Notice of the meeting

NOTICE is hereby given that the thirty second Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at the Pearl Continental Hotel, Karachi on Tuesday, October 29, 2013 at 11:00 a.m. to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To receive and adopt the Audited Accounts for the year ended June 30, 2013 together with the Report of the Directors' and Auditors' thereon.
- 2. To approve the payment of cash dividend @110 % i.e. Rs. 5.50 per share as recommended by the Board of Directors for the year ended June 30, 2013.
- 3. To appoint Auditors for the year 2013-2014 and to fix their remuneration. The present auditors M/s Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder (Chartered Accountants) being eligible offer themselves for re-appointment.

By Order of the Board,

Karachi, August 29, 2013

AQEEL LOON Company Secretary

NOTES:

- i) The Share transfer books of the company will remain closed from October 23, 2013 to October 29, 2013 (Both days inclusive) and the final dividend will be paid to the Shareholders whose names will appear in the Register of Members on October 23, 2013. Shareholders (Non-CDC) are requested to promptly notify the Company's Registrar of any change in their addresses and submit, if applicable to them, the Non-deduction of Zakat Form CZ-50 with the Registrar of the Company M/S Noble Computer Services (Pvt) Limited., Share Department, 1st Floor, House of Habib, 3 Jinnah Cooperative Housing Society, Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi-75350, Tel: (021) 34325482-84, Fax: (021) 34325442, Email: ncsl@noble-computer.com. All the Shareholders holding the shares through the CDC are requested to please update their addresses and Zakat status with their Participants. This will assist in the prompt receipt of dividend.
- ii) A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend the meeting and vote for him/her. Proxies in order to be effective, instrument of appointing proxy must be received at the registered office of the company duly stamped and signed not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting. A proxy must be a member of the Company.
- iii) Members who have not yet submitted photocopy of their computerized national identity card to the Company are requested to send the same at the earliest.

CDC Accounts Holders will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down in Circular 1 dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

A. For Attending the Meeting:

In case of individuals the account holder or i) sub-account holder and / or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration detail is uploaded as per the regulations, shall authenticate identity by showing his / her original national identity card (CNIC) or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.

ii) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominees shall be produced (unless provided earlier) at the time of meeting.

В. For Appointing Proxies:

- In case of individuals the account holder or i) sub-account holder and / or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration detail is uploaded as per the regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirements.
- The proxy form shall be witnessed by two ii) person whose names, addresses and CNIC number shall be mentioned on the form.
- Attested photocopies of CNIC or passport of the iii) beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- iv) The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of meeting.
- In case of corporate entity, the Board of V) Directors' resolution / power of attorney with the specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form of the Company.

Submission of copies of CNIC:

Pursuant to the directive of the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan, CNIC numbers of the shareholders are mandatorily required to be mentioned on dividend warrants. Shareholders are therefore requested to submit a copy of their CNIC (if not already provided) to the Company's Share Registrar, M/s. Noble Computer Services (Pvt) Limited.

Payment of Cash Dividend Electronically (Optional)

The Company wishes to inform to its shareholders that under the law they are also entitled to receive their cash dividend directly in their bank accounts instead of receiving it through dividend warrants. Shareholders wishing to exercise this option may submit their application to the Company's Share Registrar, giving particulars relating to their name, folio number, bank account number, title of account and complete mailing address of bank, CDC account holders should submit their requests directly to their broker (participant)/CDC.

Directors' Report to the Shareholders

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Dear Shareholders,

The Directors of your Company have the pleasure of presenting the annual report based on the results of its operations along with the audited accounts for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Consequent to the General Elections, the new Government faces numerous uphill tasks and challenges, most critical being the deteriorating law & order, power shortage, economic slowdown, inflation, unemployment and increasing poverty which need to be taken up on priority to improve the industrial climate of the country.

The Board of Directors' is pleased to recommend a cash dividend of 110% i.e. Rs. 5.50 per share. The Board has also recommended appropriation of Rs. 175.0 million from un-appropriated profits to General Reserve.

PAKISTAN'S ECONOMY

The year 2013 started with continuing economic issues such as inflation, the growing current account deficit, problems of power and gas shortages along with other internal and external challenges. Low agriculture productivity, narrow tax and export bases, trade policy distortions are among the other issues that require immediate attention. The circular debt kept on increasing despite injections by the government. The working of the Public Sector Enterprises also deteriorated levying additional burden on budget.

The adverse impact of these economic difficulties was further compounded by the ongoing war against extremism/terrorism which continues unabatedly, causing irreparable loss to the economy and depriving the masses of mental peace and harmony. Despite these challenges, the overall growth of GDP was registered at 3.6% as compared to 4.4% last year.

Next year is again going to be as challenging for us as all the impediments of the last year have been carried forward without any solution. It includes uncertain policies, energy crisis, and deteriorating law and order situation.



AUTOMOTIVE SECTOR

Auto Industry in the last year remained unpredictable due to wavering Government policies and frequent and fluctuating customers' demand. The passenger car segment was lower by 22% as compared to last year, mainly on account of carryover stock of the imported used cars. The second main reason for the slowdown in the local car production was on account of the amnesty scheme to the owners of the non-duty paid smuggled vehicles. However, under this relief, there was an influx of luxury cars brought from Afghanistan, Iran which was regularized on payment of duty/taxes based on used car formula. It has been reported that 50,850 vehicles were regularized under this scheme.

Tractor segment, which was badly hit last year improved by 6% this year. This growth in the tractor segment was possible after the rationalization of Sales Tax on tractor from 16% to 5% from July 2012 and thereafter to 10% from January 2013. Although the Sindh and Punjab Government announced subsidies on tractor purchase but the impact of these incentives on the overall market was negligible.

Motorcycle segment is unique in a sense that there are many approved assemblers making motorcycles largely on imports of CKD's from China. This year many of such assemblers have closed down their operations on account of stiff competition. The ones survived are the ones whose production volumes are sizeable. We expect this segment has lot of potential for growth.

Summarized automobile production figures comparing 2013 with 2012 appears below:

	`2013	2012	Change
Passenger Cars	120,332	154,255	(22%)
Light Commercial Vehicles	15,992	21,380	(25%)
Trucks & Buses	2,445	3,165	(23%)
Tractors	50,856	48,120	6%
Motorcycles (2 & 3 Wheelers)	1,736,238	1,691,527	3%

1. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL RESULTS

Following are the summarized financial results of the Company for the year 2013:

(Rs. '000)

	2013	2012
Turnover Gross Profit Profit before Taxation Taxation Profit after Taxation	3,503,624 574,603 439,134 (129,714) 309,420	4,286,674 925,703 830,446 (245,382) 585,064
Earnings Per Share (Rs.)	10.74	20.31

Sales during the year 2013 remained at Rs. 3.5 billion as compared to last year's Rs. 4.28 billion, registering a decline of 18% over last year. The profit before tax for the year has also declined by 391.0 million as compared with last year. The main reason for the decline in sales & profitability is attributable to reduction in volume of the passenger car segment which has dropped by 22%.

2. UP-GRADATION OF MANUFACTURING FACILITIES

Regular up-gradation and balancing is required to keep the manufacturing facilities updated and to supply the parts to the customers as per their requirement. During the year, plant & machinery worth Rs. 67.9 million were added:

Nissin Grinding Machine

After the successful working of new Grinding Machine last year, another new machine has been added to the Pipe Fork machining line. Pipe Forks are supplied to M/s. Atlas Honda Motorcycles and by adding this machine the capacity has increased to 72,000 pipe forks per month which would cater for the monthly requirement of 36,000 motorcycles.

CNC Machining Center for Steering Box

Steering Box is supplied to Millat Tractor and until the introduction of this new CNC machine the machining was done on conventional manual type machines. After the addition of this machine the entire Steering Box Housing is machined within minutes



Agriauto Stamping Company (Private) Limited



The Company established a wholly owned subsidiary last year by the name of Agriauto Stamping Company (Private) Limited (ASC).

The new Company has signed a Technical Assistance, Service & Consultancy Agreement with Ogihara Thailand Company Limited (OTC). OTC is the subsidiary of world renowned die & tool maker, M/s. Ogihara International, Japan. The total project cost is estimated at Rs. 1.05 billion and till June 2013 Rs. 703.125 million has been invested in the new Company.

By the Grace of God – the project is coming up as per schedule and the supply of commercial production will commence from July 2014. During the year the Komatsu 4 press tandem line was purchased and currently it is being installed under the supervision of a Japanese expert. The dedicated electricity connection of 2.1MW has been sanctioned and it is expected that the electricity would be energized soon. The trainees who have undertaken six months extensive training at Ogihara, Thailand are back and are part of the executing team in their respective areas.

Apart from the facility development the prototype parts produced from the dies being developed in Thailand have been approved and the dies will now be shipped for local trial production. The material source has also been selected and sample lot will be ordered soon.

We are anxiously working on this new project and are very hopeful that the desired results from the new project will be attained.





4. NEW PRODUCTS

During the year the Company embarked upon a Technical Assistance Agreement with M/s. Shiroki Corporation, Japan for the progressive manufacturing of manual type Widow Regulator for passenger cars. Currently, three technical personnel are on training in Japan for a 3 week term. This training will entail smooth transition of technology for the local manufacturing which is scheduled to start from July 2014.

Consequent to the successful development of manual type window regulator, we have been given assurance from the technical partner that the power type regulator would also be considered for localization. We are quite hopeful that with the initial introduction of manual type regulator will pave the way for the power type regulator which has higher volumes with the vehicle assemblers.

5. corporate social responsibility

The Company is mindful of its obligations towards the community. During the year, the company contributed Rs. 4.3 million to various institutions working toward human cause and for the betterment of the underprivileged. The company contributes 1% of PBT toward CSR activities.

a. Continued Support to Medical and Educational Institutes at Hub

We continued our endeavor to maintain and improve the facilities at a Hospital at Hub. The Laboratory and the Operation Theatre is being maintained by providing equipment for these facilities.

The company has also rendered financial assistance for the improvement of maternal & neonatal health standards.

Like preceding years, this year too we donated stationary and 6000 copies for distribution amongst needy/poor students of Girls School at Hub, for the new academic year.

b. Provision of Rations

To cater for the needs of community at Hub, the company distributed Ration Hampers to the widows/poor families at Hub during the month of Ramzan.

6. Industrial Harmony

We are enjoying cordial management- Labor relations. Major/important decisions are shared with the workers during monthly morning assemblies. To ensure that the workforce remains committed and motivated, the employees are rewarded for good job done and successes are celebrated at shop floor. Employee of the month ceremony is regularly held to incentivize good performance of individuals/teams.

The company also distributed Ration Hampers to all the workers as a Ramadan Gift.

Medical Camp

Free Medical and Eye Camp is being carried out for all employees. The members with poor eye sight were provided with free eye glasses.



7. CONTRIBUTION TO NATIONAL EXCHEQUER

During the year your Company contributed 0.868 billion to the National Exchequer.

8. HUMAN RESOURCE

Training

To respond to the rapidly changing business landscape, managing and developing our human assets, remain the hallmark of our HR Strategy. Our focus remained on providing meaningful training to our employees in order to build up their skills, motivation and behavioral aspects.

A specialized training on Total Productive Management (TPM) was arranged for our executives through the aegis of Japan Technical Systems Institute (JTSI). The training which comprised ten intensive sessions was attended by 50 executives including the top management.

To ensure that the contents of the training are disseminated to the shop floor level, our workers were also given the training through in-house sessions.

As a post training initiative we have also planned TPM Consultancy sessions during this year, which is in progress.

Foreign trainings were also organized for Agriauto Stamping Company at Ogihara Thailand and regularly our members are trained through Association for Overseas Technical Scholarship, Japan (AOTS)

Values Sessions

To foster the spirit of ownership and self-reliance, regular value sessions are being conducted.



5S

To inculcate team sprit amongst the employees, extensive 5S activities are carried out to simplify and improve the working environment. To ensure total commitment, span of 5S Activities has been extended to support functions as well.

9.FUTURE OUTLOOK



Notwithstanding various attempts by the Automobile industry to recommend a long term industry friendly policy to encourage local production and indigenization, the government continues to burden this industry by increasing registration fees, sales tax. Besides that, the production cost of the cars would go up, resulting in a further price hike. The compound effect of these taxes is so high on the price of the products which will make the next vear more challenging.

We urge the Government to have a long term policy for automobile industry as the frequent changes lessen the confidence of the industry and it is not utilized to its optimum level.

Our focus this year will primarily be on motor cycle's segment as this segment has lot of potential for growth.



10. PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

The pattern of shareholding as on June 30, 2013 is annexed.

11. CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING

In compliance with the listing regulation # 37 of the Karachi Stock Exchange and Chapter XIII of the Lahore Stock Exchange, the Directors of the Company do hereby declare the following:







- a. The financial statements prepared by the Management of the Company, present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- b. Proper books of account have been maintained.
- c. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgement.
- d. International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure there-from has been adequately disclosed.
- e. The system of internal control is sound in design ands has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- f. There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- g. There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.

The value of investments made by the Provident Fund for the year ended June 30, 2013 amounted to Rs.132.749 million.

12. NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS

During the year, four Board meeting were held and attendance is given hereunder:

SL#	Names	No of meetings Attended/held
1	Mr. Yutaka Arae	7/7
2	Mr. Fahim Kapadia	7/7
3	Mr. Sohail P. Ahmed	5/7
4	Mr. Owaisul Mustafa	6/7
5	Mr. Asif Rizvi	4/7
6	Mr. Alireza M. Alladin	5/7
7	Mr. Danesh Dinshaw	6/7

13. AUDITORS

The existing Auditors M/s. Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co (Chartered Accountants) retired and have offered themselves for re-appointment. The reappointment has also been recommended by the Audit Committee of the Board.

14. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The statement of compliance to the Code of Corporate Governance is annexed herewith.

15. ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We are pleased to acknowledge that the relations with employees remained cordial and harmonious throughout the year. The Management recognizes and records its sincere appreciation to all employees for their continued dedication, commitment and hard work for the growth and prosperity of the company, without which this performance would not have been possible. Once again we expect the same zeal and commitment to continue and prevail.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we would like to place on record our appreciation to all our Patrons, Dealers, Suppliers and Employees for their valuable help, steady support and contribution to the Company. We are also thankful to all our overseas technical collaborators, M/s Gabriel Ride Control Products (GRC), Inc. USA, M/s KYB Corporation, Japan, M/s Aisin Seiki Co. Ltd, Japan, M/s. Shiroki Corporation, Japan and M/s. Ogihara (Thailand) Co. Ltd for their technical assistance and advice.

On behalf of the Board of Directors.

Fahim Kapadia Chief Executive

KARACHI

DATED: August 29,2013

Agriauto Industries Limited

Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

For the year ended June 30, 2013

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in listing regulations of Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance. Agriauto Industries Limited (the Company) has applied the principles contained in the Code of Corporate Governance in the following manner:

- The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its Board of directors (the Board). At present, the Board comprises of seven directors which includes five non-executive directors.
- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including the Company.
- 3. All the resident directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange
- 4. No casual vacancies occurred during the year.
- 5. The Company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and

- conditions of employment of the CEO, other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the Board.
- 8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- Two directors of the Company are certified directors from Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance and one director is exempted from the requirement by virtue of his experience as prescribed by SECP in clause (xi) of CCG.
- 10. No new appointment of CFO/Company Secretary has been made during the year.
- The directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
- 13. The directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.

- 14. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance.
- 15. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises three members, of whom three are non-executive directors and the chairman of the committee is a non-executive director.
- 16. The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company and as required by the Code of Corporate Governance. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 17. The Board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. It comprises of five members, of whom three are non-executive directors and the chairman of the committee is a non executive director.
- 18. The Board has outsourced the internal audit function to Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company and they are involved in the internal audit function on a full time basis.
- 19. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim/final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of

- company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchanges.
- 22. Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchanges.
- 23. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the Code of Corporate Governance have been complied with, except that the position of the Company Secretary and CFO is held by the same person. The said decision has been taken by the Board keeping in view the size of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Yutaka Area Chairman

Fahim Kapadia Chief Executive

Karachi: August 29, 2013



Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder Chartered Accountants Progressive Plaza, Beaumont Road P.O. Box 15541, Karachi 75530 Pakistan

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REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance (the Statement) with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) for the year ended 30 June 2013 prepared by the Board of Directors of Agriauto Industries Limited (the Company) to comply with the Regulations of the respective Stock Exchanges, where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

Further, Listing Regulations of the Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges require the Company to place before the Board of Directors for their consideration and approval, related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price, recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. Further, all such transactions are also required to be separately placed before the audit committee. We are only required and have ensured compliance of requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board of Directors and placement of such transactions before the audit committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code, as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2013.

Ernst + young Ford Nhal D: At 1 pm Chartered Accountants

29 August 2013

Karachi



Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder Chartered Accountants Progressive Plaza, Beaumont Road P.O. Box 15541, Karachi 75530 Pakistan

Tel: +9221 3565 0007-11 Fax: +9221 3568 1965 eyfrsh.khi@pk.ey.com ey.com/pk

AUDITORS' REPORT ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements comprising consolidated balance sheet of Agriauto Industries Limited (the Holding Company) and its subsidiary company (together referred to as Group) as at 30 June 2013 and the related consolidated profit and loss account, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated cash flow statement and consolidated statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended. We have also expressed separate opinions on the financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company Agriauto Stamping Company (Private) Limited. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Holding Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

Our audit was conducted in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing and accordingly included such tests of accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly the financial position of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company as at 30 June 2013 and the results of their operations for the year then ended.

Earst + Joung Fort Rhods Dilet Hyde Chartered Accountants

Audit Engagement Partner: Riaz A. Rehman Chamdia

29 August 2013 Karachi

Balance Sheet AS AT JUNE 30, 2013

	Notes	2013	2012
		(Rs. ir	n 000')
ASSETS			
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment Long term deposits and other receivables Long term investment	6 7 8	504,722 5,714 703,125 1,213,561	457,785 3,954 50,000 511,739
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, spares and loose tools Stock-in-trade Trade debts Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Accrued profit Short term investments Taxation – net	9 10 11 12	75,107 625,925 472,811 23,624 831 50,341	77,772 681,927 315,856 11,216 1,607 966,650 8,309
Cash and bank balances	14	550,812 1,799,451	344,892 2,408,229
TOTAL ASSETS		3,013,012	2,919,968
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Authorised capital 40,000,000 (2012: 40,000,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each		200,000	200,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Reserves	15	144,000 2,515,820 2,659,820	144,000 2,423,584 2,567,584
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		_,,.	_,,
Deferred taxation	16	54,440	51,506
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Current portion of liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Taxation – net	17	270,217 - 7,794	278,186 434 -
Sales tax payable		20,741 298,752	22,258 300,878
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	18	200,102	000,070
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		3,013,012	2,919,968

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Yutaka Arae Chairman

Profit and Loss Account FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Notes	2013	2012	
		(Rs. ir	n 000')	
Turnover - net	19	3,503,624	4,286,674	
Cost of sales	20	(2,929,021)	(3,360,971)	
Gross profit		574,603	925,703	
Distribution costs	21	(54,754)	(62,059)	
Administrative expenses Finance costs	22 23	(128,970)	(110,125)	
Finance costs	23	(126) (183,850)	(434)	
			750.005	
Operating profit		390,753	753,085	
Other charges	24	(32,993)	(69,896)	
Other income	25	81,374	147,257	
Profit before taxation		48,381 439,134	77,361 830,446	
Tront before taxation		400,104	000,440	
Taxation	26	(129,714)	(245,382)	
Profit after taxation		309,420	585,064	
				
		Rupees	Rupees	
Earnings per share – basic and diluted	27	10.74	20.31	
5 .				

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Yutaka Arae Chairman

Statement of Comprehensive Income FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Notes	2013	2012	
		(Rs. in	000')	
Net profit for the year		309,420	585,064	
Other comprehensive income				
Unrealized gain on change in fair value of available-for-sale investments arisen during the year – net of tax		31,043	57,102	
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in profit and loss account upon disposal of investments		(32,227)	(81,165)	
		(1,184)	(24,063)	
Total comprehensive income for the year		308,236	561,001	

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Yutaka Arae Chairman

Cash Flow Statement FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Notes	2013	2012	
		(Rs. i	n 000')	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash generated from operations Finance costs paid Income tax paid Long term deposits Net cash generated from operating activities	28	320,163 (126) (120,203) (1,760) 198,074	714,292 (434) (225,558) 295 488,595	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Fixed capital expenditure Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of short term investment Acquisition of short term investments Acquisition of long term investments Profit received on term deposit receipts Profit received on deposit accounts Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities		(119,334) 9,568 657,530 (625,000) (653,125) 33,998 12,992 (683,371)	(161,218) 42,014 686,165 (255,000) (50,000) 45,202 12,014 319,177	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Lease rentals paid Dividends paid Net cash used in financing activities		(211) (213,572) (213,783)	(2,008) (142,413) (144,421)	
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(699,080)	663,351	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,299,892	636,541	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	29	600,812	1,299,892	

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Yutaka Arae Chairman

Statement of Changes in Equity FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Reserves					
		Capital reserve	Revenue	reserves	Gain / (loss) on changes		
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Share premium	General	Unapp- ropriated profit	in fair value of available- for-sale investments	Total	Total equity
				(Rs. in 000')			
Balance as at June 30, 2011	144,000	12,598	1,525,000	443,697	25,288	2,006,583	2,150,583
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2011 @ Rs. 5 /- per share	-	-	-	(144,000)	-	(144,000)	(144,000)
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	290,000	(290,000)	-	-	-
Profit after taxation for the year Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	585,064	(24,063)	585,064 (24,063)	585,064 (24,063)
Total comprehensive income for the year	=	-	-	585,064	(24,063)	561,001	561,001
Balance as at June 30, 2012	144,000	12,598	1,815,000	594,761	1,225	2,423,584	2,567,584
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2012 @ Rs. 7.5 /- per share	-	-	-	(216,000)	-	(216,000)	(216,000)
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	345,000	(345,000)	-	-	-
Profit after taxation for the year Other comprehensive loss	-			309,420	(1,184)	309,420 (1,184)	309,420 (1,184)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-		-	309,420	(1,184)	308,236	308,236
Balance as at June 30, 2013	144,000	12,598	2,160,000	343,181	41	2,515,820	2,659,820

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these financial statements.

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS 1

Agriauto Industries Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan on June 25, 1981 as a public limited company, under the Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Ordinance, 1984), and is listed on the Karachi and Lahore stock exchanges of Pakistan since June 1984. The Company is engaged in the manufacture and sale of components for automotive vehicles, motor cycles and agricultural tractors. The registered office of the Company is situated at 5th Floor, House of Habib, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

These financial statements are separate financial statements of the Company in which investments in subsidiary is accounted for on the basis of direct equity interest and is not consolidated or accounted for using equity method.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE 2.

2.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are as notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

2.2 Standards and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following revised standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

Standard or Interpretation	(accounting periods Beginning on or after)
IFRS 7 – Financial Instruments : Disclosures – (Amendments) -Amendments enhancing disclosures about offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities	01 January 2013
IAS 19 – Employee Benefits –(Revised)	01 January 2013
IAS 32 – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial liabilities – (Amendment)	01 January 2014

The Company expects that the adoption of the above revisions and amendments of the standards will not affect the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

In addition to the above, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

Standard	(accounting periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement	01 January 2015
IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements	01 January 2013
IFRS 11 – Joint Arrangements	01 January 2013
IFRS 12 – Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	01 January 2013
IFRS 13 – Fair Value Measurement	01 January 2013

Effective date

IASB Effective date

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

3. **BASIS OF MEASUREMENT**

- 3.1 These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for availablefor-sale investments which are valued as stated in note 4.6 to the financial statements.
- These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as described below:

New and amended standards and interpretations

The Company has adopted the following amendments to IFRSs which became effective during the year:

IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - Presentation of items of other comprehensive income (Amendment)

IAS 12 - Income Taxes - Recovery of Underlying Assets (Amendment)

The adoption of the above standards, amendments, interpretations and improvements did not have any material effect on the financial statements.

4.2 Property, plant and equipment

Owned

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss except for freehold land and capital work in progress which are stated at cost.

Depreciation on fixed assets is charged to the profit and loss account applying the reducing balance method at the rates specified in note 6 to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month of addition and in case of deletion up to the month of disposal. Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred, while major renewals and improvements are capitalised. Gains or losses on disposals of fixed assets, if any, are included in income currently.

Leasehold land is amortised in equal installments over the lease period.

The carrying values of assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or related cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amount.

Finance leases

Assets held under finance leases are initially recorded at the lower of the present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreements and the fair value of the leased assets. The related obligations under the lease less financial charges allocated to future periods are recorded as liability.

