PREMIER INSURANCE



60th annual report 2011

Premier Insurance Limited



Contents

Company Information	2
Vision / Mission Statement	3
Notice of Annual General Meeting	5
Key Operating and Financial Data	8
Performance at a Glance	6
Report of the Directors to the Members	11
Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance	14
Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of Code of Corporate Governance	16
Auditors' Report to the Members	17
Balance Sheet	18
Profit and Loss Account	20
Statement of Comprehensive Income	21
Statement of Cash Flows	22
Statement of Changes in Equity	24
Statement of Premium	25
Statement of Claims	26
Statement of Expenses	27
Statement of Investment Income	28
Notes to the Financial Statements	29
Pattern of Shareholding	61
Locations	63
Proxy Form	



Company Information

Board of Directors Attaullah

Khalid Bashir

Zahid Bashir (Chairman)

Imran Maqbool Nadeem Maqbool

Shams Rafi

Fakhir Rahman (Chief Executive)

Company Secretary Afroz Quraishi

Audit Committee Khalid Bashir (Chairman)

Imran Maqbool Nadeem Maqbool

Auditors Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder

Chartered Accountants

Legal Advisors Arfin & Company

Advocates

Registered & Head Office 5th Floor, State Life Building No. 2A

Wallace Road, Karachi-74000, Pakistan

Phones: (021) 32416331-4
Fax: (021) 32416572
Email: info@pil.com.pk
Website: www.pil.com.pk

Registrar FAMCO Associates (Pvt) Limited

1st Floor, State Life Building No.1-A

I.I.Chundrigar Road, Karachi-74000, Pakistan

Vision Statement

Our vision is to provide the highest level of service in general insurance and strive to become a market leader with a prestigious profile.

Mission Statement

Our Business

We are a company underwriting general insurance business including underwriting fire, property, marine, motor and other risks of our clients.

We are committed to become the leading organization in the insurance sector building an excellent reputation among our clients with the objective of maximizing returns for all the stakeholders.

Our Strengths

Financial viability and security we provide our clients and reinsurers in order to safeguard their interests.

Our Strategy

To enhance our corporate image by providing high quality products and services to our policy holders.

To provide an excellent working environment to our employees affording them every opportunity to growth and career developments.

Our Values

We take pride in adhering to ethical business practices and in being a good corporate citizen.

We respect our people and endeavor to provide them opportunities to realize their full potential.

We recognize our responsibility to our stakeholders and to society.

Because we care.....

Our commitment to serve extends beyond our stakeholders to the society where our collective present and future is at stake. Being a socially responsible corporate citizen is one of our core values and our assistance to various causes that alleviate human misery and uplift the quality of life, healthcare and education for our less privileged compatriots is routed through the following:

The Citizens Foundation (TCF)

Towards provision of quality education to more than 102,000 children in 730 plus schools in the economically deprived neighborhoods across Pakistan and AJK.

Layton Rahmatulla Benevolent Trust (LRBT)

For free, state of the art eye care accounting for about one in three of all eye OPD and surgeries across the country through 17 hospitals and 41 community eye care centres.

Sindh Institute of Urology and Transplantation (SIUT) and The Kidney Centre

Towards free, modern urology, nephrology, transplantation and liver diseases treatment and care.

Marie Adelaide Leprosy Centre (MALC)

For rehabilitation and care of leprosy, tuberculosis and blindness sufferers.

Patient's Aid Foundation (PAF) - JPMC and The Aga Khan Hospital & Medical College Foundation

Towards assisting treatment of millions of less privileged patients at general hospitals.

Shaukat Khanum Memorial Cancer Hospital; Indus Hospital; Dowites '78' Operation Theatre Centre

To help specialized and general hospitals in our major cities provide high quality medical care to those who cannot pay or need subsidies.

We are grateful to our business associates for making these humble contributions possible and allowing us to be a company with a heart.

Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the 60th Annual General Meeting of the company will be held at the Carlton Hotel, DC-5, Opp. Zulfiqar Street 1, DHA Phase VIII, Karachi, (near DHA Creek Club), on Saturday April 28, 2012 at 9:00 a.m. to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the Annual General Meeting held on April 29, 2011;
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended December 31, 2011, the report of the Auditors thereon and the report of the Directors;
- 3. To approve the payment of a cash dividend @ 20 % i.e. Re 1 per ordinary share of Rs 5 each, out of the profit for the year ended December 31, 2011, as recommended by the Directors:

- 4. To appoint Auditors of the company and fix their remuneration. The present Auditors, M/s. Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder, Chartered Accountants, being eligible, have offered themselves for re-appointment;
- 5. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

Attached to this notice of meeting being sent to the members is a statement under Section 160(1)(b) of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 setting forth status of previous approvals of investments in associated companies.

By Order of the Board

Afroz Quraishi Company Secretary

Karachi, March 24, 2012

NOTES

- i) The individual members who have not yet submitted photocopy of their valid Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) and the corporate members who have not yet submitted photocopy of their valid National Tax Number Certificate (NTN) to the company are once again requested to send the same with the Folio/CDC Account Number at the earliest directly to our Registrar, FAMCO Associates (Pvt) Limited, State Life Building No. 1-A, 1st Floor, I. I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Pakistan. Reference is also made to the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) notification dated August 18, 2011, SRO 779(I) 2011, which mandates that the dividend warrants should bear CNIC number of the individual member or the authorized person, except in case of minor(s) and National Tax Number (NTN) of corporate members.
- ii) The Share Transfer Books of the company shall remain closed from April 19, 2012 to April 28, 2012 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at our Registrar, FAMCO Associates (Pvt) Limited, State Life Building No. 1-A, 1st Floor, I. I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Pakistan by the close of business on April 18, 2012 will be treated in time for this purpose.
- iii) A member entitled to attend and vote at the above meeting may appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his behalf. No person shall act as a proxy (except for a corporation) unless he is entitled to be present and vote in his own right. Instrument appointing proxy must be deposited at the Registered Office of the company at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- iv) Shareholders whose shares are deposited with the Central Depository Company (CDC) are requested to bring their original Computerized National Identity Card and account number in CDC for verification.
- v) CDC account holders will further have to follow the guidelines as laid down in Circular No.1, dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.
- vi) Shareholders are requested to notify our Registrar immediately of any change in their addresses.

Status of previous approvals for investments in associated companies under section 160 (1)(b) of the Companies Ordinance, 1984

As required under the clause 4(2) of the SRO No. 27(1)/2012 dated January 16, 2012, the status of the following investments in associated companies against approvals obtained by the company in Extraordinary General Meeting of September 27, 2007 is as under:

(Rupees in million)								
	Crescent Steel & Allied Products Ltd.	Crescent Sugar Mills & Distillery Ltd.	The Crescent Textile Mills Ltd.	First Equity Modaraba (Managed by Premier Financial Services (Pvt) Ltd.	Shams Textile Mills Ltd.	Suraj Cotton Mills Ltd		
Approved investment	66.0	5.0	20.0	25.0	20.0	29.9		
Investment made	3.7	2.6	16.3	4.3	14.9	27.8		
		(Amount i	n Rupees)					
Breakup value per share on the basis of last published financial								
statements	49.74	0.58	42.72	10.74	43.14	113.15		
Annual earnings per share								
2007	12.10	(2.41)	1.78	0.340	21.83	17.21		
2008	7.36	(2.08)	(1.25)	0.140	(4.69)	7.60		
2009	(7.06)	(6.60)	3.64	0.003	(9.65)	2.94		
2010	7.38	(2.62)	7.00	(0.014)	15.14	28.06		
2011	7.64	2.22	(2.41)	0.003	0.40	28.38		

Out of the above investments First Equity Modaraba was fully and Crescent Steel & Allied Products Ltd. have been partly disposed of.

The company will consider further investment in the above at a suitable time on availability of shares at a favourable price and after taking into consideration the latest financial position of the investee company.

Key Operating and Financial Data

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Paid-up capital	302,821	302,821	263,323	239,385	199,488	166,240
Capital reserves	19,675	19,675	19,675	19,675	19,675	19,675
Revenue reserves	1,515,513	1,520,162	1,491,342	1,509,814	1,627,043	1,214,600
Total reserves	1,535,188	1,539,837	1,511,017	1,529,489	1,646,718	1,234,275
Total equity	1,838,009	1,842,658	1,774,340	1,768,874	1,846,206	1,400,515
Total assets	3,301,649	3,101,280	2,788,719	2,701,366	2,943,197	2,393,943
Premium written	967,866	800,555	670,430	577,114	551,699	630,395
Net premium	462,416	376,719	335,456	295,834	346,832	389,232
Investment income	156,223	162,356	222,181	185,627	542,582	798,115
Impairment in value of investments	(12,775)	(3,718)	(126,161)	(213,216)	-	-
Profit / (loss) before taxation	90,009	141,746	79,653	(44,911)	495,685	719,721
Profit / (loss) after taxation	71,056	120,983	53,343	(37,435)	478,939	715,427
Return on equity* (%)	3.86%	6.69%	3.01%	(2.07%)	29.50%	67.71%
Book value per share** (Rs)	30.35	30.42	33.69	36.95	46.27	42.12
Earnings per share** (Rs)	1.17	2.00	1.01	(0.78)	12.00	17.93
Cash dividend (%)	20%	25%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Stock dividend (Bonus - %)	0%	0%	15%	10%	20%	20%

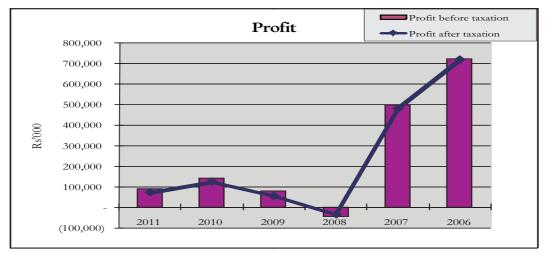
^{*}Return based on average equity for the year

^{**}Book value / earnings based on shares in issue at year end



Performance at a Glance

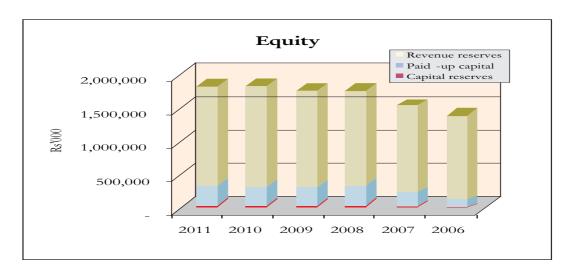




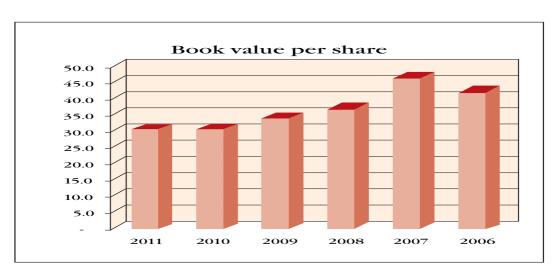




Performance at a Glance







Report of the Directors to the Members

The directors are pleased to present the 60th Annual Report of the company together with the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Review

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

	2011	2010
Premium written	967,866	800,555
Net premium	462,416	376,719
Underwriting result	4,949	16,882
Investment income	143,448	158,638
Profit before taxation	90,009	141,746
Profit after taxation	71,056	120,983

We were able to grow our written business by 21% in a basically flat market, with all business classes contributing. The timing, relative proportions and retentions of the class-wise business written yielded a net premium increase of almost 23%. However, claims, acquisition and other costs exerted pressure on the underwriting result.

