupees	Leased assets Vehicles	1,224,550	Computer software
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	103,250 (103,249)	Office equipment 77,150 (77,149)	Electrical	Motor	Computers and accessories	Leased assets Vehicles 900,000 (405,000)	1,224,550 (668,341)	Computer software 145,000 (95,499)
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value	103,250 (103,249)	Office equipment 77,150 (77,149)	Electrical equipment - -	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207	Leased assets Vehicles 900,000 (405,000)	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209	Computer software 145,000 (95,499)
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	103,250 (103,249)	Office equipment 77,150 (77,149)	Electrical	Motor	Computers and accessories	Leased assets Vehicles 900,000 (405,000)	1,224,550 (668,341)	Computer software 145,000 (95,499)
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions	103,250 (103,249)	Office equipment 77,150 (77,149)	Electrical equipment - -	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207	Leased assets Vehicles 900,000 (405,000)	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209	Computer software 145,000 (95,499)
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets	103,250 (103,249)	Office equipment 77,150 (77,149)	Electrical equipment - -	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207	Leased assets Vehicles 900,000 (405,000) 495,000	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440	145,000 (95,499) 49,501
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost	103,250 (103,249)	77,150 (77,149) 1	Electrical equipment 50,597	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393	Leased assets Vehicles 900,000 (405,000) 495,000 - (900,000)	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000)	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets	103,250 (103,249)	Office equipment 77,150 (77,149)	Electrical equipment - -	Motor vehicles 1,134,450 495,000	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393	Peased assets Vehicles 900,000 (405,000) 495,000 - (900,000) 405,000	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440	145,000 (95,499) 49,501
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost Depreciation	103,250 (103,249)	77,150 (77,149) 1	Electrical equipment 50,597	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393	Leased assets Vehicles 900,000 (405,000) 495,000 - (900,000)	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000)	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost	103,250 (103,249)	77,150 (77,149) 1	Electrical equipment 50,597	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393	Peased assets Vehicles 900,000 (405,000) 495,000 - (900,000) 405,000	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000) 405,000	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost Depreciation	103,250 (103,249)	77,150 (77,149) 1	Electrical equipment 50,597	Motor vehicles 1,134,450 495,000	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393	Peased assets Vehicles 900,000 (405,000) 495,000 - (900,000) 405,000	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000) 405,000 - (554,100)	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost Depreciation Disposals	103,250 (103,249)	77,150 (77,149) 1	Electrical equipment 50,597	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393	Peased assets Vehicles 900,000 (405,000) 495,000 - (900,000) 405,000	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000) 405,000	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost Depreciation Disposals Cost	103,250 (103,249)	77,150 (77,149) 1 - - (59,100)	Electrical equipment 50,597	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393	Peased assets Vehicles 900,000 (405,000) 495,000 - (900,000) 405,000	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000) 405,000 - (554,100)	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost Depreciation Disposals Cost Depreciation	103,250 (103,249) 1 12,000	77,150 (77,149) 1 - - (59,100) 59,100	Electrical equipment	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393	Peased assets Vehicles 900,000 (405,000) 495,000 - (900,000) 405,000	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000) 405,000 - (554,100) 224,100 (330,000)	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost Depreciation Disposals Cost Depreciation Depreciation / amortisation charge for the year	103,250 (103,249) 1 12,000	77,150 (77,149) 1 - - (59,100) 59,100	Electrical equipment	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393 (72,326)	Peased assets Vehicles 900,000 (405,000) 495,000 - (900,000) 405,000	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000) 405,000 - (554,100) 224,100 (330,000) (283,222)	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost Depreciation Disposals Cost Depreciation	103,250 (103,249) 1 12,000	77,150 (77,149) 1 - - (59,100) 59,100	Electrical equipment	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393	Peased assets Vehicles 900,000 (405,000) 495,000	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000) 405,000 - (554,100) 224,100 (330,000)	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost Depreciation Disposals Cost Depreciation Depreciation / amortisation charge for the year Closing net book value	103,250 (103,249) 1 12,000	77,150 (77,149) 1 - - (59,100) 59,100	Electrical equipment	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393 (72,326)	Page 1	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000) 405,000 - (554,100) 224,100 (330,000) (283,222)	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost Depreciation Disposals Cost Depreciation Depreciation / amortisation charge for the year Closing net book value At June 30, 2008	103,250 (103,249) 1 12,000	77,150 (77,149) 1 - (59,100) 59,100	Electrical equipment	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393 (72,326) 652,274	Page 1	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000) 405,000 - (554,100) 224,100 (330,000) (283,222) 1,803,427	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501 (49,501)
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost Depreciation Disposals Cost Depreciation Depreciation / amortisation charge for the year Closing net book value At June 30, 2008 Cost	103,250 (103,249) 1 12,000	Office equipment 77,150 (77,149) 1 - (59,100) 59,100 - 1 18,050	Electrical equipment	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393 (72,326) 652,274	Page 1	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000) 405,000 - (554,100) 224,100 (330,000) (283,222) 1,803,427	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501 (49,501) - 145,000
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost Depreciation Disposals Cost Depreciation Depreciation / amortisation charge for the year Closing net book value At June 30, 2008	103,250 (103,249) 1 12,000	77,150 (77,149) 1 - (59,100) 59,100	Electrical equipment	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393 (72,326) 652,274	Page 1	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000) 405,000 - (554,100) 224,100 (330,000) (283,222) 1,803,427	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501 (49,501)
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost Depreciation Disposals Cost Depreciation Depreciation / amortisation charge for the year Closing net book value At June 30, 2008 Cost	103,250 (103,249) 1 12,000	Office equipment 77,150 (77,149) 1 - (59,100) 59,100 - 1 18,050	Electrical equipment	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393 (72,326) 652,274	Page 1	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000) 405,000 - (554,100) 224,100 (330,000) (283,222) 1,803,427	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501 (49,501) - 145,000
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost Depreciation Disposals Cost Depreciation Depreciation / amortisation charge for the year Closing net book value At June 30, 2008 Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	103,250 (103,249) 1 12,000 (400) 11,601 115,250 (103,649)	77,150 (77,149) 1 - (59,100) 59,100 - 1 18,050 (18,049)	Electrical equipment	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393 (72,326) 652,274 807,543 (155,269)	Page 1	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000) 405,000 - (554,100) 224,100 (330,000) (283,222) 1,803,427 2,125,890 (322,463)	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501 (49,501) - 145,000
Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation Net book value Additions Transfer from lease to owned assets Cost Depreciation Disposals Cost Depreciation Depreciation / amortisation charge for the year Closing net book value At June 30, 2008 Cost Accumulated depreciation / amortisation	103,250 (103,249) 1 12,000 (400) 11,601 115,250 (103,649)	77,150 (77,149) 1 - (59,100) 59,100 - 1 18,050 (18,049)	Electrical equipment	Motor vehicles	Computers and accessories - Rupees 144,150 (82,943) 61,207 663,393 (72,326) 652,274 807,543 (155,269)	Page 1	1,224,550 (668,341) 556,209 1,860,440 (405,000) 405,000 - (554,100) 224,100 (330,000) (283,222) 1,803,427 2,125,890 (322,463)	Computer software 145,000 (95,499) 49,501 (49,501) - 145,000





FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

16.2 Disposal of fixed assets

The following assets were disposed of during the year having carrying value of more than Rs 50,000:

		Cost	Accumulated depreciation (Rupee	Net book value s)	Sale proceeds	Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyer
Motor Veh	nicle	448,500	76,756	371,744	650,000	Negotiation	Feteh Motors
2009	Rupees	448,500	76,756	371,744	650,000		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
2008	Rupees	495.000	165.000	330.000	495.000	1000	

17 CERTIFICATE OF MUSHARAKA

2009 2008 -----(Rupees)-----

2008

Certificate of Musharaka

17.1 & 17.2 <u>150,625,000</u> <u>150,625,000</u>

- 17.1 The estimated share of profit payable on COM's ranges from 13.00% to 16% (2008: Nil) per annum.
- 17.2 Certificate of Musharaka includes an amount of Rs 3,500,000 due to KASB Technologies which is a related party. The certificate with related party carries profit at a rate of 14% (2008: Nil)

18 SECURITY DEPOSITS

inance lease	ljarah	Total	Finance lease	liarah	Total
					Total
17,118,217	8,840,201	25,958,418	19,360,262		19,360,262
16,243,467	8,840,201	25,083,668	19,310,262		19,310,262
874,750	-	874,750	50,000	1. 1.4	50,000
	16,243,467	16,243,467 8,840,201	16,243,467 8,840,201 25,083,668	16,243,467 8,840,201 25,083,668 19,310,262	16,243,467 8,840,201 25,083,668 19,310,262 -

18.1 Represents sums received under ijarah / finance lease repayable / adjustable at the expiry of the lease period.

		2009	8
19	CREDITORS, ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES	(Rupees)	
	Management	1700 040	the second
	Management fee payable	1,780,318	- 34
	Sundry creditors	1,503,074 975	5,700
	Accrued expenses	3,451,363 1,432	2,316
	Advance received against Certificates of Musharaka	1,025,000	إزودر
	Unrealised income on musharaka	4	6,302
	Advance ijarah rentals	97,492	5,936
	Underwriting commission payable	- 2,24	4,800
	Other liabilities	72,345 10	6,835
		7.929.592 4.78	1.889

19.1 Amounts due to associated undertakings as at June 30, 2009 aggregated Rs 1,880,679 (2008: Rs 2,057,983).

20 STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEME

20.1 Staff Gratuity Scheme

As disclosed in note 4.11, the Modaraba operates an unapproved, unfunded gratuity scheme for its permanent employees. During the current year, actuaries were appointed to value the scheme as at June 30, 2009 using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Last year, the scheme was valued by the management using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The information in notes 20.2 - 20.8 relating to the 2009 financial year has been obtained from the actuarial valuation report.

20.2 Principal actuarial assumptions used: 2009

The following significant assumptions have been used for the valuation of this scheme:

-	Valuation discount rate	14%	0%
-	Expected rate of increase in salary level	14%	0%

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009



20.3 Amount recognised in the profit and loss account:

The following amounts have been charged in the profit and loss account during the current year in respect of the scheme:

	solicine.		2009 (Rupee	2008
		'	(Rupee	:s)
	Current service cost		64,925	_
Contract of the last of the la	Interest cost		14,661	_
16	Transitional (asset) / liability recognised		(91,828)	_
4		20.9	(12,242)	-
20.4	Liability recognised in the balance sheet:	=		
	Present value of obligation		195,968	214,000
777	Unrecognised actuarial gains / (losses)	_	5,790	-
		_	201,758	214,000
20.5	Movement in liability:			
	Opening Liability		214,000	=
	Expense	20.9	(12,242)	214,000
	Benefits paid Liability to be recognised in the balance sheet	_	201,758	214,000
1		=		
20.6	Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation			
Na N	Present value of defined benefit obligation as at July 1, 2008		122,172	-
S. O.	Current service cost		64,925	214,000
	Interest cost		14,661	-
NEX	Actuarial gain	_	(5,790)	
	Present value of defined benefit obligation as at June 30, 2009	=	195,968	214,000
20.7	Actuarial (Gain)/ Loss in obligations			
1	Experience adjustments		5,790	_
110			5,. 55	

- 20.8 Based on actuarial advice, the Modaraba estimates a gratuity expense of in Rs 113,058 in 2010.
- **20.9** This amount represents the difference in the present value of the defined benefit obligation as at June 30, 2008 as estimated by management versus the estimate prepared by the actuaries. This has been written back to the profit and loss account.

