

# **ANSARI SUGAR MILLS LIMITED**

# NINETEENTH ANNUAL REPORT 2008

CONTENTS	PAGE NO.
Company Profile	2
Notice of Annual Genral Meeting	3
Vision and Mission Statement	4
Director's Report	5-6
Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance	7-8
Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with Best of Code of Corporate Governance	9
Pattern of Shareholding	10
Pattern of Shareholding as per requirements of Code of Corporate Governance	11
Auditor's Report	12-13
Balance Sheet	14-15
Profit and Loss Account	16
Cash Flow Statement	17
Statement of Changes in Equity	18
Notes to the Financial Statements	19-35
Six Years' Review at a Glance	36
Form of Proxy	



# **COMPANY PROFILE**

BOARD OF DIRECTORS Mrs. Nasreen Ghani Ansari - Chief Executive

Mr. Ahmed Khan Ansari Mr. Abdul Hafeez Ansari Mr. Imran Rasheed Ansari Syed Anwar Raza Naqvi Mr. S.M. Ahsan Raza (Nominee of N.I.T.) Mr. M. Manzurul Haq

(Nominee of N.B.P formerly N.D.F.C.)

AUDIT COMMITTEE Mr. Imran Rasheed Ansari - Chairman

Mr. Abdul Hafeez Ansari - Member Syed Anwar Raza Naqvi - Member

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

& COMPANY SECRETARY Mr. Ahsan Mukhtar - ACMA

BANKERS Habib Bank Limited

MCB Bank Limited

National Bank of Pakistan

Allied Bank Limited

AUDITORS M/s. Khalid Majid Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq

**Chartered Accountants** 

LEGAL ADVISOR Dr. Raees Mushtaq

**REGISTRAR** Noble Computer Services (Pvt) Limited

Mezzanine Floor, House of Habib Building (Siddiq son Towers)

3-Jinnah Cooperative Housing Society,

Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi.

**REGISTERED OFFICE** 41-K, Block- 6, P.E.C.H.S., Karachi.

Fax: 021-34546456

http://www.ansarisugar.com

**FACTORY** Deh Jagsiyani,

Taluka Tando Mohammad Khan District Hyderabad, Sindh



# NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 19th Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of **ANSARI SUGAR MILLS LIMITED**, will be held on Saturday January 30, 2010 at 9:00 a.m. at the registered office of the Company situated at 41-K, Block 6, P.E.C.H.S., Karachi for transacting the following business.

# **Ordinary Business**

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the Annual General Meeting held on January 05, 2008.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the audited accounts of the Company for the year ended September 30, 2008 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Report thereon.
- 3. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration. One of the shareholders has proposed the name of M/s. Rahman Sarfarz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq, Chartered Accountants as statutory auditors for the year ended September 30, 2009 in place of retiring auditors.
- 4. To elect seven Directors (07) of the company for a period of three (03) years, commencing from January 30, 2010 in accordance with the provision of section 178 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. The names of retiring directors are as under:
  - 1. Mr. Ahmed Khan Ansari
  - 2. Mr. Abdul Hafeez Ansari
  - 3. Mrs. Nasreen Ghani Ansari
  - 4. Mr. Imran Rasheed Ansari
  - 5. Syed Anwar Raza Naqvi
  - 6. Mr. S.M. Ahsan Raza (Nominee of N.I.T)
  - 7. Mr. M. Manzurul Haq (Nominee of N.B.P formerly N.D.F.C)
- 5. Any other business with the permission of the chair.

for ANSARI SUGAR MILLS LIMITED

**Company Secretary** 

Karachi:

Dated: December 15, 2009

## **NOTES:**

- 1. The Shares Transfer Book of the Company will remain close from January 21, 2010 to January 30, 2010 (both days inclusive).
- 2. A member entitles to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another member as his/her behalf. Proxies, in order to be effective, must be received by the Company not less then 48 hours before the meeting.
- 3. Any member desiring to contest the election of Directors must submit to the company his/her consent as such not later than 14 days before the date of AGM.
- 4. The share holders are requested to notify any change in their address immediately.
- 5. Kindly quote your folio number in all correspondence with the Company.



# **VISION & MISSION STATEMENT**

# **VISION**

To make a product of International Standard acceptable as a brand in the world market. To explore business opportunities available under the World Trade Organization regime.

# **MISSION**

- To sustain contribution to the National Economy by producing cost effective product.
- To ensure professionalism and healthy working environment.
- To create a reliable product through adoption of latest technology/ advancement.
- To promote research & development and provide technical know how to growers for improvement of sugarcane yield/recovery.



# **DIRECTOR'S REPORT**

The Directors are pleased to submit report on affairs of the company for the financial year ended September 30, 2008 and the subsequent developments to-date.

#### **MANAGEMENT**

As you are aware, the Board of Directors was suspended by the Ehtesab Court in May 1998 and the Receiver was appointed to run the affairs of the company. The Court, however, set aside its earlier Order for appointment of the Receiver directing him to relinquish the charge of his office through a short order in March 2008. However, the Receiver continued in his office till October 31, 2008 at his own in the absence of clear directions from the Court regarding restoration of the Board suspended in May 1998. As the crushing season was about to commence in November 2008, the Receiver handed over the charge of the Mills to the Management, and the Board vide its Resolution dated November 1, 2008 appointed Mr. Anver Majid, as Chief Controller/Consultant entrusting him with powers to run the mills and manage the affairs of the Company.

On resumption in November 2008, the Board took serious note of the financial issues of the company which remained highly mismanaged during the ten years' tenor of the Receiver. In order to turn around the company, the management approached the financial institutions and signed a Settlement Agreement with National Bank of Pakistan in February 2009 to clear it financials of the long outstanding liabilities towards the Bank.

The accounts of the company could not be disseminated timely as the management altogether remained occupied to run the mills for the 2008-09 crushing season and manage the financial affairs of the company with a long-term view to the benefit of the shareholders. In view of the resumption of the Board on November 1, 2008, the accounts for the half year ended March 31, 2008 and the third quarter ended June 30, 2008 are being issued simultaneously with the audited accounts for the year ended September 30, 2008.

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS

The financial results for the year ended September 30, 2008 are as follows:

	2008	2007	CHANGE
	RUPEES IN THO	DUSANDS	PERCENTAGE
Sales	1,383,041	1,372,820	0.74
Cost of Sales	(1,369,922)	(1,377,303)	(0.54)
Net Loss after taxation	(52,582)	(72,391)	(27.36)
OPERATING RESULTS -	METRIC TONES		
Sugarcane crushed	788,409	604,957	30.32
Sugar produced	66,600	55,963	19.01
Molasses produced	42,692	30,628	39.39
<del>-</del>	PERCENTAGE		
Sugar Recovery	8.45	9.25	
Number of days worked	148	163	

# **PERFORMANCE REVIEW**

The financial results for the year 2007-08 reflect improvements as the sales have increased while cost of sales and net loss have decreased. The increased sales and reduced cost of sales resulted in gross profit of Rs. 13.12 million as compared to the previous year's gross loss of Rs. 4.48 million. The record crushing of sugarcane and production of sugar during the year is an achievement.

## **FUTURE OUTLOOK**

The crushing season 2008-09 lasted for only 112 days commencing from November 28, 2008 and ending on March 19, 2009. After the crushing season 2008-09, the present management focussed on BMR which was neglected during the tenor of the Receiver.



#### LABOUR MANAGEMENT RELATIONS

The labour management relations have remained cordial. I thank and appreciate the spirit of goodwill and co-operation by the workers. I also thank the staff members, officers and executives for their devotion and sense of responsibility.

#### **AUDITORS' REPORT**

The auditors in their report have emphasised on the Company's continuation as a going concern on the basis of negative equity as well as negative working capital. In order to address the issue, the Board after resumption in November 2008 approached the financial institutions and, as state above, entered into a Settlement Agreement with National Bank of Pakistan. After enforcement of the said Agreement in February 2009, the equity of the company turned positive. Other measures are being taken to further improve the financial standing of the company.

#### STATEMENT OF CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK

- 1. The financial statements prepared by the company present fairly its affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- 2. Proper books of accounts have been maintained by the company.
- 3. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of the financial statements, changes if any have been adequately disclosed and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgement.
- 4. International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and departure there from, if any, has been adequately notices.
- 5. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- 6. Key operating and financial data for last six years in summarized form is annexed.
- 7. There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance except those mentioned in the preamble of the statement.
- 8. No trade in the shares of the company were carried out by the directors and their spouses and minor children.

### **AUDITORS**

M/s. Khalid Majid Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq, Chartered Accountants retire.

On the basis of proposal by one of the shareholders, the Audit Committee has recommended the name of M/s. Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq, Chartered Accountants as auditors for the year 2008-09.

#### PATTERN OF SHARE HOLDING

The pattern of share holding as on September 30, 2008 is annexed.

On behalf of the Board

NASREEN GHANI ANSARI

Chief Executive

Karachi: December 15, 2009.



# STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in the Listing regulations of Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad Stock Exchanges for the purposes of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed Company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

As the Board of Directors was suspended and Company's affairs were being managed by the Receiver appointed by Ehtesab Bench of Lahore High Court, certain clauses of the Code which are related to the function of/by directors and Board of Directors were not relevant to the Company. The SECP has however relaxed the requirements contain in the said clauses, as numerated below, vide its letter no. SECP/ICAP/EM/36/2000/48 dated January 28, 2003.

- Clause (i) to clause (vii)
- Clause (viii), sub clauses (e) and (f)
- Clause (ix) to clause (xii)
- Clause (xiv)
- Clause (xv)
- Clause (xviii)
- Clause (xxx) to Clause (xxxiv)

On March 05, 2008 the Accountability Court No. IV Rawalpindi/Islamabad set aside the orders of Lahore High Court of appointment of Receiver dated July 02, 1998 and directed the Receiver to vacate the office. However, the Company continues to avail above relaxations for the year under review as the Receiver relinquished his charge on November 01, 2008.

As regard to remaining provision of the Code, the Company applied principles in the following manner:

- 1. Statement of Ethics and Business Practices has been prepared and accordingly signed by all the concerned persons.
- 2. Vision/Mission Statement, Overall Corporate Strategy and Significant Policies of the Company have been developed and complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approve/amended, is maintained by the department.
- 3. All the powers of the Board and decision-making have been duly exercised by the Receiver.
- 4. The Directors report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirement of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be closed.
- 5. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirement of the Code.
- 6. The director, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the share of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 7. An effective internal audit function for the company has been established.



- 8. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouse and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- 9. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services.
- 10. It is confirmed that all material principles contained in the Code have been dully complied with.

NASREEN GHANI ANSARI Chief Executive Karachi.

Dated: December 15, 2009



# REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBER ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH BEST PRACTICES OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance with the best practises contained in the Code of Corporate Governance prepared by the Board of Directors of **Ansari Sugar Mills Limited**, to comply with the Listing regulation No.37 and Chapter XIII of the Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of the audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We have not carried out any special review of the internal control system to enable us to express an opinion as to whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all controls and the effectiveness of such internal controls.

## We report that:

The SECP vide its letter No. SECP/ICAP/EM/36/2000/48 dated January 28, 2003 had given relaxation to the Company from complying with certain provision of the Code of Corporate Governance in view of the implication of the appointment of Receiver by the Ehtesab Bench of Lahore High Court vide its order dated July 02, 1998.