Investment income shrank by almost 10%, of which about 8% was due to impairment charges for deposits with Innovative Investment Bank Limited (IIBL) and equities, and the rest due to fall in rates of return on income securities. The IIBL matter, where a Provisional Manager has been appointed pending adjudication of a winding up petition, has been explained in detail in previous reports.

After aggregate charges of Rs. 35.8 million for assets considered impaired (equivalent to Rs 0.59 per share), the profit after tax provided earnings of Rs 1.17 per ordinary share of Rs 5 each (comparable to Rs 2.34 per share of Rs 10 each).

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

Appropriation of Profit

Profit after taxation for the year	71,056
Unappropriated profit brought forward	269,812
	340,868

Appropriations:

- Payment of cash dividend @ 25% (2010)	(75,705)
- Transfer to general reserve	(75,000)
Unappropriated profit carried forward	190,163

Appropriated as follows:

- Proposed cash dividend @ 20 % (2011)

Outlook for the Current Year

Our previously stated expectations have not been unrealistic and we foresee global economic and political turbulence adding to regional and national pressures. Our energy, fiscal and current account deficits, political uncertainty and security issues are not abating. Investment and economic growth expectations are modest, at best.

Maintaining our growth momentum, safely, will be a bigger challenge than before, particularly with an ever rising cost of doing business. Hardening of reinsurance markets might continue with natural catastrophes and investment losses.

While we persevere with our advocacy of competition without compromising sound insurance and financial practices, we remain well able to withstand any operational or commercial stresses with equity and assets exceeding Rs 1.8 billion and Rs 3.3 billion respectively.

The company carries a conservative Insurer Financial Strength (IFS) Rating of "A" (Single A) with stable outlook. The rating, assigned by JCR-VIS, denotes a "high capacity to meet policyholder and contract obligations".

Your company is thus able to explore and write any business that meets its standards of ensuring protection of all its stakeholders.

Corporate Financial Reporting

The Board has taken all necessary steps to comply with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) included in the listing regulations of the stock exchanges in Pakistan, and is pleased to declare the following as required by the Code:

- The financial statements prepared by the management of the company, present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- The company has maintained proper books of account.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- Approved Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure therefrom has been adequately disclosed.
- The system of internal controls is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There is no doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance as detailed in the listing regulations.
- Key operating and financial data for the last six years is annexed with the report.

- The value of investments based on the audited accounts of the Provident Fund as at December 31, 2010 was Rs 25.4 million.
- During 2011 five meetings of the Board were held, with at least one in each quarter, and were attended as follows:

Name of director	Meetings attended
Syed Arshad Ali	5
Mr Khalid Bashir	2
Mr Zahid Bashir (Chairman)	5
Mr Imran Maqbool	5
Mr Nadeem Maqbool	5
Mr Khurram Mazhar	1
(ou	t of 2 during his tenure)
Mr Shams Rafi	3
Mr Fakhir Rahman	5

Leave of absence was granted to directors unable to attend a meeting.

The Board accepted Syed Arshad Ali's resignation and co-opted Mr Ataullah as director to fill the casual vacancy thus caused, both effective March 1, 2012.

 The directors, CEO, CFO and Company Secretary, executives and their spouses and minor children, had no transactions in the shares of the company.

Corporate Social Responsibility

Your company is committed to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) in all its forms and is humbly proud to have been ranked 13th out of 542 Public Listed Companies in corporate giving by the Pakistan Centre for Philanthropy in December, 2010.

During 2011, the company:

- Added Rs 227.6 million to the nation's treasury in the form of direct, indirect and withholding taxes;

Annual Report 2011



- Spent Rs 3.5 million to assist the less privileged members of our communities with healthcare and education, across the country, by donating to:

(Rupees)

Patients Aid Foundation	2.50 million
Layton Rahmatulla Benevolent Trust	0.15 million
Sindh Institute of Urology &	
Transplantation	0.20 million
The Indus Hospital	0.10 million
The Kidney Centre	0.10 million
Marie Adelaide Leprosy Centre	0.10 million
Dowites '78' Operation Theatre	
Complex	0.10 million
Shaukat Khanum Memorial Cancer	
Hospital	0.10 million
The Aga Khan University Hospital	0.10 million
- · · · · ·	3.45 million

- Continued to encourage energy conservation as a national priority and as a cost saving;
- Continued to encourage and contributed a further Rs 0.540 million to The Citizens Foundation and The Aga Khan University Hospital events to raise funds to provide quality education and healthcare across Pakistan and AJK.

The company believes in ethical business practices and where codified, is compliant therewith.

Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

The requirements of the Code set out by the stock exchanges in their listing regulations, relevant for the year ended December 31, 2011, have been duly complied with. A statement to this effect is annexed with the report.

Statement of Ethics and Business Practices

The Board has adopted a Statement of Ethics and Business Practices. All employees are informed of this statement and are required to observe these rules of conduct in relation to business and regulations.

Board Committees

The audit committee, comprising non-executive members of the Board, held five meetings during the year. The committee's terms of reference were determined by the Board in accordance with the guidelines provided in the listing regulations.

The Board constituted underwriting, claims settlement, reinsurance and co-insurance and investment committees met as required during the year.

Appointment of Auditors

As recommended by the audit committee, the directors propose that Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder, Chartered Accountants, be re-appointed auditors of the company for the year ending December 31, 2012.

Categories of Members / Pattern of Shareholding

A statement of categories of members and a pattern of shareholding of the company is annexed.

The directors, CEO, CFO and Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children have no holding other than reported.

Acknowledgement

The directors acknowledge the dedication of the company's employees, thank all our business associates and shareholders for their confidence in the company, and our regulators for their guidance and support.

On behalf of the Board

Zahid Bashir Chairman

Karachi: March 24, 2012



Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) contained in the listing regulations of Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad stock exchanges for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance. The company has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

- The company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its Board. Except the Chief Executive, the Board comprises non-executive directors.
- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than ten listed companies, including this company.
- 3. All the resident directors of the company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- The company has prepared a 'Statement of Ethics and Business Practices', which has been signed by all the directors and employees of the company.
- 5. The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policy guidelines, which are in the

- process of formal documentation. Such guidelines, amendments and approvals are recorded.
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, have been taken by the Board.
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and the Board met at least once every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers were duly circulated. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 8. The directors of the company are experienced in various businesses, including insurance and are well aware of their duties and responsibilities. However, all directors continue to be encouraged to attend specialized orientation course at company expense.
- 9. The directors' report for the year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- The financial statements of the company were duly endorsed by the CEO and the CFO before approval of the Board.

Annual Report 2011



- 11. The directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the company other than that disclosed in the categories of members.
- 12. The company has complied with all the financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- 13. The Board has formed an audit committee which comprised at least three members during the year, all of whom are non-executive directors including the Chairman of the committee.
- 14. The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the company and as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 15. The Board has also formed underwriting, claims, reinsurance and co-insurance and investment committees.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control

- review programme of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed the IFAC guidelines in this regards.
- 18. We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code have been complied with.

Zahid Bashir Chairman

Karachi, March 24, 2012



Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance (the Statement) with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) for the year ended 31 December 2011 prepared by the Board of Directors of **Premier Insurance Limited** (the company) to comply with the Listing Regulations of the respective stock exchanges, where the company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

Further, the Listing Regulations require the Company to place before the Board of Directors for their consideration and approval, related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. Further, all such transactions are also required to be separately placed before the Audit Committee. We are only required and have ensured compliance of requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board of Directors and placement of such transactions before the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended 31 December 2011.

Earnst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder Chartered Accountants

Date: March 24, 2012

Karachi.

Annual Report 2011

Auditors' Report to the Members

We have audited the annexed financial statements comprising of:

- (i) balance sheet;
- (ii) profit and loss account;
- (iii) statement of comprehensive income;
- (iv) statement of changes in equity;
- (v) statement of cash flows;
- (vi) statement of premium;
- (vii) statement of claims;
- (viii) statement of expenses; and
- (ix) statement of investment income

of **Premier Insurance Limited** (the Company) as at **31 December, 2011** together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the financial statements in conformity with the Approved Accounting Standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 (XXXIX of 2000) and the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (XLVII of 1984). Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies used and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall financial statements presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion:

- (a) proper books of accounts have been kept by the company as required by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) the financial statements together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and accurately reflect the books and records of the Company and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
- (c) the financial statements together with the notes thereon present fairly, in all material respects, the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December, 2011 and of the profit, its total comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and give the information required to be disclosed by the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the Companies Ordinance, 1984; and
- (d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the company and deposited in Central Zakat Fund established under Section 7 of the Ordinance.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2010 were audited by another firm of Chartered Accountants whose report dated 01 April 2011 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder

Chartered Accountants

Audit Engagement Partner: Omer Chughtai

Date: March 24, 2012

Karachi



Balance Sheet

As at December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)			
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	2011	2010
Share capital and reserves Authorised share capital Rs 100,000,000 ordinary shares of Rs 5 each		500,000	500,000
Issued subscribed and paid-up capital 60,564,269 ordinary shares of Rs.5 each Retained earnings Reserves Shareholders' equity	6 7	302,821 190,163 1,345,025 1,838,009	302,821 269,812 1,270,025 1,842,658
Underwriting provisions Provision for outstanding claims (including IBNR) Provision for unearned premium Commission income unearned Total underwriting provisions		430,567 460,867 54,288 945,722	339,603 386,246 43,641 769,490
Deferred liability Staff retirement benefits	8	26,472	23,079
Creditors and accruals Amounts due to other insurers / reinsurers Accrued expenses Taxation - provision less payments Other creditors and accruals	9	114,393 16,200 115,462 235,359 481,414	117,981 15,359 116,482 208,531 458,353
Other liabilities Unclaimed dividend		10,032	7,700
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	10	3,301,649	3,101,280