21 CERTIFICATE CAPITAL

Authorised certificate capital

2009 Number of	2008 certificates		2009 (Rup	2008 ees)
50,000,000	50,000,000	Modaraba Certificates of Rs 10 each	500,000,000	500,000,000
Issued, subs	cribed and paic	l-up capital		
24,958,400	5,000,000	Modaraba Certificates of Rs 10 each fully paid in cash	249,584,000	50,000,000
3,316,000	3,316,000	Modaraba Certificates of Rs 10 each issued as fully paid bonus certificates	33,160,000	33,160,000
28,274,400	8,316,000		282,744,000	83,160,000

- 21.1 As at 30 June 2009, KASB Modaraba Management Company (Private) Limited (the Management Company) held 3,913,940 certificates (2008: 872,600 certificates).
- 21.2 During the current year, the management of the Modaraba has increased the paid-up certificate capital from 8,316,000 to 28,274,400 certificates through a rights issue. The rights issue was approved in the Board meeting held on February 23, 2008.





FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

22 STATUTORY RESERVE

Statutory reserve represents profits set aside to comply with the Prudential Regulations for modarabas issued by the SECP. These regulations require a modaraba to transfer not less than 20% and not more than 50% of its after tax profit its uch time that reserves equal 100% of the paid up capital. Thereafter, a sum not less than 5% of the after tax profit is to be transferred.

During the current year the Modaraba has transferred an amount of Rs 3,204,573 which represents 20% of the profit after tax.

23 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no contingencies outstanding as at June 30, 2009. However, commitments amounting to Rs 5,889,100 (2008: Nil) in respect of diminishing musharaka facility have been entered into by the Modaraba.

		/	2009	2008
24	INCOME FROM LEASING OPERATIONS	A	(Rupe	ees)
	Finance lease	(3)	KYV !	
	Mark-up earned	10		
	Plant & machinery	A September .	9,611,280	2,264,650
	Motor vehicles	AT CO	5,412,886	1,815,908
	Other		5,164,147	1,757,084
	Gain on termination	18 (247,969	7 - 10) Text
	Lance	Za.	20,436,282	5,837,642
	Less: Direct cost associated with finance lease	20144	43,410	65,040
	Suspended income	All and	388,311	43,903
		6 (W)	(431,721)	(108,943)
			20,004,561	5,728,699
	ljarah	Bon	/V/ 10	
	Rentals			
	Plant & machinery	300	2,303,788	V 200 3
	Motor vehicle		3,930,087	Mary Mary
	Other		17,780	75.75.276
	Gain / (loss) on disposal of ijarah assets	The same of the sa	(86,867)	Marie Late
		8000	6,164,788	A Tari
	Less: depreciation on Ijarah assets	(d	(5,654,497) 510,291	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		A A	20,514,852	5,728,699
		(G	20,014,002	3,720,033
25	(LOSS) / GAIN ON SALE OF MARKETABLE SECURITIES - NET	4	Dentil Control	
	Securities classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit		(S)	
	or loss' - net		(750,855)	900,900
	Letter of rights		(750.055)	275,519
			(750,855)	1,176,419
26	FINANCIAL CHARGES			The same of
	Profit on short term musharaka finance		1,453,427	3,049,998
	Profit on long term musharaka finance		1,329,177	580,341
	Profit on certificate of musharaka		4,221,733	-
	Lease finance charges		-	23,044
	Bank charges		22,644	2,740
			7,026,981	3,656,123
27	OTHER INCOME			
	Profit / (loss) on disposal of assets in own use		278,256	180,000
	Dividend income (net of zakat)		94,000	5,811
	Miscellaneous income		12,149	1,768
	Documentation charges		325,300	371,000
	Front end fee		59,350	301,998
	Deferred income		-	26,873
	Commission on bank guarantee		4,000	2,500
	Insurance income (leased out)		185,323	99,231
			958,378	989,181

ANNUAL REPORT 2009

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



		Note	2009	2008
28	ADMINISTRATIVE AND OPERATING EXPENSES		(Rupe	es)
	Salaries and benefits	31	9,082,837	2,955,131
	Utilities		821,052	91,150
	Insurance		124,189	29,981
	Vehicle running and maintenance		482,595	194,034
	Postage		56,983	54,551
1000	Repairs and maintenance		209,947	71,634
	Entertainment		79,034	57,482
1/5	Printing and stationery		1,059,929	355,669
L Y-K	Travelling & conveyance		204,402	94,560
1	Fee and subscriptions		1,484,498	3,467,254
	Auditors' remuneration	28.1	311,618	252,382
	Legal and professional charges		1,415,609	411,000
	Depreciation		689,790	283,222
	Premium amortization		69,082	35,999
	Intangible written-off		=	13,502
A SECTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	Advertisements		844,942	1,259,704
	Rent, rate & taxes		356,393	-
1,435	Generator Expenses		177,037	-
	Newspapers and periodicals		10,073	19,901
	CIB charges		15,071	11,150
17	Donations		12,000	-
	Others	_	610,998	4,858,135
		_	18,118,079	14,516,441
28.1	Auditors' Remuneration	-		
	Annual audit fee		212,500	150,000
NEX.	Review of interim financial statements		50,000	75,000
100	Tax services		-	· -
	Out of pocket expenses		49,118	27,382
774			311,618	252,382
29	MODARABA MANAGEMENT COMPANY FEE	-		

In accordance with the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981 management fee at the rate of 10% of annual profits is payable to the Management Company amounting to Rs 1,780,318.(2008: nil).