On March 05, 2008 the Accountability Court No. IV Rawalpindi/Islamabad set aside the order of Lahore High Court of appointment of Receiver dated July 02, 1998 and directed the Receiver to vacate the office. However the Company continues to avail above relaxations for the year under review as the Receiver relinquished his charge on November 01, 2008.

Based on our review, except as stated above, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does no appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the Company for the year ended **September 30, 2008.** 

Karachi

Dated: December 15, 2009

Khalid Majid Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq Chartered Accountants



# PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING OF THE SHARES HELD BY THE SHAREHOLDERS AS ON SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

NUMBER OF SHARE HOLDING TO TO				
485	1	-	100	26,608
511	101	-	500	160,472
279	501	-	1,000	205,139
435	1,001	-	5,000	967,519
85	5,001	-	10,000	608,842
29	10,001	-	15,000	364,133
12	15,001	-	20,000	208,712
11	20,001	_	25,000	236,414
12	25,001	_	30,000	327,476
7	30,001	_	35,000	230,044
10	35,001	_	40,000	376,839
6	40,001	_	45,000	256,692
9	45,001	_	50,000	439,362
4	50,001	_	55,000	200,844
8	55,001	_	60,000	476,715
5	60,001	_	65,000	301,150
3	65,001	_	70,000	205,937
5	70,001	_	75,000	365,337
2	75,001	_	80,000	151,204
$\frac{2}{4}$	80,001	-	85,000	331,779
2	85,001	-	90,000	171,650
19	100,001	-	105,000	1,910,737
2	105,001	-	110,000	216,521
2		-		
2	145,001	-	150,000	294,520
$\frac{2}{4}$	150,001 155,001	-	155,000	305,365
	/	-	160,000	626,665
2	165,001	-	170,000	331,762
1	185,001	-	190,000	186,300
1	190,001	-	195,000	193,440
1	195,001	-	200,000	199,810
1	200,001	-	205,000	201,445
1	220,001	-	225,000	220,800
1	230,001	-	265,000	232,247
2	245,001	-	250,000	495,774
1	265,001	-	270,000	266,070
1	270,001	-	275,000	271,590
2	285,001	-	290,000	575,115
1	295,001	-	300,000	298,600
2	305,001	-	310,000	616,784
1	310,001	-	315,000	314,065
1	395,001	-	400,000	399,400
1	410,001	-	415,000	413,108
1	555,001	-	560,000	559,980
1	600,001	-	605,000	603,316
1	605,001	-	610,000	609,109
1	705,001	-	710,000	705,865
1	790,001	-	795,000	790,248
1	955,001	-	960,000	955,163
î	990,001	_	995,000	991,531
i	1,985,001	_	1,990,000	1,989,000
1	2,015,001	-	2,020,000	2,020,000
	,,		, ,	
1982				24,407,198

S. No.	Category	No. of Shareholders	Total Shares Held	Percentage %
1.	Individual	1,956	19,932,826	81.67
2.	Investment Companies	1	5,500	0.02
3.	Insurance Companies	6	727,454	2.98
4.	Joint Stock Companies	11	3,353,564	13.74
5.	Financial Institutions	5	348,814	1.43
6.	Modaraba Companies	2	3,390	0.01
7.	Leasing Companies	1	35,450	0.15
		1,982	24,407,198	100%



# PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 AS PER REQUIREMENTS OF THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Category	Number of shares held	Category wise No. of Shareholders	Category wise Shares held	Percentage <sup>0</sup> / <sub>0</sub>
JOINT STOCK COMPANIES		11	2,506,716	10.27
INVESTMENT COMPANIES		1	5,500	0.02
DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND				
THEIR SPOUSE AND MINOR CHILDREN		10	1,196,470	4.9
Mr. Ahemd Khan Ansari	269,013			
Mr. Abdul Hafeez Ansari	48,450			
Mrs. Nasreen Ghani Ansari	33,350			
Mr. Imran Rasheed Ansari	202,283			
Mr. Dinshaw Hoshang Anklesaria	559,980			
S. Anwar Raza Naqvi	50,044			
Mr. Abdul Ghani Ansari H/O Mrs. Nasreen Ghani Ansari	33,350			
NIT / ICP		2	286,690	1.17
National Bank of Pakistan - Trustee Department	154,300			
Investment Corporation of Pakistan	132,390			
BANKS, DFIs, NBFIs, INSURANCE COMPANIES				
MODARABAS AND MUTUAL FUNDS		11	126,309	0.52
INDIVIDUALS		1,947	20,285,513	83.11
		1982	24,407,198	100.00

# Shareholders holding ten percent or more voting interest in the Company

Name of Shareholders	No. of Shares held	Percentage
None		



# **AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS**

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of **ANSARI SUGAR MILLS LIMITED** as at September 30, 2008 and the related profit and loss account, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification we report that:

- (a) In our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984.
- (b) In our opinion;
  - (i) The balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in accordance with the accounting policies consistently applied:
  - (ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
  - (ii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- (c) In our opinion and to best of our information and according to explanation given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, cash flow statement, and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984 in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at September 30, 2008 and of the loss, its cash flow and changes in equity for the year then ended: and
- d) In our opinion, no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.



Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 1.2 to the financial statements which indicates that during the year of the company incurred a net loss of Rs. 52.58 million (2007: loss 79.259 million) and its accumulated loss increased to Rs. 326.6 million (2007: 274.02 million). The company's negative equity increased to Rs. 55 million (2007: 2.948 million) and its current liabilities exceeds its current assets by Rs. 376.5 million (2007: 323.66 million). These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as going concern. The going concern assumption used in the preparation of these financial statements is based on the consequential effect of settlement of liabilities and other details disclosed in note 1.4 & 4v annexed thereto.

Karachi

Dated: December 15, 2009

KHALID MAJID RAHMAN SARFARAZ RAHIM IQBAL RAFIQ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Muhammad Waseem



# **BALANCE SHEET AS AT**

2007

2008

	Note	Rupees	Rupees
SHARE CAPITAL & RESERVES			
Authorized capital			
30,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		300,000,000	300,000,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid - up Capital	3	244,071,980	244,071,980
General Reserve		27,000,000	27,000,000
Accumulated (Loss)		(326,603,020)	(274,020,755)
		(55,531,040)	(2,948,775)
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
LONG TERM FINANCES - Secured			
Markup bearing	4	61,260,525	77,837,201
Markup free	5	305,209,470	328,469,956
		366,469,995	406,307,157
PROVISION FOR GRATUITY	6	5,589,793	4,385,021
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Current portion of long term finances	7	295,125,385	264,674,818
Trade and other payables	8	555,558,057	358,265,701
Accrued markup		40,572,993	30,362,089
		891,256,435	653,302,608
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	9	_	_
		1,207,785,183	1,061,046,011

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



# **SEPTEMBER 30, 2008**

	Note	2008 Rupees	2007 Rupees
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENTS	10	692,490,158	730,193,658
LONG TERM LOANS	11	121,603	274,360
LONG TERM DEPOSITS		486,176	940,246
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, spares and loose tools	12	21,233,430	20,096,124
Stock in trade	13	192,232,885	104,602,112
Trade debts - Unsecured			
(Considered good)	14	175,490,731	80,120,050
Loans and advances	15	81,896,350	91,268,548
Prepayments and other receivables	16	15,467,286	16,012,130
Income tax receivable		4,959,456	1,184,410
Cash and bank balances	17	23,407,108	16,354,193
		514,687,246	329,637,567
		1,207,785,183	1,061,046,011

NASREEN GHANI ANSARI

Chief Executive

IMRAN RASHEED ANSARI Director



# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	Note	2 0 0 8 Rupees	2007 Rupees
SALES-Net	18	1,383,041,117	1,372,819,615
Cost of sales	19	(1,369,921,876)	(1,377,302,518)
		13,119,241	(4,482,903)
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Distribution cost	20	2,546,506	1,417,110
Administrative expenses	21	53,251,244	54,658,411
		55,797,750	56,075,521
		(42,678,509)	(60,558,424)
Financial cost	22	11,046,050	12,907,153
Other charges	23	622,135	575,610
Other income	24	(1,764,429)	(1,650,426)
		9,903,756	11,832,337
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(52,582,265)	(72,390,761)
PROVISION FOR TAXATION			
Current	26		(6,868,814)
LOSS AFTER TAXATION		(52,582,265)	(79,259,575)
Loss per Share-Basic	28	(2.15)	(3.25)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

NASREEN GHANI ANSARI Chief Executive IMRAN RASHEED ANSARI Director



# CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

	2 0 0 8 Rupees	2007 Rupees
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION ADJUSTMENT FOR A	(52,582,265)	(72,390,761)
ADJUSTMENT FOR: Depreciation Financial Cost (Profit) on sale of Property Plant and Equipments Provision for doubtful advances & Other receivables	42,330,751 11,046,050 (1,317,837)	42,662,959 12,907,153 (938,719) 5,306,476
Provision for gratuity	1,527,480	1,400,245
	53,586,444	61,338,114
OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL (INCREASE)/DECREASE IN CURRENT ASSETS	1,004,179	(11,052,647)
Stores, spares and loose tools Stock in trade Trade debts - Unsecured (Considered good) Loans and advances Prepayments and other receivables	(1,137,306) (87,630,773) (95,370,681) 9,337,005 544,844	1,226,761 26,158,435 (73,091,378) (53,213,284) 4,762,805
	(174,256,911)	(94,156,661)
INCREAGE//DECREAGE) IN CURRENT HARM TELEC	(173,252,732)	(105,209,308)
INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CURRENT LIABILITIES  Trade and other payables	197,292,763	40,654,753
CASH(USED)/GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	24,040,031	(64,554,555)
Taxes paid WPPF paid	(3,775,046)	(7,586,503) (7,108,615)
Gratuity paid Financial cost paid	(322,708) (835,146)	(326,000) (2,713,682)
	(4,932,900)	(17,734,800)
NET CASH (USED)/GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	19,107,131	(82,289,355)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES  Fixed capital expenditure  Proceeds from disposal of Property, Plant and Equipments  Long term deposits  Long term loans	(12,059,414) 8,750,000 454,250 187,950	(4,930,540) 1,354,828 (4,000) 98,964
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(2,667,241)	(3,480,748)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(	(,, === , , =>
Dividend paid Repayment of long term finances	(407) (9,386,595)	(11,797,162) (9,682,001)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(9,387,002)	(21,479,163)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	7,032,915	(107,249,266)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	16,354,193	123,603,459
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT AT THE END OF THE YEAR	23,407,108	16,354,193
The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements		

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

# NASREEN GHANI ANSARI

Chief Executive

IMRAN RASHEED ANSARI

Director



# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

**Issued** 

Reserve

	Subscribed and paid-up capital	General Reserve	Accumulated Loss	Total Reserve	Net Equity
			Rupees		
Balance as at September 30, 2006	244,071,980	27,000,000	(194,761,180)	(167,761,180)	76,310,800
Loss for the year	_	_	(79,259,575)	(79,259,575)	(79,259,575)
Balance as at September 30, 2007	244,071,980	27,000,000	(274,020,755)	(247,020,755)	(2,948,775)
Loss for the year	_	_	(52,582,265)	(52,582,265)	(52,582,265)
Balance as at September 30, 2008	244,071,980	27,000,000	(326,603,020)	(299,603,020)	(55,531,040)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

NASREEN GHANI ANSARI Chief Executive IMRAN RASHEED ANSARI Director



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

#### 1. STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 The Company was incorporated in Pakistan on July 09, 1989 as a Public Limited Company and its shares are quoted in Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges. The principal business of the Company is to manufacture and sale of white sugar. The registered office of the company is situated at 41-K, Block 6, P.E.C.H.S., Karachi and its factory is located at Deh Jagsiyani, Taluka Tando Mohammad Khan, District Hyderabad, Sindh.
- 1.2 During the year the company incurred a net loss of Rs, 52.58 million (2007: 79.259 million) and its accumulated loss increased to Rs. 326.6 million (2007: 274.02 million). The company's negative equity increased to Rs. 55 million (2007: 2.948 million) and its current liabilities exceeds its current assets by Rs, 376.5 million (2007: 323.66 million).
- 1.3 The Accountability court No. IV Rawalpindi/Islamabad vide order dated March 05, 2008 set aside the orders of appointment of receiver. The receiver relinquished the charge of the affairs of the company on November 01, 2008 and the surviving members of the suspended Board simultaneously took over the charge of the Company.
  - In view of the resumption of the Board on November 01, 2008 the accounts for half year ended March 31, 2008 and third quarter ended June 30, 2008 are also being issued simultaneously.
- 1.4 Subsequent to the Balance sheet date the company has entered in to an agreement with National Bank of Pakistan in respect of outstanding liability of long term loan amounting to Rs. 956.437 (refer to note 4 & 5 & ) to be settled at Rs. 213.551 million payable after 10 years i.e January 01, 2019 (refer to note 4(v) against security of DSCs.