The annexed notes from 1 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Annual Report 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '00	00)			
ASSETS		Note	2011	2010
100210				
Cash and bank deposits		11		
Cash and other equivalent		11	628	443
Current and other accoun			186,005	148,158
Deposits			407.700	5,246
			186,633	153,847
Loans to employees		12	1,000	1,706
Investments		13	1,290,920	1,343,391
Investment properties		14	55,286	55,825
Other assets				
Premium due but unpaid		15	612,048	439,701
Amounts due from other		16	269,516	333,027
Accrued investment incor		17	1,354 8,347	10,826
Accrued salvage recoveries ag			278,307	8,260 209,006
Deferred commission exp	_		74,718	58,538
Prepayments		18	262,341	219,062
Sundry receivables		19	5,729	15,558
			1,512,360	1,293,978
Fixed assets		20		
Tangible				
Land and buildings			145,879	146,164
Furniture, fixtures and off	fice equipment		26,998	22,770
Motor vehicles		24	46,571	51,391
Capital work in progress		21	33,172	30,072
Intangible				
Computer software			2,830	2,136
			255,450	252,533
TOTAL ASSETS			3,301,649	3,101,280
Zahid Bashir	Nadeem Maqbool	Imran Maqbool		Fakhir Rahman
Chairman	Director	Director		Chief Executive



Profit and Loss Account

For the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)	Note						2011	2010
	Note	Tr! 1	Marine,				2011	2010
		Fire and property	aviation & transport	Motor	Others	Treaty	Aggregate	Aggregate
Revenue accounts								
Net premium revenue		153,865	63,910	216,113	28,529	(1)	462,416	376,719
Net claims		(32,854)	(21,858)	(139,136)	(24,976)	(4)	(218,828)	(168,204)
Expenses	22	(62,332)	(25,890)	(87,550)	(11,557)	1	(187,328)	(158,597)
Net commission		(21,134)	(6,703)	(30,952)	7,477	1	(51,311)	(33,036)
Underwriting result		37,545	9,459	(41,525)	(527)	(3)	4,949	16,882
Investment income							143,448	158,638
Gain on disposal of fixed assets							434	1,323
Rental income							2,930	332
Other income							2,089	1,821
General and administration expense	s 22						(63,841)	(37,250)
Profit before tax	22						90,009	141,746
Provision for taxation	23						$\frac{(18,953)}{71.056}$	(20,763)
Profit after tax							71,056	120,983
Profit and loss appropriation acco	ount							
Balance at commencement of year							269,812	240,992
Profit after tax for the year							71,056	120,983
Cash dividend for 2010 Rs 1.25 per	share						(·	
(2009: Re 1 per share)							(75,705)	(52,665)
Bonus shares for 2010 Nil (2009: 15	%)						(75.000)	(39,498)
Transfer to general reserve							(75,000)	-
Balance unappropriated profit a the end of the year	it						190,163	269,812
Earnings per share								
- basic and diluted (in Rupees	24						1.17	2.00
The annexed notes from 1 to 33 for	m an inteş	gral part of	these finan	cial statemen	nts.			
Zahid Bashir	Nadeem	Maqbool		Imran N	Maqbool		Fakhii	Rahman
	Director	•		Directo			Chief	Executive



Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts	in	Rupees	'000)	١

(Amounts in Rupees '000)		
	2011	2010
Net profit for the year	71,056	120,983
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	71,056	120,983

The annexed notes from 1 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.



Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)	2011	2010
OPERATING CASH FLOWS	2011	2010
a) Underwriting activities		
Premium received	836,030	667,319
Reinsurance premium paid	(474,520)	(362,523)
Claims paid	(519,874)	(322,578)
Reinsurance and other recoveries received	322,709	172,633
Commissions paid	(140,438)	(99,478)
Commissions received	102,671	82,719
Net cash flow from underwriting activities	126,578	138,092
b) Other operating activities		
Income tax paid	(19,973)	(8,715)
General management expenses paid	(187,328)	(158,597)
Other operating payments	(19,178)	(17,570)
Advances, deposits and sundry receivables	1,326	(1,404)
Other liabilities and accruals	5,913	(478)
Net cash used in other operating activities	(219,240)	(186,764)
Total cash used in operating activities	(92,662)	(48,672)
INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES		
Investment income received	140,999	59,320
Payments for investments	(734,984)	(3,259,646)
Proceeds from disposal of investments	810,568	3,272,072
Fixed capital expenditure	(21,312)	(40,221)
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets	3,238	2,656
Rental income received	3,469	900
Other income received	2,089	1,821
Deposits impaired	-	(3,497)
Total cash flow from investing activities	204,067	33,405
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Dividends paid	(73,373)	(51,464)
Total cash used in financing activities	$\frac{(73,373)}{(73,373)}$	(51,464)
Total cash flow from / (used in) all activities	38,032	(66,731)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	148,601	215,332
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	186,633	148,601



Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts	in	Rupees	'000)
----------	----	--------	-------

	2011	2010
Reconciliation to profit and loss account		
Operating cash flows	(92,662)	(48,672)
Depreciation expense	(15,592)	(13,039)
Investment income	143,448	158,638
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	434	1,323
Rental income	2,930	332
Other income	2,089	1,821
Increase in assets other than cash	233,095	263,621
Increase in liabilities	(202,686)	(243,041)
Profit after taxation	71,056	120,983

Definition of cash

Cash comprises cash in hand, stamps in hand, current and saving accounts.

Cash for the purpose of the statement of cash flows consists of:

Cash a	and (other	equival	lents
--------	-------	-------	---------	-------

Cash and other equivalents		
Cash	37	68
Stamps in hand	591	375
	628	443
Current and other accounts		
Current accounts	16,272	13,105
Savings accounts	169,733	135,053
	186,005	148,158
Total cash and cash equivalents	186,633	148,601

The annexed notes from 1 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Zahid Bashir	Nadeem Maqbool	Imran Maqbool	Fakhir Rahman
Chairman	Director	Director	Chief Executive



Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

	Share capital				Reserves				
		Capital reserves			Re	evenue reserv			
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up	Reserve for exceptional losses	Devaluation reserve	Reserve for issue of bonus shares	General reserve	Reserve for bad and doubtful debts	Unappro- priated profit	Total reserves	Total equity
Balance as at January 1, 2010	263,323	19,490	185	-	1,250,000	350	240,992	1,511,017	1,774,340
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2010	-	-	-	-	-	-	120,983	120,983	120,983
Cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2009 declared subsequent to the year end	-	-	-	-	-	-	(52,665)	(52,665)	(52,665)
Bonus shares for the year ended December 31, 2009 declared subsequent to the year end	-	-	-	39,498	-	-	(39,498)	-	-
Bonus shares issued	39,498	-	-	(39,498)	-	-		(39,498)	-
Balance as at December 31, 2010	302,821	19,490	185	-	1,250,000	350	269,812	1,539,837	1,842,658
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2011	-	-	-	-	-	-	71,056	71,056	71,056
Cash dividend for the year ended December 31, 2010 declared subsequent to the year end	-	-	-	-	-	-	(75,705)	(75,705)	(75,705)
Transferred to general reserve	-	-	-	-	75,000	-	(75,000)	-	-
Balance as at December 31, 2011	302,821	19,490	185		1,325,000	350	190,163	1,535,188	1,838,009

The annexed notes from 1 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Zahid Bashir Chairman

Nadeem Maqbool Director

Imran Maqbool Director

Fakhir Rahman Chief Executive



Statement of Premium

For the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

Business underwritten inside Pakistan

											2011	2010
	С	lass	Premium written	Unearned reser		Premium earned	Reinsurance ceded	Prepaid re premiur Opening		Reinsurance expense	Net premium revenue	Net premium revenue
Direct and Facultative		Fire and property damage	428,050	182,302	220,532	389,820	269,621	125,713	159,379	235,955	153,865	120,247
	2	Marine, aviation and transport	135,962	20,985	16,556	140,391	73,572	18,390	15,481	76,481	63,910	59,110
	3	Motor	263,818	115,965	148,378	231,405	16,558	8,506	9,772	15,292	216,113	172,243
	4	Miscellaneous	140,036	66,995	75,401	131,630	111,181	59,680	67,760	103,101	28,529	25,124
		Total	967,866	386,247	460,867	893,246	470,932	212,289	252,392	430,829	462,417	376,724
Treaty	5	Proportional	-	(1)	-	(1)	-	-	-	-	(1)	(5)
	G	rand Total	967,866	386,246	460,867	893,245	470,932	212,289	252,392	430,829	462,416	376,719

The annexed notes from 1 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.



Statement of Claims

For the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

Business underwritten inside Pakistan

			Reinsurance Reinsurance and other Reinsurance				2011	2010				
	C	lass	Claims paid	Outstandi Opening	ng claims Closing	Claims expense	and other recoveries received	recoveries is outstandi Opening		and other recoveries revenue	Net claims expense	Net claims expense
Direct and	l											
Facultative	e 1	Fire and property damage	232,881	135,527	179,989	277,343	205,304	101,413	140,598	244,489	32,854	19,286
	2	Marine, aviation and transport	44,428	56,327	70,402	58,503	27,410	36,368	45,603	36,645	21,858	13,436
	3	Motor	128,329	53,066	65,765	141,028	1,594	695	993	1,892	139,136	110,335
	4	Miscellaneous	114,232	89,626	109,354	133,960	88,401	70,530	91,113	108,984	24,976	24,893
		Total	519,870	334,546	425,510	610,834	322,709	209,006	278,307	392,010	218,824	167,950
Treaty	5	Proportional	4	5,057	5,057	4	-	-	-	-	4	254
	G	rand Total	519,874	339,603	430,567	610,838	322,709	209,006	278,307	392,010	218,828	168,204

The annexed notes from 1 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.



Statement of ExpensesFor the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

Business underwritten inside Pakistan

	Class	Commission paid or payable	Opening deferred commission	Closing deferred commission		Other management expenses	Underwriting expenses	Commission from reinsurers	Net underwriting expense	Net underwriting expense
Direct and Facultative	1 Fire and property damage	79,666	33,322	41,044	71,944	62,332	134,276	50,810	83,466	64,147
:	2 Marine, aviation and transport	24,609	3,767	2,997	25,379	25,890	51,269	18,676	32,593	31,839
	3 Motor	38,974	15,314	21,919	32,369	87,550	119,919	1,417	118,502	92,600
	4 Miscellaneous	16,267	6,136	8,758	13,645	11,557	25,202	21,122	4,080	3,050
	Total	159,516	58,539	74,718	143,337	187,329	330,666	92,025	238,641	191,636
Treaty	5 Proportional	-	(1)	-	(1)	(1)	(2)	-	(2)	(3)
	Grand Total	159,516	58,538	74,718	143,336	187,328	330,664	92,025	238,639	191,633

Note: Commission from reinsurers is arrived at after taking the impact of opening and closing unearned commission.

The annexed notes from 1 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.

