Shell Pakistan Limited Annual Report 1998

Our Values and Principles

Shell has as its core values, honesty, integrity and respect for people. These underlying values determine our business principles and imbue us with a unifying identity for the benefit of business associates as much as employees.

The Business Principles are contained in the Statement of General Business Principles which cover such matters as our responsibilities to staff, to customers, to shareholders and our business partners. They also cover our approach to financial integrity and corruption.

In a very real sense they are our code of ethics and the basis of our identity. We do not bend these Principles. They are non-contestable and non-negotiable because it is these principlesand values that link us together and give us confidence in our identity.

All employees and contractual staff of Shell Pakistan are committed to adhering to these Principles and have been issued a Code of Conduct in this regard. This Code of Conduct stems from the Principles and outlines Shell's policies on fraud, financial reporting, acceptance of gifts, services and payments etc.

In joint ventures we influence and persuade our partners to adopt and apply principles consistent with ours. We also expect our suppliers and contractors to conform to the Principles in all aspects of their work.

Commitment to Quality

In pursuance of our commitment to market only the highest quality products, Shell Pakistan is the first company in the country to introduce state-ofthe-art technology for checking adulteration. Our Quality Control vans, equipped with highly sensitive instruments which have been developed at Shell's research laboratories in the UK, travel across the country carrying out surprise checks at the Company's retail outlets. Customers are therefore assured that our dealers deliver the highest quality products in the right quantity.

The quality of Shell lubricants leaving the

blending plant is closely monitored and controlled in line with ISO 9002 Quality Management System specifications. Stringent care is taken in manufacturing to ensure that the products fully meet or exceed their stated specification. To monitor quality, a modern lab with state-of-the-art equipment is situated at the blending plant. A comprehensive testing procedure is in place to maintain quality at every step, from the time the raw material arrives at the depot to the time it is ready for shipment to the market.

Shell's commitment to quality is not limited to its products and innovative technology. Customer Service is also an integral part of the quality commitment. The attendants who fill gasoline in your car, clean your windscreen or guide your car to an empty bay to maintain a smooth flow of traffic are only an indication of our commitment to providing better quality service.

We are proud of our well trained staff and take great pains to maintain high standards which others aspire to emulate.

All these efforts enable us to claim You can be sure of Shell."

The Shell Brand

As international market leaders, Shell continues to set standards for high quality products and service. Shell's state-of-the-art technology has enabled us to launch the most advanced quality of professional lubricants in Pakistan.

Shell Helix motor oils are the ultimate range of lubricants. The three members of the Shell Helix family that cover the different ranges of gasoline engines in Pakistan are Shell Helix, Shell Helix Super and Shell Helix Plus. These high quality lubricants offer professional protection against wear, high temperatures, oil consumption and have up to twice the normal life as compared to their nearest competitor. Automobile industry professionals recommend these high quality Shell engine oils because they/prolong engine life and help conserve fuel.

Our commitment to providing world class products is also reflected in our service to customers. With the Genie oil change machine, Shell was once again the pioneer in introducing 5 minute oil change on the Pakistani forecourts. We have changed the age old time consuming and tedious techniques for oil change. Our commitment to quality is also reflected in the 24 hours family shopping experience at Select stores. The distinction of being the first in the entire South East Asian Region, after Hong Kong, was achieved by the Askari Shell Station on Rashid Minhas Road, Karachi on April 1, 1995. Select offers shoppers a morning fresh and sparking clean environment. Truly a neighbourhood store that offers prime value for money and caring service with a smile.

Shell Stations on the Lahore-Islamabad Motorway are also a testament to our commitment to high quality service for our customers. These sites provide not only quality petroleum products but also offer the convenience of hygienically prepared and wholesome snacks for the motorists at the Select stores.

Again- You can be sure of Shell."

Shell In Society

One of the more significant aspects of Shell's activities world-wide is its acceptance of responsibility towards the society within which it operates. Shell Pakistan has adopted this core value with great zeal and helps local communities through various social investment programs.

Our projects aim to deliver long term benefits to communities through diversified activities across Pakistan. Most of our sponsorships and donations fall into four categories, i.e. health, education, heritage and environmental protection.

Shell Pakistan is a long time financial supporter of the Layton Rahmatulla Benevolent Trust and the Kidney Centre, which provide special medical facilities and benefits to the people of Karachi and other locations in Pakistan. Shell Pakistan is also actively involved in the welfare of the young through its association with the SOS Villages where, it has constructed a dormitory for the residents.

Shell Pakistan is a leading sponsor of cricket in Pakistan and was at the forefront in sponsoring the Cricket World Cup in 1996 and the Golden Jubilee Cricket tournament in 1997.

Preservation and renovation of the Mohatta Palace, one of the most beautiful landmarks of Karachi, is amongst the projects supported by Shell Pakistan. Sponsorship of the Special

Olympics for handicapped youngsters and active support of fund raising activities by the Kidney Centre are examples of our contribution to societal causes.

After all we are a responsible, caring corporate member of the community.

Health, Safety and Environment

...improving today for a better tomorrow

In 1997 the number of contractor and company staff who lost their lives in road accidents decreased as compared to 1996. However every loss of life is one too many. We are committed to causing ho harm to people"and we are taking steps to ensure that we fulfill our commitment.

Shell has a systematic approach to health, safety and environmental management with the aim of achieving continuous performance improvement. To this end, we manage these matters as any other critical business activity, set targets for improvement, measure, appraise and report performance.

Each accident is fully investigated and every fatality is reported immediately to senior management.

Shell Pakistan is working to raise the quality, competence and safety awareness of drivers involved in company business. Techniques include: Medical checks, defensive driving training, Shell Safety Club courses (on-the-job training was provided to approximately 430 drivers in 1997), higher vehicle standards, regular vehicle safety checks, planned journeys and the rewarding of safe driving practices. A Driver Training Video has been especially developed for the Pakistani environment featuring real life examples.

Seatbelts have been installed in 100% of vehicles. Protective equipment, such as safety boots, helmets and safety jackets with reflecting strips, has been introduced.

Recently a giant leap towards achieving our Group HSE standards was taken with the development of a company leased and operated bulk transport fleet. A fleet of 25 tractor-trailers, fully complying with Royal Dutch/Shell standards has been introduced paving the way for higher road safety standards in the industry. This has also been followed by a new and revised comprehensive cartage contract that aims to ensure compliance with the Company's HSE PakSearch.com - Pakistan's Best Business site with Annual Reports, Laws and Articles policy, quality control and higher driving standards.

> In terms of environmental protection, the Company has undertaken several initiatives including the construction of oil and water separators at its retail outlets. These separators help prevent effluents from contaminating sub-soil water, water supply and sewage systems. At our installations and depots extreme care is taken in the disposal of sludge and waste as per industry standards. Shell Pakistan participates when invited and provides useful input, based on Shell's vast international experience on the development of national policies and regulation relating to environmental

In this way we aim to have an HSE performance we can be proud of, to earn the confidence of customers, shareholders and society at large, to be a good neighbour and to contribute to sustainable development.

We care...

...all of us have a role to play.

Investing in the Future

We believe that responsible companies can - and should- play a positive role in the economic development of a country. Shell Pakistan Limited has been investing in petroleum distribution infrastructure in a meaningful manner and with a vision for future growth and development.

The Machike Installation is an example of Shell's long term commitment. Supplied by pipeline from the Parco terminal at Mehmoodkot, the installation delivers products to the Lahore and Gujranwala markets and also feeds our Chaklala Installation. It is equipped with state of the art equipment which not only improves efficiency but helps maintain better health and safety standards.

The Machike installation has not only replaced old, antiquated depots but has ample capacity to cater for expected growth in the foreseeable future. It has raised operational standards and made a tremendous contribution towards health, safety and the environment.

Our investments however go beyond

infrastructural developments. This is not simply a matter of just creating capacity or creating jobs; it covers training and the general build up of experience and skill.