The financial effect of the above settlement agreement as disclosed in note 4(v) will result in positive equity and positive current ratio of the Company in subsequent years. The Company managed the crushing operations at approximately 70% of capacity utilization in the year 2008-2009.

In view of the above, these financial statements are prepared on going concern basis.

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 2.1 Basis of preparation

# (a) Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Accounting Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provision of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

#### (b) Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the basis of 'historical cost' convention and certain staff retirement benefits which have been measured at present value.

#### (c) Functional and presentation currency

These Financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupee which is the company's functional currency.

#### (d) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.



The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumption are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments made by management in the application of approved Accounting Standard, as applicable in Pakistan, that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material judgment in the next year are discussed in note No. 30 to these financial statements.

# (e) New Accounting Standards and IFRIC Interpretations that are not yet effective

The following standards, interpretations and amendments in approved accounting standards are only effective for accounting periods beginning on or after October 01, 2007 and are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain increased disclosures in the certain cases:

IAS 1 - Preparation of Financial statement- Amendments Relating to Capital Disclosures;

IAS 23 - Borrowing Costs (as revised);

IFRS 7 - Financial instruments disclosure.

IFRS 8 - Operating Segments

IFRIC 10 - Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment;

IFRIC 11 - Group and Treasury Share Transactions;

IFRIC 12 - Services Concession Arrangements;

IFRIC 13 - Customer Loyalty Programmes;

IFRIC 14 - The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset Minimum Funding Requirements and their intersection.

#### 2.2 Employees' retirement benefits

#### (a) Provident Fund

'The Company operates a defined contributory Provident Fund for all its employees eligible under the scheme. The scheme has been approved under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Monthly contributions are made both by the company and by the employee to the fund at a rate of 8.33% of basic salary.

## (b) Gratuity

The company operates an defined benefit gratuity fund for all of its permanent employees who attain the minimum qualification period for entitlement to gratuity. Contributions to the fund are made based on actuarial recommendations. The most recent actuarial valuation was carried out as at September 30, 2008 using the Projected Unit Credit Method. For details (refer to Note No 6).

#### 2.3 Provision

A provision is recognized in the Balance Sheet when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the outflow can be made. Provision are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.



#### 2.4 Taxation

#### Current

Provision for current taxation is computed in accordance with the provisions of the applicable Income Tax laws.

#### Deferred

Deferred taxation is recognized using the balance sheet liability method on all major temporary difference arising between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax assets is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets can be utilized.

## 2.5 Property, plant and equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (if any), except freehold land which is stated at cost.

Subsequent costs are included in the assets' carrying amount or recognized as a separate assets, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future benefits associated with the items will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the carrying amount is greater than the recoverable amount.

Depreciation is charged on all property, plant and equipment using reducing balance method in accordance with the rates specified in the note 10 to these financial statements and after taking into account residual value, if any.

Depreciation on addition is charged from the quarter in which the assets become available for use while no depreciation is charged in the quarter in which the assets are disposed off.

Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred except major over hauling. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized.

Gains and losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment are charged to the profit and loss account accordingly.

#### 2.6 Impairment of assets

The carrying amount of the assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment of any asset or group of assets. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of such asset is estimated. The impairment loss is recognized whenever, the carrying amount of the asset or its cash generating unit exceed its recoverable amount. Impairment losses, if any, are recognized in the profit and loss account.

#### 2.7 Financial Assets

Financial assets are long term deposits, trade debts, advances (excluding advance income tax), deposits, other receivable and cash & bank balances which have been stated in accordance with the requirement of IAS-39 (Financial Instruments: Recognition & Measurement). Financial assets are initially recognized at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given for it and subsequently these are carried at fair value.

### 2.8 Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual agreements entered into. Significant financial liabilities are long term loans, creditors, accrued and other liabilities (excluding sales tax payable and withholding tax deducted) and unclaimed dividends.

All financial liabilities are initially recognized at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration received at initial recognition. After initial recognition financial liabilities held for trading are carried at fair value and all other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost.



## 2.9 Stores, spares and loose tools

The basis of valuation has been specified against each.

In hand - At lower of moving average cost or NRV.

In transit - Actual cost incurred upto the balance sheet date

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business and cost necessary to be incurred in order to make the sale.

#### 2.10 Stock in trade

The basis of valuation has been specified against each.

Sugar in process - At average cost of sugarcane consumed Finished sugar - At lower of cost or net realizable value

Molasses - At net realizable value

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less cost of completion and cost necessary to be incurred in order to make the sale.

#### 2.11 Trade debts and other receivable

Trade debts and other receivables are carried at original invoice amount less an estimate made for doubtful receivables which is determined based on management review of outstanding amounts and previous repayment pattern. Balances considered bad and irrecoverable are written off.

# 2.12 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payable are initially recognized at fair value which is normally the transaction cost.

#### 2.13 Cash and cash equivalent

Cash & cash equivalent comprises cash and bank balances, short term running finances that are payable on demand and form an integral part of the company's cash management and are included as a component of cash equivalents for a purpose of statement of cash flows.

#### 2.14 Offsetting

A financial asset and financial liability are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and the Company intends to settle either on a net basis, or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 2.15 Revenue recognition

Sales are recorded on dispatch of goods.

Interest, profit and income from investments is recorded on accrual basis.

# 2.16 Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost shall be recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred except borrowing cost that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction or production of qualifying asset shall be capitalized as a part of the cost of that asset.

## 2.17 Related Party transactions

The transactions between the Company and related parties are carried out on an arm's length basis and the relevant rates are determined in accordance with the Comparable Uncontrolled Price Method.



# 3. ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

Numb	er ot	sn	ares

2 0 0 8 Rupees	2007 Rupees		2008 Rupees	2007 Rupees
18,296,250	18,296,250	Fully paid ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each issue for cash	182,962,500	182,962,500
6,110,948	6,110,948	Fully paid ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each issued as bonus share	61,109,480	61,109,480
24,407,198	24,407,198		244,071,980	244,071,980

# 4. LONG TERM FINANCES (INTEREST BEARING)

		SE					
	PICIC	NBP I	NBP II	NBP formerly NDFC	September 2008	September 2007	
	Ge	General Term Finance					
		Rupees					
ning balance	6,246,546	34,305,138	116,457,257	127,636,299	284,645,240	289,630,240	

Opening balance	6,246,546	34,305,138	116,457,257	127,636,299	284,645,240	289,630,240
Repaid during the year	(4,985,000)	_	_	_	(4,985,000)	(4,985,000)
Current Maturity	1,261,546	34,305,138	116,457,257	127,636,299	279,660,240	284,645,240
Over due installment		(34,305,138)	(116,457,257)	(51,060,644)	(201,823,039)	(186,507,909)
Payable with in one year	(1,261,546)	_	_	(15,315,130)	(16,576,679)	(20,300,130)
	_	_	_	61,260,525	61,260,525	77,837,201

# Significant terms and repayment :

Installment payment	Quarterly	Semi annually	Semi annually	Semi annually
No. of installment	39	14	12	23
Installment amount (Rupees in million)	1.246	6.861	9.705	7.657
Date of first installment	01-10-99	30-12-92	31-03-97	30-04-02
Rate of interest per annum	14%	44 paisa per Rs. thousand per day	51 paisa per Rs. thousand per day	8%
Sub note number	4 (i)	4 (ii)	4 (ii)	4 (iii)



# 4 (i) Pakistan Industrial Credit and Investment Corporation

## Security

The finances are secured through first charge by way of an equitable mortgage of immovable properties, hypothecation of plant and machinery, and a floating charge on all other assets.

The securities shall rank pari-passu with other creditors.

# 4(ii) National Bank of Pakistan [Also refer note no. 4.(v)]

### Security

a) 'The finance is secured by creating a mortgage on the immovable properties, pledge and hypothecation of movable properties including book debts, receivables and hypothecation of machinery purchased under the agreement, personal guarantees of the sponsoring directors and the promissory notes of the Company.

The securities shall rank pari-passu with other creditors.

b) 'The finance is secured by equitable registered mortgage on fixed assets both present and future, general irrevocable power of attorney executed in favour of the bank, hypothecation of stocks, floating charge on all other assets and properties of the Company and personal guarantee of all directors of the Company.

The securities shall rank pari-passu with other creditors.

# 4(ii) National Bank of Pakistan (formerly NDFC) [Also refer note no. 4.(v)]

# Security

The loans are secured by way of mortgage on the immovable properties, pledge and hypothecation of movable properties of the Company both present and future including book debts, receivables and hypothecation of machinery purchased under the agreement and personal guarantees as per Personal Net worth Survey (PNWS) of the sponsoring directors and pledge of sponsors' shares and a floating charge on all other properties and assets of the Company.

The securities shall rank pari-passu with other creditors.

- **4(iv)** The Company is contesting two recovery suits filed by National Bank of Pakistan. The Bank has claimed for recovery of Rs. 956.437 million against which Rs. 656.4 million is reflected in the Company's books. The difference of Rs. 300 million represents excessive amounts claimed on various accounts in the suits.
- **4(v)** Subsequent to the balance sheet date on February 23, 2009 the company has entered into agreement with National Bank of Pakistan (formerly NDFC) in respect of long term loans mentioned in note (4ii, 4iii, 5i, 5ii) in total amounting to Rs. 656.4 million settled against an amount of Rs. 213.551 million payable after 10 years from the date of the agreement i.e January 01, 2019. The significant terms and conditions of the agreement are as under:
  - 1) The company has pledged DSCs worth Rs. 72 million with National Bank of Pakistan (formerly NBFC) as security till the recovery of the settlement amount with maturity value of Rs. 213.551 million.
  - 2) The settlement has been filed in the High Court of Sindh, Karachi and that has passed necessary order for disposal of pending suits accordingly (refer in note 4 iv).
  - 3) The company and judgment debtors etc. and the bank have agreed to with draw all the cases against each other upon the settlement.
  - 4) The Bank released the personal Guarantees / Judgment Debtors only on receipt of 10 years DSCs and also create charge on assets.