2010



Statement of Investment Income

For the year ended December 31, 2011

Impairment in value of investments

Investment management expenses

Investment income

(Amounts in Rupees '000)	2011	2010
	2011	2010
Income from non-trading investments		
Held to maturity		
Return on bank deposits	11,704	14,915
Available for sale		
Dividend income	119,937	52,880
Gain on sale of investments	24,696	94,680
	144,633	147,560

The annexed notes from 1 to 33 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Zahid Bashir Chairman Nadeem Maqbool Director Imran Maqbool Director Fakhir Rahman Chief Executive

(12,775)

143,448

(114)

(3,718)

158,638

(119)

for the year ended December 31, 2011

1. STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Premier Insurance Limited (the company) was incorporated as a public limited company in Pakistan in May 1952 and is engaged in general insurance business. The shares of the company are listed on the Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad stock exchanges. The registered office of the company is situated at 5th Floor, State Life Building No. 2A, Wallace Road, Karachi.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These financial statements have been prepared on the format of financial statements issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) through Securities and Exchange Commission (Insurance) Rules, 2002 [SEC(Insurance) Rules, 2002] vide S.R.O. 938 dated December 12, 2002.

The financial statements are prepared and presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

3. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

3.1 These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and SEC (Insurance) Rules, 2002. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and SEC (Insurance) Rules, 2002 shall prevail.

The SECP has allowed the insurance companies to defer the application of International Accounting Standard - 39 (IAS-39), Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, in respect of valuation of "available for sale investments". Accordingly, the requirements of IAS-39, to the extent allowed by the SECP as aforesaid, have not been considered in the preparation of these financial statements.

3.2 Adoption of new standards, amendments and interpretations of existing standards and forthcoming requirements

3.2.1 Adoption of new and amended standards and interpretations

The company has adopted the following new and amended IFRS and IFRIC interpretations which became effective during the year:

IAS 24 - Related Party Disclosures (Revised)

IAS 32 - Financial Instruments: Presentation - Classification of Rights Issues (Amendment)

IFRIC 14 - Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement (Amendment)

IFRIC 19 - Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments

In May 2010, International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) issued amendments to various standards primarily with a view to removing inconsistencies and clarifying wording. These improvements are listed below



for the year ended December 31, 2011

IFRS 3	 Business Combinations Transition requirements for contingent consideration from a business combination that occurred before the effective date of the revised IFRS
	- Measurement of non-controlling interests (NCI)
	- Un-replaced and voluntarily replaced share-based payment awards
IFRS 7	- Financial Instruments: Disclosures
	- Clarification of disclosures
IAS 1	- Presentation of Financial Statements
	- Clarification of statement of changes in equity
IAS 27	- Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
	- Transition requirements for amendments made as a result of IAS 27
	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
IAS 34	- Interim Financial Reporting
	- Significant events and transactions
IFRIC 13	- Customer Loyalty Programmes
	- Fair value of award credits

The adoption of the above standards, amendments, interpretations and improvements did not have any material effect on the financial statements.

3.2.2 Forthcoming requirements

The following revised standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

IFRS 7	Financial Instruments : Disclosures - (Amendments)Amendments enhancing disclosures about transfers of	
	financial Assets	01 July 2011
	- Amendments enhancing disclosures about offsetting of	3 7
	financial assets and financial liabilities	01 January 2013
IAS 1	- Presentation of Financial Statements - Presentation of	
	items of comprehensive income	01 July 2012
IAS 12	- Income Taxes (Amendment) - Recovery of Underlying	
	Assets	01 January 2012
IAS 19	- Employee Benefits -(Amendment)	01 January 2013

The company expects that the adoption of the above revisions and amendments of the standards will not materially affect the company's financial statements in the period of initial application other than the amendments to IAS-19 'Employee Benefits'. Such amendments range from fundamental changes to simple clarifications and re-wording. The significant changes include the following:

- For defined benefit plans, the ability to defer recognition of actuarial gains and losses (i.e. the corridor approach) has been removed. As revised, actuarial gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income when they occur. Amounts recorded in profit and loss account are limited to current and past service costs, gains or losses on settlements, and net interest income (expense). All other changes in the net defined benefit asset (liability) are recognized in other comprehensive income with no subsequent recycling to profit and loss account.
- Objectives for disclosures of defined benefit plans are explicitly stated in the revised standard, along with new or revised disclosure requirements. These new disclosures include quantitative information of the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to a reasonable possible change in each significant actuarial assumption.

for the year ended December 31, 2011

In addition to the above, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

IFRS 9	- Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement	01 January 2015
IFRS 10	- Consolidated Financial Statements	01 January 2013
IFRS 11	- Joint Arrangements	01 January 2013
IFRS 12	- Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	01 January 2013
IFRS 13	- Fair Value Measurement	01 January 2013

4. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

4.1 These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except that obligations under employee benefits are measured at present value.

These financials have been prepared following accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

4.2 Use of critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to use certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continuously evaluated and are based on historical experience and expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised. The areas where required assumptions and estimates are significant to the company's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

- a. Useful life of depreciable / amortizable assets (Note 5.15)
- b. Impairment of assets (Note 5.13.3 & 5.15)
- c. Provision for outstanding claims including claims incurred but not reported [IBNR] (Note 5.6)
- d. Provision for premium deficiency reserves (Note 5.9)
- e. Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims (Note 5.7)
- f. Provision against premium due but unpaid (Note 5.4)
- g. Staff retirement benefits (Note 5.11)
- h. Provision for income taxes (Note 5.12)

5. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been applied consistently to all years presented.

5.1 Insurance contracts

Insurance contracts are those contracts under which the company as insurer has accepted insurance risk from the insurance contract holder (insured) by agreeing to compensate the insured if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the insured. Once a contract has been classified as an insurance contract, it remains an insurance contract for the remainder of its tenure, even if the insurance risk reduces significantly during this period, unless all rights and obligations are extinguished or expire.

for the year ended December 31, 2011

Insurance contracts are classified into the following main categories, depending on the nature and duration of risk and whether or not the terms and conditions are fixed.

Fire and property Marine, aviation and transport Motor Miscellaneous

These contracts are provided to individuals as well as commercial organizations with various tenures according to the nature and terms of the contract and the needs of the insured.

The company also accepts insurance risk pertaining to insurance contracts of other insurers as reinsurance inward. The insurance risk involved in these contracts is similar to the contracts undertaken by the company as insurer. All reinsurance inward contracts are facultative (specific risk) acceptance contracts except retrocession business with Pakistan Reinsurance Company Limited (PRCL).

The company neither issues investment contracts nor does it issue insurance contracts with discretionary participation features (DPF).

5.2 Premium income

Premium written, including administrative surcharge, under a policy is recognized from the date of issuance of the policy to which it relates. Premium on facultative reinsurance accepted is reflected in the financial statements along with direct premium.

Pakistan Reinsurance Company Limited (PRCL) retrocession business is booked on the basis of PRCL statements.

5.3 Unexpired risk and premium

The portion of premium written relating to the unexpired period of coverage is recognized as unearned premium by the company. This liability is calculated by applying the 1/24 method as specified in the SEC (Insurance) Rules, 2002.

The related deferred portion of reinsurance premium is recognized as a prepayment calculated by using the 1/24 method.

5.4 Receivables and payables related to insurance contracts

Receivables and payables relating to insurance contracts are recognized when due. These include premium due but unpaid and claims payable to insurance contract holders.

If there is objective evidence that any premium due but unpaid is impaired, the company reduces the carrying amount of that insurance receivable and recognizes the loss in profit and loss account.

5.5 Reinsurance contracts held

The company enters into reinsurance contracts in the normal course of business in order to limit the potential for losses arising from certain exposures. Outward reinsurance premium is accounted for in the same period as the related premium for the direct or accepted reinsurance business being reinsured.

for the year ended December 31, 2011

Reinsurance liabilities represent balances due to reinsurance companies. Amounts payable are estimated in a manner consistent with the related reinsurance contract. Reinsurance assets represent balances due from reinsurance companies. Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the provision for outstanding claims or settled claims associated with the reinsurance policies and are in accordance with the related reinsurance contracts.

The company assesses its reinsurance assets for impairment on balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence that the reinsurance asset is impaired, the company reduces the carrying amount of the reinsurance asset to its recoverable amount and recognizes that impairment loss in the profit and loss account.

5.6 Claims

General insurance claims include all claims occurring during the year, whether reported or not, including external claims handling costs that are directly related to the processing and settlement of claims, reduction for the value of salvage and other recoveries, and any adjustments to claims outstanding from previous years.

The company recognizes liability in respect of all claims incurred upto the balance sheet date which is measured at the undiscounted value of the expected future payments. The claims are considered to be incurred at the time of the incident giving rise to the claim except as otherwise expressly indicated in an insurance contract. The liability for claims includes amounts relating to unpaid reported claims, claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) and expected claims settlement costs.

Provision for IBNR is based on the management's best estimate which takes into account the past trends net of exceptional claims.

5.7 Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims

Claims recoveries receivable from reinsurers are recognized as an asset at the same time as the claims which give rise to the right of recovery are recognized as a liability and are measured at the amount expected to be received.

5.8 Commissions

Commission expense and other acquisition costs are charged to the profit and loss account at the time the policies are accepted. Commission income from reinsurers is recognized on a quarterly basis as per terms and conditions agreed with the reinsurers. These are deferred and brought to account as expense or income in accordance with the pattern of recognition of the premium to which they relate.

5.9 Premium deficiency reserve

The SEC (Insurance) Rules, 2002 require a premium deficiency reserve to be maintained, if required.

The management considers that no additional reserve is required to be maintained to meet expected future liability, after reinsurance, from claims and other expenses, expected to be incurred after the balance sheet date in respect of policies, in all classes of business, in force at the balance sheet date. In management's opinion, the amount carried for unearned premium is sufficient to meet this requirement.

for the year ended December 31, 2011

The company determines adequacy of liability of premium deficiency by carrying out analysis of its loss ratio of expired periods. For this purpose average loss ratio of last three years inclusive of claim settlement cost but excluding major exceptional claims is taken into consideration to determine ultimate loss ratio to be applied on unearned premium.

5.10 Creditors, accruals and provisions

Liabilities for creditors and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

5.11 Staff retirement benefits

Defined benefits plan

The company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme covering all eligible employees. Provision is made on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out as at December 31, 2011 in accordance with IAS-19, Employee Benefits.

Compensated absences are accounted for in the year in which the absences are earned based on actuarial valuation.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognized as income or expense when the cumulative unrecognized actuarial gains or losses at the end of the previous reporting period exceed ten percent of the higher of defined benefit obligation and fair value of the plan assets at that date. These gains or losses are recognized over the expected remaining working lives of the employees participating in the plans.