30	EARNINGS PER CERTIFICATE	2009 (Rupe	2008 (Restated) ees)
	Profit / (loss) for the year	16,022,863	(8,078,270)
1		Number	Number
O	Average number of certificates	24,783,066	7,326,396
	- 1550 A	(Rupe	ees)
	Earnings / (loss) per certificate	0.65	(1.10)
31	REMUNERATION OF OFFICERS		
	Basic salary	5,841,076	1,830,264
	Medical allowance	533,521	156,441
	House rent allowance	1,600,531	575,689
	Utility allowance	533,526	183,024
	Employee benefits	284,823	174,476
	EOBI Contribution	65,100	10,166
	Bonus	224,260	25,071
		9,082,837	2,955,131
		Number	Number
	Total Number of persons at end of the year	27	19

31.1 The CFO and the head of operations have been provided with Modaraba maintained cars and are also entitled for reimbursement of fuel expenses.





FOR THE YEAR ENDED IUNE 30, 2009

- On June 16, 2008, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan imposed a penalty of Rs 100,000 each on the Modaraba Management Company and its previous directors, due to non-compliance of provisions of Regulation 7(1) and 7(3) of Part-II (A), Regulation 2(1) of Part II (A) and Regulation 1 of Part-IV of the Prudential Regulations of Modarabas and Rule 16(1) of the Modaraba Rules, 1981. The penalty was paid on July 14, 2008.
- During the current year, the Registrar Modaraba (Specialized Companies Division) imposed a fine of Rs 55,000 each on the directors of the Modaraba Management Company for non compliance of IAS-19 and violation of Regulation '7(3)' of the Prudential Regulations of the Modaraba. However, being dissatisfied with the penalty order, an appeal under section 32(2) of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 was filed against the above-mentioned order. Hearing of the said appeal was held in July 2009 and the decision is still pending.

32	FINANCIAL	INSTRUMENTS	BY CATEGORY
JZ	FINANCIAL	IN S I KUMEN I S	DICALEGURI

-- As at June 30, 2009 -Assets at fair value through Loans and Held to Total receivables maturity profit & loss Cash and bank balances 128.714.414 128,714,414 21,276,334 63,892,966 20,774,248 39,594,329 Investments Murabaha finance Modaraba finance 2,296,334 18,980,000 63,892,966 20,774,248 39,594,329 Musharaka finance Net investment in finance lease Ijarah rental receivable 97,717,550 810,667 97,717,550 810,667 4,574,516 Advances, deposits, and other receivables 4.574.516 Accrued profit Long-term deposits 1,240,907 128,000 **357,447,597** 1,240,907 As at June 30 Liabilities at Other financial Held to fair value Total Sho Lon Cer Sec Cre Und Def

	tillough pront	Habilities	maturity	C. THE SHOP IN JUNE
ABILITIES	or loss		The same of the	
nort-term finance	-	X ()=(-)		COMMENT OF STREET
ong-term finance	-			SATISFALLY YES
ertificate of musharaka	_	150,625,000	/ti/ 100	150,625,000
ecurity deposits	=	Warren .	25,958,418	25,958,418
reditors, accrued and other liabilities	-	7,929,592		7,929,592
nclaimed profit distribution	-	476,790		476,790
eferred liabilities - staff gratuity		201,758		201,758
,		159,233,140	25,958,418	185,191,558
		WE THE T	/ %07	A DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF T

As at June 30, 2008

As at June 30, 2008

ASSETS	Loans and receivables	value through profit & loss	Held to maturity	Total
Cash and bank balances	33,845,102	15 17		33,845,102
Investments	-	3,512,289	438,600	3,950,889
Murabaha finance	19,014,375	18. V.	السلور المرا	19,014,375
Musharaka finance	24,968,800			24,968,800
Net investment in lease finance	146,916,125	- 1000	motile and	146,916,125
Advances, deposits and other receivables	656,512	-	18 25	656,512
Accrued profit	265,312	-	S (L)	265,312
Long-term deposits	25,000		E (1907)	25,000
	225,691,226	3,512,289	438,600	229,617,115
			Vin	1813 M

LIABILITIES	Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	Other financial liabilities	Held to maturity	Total
Short-term finance		75,000,000	-	75,000,000
Long-term finance	_	70,000,000	-	70,000,000
Security deposits	=	-	19,360,262	19,360,262
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	_	4,781,889	_	4,781,889
Unclaimed profit distribution	=	477,068	-	477,068
Deferred liabilities - staff gratuity		214,000		214,000
Total non-current liabilities	-	150,472,957	19,360,262	169,833,219

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 33

The Modaraba finances its operations through equity & borrowings. The Modaraba utilises funds in ijarah financing, modaraba financing, musharaka financing and murabaha financing. These activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

Market Risk 33.1

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices.

Market risk comprises of three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.





33.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Modaraba, at present is not exposed to currency risk as all transactions are carried out in Pak Rupees.