The effect of the above settlement would be extinguishment of debt by Rs. 484.9 including accrued markup of Rs. 42.8 million and frozen markup of Rs. 377.2 million (refer to note 5i & 5ii). The subsequent financial statements shall reflect total long term loan due to NBP of Rs.213.551 and consequential effect of debt extinguishment by Rs. 484.9 million.



## 5. LONG TERM FINANCES (INTEREST FREE)

	SECURED		Unsecured			
	L.C.Y.	General Ter	m Finance	Loan	September	September
	NBP formerly NDFC	NBP I	NBP II	From Sponsors	2008	2007
	Rupees					
Opening balance	206,045,916	6,889,241	171,201,578	2,200,000	386,336,735	391,033,736
Repaid during the year		(4,401,595)	_	_	(4,401,595)	(4,697,001)
	206,045,916	2,487,646	171,201,578	2,200,000	381,935,140	386,336,735
Current Maturity						
Over due	(53,465,185)	_	_	_	(53,465,185)	(35,989,616)
Payable with in one year	(20,772,839)	(2,487,646)	_	_	(23,260,485)	(21,877,163)
	111,035,053	(2,487,646)	171,201,578	2,200,000	305,209,470	328,469,956

#### Significant terms and repayment:

Installment payment	Half Yearly	Quarterly		
No. of installment	24	39		
Date of first installment	31-10-2001	01-10-1999		
Sub note number	5 (i)	5 (i)	5 (ii)	5 (iii)

# 5 (i) National Bank of Pakistan (formerly NDFC) [refer 4(iii) & 4(v)]

This represents the markup on loans restructured. The total amount was Rs 209.857 million payable in 23 half yearly installments commencing from April 30, 2002 to April 30, 2013. The Company has requested for fresh restructuring of this scheme. Company's proposal is under consideration of the Credit Committee of the bank. Subsequent to the balance sheet date the frozen markup was settled in terms of the details given in note 4v.

# 5 (ii) National Bank of Pakistan [refer 4(ii) & 4(v)]

This represents the accumulated outstanding markup on long term loan from National Bank of Pakistan as on 30th September 2005. Since the year 1999, the Company continue to transfer the markup on the long term loan to above non interest bearing loan based on its proposal submitted to bank to convert it into long term loan. Subsequent to the balance sheet date the frozen markup was settled in terms of the details given in note 4v.

2000

2007

### 5 (iii) Loans from Sponsors

This represents unsecured and interest free loan with no fixed term for repayment.

			Rupees	Rupees
6.	PROVISION FOR GRATUITY			
	Gratuity	6.1	5,589,793	4,385,021

6.1 Contributions to the fund are made based on actuarial recommendations. The most recent actuarial valuation was carried out as at September 30, 2008 using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

# **Principal assumptions**

Discount rate	9% per annum	9% per annum
Expected rate of eligible salary increase in future years	8% per annum	8% per annum



			2008 Rupees	2007 Rupees
	Liability for gratuity arose in the following Opening net liability Expense for the year Contributions paid	g manner:	4,385,021 1,527,480 (322,708)	3,310,775 1,400,245 (325,999)
	Closing net liability		5,589,793	4,385,021
	Reconciliation of the liability Present value of defined benefit obligation Net Actuarial gains / Losses not recognize Un-recognized transitional liability		4,788,862 800,932	3,859,578 1,476,651 (951,208)
	Total balance sheet liability		5,589,794	4,385,021
	Charge to profit and loss account Current service cost Interest cost Additional liability charged for the year Recognized Transitional Liability Total amount chargeable to P&L account		328,064 347,362 (99,154) 951,208 1,527,480	300,601 320,778 (86,172) 865,038 1,400,245
7.	CURRENT PORTION OF LONG TERM FINAN	NCE		
	Overdue Interest bearing Interest free	4 5	201,823,039 53,465,185 255,288,224	186,507,909 35,989,616 222,497,525
	Current Portion Interest bearing Interest free	4 5	16,576,676 23,260,485 39,837,161 295,125,385	20,300,130 21,877,163 42,177,293 264,674,818
8.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Quality premium Sugar cane creditors Other creditors	8.1	264,108,125 190,659,472 42,217,148	264,108,125 48,217,443 18,840,836
	Accrued expenses		496,984,745 968,754	331,166,404 4,309,156
	Other liabilities		497,953,499	335,475,560
	Advances from customers Retention money Sales tax payable Withholding income tax Unclaimed dividend Others	8.2	41,879,037 1,853,101 10,481,865 3,346 406,029 2,981,180 57,604,558 555,558,057	21,109 2,133,659 18,644,387 33,075 406,436 1,551,475 22,790,141 358,265,701



8.1 This represents the amount of Quality Premium for the years 2003 and 2004. The Federal Government in its steering meeting held on July 16, 2007 suspended the quality premium till decision of the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan/consensus on uniform formula is developed in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture.

The matter of quality premium has been declared unlawful by the Lahore High court while appeal against the conflicting judgment of the Sindh High court is pending with the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan since the year 2004 after it granted leave to defend on the question of issue of quality premium. The Apex court also ordered that no coercive action for recovery of quality premium shall be taken against the mills till the case is decided. The company has made the provision of the quality premium up to the year 2004. However with respect to quality premium for the year ranging within 2004 to 2007 the company has adjusted subsidies paid above minimum cane price level against quality premium to the growers. The company has no liability for the period 2007-08 due to recovery rate is less than the threshold of quality premium.

8.2 This represents advances received against delivery of sugar can against which delivery orders have been issued.

#### 9. CONTINGENCIES & COMMITMENTS

### Contingencies

- i) Excise duty rebate on excess production during the crushing season 1992-93 over the previous three years average production amounting to Rs. 11.969 million refunded by the department had been claimed back by the Collector of Customs and Central Excise on the ground that the amount was erroneously refunded. The Company has filed appeal before the High Court against the decision of the Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal Karachi. No provision has been made in accounts as in view of legal advisor the Company expects a favorable outcome.
- ii) Excise duty rebate on excess production during the crushing season 1993-94 over the previous three years average production amounting to Rs. 22.40 million refunded by the department had been claimed back by the Collector of Customs and Central Excise on the ground that the amount was erroneously refunded. The Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal decided the case in favor of Company vide its order dated 20-10-2003. Against the said order the department has filed appeal before the High Court. The Company expects a favorable outcome of the case in view of legal advisor, hence no provision has been made in the accounts.
- iii) The Company is contesting a case relating to additional sales tax amounting to Rs. 10.364 million on account of in house consumption of baggase as fuel for production during season 1996-97. The matter was under appeal at the Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal which passed an unfavorable order dated 22-05-2004.
  - The other bench of the Tribunal had however remanded back similar case of other mills to the department to consider afresh the valuation aspect of baggase and exemption offered by the government for additional taxes and penalties on discharging only the principal sales tax liability in installments by the mills. The Company has preferred an appeal before the High Court against the order and has made no provision as in view of its legal council the Company has a case on merit which is expected to be decided favorably.
- iv) The Company is also contesting two orders passed by the Collector of sales tax raising demands of Rs. 20.407 million and Rs. 11.229 million by virtue of audits conducted by the sales tax auditors of the audit periods 2001-2002 and 2003 to 2005 respectively. Against the above orders, the Company has preferred appeals before the Sales Tax Appellate Tribunal and the demand has been stayed. No provision has been made since the legal counsels of the Company are confident that all the observations raised in the orders will be set aside on merits of the cases.

#### Commitments

Unlifted delivery orders of Rs. 50.131 million as at September 30, 2008 (2007: 53.619 million).



11.

# 10. PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

					DET	DECIATI	ON	
		COST		Rate	DEI	PRECIATI	O N	Book Val
PARTICULARS	As at October 01, 2007	Addition/ (Disposals)	As at September 30, 2008	%	As at October 01, 2007	For the year	As at September 30, 2008	as on Septemb 30, 200
				Rup	ees			
Freehold land Factory building Non-factory building Plant and machinery Electrical installation	9,252,730 128,524,948 33,381,199 1,096,595,188 8,825,781	3,264,508	9,252,730 128,524,948 33,381,199 1,099,859,696 8,825,781	5 10 5	58,852,067 20,394,774 487,207,401 5,261,726	3,483,644 1,298,644 30,591,809 356,404	62,335,711 21,693,418 517,799,210 5,618,130	9,252,7 66,189,2 11,687,7 582,060,4 3,207,6
Weighbridge Office equipment & others	878,917 6,389,273	295,992	878,917 6,685,265	10	708,907 3,223,204	17,000 341,385	725,907 3,564,589	153,0 3,120,0
Electrical appliances Furniture and fixtures Vehicles	5,206,941 2,481,202 32,457,184	24,100 8,474,814	5,206,941 2,505,302 27,444,122	10 20	2,731,250 1,829,330 14,220,599	247,568 66,607 5,719,938	2,978,818 1,895,937 13,884,824	2,228,1 609,3 13,559,2
Tents and tarpaulins	3,282,737	(13,487,876)	3,282,737	33	2,861,836	(6,055,713) 138,896	3,000,732	282,0
Tools and tackles	1,993,521		1,993,521	33	1,784,869	68,856	1,853,725	139,
Rupees - 2008	1,329,269,621	12,059,414 (13,487,876)	1,327,841,159		599,075,963	42,330,751 (6,055,713)	635,351,001	692,490,1
Rupees - 2007	1,326,537,991	4,930,540 (2,198,910)	1,329,269,621		558,195,805	42,662,959 (1,782,801)	599,075,963	730,193,6
Cost of sales Administrat					8	,161,309 5,169,442	6	5,853,82 5,809,13
10.2 DETAIL OF	DISPOSAL	OE ODED A	TINC EIVE	א א פני		2,330,751	42	2,662,95
——————————————————————————————————————	DISTOSAL		TING FIAL		Gain/	M- 4-	- (	
PARTICULARS	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	W.D.V	Sales Proceed	d (Loss) o Sale	n Mode Dispos		Buyer
AKQ-612 AFH-035 BD-2957	930,545 795,000 7,035,076	361,051 501,931 2,729,609	569,494 293,069 4,305,467	675, 350,		931 Nogotia	tion M. M	
CN-7777 AKU-596 BA-1624	3,652,415			2.000.		533 Nogotia		ood Alam ustaqeem
Rupees - 2008	891,340 183,500	1,969,382 313,752 179,988	1,683,033 577,588 3,512	5,000, 2,000, 575, 150,	,000 694, ,000 316, ,000 (2,5	967 Nogotia 588) Nogotia	tion M/s. 0	ustaqeem City Cars
	891,340	313,752	1,683,033 577,588	2,000, 575,	.000 694, .000 316, .000 (2,5 .000 146,	967 Nogotia 588) Nogotia 488	tion M/s. 0	ustaqeem City Cars
Rupees - 2007	891,340 183,500	313,752 179,988	1,683,033 577,588 3,512	2,000, 575, 150,	,000 694, ,000 316, ,000 (2,5 ,000 146,	967 Nogotia 588) Nogotia 488 837	tion M/s. 0	ustaqeem City Cars
LONG TERM LO	891,340 183,500 13,487,876 2,198,910	313,752 179,988 <b>6,055,713</b>	1,683,033 577,588 3,512 <b>7,432,163</b>	2,000, 575, 150,	.000 694, .000 316, .000 (2,5 .000 146, .000 1,317, .828 938,	967 Nogotia 588) Nogotia 488 837	tion M/s. 0 tion A.Qay	ustaqeem City Cars
LONG TERM LO	891,340 183,500 13,487,876 2,198,910	313,752 179,988 <b>6,055,713</b>	1,683,033 577,588 3,512 <b>7,432,163</b>	2,000, 575, 150,	.000 694, .000 316, .000 (2,5 .000 146, .000 1,317, .828 938,	967 Nogotia 588) Nogotia 488 837 719 0 0 8	tion M/s. 0 tion A.Qay	ustaqeem City Cars room
•	891,340 183,500 13,487,876 2,198,910 ANS I	313,752 179,988 <b>6,055,713</b> 1,782,801	1,683,033 577,588 3,512 <b>7,432,163</b>	2,000, 575, 150,	.000 694, .000 316, .000 (2,5 .000 146, .000 1,317, .828 938,	967 Nogotia 588) Nogotia 488 837 719 0 0 8	tion M/s. 0 tion A.Qay	ustaqeem City Cars room