The financial charges are allocated to accounting periods in a manner so as to provide a constant periodic rate of interest on the outstanding liability.

Depreciation is charged to income on the same basis as for the Company's owned assets.

Stores, spares and loose tools

These are stated at the lower of cost and Net Realisable Value (NRV) except for goods-in-transit which are stated at invoice price plus other charges incurred thereon upto the date of the balance sheet. Cost is determined on weighted moving average basis.

Stores, spares and loose tools are regularly reviewed by the management and any obsolete items are brought down to their NRV.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade, except goods-in-transit, is stated at the lower of NRV and cost determined as follows:

Raw and packing materials

- Moving average basis.

Work-in-process

- Cost of direct materials plus conversion cost is valued on the basis of equivalent production units.

Finished goods

Cost of direct materials plus conversion cost is valued on time proportion basis.

Goods-in-transit are valued at purchase price, freight value and other charges incurred thereon upto the balance sheet date.

Stock-in-trade is regularly reviewed by the management and any obsolete items are brought down to their NRV.

NRV signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts originated by the Company are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less provision for impairment. Other receivables are carried at cost less provision for impairment. Provision for impairment is based on the management's assessment of customers' outstandings and creditworthiness. Bad debts are written-off as and when identified.

Investments

Investment in subsidiary company

Investment in subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment, if any.

Held-to-maturity

Investments with fixed maturity where management has both the intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity.

Gains or losses on held-to-maturity investments are recognised in income when the investments are derecognised or impaired.

Available-for-sale

Investments which are not classified in the above category and which the management intends to hold for indefinite period, but may be sold in response to the need for liquidity or changes in interest rates are classified as available-for-sale.

All investments are initially recognised at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given including transaction costs associated with the investment. Transaction costs in the case of held-for-trading investments are charged to income when incurred. After initial recognition, investments classified as available-for-sale are remeasured at fair values and held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortised cost.

Gains or losses on revaluation of available-for-sale investments are recognised in equity until the investment is sold, collected or otherwise disposed off, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is included in income.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, bank balances and short term investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition net of short-term running finance. The cash and cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amount of cash and are therefore subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

4.8 Financial instruments

All financial assets and liabilities are recognised at the time when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights under the instruments are realised, expired or surrendered. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on recognition or derecognition of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the profit and loss account.

4.9 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.10 Employees' benefits

Provident fund

The Company operates a recognised provident fund scheme (defined contribution plan) for all its employees who are eligible for the scheme in accordance with the Company's policy. Contributions in respect thereto are made in accordance with the terms of the scheme.

Compensated absences

The Company accounts for these benefits in the period in which the absences are earned.

4.11 Taxation

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, or 0.5 percent of turnover, whichever is higher. Tax on export sales is calculated under final tax regime under Section 154 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

Deferred

Deferred tax is provided, proportionate to local sales, for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of recognised or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted at the balance sheet date.

4.12 Provisions

Provision is recognised in the balance sheet when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

4.13 Warranty obligations

The Company recognises the estimated liability to repair or replace products under warranty at the balance sheet date on the basis of historical experience.

4.14 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded on initial recognition in Pak. Rupees, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Pak. Rupees equivalents using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are included in income currently.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

4.15 Revenue recognition

Sales are recorded when goods are dispatched to the customers.

Profit on term deposit receipts is recognised on constant rate of return to maturity.

Profit on deposit accounts is recognised on accrual basis.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.

4.16 Dividends and appropriation to reserve

Dividend and appropriation to reserve are recognised in the financial statements in the period in which these are approved.

4.17 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

4.18 Research and development costs

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred, except for development costs that relate to the design of new or improved products which are recognised as an asset to the extent that it is expected that such asset will meet the recognition criteria mentioned in IAS – 38 "Intangible Assets".

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES 5.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

In the process of applying the accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the financial statements:

			Notes
S .	s of property, plant a	and	4.2 & 6
 valuation of inventories provision against trade debts provision for tax and deferred tax provision for employee's benefits warranty obligations 		4	3, 4.4, 9 & 10 4.5 & 11 .11, 16 & 26 4.10 & 17.1 4.13 & 17.3
	Note	2013 (Rs. in	2012 000')
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
Operating assets – tangible Capital work-in-progress	6.1 6.4	463,273 41,449 504,722	457,371 414 457,785
	equipment - valuation of inventories - provision against trade debts - provision for tax and deferred tax - provision for employee's benefits - warranty obligations PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Operating assets – tangible	equipment - valuation of inventories - provision against trade debts - provision for tax and deferred tax - provision for employee's benefits - warranty obligations Note PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Operating assets – tangible 6.1	 valuation of inventories provision against trade debts provision for tax and deferred tax provision for employee's benefits warranty obligations Note 2013 (Rs. in PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Operating assets – tangible 6.1 463,273 Capital work-in-progress 4.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

6.1 Operating assets

_		соѕт			AC	CUMULATED	DEPRECIATION	DN	DOWN VALUE
_	As at July 01, 2012	Additions/ (disposals)/ transfers*	As at June 30, 2013	Depreciation rate	As at July 01, 2012	Charge/ transfers* for the year	Disposals for the Year	As at June 30, 2013	As at June 30, 2013
Owned Freehold land	1,652	(Rs. In 000')	1,652	% -		(Rs.	. In 000') ———		1,652
Building on freehold land	109,501	(2,450)	107,051		50,858	5,862	(2,253)	54,467	52,584
Plant and machinery	589,153	67,983 (32,908)	624,228	10 – 20	257,796	39,709	(28,153)	269,352	354,876
Furniture and fittings	6,785	1,327 (70)	8,042	15	3,137	596	(51)	3,682	4,360
Vehicles	56,181	7,152 (7,338) 2,306*	58,301	20	17,886	8,367 1,053*	(2,572)	24,734	33,567
Office equipment	2,243	654	2,897	20	1,234	290	-	1,524	1,373
Computer equipment	25,736	1,183 (157)	26,762	33	11,237	4,914	(67)	16,084	10,678
Dies and tools	20,667	-	20,667	40	13,695	2,789	-	16,484	4,183
-	811,918	78,299 (42,923) 2,306*	849,600		355,843	62,527 1,053*	(33,096)	386,327	463,273
Leased									
Vehicles	2,306	(2,306)*	-	20	1,010	43 (1,053)*	-	-	-
2013	814,224	78,299 (42,923) *	849,600	-	356,853	62,570 - *	(33,096)	386,327	463,273

									WRITTEN DOWN
_		COST			AC		DEPRECIATIO	ON	VALUE
_	As at July 01, 2011	Additions/ (disposals)/ transfers*	As at June 30, 2012	Depreciation rate	As at July 01, 2011	Charge/ transfers* for the year	Disposals for the Year	As at June 30, 2012	As at June 30, 2012
		(Rs. In 000')		%		(Rs	s. In 000') ———		
Owned Freehold land	1,652	-	1,652	-	-	-	-	-	1,652
Leasehold land	29,418	(29,418)	-	3.03	3,021	773	(3,794)	-	-
Building on freehold land	93,360	16,141	109,501	10	44,940	5,918	-	50,858	58,643
Plant and machinery	450,850	155,363 (17,060)	589,153	10 – 20	238,659	29,866	(10,729)	257,796	331,357
Furniture and fittings	6,068	1,003 (286)	6,785	15	2,858	525	(246)	3,137	3,648
Vehicles	46,215	15,942 (9,274) 3,298*	56,181	20	10,414	8,137 3,762*	(4,427)	17,886	38,295
Office equipment	1,927	336 (20)	2,243	20	1,033	214	(13)	1,234	1,009
Computer equipment	10,452	15,284	25,736	33	5,809	5,428	-	11,237	14,499
Dies and tools	23,670	(3,003)	20,667	40	10,324	5,035	(1,664)	13,695	6,972
-	663,612	204,069 (59,061) 3,298*	811,918	<u> </u>	317,058	55,896 3,762*	(20,873)	355,843	456,075
Leased									
Vehicles	5,604	- (3,298)*	2,306	20	4,127	645 (3,762)*	-	1,010	1,296
2012	669,216	204,069 (59,061) -*	814,224	_	321,185	56,541 -*	(20,873)	356,853	457,371

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

6.2 Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

	Note	2013	2012	
		(Rs. in 000')		
Cost of sales	20	52,466	45,588	
Distribution costs	21	777	784	
Administrative expenses	22	9,327	10,169	
		62,570	56,541	

6.3 The following property, plant and equipment were disposed off during the year:

Particulars	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Book value (Rs. in 000')	Sales proceeds	(Loss) / gain	Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyer
Plant and machinery / Dies and Tools							
Machinery	4,840	3,744	1,096	748	(348)	Auction	Pioneer Auctioner, Karachi
Plant, machinery & equipment	27,983	24,338	3,645	1,919	(1,726)	Auction	Pioneer Auctioner, Karachi
Items below 50,000 WDV	312	188	124	114	(10)	Various	Various
	33,135	28,270	4,865	2,781	(2,084)		
Building on freehold land							
Building - debris	2,450	2,253	197	345	148	Auction	Pioneer Auctioner, Karachi
Vehicles							
Toyota Corolla	1,299	732	567	1,035	468	Negotiation	Mr. Khalid, Karachi
Toyota Corolla	482	147	335	302	(33)	Company Policy	Mr. Shiraz Ahmed, Employee
Daihatsu Cuore	456	306	150	150	-	Company Policy	Mr. Hassan M. Khan, Employee
Daihatsu Cuore	665	275	390	675	285	Negotiation	Mr. Yarbat Khan, Karachi
Suzuki HiRoof	367	295	72	310	238	Negotiation	Mr. Muhammad Yaqoob, Karachi
Suzuki Alto	712	146	566	685	119	Negotiation	Mrs. Aisha Atif, Karachi
Suzuki Alto	712	125	587	708	121	Negotiation	Mrs. Shameem Bano, Karachi
Suzuki Alto	678	208	470	690	220	Negotiation	Mr. Faizullah. Karachi
Suzuki Cultus	990	66	924	915	(9)	Negotiation	Mr. Taj Muhammad Seelro, Karachi
Suzuki Cultus	910	266	644	910	266	Insurance Claim	Habib Insurance Co., Karachi
Honda CD-70	67	7	60	62	2	Insurance Claim	Habib Insurance Co., Karachi
	7,338	2,573	4,765	6,442	1,677		
2013	42,923	33,096	9,827	9,568	(259)		
2012	59.061	20.873	38.188	42.013	3.825		

6.4 Capital work-in-progress

	Plant and machinery	Dies and tools (Rs. in '000')	Total
Balance as at July 01, 2012 Capital expenditure incurred / advances made during the year Transfer to fixed assets during the year	- 35,737	414 5,298	414 41,035
Balance as at June 30, 2013	35,737	5,712	41,449
	Note	2013 (Rs. in 000	2012)')
LONG TERM DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
Security deposits considered good		5 714	3 954

7.

Security deposits – considered good		5,714	3,954
Other receivable - considered doubtful Less: Provision for impairment	7.1	49,252 (49,252)	49,252 (49,252)
		-	-
		5,714	3,954

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

- 7.1 During the year ended 30 June 2010, Company sold its shareholding in Makro-Habib Pakistan Limited (MHPL) to Thal Limited (TL), a related party under a Share Purchase Agreement (SPA) dated May 14, 2010, at an aggregate consideration of Rs.157.658 million. In terms of the SPA, the Company received an amount of Rs.108.406 million from TL towards the purchase consideration of the said shares. However, the balance consideration amounting to Rs. 49.252 million shall only be payable by TL subject to the following:
 - a) TL determines that the Group tax relief for the years 2008-2010, as claimed by TL, can be fully sustained or is unable to make such determination by June 2014; and
 - b) TL determines that MHPL will not incur an impairment loss in case of closure of its Sadder store or is unable to make such determination about the impairment by June 2014.

Accordingly, the contingent balance payment for (a) and (b) above, amounts to Rs. 28.710 million and Rs. 20.542 million respectively. The management, as a matter of prudence, has made a full provision against the said contingent receivable in these financial statements.

During the months of June and July 2011, TL's tax assessments with respect to Group tax relief for the years 2008-2010 were finalized by the Commissioner Inland Revenue (CIR) (Appeals), whereby such relief was allowed to TL. Subsequently, the tax department filed an appeal with the Income Tax Appellant Tribunal (ITAT) against the said Order of the CIR (Appeals). ITAT confirmed CIR (Appeals) Order for the tax years 2008 - 2010. However, the CIR filed an appeal against the Order of ITAT before the High Court of Sindh and with the Chairman ITAT for the tax year 2008 which is pending adjudication.