Our investment in people is comprehensive and diversified. We pride ourselves in developing and training people in sessions that are not restricted to the class room. Mobile training units tour the various regions imparting skills beyond those required by the job - because we firmly believe that our people are our greatest assets.

After all we are committed to being the Top Performer of First Choice."

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NOTICE OF MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Twenty Ninth Annual General Meeting of Shell Pakistan Limited will be held on Thursday November 26, 1998 at 10.30 a.m. at Hotel Holiday Inn Crowne Plaza, Karachi to transact the following business.

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To receive and adopt the Report of Directors and Auditors together with Audited Accounts for the year ended June 30, 1998.

2. To approve the payment of final dividend of Rs. 4.50 per share (45%) and also the interim dividend of Rs.4.00 per share (40%) declared on February 11, 1998 making a total of Rs. 8.50 per share for the year ended June 30, 1998.

3. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration for the year 1998-99.

By Order of the Board

FAWZIA B. KAZMI

Secretary

Karachi: September 7, 1998

NOTES:

(i) The register of members will remain closed from November 17, 1998 to November 26, 1998 (both days inclusive).

(ii) A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. Proxies must be received at the registered office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the meeting.

(iii) Shareholders are requested to notify any change in their address immediately to our Share Registrars M/s. Ferguson Associates (Pvt.) Limited.

COMPANY INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Mr. T. V. Higgins Chairman Mr. A. Aziz Mr. C. Balmes Mr. F. K. Captain Mr. A. Khawaja Mr. G. Lezaun Mr. S. Qureshi Mr. M. Soomro Ms. T. Taylor Mr. F.W. Vellani Mr. D. Weston

Management

Mr. T. V. Higgins	Managing Director & Chief Executive
Dr. A.M. Devine	Marketing Manager
Mr. H. Madani	Human Resources & Public Affairs Manager
Mr. H. van Roest	Operations Manager
Ms. T. Taylor	Finance Director

Company Secretary

Ms. F. B. Kazmi

Auditors

A.F. Ferguson & Co.

Legal Advisers

Fatehali W. Vellani & Co. Advocates & Solicitors

Registered Office

Shell House 6, Ch. Khaliquzzaman Road Karachi - 75530

Registrar and Share Registration Office

Ferguson Associates (Pvt) Ltd. P.O. Box 4716 State Life Building 1-A Off I.I. Chundrigar Road Karachi 74000

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their Report and the Audited Accounts for the year ended June 30, 1998.

The profit of the Company for the user ended ture 20,1008	(1	Rupees '000)
The profit of the Company for the year ended June 30,1998 after providing for administrative, marketing, financial and		
other charges amounts to		987,909
Less: Provision for		
Workers' Profits Participation Fund	49,395	
Workers' Welfare Fund	17,000	66,395
		921,514
Less: Taxation		
For the year	287,282	
For prior years	(21,840)	
Deferred tax	64,521	329,963
Profit after taxation		591,551
To this must be added		
Amount of unappropriated profit brought		
forward from previous year		731,747
Making available for appropriation		1,323,298
APPROPRIATIONS:		
An interim dividend of Rs 4.00 per share of Rs 10 each		
(equivalent to 40%) was declared on February 11, 1998		
absorbing		140,263
and the Directors now recommend the payment of a final		
dividend of Rs 4.50 per share of Rs 10 each		
(equivalent to 45 %) amounting to		157,796
Making a total appropriation of		298,059
Leaving for carry over to next year an unappropriated profit of		1,025,239
Earnings per share		Rs 16.87

1. The Company's margins on fuel products were last increased by the Government three and a half years ago. This is despite the Government's stated policy of revising these margins on an annual basis. Your Company continues emphasising to the Government the importance of margin increases which are necessary to justify the investment required within the industry.

2. During the year the High Court of Sindh sanctioned the Scheme of Arrangement for the amalgamation of the wholly owned subsidiaries into Shell Pakistan Limited. In

accordance with the Court order, the subsidiaries were amalgamated with Shell Pakistan based on figures as of the close of business on June 30, 1997.

3. Your Company continues to spend money on its capital investment programme in line with its objective of providing quality products and services to its customers and in improving its operational safety standards. During the year under review an amount of Rs 1,188.7 million was spent on these capital investment programmes. As in the past the most visible impact of this investment is in the form of the Shell branded retail outlets. Upto June 30, 1998, the number of such sites was 172 compared to 101 at June 30, 1997.

4. During the year under review, the tax authorities have issued a show cause notice in respect of the year ended June 30, 1997, indicating their intention to tax the Company's share in the imported fuels under section 80C of the Income Tax Ordinance. Your Company has objected to this proposed additional tax as these products were exempted from import tax with effect from July 1997. As Oil Industry margins for these products are controlled by the Ministry of Petroleum, the Company has taken this matter up with the Ministry of Petroleum, Ministry of Finance and Chairman Central Board of Revenue. The Ministry of Finance has approached the Law Division for their advice on how to apply retrospective exemption.

5. Since the last review the following changes have taken place on the Board of Directors: Mr. F. D. de. Koning and Mr. S. N. A. Razvi resigned and in their place Mr. Christian Balmes and Ms. Trudy Taylor were co-opted as Directors. The Board places on record its appreciation and gratitude to the two outgoing directors for the valuable services they have rendered for the Company.

6. The Auditors M/s A. F. Ferguson & Co. retire and being eligible offer themselves for re-appointment.

7. The pattern of share holding is given on page 44. The Shell Petroleum Company Limited, London, holds 51.59% of the Company's shares.

On behalf of the Board

Karachi: September 7, 1998

T. V. HIGGINS Chairman

CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

It gives me great pleasure to welcome you to the 29th. Annual General meeting of the Company to present the Annual Accounts and the Auditors Report thereon for the financial year ended June 30, 1998.

As mentioned in my last year's review the slowdown in the economic activity and its resultant impact on the demand for fuel products has continued during the year. This period has shown the first significant slowdown in automotive fuels for many years and highlights the economic difficulties facing the country. Despite the downturn in the oil industry, Shell Pakistan Limited registered a higher growth in white oils thereby improving its market share.

Your Company continues to focus on its customers and their satisfaction. During the year capital expenditure amounting to Rs 1.1 billion was spent mainly on upgrading our retail network to bring them in line with international standards in terms of product quality, safety and environmental standards. A total of 71 retail outlets were upgraded during the year compared to 42 retail outlets during the previous year. Your Company also

recognises the customer's need for convenience. The "Select" stores have brought a new concept in convenience shopping to Pakistan. Upto June 30, 1998 a total of 56 convenience stores have been opened all over the country. The emphasis is to provide better and modern facilities for our customers. We are delighted with the customer response to these initiatives.

It is important to recognise that these re-developments require very substantial capital investment. The new retail outlets cost much more to maintain and service enhancement programmes do not come cheaply. These investment decisions were taken by your Company against Government planned margin increases which unfortunately have not materialised. The financing of the capital expenditure during the year was done partly through re-investing of the Company's profits and partly through short-term borrowing. The Company also proposed its second rights issue during the first half of 1998. This was a tremendous success and 98.5% of the options were taken up by the shareholders. This issue has strengthened our ability to grow the Company in the coming years.

On the financial side the performance of your Company has been encouraging despite the adverse economic conditions mentioned earlier. Gross margin remained steady at Rs 2.2 billion. This is despite the fact that in the previous year we had a substantial amount of inventory gain due to frequent price changes made by the Government. These were not there in the current year. Sales volume achieved during the year was 3.17 mn tonnes compared to 2.97 mn tonnes in the previous year up 6.7%. Profit after tax increased from Rs 543 mn to Rs 592 mn, an increase of 9%.

As in the past lubricants continued to play a significant role in the profit generation. The market is highly competitive and investments have been made to improve the product offering to secure customers. During the year .your Company successfully launched Shell Advance Oils for use in two and four stroke motorcycles. Plans are also being made to set up a "state of the art" lubricants blending plant in the next few years. Currently 42% of the Company's gross margin is earned from lubricants.