33.1.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates.

a) Sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The Modaraba has invested funds in various financing arrangements which are KIBOR based exposing the Modaraba to cash flow interest rate risk. In case of 100 basis points increase / decrease in KIBOR on June 30, 2009, with all other variables held constant, the net assets of the Modaraba and net income for the year would have been higher / lower by as follows:-

S.No. Financial Arrangement

Impact on profit or loss Rupees

- 1 Net investment in finance lease
- 2 Musharaka
- 3 ljarah

601,894 395,943

483,971

The sensitivity analysis has been performed from the last repricing date.

b) Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

As at June 30, 2009, the Modaraba holds Term Deposit Receipts which are classified as loans and receivables. Further, there are some fixed rate net investment in finance lease, Ijarah and Musharaka. These are not exposed to interest rate risk.

The composition of the Modaraba's financing portfolio, KIBOR rates and rates announced by Financial Market Association is expected to change over time. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis prepared as of June 30, 2009 is not necessarily indicative of the impact on the Modaraba's net assets of future movements in interest rates.

Yield / interest rate sensitivity position for on balance sheet financial instruments is based on the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity date.

	Effective yield / profit rate %	Total	Up to one month	Over one month to 3 months	Over three months to one year	Over one year to five years	Not exposed to yield / profit risk
Assets	-						
Cash and bank balances	5.15% - 14.00%	128,714,414	128,233,644	-	-	-	480,770
Investments	14.71% - 15.44%	21,276,334	-	-	1,960,000	17,020,000	2,296,334
Murabaha finance	14.50% - 19.00%	63,892,966	8,000,000	10,000,000	37,200,000	8,000,000	692,966
Modaraba Finance		20,774,248	6,999,800	13,774,448	-	-	-
Musharaka finance	16.28% - 18.30%	39,594,329	3,300,000	29,586,589	6,707,740	-	-
Net investment in Ijarah finance	12.70% - 28.00%	97,717,550	672,310	24,750	1,093,342	95,927,148	-
ljarah rentals receivable	8.00% - 21.00%	810,667	810,667	-	-	-	. . l
Advances, deposits and other receivables	10.00%	4,574,516	1,805,338	-	-	510,027	2,259,151
Accrued profit	-	1,240,907	-	-	-	-	1,240,907
Long-term Deposit	- L	128,000				-	128,000
Total Financial Assets as at June 30, 2009		378,723,931	149,821,759	53,385,787	46,961,082	121,457,175	
Liabilities							
Certificate of musharaka	13.00% - 16.00%	150,625,000	12,650,000	41,110,000	96,865,000		_
Short-term finance		-	-	-		-	-
Long-term finance		-	-	-	-	-	-
Security deposits	-	25,958,418	-	-	-	-	25,958,418
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	-	7,929,592	-	-	-	-	7,929,592
Unclaimed profit distribution	-	476,790	-	-	-	-	476,790
Long-term finance	-	-	-	-		-	-
Deferred Liabilities - staff gratuity	- [201,758	-	-	-	_	201,758
Total Financial Liabilities as at June 30, 2009		185,191,558	12,650,000	41,110,000	96,865,000	-	
Total yield / profit risk sensitivity gap			137,171,759	12,275,787	(49,903,918)	121,457,175	
Cumulative yield / profit risk sensitivity gap			137.171.759	149,447,546	99,543,628	221,000,803	





FOR THE YEAR ENDED IUNE 30, 2009

	2008						
	Effective yield / profit rate %	Total	Up to one month	Over one month to 3 months	Over three months to one year	Over one year to five years	Not exposed to yield / profit risk
				(Rupees)			
Assets	_						
Cash and bank balances	11% - 12.5%	33,845,102	13,381,159	-	-	-	20,463,943
Investments	8%	3,950,889	438,600				3,512,289
Current portion of murabaha finance	14.56% - 18.18%	19,014,375	-	8,913,110	10,000,000	-	101,265
Musharaka finance	12.81% - 28.76%	24,968,800	-	14,968,800	10,000,000	-	15 /
Net investment in Ijarah finance	7.51% - 28.01%	146,916,125	151,431	45,340		146,719,354	An CONTAIN
Advances, deposits and other receivables	5%	1,046,800	-	-	-	161,904	884,896
Accrued profit	-	265,312	-	-	A ^{pp}	60	265,312
Long-term Deposit	-	25,000	-	_	16	(1-6. X	25,000
Total Financial Assets as at June 30, 2008		230,032,403	13,971,190	23,927,250	20,000,000	146,881,258	
					STORES !		1 24
Liabilities					a 27		A STATE OF THE STA
Liabilities against asset subject to finance lease	-	-	-	13	1	1	(C) (C)
Short-term finance	11% - 12%	75,000,000	-	75,000,000		1	- 1
Long-term finance	11% - 11.5%	70,000,000	-	109-	V.F.	70,000,000	The contract of
Security deposits	-	19,360,262	-	100	u J	407	19,360,262
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	-	4,781,889		distribution of			4,781,889
Unclaimed profit distribution	-	477,068	-	A	1	100000	477,068
Deferred Liabilities	-	214,000	4		1 \		214.000
Total Financial Liabilities as at June 30, 2008		169,833,219	- 7	75,000,000	V	70,000,000	
Total yield / profit risk sensitivity gap		-	13,971,190	(51,072,750)	20,000,000	76,881,258	
Cumulative yield / profit risk sensitivity gap		_	13,971,190	(37,101,560)	(17,101,560)	59,779,698	Set

Yield risk is the risk of decline in earnings due to adverse movement of the yield curve.