The Supreme Court status quo order dated March 17, 2010 in relation of Saddar Store still prevails as no further order/direction has been given by the Supreme Court.

2013 2012 (Rs. in 000')

8. LONG TERM INVESTMENT

Investment in a subsidiary company - at cost

Agriauto Stamping Company (Private) Limited

703,125 50,000

8.1 The Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on January 9, 2012 has approved the project for the stamping of sheet metal parts, dies, fixtures primarily for the automotive sector and the establishment of wholly owned subsidiary in the name of Agriauto Stamping Company (Private) Limited for this project. The manufacturing facilities of the new project would be located at Port Qasim with an estimated total investment of Rs.1.05 billion. The subsidiary company was incorporated on January 20, 2012 and the Company has made an investment of Rs 703.125 million as at 30 June 2013. The Company holds 100 percent shares in the subsidiary company directly and through nominee directors.

	Company holds 100 percent shares in the subsidiary company directly and through nominee directors				
		2013 (Rs. in 0	2012)00')		
9.	STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS				
	Stores	38,710	40,465		
	Spares	30,748	30,758		
	Loose tools	5,649	6,549		
		75,107	77,772		
10.	STOCK-IN-TRADE				
	Raw material	475,256	544,286		
	Packing material	4,160	4,241		
	Work-in-process	47,436	55,253		
	Finished goods	11,433	22,731		
	Goods-in-transit	87,640	55,416		
		625,925	681,927		

10.1 The amount of written down to NRV in respect of stock-in-trade was Rs. 35.408 million (2012: Rs. 7.667 million).

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Note	2013 (Rs. in	2012 000')
11.	TRADE DEBTS – unsecured			
	Considered good		472,811	315,856
	Considered doubtful Provision for impairment	11.1	931 (931)	1,585 (1,585)
			472,811	315,856
11.1	Reconciliation of provision for impairment is as follows:			
	Balance at the beginning of the year Reversal for the year Write-offs during the year	21	1,585 (444) (210)	3,874 (2,289)
	Balance at the end of the year		931	1,585
12.	ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Advances – unsecured, considered good Suppliers Contractors Employees		5,416 6,008 122 11,546	2,318 735 695 3,748
	Deposits		200	330
	Prepayments Insurance Rent Others		7,536 2,200 1,848	6,605 - -
	Other receivables – unsecured, considered good		11,584	6,605
	Insurance claim receivable Workers' profit participation Fund		294 - 294	141 392 533
			23,624	11,216
13.	SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS			
	Held- to- maturity Term deposit receipts Accrued profit thereon	13.1	50,000 300 50,300	955,000 10,425 965,425
	Available-for-sale Atlas Money Market Fund NAFA Government Securities Liquid Fund UBL Liquidity Plus Fund		- - - 41	1,184 41
			50,341	966,650

^{13.1} Represents three months term deposit receipts with a commercial bank carrying profit rate 8.75% (2012: 11.50% to 11.90%) per annum and will mature by September 2013.

			Note	2013 (Rs. in	2012 000')
14.	CASH AND BANK	K BALANCES			
	In hand			25	12
	With banks in - current acco - deposit acco		14.1	27,680 523,107 550,787 550,812	40,392 304,488 344,880 344,892
14.1	These carry profit	rates ranging from 6% to 7.5% (2012: 6%	to 10%) per a	annum.	
				2013 (Rs. in	2012 000')
15.	ISSUED, SUBSC	RIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL			
	Ordinary shares	of Rs. 5/- each			
	Number of shar 2013	res in (000') 2012			
	22,800	22,800 Fully paid in cash		114,000	114,000
	6,000 28,800	6,000 Issued as fully paid bonus sh	nares	30,000 144,000	30,000 144,000
15.1	Related parties he year end.	eld 2,115,600 (2012: 2,115,600) Ordinary	shares of R	s. 5/- each in the	Company at
				2013 (Rs. in	2012 000')
16.	DEFERRED TAX	ATION			
	Taxable temporary	y differences arising due to: depreciation		81,103	79,997
	Deductable temporal assets subject to provisions	orary differences arising due to: o finance lease		(26,663) (26,663) 54,440	(152) (28,339) (28,491) 51,506

		Note	2013 2 (Rs. in 000')		2012
17.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES				
	Creditors Royalty payable Accrued liabilities Advance from customers			86,568 12,560 64,224 1,513	104,209 15,137 63,060
	Payable to provident fund Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund	17.1 17.2		1,263 12,231 11,208	2,156 1,085 - 16,951
	Warranty obligations Infrastructure cess payable Unclaimed and unpaid dividends	17.3 17.4		18,052 45,767 10,531	23,885 39,232 8,103
	Guarantee bond payable Tax deducted at source Others	17.5		1,110 2,837 2,353 270,217	1,110 1,645 1,613
17.1	General Disclosures			(Unaudited)	278,186
17.1				,	
	Size of the fund Cost of investments Fair value of investments Percentage of investments	17.1.1		132,749 107,382 132,749 100%	111,160 91,116 111,160 100%
17.1.1	The breakup of fair value of investments is:				
				2012 dited) —	
		(Rs. in 000')	(%)	(Rs. in 000')	(%)
	Special Saving Certificates Term Deposit Receipts	36,314 59,386	27 45	81,156 -	73 -
	Term Finance Certificates Mutual fund units Shares in listed companies Bank balance	13,732 6,458 1,972 7,375	10 5 1 6	13,480 4,205 1,335 2,337	12 4 1 2
	Others Total	7,512 132,749	6 100	8,647 111,160	8 100

17.1.2 Investments of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of Section 227 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

		Note	2013 2012 (Rs. in 000')	
17.2	Workers' Profit Participation Fund Balance at the beginning of the year Allocation for the year	24 _	(392) 19,601	1,120 44,608
	Less: (Refund) / payment made during the year Balance at end of the year	_	19,209 (6,978) 12,231	45,728 46,120 (392)
17.3	Warranty obligations Balance at the beginning of the year Provision for the year	21 _	23,885 2,613	24,346 11,076
	Less: Claims paid during the year Balance at end of the year	_	26,498 8,446 18,052	35,422 11,537 23,885

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

- 17.4 During the financial year 2009, the Honourable High Court of Sindh declared the levy of the Infrastructure cess / fee by the Excise and Taxation Department, Government of Sindh upto December 27, 2006 as ultra vires of the Constitution. However, the levy subsequent to December 27, 2006 was declared as valid and constitutional. The Company had filed an appeal before the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the above order of High Court and as per the directions of the Supreme Court, approached the High Court by filing a fresh constitution petition in May 2011. The High Court has granted stay on said petition on the following terms:
 - Any bank guarantee/security furnished for consignment released upto December 27, 2006 shall be discharged and returned; and
 - Any bank guarantee/security furnished for consignment released after December 27, 2006 shall be encashed to the extent of 50% of the guaranteed/secured amount only and the bank guarantee/security for the balance amount will be kept alive till the disposal of the petitions.

In view of the interim nature of arrangement as provided in the above referred order of the High Court, the Company has retained full provision against the infrastructure cess fee payable for the period from December 2006 till June 2013.

The Company has provided a bank guarantee in favour of Excise and Taxation Department, amounting to Rs. 40.154 million (2012: Rs. 33.154 million), out of which Rs. 0.985 million (2012: 0.519 million) remain un-utilized as of the year end.

17.5 The Company has provided bank guarantees to Collector of Customs as a security against the import

18. **CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

Commitments

- (i) Commitments in respect of outstanding letters of credit for raw material amount to Rs. 169.459 million (2012: Rs. 226.217 million).
- (ii) Commitments in respect of capital expenditure amount to Rs.17.641 million (2012: Rs. 1.720 million).
- (iii) Outstanding bank guarantees issued to Sui Southern Gas Company Limited amounts to Rs. 0.385 million (2012: Rs. 0.385 million)

2013 2012 (Rs. in 000')

19. TURNOVER - net

> Sales 4,068,990 4,973,812

> Less: Sales tax 565,145 686,941 Trade discount 221 197 565,366 687,138

3,503,624 4,286,674

		Note	2013 2012 (Rs. in 000')	
20.	COST OF SALES			
	Raw material consumed			
	Opening stock		544,286	415,846
	Purchases		2,224,301	2,878,513
			2,768,587	3,294,359
	Closing stock		(475,256)	(544,286)
			2,293,331	2,750,073
	Manufacturing expenses		007.040	470.000
	Salaries, wages and benefits		207,912	179,932
	Stores, spares and loose tools consumed Packing material consumed		110,030 19,828	108,841 17,277
	Fuel and power		71,695	68,914
	Transportation and traveling		49,565	44,848
	Depreciation	6.2	52,466	45,588
	Repairs and maintenance		39,345	81,053
	Royalty and technical fees		43,494	32,141
	Research and development costs		128	2,596
	Communications and professional fee		1,922	11,318
	Printing and stationery		765	1,130
	Insurance		3,899	2,380
	Rent, rates and taxes Others		10,206 5,320	6,951
	Others		616,575	3,846 606,815
	Work-in-process		010,373	000,613
	Opening stock		55,253	45,484
	Closing stock		(47,436)	(55,253)
	Ç		7,817	(9,769)
	Cost of goods manufactured		2,917,723	3,347,119
	Finished goods			
	Opening stock		22,731	36,583
	Closing stock		(11,433)	(22,731)
	-		11,298	13,852
			2,929,021	3,360,971
21.	DISTRIBUTION COSTS			
	Salaries and benefits		12,568	10,063
	Advertisement and sales promotion		13,940	13,196
	Carriage and forwarding		21,013	19,720
	Traveling and conveyance		2,858	2,402
	Depreciation	6.2	777	784
	Provision for warranty claims Reversal of provision for impairment of trade debts	17.3 11.1	2,613 (444)	11,076
	Reversal of provision for impairment of trade debts Rent, rates and taxes	11,1	(444) 99	(2,289) 121
	Communications		209	201
	Insurance		225	225
	Repairs and maintenance		657	6,380
	Others		239	180
			54,754	62,059
			<u> </u>	,

		Note	2013 (Rs. ir	2012 n 000')
22.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		(1.01	,
	Salaries and benefits Legal and professional charges Repairs and maintenance Depreciation Printing and stationery	6.2	57,779 23,992 10,467 9,327 1,068	43,917 21,090 5,759 10,169 723
	Computer supplies Rent, rates and taxes Traveling and conveyance Communications and professional fee Utilities		299 3,179 11,593 2,696 1,678	237 1,930 11,970 6,452 1,365
	Security services Insurance Auditors' remuneration Advertisement Others	22.1	4,218 1,150 828 198 498 128,970	3,337 1,013 804 493 866 110,125
22.1	Auditors' remuneration		,	,
22.1	Audit fee for standalone financial statements Audit fee for consolidated financial statements Fee for review of half yearly financial statements Other certifications Out of pocket expenses		550 125 55 28 70 828	550 100 55 28 71 804
23.	FINANCE COSTS		020	004
-0.	Mark-up on finance lease Bank charges		7 119 126	181 253 434
24	OTHER CHARGES			
24.	OTHER CHARGES Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Donations	17.2 24.1	19,601 8,962 4,430	44,608 16,951 8,337
24.1	None of the directors or their spouses had any interest in made during the year.	any of the d	32,993 onees to whom	69,896 donations were
		Note	2013 (Rs. ir	2012 n 000')
25.	OTHER INCOME		,	•
	Income from financial assets			
	Profit on: - term deposit receipts - deposit accounts Gain on sale of available-for-sale investments		23,873 12,215 32,227	46,251 12,874 81,165 140,290
	Liabilities no longer payable - written back		68,315 622	384
	Income from non-financial assets			
	(Loss) / gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Scrap sales	6.3	(259) 5,326	3,825 2,758
	Refund of Workers' Profit Participation Fund		5,067 7,370 81,374	6,583 - 147,257

		2013 2012 (Rs. in 000')	
26.	6. TAXATION		
	Current	127,573	210,782
	Prior Deferred	(793) 2,934	989 33,611
	Deletted	129,714	245,382
26.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit		
	Profit before taxation	439,134	830,446
	Tax at the rate of 35%	153,697	290,656
	Tax effects of:		
	Income exempt from tax or taxed at reduced rate	(14,363)	(57,163)
	Prior year	(793)	989
	Tax rebates	(11,761)	(23,855)
	Workers' Welfare Fund on tax profit exceeding accounting profit	-	1,144
	Deferred	2,934	33,611
		129,714	245,382
27.	EARNINGS PER SHARE – basic and diluted		
	There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company, which is based on:		
		2013	2012
	Profit after taxation (Rs. in 000')	309,420	585,064
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year (in 000')	28,800	28,800
	Basic earnings per share (Rs.)	10.74	20.31