Defined contribution plan

The company contributes to a recognized provident fund scheme which covers all eligible employees. Equal contributions are made to the fund by the company and the eligible employees under the scheme.

5.12 Taxation

Current

Provision for taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of tax after taking into account applicable tax credits, rebates and exemptions available, if any.

Deferred

Provision for deferred tax is made using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purpose. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilized. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

for the year ended December 31, 2011

5.13 Investments

All investments are initially recognized at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given and include transaction costs, except for investment at fair value through profit and loss in which case transaction costs are charged to the profit and loss account. All purchases and sales of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by regulations or market convention are accounted for at the trade date. Trade date is the date when the company commits to purchase or sell the investment. Subsequently, these are recognized and classified as follows:

5.13.1 At fair value through profit or loss - held for trading

- a. These are classified as 'at fair value through profit or loss' if (a) acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or re-purchasing in the near term; (b) part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short term profit taking; or (c) a derivative (except for a derivative that is a designated and effective hedging instrument).
- b. Upon initial recognition these are designated by the company as 'at fair value through profit or loss' except for equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market, and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured. At subsequent reporting dates, these investments are measured at fair value and any gains and losses arising from the changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account for the period in which they arise.

5.13.2 Held to maturity

Held to maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity other than at fair value through profit or loss, available for sale and loans and receivables.

Held to maturity investments are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Gain or loss is also recognized in profit and loss account when held to maturity investments are derecognized or impaired, and through the amortization process.

5.13.3 Available for sale

Available for sale financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not (a) loans and receivables, (b) held to maturity investments, or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Quoted investments are initially recognized at cost inclusive of transaction costs.

Unquoted investments are recorded at cost less impairment, if any.

Available for sale investments are subsequently measured at a lower of cost and market value (market value on an individual investment basis being taken as lower if the fall is other than temporary) in accordance with the Rules. Any resultant gain or loss is taken to profit and loss account in accordance with S.R.O. 938 issued by the SECP dated December 12, 2002. This treatment, in contravention to requirements of IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, is in line with the Rules.

for the year ended December 31, 2011

Under the requirements of IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, the investments of the company would have been lower by Rs 64.0 million (2010: Rs 2.0 million) and the corresponding amount would have been reflected in the equity by the same amount.

Unquoted investments are carried at cost less impairment in value, if any. Investments other than shares are stated at their principal amounts less provision for amounts considered doubtful.

Impairment of investments is recognized in the profit and loss account when there is a permanent diminution / impairment in their value.

Impairment

The carrying amounts of the investments are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists the investments recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of the investment exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account.

De-recognition

All investments are de-recognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

5.14 Investment properties

Investment properties are accounted for under the cost model in accordance with IAS 40: Investment Property and S.R.O. 938 issued by the SECP on December 12, 2002.

- Land is stated at cost.
- Buildings are depreciated to their estimated salvage value over their useful life.

Depreciation is charged to income applying the reducing balance method from the dates of purchase to disposal. Subsequent capital expenditure on existing properties and gains or losses on disposals are accounted for in the same manner as for tangible fixed assets.

5.15 Fixed assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortization and impairment, if any. Depreciation / amortization is charged to income applying the reducing balance method from the dates of purchase to disposal.

Normal repairs and maintenance are charged to income as and when incurred; major renewals and replacements are capitalized.

Gain or loss on disposal of fixed assets is taken to profit and loss account.

for the year ended December 31, 2011

Assets acquired under finance lease are initially recorded at the lower of present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreement and the fair value of the leased assets. The related obligation under finance lease less financial charges allocated to future periods is shown as a liability. Financial charges are allocated to accounting periods in a manner so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge on the outstanding liability. Leased assets are depreciated on the same basis as owned assets.

Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost. Transfers are made to operating assets when the assets are available for use.

Impairment

The carrying amounts of fixed assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the related assets are written down to the estimated recoverable amount and the impairment loss is charged to income.

5.16 Revenue recognition

Underwriting result

The earned premium less reinsurance, claims, commission and allocable expenses of management are reflected in the profit and loss account as the underwriting result for each class of insurance business undertaken.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive such dividend is established.

Gain / loss on disposal of investments

Gain / loss on disposal of investments is taken to the profit and loss account on transaction date

Return on bank accounts and term finances

Return on bank accounts, Term Finance Certificates and government securities are accounted for on accrual basis.

Income from investment properties

Rental income from investment properties is recognized on time proportion basis.

5.17 Proposed dividend

Dividend distributions (including stock dividend) are recognized as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved.

for the year ended December 31, 2011

5.18 Expenses of management

Expenses of management are allocated to classes of business as appear equitable to management.

5.19 Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into reporting currency at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates ruling on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated using exchanges rates that existed when the values were determined. Exchange differences are included in the income currently.

5.20 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand, stamps in hand, current and saving accounts and short term deposits.

5.21 Segment reporting

A business segment is a distinguishable component of the company that is engaged in providing services that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. The company accounts for segment reporting of operating results using the classes of business as specified under the Insurance Ordinance, 2000 and the SEC (Insurance) Rules, 2002.

The company's business segments are reported according to the nature of cover provided.

The perils covered under fire and property insurance include losses caused by fire, riot and strike, explosion, earthquake, atmospheric disturbance, aircraft damage, flood, electric fluctuation and impact.

Marine insurance covers cargo risk, war risk and damages occurring in inland transit.

Motor insurance provides comprehensive vehicle coverage and indemnity against third party loss.

Miscellaneous insurance includes cover against burglary, loss of cash in safe and cash in transit, personal accident, money, engineering losses and other coverage.

Financing, investment and income taxes are managed on an overall basis and are therefore, not allocated to any segment. The accounting policies of operating segment are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies.

Assets, liabilities and capital expenditure that are directly attributable to segments have been assigned to them. Those assets and liabilities which cannot be allocated to a particular segment on a reasonable basis are reported as unallocated corporate assets and liabilities.

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

5.22 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized at the time when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively including transaction cost. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value or cost, as the case may be. Any gains or losses on de-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities are taken to the profit and loss account.

5.23 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet if the company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

5.24 Zakat

Zakat deductible compulsorily under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 is accounted for in the year of deduction.

5.25 Capital management

The company's objective is to maintain a strong capital base to support sustained development of its businesses so as to provide reasonable rewards and protection to all its stakeholders, without compromising its ability to continue as a going concern.

The company is financed by internal sources and exceeds the minimum capital regulatory requirements.

6. ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

2011	2010		2011	2010
Number	of shares			
400,000	400,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 5 each fully paid in cash Ordinary shares of Rs. 5 each issued as fully paid bonus shares	2,000	2,000
60,164,269	52,264,582	As at January, 01	300,821	261,323
-	7,899,687	Issued during the year	-	39,498
60,164,269	60,164,269		300,821	300,821
60,564,269	60,564,269		302,821	302,821

Associates held 7,449,708 (2010: 7,449,708) shares of the company.

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000))
--------------------------	---

7.	RESERVES	Note	2011	2010
	Capital reserves			
	Reserve for exceptional losses	7.1	19,490	19,490
	Devaluation reserve	7.2	185	185
			19,675	19,675
	Revenue reserves			
	General reserve	7.3	1,325,000	1,250,000
	Reserves for bad and doubtful debts		350	350
			1,325,350	1,250,350
			1,345,025	1,270,025
7. 1	Reserve for exceptional losses			

This was created at 10% of premium income net of reinsurance till the year 1978 in terms of the repealed Income Tax Act, 1922.

7.2 Devaluation reserve

Consequent upon the devaluation of the Pakistani Rupee in 1972, security deposit with the Government of Lebanon and balances with overseas banks were converted at the new rates of exchange. This resulted in an increase in value which was transferred to capital reserve in the year 1973.

7.3	General reserve	Note	2011	2010
	Balance at the beginning of the year Transfer from profit and loss account Balance at the end of the year		1,250,000 75,000 1,325,000	1,250,000
8.	STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFITS			
	Gratuity Employees compensated absences	8.1 8.4	12,494 13,978 26,472	10,654 12,425 23,079
8.1	Movement in the net liability recognized in the balance sheet	t		
	Opening net liability Expense for the year Payments during the year	8.2	10,654 2,330 12,984 (490)	9,131 2,012 11,143 (489)
8.2	Closing net liability Expense recognized in the profit and loss account		<u>12,494</u>	<u>10,654</u>
	Current service cost Interest cost Net actuarial gain recognized in the year		1,089 1,250 (9) 2,330	1,033 987 (8) 2,012



for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Aı

Amoun	ts in Rupees '000)					
8.3	Historical data of gratuity scheme					
	Present value of defined benefit obligations Experience adjustment arising on plan liabilities	2011 12,324 863	2010 9,612 (147)	2009 8,229 (381)	2008 6,882 (115)	2007 3,116 380
8.4	Movement in the net liability recognized in	the baland	Note sheet	2011		2010
	Opening net liability Expense for the year Payment during the year Closing net liability		8.5	12,425 2,704 15,129 (1,151 13,978	4 9 1)	11,937 1,388 13,325 (900) 12,425
8.5	Expense recognized in the profit and loss ac	count			_	
	Current service cost Interest cost Net actuarial gain recognized in the year			1,18 1,615 (92 2,704	5 <u>2)</u>	1,039 1,432 (1,083) 1,388
8.6	Historical data of leave encashment scheme	e				
	Present value of defined benefit obligations Experience adjustment arising on plan liabilities	2011 13,978 (92)	2010 12,425 (1,083)	2009 11,936 (100)	2008 9,696 1,306	2007 5,781 860
8.7	Principal actuarial assumptions			2011		2010
	Following are a few important actuarial assumptions u	used in the l	penefits' valuation			2010
9.	Discount rate Expected rate of increase in salary Average expected remaining working life of emp	bloyees		12.5% 11.5% 9 year	<u>%</u>	13% 12% 9 years
	Commissions payable Federal excise duty & sales tax Federal insurance fee Donations Workers welfare fund Deposits and margins Others			190,239 5,364 190 4,935 6,355 10,565 17,700 235,359	4 0 5 5 7 9	171,161 11,109 180 3,551 4,518 1,098 16,914 208,531

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

		2011	2010
10.	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS		
	Commitments for capital expenditure.	20,257	21,298
	There are no contingencies to report as at the balance sheet date.		
11.	CASH AND BANK DEPOSITS		
	Cash and other equivalents		
	Cash	37	68
	Stamps in hand	591	375_
	•	628	443

Current and other accounts		
Current accounts	16,272	13,105
Savings accounts	169,733	135,053
	186,005	148,158
Deposits Less: Impairment	8,743 (8,743)	8,743 (3,497) 5,246

12. LOANS TO EMPLOYEES

Secured - considered good

Employees -	housing loan	1,000	1,706
	0		

186,633

153,847

12.1 The loan has been granted in accordance with the terms of employment and the SEC (Insurance) Rules, 2002 for the purchase of house. The loan is recoverable in monthly installments and carries mark-up at the rate of 6% (2010: 6%) per annum. The loan is secured against the respective property documents.