Profit rate risk is the risk that the value of the financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the market profit rates.

33.1.3 Price Risk

The Modaraba is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments held by the Modaraba and classified as financial assets at fair value through 'profit or loss'. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Modaraba diversifies its portfolio.

In case of 5% increase / decrease in KSE 100 index on June 30, 2009, post-tax profit for the year would be affected by Rs 122,063 (2008: Rs 166,379) as a result of gains / losses on equity securities classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss'.

The analysis is based on the assumption that the equity index had increased / decreased by 5% with all other variables held constant and all the Modaraba's equity instruments moved according to the historical correlation with the index. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the KSE 100 Index, having regard to the historical volatility of the index. The composition of the Modaraba's investment portfolio and the correlation thereof to the KSE 100 index, is expected to change over time. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis prepared as of June 30, 2009 is not necessarily indicative of the effect on the Modaraba's net assets of future movements in the level of the KSE 100 Index.

33.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Modaraba is exposed to credit risk in respect of net investment in finance lease, musharaka, murabaha, modaraba and term deposit receipts.

Concentrations of credit risk arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of an entity's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

The Modaraba attempts to control credit risk by diversification of financing activities to avoid undue concentration of credit risk with individuals or groups of customers in specific locations or businesses, monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions to specific counterparties and continually assessing the credit worthiness of counterparties. It also obtains securities when appropriate.

The Modaraba follows two sets of guidelines. It has its own operating policy and the management of the Modaraba also adheres to the regulations issued by the SECP. The operating policy defines the extent of fund and non-fund based exposures with reference to a particular sector or group.

Out of the total financial assets of Rs 378.724 million (2008: Rs 230.704 million) the financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs 243.392 million (2008: Rs 191.074 million). The management believes that the Modaraba is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

Details of the sector wise composition of the net investment in finance lease, musharaka, murabaha and modaraba are disclosed in note 35.1 to 35.3

The analysis below summarizes the credit quality of the Modaraba's investment in Sukuk bonds as at June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008:

Sukuk bonds by rating category	June 30, 2009	June 30, 2008
BBB+	52.7%	-
not rated	47.3%	-

As at June 30, 2009 Rs 1,720,628 is overdue in respect of Net Investment in Finance Lease and provision of Rs 304,538 has been made. However, no amount is overdue in respect of murabaha and musharaka and no amount has been provided for.

33.3 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk reflects an enterprise's inability in raising funds to meet its commitments. The Modaraba's management closely monitors the Modaraba's liquidity and cash flow position.

The Modaraba is mainly exposed to liquidity risk in respect of Certificate of Musharaka. For this purpose, a statutory redemption reserve has been created. The maturity profile of liabilities of the Modaraba is as follows:

THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY		As at Jun	e <u>30, 2009</u>	
	Total	Upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than on year
Current liabilities		Rupees	S	
100				
Certificate of musharaka	150,625,000	53,760,000	96,865,000	-
Short-term finance Current maturity of security deposits	874,750	24,750	850,000	1 -
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	7,929,592	7,929,592	030,000	1 :
Unclaimed profit distribution	476,790	- 1,020,002	- 1	476,79
Total current liabilities	159,906,132	61,714,342	97,715,000	476,7
Non-current liabilities				
_ong-term finance	-	-	-	-
Security deposits	25,083,668	-	-	25,083,6
Deferred liabilities - staff gratuity	201,758	-	-	201,7
Total non-current liabilities	25,285,426	-	=	25,285,4
2384	185,191,558	61,714,342	97,715,000	25,762,2
		As at Jun	e <u>30, 2008</u>	
	Total	Upto three months	More than three months and upto one year	More than or year
Current liabilities		Rupees	S	
Certificate of musharaka				
Short-term finance	75.000.000	75.000.000	1 []	1 -
Current maturity of security deposits	50,000	50,000		_
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	4,781,889	4,781,889	- 1	-
Jnclaimed profit distribution	477,068	-	-	477,0
Total current liabilities	80,308,957	79,831,889	-	477,0
Non-current liabilities				
_ong-term finance	70,000,000	-	-	70,000,0
Security deposits	19,310,262	-	-	19,310,2
	214,000	-	-	214,0
				00 504.0
Deferred liabilities - staff gratuity Fotal non-current liabilities	89,524,262	_		89,524,2





FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

34 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Modaraba's prime objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide adequate returns for certificate-holders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Modaraba may adjust the amount of dividends paid to certificate-holders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Modaraba monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total COM's and borrowings less cash and bank balances. Total capital is calculated as equity as shown in the balance sheet plus net debt.

	2000	2000
	(Rupees)	
Total borrowings	150,625,000	145,000,000
Less: cash and bank balances	128,714,414	33,845,102
Net debt	21,910,586	111,154,898
Total equity	258,322,245	62,673,782
Total capital	280,232,831	173,828,680
	Ra II	
Gearing ratio	7.8%	63.9%