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Note	2013 (Rs. in	2012 000')
28.	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS			
	Profit before taxation Adjustments for		439,134	830,446
	Depreciation		62,570	56,541
	Finance costs		126	434
	Reversal of provision for impairment of trade debts		(444)	(2,246)
	Liabilities no longer payable - written back		(622)	(384)
	Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investment		(32,227)	(81,165)
	Profit on term deposit receipts		(23,873)	(46,251)
	Profit on deposit accounts		(12,215)	(12,874)
	Loss / (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		259	(3,825)
			(6,426)	(89,770)
			432,708	740,676
	Increase / (decrease) in current assets			(40,440)
	Stores, spares and loose tools		2,665	(16,416)
	Stock-in-trade		56,002	(76,160)
	Trade debts		(156,511)	41,611
	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables		(12,408)	(5,217)
	(Decrease) / increase in current liabilities		(110,252)	(56,182)
	Trade and other payables		(777)	8,607
	Sales tax payable		(1,516)	21,191
	Called talk payable		(2,293)	29,798
			320,163	714,292
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
29.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash and bank balances	14	550,812	344,892
	Short term investments – term deposit receipts	13	50,000	955,000
			600,812	1,299,892

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The main risks arising from the Company's financial instruments are market risks, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized below:

30.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rate and foreign exchange rates.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instrument will fluctuate due to the changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk in respect of bank deposits, term deposit receipts and investment in income based mutual funds. Management of the Company estimates that 1% increase in the market interest rate, with all other factor remaining constant, would increase the Company's profit after tax by Rs. 3.726 million (2012: 8.187 million) and a 1% decrease would result in the decrease in the Company's profit after tax by the same amount. However, in practice, the actual result may differ from the sensitivity analysis.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of financial assets or a financial liability will fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rates. It arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions in foreign currency. As at June 30, 2013, the Company does not have any financial assets or financial liabilities which are denominated in foreign currencies.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

30.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentration of credit risk indicates the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

The Company is mainly exposed to credit risk mainly on trade debts, short term investments and bank balances. The Company seeks to minimise the credit risk exposure through having exposure only to customers considered credit worthy and obtaining securities where applicable.

The table below provides the analysis of the credit quality of financial assets on the basis of external credit rating or the historical information about counter party default rates.

Trade debts	2013 (Rs. in	2012 000')
The analysis of trade debts is as follows:		
Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired – 30 to 90 days	447,472 25,339 472,811	305,420 10,436 315,856
Bank balances		
Ratings A-1+ A1+	13,741 536,831	<u>-</u> 343,758
P1	215 550,787	1,122 344,880
Short term investments		
Ratings		4.4
A1+ AA+	-	41 1,184
A-1+	41	4.005
	41	1,225

30.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. The management of the Company believes that is not exposed to any significant level of liquidity risk.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

The management forecasts the liquidity of the Company on the basis of expected cashflow considering the level of liquid assets necessary to mitigate the liquidity risk.

2013	On demand	Less than 3 months (Rupees	3 to 12 Months in '000)	Total
Trade and other payables	79,613	179,396	11,208	270,217
2012	On demand	Less than 3 months (Rupees	3 to 12 Months in '000)	Total
Trade and other payables Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	77,496 - 77,496	183,740 - 183,740	16,950 434 17,384	278,186 434 278,620

31 **FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The fair value of the mutual fund units is determined by using the net asset value as disclosed by the Fund Manager at each balance sheet date. The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

Fair value hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for disclosure of the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: quoted prices in active market for identical assets.
- Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

As at 30 June 2013, the Company has available-for-sale investments measured at fair value using level 1 valuation technique.

32. **CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Company's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefit for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company is currently financing majority of its operations through equity and working capital. The capital structure of the Company is equity based with no financing through long term borrowings.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of the Company comprise companies with common directorship, retirement funds, directors and key management personnel. Detail of transactions with related parties during the year, other than disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, are as follows:

	2013 (Rupees	2012 s in '000)
Purchases of goods	1,749	18,840
Contribution to the Provident fund	4,866	4,380

The receivable/payable balances with related parties as at June 30, 2013 are disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statements.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

34. REMUNERATION OF THE CHAIRMAN, CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND EXECUTIVES

34.1 Aggregate amounts charged in the financial statements are as follows:

		201	13	2012			
		Chief			Chief	_	
	Chairman	Executive	Executives	Chairman	Executive	Executives	
			`000)				
ion	15,028	9,308	40,030	10,140	8,132	34,959	
	-	368	1,806	-	333	1,233 875	
	634	122	869	337	-	875	
	166	20	457	94	29	413	
	15,828	9,818	43,162	10,571	8,494	37,480	
	1	1	18	1	1	19	

Managerial remuneration Retirement benefits Utilities Medical expenses

Number of persons

34.2 The Chairman, Chief Executive and certain Executives are also provided with free use of Company maintained vehicles in accordance with the Company's policy.

35. PRODUCTION CAPACITY

The production capacity of the Company cannot be determined as this depends on the relative proportions of various types of vehicles and agricultural tractors produced by OEMs.

36. UNUTILIZED CREDIT FACILITIES

As of the balance sheet date, the Company has unutilized facilities for short term running finance available from various banks amounted to Rs. 160 million (2012: Rs. 160 million). The rate of mark-up on these finances ranges from 1 to 3 months KIBOR plus rates varying from 0.75% to 1.25% (2012: 1 to 3 months KIBOR plus rates varying from 0.75% to 1.25%). The facilities are secured by way of pari passu hypothecation of Company's stock-in-trade, stores, spares, loose tools and trade debts.

37. NON-ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on August 29, 2013 (i) approved the transfer of Rs. 175 million from unappropriated profit to general reserve and (ii) proposed cash dividend of Rs. 5.50 per share for the year ended June 30, 2013 amounting to Rs. 158.40 million for approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting to be held on October 29, 2013.

38. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

Number of persons employed as at year end were 265 (2012: 243) and the average number of persons employed during the year were 258 (2012: 232).

39. GENERAL

- 39.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousands.
- **39.2** There were no material reclassifications to report.

40. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on August 29, 2013 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Yutaka Arae Chairman

Consolidated Balance Sheet AS AT JUNE 30, 2013

	Notes	2013	2012		
		(Rs. in 000')			
ASSETS .					
NON CURRENT ASSETS					
Property, plant and equipment Long term deposits and other receivable	7 8	1,027,749 12,285	489,276 3,954		
CURRENT ASSETS	Ü	1,040,034	493,230		
Stores, spares and loose tools Stock-in-trade Trade debts Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Accrued profit Short term investments Sales tax refundable Taxation – net Cash and bank balances TOTAL ASSETS	9 10 11 12 13	75,107 625,925 472,811 23,755 1,548 50,341 8,571 9,045 650,457 1,917,560 2,957,594	77,772 681,927 315,856 11,216 1,607 966,650 - 8,414 348,430 2,411,872 2,905,102		
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		2,001,004	2,000,102		
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Authorised capital 40,000,000 (2012: 40,000,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	15	<u>200,000</u>	<u>200,000</u> 144,000		
Reserves		2,469,897 2,613,897	2,408,618 2,552,618		
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		, ,	, ,		
Deferred taxation	16	54,440	51,506		
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Current portion of liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Sales tax payable CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	17 18	289,257 - - 289,257	278,286 434 22,258 300,978		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	10	2,957,594	2,905,102		
TOTAL ENGITT AND EINDICHTED		2,331,334	2,303,102		

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Yutaka Arae Chairman

Consolidated Profit and Loss Account FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Notes	2013	2012			
		(Rs. in 000')				
Turnover - net	19	3,503,624	4,286,674			
Cost of sales	20	(2,929,021)	(3,360,971)			
Gross profit		574,603	925,703			
Distribution costs	21	(54,754)	(62,059)			
Administrative expenses	22	(166,696)	(126,125)			
Finance costs	23	(185) (221,635)	(449)			
On anothing a profit						
Operating profit		352,968	737,070			
Other charges	24	(32,993)	(69,896)			
Other income	25	88,202	148,306			
Due fit hafana tanatian		55,209	78,410			
Profit before taxation		408,177	815,480			
Taxation	26	(129,714)	(245,382)			
Profit after taxation		278,463	570,098			
		2.0,.00	0,000			
		Rupees	Rupees			
Earnings per share – basic and diluted	27	9.67	19.80			
- •						

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Yutaka Arae Chairman

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Notes	2013	2012	
		(Rs. in	000')	
Net profit for the year		278,463	570,098	
Other comprehensive income				
Unrealized gain on change in fair value of available-for-sale investments arisen during the year – net of tax		31,043	57,102	
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in profit and loss account upon disposal of investments		(32,227)	(81,165)	
		(1,184)	(24,063)	
Total comprehensive income for the year		277,279	546,035	

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Yutaka Arae Chairman

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Notes	2013	2012	
		(Rs. in	000')	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash generated from operations Finance costs paid Income tax paid Long term deposits Net cash generated from operating activities	28	272,460 (185) (136,938) (8,331) 127,006	696,321 (449) (225,662) 295 470,505	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Fixed capital expenditure Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of short term investment Acquisition of short term investments Profit received on term deposit receipts Profit received on deposit accounts Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities		(611,395) 9,568 657,530 (625,000) 33,998 19,103 (516,196)	(161,218) 12,595 686,166 (255,000) 45,202 13,062 340,807	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Lease rentals paid Dividends paid Net cash used in financing activities		(211) (213,572) (213,783)	(2,010) (142,413) (144,423)	
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(602,973)	666,889	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,303,430	636,541	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	29	700,457	1,303,430	

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Yutaka Arae Chairman

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	[Reserves					
		Capital reserve	Revenue	reserves	Gain / (loss) on changes		
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Share premium	General	Unapp- ropriated profit	in fair value of available- for-sale investments	Total	Total equity
	-			(Rs. in 000')			•
Balance as at June 30, 2011	144,000	12,598	1,525,000	443,697	25,288	2,006,583	2,150,583
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2011 @ Rs. 5 /- per share	-	-	-	(144,000)	-	(144,000)	(144,000)
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	290,000	(290,000)	-	-	-
Profit after taxation for the year Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	570,098 -	(24,063)	570,098 (24,063)	570,098 (24,063)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	570,098	(24,063)	546,035	546,035
Balance as at June 30, 2012	144,000	12,598	1,815,000	579,795	1,225	2,408,618	2,552,618
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2012 @ Rs. 7.5 /- per share	-	-	-	(216,000)	-	(216,000)	(216,000)
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	345,000	(345,000)	-	-	-
Profit after taxation for the year	-			278,463		278,463	278,463
Other comprehensive loss	-	-			(1,184)		(1,184)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	278,463	(1,184)	277,279	277,279
Balance as at June 30, 2013	144,000	12,598	2,160,000	297,258	41	2,469,897	2,613,897

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Yutaka Arae Chairman

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

THE GROUP AND ITS OPERATIONS

1.1 Agriauto Industries Limited (the Holding Company) was incorporated in Pakistan on June 25, 1981 as a public limited company, under the Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Ordinance, 1984), and is listed on the Karachi and Lahore stock exchanges of Pakistan since June 1984. The Holding Company is engaged in the manufacture and sale of components for automotive vehicles, motor cycles and agricultural tractors. The registered office of the Holding Company is situated at 5th Floor, House of Habib, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

The Group comprises of the Holding Company and Agriauto Stamping Company (Private) Limited (the Subsidiary Company). The Subsidiary Company was incorporated in Pakistan on January 20, 2012 as a private limited company, under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. The Subsidiary Company will be engaged in stamping of sheet metal parts, dies, fixtures primarily for the automotive industry and has not yet commenced its operations. The registered office of the Subsidiary Company is situated at 5th Floor, House of Habib, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

2.1 These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are as notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

2.2 Standards and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following revised standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

Effective date (accounting periods **Beginning** Standard or Interpretation on or after) IFRS 7 – Financial Instruments : Disclosures – (Amendments) -Amendments enhancing disclosures about offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities 01 January 2013 IAS 19 - Employee Benefits - (Revised) 01 January 2013 IAS 32 – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial liabilities – (Amendment) 01 January 2014

The Group expects that the adoption of the above revisions and amendments of the standards will not affect the Group's financial statements in the period of initial application.