121,603



12.	STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS		2 0 0 8 Rupees	2007 Rupees
	In hand			
	-Stores -Spares -Loose tools		3,989,497 16,602,411 379,514	3,784,420 15,360,785 277,330
	In transit		20,971,422 262,008	19,422,535 673,589
			21,233,430	20,096,124
13.	STOCK IN TRADE			
	Finished good Sugar in process Molasses		54,698,929 923,356 136,610,600	53,776,711 579,809 50,245,592
			192,232,885	104,602,112
14.	TRADE DEBTS-Unsecured considered good			
	Considered good Trade debts Considered doubtful		175,490,731	80,120,050
	Trade debts Less: Provision for doubtful debts		7,972,431 (7,972,431)	7,972,431 (7,972,431)
			175,490,731	80,120,050
<b>15.</b>	LOANS AND ADVANCES			
	Current portion of vehicle loans - Unsecured considered good	11	110,748	145,941
	Advance to cane growers Advance to suppliers and contractors		76,850,835 2,295,166	85,081,663 3,926,460
	Advance to staff		1,447,011	862,627
	Advance against expenses		676,594	728,244
	Advance against salaries		515,996	523,613
			81,785,602	91,122,607
	- Considered doubtful		81,896,350	91,268,548
	Advance to cane growers, suppliers and contractors		23,911,294	23,911,294
	Less: Provision for doubtful advances	15.1	(23,911,294)	(23,911,294)
			81,896,350	91,268,548
	15.1 This includes provisions made against advance to has policy to re-assess the recoverability/adjust			
16.	PAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Prepayments Other receivables	16.1	632,653 14,834,633	403,354 15,608,776
	- Considered doubtful		15,467,286	16,012,130
	Other receivables Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	16.2	2,038,030 (2,038,030)	2,038,030 (2,038,030)
	Less. I fovision for doubtful feceivables			
			15,467,286 	16,012,130



- 16.1 This include amounts paid to government on account of sales tax Rs 6.970 million, (2007: Rs. 6.970 million), sales tax on disposal of fixed assets Rs. 1.170 million (2007: Rs. 1.170 million) and excise duty Rs 1.570 million (2007: Rs 1.570 million) in matters. These cases are pending at High Court and Supreme Court.
- 16.2 This include other receivable of Rs 2.038 million outstanding for last several years against sales tax, excise duty, octroi receivable. As a matter of prudence, the Company has made necessary provision there against though it expects positive result from its recovery efforts.

17. CASH AND BANK BALANCES Cash in hand Cash with banks - in current account - in deposit account - 16,313,306 - 23,407,108 - 16,354,193 - 16,09,537,509 - 1,580,280,815 - 1,609,537,509 - 1,580,280,815 - 1,609,537,509 - 1,580,280,815 - 1,609,537,509 - 1,580,280,815 - 1,383,041,117 - 1,372,819,615 - 1,383,041,117 - 1,372,819,615 - 1,383,041,117 - 1,372,819,615 - 1,457,252,648 - 1,351,144,084 - 1,457,522,648 - 1,351,144,084 - 1,457,209,101 - 1,351,266,949 - 1,457,209,101 - 1,351,266,949 - 1,457,209,101 - 1,351,266,949 - 1,456,286,83 - 1,351,229,309 - 1,456,286,83 - 1,351,229,309 - 1,369,921,876 - 1,377,302,518 - 1,377,302,518				2008 Rupees	2007 Rupees
Cash with banks         21,360,969         14,477,208           - in current account         1,836,098         1,836,098           1,836,098         1,836,098         1,836,098           23,197,067         16,313,306         23,407,108         16,354,193           18. SALES - Net         Sugar Molasses         1,497,814,200         11,477,636,050         102,644,765           Less: Sales tax Special Excise Duty Brokerage and commission         (213,917,362)         (207,158,626)           Special Excise Duty Horkerage and commission         (12,176,568)         (207,158,626)           Sugarcane consumed Manufacturing expenses         19.1         1,297,444,148         1,207,752,101           Manufacturing expenses         19.1         160,108,500         143,391,983           Sugar in process - opening - closing         579,809         702,674           - opening - closing         579,809         (579,809)           Finished goods - opening - closing         53,776,711         53,739,071           Finished goods - opening - closing         53,776,711         53,739,071           Finished goods - opening - closing         53,776,711         53,739,071           Molases - opening - closing         50,245,593         76,318,802           - opening - closing         50	17.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
- in current account - in deposit account   21,360,969   14,477,208   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,098   1,836,193   1,836,193   1,836,193   1,836,193   1,836,193   1,477,636,050   102,644,765   1,609,537,509   1,580,280,815   1,609,537,509   1,580,280,815   1,609,537,509   1,580,280,815   1,297,446,193   1,297,446,193   1,372,819,615   1,383,041,117   1,372,819,615   1,383,041,117   1,372,819,615   1,457,552,648   1,351,144,084   1,207,752,101   143,391,983   1,457,552,648   1,351,144,084   1,207,752,101   1,351,266,949   1,457,209,101   1,351,266,949   1,457,209,101   1,351,266,949   1,457,209,101   1,351,266,949   1,457,209,101   1,351,266,949   1,456,286,883   1,351,229,309   1,456,286,883   1,351,229,309   1,456,286,883   1,351,229,309   1,456,286,883   1,351,229,309   1,456,286,883   1,351,229,309   1,456,286,883   1,351,229,309   1,456,286,883   1,351,229,309   1,456,286,883   1,351,229,309   1,456,286,883   1,351,229,309   1,456,286,883   1,351,229,309   1,456,286,883   1,351,229,309   1,456,286,883   1,351,229,309   1,456,286,883   1,351,229,309   1,250,245,593   1,25				210,041	40,887
18. SALES - Net  Sugar Molasses  Less : Sales tax Special Excise Duty Brokerage and commission  19. COST OF SALES  Sugar in process - opening - closing  Finished goods - opening - closing  Molases  Molases  18. SALES - Net  Sugar in process - opening - closing  Molases - opening - closing		- in current account			
18. SALES - Net  Sugar Molasses  Less: Sales tax Special Excise Duty Brokerage and commission  19. COST OF SALES  Sugar in process - opening - closing  Finished goods - opening - closing  Molases - opening - closing - Conor,2009				23,197,067	16,313,306
Sugar Molasses       1,497,814,200 111,723,309       1,477,636,050 102,644,765         Less: Sales tax Special Excise Duty Brokerage and commission       (213,917,362) (207,158,626) (207,158,626) (12,176,568) (402,462) (302,574)         19. COST OF SALES       1,383,041,117       1,372,819,615         Sugar cane consumed Manufacturing expenses       19.1       160,108,500 143,391,983       1,457,552,648 1,351,144,084         Sugar in process - opening - closing       579,809 (923,356) (579,809)       702,674 (923,356) (579,809)         Finished goods - opening - closing       53,776,711 (54,698,929) (53,776,711) (54,698,929) (53,776,711)       53,739,071 (53,776,711) (53,776,711)       53,739,071 (53,776,711) (53,776,711)         Molases - opening - closing - closing - closing       50,245,593 (136,610,600) (50,245,593) (50,245,593)       76,318,802 (50,245,593) (50,245,593)         Molases - opening - closing - cl				23,407,108	16,354,193
Molasses       111,723,309       102,644,765         1,609,537,509       1,580,280,815         Less: Sales tax Special Excise Duty Brokerage and commission       (213,917,362) (207,158,626)       (207,158,626)         1,383,041,117       1,372,819,615         19. COST OF SALES       1,297,444,148       1,207,752,101         Sugar cane consumed Manufacturing expenses       19.1       160,108,500       143,391,983         Sugar in process       1,457,552,648       1,351,144,084         Sugar in process       579,809       702,674         - opening       579,809       (579,809)         - closing       33,547       122,865         1,457,209,101       1,351,266,949         Finished goods       53,776,711       53,739,071         - opening       53,776,711       53,776,711         - closing       922,218       (37,640)         1,456,286,883       1,351,229,309         Molases       50,245,593       76,318,802         - opening       6,6365,007       26,073,209	18.	SALES - Net			
Less: Sales tax Special Excise Duty Brokerage and commission (213,917,362) (207,158,626) — (302,574) (302,574) — (					
Special Excise Duty Brokerage and commission       (12,176,568) (402,462)       — (302,574)         1,383,041,117       1,372,819,615         19. COST OF SALES         Sugarcane consumed Manufacturing expenses       19.1       1,297,444,148 160,108,500 143,391,983       1,207,752,101 160,108,500 143,391,983         Sugar in process       1,457,552,648 1,351,144,084       1,351,144,084         Sugar in process       579,809 (923,356) (579,809)       702,674 (579,809)         closing       343,547) 122,865       1,457,209,101 1,351,266,949         Finished goods       1,457,209,101 1,351,266,949       53,776,711 (54,698,929) (53,776,711) (54,698,929) (53,776,711) (54,698,929) (53,776,711)       53,739,071 (54,698,929) (53,776,711) (54,698,929) (53,776,711)         Molases       0 opening       50,245,593 (136,610,600) (50,245,593) (50,245,593) (50,245,593) (50,245,593) (26,073,209)				1,609,537,509	1,580,280,815
Brokerage and commission (402,462) (302,574)  1,383,041,117 1,372,819,615  19. COST OF SALES  Sugarcane consumed Manufacturing expenses 19.1 160,108,500 143,391,983  Sugar in process - opening 579,809 (923,356) (579,809) - closing (343,547) 122,865  1,457,209,101 1,351,266,949  Finished goods - opening 53,776,711 (54,698,929) (53,776,711) - closing (922,218) (37,640)  1,456,286,883 1,351,229,309  Molases - opening 50,245,593 (136,610,600) (50,245,593) - closing (86,365,007) 26,073,209					(207,158,626)
19. COST OF SALES Sugarcane consumed Manufacturing expenses  19.1  1,297,444,148 1,207,752,101 160,108,500 143,391,983  1,457,552,648 1,351,144,084  Sugar in process - opening - closing  Finished goods - opening - closing  Finished goods - opening - closing  Molases - opening - closing				(402,462)	(302,574)
Sugarcane consumed Manufacturing expenses       1,297,444,148 160,108,500       1,207,752,101 143,391,983         Sugar in process       1,457,552,648       1,351,144,084         Sugar in process       579,809 (923,356)       702,674 (579,809)         closing       (343,547)       122,865         Finished goods       1,457,209,101       1,351,266,949         Finished goods       53,776,711 (54,698,929)       (53,776,711) (53,776,711)         closing       (922,218)       (37,640)         1,456,286,883       1,351,229,309         Molases       50,245,593 (136,610,600)       76,318,802 (50,245,593)         closing       68,365,007)       26,073,209				1,383,041,117	1,372,819,615
Manufacturing expenses       19.1       160,108,500       143,391,983         1,457,552,648       1,351,144,084         Sugar in process         - opening       579,809       702,674         - closing       (343,547)       122,865         1,457,209,101       1,351,266,949         Finished goods         - opening       53,776,711       53,739,071         - closing       (54,698,929)       (53,776,711)         (53,776,711)       (53,776,711)         (54,698,929)       (37,640)         1,456,286,883       1,351,229,309         Molases         - opening       50,245,593       76,318,802         - closing       (50,245,593)       (50,245,593)         (86,365,007)       26,073,209	19.	COST OF SALES			
Sugar in process       579,809       702,674         - opening       (923,356)       (579,809)         - closing       (343,547)       122,865         1,457,209,101       1,351,266,949         Finished goods       53,776,711       53,739,071         - opening       (54,698,929)       (53,776,711)         - closing       (922,218)       (37,640)         1,456,286,883       1,351,229,309         Molases       50,245,593       (50,245,593)         - closing       (50,245,593)       (50,245,593)         (86,365,007)       26,073,209			19.1		
- opening				1,457,552,648	1,351,144,084
Finished goods - opening - closing  Molases - opening - closing		- opening		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Finished goods - opening - closing  (922,218) (37,640)  1,456,286,883  1,351,229,309  Molases - opening - closing  (86,365,007)  (86,365,007)				(343,547)	122,865
- opening		Finished goods		1,457,209,101	1,351,266,949
Molases       50,245,593       76,318,802         - closing       (136,610,600)       (50,245,593)         (86,365,007)       26,073,209		- opening			
Molases       50,245,593       76,318,802         - closing       (136,610,600)       (50,245,593)         (86,365,007)       26,073,209				(922,218)	(37,640)
- opening - closing  50,245,593 (136,610,600)  (86,365,007)  76,318,802 (50,245,593)  (86,365,007)  26,073,209				1,456,286,883	1,351,229,309
		- opening			
<b>1,369,921,876</b>				(86,365,007)	26,073,209
				1,369,921,876	1,377,302,518