The low level of margins on fuels make it imperative that we control operating expenses in order to optimise profits and shareholder returns. This is difficult in view of the inflationary pressures prevalent in the country, which has increased the cost of goods and services that we receive. Staff at all levels contributed in controlling costs as a result of which administrative and marketing expenses excluding depreciation have increased from Rs 893.3mn to Rs 929.9mn, an effective increase of 4.1% compared to an increase of 25.6% in the previous year.

The profit for the year after tax is Rs 591.5mn. An interim dividend of Rs 4.00 per share was declared in February 1998. At their meeting on September 7, 1998, the Board of Directors recommended a final dividend of Rs 4.50 per share, making a total distribution of Rs 8.50 per share for the year ended June 30, 1998.

Your Company continues to pursue its strategy of investment in infrastructure, information technology and human resource development. The objective is to remain the industry leader in customer service, product quality and in matters relating to health, safety and environmental protection. These efforts require capital, which is not easy to raise. The industry currently generates net income after tax of only 1.4% on a turnover of over Rs 180 billion. Low margins deter new entrants into the market, which denies the customer a wide choice, thus limiting competition and ultimately efficiency. The last increase in margins came in February 1995. Efforts to persuade the Government to implement its declared policy of gradually increasing margins continue, so as to sustain the development programme of your Company.

An essential part of the marketing of products is its safe and efficient distribution. The current railway infrastructure is woefully inadequate. As a result we are increasingly

dependent on road transport and currently an estimated 15,000 lorries are engaged in transporting and delivering products all over the country. Your Company has recently introduced for the first time in Pakistan 25 lorries of 40KL capacity, which have been built to international standards. This is a first step towards introducing quality and safety in the transport sector and it is hoped that private contractors will follow this example. On our part we also provide defensive driving training to truck drivers and encourage them to wear safety belts to meet our objective of safer road travel, as numerous fatalities occur each year.

Our efforts towards quality and service have received recognition from our customers who regard your Company as their preferred fuel supplier. Over the years we have grown to be in good financial strength. With the combined efforts of the Management team and dedication of our staff at all levels, we will continue to grow and to serve our customers. On behalf of the Board I would like to thank everyone for their efforts and their contribution.

HIGHLIGHTS

		Year ended June 30, 1998	Year ended June 30, 1997
Sales volumes	Tonnes	3,170,545	2,973,118
Sales revenue	Rs / mn	42,980	37,695
Profit before tax	Rs / mn	922	927
Profit after tax	Rs / mn	592	543
New capital expenditure	Rs / mn	1,189	956
Shareholders' equity	Rs / mn	3,609	1,823
Dividend	Rs / mn	298	199
Earning per share	Rs	16.87	23.23
Foreign exchange earnings	Rs / mn	610	642

FINANCIAL STATISTICAL SUMMARY

		1998	1997	*1996	1994	1993	1992	1991	1990	1989	1988
		ŀ	Re-arranged								
Investment Measures											
Share capital	Rs/mn	350.66	233.77	233.77	135.52	123.20	123.20	123.20	107.80	107.80	98.00
Reserves	Rs/mn	3,258.27	1,589.57	1,237.57	468.11	339.36	274.15	196.56	285.90	284.36	252.60
Shareholders' equity	Rs/mn	3,608.92	1,823.34	1,471.34	603.63	462.56	397.35	319.76	393.70	356.16	350.60
Break-up value	Rs	102.92	78.00	62.94	44.54	37.55	32.25	25.91	36.52	33.04	35.78
Dividend per share	Rs	8.5	8.50	8.25	4.00	4.00	2.00		4.50	6.00	4.50
Bonus					3:20	1:10			1:7		1:10
Profit before tax	Rs/mn	921.51	927.14	517.04	311.78	177.26	42.44	24.66	150.06	121.58	95.99
Profit/(loss) after tax	Rs/mn	591.55	543.1	316.39	195.28	114.49	102.23	(73.94)	80.06	70.24	62.44
Earning/(1oss) per share											
of Rs. 10/-	Rs	16.87	23.23	13.53	14.40	9.30	8.30	(6.00)	7.98	6.52	6.37
Price earning ratio		8.60	10.12	11.90	19.43	22.80	9.50		6.70	9.00	9.90
Measures of financial status											
Current assets to current liabilities		1.20	0.91	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2
Number 6f days stocks		15	17	19	14	19	15	18	21	19	20
Number of days trade debts		4	7	8	8	7	7	8	9	9	6
Measures of performance											

Profit/(loss) after tax as % of										
average capital employed	18.81	23.07	24.24	31.68	17.36	12.70	(6.40)	9.30	11.80	12.80
Profit/(1oss) after tax as % of										
average shareholders' equity	21.25	33.22	30.50	36.63	26.60	28.50	(20.70)	23.00	19.90	18.30
Cost of sales as % of sales	94.87	94.23	95.61	96.13	96.31	97.23	97.50	96.30	96.70	97.00
Profit before tax as % of sales	2.14	2.46	1.25	1.43	0.94	0.24	0.15	1.10	1.10	0.90
Profit after tax as % of sales	1.38	1.44	0.77	0.89	0.61	0.60	(0.40)	0.60	0.60	0.60
Total debt ratio %	3.25	28.33	32.81	37.41	45.22	40.20	67.10	64.30	37.60	30.70

* Based on eighteen months results

BREAK-UP OF SELLING PRICE OF MAIN FUEL PRODUCTS AS AT JUNE 30 1998

	Motor Gasoline Regular	Kerosine	High Speed Diesel Oil	Furnace Oil
	Rs/Litre	Rs/Litre	Rs/Litre	Rs/Litre
Cost of Product	4.888	4.5516	4.3169	3,216.20
Custom/Excise Duty	0.88		0.25	35.20
Development Surcharge	10.88	4.16	4.11	1,457.84
Inland Freight Equalisation				
Margin	0.49	0.60	0.65	700.00
Distributor's Margin	0.3849	0.1284	0.1854	90.76
Fixed Selling Price	17.5229	9.4400	9.5123	5,500.00
Dealer's Commission	0.2271		0.1477	
Ex-pump Selling price	17.75	9.44	9.66	5,500.00

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed Balance Sheet of Shell Pakistan Limited as at June 30, 1998 and the related Profit and Loss account and Cash Flow Statement, together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit and, after due verification thereof, we report that:

(a) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;

(b) in our opinion

(i) the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;

(ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and

(iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;

(c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss Account and Cash Flow Statement, together with the notes forming part thereof, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984 in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 1998 and of the profit and cash flows for the year then ended; and

(d) in our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 was deducted by the company but was deposited subsequent to the year end in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

A.E FERGUSON & CO.

Karachi: September 7, 1998

Chartered Accountants

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT JUNE 30, 1998

	Note	1998 (Rupees '00	1997))
Tangible Fixed Assets	3	3,101,399	2,147,618
Long-term Investments	4	5,001	1
Long-term Loans	5	7,141	5,418
Long-term Deposits and Prepayments	6	17,748	21,763
Deferred Taxation	7		12,557
Total Long-term Assets		3,131,289	2,187,357
Current Assets			
Stores and spares	8	19,879	8,580
Stock-in-trade	9	1,776,516	1,785,426
Trade debts	10	358,205	553,682
Loans and advances	11	6,391	7,049
Trade deposits and short-term prepayments	12	82,189	79,690
Other receivables	13	157,355	613,087
Taxation		91,575	
Cash and bank balances	14	1,300,533	500,186
Total Current Assets		3,792,643	3,547,700
Current Liabilities			
Current maturity of liability against assets			
subject to finance lease	15	12,164	
Current maturity of redeemable capital	16		236,667
Short-term running finance utilised under			
mark-up arrangements	17	8,855	461,887
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	18	2,981,050	2,878,445
Taxation			192,664
Proposed dividend		157,796	116,886
Total Current Liabilities		3,159,865	3,886,549
Net Current Assets / (Liabilities)		632,778	(338,849)
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		3,764,067	1,848,508
Surplus on Revaluation of Fixed Assets	19	2,946	2,946

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Deferred Taxation	7	51,964	
Long-Term Liabilities			
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	15	100,234	
Redeemable Capital	16		22,222
		100,234	22,222
Contingent Liabilities and Commitments	20		
Net Assets		3,608,923	1,823,340
Represented by:			
Share Capital	21	350,658	233,772
Reserves	22	2,233,026	830,394
Unappropriated Profit		1,025,239	731,747
Provision Against Investment in Subsidiaries			27,427
Shareholders' Equity		3,608,923	1,823,340

The annexed notes form an integral part of these accounts.

PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

	Note	1998 (Rupees '00	1997 00)
Sales Less: Duties, taxes and levies	23		13,182,035
		25,133,839	24,512,702
Cost of products sold	24	22,929,523	22,336,880
		2,204,316	2,175,822
Transportation expenses	25	143,124	120,759
Administrative and marketing expenses	26	1,131,742	1,015,282
		1,274,866	1,136,041
Operating Profit			1,039,781
Other income	27	164,480	61,942
			1,101,723
Financial charges	28	92,216	94,831
Other charges	29	80,200	79,752
		172,416	174,583
Profit Before Taxation			927,140
Taxation	30	329,963	384,044

Profit After Taxation	591,551	543,096
Unappropriated profit brought forward	731,747	387,357
Profit Available for Appropriation	1,323,298	930,453
Appropriations:		
Interim dividend Rs 4.00 (1997:Rs 3.50) per share	140,263	81,820
Final dividend Rs 4.50 (1997:Rs 5.00) per share	157,796	116,886
	298,059	198,706
Unappropriated profit carried forward	1,025,239	731,747

The annexed notes form an integral part of these accounts.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

	Note	1998 (Rupees '000	1997))
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash generated from operations	33	1,935,327	1,549,375
Mark-up on short-term finances paid		(28,476)	(26,898)
Taxes paid		(549,681)	(229,777)
Long-term loans and advances Long-term deposits and prepayments		(1,723) 4,015	(1,462) (6,305)
Gratuity paid		4,015	(67)
Net cash inflow from operating activities		1,359,462	1,284,866
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Fixed capital expenditure		(1,075,569)	(956,066)
Investments made		(5,000)	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		3,531	5,648
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(1,077,038)	(950,418)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issue of shares		1,519,518	
Repayment of long-term finances		(258,889)	(156,111)
Dividends paid		(245,252)	(141,768)
Mark-up on redeemable capital paid		(34,928)	(55,276)
Repayment of liability under finance lease		(9,494)	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		970,955	(353,155)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivaler	ts	1,253,379	(18,707)

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Cash and cash equivalents at July	y 1	38,299	57,006
Cash and cash equivalents at Jun	ue 30 34	1,291,678	38,299

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The annexed notes form an integral part of these accounts.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1998

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Shell Pakistan Limited is incorporated in Pakistan and is listed on the Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges. The company markets petroleum and petrochemical products. It also blends and markets various kinds of lubricating oils.

1.1 Amalgamation with six wholly owned subsidiaries

The High Court of Sindh has sanctioned the scheme of arrangement for amalgamation of the company with its wholly owned subsidiaries, namely Pak People Products Corporation (Private) Limited, Jamia Industries (Private) Limited, Petroleum Industries of Pakistan (Private) Limited, International Lubricants (Private) Limited, Arnif Petroleum (Private) Limited and Lahore Lubricants (Private) Limited with effect from the close of business on June 30, 1997. All these companies, with the exception of Lahore Lubricants (Private) Limited, were engaged in the business of blending and marketing of various kinds of lubricating oils. Lahore Lubricants (Private) Limited had not commenced operations on the date of amalgamation. Accordingly, these accounts reflect the combined results of the amalgamated company and have been prepared on a pooling of interest basis in accordance with the International Accounting Standard - 22 "Accounting for Business Combinations".

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (a) Accounting convention

These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except to the extent that certain fixed assets pertaining to Pak People Products Corporation (Private) Limited, one of the six companies amalgamated during the year, have been included at revalued amounts.

(b) Staff retirement benefits

Except for certain expatriates for whom benefits are provided by membership of the Shell Overseas Contributory Pension Fund, staff retirement benefits include:

i) approved funded pension and gratuity schemes for both management and unionised staff. Contributions for management staff are made on the basis of actuarial recommendations at the rate of 16.2% per annum and 4.45% per annum of basic salaries for pension and gratuity respectively. No further contributions are necessary at present for unionised staff on the basis of actuarial recommendation. The actuarial valuation is carried out once in every three years or earlier. The latest valuation for management and unionised staff was carried out as at December 31, 1995. The fair value of the schemes' assets and liabilities for past services of the employees at the latest valuation date were Rs 258.109 million and Rs 246.984 million respectively for the pension scheme and Rs 43.231 million and Rs 33.096 million respectively for the gratuity scheme. The future contribution rates of these schemes include allowance for this surplus. The Attained Age Normal Method,

using the following significant assumptions, is used for valuation

- of these schemes:
- Expected rate of increase in salary level at 6% per annum
- Expected rate of interest at 8% per annum; and

ii) approved contributory provident funds for all employees.

During the current year Rs 28.140 million was charged as an expense in respect of the above benefits (1997: Rs 27.225 million).

Benefits under the pension and gratuity schemes are payable to staff on completion of prescribed qualifying period of service.

(c) Taxation

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, or half percent of turnover, whichever is higher.

Deferred

Provision for deferred taxation is made on all significant timing differences using the liability method. However, deferred tax is not provided if it can be established with reasonable probability that these timing differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

(d) Investments

Long-term investments are stated at cost less provision for diminution in value. In arriving at the provision in respect of any diminution in the value of long-term investments, consideration is given only if there is a permanent impairment in the value of the investment. Dividends are reflected in the profit and loss account on receipt basis.

(e) Stores and spares

Stores are valued at average cost whereas spares are valued at cost worked out on a first-in first-out basis. Items in transit are stated at cost incurred to date.

(f) Fixed assets and depreciation

Operating fixed assets are stated at cost or revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation except freehold land and capital work-in-progress which are stated at cost.

Depreciation is charged to income applying the straight line method whereby the cost or revalued amount of an asset is written off over its estimated useful life.

Depreciation on additions to fixed assets is charged from the month in which an asset is acquired or capitalised while no depreciation is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed of.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalised and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

Profit and loss arising on disposal of fixed assets is included in income in the year of disposal.

(g) Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade is valued at the lower of cost, calculated on a first-in first-out basis,

and net realisable value. Charges such as excise and customs duties and similar levies incurred on unsold stock of products are added to the value of the stock and carried forward.

Net realisable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less costs necessarily to be incurred to make the sale.

(h) Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the rates of exchange which approximate those prevailing at the balance sheet date except for the liabilities covered under forward exchange contracts which are translated at the contracted rates. Exchange gains and losses are taken to income currently.

(i) Revenue recognition

Sales are recorded on despatch of goods to customers. Commission income is recognised on shipment of goods by the principals.