In addition to the above, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

Standard	(accounting periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement	01 January 2015
IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements	01 January 2013
IFRS 11 – Joint Arrangements	01 January 2013
IFRS 12 – Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	01 January 2013
IFRS 13 – Fair Value Measurement	01 January 2013

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

3. **BASIS OF MEASUREMENT**

- 3.1 These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for available-for-sale investments which are valued as stated in note 5.6 to the consolidated financial
- These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is the Group's functional and presentation currency.

BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Holding Company and its Subsidiary Company as at June 30, 2013.

The Subsidiary Company's assets, liabilities, income and expenses have been consolidated on a line by line basis from the date of its incorporation. The financial statements of the Subsidiary Company are prepared, using accounting policies consistent with those of the Holding Company. All intra-group balances, transaction, gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated in full.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as described below:

New and amended standards and interpretations

The Group has adopted the following amendments to IFRSs which became effective during the year:

IAS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements - Presentation of items of other comprehensive income (Amendment)

IAS 12 - Income Taxes - Recovery of Underlying Assets (Amendment)

The adoption of the above standards, amendments, interpretations and improvements did not have any material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

5.2 Property, plant and equipment

Owned

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss except for freehold land and capital work in progress which are stated at cost.

Depreciation on fixed assets is charged to the profit and loss account applying the reducing balance method at the rates specified in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month of addition and in case of deletion up to the month of disposal. Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred, while major renewals and improvements are capitalised. Gains or losses on disposals of fixed assets, if any, are included in income currently.

Leasehold land is amortised in equal installments over the lease period.

The carrying values of assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or related cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amount.

Finance leases

Assets held under finance leases are initially recorded at the lower of the present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreements and the fair value of the leased assets. The related obligations under the lease less financial charges allocated to future periods are recorded as liability.

The financial charges are allocated to accounting periods in a manner so as to provide a constant periodic rate of interest on the outstanding liability.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Depreciation is charged to income on the same basis as for the Group's owned assets.

5.3 Stores, spares and loose tools

These are stated at the lower of cost and Net Realisable Value (NRV) except for goods-in-transit which are stated at invoice price plus other charges incurred thereon upto the date of the balance sheet. Cost is determined on weighted moving average basis.

Stores, spares and loose tools are regularly reviewed by the management and any obsolete items are brought down to their NRV.

Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade, except goods-in-transit, is stated at the lower of NRV and cost determined as follows:

Raw and packing materials

- Moving average basis.

Work-in-process

- Cost of direct materials plus conversion cost is valued on the basis of equivalent production units.

Finished goods

Cost of direct materials plus conversion cost is valued on time proportion basis.

Goods-in-transit are valued at purchase price, freight value and other charges incurred thereon upto the balance sheet date.

Stock-in-trade is regularly reviewed by the management and any obsolete items are brought down to their NRV.

NRV signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts originated by the Group are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less provision for impairment. Other receivables are carried at cost less provision for impairment. Provision for impairment is based on the management's assessment of customers' outstandings and creditworthiness. Bad debts are written-off as and when identified.

5.6 Investments

Held-to-maturity

Investments with fixed maturity where management has both the intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity.

Gains or losses on held-to-maturity investments are recognised in income when the investments are derecognised or impaired.

Available-for-sale

Investments which are not classified in the above category and which the management intends to hold for indefinite period, but may be sold in response to the need for liquidity or changes in interest rates are classified as available-for-sale.

All investments are initially recognised at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given including transaction costs associated with the investment. Transaction costs in the case of held-for-trading investments are charged to income when incurred. After initial recognition, investments classified as available-for-sale are remeasured at fair values and held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortised cost.

Gains or losses on revaluation of available-for-sale investments are recognised in equity until the investment is sold, collected or otherwise disposed off, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is included in income.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Cash and cash equivalents 57

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, bank balances and short term investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition net of short-term running finance. The cash and cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amount of cash and are therefore subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

Financial instruments

All financial assets and liabilities are recognised at the time when the Group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights under the instruments are realised, expired or surrendered. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on recognition or derecognition of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the profit and loss account.

5.9 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.

5.10 Employees' benefits

Provident fund

The Group operates a recognised provident fund scheme (defined contribution plan) for all its employees who are eligible for the scheme in accordance with the Group's policy. Contributions in respect thereto are made in accordance with the terms of the scheme.

Compensated absences

The Group accounts for these benefits in the period in which the absences are earned.

5.11 Taxation

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, or 0.5 percent of turnover, whichever is higher. Tax on export sales is calculated under final tax regime under Section 154 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

Deferred

Deferred tax is provided, proportionate to local sales, for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of recognised or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted at the balance sheet date.

5.12 Provisions

Provision is recognised in the balance sheet when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

5.13 Warranty obligations

The Group recognises the estimated liability to repair or replace products under warranty at the balance sheet date on the basis of historical experience.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

5.14 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded on initial recognition in Pak. Rupees, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Pak. Rupees equivalents using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are included in income currently.

5.15 Revenue recognition

Sales are recorded when goods are dispatched to the customers.

Profit on term deposit receipts is recognised on constant rate of return to maturity.

Profit on deposit accounts is recognised on accrual basis.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.

5.16 Dividends and appropriation to reserve

Dividend and appropriation to reserve are recognised in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which these are approved.

5.17 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

5.18 Research and development costs

Research and development costs are expensed as incurred, except for development costs that relate to the design of new or improved products which are recognised as an asset to the extent that it is expected that such asset will meet the recognition criteria mentioned in IAS – 38 "Intangible Assets".

6. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

In the process of applying the accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the consolidated financial statements:

				Notes
	 determining the residual values and useful lives of equipment 	property, plant	and	5.2 & 7
	 valuation of inventories provision against trade debts provision for tax and deferred tax provision for employee's benefits warranty obligations 			5.3, 5.4, 9 & 10 5.5 & 11 5.11, 16 & 26 5.10 & 17.1 5.13 & 17.3
7.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	2013 (Rs. i	2012 n 000')
••	Operating assets – tangible Capital work-in-progress	7.1 7.4 _	492,166 535,583 1,027,749	486,789 2,487 489,276

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

7.1 Operating assets

		совт			A	CCUMULATE	D DEPRECIATI	ON	DOWN VALUE
	As at July 01, 2012	Additions/ (disposals)/ transfers*	As at June 30, 2013	Depreciation rate	As at July 01, 2012	Charge/ transfers* for the year	Disposals/ adjustment* for the Year	As at June 30, 2013	As at June 30, 2013
Owned		-–(Rs. In 000') -		%			(Rs. In 000')		
Freehold land	1,652	-	1,652	-	-	-	-	-	1,652
Leasehold land	29,418	-	29,418	1.79	-	525	-	525	28,893
Building on freehold land	109,501	(2,450)	107,051	10	50,858	5,862	(2,253)	54,467	52,584
Plant and machinery	589,153	67,983 (32,908)	624,228	10 – 20	257,796	39,709	(28,153)	269,352	354,876
Furniture and fittings	6,785	1,327 (70)	8,042	15	3,137	596	(51)	3,682	4,360
Vehicles	56,181	7,152 (7,338) 2,306*	58,301	20	17,886	8,367 1,053*	(2,572)	24,734	33,567
Office equipment	2,243	654	2,897	20	1,234	290	-	1,524	1,373
Computer equipment	25,736	1,183 (157)	26,762	33	11,237	4,914	(67)	16,084	10,678
Dies and tools	20,667	-	20,667	40	13,695	2,789	-	16,484	4,183
	841,336	78,299 (42,923) 2,306*	879,018		355,843	63,052 1.053*	(33,096)	386,852	492,166
Leased									
Vehicles	2,306	(2,306)*	-	20	1,010	43 (1,053)*	-	-	-
2013	843,642	78,299 (42,923)	879,018		356,853	63,095	(33,096)	386,852	492,166

		соѕт			А	CCUMULATE	D DEPRECIATI	ON	DOWN VALUE
	As at July 01, 2011	Additions/ (disposals)/ transfers*	As at June 30, 2012	Depreciation rate	As at July 01, 2011	Charge/ transfers* for the Year	Disposals/ adjustment* for the Year	As at June 30, 2012	As at June 30, 2012
Owned		(Rs. In 000')		%			– (Rs. In 000') –		
Freehold land	1,652	-	1,652	-	-	-	-	-	1,652
Leasehold land	29,418	-	29,418	3.03	3,021	773	(3,794)	-	29,418
Building on freehold land	93,360	16,141	109,501	10	44,940	5,918	-	50,858	58,643
Plant and machinery	450,850	155,363 (17,060)	589,153	10 – 20	238,659	29,866	(10,729)	257,796	331,357
Furniture and fittings	6,068	1,003 (286)	6,785	15	2,858	525	(246)	3,137	3,648
Vehicles	46,215	15,942 (9,274) 3,298*	56,181	20	10,414	8,137 3,762*	(4,427)	17,886	38,295
Office equipment	1,927	336 (20)	2,243	20	1,033	214	(13)	1,234	1,009
Computer equipment	10,452	15,284	25,736	33	5,809	5,428		11,237	14,499
Dies and tools	23,670	(3,003)	20,667	40	10,324	5,035	(1,664)	13,695	6,972
	663,612	204,069 (29,643) 3,298*	841,336	•	317,058	55,896 3,762*	(20,873)	355,843	485,493
Leased		5,255							
Vehicles	5,604	- (3,298)*	2,306	20	4,127	645 (3,762)*		1,010	1,296
2012	669,216	204,069 (29,643) *	843,642		321,185	56,541 <u>*</u>	(20,873)	356,853	486,789
		-"							

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FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

7.2 Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

	Note	2013	2012
		(Rs. in	000')
Cost of sales	20	52,466	45,588
Distribution costs	21	777	784
Administrative expenses	22	9,852	10,169
	_	63,095	56,541

The following property, plant and equipment were disposed off during the year:

Particulars	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Book value (Rs. in 000')	Sales proceeds	(Loss) / gain	Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyer
Plant and machinery / Dies and Tools			,				
Machinery	4,840	3,744	1,096	748	(348)	Auction	Pioneer Auctioner, Karachi
Plant, machinery & equipment	27,983	24,338	3,645	1,919	(1,726)	Auction	Pioneer Auctioner, Karachi
Items below 50,000 WDV	312	188	124	114	(10)	Various	Various
	33,135	28,270	4,865	2,781	(2,084)		
Building on freehold land							
Building - debris	2,450	2,253	197	345	148	Auction	Pioneer Auctioner, Karachi
Vehicles							
Toyota Corolla	1,299	732	567	1,035	468	Negotiation	Mr. Khalid, Karachi
Toyota Corolla	482	147	335	302	(33)	Group Policy	Mr. Shiraz Ahmed, Employee
Daihatsu Cuore	456	306	150	150	-	Group Policy	Mr. Hassan M. Khan, Employee
Daihatsu Cuore	665	275	390	675	285	Negotiation	Mr. Yarbat Khan, Karachi
Suzuki HiRoof	367	295	72	310	238	Negotiation	Mr. Muhammad Yaqoob, Karachi
Suzuki Alto	712	146	566	685	119	Negotiation	Mrs. Aisha Atif, Karachi
Suzuki Alto	712	125	587	708	121	Negotiation	Mrs. Shameem Bano, Karachi
Suzuki Alto	678	208	470	690	220	Negotiation	Mr. Faizullah. Karachi
Suzuki Cultus	990	66	924	915	(9)	Negotiation	Mr. Taj Muhammad Seelro, Karachi
Suzuki Cultus	910	266	644	910	266	Insurance Claim	Habib Insurance Co., Karachi
Honda CD-70	67	7	60	62	2	Insurance Claim	Habib Insurance Co., Karachi
	7,338	2,573	4,765	6,442	1,677		
2013	42,923	33,096	9,827	9,568	(259)		
2012	29,643	17,079	12,564	12,595	31		

7.4 Capital work-in-progress

	Plant and machinery	Civil works	Dies and tools — (Rs. in '000')	Advance to suppliers / contractors	Total
Balance as at July 01, 2012	-	-	414	2,073	2,487
Capital expenditure incurred / advances made during the year	296,230	222,569	5,298	8,999	533,096
Transfer to fixed assets during the year Balance as at June 30, 2013	296,230	222,569	- 5,712	11,072	535,583

	Balance as at June 30, 2013	290,230	222,309	5,712	11,072	555,565
				Note	2013 (Rs. in (2012 000')
8.	LONG TERM DEPOSITS AND	OTHER RECEIVA	BLE			
	Security deposits – considered	good			12,285	3,954
	Other receivable - considered of	loubtful			49,252	49,252
	Less: Provision for impairment			8.1	(49,252)	(49,252)
					12,285	3,954

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

- 8.1 During the year ended 30 June 2010, Group sold its shareholding in Makro-Habib Pakistan Limited (MHPL) to Thal Limited (TL), a related party under a Share Purchase Agreement (SPA) dated May 14, 2010, at an aggregate consideration of Rs.157.658 million. In terms of the SPA, the Group received an amount of Rs.108.406 million from TL towards the purchase consideration of the said shares. However, the balance consideration amounting to Rs. 49.252 million shall only be payable by TL subject to the following:
 - a) TL determines that the Group tax relief for the years 2008-2010, as claimed by TL, can be fully sustained or is unable to make such determination by June 2014; and
 - TL determines that MHPL will not incur an impairment loss in case of closure of its Sadder store or is unable to make such determination about the impairment by June 2014.