				2 0 0 8 Rupees	2007 Rupees
	19.1	Manufacturing expenses			
		Stores and spares		32,546,913	24,854,558
		Fuel and power		9,888,618	7,983,573
		Salaries, wages including bonus and staff amenities	19.1.1	40,184,131	41,193,395
		Repairs and maintenance		33,029,122	24,007,435
		Vehicle maintenance		2,219,183	1,974,701
		Insurance		4,745,729	4,254,762
		Depreciation	10.1	34,161,309	35,853,826
		Others		3,333,495	3,269,733
				160,108,500	143,391,983
	19.1.	1It includes Rs. 1,731,227 (2007:Rs.1,668,058)	in respect o	of contribution to emp	oloyee benefits.
20.	DIS	TRIBUTION COST			
	Adv	ertisement		115,175	103,075
		ling and stacking		2,430,566	1,308,375
	Othe			765	5,660
				2,546,506	1,417,110
21.	ADN	MINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Salaı	ries, including bonus and staff amenities	21.1	25,036,464	23,254,138
	Rece	eiver remuneration		1,800,000	1,800,000
	Rent	r, rates and taxes		532,592	547,850
		rance		1,167,726	1,049,162
		er, gas and electricity		2,479,664	2,881,517
		ting and stationery		805,931	643,317
		age, telephone, telegrams and telex		1,770,666	1,554,367
		cle maintenance		3,910,867	2,640,543
		airs and maintenance		1,029,139	1,528,692
		reling and conveyance		697,890	575,282
		spaper, books and periodicals		37,265	45,464
		and subscription		1,006,617	324,042
		al and professional		3,217,912	3,977,818
		rtainment ertisement		1,331,443	1,535,642 40,763
		ision for doubtful advances & other receivables		48,554	5,306,476
		reciation	10.1	8,169,442	6,809,133
	Othe		10.1	209,072	144,205
				53,251,244	54,658,411
	21.1	'It includes Rs.933,914 (2007:Rs.880,479) in r	espect of co	ontribution to employ	ee benefits.
22.	FINA	ANCIAL COST			
	Marl	k-up on long term finances		10,824,310	11,503,936
		k-up on WPPF		_	462,548
	Bank	c charges		221,740	940,669
				11,046,050	12,907,153



	2008 Rupees	2007 Rupees
23.1 23.2	550,000 72,135	404,635 170,975
	622,135	575,610
	300,000 50,000 30,000 20,000 120,000 30,000	200,000 50,000 60,000 20,000 26,100 48,535
the dense	550,000 =	404,635
the donee	s fulia.	
	2,050 444,542 1,317,837	71,198 640,509 938,719 1,650,426
	23.2	Rupees  23.1 550,000 23.2 72,135  622,135  300,000 50,000 30,000 20,000 120,000 120,000 30,000 550,000  the donees fund.

# 25. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, RECEIVER AND EXECUTIVE

		2 0 0 8		2 0 0 7		
Particulars	Receiver	Executive	Total	Receiver	Executive	Total
Meeting fee						
Remuneration	1,800,000	1,450,900	3,250,900	1,800,000	1,338,400	3,138,400
Company's contribution to provident fund	_	72,056	72,056	_	69,996	69,996
Perquisites, benefits and utilities	_	333,500	333,500	_	237,600	237,600
Others					_	
TOTAL	1,800,000	1,856,456	3,656,456	1,800,000	1,645,996	3,445,996
NO. OF PERSONS	1	1	2	1	1	2

# 26. TAXATION

#### Current

Income tax assessments of the Company deemed to be finalized upto the accounting year 2007 corresponding to tax year 2008. The Company's tax losses amounted to Rs.695.949 million upto tax year 2008. In view of the amendments brought about by the Finance Act, 2008 no provision for tax under section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 has been made in these financial statements.

#### Deferred

There is no deferred tax liability of the Company as at September 30, 2008 (2007: Nil) as Company's unused tax losses are higher than deferred credit against accelerated tax depreciation adjusted by deferred debits in respect of other assets and liabilities. The remaining loss is not recognized as their utilization against future taxable profit is not presently ascertainable.



26.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit	2008 Rupees	2 0 0 7 Rupees
	(Loss)/ profit for the current year	(52,582,265)	(72,390,761)
	Permanent differences Temporary differences	(1,558,156) 5,603,416	111,468 1,166,161
	Taxable income/(loss)	(485,537,005)	(71,113,132)
	Less: Carry forward loss	(695,949,401)	(637,091,910)
	-	(744,486,406)	(708,205,042)
	Minimum tax liability u/s. 113 as per Income Tax Ordinance, 2001	_	(6,868,814)

### 27. CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

ſ		CAPAC	CITY	PRODUC	PRODUCTION		
	Years	Metric Tons	Days	Metric Tons	Days	Capacity Attained	
ſ	2008	86,400	160	66,600	148	77.08%	
ı	2007	86,400	160	55,963	163	64.77%	

The main reason for under utilization of production capacity is the scarcity of sugar cane in Sindh.

# 28. (LOSS) / EARNING PER SHARE -Basic

(Loss)/ Profit for the year	(52,532,400)	(79,259,575)
Number of ordinary shares	24,407,198	24,407,198
(Loss) / Earning per share	(2.15)	(3.25)

# 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

Interest / mark-up rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest / mark-up rates will affect the value of financial instruments. In respect of income earning financial assets and interest/mark-up bearing financial liabilities, the following table indicate their effective interest/mark-up rates at the balance sheet date and the periods in which they will re-price or mature:

			2 0 0 8 (Amou	ınt in Rupees)	
	Intrest	bearing	Non-interest		
	One month to one year	One year to onwards	bearing	Total	
Financial Assets	,				
Long term loans			232,351	232,351	
Long term deposits		_	486,176	486,176	
Trade debts			175,490,731	175,490,731	
Loans and advances			81,785,602	81,785,602	
Other receivables			15,467,286	15,467,286	
Cash and bank balances	1,836,098		21,571,010	23,407,108	
	1,836,098	<del>_</del>	295,033,156	296,869,254	
Financial Liabilities					
Long term finances	218,399,715	61,260,525	381,935,140	661,595,380	
Trade and other payables		· · ·	545,076,192	545,026,327	
Accrued markup			40,572,993	40,572,993	
•	218,399,715	61,260,525	967,584,325	1,247,244,565	



			2 0 0 7 (Amou	nt in Rupees)	
	Intrest	bearing	Non-interest	Total	
	One month to one year	One year to onwards	bearing		
Financial Assets					
Long term loans			420,301	420,301	
Long term deposits			940,426	940,426	
Trade debts	_	_	80,120,050	80,120,050	
Loans and advances		_	91,122,607	91,122,607	
Other receivables		_	16,012,130	16,012,130	
Cash and bank balances	1,836,098		14,518,095	16,354,193	
	1,836,098	_	203,133,609	204,969,707	
Financial Liabilities					
Long term finances	206,808,039	77,837,201	386,336,735	670,981,975	
Trade and other payables	<del>_</del>	<del>_</del>	339,621,314	339,621,314	
Accrued markup			30,362,089	30,362,089	
Interim dividend payable	_	_	_		
	206,808,039	77,837,201	756,320,138	1,040,965,378	

Effective rates of markup for financial liabilities are mentioned in note #4.

#### 29.1 Financial Risk Management Objectives

The company finances its operations through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to maintaining a reasonable mix between the various sources of finance to minimize risk. Taken as a whole, risk arising from the company's financial instruments is limited as there is no significant exposure to market risk in respect of such instruments.

# 29.2 Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if the counter party fails completely to perform as contracted without taking into account the fair value of any collateral. To manage exposure of credit risk, the Company applies credit limits to its customers and ensures that sale of products are made to customers with appropriate credit history.

Concentration of credit risk arise when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economics, political or other conditions. Concentrations or credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

The financial assets of the company are not exposed to any credit risk in respect of trade debts and loan and advances. The Company seeks to minimize the credit risk exposure through having exposure only to customers considered credit worthy, obtaining securities where applicable and make provision against those balance considered doubtful of recovery.

# 29.3 Interest Rate Risk Management

Interest rate risk arising from the possibility that changes in interest rates will effect the value of financial instruments. The company is not exposed to any significant interest rate risk. The rate of financing and their maturity period has been disclosed in the relevant notes.

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rate will effect the value of financial instrument. Since the company borrows funds usually at fix rates of interest, the risk arising is minimal.



# 29.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk reflects an enterprise's inability in raising funds to meet commitments. The company follows an effective cash management and planning policy to ensure availability of funds and to take appropriate measures for new requirements.

## 29.5 Capital Risk Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern is order to provide returns for members and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base.

#### .29.6 Fair value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The carrying value of financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximates their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date.

### 30. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

#### 30.1 Staff Retirement Benefits

Certain actuarial assumptions have been adopted as disclosed in Note 6.2 to the financial statement for valuation of present value of defined obligations and fare value of plan assets any changes in these assumptions in future years might effect gains and losses in those years.

#### 30.2 Property, Plant and Equipment

The company's management determines the estimated useful life and related depreciation charge for its plant and equipment. The company reviews the value of the assets for possible impairment on an annual base. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the caring amount of the respective items of the property, plant and equipments with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charged and impairment.