(j) Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease

Finance charge under the lease agreement is allocated to periods during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of financial cost on the remaining

3. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	1998	1997
	(Rupees '00	0)
Operating fixed assets -Note 3.1	1,929,193	942,921
Capital work-in-progress -Note 3.5	1,172,206	1,204,697
	3,101,399	2,147,618

3.1 OPERATING FIXED ASSETS

The following is a statement of operating fixed assets:

	Cost and revaluation at July 1, 1997	Additions/ (deletions)	Transfer in/(out)	Cost and revaluation at June 30, 1998	Accumulated depreciation at July 1, 1997	Charge for the year/ (accumulated depreciation on disposals)	Transfers in/(out)	Accumulated depreciation at June 30, 1998	Book value at June 30, 1998	Annual rate of depreciation %
Freehold land	45,835	24,756		70,591					70,591	
Leasehold land	40,265	21,810		62,075	6,616	2,511		9,127	52,948	5
Buildings on freehold land	42,852	62,393		105,245	13,278	2,925		16,203	89,042	5
Buildings on leasehold land	437,216	250,730 (38)	(98)	687,810	96,639	31,437 (38)	(22)	128,016	559,794	5 to 10
Tanks and Pipelines	261,662	398,966 (929)	(2,238)	657,461	151,584	44,314 (928)	(2,238)	192,732	464,729	10
Plant and Machinery	143,469	15,470 (71)		158,868	77,857	14,167 171)		91,953	66,915	10
Airconditioning plant	12,329	132		12,461	11,093	455		11,548	913	10

om – Pakistan's Best Business site with Annual F	Reports, Laws and Articles									
Lifts	4,481			4,481	2,547	246		2,793	1,688	10
Dispensing pumps	211,676	66,708 1149)		278,235	135,049	27,119 (67)		162,101	116,134	15
Rolling stock and vehicles	59,030	85,695 (1,091)		143,634	34,074	15,448 (705)		48,817	94,817	10 to 55
Electrical, mechanical and fire fighting equipment	159,053	94,798 (70)	1,544	255,325	56,038	21,575 (68)	1,468	79,013	176,312	10
Furniture, office equipment and other assets	114,899	42,941 (1,787)	694	156,747	50,423	17,566 (1,530)	694	67,153	89,594	10 to 15
Personal computers	49,858	23,310 (1,110)	98	72,156	19,710	22,337 (980)	98	41,165	30,991	33.33
Main frame	18,374			18,374	3,170	4,994		8,164	10,210	25
Assets held under finance lease - Vehicles		113,109		113,109		8,594		8,594	104,515	20
1998	1,600,999	1,200,818 (5,245)		2,796,572	658,078	213,688 (4,387)		867,379	1,929,193	
1997	1,231,894	378,807 (9,702)		1,600,999	541,515	122,681 (6,118)		658,078	942,921	

3.2 Included in the fixed assets are certain assets of Pak People Products Corporation (Private) Limited which have been included at revalued amounts. The revaluation was carried out on September 30, 1977 and resulted in a surplus of Rs 2.946 million. The surplus arising on revaluation has been fully depreciated.

3.3 The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

	1998 (Rupees '00	1997 00)
Cost of products sold	3,263	748
Administrative and marketing expenses - Note 26	201,831	121,933
	205,094	122,681
Recoverable from the Government of Pakistan under Petroleum Products (Development Surcharge) Rules, 1967	8,594	
	213,688	122,681

3.4 The following assets were disposed of during the year:

 • I artistali 5 Lesi Dusineso sue witi Pulnitali reports, La	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Book value	Sale proceeds	Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyers
		(Rupees '000)				
Buildings on leasehold land						
Items with written down value						
below Rs. 5,000 each	38	38		118		Various
Tanks and pipelines						
Items with written down						
value below Rs 5,000 each	929	928	1	1,544		Various
Plant & Machinery						
Items with written down value						
below Rs. 5,000 each	71	71		5		Various
Dispensing pumps	149	67	82	463	Negotiation	Tezz filling
						station
Rolling stock and vehicles	891	505	386	347	Insurance	EFU General
w wa wa a a					Claim	Insurance Limited
Items with written down value below Rs. 5,000 each	200	200		200		Various
5000 cach						vanous
	1,091	705	386	547		
Electrical, mechanical and						
fire fighting equipment						
Items with written down value						
below Rs. 5,000 each	70	68	2	111		Various
Balance carried forward	2,348	1,877	471	2,788		
Balance brought forward	2,348	1,877	471	2,788		
Furniture, office equipment	29	10	19	20	Negotiation	Akber Aziz (Ex-employee)
and other assets	28	6	22	28	Negotiation	Jeremy Davis (Ex-employee)
	21	13	8	11	Negotiation	M.Q.Azam (Employee)
	20	7	13	13	Negotiation	S. Fazli (Ex-employee)
	43	1	42	39	Negotiation	Wajeeha Ahmed (Ex-employee)
	150	87	63	55	Trade-in	Jaffer Brothers (Pvt) Ltd. Karachi
	39	28	11	5	Negotiation	Mushkoor (Employee)
	45	32	13	20	Negotiation	Islam Nabi (Employee)
	188	165	23	5	Negotiation	Ayub Survey (Employee)
	113	82	31	7	Negotiation	Iftikhar-ur-Rehman (Employee)
Items with written down						
value below Rs 5,000 each	1,111	1,099	12	234		Various
	1,787	1,530	257	437		
Personal computers	73	63	10	20	Negotiation	S.M.Qasim (Employee)
• • •	73	63	10	20	Negotiation	Saleem Piracha (Employee)
	73	63	10	20	Negotiation	S.A. Faisal (Employee)
	73	63	10	20	Negotiation	S. Shahid All (Employee)

oni - rakistans best business site with Annual Reports	Laws and Antices					
	73	62	11	20	Negotiation	Zia-ur-Rehman (Employee)
	73	62	11	20	Negotiation	Sabah-uz-Zaman (Employee)
	73	62	11	20	Negotiation	Naveed I. Khan (Employee)
	72	62	10	20	Negotiation	M. Zaman (Employee)
	72	62	10	20	Negotiation	Shazia Khan (Employee)
	75	69	6	20	Negotiation	Kashif Zia (Employee)
	75	68	7	20	Negotiation	Faisal (Employee)
	75	68	7	20	Negotiation	W.A. Khan (Employee)
	75	68	7	20	Negotiation	Junaid-ud-din (contract employee)
	75	68	7	20	Negotiation	Nasir Rehman (Employee)
Items with written down						
value below Rs 5,000 each	80	77	3	26		Various
	1,110	980	130	306		
1998	5,245	4,387	858	3,531		
1997	9,702	6,115	3,584	5,648		

3.5 CAPITAL WORK-IN-PROGRESS

	1998	1997	
	(Rupees '000)		
Leasehold land	481	642	
Buildings on freehold land	4,147	9,263	
Buildings on leasehold land	310,962	199,326	
Tanks and pipelines	218,368	449,842	
Plant and machinery	43,737	30,591	
Airconditioning plant	17,642	4,603	
Lifts	76	24	
Dispensing pumps	78,699	71,960	
Rolling stock and vehicles	32,848	28,099	
Electrical, mechanical and fire			
fighting equipment	103,320	60,084	
Furniture, office equipment and other assets	153,653	96,058	
Personal computers	32,705	17,630	
Main Frame	91		
Capital stores and spares	175,477	210,456	
Advances to suppliers		5,768	
Unallocated capital expenditure		20,351	
	1,172,206	1,204,697	

4. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

		1998		1997	
		Percentage holding	(R s '000)	Percentage holding	(Rs '000)
	a Country Club Limited 997: Nil) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each.		5,000		
Non-tradin	g subsidiaries	100	1	100	1

5,001

1

Investments in non-trading subsidiaries consists of:

Shell Pakistan Provident Trust (Private) Limited 2 (1997: 2) fully paid ordinary shares of Rs 100 each

Shell Pakistan Pensions Trust (Private) Limited 2 (1997: 2) fully paid ordinary shares of Rs 100 each

5. LONG-TERM LOANS - CONSIDERED GOOD

	1998 (Rupees '00	1997 0)
Due from executives	10,924	7,551
Less: Receivable within one year - Note 711	4,557	2,803
	6,367	4,748
Due from employees	1,488	740
Less: Receivable within one year	714	70
	774	670
	7,141	5,418
Outstanding for periods		
- less than three years	7,109	5,351
- three years and more	32	67
	7,141	5,418

Loans to executives and employees are given for housing and for purchase of motor cars and motorcycles in accordance with the company's policy and are repayable over a period of two to five years.