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Am	ounts in Rupees '000)					
13.	INVESTMENTS			D.T.	2014	2010
	Available for sale			Note	2011	2010
	Related Parties					
	Quoted shares (market v Unquoted shares	value Rs 23	13.1 13.2	33,692 4,000 37,692	33,692 4,000 37,692	
	Others					
	Unquoted shares		29.7 million [2010: Rs 150.4 million]) 4.3 million [2010: Rs 1,031.5 million])	13.3 13.4 13.5	303,478 115,203 842,076 1,260,757 (7,529) 1,290,920	160,056 115,203 1,030,440 1,305,699 - 1,343,391
	All investments have a	face valu	e of Rs.10 per share / certificate u	nless stat	ed otherwise.	
	Number of shares / certificates	/ units	Name of entity	% of		
	2011	2010		quity hel	d 2011	2010
	Related parties					
13.1	Quoted					
	333 44,500 200,000 262,000 53,125	333 44,500 200,000 262,000 53,125	Crescent Jute Products Limited Crescent Steel & Allied Products Limited Crescent Sugar Mills & Distillery Limited The Crescent Textile Mills Limited Shakarganj Mills Limited (8.5% cumulative preference shares redeemable after 5 years of issue, convertible after every financial year of	0.08% 0.94% 0.53% 0.08%	1 1,156 1,050 8,616 526	1 1,156 1,050 8,616 526
	399,000 659,890	399,000 599,900	investee) Shams Textile Mills Limited Suraj Cotton Mills Limited	4.60% 3.70%	6,694 15,649 33,692	6,694 15,649 33,692
			Market value as at December 31	=	23,695	40,177
13.2	Unquoted					
	400,000	400,000	Crescent Powertec Limited Break-up value 2011: Rs 120.43 (2010: Rs per audited accounts for the year ended J Equity held: 8% Chief Executive: Mr Ahsan Bashir		4, 000	4,000
				-	4,000	4,000

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

	shares	Number o		Name of entity		
		2011	2010		2011	2010
	Others					
13.3	Quoted					
		-	673,985	Al-Meezan Mutual Fund	-	4,121
		10,936	19,552	Attock Petroleum Limited	4,070	5,638
		50,000	10,000	Attock Refinery Limited	5,966	1,257
		50,000	50,000	Bahawalpur Textile Mills Limited	250	250
		100	100	Bawany Sugar Mills Limited	-	-
		30,000	30,000	Dewan Cement Company Limited	81	81
		25,000	, -	D.G. Khan Cement Company Limited	603	-
		70,000	70,000	Engro Polymer & Chemicals Limited	1,732	1,732
		157,181	45,632	Engro Corporation Limited	27,275	8,711
		156,038	55,000	Fauji Fertilizer Bin Qasim Limited	7,831	1,914
		81,473	46,323	Fauji Fertilizer Company Limited	13,228	4,556
		90,000	105,581	Fatima Fertilizer Company Limited	2,197	1,489
		372	372	First Investec Modaraba	1	1
		221,575	200,157	GlaxosmithKline Pakistan Limited	23,084	23,981
		8,361	15,500	Habib Bank Limited	993	1,837
		11,141	11,141	Hinopak Motors Limited	1,710	1,710
		22,055	60,794	ICI Pakistan Limited	3,371	8,467
		169,970	138,435	Kot Addu Power Company Limited	7,487	6,199
		100,000	100,000	Karachi Electricity Supply Company Limited (Face value Rs.3.50 per share)	394	394
		-	7,800	Karachi Electricity Supply Company Limited (R)	-	_
		365,000	65,000	Lotte Pakistan PTA Limited	5,174	730
		50,000	18,780	Lucky Cement Limited	4,119	1,375
		109,703	35,410	MCB Bank Limited	21,525	7,398
		-	25,000	Mybank Limited	-	143
		199,350	20,480	National Bank of Pakistan	10,201	1,362
		77,611	8,027	National Refinery Limited	27,977	1,764
		70,000	70,000	Netsol Technologies Limited	2,229	2,229
		25,000	25,000	NIB Bank Limited	126	126
		30,000	, -	Nishat Chunian Power Limited	496	-
		100,000	-	Nishat Power Limited	1,693	-
		-	79	Oil & Gas Development Company Limited	-	13
		60,432	45,432	Packages Limited 1	9,143	7,135
		499,599	499,599	Pak Oman Advantage Fund	5,019	5,019
		140,000	90,000	Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited	2,404	1,683
		63,816	3,361	Pakistan Oilfields Limited	23,064	822
		94,753	2,699	Pakistan Petroleum Limited	17,604	469
		262,799	262,799	Pakistan Reinsurance Company Limited	9,206	9,206
		118,319	76,827	Pakistan State Oil Company Limited	32,620	21,507
		141,500	166,500	PICIC Energy Fund	637	749
		268,977	268,977	PICIC Growth Fund	3,809	3,809
		48,717	48,717	PICIC Investment Fund	186	186
		10,611	10,611	Security Papers Limited	530	530
		(0.10/	(0.10/	Challin Tilan 9 Commiss Limited (Commiss De Franches)	0/0	0.00

Shahzad Textile Mills Limited

69,186

2,763

Shabbir Tiles & Ceramics Limited (Face value Rs 5 per share)

69,186 2,763

969

21

969

21

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

	Number shares / certifica		Name of entity		
	2011	2010		2011	2010
	60,576	38,951	Shell Pakistan Limited	14,499	9,871
	20,000	-	Summit Bank Limited	143	_
	51,800	101,800	The Hub Power Company Limited	1,961	3,396
	131,250	40,000	Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited	2,986	1,257
	-	81,250	Sui Southern Gas Company Limited	-	1,880
	300	300	Taj Textile Mills Limited	-	-
	18,617	33,638	Tri-pack Films Limited	2,957	3,782
	30,000	5,000	United Bank Limited	1,907	287
				303,478	160,056
			Market value as at December 31	229,716	150,416
13.4	Unquoted				
	9,407,275	9,407,275	Novelty Enterprises Limited Break-up value 2011: Rs.9.95 per accounts for the year ended June 30, 2011, Equity held: 16.66%	114,983	114,983
	F47	545	Chief Executive: Mr.Maqbool Sadiq	-	-
	517	517	Burma Soap & Oil Industries Limited	5	5
	101,572	101,572	Central Cotton Mills Limited	214	214
	113	113	H.M. Silk Mills Limited	115,203	115,203
13.5	Mutual funds (unit tr	rusts)			
	250	246	Askari High Yield Scheme (Formerly Askari Income Fund) [Face value Rs 100 per unit	25	25
	834	834	First Habib Income Fund (Face value Rs 100 per unit)	77	77
	2,434	2,434	HBL Income Fund (Face value Rs 100 per unit)	222	222
	776,720	2,131	HBL Money Market Fund (Face value Rs 100 per unit)	80,000	
	1,054,178	1,025,441	IGI Income Fund (Face value Rs 100 per unit)	105,570	105,570
	786,909	1,023,111	IGI Money Market Fund (Face value Rs 100 per unit)	80,000	103,370
	, 00,,,0,	1,016,103	MCB Dynamic Cash Fund (Face value Rs 100 per unit)	-	105,182
	1,464,136	2,568,744	MCB Cash Management Optimizer Fund	150,000	263,167
			(Face value Rs 100 per unit)		
	10,348	10,348	NAFA Income Opportunity Fund (NAFA Cash Fund)	97	97
	19,677,458	25,703,008	NAFA Government Security Liquid Fund	200,538	264,246
	1,759	1,629	Pakistan Capital Market Fund	10	10
	660,213	687,568	Pakistan Income Fund (Face value Rs 50 per unit)	24,711	27,534
	1,987	1,985	United Growth & Income Fund	188	188
	2 000 001	2 574 905	(Face value Rs 100 per unit)	200 620	264 122
	2,008,881	2,574,805	UBL Liquidity Plus Fund (Face value Rs 100 per unit)	200,638	264,122
			Maultot valvo as at Dosomahou 21	842,076	1,030,440
			Market value as at December 31	854,261	1,031,524

^{13.6} Mutual funds include Rs 24.7 million (2010: Rs 24.1 million) placed as statutory deposit with the State Bank of Pakistan (market value: Rs 35.4 million [2010: Rs 31.2 million]).

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

14. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

		2011						
		Cost			Depreciation			
	As at Jan 1, 2011	Additions/ (disposals)/ adjustments	As at Dec 31, 2011	Accumulated as at Jan 1, 2011		as at Dec 31,		Depreciation rate on written down value
Land	45,032	-	45,032	-	-	-	45,032	% per annum
Building	11,928	-	11,928	1,135	539	1,674	10,254	5
2011	56,960		56,960	1,135	539	1,674	55,286	

The fair value of the investment properties at December 31, 2011 as per valuation carried out by professional valuers in January 2012 is Rs 99.1 million.

		2010						
	Cost				Depreciation			
	As at Jan 1, 2010	Additions/ (disposals)/ adjustments	As at Dec 31, 2010	Accumulated as at Jan 1, 2010	Charge for A the year/ (disposals)/ adjustments	as at Dec 31,		Depreciation rate on written down value
Land	45,032	_	45,032	-	-	-	45,032	% per annum
Building	11,928	-	11,928	567	568	1,135	10,793	5
2010	56,960		56,960	567	568	1,135	55,825	

The fair value of the investment properties at December 31, 2010 as per valuation carried out by professional valuers in February 2011 is Rs 96.0 million.