SEGMENT BY CLASS OF BUSINESS

		2003	200	2000	
35.1	Net Investment in Finance Lease	(Rupees)	%age	(Rupees)	%age
	Fuel & energy	30,747,080	31.47	49,389,055	33.62
	Pharmaceutical & chemicals	3,047,764	3.12	4,616,285	3,14
	Food & beverage	19,054,989	19.50	12,711,377	8.65
	Dairy & Poultry	1,075,426	1.10	2,498,395	1.70
	Financial institutions	-	M. Col	6,144,443	4.18
	Travel & transport	8,617,580	8.82	11,355,557	7.73
	Health and care	140,318	0.14	747,175	0.51
	Textile	1,384,064	1.42	2,188,738	1.49
	Electrical & engineering	1,557,339	1.59	485,672	0.33
	Paper and board	4,029,718	4.12	3,475,587	2.37
	Leather	-	- 10		
	Distribution	-	- 7		
	Cement	-	- '	AGENTAL TO THE PARTY OF THE PAR	
	Construction	8,848,879	9.06	11,391,207	7.75
	Others	19,214,393	19.66	41,912,634	28.53
		97,717,550	100.00	146,916,125	100.00
		2009		2008	
35.2	ljarah Assets	(Rupees)	%age	(Rupees)	%age
	Fuel & energy	29,381,958	53.10	-	_

	200	J	200	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
ljarah Assets	(Rupees)	%age	(Rupees)	%age
Fuel & energy	29,381,958	53.10	-	-
Pharmaceutical & chemicals	-	-	-	-
Food & beverage	870,100	1.57	-	-
Dairy & Poultry	-	-	-	-
Financial institutions	1,519,625	2.75	-	-
Travel & transport	-	-	-	-
Health and care	-	-	-	-
Textile	598,110	1.08	-	-
Electrical & engineering	750,000	1.36	-	-
Paper and board	7,215,000	13.04	-	-
Leather	-	-	-	-
Distribution	5,083,333	9.18	-	-
Cement	-	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	-	-
Others	9,918,813	17.92		
	55,336,939	100.00		

ANNUAL REPORT 2009

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009



	Note	2009	2008
35.3 For Musharaka, Murabaha and Modaraba Finance		(Rup	ees)
Textile and allied		26,656,037	10,000,000
Trading		58,800,314	=
Leather		5,000,000	-
Pharmaceutical & chemicals		3,154,334	2,500,000
Food & beverage		25,292,014	=
Electrical & engineering		3,260,705	-
Others		2,098,139	31,483,175
	35.4	124,261,543	43,983,175
35.4 Murabaha Finance		63,892,966	19,014,375
Musharaka finance		39,594,329	24,968,800
Modaraba Finance		20,774,248	
		124,261,543	43,983,175

36 RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

The related parties of the Modaraba comprise of its Management Company, associated companies, directors of the Management Company and key management personnel. Transactions with related parties other than remuneration and benefits to key management personnel (which are employed by the Management Company) under the terms of their employment are as follows:

36.1	Transactions during the year	2009 (Rupe	2008
	Management Company	(itap	
	Modaraba management fee	1,780,318	-
	Associated companies		
AFT A	Income on bank deposits	8,497,323	2,917,085
1-11	Financial charges	2,795,487	3,630,339
	ljarah rentals received	-	2,984,753
	Rent expense	198,000	-
1000	Short-tem Musharaka	75,000,000	=
1	Long-term Musharaka	70,000,000	-
	Lease rentals received	4,608,346	=
	Other Related Parties		
	Lease Rentals received	2,665,455	-
	A Marine	2009	2008
36.2	Transaction outstanding at the year end	(Rupe	ees)
D			
1	Management Company	4.700.040	
	Modaraba management fee payable	1,780,318	_
SHEET!	Associated companies		
	Cash and bank balances	49,593,140	29,669,011
	Certificate of Musharaka	3,500,000	
	Accrued profit on deposits	352,119	13,077
	Short-term finance	-	75,000,000
	Underwriting commission payable	-	1,010,383
	Accrued mark-up payable	1,361	1,047,600
	Rent payable	99,000	_
	Long-term finance	-	70,000,000
	ljarah rentals outstanding	-	19,759,036
	Other Related Parties		
	Ijarah Rentals Outstanding	5,846,354	=

The Modaraba enters into transactions with related parties for lease of assets, borrowings under musharaka finances and other general banking services.

36.3 The terms and conditions of the transactions are stated in the respective notes.





FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

37 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The Modaraba reviews its loan portfolio of Ijarah, Musharaka and Murabaha financing to assess amount of non-performing contracts and provision required there against on a regular basis. The provision is made in accordance with the prudential regulations issued by the SECP. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Modaraba's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

- i) Net investment in finance lease (notes 3.4, 4.12 and 10)
- ii) Musharaka finance (notes 4.12 and 9)
- iii) Murabaha finance (notes 4.12 and 7)

38 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, whenever necessary, for the purposes of appropriate presentation. There have been no significant reclassifications in these financial statements.

39 NON-ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors of the Management Company in their meeting held on August 29, 2009 have approved distribution at the rate of Nil percent (2008: Nil). The financial statements of the Modaraba for the year ended June 30, 2009 do not include the effect of the final distribution which will be accounted for in the financial statements of the Modaraba for the year ending June 30, 2010.

40 DATE OF AUTHORISATION

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Management Company in their meeting held on August 29, 2009.