The maximum aggregate amount due from executives at the end of any month during the year was Rs 10.924 million (1997: Rs 7.551 million).

6. LONG-TERM DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

	1998	1997
	(Rupees '00	0)
Deposits	3,480	1,773
Prepayments	14,268	19,990
	17,748	21,763

7. DEFERRED TAXATION

This is composed of the following:

Deferred liability arising in respect of tax depreciation allowances	(76,697)	(23,903)
Deferred asset in respect of short-term provisions	24,733	36,460
	(51,964)	12,557

8. STORES AND SPARES

	1998
	(Rupees '000)
Stores	18,217
Spares	7,645
	25,862
Less: Provision for obsolete stores	
and spares	5,983

9. STOCK-IN-TRADE

	1998 (Rupees '000)
Raw and packing materials	200,954
Finished products In hand and in PARCO pipeline system	1,185,062
Less: Held in trust on behalf of the Government of Pakistan	78,164
In exchange account with Pakistan State Oil Company Limited and Caltex	1,106,898
Oil (Pakistan) Limited	15,473
	1,122,371
	1,323,325
Charges incurred thereon	458,837
	1,782,162
Less: Provision for stock losses	5,646
	1,776,516

10. TRADE DEBTS

	1998	1997
	(Rupees '000)	
Considered good		
Secured	22.334	15,875
- Unsecured	335,871	537,807
Considered doubtful	121,965	178,042
	480,170	731,724
Less: Provision for doubtful debts - Note 10.1	121,965	178,042
	358,205	553,682

Amounts due from associated undertakings at June 30, 1998 aggregated to Rs 80.749 million (1997: Rs 129.736 million).

The maximum aggregate amount due from associated undertakings at the end of any month during the year was Rs 187.144 million (1997: Rs 129.736 million).

10.1 Provision for doubtful debts

	1998	1997
	(Rupees '0	00)
Balance at July 1	178,042	68,249
Provision made during the year - Note 26	2,500	109,793
Amount written off against provision	(58,577)	
Balance at June 30	121,965	178,042

11. LOANS AND ADVANCES - CONSIDERED GOOD

	1998	1997
	(Rupees '000)	
Loans due from		
- Executives - Note 5	4,557	2,803
- Employees	714	674
	5,271	3,477
Advances to		
- Executives	577	2,621
- Employees	543	951
	1,120	3,572
	6,391	7,049

The maximum aggregate amounts of advances to the Chief Executive, Director and Executives at the end of any month during the year were Nil, Rs 114 thousand and Rs 1,108 thousand respectively (1997: Chief Executive Rs 93

thousand, Director Rs 41 thousand and Executives Rs 1,230 thousand).

12. TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS

Balances with statutory authorities	1998 (Rupees '000	1997)
- Customs duty	10,653	34,792
- Excise duty	8,870	5,707
- Development surcharge	31,390	16,044
	50,913	56,543
Trade deposits	617	3,110
•		
Short-term prepayments	30,659	20,037
	82,189	79,690

13. OTHER RECEIVABLES

	1997 (Rupees '000	1998))
Claim for inland freight equalisation deficit	80,886	309,736
Claim for refund of customs and excise duties	15,519	14,801
Claim for refund of price differential on imported purchases		222,757
Railway claims Recoverable from oil companies	6,478 10,438	6,646 6,381
Advances to suppliers	10,586	37,530
Others	66,626	54,564
	190,533	652,415
Less: Provision for doubtful claims - Note 13.1	33,178	39,328
	157,355	613,087

Amounts due from associated undertakings at the year-end aggregated to Rs 28.215 million (1997: Rs 5.193 million).

The maximum aggregate amount due from associated undertakings at the end of any month during the year was Rs 28.215 million (1997: Rs 5.193 million).

13.1 Provision for doubtful claims

1998

1997

	(Rupees '0	(Rupees '000)		
Balance at July 1	39,328	31,088		
Provision made during the year		13,244		
Amount written off against provision	6,150	5,004		
Balance at June 30	33,178	39,328		

14. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

1998 (Rupees '000	1997)
(,
804,691	
379,682	204,048
29,231	5,311
75,925	290,233
11,004	594
1,300,533	500,186
	(Rupees '000 804,691 379,682 29,231 75,925 11,004

15. LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUBJECT TO FINANCE LEASE

During the year the company has entered into a lease agreement with Askari Leasing Limited to acquire tank lorries. The liability under the lease agreement is payable by June 2003 and is subject to finance charge at the rate of 20.75 percent per annum. An additional charge of 3 percent per month is also leviable on over due rentals.

The company has the option to purchase the leased tank lorries for Rs 11.310 million upon completion of the lease period.

The amount of future payments for the lease and the period in which these payments will become due are as follows:

	1998 (Rupees '000)	1997
Year		
1998 - 1999	33,439	
1999 - 2000	33,439	
2000 - 2001	33,439	
2001 - 2002	33,439	
2002 - 2003	36,389	
	170,145	
Less: Finance charge not due	57,747	
	112,398	
Less: Current maturity shown under current		
liabilities	12,164	
	100,234	

16. REDEEMABLE CAPITAL- Secured (Non-participatory)

Financer	Mark-up rate (%)	Repayment period	1998 (Rupees '000)	1997
ABN Amro Bank	15.50	1995-98		120,000
Banque Indosuez	15.50	1996-97		25,000
Bank of Tokyo	15.50	1995-98		25,000
ANZ Grindlays Bank Limited	15.50	1995-98		88,889
				258,889
Less: Current portion-shown under current liabilities				236,667
17. SHORT-TERM RUNNING FI UNDER MARK-UP ARRANGEM			8,855	461,887

The facility for short-term running finance available from various banks amounts to Rs 897.40 million (1997: Rs 686.70 million). The rates of mark-up range from Re 0.383 to Re 0.410 per Rs 1,000 per day (1997: Re 0.380 to Re 0.417 per Rs 1,000 per day). The purchase prices are payable on various dates by June 21, 1999. These arrangements are secured by way of pari passu charges against hypothecation of the company's stock-in-trade, trade debts and other receivables.

18. CREDITORS, ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES

	1998	1997
	(Rupees '000)	
Creditors	1,446,211	1,650,703
Accrued liabilities	682,977	635,678
Mark-up accrued on secured - short-term running		
finance	1,793	4,424
- redeemable capital	647	6,818
Excise and customs duties and development		
surcharge	216,979	114,986
Sales tax	15,446	32,898
Dealers' security deposits - refundable on		
termination of dealership	95,792	84,488
Advances from customers	155,038	260,447
Price differential on imported purchases payable		
to the Government of Pakistan	271,922	
Workers' welfare fund	20,121	24,130

	2,981,050	2,878,445
Other liabilities	46,755	35,779
Retention money	275	15,499
Unclaimed dividends	23,066	11,169
Workers' profit participation fund - Note 18.1	4,028	1,426
1		

Amount due to an associated undertaking at the year-end aggregated to Rs 405.441 million (1997: Rs 343.465 million).

18.1 Workers' profit participation fund

	1998 (Rupees '000)	1997
Balance at July 1	1,426	15,131
Allocation for the year - Note 29 Interest on funds utilised in the	49,395	52,096
company's business - Note 28		1,338
	50,821	68,565
Less: Amount paid	46,793	67,139
Balance at June 30	4,028	1,426

19. SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF FIXED ASSETS

This represents surplus over book value produced by a revaluation of fixed assets of Pak People Products Corporation (Private) Limited on September 30, 1977.

20. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

20.1 Contingent liabilities

(a) During the year, the Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax (DCIT) has issued a show cause notice indicating his intention to raise a demand of Rs 257.385 million in respect of the year ended June 30, 1997 relevant to assessment year 1997-98 on the grounds that the company has not offered certain imports of its fuel products for taxation under presumptive tax regime.