		2011	2010
15.	PREMIUM DUE BUT UNPAID - unsecured		
	Considered good	612,048	439,701
	Considered doubtful	111,000	200,000
		723,048	639,701
	Provision for doubtful balances	111,000	200,000
		612,048	439,701
16.	AMOUNT DUE FROM OTHER INSURERS/REINSURERS		
	Considered good	269,516	333,027
	Considered doubtful	112,000	
		381,516	333,027
	Provision for doubtful balances	112,000	-
		269,516	333,027
17.	ACCRUED INVESTMENT INCOME		
	Return on bank deposits	700	977
	Dividends receivable	654	9,849
		1,354	10,826



for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amoun	ats in Rupees '000)								
(1 Miloui)	its in Rupees (000)					2	011		2010
18.	PREPAYMENTS								
	Prepaid premium to insurers / rein	surers				25	52,392	2	12,289
	Others						9,949		6,773
19.	SUNDRY RECEIVABLES						62,341		219,062
	Deposits						1,300		4,892
	Investment proceeds receivable						-		5,946
	Other receivables						4,429		4,720
20	EIVED ACCETC						5,729		15,558
20.	FIXED ASSETS		2011						
			Cost		Depreci	ation / Amor	tization		
			Additions/	As at	Accumulated		Accumulated as at		Depreciation rate on written
	ar 41	As at	(disposals)/	Dec 31,	as at	(disposals)/	Dec 31,	as at	down
	Tangible	Jan 1, 2011	adjustments	2011	Jan 1, 2011	adjustments	2011	Dec 31, 2011	value % per annum
	Owned Land and buildings	154,791	-	154,791	8,627	285	8,912	145,879	5
	(Office premises) Computer equipment	9,004	3,867	12,871	6,800	1,224	8,024	4,847	30
	Office equipment	10,167	992	11,108		598	5,269	5,839	10
	Furniture and fixtures	21,088	(51) 2,883	23,971	5,997	(21) 1,662	7,659	16,312	10
	Motor vehicles	92,922	8,747 (6,708)	94,961	41,530	10,794 (3,934)	48,390	46,571	20
		287,972	16,489	297,702	67,646	14,563	78,254	219,448	
	Intangible		(6,759)		= =====	(3,955)		=====	
	Computer software	5,285	1,723	7,008	3,149	1,029	4,178	2,830	30
	2011	293,257	18,212 (6,759)	304,710	70,795	15,592 (3,955)	82,432	222,278	
			2010						
			Cost		Depreci	ation / Amor	tization		
	Tangible	As at	Additions/ (disposals)/ adjustments	As at Dec 31, 2010		d the year/	as at	down value	Depreciation rate on written down value
		Jan 1, 2010	aujustinents		Jan 1, 2010	adjustificits		200 31, 2010	% per annum
	Owned Land and buildings	154,791	-	154,791	8,326	301	8,627	146,164	5
	(Office premises) Computer equipment	8,330	875	9,004	6,237	708	6,800	2,204	30
	Office equipment	7,986	(201) 2,204	10,167	4,166	(145) 544	4,692	5,475	10
	Furniture and fixtures	15,726	(23) 5,371	21,088		(18) 1,322	5,997	15,091	10
	Motor vehicles	66,665	(9) 30,864	92,922		(8) 9,252	41,530		20
	MOTOR VEHICLES	00,005	(4,607)	92,922	33,014	(3,336)	41,530	51,392	20
	Intangible	253,498	39,314 (4,840)	287,972	59,026	12,127 (3,507)	67,646	220,326	
	Computer software	4,378	907	5,285	2,237	912	3,149	2,136	30
	2010	257,876	40,221	293,257	61,263	13,039	70,795	222,462	



for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

20.1 Disposal of fixed assets

Description		Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Book value	Disposal proceeds	Gain/ (Loss)	Mode of disposal	Disposal to
Suzuki M/cycle	KBV-3808	68	43	25	27	2	Tender	Syed Kashir Zamir
Super Power M/cycle	KEV-9318	39	2	37	39	2	Insurance claim	Century Insurance
Honda M/cycle	LZT-6381	58	43	15	58	43	Company Policy	Mr Ejaz Hussain
Honda M/cycle	LZT-6377	54	40	14	54	40	Company Policy	Mr Aslam Ahmed
Mercedez E-200	AHM-204	4,150	3,047	1,103	1,103		Company Policy	Mr Fakhir Rahman
Honda City	LZD-6421	791	609	182	435	253	Company Policy	Mr Nisar Ahmed Bhatti
Toyota Corolla - GLI	AVL-858	1,549	150	1,399	1,515	116	Insurance claim	Century Insurance
Office equipment		50	21	29	7	(22)	Tender	Mr Rehan
2011		6,759	3,955	2,804	3,238	434		
2010		4,840	3,507	1,333	2,656	1,323		

	<u></u>			
		Note	2011	2010
21.	CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS			
	This represents property acquisition and renovation costs		33,172	30,072
22.	MANAGEMENT EXPENSES			
	Underwriting expenses			
	Salaries, wages and benefits Rent, taxes etc. Communication Feul and power Tracking devices Insurance Printing and stationery Travelling and entertainment Repairs and maintenance Legal and professional Advertisement Others		104,638 3,627 5,478 18,022 6,955 3,117 4,164 10,594 6,996 3,604 5,045 15,088 187,328	93,365 5,966 5,379 16,090 4,429 2,459 3,390 6,270 7,401 863 2,872 10,113 158,597
	General and administration expenses			130,377
	Depreciation and amortization Bonus, retirement and other benefits Provision for doubtful balances Workers welfare fund Others Total	22.2	15,592 17,913 23,000 1,837 5,499 63,841 251,169	13,039 18,101 2,893 3,217 37,250 195,847

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

22.1 Donations

Charitable donations paid during the year amounted to Rs 3.5 million (2010: Rs 4.4 million) and did not include any done in which any director or his spouse had any interest except for Rs 2.5 million to the Patient Aid Foundation. Mr Zahid Bashir, Chairman of the Board, is also the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the donee.

22.2	Provision for doubtful balances	2011	2010
	Opening balance	200,000	200,000
	Charge for the year	23,000	-
	Closing balance	223,000	200,000
23.	TAXATION		
	Current	(18,953)	(20,763)

As at the balance sheet date, the company has aggregate carried forward tax losses of Rs 434.5 million. The deferred tax assets on such losses and other temporary differences between the tax and accounting base of tax and other liabilities amounts to Rs 152.1 million. The company has not recognised such deferred tax assets due to uncertainty regarding the realization of such assets.

23.1	Tax charge reconciliation	%	0/0
	Applicable tax rate	35.00	35.00
	Effect of amounts that may not be allowable, net of exemptions / rebates Effect of amounts taxed at a different rate Effective tax rate	18.87 (32.81) (13.94) 21.06	5.67 (26.03) (20.36) 14.64
24.	EARNINGS PER SHARE		
	Profit after tax for the year Weighted average number of shares Basic earnings per share of Rs 5 each - Rupees	71,056 60,564,269 1.17	120,983 60,564,269 2.00

The company has not issued any instrument which would dilute its basic earnings per share when exercised.

25. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	Chief E	xecutive			itives	Total		
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Managerial remuneration	12,992	11,557	7,986	7,637	14,935	9,623	35,913	28,817
Retirement benefits	2,480	2,369	-	-	1,244	802	3,724	3,171
Housing and utilities	1,469	1,456	1,198	1,146	9,038	5,750	11,705	8,352
Bonus	-		-	-	4,373	3,705	4,373	3,705
Meeting fees	-		665	190	-	-	665	190
Others	258	487_	2,912	1,815	884	606	4,054	2,908
	17,199	15,869	12,761	10,788	30,474	20,486	60,434	47,143
Number of persons	1	1	7	7	16	9		

The chief executive, a director and executives have the free use of company cars and residential telephones for business purposes. Except for one director, all other directors are only paid meeting fees

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

26. SEGMENT REPORTING

The following presents segment revenue and profit information for the years ended December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 and estimated information regarding certain assets and liabilities as at December 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

	Fire and p	roperty				Total				
_			transı		Mot					
=	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Revenue										
Premium earned	389,820	317,232	140,391	113,087	231,405	182,007	131,629	116,507	893,245	728,833
Segment results	37,545	36,814	9,459	13,835	(41,525)	(30,692)	(530)	(3,075)	4,949	16,882
=	=======================================	=======================================			(* 37	:	(***)	(-,)		
Investment income									143,448	158,638
Gain on disposal of fixed assets									434	1,323
Rental income									2,930	332
Other income									2,089	1,821
General and administration expe	enses								(63,841)	(37,250)
									85,060	124,864
Profit before tax									90,009	141,746
Provision for taxation									(18,953)	(20,763)
Profit after tax									71,056	120,983
Other information										
Segment assets	734,595	596,972	189,093	178,401	275,252	225,635	296,388	259,813	1,495,328	1,260,821
Unallocated corporate assets									1,806,321	1,840,459
Consolidated total assets									3,301,649	3,101,280
Segment liabilities	489,997	395,168	107,550	99,915	246,576	200,202	215,992	192,186	1,060,115	887,471
"										
Unallocated corporate liabilities									403,525	371,151
Consolidated total liabilities									1,463,640	1,258,622
Canital ann an litera	0.425	17 220	2.004	(174	E 000	10.250	2 004	(250	21 212	40.224
Capital expenditure =	9,425	17,330	2,994	6,174	5,809	10,358	3,084	6,359	<u>21,312</u>	40,221
Depreciation / Amortization	6,896	5,618	2,190	2,002	4,250	3,358	2,256	2,061	15,592	13,039

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

27.1 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The company is exposed to a variety of financial risks: market risk, yield/mark-up rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk that could result in a reduction in the company's net assets or a reduction in the profits available for dividends. The company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the company's financial performance. The Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the company's risk management framework and is responsible for developing risk management policies and its monitoring.

27.1.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The company manages the market risk by monitoring exposure on related securities by following internal risk management policies.

Primarily, the company's equity investments are exposed to market risk. Market risk is limited by diversification of the portfolio and active monitoring of capital markets.

The table below summarizes the company's equity price risk as of December 31, 2011 and 2010 and shows the effects of a hypothetical 10% increase and a 10% decrease in market prices as at the year end. The selected hypothetical change does not reflect what could be considered to be the best or worst case scenarios. Indeed, results could be worse in company's equity investment portfolio because of the nature of equity markets.

	Fair value	Hypothetical price change	Estimated fair value after hypothetical change in price	Hypothetical increase/ (decrease) in shareholder's equity	Hypothetical increase/ (decrease) in profit / (loss) before tax
December 31, 2011	253,411	10% increase	278,752	25,341	25,341
		10% decrease	228,070	(25,341)	(25,341)
December 31, 2010	190,343	10% increase	209,377	19,034	19,034
		10% decrease	171,309	(19,034)	(19,034)

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

27.1.2 Yield / mark-up rate risk

Yield / mark-up rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market yield / mark-up. The company invests in securities and has deposits that are subject to yield / mark-up rate risk. The company limits yield / mark-up rate risk by monitoring changes in yield / mark-up rates in the currencies in which its cash and investments are denominated.