Accordingly, the contingent balance payment for (a) and (b) above, amounts to Rs. 28.710 million and Rs. 20.542 million respectively. The management, as a matter of prudence, has made a full provision against the said contingent receivable in these consolidated financial statements.

During the months of June and July 2011, TL's tax assessments with respect to Group tax relief for the years 2008-2010 were finalized by the Commissioner Inland Revenue(CIR) (Appeals), whereby such relief was allowed to TL. Subsequently, the tax department filed an appeal with the Income Tax Appellant Tribunal (ITAT) against the said Order of the CIR (Appeals). ITAT confirmed CIR (Appeals) Order for the tax years 2008 - 2010. However, the CIR filed an appeal against the Order of ITAT before the High Court of Sindh and with the Chairman ITAT for the tax year 2008 which is pending adjudication.

The Supreme Court status quo order dated March 17, 2010 in relation of Saddar Store still prevails as no further order/direction has been given by the Supreme Court.

		2013 (Rs. in	2012 000')
9.	STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS		
	Stores	38,710	40,465
	Spares	30,748	30,758
	Loose tools	5,649	6,549
		75,107	77,772
10.	STOCK-IN-TRADE		
	Raw material	475,256	544,286
	Packing material	4,160	4,241
	Work-in-process	47,436	55,253
	Finished goods	11,433	22,731
	Goods-in-transit	87,640	55,416
		625,925	681,927

10.1 The amount of written down to NRV in respect of stock-in-trade was Rs. 35.408 million (2012: Rs. 7.667 million).

		Note	2013 (Rs. in 0	2012 000')
11.	TRADE DEBTS – unsecured			
	Considered good		472,811	315,856
	Considered doubtful Provision for impairment	11.1	931 (931)	1,585 (1,585)
			472,811	315,856

		Note	2013 (Rs. ii	2012 n 000')
11.1	Reconciliation of provision for impairment is as follows	:	•	•
	Balance at the beginning of the year Reversal for the year Write-offs during the year Balance at the end of the year	21 -	1,585 (444) (210) 931	3,874 (2,289) - 1,585
12.	ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	-		
	Advances – unsecured, considered good			
	Suppliers Contractors		5,416 6,082	2,318 735
	Employees		123	695
		-	11,621	3,748
	Deposits		200	330
	Prepayments Insurance	Γ	7,536	6,605
	Rent		2,256	-
	Others		1,848	- 0.005
	Other receivables – unsecured, considered good		11,640	6,605
	Insurance claim receivable		294	141
	Workers' profit participation Fund		- 204	392
		-	294 23,755	533 11,216
13.	SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS	-		<u> </u>
	Held- to- maturity			
	Term deposit receipts	13.1	50,000	955,000
	Accrued profit thereon	-	300 50,300	10,425 965,425
			30,300	303,423
	Available-for-sale Atlas Money Market Fund			1,184
	NAFA Government Securities Liquid Fund		-	41
	UBL Liquidity Plus Fund		41	-
	Meezan Cash Fund	-	<u>-</u>	066,650
		=	50,341	966,650
13.1	Represents three months term deposit receipts with a comm 11.50% to 11.90%) per annum and will mature by Septembe		carrying profit rat	e 8.75% (2012:
		Note	2013	2012
			(Rs. in (000')
14.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	In hand		25	12
	With banks in	-		
	- current accounts	44.4	28,185	40,891
	- deposit accounts	14.1	622,247 650,432	307,527 348,418
		-	650,457	348,430

^{14.1} These carry profit rates ranging from 6% to 7.5% (2012: 6% to 10%) per annum.

45	JOSUED GUIDGODIDED AND DAID UD GADITAL		2013 (Rs.	2012 in 000')
15.	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL Ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each	-		
	Number of shares in (000')			
	2013 2012			
	22,800 22,800 Fully paid in cash		114,000	114,000
	6,000 6,000 Issued as fully pa	id bonus shares	30,000	30,000
	28,800 28,800		144,000	144,000
15.1	Related parties held 2,115,600 (2012: 2,115,60	0) Ordinary share	s of Rs. 5/- ea	ch in the Holding
	Company at year end.	Note	2013	2012
		Note		in 000')
16.	DEFERRED TAXATION		`	•
	Taxable temporary differences arising due to: - accelerated tax depreciation		81,103	79,997
	Deductable temporary differences arising due to	0:		
	- assets subject to finance lease		(20,002)	(152)
	- provisions		(26,663) (26,663)	(28,339) (28,491)
			54,440	
17.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			=
	Creditors		99,830	104,209
	Royalty payable		12,560	15,137
	Accrued liabilities		64,324	63,160
	Advance from customers	47.4	1,513	2,156
	Payable to provident fund Workers' Profit Participation Fund	17.1 17.2	1,263 12,231	1,085
	Workers' Welfare Fund	17.2	11,208	16,951
	Warranty obligations	17.3	18,052	23,885
	Infrastructure cess payable	17.4	45,767	39,232
	Unclaimed and unpaid dividends	47.5	10,531	8,103
	Guarantee bond payable Tax deducted at source	17.5	1,110 2,837	1,110 1,645
	Retention money		5,678	1,043
	Others		2,353	1,613
			289,257	278,286
17.1	General Disclosures		(Ur	naudited)
	Size of the fund		132,749	
	Cost of investments Fair value of investments	17.1.1	107,382 132,749	91,116 111,160
	Percentage of investments	17.1.1	100%	100%
17.1.1	1 The breakup of fair value of investments is:			
		2013		2012
		(Rs. in 000')	(Unaudited) (%) (Rs.	in 000') (%)
	Special Saving Certificates	36,314	27	81,156 73
	Term Deposit Receipts	59,386	45	·
	Term Finance Certificates	13,732	10	13,480 12
	Mutual fund units	6,458	5	4,205 4
	Shares in listed companies Bank balance	1,972 7,375	1 6	1,335 1 2,337 2
	Others	7,513 7,512	6	8,647 8
	Total	132,749	100	111,160 100

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

17.1.2 Investments of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of Section 227 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

		Note	2013 (Rs. in 0	2012
17.2	Workers' Profit Participation Fund Balance at the beginning of the year Allocation for the year	24	(392) 19.601	1,120 44.608
	Less: (Refund) / payment made during the year Balance at end of the year	<u>-</u> ' .	19,209 (6,972) 12,231	45,728 46,120 (392)
17.3	Warranty obligations Balance at the beginning of the year Provision for the year	21 _	23,885 2,613	24,346 11,076
	Less: Claims paid during the year Balance at end of the year	-	26,498 8,446 18,052	35,422 11,537 23,885

- 17.4 During the financial year 2009, the Honourable High Court of Sindh declared the levy of the Infrastructure cess / fee by the Excise and Taxation Department, Government of Sindh upto December 27, 2006 as ultra vires of the Constitution. However, the levy subsequent to December 27, 2006 was declared as valid and constitutional. The Group had filed an appeal before the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the above order of High Court and as per the directions of the Supreme Court, approached the High Court by filing a fresh constitution petition in May 2011. The High Court has granted stay on said petition on the following terms:
 - Any bank guarantee/security furnished for consignment released upto December 27, 2006 shall be discharged and returned; and
 - Any bank guarantee/security furnished for consignment released after December 27, 2006 shall be encashed to the extent of 50% of the guaranteed/secured amount only and the bank guarantee/security for the balance amount will be kept alive till the disposal of the petitions.

In view of the interim nature of arrangement as provided in the above referred order of the High Court, the Group has retained full provision against the infrastructure cess fee payable for the period from December 2006 till June 2013.

The Group has provided a bank guarantee in favour of Excise and Taxation Department, amounting to Rs. 40.154 million (2012: Rs. 33.154 million), out of which Rs. 0.985 million (2012: 0.519 million) remain un-utilized as of the year end.

17.5 The Group has provided bank guarantees to Collector of Customs as a security against the import duty.

18. **CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

Commitments

- (i) Commitments in respect of outstanding letters of credit for raw material amount to Rs. 169.459 million (2012: Rs. 226.217 million).
- (ii) Commitments in respect of capital expenditure amount to Rs. 33.990 million (2012: Rs. 1.720 million).
- (iii) Outstanding bank guarantees issued to Sui Southern Gas Company Limited amounts to Rs. 0.385 million (2012: Rs. 0.385 million)

2013 2012 (Rs. in 000')

TURNOVER - net

Sales		4,068,990	4,973,812
Less:	Sales tax Trade discount	565,145 221	686,941 197
		565,366	687,138
		3,503,624	4,286,674

		Note	2013 (Rs. in	2012 000')
20.	COST OF SALES			
	Raw material consumed			
	Opening stock		544,286	415,846
	Purchases		2,224,301 2,768,587	2,878,513 3,294,359
	Closing stock		(475,256)	(544,286)
	· ·		2,293,331	2,750,073
	Manufacturing expenses			
	Salaries, wages and benefits		207,912	179,932
	Stores, spares and loose tools consumed Packing material consumed		110,030 19,828	108,841 17,277
	Facking material consumed Fuel and power		71,695	68,914
	Transportation and traveling		49,565	44,848
	Depreciation	7.2	52,466	45,588
	Repairs and maintenance		39,345	81,053
	Royalty and technical fees Research and development costs		43,494 128	32,140 2,596
	Communications and professional fees		1,922	11,318
	Printing and stationery		765	1,130
	Insurance		3,899	2,380
	Rent, rates and taxes		10,206	6,951
	Others		5,320 616,575	3,847 606,815
	Work-in-process			
	Opening stock		55,253	45,484
	Closing stock		(47,436) 7,817	(55,253) (9,769)
	Cost of goods manufactured		2,917,723	3,347,119
	Finished goods			
	Opening stock		22,731	36,583
	Closing stock		(11,433)	(22,731)
			<u>11,298</u> 2,929,021	13,852 3,360,971
			2,929,021	3,360,971
21.	DISTRIBUTION COSTS			
	Salaries and benefits		12,568	10,063
	Advertisement and sales promotion		13,940	13,196
	Carriage and forwarding		21,013	19,720
	Traveling and conveyance Depreciation	7.2	2,858 777	2,402 784
	Provision for warranty claims	17.3	2,613	11,076
	Reversal of provision for impairment of trade debts	11.1	(444)	(2,289)
	Rent, rates and taxes		99	121
	Communications and professional fee		209	201
	Insurance Repairs and maintenance		225 657	225 6,380
	Others		239	180
			54,754	62,059

22.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	Note	2013 (Rs. in	2012 000')
	Salaries and benefits Legal and professional charges Repairs and maintenance Technical fees Depreciation Printing and stationery Computer supplies Rent, rates and taxes Traveling and conveyance Communications and professional fee Utilities Security services Insurance Auditors' remuneration Advertisement Others	7.2 22.1	57,779 26,852 11,394 27,333 9,852 1,068 299 3,236 11,593 2,696 6,838 4,218 1,490 928 198 922	43,917 25,614 5,759 11,349 10,169 723 237 1,930 11,970 6,452 1,365 3,337 1,013 904 493 893
22.1	Auditors' remuneration	_		_
	Audit fee Fee for review of half yearly financial statements Other certifications Out of pocket expenses	_	775 55 28 70 928	750 55 28 71 904
23.	FINANCE COSTS			
	Mark-up on finance lease Bank charges	- =	7 178 185	181 268 449
24.	OTHER CHARGES			
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund Donations	17.2 24.1	19,601 8,962 4,430 32,993	44,608 16,951 8,337 69,896

^{24.1} None of the directors or their spouses had any interest in any of the donees to whom donations were made during the year.