#### 30.3 Income Taxes

In making the estimates for income taxes currently payable by the company, the management considers the current income tax law and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.

#### 31. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise directors, key management personnel and post employment benefit plans. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with related parties. Amounts due from and to related parties are shown under receivables and payables, amounts due from directors and key management personnel are shown under receivables and remuneration of directors and key management personnel is disclosed in note 33. During the year there is no significant transactions with related parties except contribution paid to the post employment benefits as disclosed in respective note.

## 32. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

'These financial statements were authorized for issue on December 15, 2009 by the Board.

#### 33. GENERAL

- Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.
- Figures have been rearrange and reclassified where necessary.

#### NASREEN GHANI ANSARI

**IMRAN RASHEED ANSARI** 

Chief Executive

Director



# SIX YEARS REVIEW AT A GLANCE

FINANCIAL RESULTS		2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
					ees		
Sales		1,338,041	1,372,918	1,368,625	832,402	894,972	980,623
Gross profit/(loss)		13,119	(4,482)	202,201	18,672	(4,245)	38,247
Operating (loss)/profit		(42,678)	(60,558)	155,691	(23,774)	(40,012)	712
(Loss)/profit before taxation	on	(52,582)	(72,391)	135,064	(35,758)	(92,890)	(61,327)
(Loss)/profit after taxation	l	(52,582)	(79,260)	128,221	(39,922)	(97,365)	(66,230)
Accumulated (loss)/profit f	or the year	(326,603)	(274,020)	(194,761)	(310,778)	(270,856)	(257,050)
OPERATING RESULTS		2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
				Rup	ees		
Season Started		16-11-2007	10-11-2006	02-12-2005	01-11-2004	30-11-2003	10-12-2002
Season Closed		11-04-2008	20-04-2007	25-03-2006	03-03-2005	23-03-2004	06-04-2003
Days Worked		148	163	114	123	115	117
Sugarcane crushed	(tonnes)	788,409	604,957	485,294	378,689	587,108	633,048
Sugar Recovery	(%)	8.45	9.25	10.20	9.98	10	10
Sugar produced	(tonnes)	66,600	55,963	49,520	37,782	59,520	64,065
Molasses recovery	(%)	5.416	5.06	5.033	5.027	5.159	5.568
Molasses produced	(tonnes)	42,692	30,628	24,430	19,032	30,288	35,252
ASSETS EMPLOYED		2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
				Rup	ees		
Fixed capital expenditure		692,490	730,194	768,342	797,911	830,415	865,777
Long term loans and deposit	s	607	1,215	1,303	566	591	559
Current Assets		514,687	329,637	347,325	221,356	311,538	243,095
Total Assets employed		1,207,784	1,061,046	1,116,970	1,019,833	1,142,544	1,109,431
FINANCE BY		2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
TINANCE B1		2006	2007	Rup		2004	2003
Shareholders' equity		(55,531)	(2,949)	76,311	(39,706)	216	14,022
Long term liabilities		366,470	406,307	448,484	487,343	521,855	624,311
Deferred Liabilities		5,590	4,385	10,950	10,073	9,087	7,627
Current Liabilities							
		891,256	653,303	581,225	562,123	611,386	463,471
Total funds invested		1,207,785	1,061,046	1,116,970	1,019,833	1,142,544	1,109,431
Break-up value per share	( Rupees)	(0.002)		0.003	(0.002)		0.001
(Loss)/Earnings per share	( Rupees)	(2.15)	(3.25)	5.25	(1.64)	(3.99)	(2.71)



## FORM OF PROXY

The Receiver ANSARI SUGAR MILLS LIMITED 41-K, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Karachi - 75000

./We,	
of	
being a member of ANSARI SUGAR MILLS LIMITED and holder of	
ordinary shares, as per Register Folio No	
who is also a Member of the Company of as my / our Proxy to vote for me / us and on my / our beh	alf at
he 19th Annual general Meeting of the Company to be held on and a	ıt any
adjournment thereof.	
Gigned day of	2010

# RUPEES FIVE REVENUE STAMP

(Signature should agree with the specimen signature registered with the Company)

## Note:

- 1. This form of proxy duly completed and signed, must be deposited at Company's Registered Office not later than 48 hours before the meeting.
- 2. This form should be signed by the Member or by his/her attorney duly authorized in writing. If the member is a corporation, its common seal should be affixed to instrument.
- 3. A Member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint any other Member as his/her proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf except that a corporation may appoint a person who is not a member.



### **COMPANY PROFILE**

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS** 

Mrs. Nasreen Ghani Ansari - Chief Executive

Mr. Ahmed Khan Ansari Mr. Abdul Hafeez Ansari Mr. Imran Rasheed Ansari Syed Anwar Raza Naqvi

Mr. S.M. Ahsan Raza (Nominee of N.I.T.)
Mr. M. Manzurul Haq (Nominee of N.B.P.

formerly N.D.F.C.)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Imran Rasheed Ansari - Chairman Mr. Abdul Hafeez Ansari - Member Syed Anwar Raza Naqvi - Member

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

& COMPANY SECRETARY Mr. Ahsan Mukhtar - ACMA

BANKERS Habib Bank Limited

MCB Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan Allied Bank Limited

AUDITORS M/s. Khalid Majid Rahman Sarfaraz

Rahim Iqbal Rafiq Chartered Accountants

LEGAL ADVISOR Dr. Raees Mushtaq

**REGISTRAR** Noble Computer Services (Pvt) Limited

Mezzanine Floor, House of Habib Building (Siddiqson Towers)

3-Jinnah Coopeartive Housing Society,

Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi

**REGISTERED OFFICE** 41-K, Block- 6, P.E.C.H.S., Karachi.

Fax: 021-34546456

http://www.ansarisugar.com

FACTORY Deh Jagsiyani,

Taluka Tando Mohammad Khan District Hyderabad, Sindh



### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

On behalf of the Board of Directors, it is my privilege to present the unaudited interim condensed financial statements of the Company for the half year ended March 31, 2008 together with the Auditors Review Report thereon.

### RESTORATION OF MANAGEMENT

As you are aware that the Board of Directors remained suspended by the Ehtesab Bench of Lahore High Court. However, the Court vide its short order dated March 05, 2008 set aside the order of appointment of the Receiver and directed the Receiver to vacate the office. The Receiver handed over the charge of the Mill to the Management on November 01, 2008 when the crushing season was about to commence. The charge was assumed on emergent basis in order to save the Mill from complete shutdown.

In the absence of the clear directions of the Court, which the Receiver as well as the Management had sought regarding the restoration of the Board of Directors, the accounts could not be published timely.

### FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Company's overall performance for the period is as under:

	(Rs. in 000)
Sales	770,302
Cost of sales	778,208
Operating loss	(34,318)
Pre tax loss	(39,989)

### OPERATING RESULTS

Season started		16-11-2007
Duration of season	Days	137
Sugarcane crushed	M.Tons	770,689
Sugar produced	M.Tons	64,568
Sugar recovery	%	8.459
Molasses produced	M.Tons	41,285
Molasses recovery	%	5.390

The Company could not maintain its profitability due to the increase in the official price fixed by the Sindh Government for the season at Rs. 67 per 40 kg which which was however subsequently revised to Rs. 63 per 40 kg as compared to sugarcane price fixed at Rs. 60 per 40 kg in the corresponding period last year.

These accounts are prepared on going concern assumption in view of the reasons detailed in note 1.4 to these financial statements.

We shall continue to work with enhanced zeal and determination for maximising Company's profits and to stabilise it for future operations.

# for ANSARI SUGAR MILLS LIMITED

Nasreen Ghani Ansari Chief Executive

Karachi: December 15, 2009



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENT TO THE MEMBERS

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed balance sheet balance sheet of **Ansari Sugar Mills Limited** ("the Company") as at **March 31, 2008** and the related condensed profit and loss account, condensed cash flow statement and condensed statement of changes in equity for the six months period then ended March 31, 2008. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review. The figures of the Condensed profit and loss account for the quarters ended **March 31, 2008 and 2007** have not been reviewed, as we are required to review only the cumulative figures for the six months period ended **March 31, 2008**.

#### Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, 'Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity'. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope then an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Base on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial information as of March 31, 2008 is not prepared, in all material respect, in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to the accompanying financial statements which indicates that during the period. The company incurred a net loss of Rs. 39.98 million (2007: profit Rs. 1.669 million). That as of the balance sheet date, its accumulated loss increased to Rs. 314 million (2007: 274.02 million), negative equity increased to Rs. 42.9 million (2007: 2.948 million) and its current liabilities exceeds its current assets by Rs. 367.3 million (2007: 323.66 million). These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cas significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as going concern. The going concern assumption used in the preparation of these financial statements is based on the consequential effect of bank liabilities settled subsequent to the balance sheet date and other details disclosed in note 1.4.

Khalid Majid Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq Chartered Accountants

Karachi:

Dated: December 15, 2009



# CONDENSED INTERIM BALANCE SHEET

	Note	March 31, 2008 Rupees	September 30, 2007 Rupees
SHARE CAPITAL & RESERVES			
Authorised: 30,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each		300,000,000	300,000,000
Issued, subscribed & paid-up capital General reserves Accumulated loss		244,071,980 27,000,000 (314,009,839)	244,071,980 27,000,000 (274,020,755)
		(42,937,859)	(2,948,775)
LONG TERM FINANCES - Secured Markup bearing Markup free	2a 2b	68,918,090 316,383,047 385,301,137	77,837,201 328,469,956 406,307,157
PROVISION FOR GRATUITY		5,004,973	4,385,021
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Current portion of long term finances  Trade and other payables  Accrued mark up		281,075,317 1,053,771,160 35,467,541	264,674,818 358,265,701 30,362,089
CONTINGENCIES & COMMITMENTS	3	1,370,314,018	653,302,608
		1,717,682,269	1,061,046,011

NASREEN GHANI ANSARI Chief Executive



# **AS AT MARCH 31, 2008**

	Note	March 31, 2008 Rupees	September 30, 2007 Rupees
PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT	4	713,630,712	730,193,658
LONG TERM LOANS		192,477	274,360
LONG TERM DEPOSITS		940,426	940,426

# CURRENT ASSETS

Stores, spares and loose tools	19,430,507	20,096,124
Stock in trade	685,038,378	104,602,112
Trade debts - unsecured - considered good	132,303,247	80,120,050
Loans and advances-unsecured	102,395,643	91,268,548
Prepayments and other receivables	17,218,689	16,012,130
Income Tax Receivable	4,663,049	1,184,410
Cash and bank balances	41,869,141	16,354,193
'	1,002,918,654	329,637,567

**1,717,682,269** 1,061,046,011

# IMRAN RASHEED ANSARI

Director



# CONDENSED INTERIM PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	2007-2008		2006-	-2007
	Quarter Half year		Quarter	Half year
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended
	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,
	2008	2008	2007	2007
		Rup	ees	
SALES-Net	431,242,572	770,302,003	614,987,885	808,359,226
Cost of sales 5	(402,675,984)	(778,208,138)	(559,368,756)	(769,567,903)
GROSS PROFIT/(LOSS)	28,566,588	(7,906,135)	55,619,129	38,791,323
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Administrative expenses	12,822,587	24,524,973	13,121,207	25,397,880
Distribution cost	1,648,660	1,886,706	897,940	966,503
	14,471,247	26,411,679	14,019,147	26,364,383
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)	14,095,341	(34,317,814)	41,599,982	12,426,940
Financial cost	2,818,124	5,638,026	3,668,098	6,793,674
Other income	(310)	(110,716)	(4,357)	(529,263)
Other charges	84,600	143,960	66,500	150,960
Workers' profit participation fund	_		300,578	300,578
	2,902,414	5,671,270	4,030,819	6,715,949
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION	11,192,927	(39,989,084)	37,569,163	5,710,991
PROVISION FOR TAXATION Current	_	_	3,074,939	4,041,796
PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAXATION	11,192,927	(39,989,084)	34,494,224	1,669,195
Earning per share/(Loss) - basic	0.46	(1.64)	1.41	0.07