The company has disagreed with the view of the DCIT on the grounds that these products were not imported by them. Instead, these were purchased through the importing agents appointed by the Government of Pakistan. Further, one of the products namely MTBE is a chemical used in the blending of low lead super gasoline and would therefore not fall under the presumptive tax regime.

The company has objected to this proposed additional import tax as these products were exempted from import tax with effect from July 1997. As oil industry margins for these products are controlled by the Ministry of Petroleum, the company has taken this matter up with the Ministry of Petroleum, Ministry of Finance and Chairman of Central Board of Revenue. The Ministry of Finance has approached the Law Division for their advice on how to apply retrospective exemption. The management is confident that the

ultimate decision will be in favour of the company, hence no provision has been made for this disputed tax.

(b) Octroi levies amounting to approximately Rs $421.428\ \text{million}\ (1997:\ \text{Rs}\ 396.464\ \text{million}).$

Certain municipal authorities have demanded octroi on the total quantity of petroleum products stored within their municipal limits whereas the company maintains that octroi is payable only on the quantities sold within the municipal limits, and not on the products temporarily stored there. The company has filed appeals before the High Court of Sindh against the above octroi levies. Pending outcome of the appeals and because the management is confident that the decisions will be in favour of the company, no provision has been made in these accounts for the aforesaid octroi levies.

(c) Claims against the company not acknowledged as debts were approximately Rs 222.414 million (1997: Rs 138.393 million).

20.2 Commitments

(a) Capital expenditure contracted for but not incurred amounted to approximately Rs 139.521 million (1997: Rs 62.277 million).

(b) Commitments for rentals under operating lease agreements amounted to Rs 25.779 million (1997: Rs 35.246 million) in respect of assets were payable as follows:

Year	(Rupees '000)
1998-1999	11,639
1999-2000	8,725
2000-2001	3,805
2001-2002	1,610
	25,779

21. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorised capital	1998 (Rupees '000	1997)
50,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs i0 each	500,000	500,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital 23,481,000 ordinary shares of Rs 10 each fully paid in cash	234,810	117,924
11,584,800 ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued as fully paid bonus share 35,065,800	115,848 350,658	115,848 233,772

The Shell Petroleum Company Limited, United Kingdom held 18,093,804 (1997: 11,929,203) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each at June 30, 1998.

22. RESERVES

	CAPITAL (Share premium)	REVENUE (General)	TOTAL 1998	1997
Balance at July 1	623,392	207,002	830,394	873,792
Arising on amalgamation of subsidiary companies under the scheme of arrangement				(43,398)
On issue of right shares during the year	1,402,632		1,402,632	
Balance at June 30	2,026,024	207,002	2,233,026	830,394

23. DUTIES, TAXES AND LEVIES

	1998	1997
	(Rupees '000)	
Development surcharge	13,776,224	9,406,010
Excise duty	978,953	854,810
Customs duty	670,250	663,025
Inland freight equalisation margin	1,959,658	1,743,748
Local duties, octroi and other levies	459,993	513,222
Wharfage	1,141	1,220
	17,846,219	13,182,035

24. COST OF PRODUCTS SOLD

	1998 (Rupees '00	1997 0)
Opening stock of raw and packing material	155,701	160,012
Raw and packing material purchased Less: Closing stock of raw and	1,198,915	839,635
Packing material	200,954	155,701
Raw and packing material consumed	1,153,662	843946
Add: Manufacturing expenses	40,538	28,311
Cost of products manufactured	1,194,200	872,257
Opening stock of finished products	1,334,412	983,070
Finished products purchased	21,517,636	21,815,965
Less: Closing stock of finished products	1,116,725	1,334,412
Cost of products sold	22,929,523	22,336,880

25. TRANSPORTATION EXPENSES

	1998 (Rupees '00	1997 0)
Gross expenditure	2,966,517	2,832,605
Less: Recoverable against inland freight equalisation margin	2,823,393	2,711,846
	143,124	120,759
26. ADMINISTRATIVE AND MARKETING EXPENSES		
Salaries, wages and benefits	391,160	314,350
Staff training	13,055	22,788
Stores and materials	12,120	14,519

Stores and materials	12,120	14,519
Fuel and power	30,663	22,885
Rent, taxes and utilities	68,003	63,426
Lease rentals and charges	16,860	19,714
Repairs and maintenance	45,253	42,674
Insurance	35,090	30,130
Commission and allowances		11,083
Travelling	66,889	56,586
Advertising and publicity	116,983	81,135
Technical service fee	39,643	26,846
Legal and professional charges	20,086	15,228
Communication and stationery	48,366	43,594
Computer expenses	9,566	5,080
Depreciation - Note 3.3	201,831	121,933
Stocks written off		416
Provision for doubtful debts - trade	2,500	109,793
- others		17,555
Unallocated capital expenditure		
written off	20,351	
Bad debts written off	13,194	285
Other receivables written off		201
Others	9,993	28,274
	1,161,606	1,048,495
Less: Handling and storage charges	, - ,	,,
recovered	29,864	33,213
		1,015,282
	=========================	

27. OTHER INCOME

	1998	1997
	(Rupees '000)	
Non fuel retail income	20,633	1,200
Interest on short-term deposits	52,585	10,537
License/franchise fee recovered from dealers	24,500	15,524
Insurance commission	5,280	381
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	2,673	2,064
Liabilities no longer payable written back	18,293	11,588
Provision no longer required written back	27,427	
Commission and agency fee	1,499	3,035

-		
Exchange gain	7,165	521
Scrap sales	1,925	3,141
Income from formulation services		6,253
Sundries	2,500	7,698
	164,480	61,942

28. FINANCIAL CHARGES

Mark-up on short-term running finance	25,845	20,837
Mark-up on redeemable capital	28,757	48,794
Finance charge on liabilities against		
assets subject to finance lease (net)	6,917	
Bank charges	30,857	18,355
Excise duty on short-term running finance		4,655
Interest on payments beyond agreed		
credit terms		1,071
Interest on workers' profit		
participation fund - Note 18.1		1,338
	92,376	95,050
Less: Interest from cartage contractors	86	131
Interest on securities		29
Others	74	59
	160	219
	92,216	94,831
	=	

29. OTHER CHARGES

	1998	1997
	(Rupees '000)	
Auditors' remuneration - Note 29.1	1,948	2,478
Workers' welfare fund	17,000	22,604
Workers' profit participation fund - Note 18.1	49,395	52,096
Donations	5,639	2,218
Expenses incurred on issuance of right shares	6,218	
Others		356
	80,200	79,752
29.1 Auditors' Remuneration		
Audit fee	800	715
Fee for substantiating inland freight		
equalisation margin and octroi to		
the Government	243	180
Audit of provident, pension, gratuity and		
workers' profits participation funds	95	89
Tax services	174	827

Special certifications and sundry		
advisory services	391	462
Out of pocket expenses	245	118
Central excise duty		87
	1,948	2,478

29.2 Interest of the directors or their spouses in the donations made during the year is as follows:

Name of Donee	Name of interested directors and nature of interest	Amount donated		
	unectors and nature of interest	1998	1997	
		(Rupees '000)		
Rotary Club Metropolitan	Mr. T.V. Higgins - Trustee	50		
The Layton Rehmatullah				
Benevolent Trust	Mr. T.V. Higgins - Trustee			
	Mr. Farrokh K. Captain- Trustee	1,000	750	
Spedal Olympics of Pakistan	Mr. Farrokh K. Captain - Director	250	500	

30. TAXATION

	1998	1997	
	(Rupees '000)		
Current - for the year	287,282	378,347	
- for prior years	(21,840)	(4,159)	
	265,442	374,188	
Deferred	64,521	9,856	
	329,963	384,044	

31. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	Chief Executive	1998 Directors	Executives	Chief Executive	1997 Directors	Executives
			(Rupees '00	0)		
Managerial remuneration	10,364	5,542	154,329	10,693	739	121,514
Company's contribution to pension, gratuity and provident fund	1,362	728	31,802	1,204	43	24,938
Housing						
- Rent - Utilities allowance Other items	600 602 352	633 110 77	46,102 4,944 6,904	600 464 344	286 71 27	36,835 3,416 5,846

Leave passage		63	14,587			10,039
Leave encashment					11	
Medical expenses	22	73	1,898	5	806	774
	13,302	7,226	260,566	13,310	1,983	203,362
Number of persons	1	2	487	1	2	428

Aggregate amount charged in the accounts for the year for fee to 5 directors was Rs 8 thousand (1997:3 directors Rs 5 thousand).