		Note	2013 (Rs. in	2012 000')
25.	OTHER INCOME			
	Income from financial assets			
	Profit on: - term deposit receipts - deposit accounts Gain on sale of available-for-sale investments		23,873 19,043 32,227 75,143	46,251 13,923 81,165 141,339
	Liabilities no longer payable - written back		622	384
	Income from non-financial assets			
	(Loss) / gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Scrap sales	7.3	(259) 5,326 5,067	3,825 2,758 6,583
	Refund of Workers' Profit Participation Fund		7,370 88,202	148,306
26.	TAXATION			
	Current Prior Deferred		127,573 (793) 2,934 129,714	210,782 989 33,611 245,382
26.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit			
	Profit before taxation		408,177	815,480
	Tax at the rate of 35%		142,862	285,418
	Tax effects of:			
	Income exempt from tax or taxed at reduced rate		(14,363)	(57,163)
	Prior year		(793)	989
	Tax rebates		(11,761)	(23,855)
	Workers' Welfare Fund on tax profit exceeding accounting pro	ofit	-	1,144
	Effect of change in tax rate		459	-
	Deferred		13,310	38,849
			129,714	245,382

^{26.2} As at the year end, there is a deferred tax asset of Rs. 15.614 million (2012: Rs.5.238 million) in the Subsidiary Company which has not been recognized in these consolidated financial statements in view of uncertainty with regard to its realization in the foreseeable future.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

27. EARNINGS PER SHARE - basic and diluted

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Group, which is based on:

			2013	2012
	Profit after taxation (Rs. in 000')	:	278,463	570,098
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year (in 000')		28,800	28,800
	Basic earnings per share (Rs.)		9.67	19.80
		Note	2013 (Rs. in	2012
28.	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS		•	,
20.	Profit before taxation Adjustments for		408,177	815,480
	Depreciation Finance costs		63,095 185	56,541 449
	Reversal of provision for impairment of trade debts Liabilities no longer payable - written back Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investment		(444) (622) (32,227)	(2,246) (384) (81,165)
	Profit on term deposit receipts Profit on deposit accounts Loss / (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(23,873) (19,043) 259	(46,251) (13,922) (3,825)
	Loss / (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(12,670) 395,507	(90,803) 724,677
	Increase / (decrease) in current assets			
	Stores, spares and loose tools Stock-in-trade Trade debts Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Sales tax refundable		2,665 56,002 (156,511) (12,539) (30,828)	(16,416) (76,160) 41,611 (7,288)
	Increase in current liabilities		(141,211)	(58,253)
	Trade and other payables Sales tax payable	[18,164	8,707 21,190
		-	18,164 272,460	29,897 696,321
29.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash and bank balances Short term investments – term deposit receipts	14 13	650,457 50,000 700,457	348,430 955,000 1,303,430
			700,407	1,000,400

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES 30.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are market risks, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized below:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

30.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rate and foreign exchange rates.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instrument will fluctuate due to the changes in market interest rates. The Group is exposed to interest rate risk in respect of bank deposits, term deposit receipts and investment in income based mutual funds. Management of the Group estimates that 1% increase in the market interest rate, with all other factor remaining constant, would increase the Group's profit after tax by Rs. 4.717 million (2012: 8.217 million) and a 1% decrease would result in the decrease in the Group's profit after tax by the same amount. However, in practice, the actual result may differ from the sensitivity analysis.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of financial assets or a financial liability will fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rates. It arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions in foreign currency. As at June 30, 2013, the Group does not have any financial assets or financial liabilities which are denominated in foreign currencies.

30.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentration of credit risk indicates the relative sensitivity of the Group's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

The Group is mainly exposed to credit risk mainly on trade debts, short term investments and bank balances. The Group seeks to minimise the credit risk exposure through having exposure only to customers considered credit worthy and obtaining securities where applicable.

The table below provides the analysis of the credit quality of financial assets on the basis of external credit rating or the historical information about counter party default rates.

	2013 (Rs. in 0	2012 (00')
Trade debts	·	
The analysis of trade debts is as follows:		
Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired – 30 to 90 days	447,472 25,339 472,811	305,420 10,436 315,856
Bank balances		
Ratings A-1+ A1+ P1	13,741 635,971 720	- 347,296 1,122
FI	650,432	348,418
Short term investments		
Ratings A1+ AA+		41 1,184
A-1+	41	
	41	1,225

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

30.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulties in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. The management of the Group believes that it is not exposed to any significant level of liquidity risk.

The management forecasts the liquidity of the Group on the basis of expected cashflow considering the level of liquid assets necessary to mitigate the liquidity risk.

2013	On demand	Less than 3 months (Rupees	3 to 12 Months s in '000)	Total
Trade and other payables	79,613	198,436	11,208	289,257
2012	On demand	Less than 3 months (Rupees	3 to 12 Months s in '000)	Total
Trade and other payables Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	77,496 - 77,496	183,840 - 183,840	16,950 434 17,384	278,286 434 278,720

31. **FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The fair value of the mutual fund units is determined by using the net asset value as disclosed by the Fund Manager at each balance sheet date. The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

Fair value hierarchy

The Group uses the following hierarchy for disclosure of the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: quoted prices in active market for identical assets.
- Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

As at 30 June 2013, the Group has available-for-sale investments measured at fair value using level 1 valuation technique.

32. **CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefit for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Group is currently financing majority of its operations through equity and working capital. The capital structure of the Group is equity based with no financing through long term borrowings.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

33. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of the Group comprise companies with common directorship, retirement funds, directors and key management personnel. Detail of transactions with related parties during the year, other than disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, are as follows:

	2013 2012 (Rupees in '000)		
Purchases of goods	1,749	18,840	
Contribution to the Provident fund	4,866	4,380	

The receivable/payable balances with related parties as at June 30, 2013 are disclosed in the respective notes to the consolidated financial statements.

REMUNERATION OF THE CHAIRMAN, CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND EXECUTIVES

34.1 Aggregate amounts charged in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

		20	13		2012	
		Chief		.	Chief	
	Chairman	Executive	Executives	Chairman	Executive	Executives
			(RS. In	`000)		
Managerial remuneration	15.028	9,308	40,030	10.140	8,132	34,959
Retirement benefits	- 10,020	368	1,806	-	333	1,233
Utilities	634	122	869	337	-	875
Medical expenses	166	20	457	94	29	413
	15,828	9,818	43,162	10,571	8,494	37,480
Number of persons	1	1	18	1	1	19

- 34.2 The Chairman, Chief Executive and certain Executives are also provided with free use of Group maintained vehicles in accordance with the Group's policy.
- 34.3 No remuneration has been paid to Chief Executive of the Subsidiary Company during the year.

35. PRODUCTION CAPACITY

The production capacity of the Group cannot be determined as this depends on the relative proportions of various types of vehicles and agricultural tractors produced by OEMs.

36. UNUTILIZED CREDIT FACILITIES

As of the balance sheet date, the Group has unutilized facilities for short term running finance available from various banks amounted to Rs. 160 million (2012: Rs. 160 million). The rate of mark-up on these finances ranges from 1 to 3 months KIBOR plus rates varying from 0.75% to 1.25% (2012: 1 to 3 months KIBOR plus rates varying from 0.75% to 1.50%). The facilities are secured by way of pari passu hypothecation of Group's stock-in-trade, stores, spares, loose tools and trade debts.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

37. NON-ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on August 29, 2013 (i) approved the transfer of Rs. 175 million from unappropriated profit to general reserve and (ii) proposed cash dividend of Rs. 5.50 per share for the year ended June 30, 2013 amounting to Rs. 158.40 million for approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting to be held on October 29, 2013.

38. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

Number of persons employed as at year end were 265 (2012: 243) and the average number of persons employed during the year were 258 (2012: 232).

39. GENERAL

- **39.1** Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousands.
- 39.2 There were no material reclassifications to report.

40. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue on August 29, 2013 by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company.

Yutaka Arae Chairman

Pattern of Shareholding AS AT JUNE 30, 2013

Number of	Size of Share H	Ioldings		Total
Share Holders	From	lolulitys	То	Shares Held
1,650	1	-	100	45,164
832	101	-	500	203,513
340	501	-	1,000	239,935
394	1,001	-	5,000	849,976
51	5,001	_	10,000	344,759
24	10,001	_	15,000	307,611
12	15,001	_	20,000	206,839
12	20,001	_	25,000	286,380
17	25,001	_	30,000	449,708
5	30,001	_	35,000	167,165
12	35,001	_	40,000	455,134
3	40,001	_	45,000	130,705
8	45,001	-	50,000	379,346
1	50,001	-	55,000	55,000
2	55,001	-	60,000	115,545
4	60,001	-	65,000	247,938
2	65,001	-	70,000	132,033
2	70,001	-	75,000	142,500
5	75,001	-	80,000	384,424
3	85,001	-	90,000	263,588
2	95,001	-	100,000	195,325
1	105,001	-	110,000	107,660
3	115,001	-	120,000	353,819
1	120,001	_	125,000	123,741
1	130,001	_	135,000	131,832
2	145,001	_	150,000	292,869
1	160,001	_	165,000	162,122
1	165,001	_	170,000	165,859
1	180,001	-	185,000	181,800
1	190,001	-	195,000	191,661
1	215,001	-	220,000	216,600
1	245,001	-	250,000	250,000
1	270,001	-	275,000	275,000
1	310,001	-	315,000	312,393
5	360,001	-	365,000	1,812,222
1	395,001	-	400,000	400,000
1	450,001	-	455,000	451,080
1	525,001	-	530,000	525,626
1	565,001	-	570,000	567,047
5	595,001	-	600,000	2,996,700
1	600,001	-	605,000	605,000
1	625,001	-	630,000	627,960
1	800,001	-	805,000	801,500
1	895,001	-	900,000	900,000
1	1,045,001	-	1,050,000	1,048,920
1	1,215,001	-	1,220,000	1,215,600
1	1,245,001	-	1,250,000	1,248,139
1	1,305,001	-	1,310,000	1,308,720
1	5,920,001	-	5,925,000	5,923,542
3,420				28,800,000

Pattern of Shareholding AS AT JUNE 30, 2013

No.	Categories of Shareholders	Number of Shares held	Category wise No. of Folios/CDC A/Cs	Category wise shares held	%
1	INDIVIDUALS		3,317	7,842,076	27.23%
2	INVESTMENT COMPANIES		5	6,489	0.02%
3	JOINT STOCK COMPANIES		27	1,810,388	6.29%
4	DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND THEIR SPOUSES & MINOR CHILDREN Yutaka Arae	1,000	8	9,909	0.03%
	Fahim Kapadia Sohail P.Ahmed Owais ul Mustafa Asfi Rizvi	3,000 1,599 1,310 1,000			
	Daneshwar F. Dinshaw Alireza M. Alladin	1,000 1,000 9,909			
5	EXECUTIVES	-	-	-	0.00%
6	ASSOCIATED COMPANIES Thal Limited	2,115,600	2	2,115,600	7.35%
7	PUBLIC SECTOR COMPANIES & CORP.	-	-	-	0.00%
8	BANKS, DFIs, NBFIs, INSURANCE COMPANIES, MODARABAS & PENSION FUNDS Banks, DFIs & NBFIs Insurance Companies Modaraba Pension Funds	859,140 83,093 30,320 39,900 1,012,453	18	1,012,453	3.52%
9	MUTUAL FUNDS AKD Index Tracker Fund Golden Arrow Selected AI Meezan Mutual Fund Meezan Tahaffuz Pension Fund Meezan Islamic Fund National Bank of Pakistan-Trustee Department	3,000 3,000 627,960 45,000 596,700 1,308,720 2,584,380	6	2,584,380	8.97%
10	FOREIGN INVESTORS Holding 5% or more voting interest Robert Finance Corporation, AG Others - holding below 5%	7,171,681 5,514,642 12,686,323	23	12,686,323	44.05%
11	CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES	. ,	1	1,542	0.01%
12	CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS		7	356,261	1.24%
13	OTHERS		6	374,579	1.30%
	TOTAL		3,420	28,800,000	100.00%
SHARE-HOLDER	RS HOLDING TEN(10) PERCENT OR MORE VOTING IN	ITEREST IN THE COM	1PANY		
	NAME(S) OF SHARE-HOLDER(S)	DESCRIPTION	NO OF SHAR	RES HELD	% AGE
Robert Finance Co	orporation, AG (Foreign Investor)	FALLS IN CATEGORY # 10		7,171,681	24.90%