For KASB Modaraba Management (Private) Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive Director Director

PATTERN OF CERTIFICATE HOLDING - (FORM 34)



SHAREHOLDERS STATISTICS AS	AT JUNE 30, 2009

	NO. OF	CERTIFICA	TE HOLDING	TOTAL CERTIFICATE
	CERTIFICATEHOLDERS	FROM	ТО	HOLDERS
	310	1	100	17,828
	322	101	500	83,361
	179	501	1,000	149,243
The same	195	1,001	5,000	436,137
	52	5,001	10,000	394,684
HA Yel	13	10,001	15,000	159,635
X	11	15,001	20,000	191,551
47	JA (90) ii	20,001	25,000	250,032
17.	- Javen	25,001	30,000	28,274
100	3	30,001	35,000	98,100
	7 7	35,001	40,000	256,300
C. Carrie		40,001	45,000	41,000
the same	0	45,001	55,000	
	1/	55,001	60,000	55,500
	0	60,001	75,000	-
7-15	1	75,001	80,000	79,500
	0	80,001	100,000	79,500
		100,001	105,000	101,000
		6.7%		
-30V		105,001	110,000	109,000
	1	110,001	115,000	113,100
	0	115,001	120,000	- 0.40.07
ADD LA	2	120,001	125,000	249,674
	0	125,001	165,000	-
11100		165,001	170,000	166,320
7 / X	0	170,001	175,000	-
	The same of the sa	175,001	180,000	177,200
	0	180,001	200,000	-
		200,001	205,000	205,000
1	0	205,001	210,000	-
/ PER 3		210,001	215,000	215,000
No. of the last	0	215,001	500,000	-
W _	N (0-1) 3	500,001	505,000	505,000
XX	0	505,001	580,000	-
MY ACT	1	580,001	585,000	581,500
	0	585,001	685,000	-
of Court	1	685,001	690,000	687,745
	0	690,001	705,000	=
	1	705,001	710,000	708,436
	0	710,001	795,000	-
	1	795,001	800,000	795,980
	0	800,001	1,430,000	-
	1	1,430,001	1,435,000	1,433,493
	0	1,435,001	2,825,000	- -
	1	2,825,001	2,830,000	2,827,440
	0	2,830,001	6,710,000	_,,,
	1	6,710,001	6,715,000	6,710,600
	0	6,715,001	10,445,000	-
	1	10,445,001	10,450,000	10,446,767
	1125	10,770,001	Total	28,274,40
	1123		i Ulai	20,214,40







PATTERN OF CERTIFICATE HOLDING - (FORM 34) SHAREHOLDERS STATISTICS AS AT JUNE 30, 2009



CATEGORIES OF CERTIFICATE HOLDERS

CATAGORIES OF CERTIFICATE HOLDERS	NUMBER	CERTIFICATE HELD	PERCENTAGE
INDIVIDUALS	1068	4,200,629	14.86
FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS*	15	11,995,175	42.42
INVESTMENT COMPANIES	2	1,200	0
INSURANCE COMPANIES	3	796,380	2.82
MODARABA COMPANIES	4	10,036	0.04
MODARABA MANAGEMENT COMPANIES**	3	3,913,940	13.84
LEASING COMPANIES	1	1,246	0
CHARITABLE TRUSTS	1	33,000	0.12
JOINT STOCK COMPANIES	24	7,221,195	25.54
OTHERS			N CO
- M/S SHAIKHANI ENTERPRISES	1	101,000	0.36
- TECHNOLOGY LINKS (PVT) LTD.	1	300	0
- THE KARACHI STOCK EXCHANGE	1	199	0
- ISLAMABAD STOCK EXCHANGE	1	100	0
TOTAL	1,125	28,274,400	100.00

^{*} Includes KASB Bank Limited (10,446,767 certificates)

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

CATAGORIES OF CERTIFICATE HOLDERS	NUMBER	CERTIFICATE HELD	PERCENTAGE
Associated Companies	7	Manual Towns	
(ASB Bank Limited		10,446,767	36.95
(ASB Modaraba Management (Private) Limited		3,913,940	13.84
	2	14,360,707	50.79
		Tone:	
NIT and CIP	r	18	
National Bank of Pakistan, Trustee Deptt.		1,396,181	4.94
nvestment Corporation of Pakistan		8,002	0.03
	2	1404183	4.97
Directors,CEO & their Spouse and Minor Children	-	-	The same of the sa
executives	-	-	-
Public Sector Companies and Corporations	-	-	-
Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non-Banking Finance Institutions, Insurance Companies,			
Modarabas and Mutual Funds	21	953,087	3.36
Certificate-holders holding ten percent or more			
ertificates in the Modaraba	1	6,710,600	23.73
		-,,-	

^{**} Includes KASB Modaraba Management (Private) Limited (3,913,940 certificates)

NOTICE OF ANNUAL REVIEW MEETING



Notice is hereby given that the 18th Annual Review Meeting of the Modaraba's Certificate Holders of KASB Modaraba will be held on Wednesday, September 30, 2009 at 4:00 p.m at Haji Abdullah Haroon Muslim Gymkhana, Auditorium Awan-e-Saddar Road, Karachi to review the performance of Modaraba for the year ended June 30, 2009.

By Order of the Board

Karachi August 29, 2009 Faiqa Naz
Company Secretary

Notes

- 1. The Modaraba Certificates transfer book shall remain closed from September 24, 2009 to September 30, 2009 (both days inclusive) to determine the names of Certificate Holders eligible to attend the Annual Review Meeting. Transfer received in order at the Registrar Office of the Modaraba (whose address is given below) up to the close of business hours on September 23, 2009 will be treated in time.
- 2. The Certificate Holders are advised to notify to the Registrar of KASB Modaraba of any change in their addresses to ensure prompt delivery of mails. Further, any Certificates for transfer etc. should be lodged with the Registrar, C & K Management Associates (Private) Limited, 404, Trade Tower, Abdullah Haroon Road, Near Metropol Hotel, Karachi. (Phone:5687835-5685930)
- 3. Account holders holding book entry securities of the Modaraba in Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, who wish to attend the Annual Review Meeting, are requested to bring original Computerized National Identity Card for identification purpose and will in addition, have to follow the guidelines as laid down in Circular No.1 of 2000 dated January 26, 2000 of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) for attending the meeting.





ANNUAL REPORT 2009