NASREEN GHANI ANSARI

Chief Executive

IMRAN RASHEED ANSARI
Director



# CONDENSED INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

### HALF YEAR ENDED

	HALF TEAK ENDED		
	March 31,	March 31,	
	2008	2007	
	Rupees	Rupees	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	(39,989,084)	5,710,991	
Adjustments for: Depreciation Financial cost	20,108,755 5,638,026	21,227,549 6,793,674	
Provision for Workers' profit participation fund	· · · · · ·	300,578	
Provision for gratuity	700,122	700,122	
	26,446,903	29,021,923	
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES	(13,542,181)	34,732,914	
CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL			
(INCREASE) IN CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, spares and loose tools	665,617	(206,717)	
Trade debts	(52,183,197)	(48,648,954)	
Stock in trade	(580,436,266)	(408,210,395)	
Loans and advances	(11,145,964)	(67,950,586)	
Prepayments and other receivables	(1,206,559)	1,846,952	
repayments and other receivables	(1,200,000)	1,010,502	
	(644,306,369)	(523,169,700)	
INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	695,505,866	411,962,907	
CASH GENERATED FROM/(USED IN) OPERATION	37,657,316	(76,473,879)	
Taxes paid	(3,478,639)	(2,072,297)	
Financial cost paid	(532,574)	(1,705,655)	
Payment of gratuity	(80,171)	(142,078)	
	(4,091,384)	(3,920,030)	
NET CASH GENERATED FROM/(USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	33,565,932	(80,393,909)	



# HALF YEAR ENDED

	March 31, 2008 Rupees	March 31, 2007 Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Property, Plant and Equipment	(3,545,809)	(1,515,250)
Long term deposits Long term loans	100,752	(131,377) (20,705)
NET CASH (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(3,445,057)	(1,667,332)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of long term finances Interim dividend paid	(4,605,520) (407)	(11,371,653) (5,251,433)
NET CASH (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(4,605,927)	(16,623,086)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	25,514,948	(98,684,327)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	16,354,193	123,603,459
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	41,869,141	24,919,132

The annexed notes form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

NASREEN GHANI ANSARI

Chief Executive

IMRAN RASHEED ANSARI

Director



# CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

	Share Capital	General Reserve	Reserve Accumulated Profit/(Loss)	Total Reserve	Net Equity
Balance as at September 30, 2006	244,071,980	27,000,000	(194,761,180)	(167,761,180)	76,310,800
Profit after taxation for the period ended March 31, 2007			1,669,195	1,669,195	1,669,195
Balance as at March 31, 2007	244,071,980	27,000,000	(193,091,985)	(166,091,985)	77,979,995
Balance as at September 30, 2007	244,071,980	27,000,000	(274,020,755)	(247,020,755)	(2,948,775)
Loss after taxation for the period ended March 31, 2008			(39,989,084)	(39,989,084)	(39,989,084)
Balance as at March 31, 2008	244,071,980	27,000,000	(314,009,839)	(287,009,839)	(42,937,859)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

NASREEN GHANI ANSARI Chief Executive IMRAN RASHEED ANSARI
Director



# CONDENSED INTERIM NOTE TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

### 1. SELECTED EXPLANATORY NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

- 1.1 The Company was incorporated in Pakistan as Public Limited Company on July 09, 1989 and its shares are quoted on Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges. The principal business of the Company is the manufacture and sale of sugar. The registered office is situated in P.E.C.H.S, Karachi and mill is located at Deh Jagsiyani, Taluka Tando Mohammad Khan, District Hyderabad.
- 1.2 These condensed unaudited interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting, as applicable in Pakistan, subjected to limited scope review by statutory auditors as required under regulation XXI of the Code of Corporate Governance and are being circulated to the shareholders as required under Section 245 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984.
- 1.3 The accounting convention, policies and methods of computation followed in the preparation of condensed interim financial statements are the same as those of the published annual financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2007.
- 1.4 The Accountability court No. IV Rawalpindi/Islamabad vide order dated March 05, 2008 set aside the orders of appointment of receiver. The receiver relinquished the charge of the affairs of the company on November 01, 2008 and the surviving members of the suspended Board simultaneously took over the charge of the Company.

In view of the resumption of the Board on November 01, 2008 the accounts for half year ended March 31, 2008 and third quarter ended June 30, 2008 are also being issued simultaneously.

During the period the company incurred a net loss of Rs, 39.98 million (2007: profit Rs.1.669 million) and its accumulated loss increased to Rs. 314 million (2007: 274.02 million). The company's negative equity increased to Rs. 42.9 million (2007: 2.948 million) and its current liabilities exceeds its current assets by Rs. 367.3 million (2007: 323.66 million).

Subsequent to the Balance sheet date the company has entered in to an agreement with National Bank of Pakistan in respect of outstanding liability of long term loan amounting to Rs. 655.646 million (refer to note 2a & 2b) to be settled at Rs. 213.551 million payable after 10 years i.e January 01, 2019 against security of DSCs. The company deposited the DSCs with the bank.

The above settlement will result in converting negative equity to positive and positive current ratio of the Company in subsequent period and material mitigation of the uncertainty faced by the company.

In view of the above, these financial statements are prepared on going concern basis.



#### 2A. LONG TERM LOANS - INTEREST BEARING

PARTICULARS	PICIC	NBP	NBP II	NBP (formerly) N.D.F.C.	MARCH	SEPTEMBER
TIMITE ET ME	GTF Rupees	GTF Rupees	GTF Rupees	Loan LCY Rupees	2008 Rupees	2007 Rupees
Opening balance Repaid during the year	6,246,546 (2,492,500)	34,305,138	116,457,257 —	127,636,299	284,645,240 (2,492,500)	289,630,240 (4,985,000)
	3,745,046	34,305,138	116,457,257	127,636,299	282,152,740	284,645,240
over due installment Current portion	(3,754,046)	(34,305,138)	(116,457,257)	(43,403,079) (15,315,130)	(194,165,474) (19,069,176)	(186,507,909) (20,300,130)
				68,918,090	68,918,090	77,837,201

 $Security \ and \ term \ of \ loan \ are \ same \ as \ disclosed \ in \ annual \ financial \ statements \ for \ the \ year \ ended \ September \ 30, \ 2007.$ 

### 2B. LONG TERM LOANS - INTEREST FREE

PARTICULARS	NBP (formerly) N.D.F.C.	PICIC	NBP	Unsecured Loan From Sponsors	MARCH	SEPTEMBER
	Rupees	GTF Rupees	GTF Rupees	Rupees	2008 Rupees	2007 Rupees
Opening balance	206,045,916	6,889,241	171,201,578	2,200,000	386,336,735	391,033,736
Repaid during the year		(2,113,020)			(2,113,020)	(4,697,001)
	206,045,916	4,776,221	171,201,578	2,200,000	384,223,715	386,336,735
over due installment Current portion	(44,440,242) (18,624,204)	 (4,776,221)			(44,440,242) (23,400,425)	
	142,981,470		171,201,578	2,200,000	316,383,048	328,469,956

 $Security \ and \ term \ of \ loan \ are \ same \ as \ disclosed \ in \ annual \ financial \ statements \ for \ the \ year \ ended \ September \ 30,2007.$ 

### 3. CONTINGENCIES AND COMIMITMENTS

- **3.1** There is no change in the status of contingencies as disclosed in the published annual financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2007.
- **3.2** Commitment in respect of unlifted delivery orders amounted to Rs.197,174,350 (2007: 190,037,250) as at March 31,2008.

# 4. PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	March 31, 2008		September 30, 2007		
	Additions	Disposals	Additions	Disposals	
		Rupees —			
Factory building			239,425		
Non-factory building			6,500		
Plant and machinery	3,264,508				
Office equipment & others	242,701		746,850		
Electrical appliances			228,300		
Furniture and fixtures	8,600		4,350		
Vehicles	30,000		3,685,115	2,198,910	
Tents and Tarpaulins			20,000		
Tools and Tackles					
	3,545,809		4,930,540	2,198,910	



	2007-2008		2006-2007			
	Quarter	Half year	Quarter	Half year		
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended		
	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,		
	2008	2008	2007	2007		
5. COST OF SALES	Rupees					
Sugarcane consumed	866,424,733	1,262,013,101	979,858,611	1,091,625,909		
Manufacturing expenses 5.1	55,365,432	96,631,302	51,444,464	86,152,389		
	921,790,165	1,358,644,403	1,031,303,075	1,177,778,298		
Sugar in process	20.462.465	550,000	44.44.665	702 (74		
<ul><li>- opening</li><li>- closing</li></ul>	29,462,165 (12,621,198)	579,809 (12,621,198)	14,444,665 (12,507,381)	702,674 (12,507,381)		
- Closing						
	16,840,967	(12,041,389)	1,937,284	(11,804,707)		
Sugar <sub>.</sub>	05 720 104	F0 777 711	20.451.410	F2 F20 0F1		
<ul><li>- opening</li><li>- closing</li></ul>	95,738,104 (540,754,896)	53,776,711 (540,754,896)	39,451,410 (458,883,561)	53,739,071 (458,883,561)		
- Closing		· · · /	· · · /	· · · /		
	(445,016,792)	(486,978,185)	(419,432,151)	(405,144,490)		
Molasses	40.722.020	50.245.502	12 110 510	74.240.002		
<ul><li>- opening</li><li>- closing</li></ul>	40,723,928 (131,662,284)	50,245,593 (131,662,284)	13,140,548 (67,580,000)	76,318,802 (67,580,000)		
- Closing	(131,002,204)	(131,002,204)	(67,380,000)	(67,380,000)		
	(90,938,356)	(81,416,691)	(54,439,452)	8,738,802		
	402,675,984	778,208,138	559,368,756	769,567,903		
5.1 Manufacturing expenses						
Production stores	9,465,095	13,096,692	8,043,412	9,394,539		
Packing material	11,684,100	17,199,499	11,196,382	12,304,494		
Salaries, wages including						
bonus and staff amenities	13,247,189	22,366,549	12,449,703	24,565,758		
Repair and maintenance Vehicle maintenance	4,288,698 557,760	13,757,708 1,013,228	4,411,759 544,819	10,765,979 984,947		
Fuel and power	3,153,369	6,423,765	2,825,556	5,632,519		
Insurance	1,091,478	2,182,956	1,068,551	2,126,813		
Freight and handling	252,748	476,888	152,050	244,867		
Depreciation	8,550,529	17,060,251	8,962,333	17,924,665		
Bagasse and mud	-,,	,,	-,,	,,,,,,,,,		
handling charges	3,074,466	3,053,766	1,789,899	2,207,808		
	55,365,432	96,631,302	51,444,464	86,152,389		

## 6. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

The financial statements were approved by the Board and authorized for issue on December 15, 2009

## 7. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

# NASREEN GHANI ANSARI

IMRAN RASHEED ANSARI

Chief Executive

Director