In addition, the Chief Executive, a Director and some of the Executives were also provided with free use of company cars and 6 of the Executives were also provided with free use of company-owned apartments.

32. TRANSACTIONS WITH ASSOCIATED UNDERTAKINGS

	1998 (Rupees '000)	1997)
(i) Purchases	8,460,891	7,316,963
(ii) Sales	762,367	481,911
(iii) Other items		
- Technical service fee expense	39,643	26,846
- Handling and storage charges		
recovered	4,365	4,948
- Commission income	1,499	2,960
(iv) Chief Executive's expenses charged to		
associated companies	9,279	1,795

33. CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	Note		
Profit before taxation		921,514	927,140
Adjustment for non cash			
charges and other items:			
Depreciation expense charged to			
profit and loss account	3.3	205,094	122,681
Unallocated capital expenditure			
written off	25	20,351	
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	27	(2,673)	(2,064)
Provision no longer required written back	27	(27,427)	
Mark-up on short-term running finance	28	25,845	20,837
Mark-up on redeemable capital	28	28,757	48,794
Finance charge on liabilities against			
assets subject to finance lease	28	6,917	
Working capital changes	33.1	756,949	431,987
		1,935,327	1,549,375

33.1 Working capital changes

1998 1997

	(Rupees '00	J)
(Increase)/decrease in current assets		
Stores and spares	(11,299)	(812)
Stock-in-trade	8,910	(343,374)
Trade debts	195,477	3,345
Loans and advances	658	(113)
Trade deposits and short-term prepayments	(2,499)	11,704
Other receivables (net)	466,192	58,592
	657,439	
Increase in current liabilities		
Creditors, accrued and other		
liabilities (excluding unclaimed	99,510	702,645
dividends and accrued financial charges)		
	756,949	431,987
34. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash and cash equivalents include:		
Cash and bank balances - Note 14	1,300,533	500,186
Short-term running finance utilised		
under mark-up arrangements - Note 17	(8,855)	(461,887)
	1,291,678	38,299

(Runees '000)

35. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been restated, wherever necessary, for the purpose of comparison. These also include corresponding figures of Pak People Products Corporation (Private) Limited, Jamia Industries (Private) Limited, Petroleum Industries of Pakistan (Private) Limited, International Lubricants (Private) Limited, Amif Petroleum (Private) Limited and Lahore Lubricants (Private) Limited for the purpose of comparison.

SHAREHOLDERS' STATISTICS

AS AT JUNE 30, 1998

No. of Shareholders		Shareholding		Total Shares
1,067	1	ТО	50	19,994
497	51	ТО	100	38,077
2,273	101	ТО	500	619,143
725	501	ТО	1,000	529,463
688	1,001	ТО	5,000	1,507,857
81	5,001	ТО	10,000	556,297
23	10,001	ТО	15,000	284,414
7	15,001	ТО	20,000	124,622
4	20,001	ТО	25,000	88,050
4	25,001	ТО	30,000	107,746
3	30,001	ТО	35,000	99,024
3	35,001	ТО	40,000	115,810
2	40,001	TO	45,000	84,101

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2	45,001	TO	50,000	99,200
3	50,001	TO	55,000	153,049
2	65,001	TO	70,000	131,837
3	85,001	TO	90,000	266,413
1	100,001	TO	105,000	104,839
1	125,001	TO	130,000	128,025
2	130,001	TO	135,000	267,900
1	140,001	TO	145,000	141,556
1	165,001	TO	170,000	167,857
1	180,001	TO	185,000	184,991
1	185,001	TO	190,000	188,913
1	200,001	TO	205,000	204,688
1	230,001	TO	235,000	230,850
1	360,001	TO	365,000	364,400
1	925,001	TO	930,000	928,700
1	1,065,001	TO	1,070,000	1,068,643
1	2,040,001	TO	2,045,000	2,040,533
1	6,125,001	TO	6,130,000	6,125,004
1	18,090,001	TO	18,095,000	18,093,804
5,403				35,065,800

Categories of Shareholders	Numbers	Shares Held	Percentage
Individuals	5,328	4,175,039	11.91 %
Investment Companies	9	227,880	0.65%
Insurance Companies	9	1,392,259	3.97%
Banks	5	392,560	1.12%
Modaraba Companies	6	91,190	0.26%
Public Limited	2	14,106	0.04%
Private Limited Companies	21	40,068	0.11%
Financial Institutions	7	8,530,568	24.33%
Associated Companies *	1	18,093,804	51.60%
Abandoned Properties * *	1	204,688	0.58%
Corporate Law Authority	1	1	
Joint Stock Companies	1	16,062	0.05%
Foreign Investment Companies	12	1,887,575	5.38%
	5,403	35,065,800	100.00%

* This category represents the foreign shareholding (The Shell Petroleum Company Ltd., London).

** This category represents shareholders of Bangladesh, whose dividend is paid to the Administrator, Abandoned Properties Organisation, Government of Pakistan.

ACCOUNTS OF SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

 Shell Pakistan Provident Trust (Private) Limited

 Directors
 Mr. T.V. Higgins

 Ms. T. Taylor
 Mr. H. Madani

Shell Pakistan Pensions Trust (Private) Limited

Directors Mr. T.V. Higgins Ms. T. Taylor Mr. H. Madani

SHELL PAKISTAN PROVIDENT TRUST (PVT) LTD. BALANCE SHEET AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1997

	1997 (Rupees '0	1990 00)
Authorised Capital 10 ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each	1,000	1,000
Issued and Subscribed Capital 2 ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid in cash		200
Assets		
Balance with bank on current account	200	200

Note: As there were no revenue transactions during the year, no Profit and Loss Account has been prepared.

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed Balance Sheet of Shell Pakistan Provident Trust (Private) Limited as at December 31, 1997 and have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit and, after due verification thereof, we report that:

(a) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;

(b) in our opinion

(i) the Balance Sheet has been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and is in agreement with the books of account;

(ii) there was no expenditure incurred and no investment was made during the year; and

(c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Balance Sheet gives the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984 in the manner so required and gives a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at December 31, 1997; and

(d) in our opinion, no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

Karachi · September 7, 1998

A.E FERGUSON & CO. Chartered Accountants

SHELL PAKISTAN PENSIONS TRUST (PVT) LTD. BALANCE SHEET AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1997

	1997 (Rupees '000	1996)
Authorised Capital		
10 ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each	1,000	1,000
Issued and Subscribed Capital		
2 ordinary shares of Rs. 100 each fully paid in cash	200	200
	:	
Assets		
Balance with bank on current account	200	200

Note: As there were no revenue transactions during the year, no Profit and Loss Account has been prepared.

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed Balance Sheet of Shell Pakistan Pensions Trust (Private) Limited as at December 31, 1997 and have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit and, after due verification thereof, we report that:

 (a) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;

(b) in our opinion

(i) the Balance Sheet has been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and is in agreement with the books of account;

(ii) there was no expenditure incurred and no investment was made during the year; and

(c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Balance Sheet gives the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984 in the manner so required and gives a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at December 31, 1997; and

(d) in our opinion, no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

Karachi: September 7, 1998

A.F. FERGUSON & CO. Chartered Accountants