	2011									
		Exposed	to yield/mark	up risk	Not e	xposed to yield	l/mark-up rate	e risk		
	Effective yield/mark- up rate %	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Total		
Financial assets										
Cash and bank deposits	5 - 10	186,633	-	186,633	-	-	-	186,633		
Loans to employees	6.00	706	294	1,000	-	-	-	1,000		
Investments		-	-	-	1,290,920	-	1,290,920	1,290,920		
Premium due but unpaid		-	-	-	612,048	-	612,048	612,048		
Amount due from other insurers / reinsurers		-	-	-	269,516	-	269,516	269,516		
Accrued investment income		-	-	-	1,354	-	1,354	1,354		
Accrued salvage recoveries		-	-	-	8,347	-	8,347	8,347		
Reinsurance recoveries		-	-	-	278,307	-	278,307	278,307		
Sundry receivables					5,729_		5,729	5,729_		
		187,339	294	187,633	2,466,221		2,466,221	2,653,854		
Financial liabilities										
Provision for outstanding claims		-	_	-	430,567	_	430,567	430,567		
Amount due to other insurers / reinsurers		-	-	-	114,393	-	114,393	114,393		
Accrued expenses		-	-	-	16,200	-	16,200	16,200		
Other creditors and accruals		-	-	-	235,359	-	235,359	235,359		
Dividend payable		-	-	-	10,032	-	10,032	10,032		
* *					806,551		806,551	806,551		
Total yield / mark-up rate risk sensitivity g	ap 2011	187,339	294	187,633	1,659,670		1,659,670	1,847,303		

				2	010			
		Exposed	to yield/mark	-up risk	Not e	xposed to yield	l/mark-up rate	e risk
	Effective yield/mark- up rate %	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Sub total	Total
Financial assets								
Cash and bank deposits	5 - 10	148,601	5,246	153,847	-	-	-	153,847
Loans to employees	6.00	706	1,000	1,706	-	-	-	1,706
Investments		-	-	-	1,343,391	-	1,343,391	1,343,391
Premium due but unpaid		-	-	-	439,701	-	439,701	439,701
Amount due from other insurers / reinsurers		-	-	-	333,027	-	333,027	333,027
Accrued investment income		-	-	-	10,826	-	10,826	10,826
Accrued salvage recoveries		-	-	-	8,260	-	8,260	8,260
Reinsurance recoveries		-	-	-	209,006	-	209,006	209,006
Sundry receivables					15,558_		15,558_	15,558
		149,307	6,246	155,553	2,359,769		2,359,769	2,515,322
Financial liabilities								
Provision for outstanding claims		-	-	-	339,603	-	339,603	339,603
Amount due to other insurers / reinsurers		-	-	-	117,981	-	117,981	117,981
Accrued expenses		-	-	-	15,359	-	15,359	15,359
Other creditors and accruals		-	-	-	208,531	-	208,531	208,531
Dividend payable					7,700		7,700	7,700
* *					689,174	-	689,174	689,174
Total yield / mark-up rate risk sensitivity gap 2	010	149,307	6,246	155,553	1,670,595		1,670,595	1,826,148

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the company's profit before tax and equity based upon average balances and rates:

	Increase / (decrease) in pass points		Effect on equity
December 31, 2011	100	1,680	1,092
	(100)	(1,680)	(1,092)
December 31, 2010	100	1,806	1,174
	(100)	(1,806)	(1,174)

27.1.3 Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The company, at present is not materially exposed to currency risk as majority of the transactions are carried out in Pakistani Rupees.

27.1.4 Credit risk and concentration of credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures by undertaking transactions with a large number of counterparties in various industries and by continually assessing the credit worthiness of counterparties.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure, as specified below:

	2011	2010
Bank deposits	186,005	153,404
Investments in mutual funds	842,076	1,030,440
Premium due but unpaid - net of provision	612,048	439,701
Amount due from other insurers / reinsurers - net of provision	269,516	333,027
Accrued investment income	1,354	10,826
Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	278,307	209,006
Sundry receivables	5,729	15,558

General provision is made for receivables according to the company's policies. The remaining past due balances were not impaired as they relate to a number of policy holders and other insurers / reinsurers for whom there is no history of default.

The age analysis of receivables is as follows:	2011	2010
Upto 1 year	374,532	353,657
1 -2 years	109,415	46,320
2 - 3 years	27,408	46,621
Over 3 years	211,693	193,103
	<u>723,048</u>	639,701
Considered impaired	111,000	200,000

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

The credit quality of the company's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit ratings as follows:

10110 1101	Rating		Rating			
	Short term	Long term	Agency	2011	2010	
United Bank Limited	A-1+	AA +	JCR-VIS	26,170	55,666	
Allied Bank Limited	A-1+	AA	PACRA	6,556	3,952	
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	A-1+	AA +	PACRA	130,679	75,553	
NIB Bank Limited	A-1+	AA -	PACRA	19,697	8,480	
Habib Bank Limited	A-1+	AA +	JCR-VIS	1,632	921	
Samba Bank Limited	A-1	A +	JCR-VIS	8	61	
MCB Bank Limited	A-1+	AA +	PACRA	96	3,036	
National Bank of Pakistan	A-1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	1,160	481	
Industrial Development Bank of Pakistan			,	7	8	
-				186,005	148,158	

The credit quality of amount due from other insurers and reinsurers (gross of provision held) can be assessed with reference to external credit ratings as follows:

	Amount due from other insurers / reinsurers	Reinsurance recoveries against outstanding claims	Other reinsurance	2011	2010
A or above (including PRCL)	345,517	266,430	229,776	841,723	705,064
BBB	25,148	6,201	5,517	36,866	8,984
Others	10,851	5,676	17,099	33,626	40,274
Total	381,516	278,307	252,392	912,215	754,322

27.1.5 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting payment obligations when they fall due under normal circumstances. To guard against the risk, the company has diversified funding sources and assets are managed with liquidity in mind, maintaining a healthy balance of cash and cash equivalents and readily marketable securities. The maturity profile is monitored to ensure adequate liquidity is maintained.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the company's financial liabilities. The contractual maturities of these liabilities at the year end have been determined on the basis of the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. Financial liabilities not having a contractual maturity are assumed to mature on the expected date on which these liabilities will be settled.

		2011		
Tr. 1111111.	Within one year	Over one year to five years	Over five years	Total
Financial liabilities				
Provision for outstanding claims	430,567	-	-	430,567
Staff retirement benefits	-	26,472	-	26,472
Amount due to other insurers / reinsurers	114,393	-	-	114,393
Accrued expense	16,200	-	-	16,200
Other creditors and accruals	235,359	-	-	235,359
Unclaimed dividend	10,032	-	-	10,032
	806,551	26,472		833,023

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

•	2010			
Financial liabilities	Within one year	Over one year to five years	Over five years	Total
Provision for outstanding claims	339,603	-	-	339,603
Staff retirement benefits	-	23,079	-	23,079
Amount due to other insurers / reinsurers	117,981	-	-	117,981
Accrued expense	15,359	-	-	15,359
Other creditors and accruals	208,531	-	-	208,531
Unclaimed dividend	7,700	-	-	7,700
	689,174	23,079		712,253

27.2 Insurance risk

The risk under any insurance contract is the possibility that the insured event occurs and the uncertainty in the amount of compensation to the insured. Generally most insurance contracts carry the insurance risk for a period of one year.

The company accepts insurance through issuance of general insurance contracts. For these general insurance contracts the most significant risks arise from fire, atmospheric disturbance, earthquake, terrorist activities and other catastrophes.

The company's risk exposure is mitigated by employing a comprehensive framework to identify, assess, manage and monitor risk. This framework includes implementation of underwriting strategies which aim to ensure that the underwritten risks are well diversified in terms of type and amount of the risk. Adequate reinsurance is arranged to mitigate the effect of the potential loss to the company from individual to large or catastrophic insured events. Further, the company adopts strict claim review policies including active management and prompt pursuing of the claims, regular detailed review of claim handling procedures and frequent investigation of possible false claims to reduce the insurance risk.

Frequency and severity of claims

Risk associated with general insurance contracts includes the reasonable possibility of significant loss as well as the frequent occurrence of the insured events. This has been managed by having in place underwriting strategy, reinsurance arrangements and proactive claim handling procedures.

The company's class wise major risk exposure is as follows:

	2011 Maximum Gross Risk Exposure	2010 Maximum Gross Risk Exposure
Fire and property Marine, aviation and transport Motor Miscellaneous	6,196,747 568,062 18,317 356,592	5,220,993 355,133 18,317 155,917

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

The reinsurance arrangements against major risk exposures include excess of loss, surplus arrangements and catastrophic coverage. The objective of having such arrangements is to mitigate adverse impacts of severe losses on company's net retentions.

Uncertainty in the estimation of future claims payment

Claims on general insurance contracts are payable on a claim occurrence basis. The company is liable for all insured events that occur during the term of the insurance contract including the event reported after the expiry of the insurance contract term.

An estimated amount of the claim is recorded immediately on the intimation to the company. The estimation of the amount is based on management judgment or preliminary assessment by the independent surveyor appointed for this purpose. The initial estimates include expected settlement cost of the claims. The estimation of provision of claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) is based on analysis of the past claim reporting pattern.

There are several variable factors which affect the amount and timing of recognized claim liabilities. The company takes all reasonable measures to mitigate the factors affecting the amount and timing of claim settlements. However, uncertainty prevails with estimated claim liabilities and it is likely that final settlement of these liabilities may be different from initial recognized amount. Similarly, the provision for claims incurred but not reported is based on historic reporting pattern of the claims; hence, actual amount of incurred but not reported claims may differ from the amount estimated.

Key assumptions

The principal assumption underlying the liability estimation of IBNR and Premium Deficiency Reserves is that the company's future claim development will follow similar historical pattern for occurrence and reporting. The management uses qualitative judgment to assess the extent to which past occurrence and reporting pattern will not apply in future. The judgment includes external factors e.g. treatment of one-off occurrence claims, changes in market factors, economic conditions, etc. The internal factors such as portfolio mix, policy conditions and claim handling procedures are further used in this regard.

The assumed net of reinsurance loss ratios for each class of business is as follows:

Class	Assumed Net Loss Ratio 2011	Assumed Net Loss Ratio 2010
Fire and property	17%	17%
Marine, aviation and transport	28%	27%
Motor	67%	67%
Miscellaneous	81%	72%

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

Sensitivity analysis

The risks associated with the insurance contracts are complex and subject to a number of variables which complicate quantitative sensitivity analysis. The company makes various assumptions and uses techniques based on past claims development experience. This includes indications such as average claims cost, ultimate claims numbers and expected loss ratios. The company considers that the liability for insurance claims recognised in the balance sheet is adequate. However, actual experience will differ from the expected outcome.

As the company mostly enters into short term insurance contracts, it does not assume any significant impact of changes in market conditions on unexpired risks. However, some results of sensitivity testing are set out below, showing the impact on profit before tax net of reinsurance.

Pre tax	Pre tax profit		Shareholders' equity	
2011	2010	2011	2010	
(21,883)	(16,820)	(14,224)	(10,933)	
21,883	16,820	14,224	10,933	

Claims development

The development of claims against insurance contracts issued is not disclosed as uncertainty about the amount and timing of claim settlement is usually resolved within one year.

27.3 Reinsurance arrangements

Keeping in view the maximum exposure in respect of key zone aggregates, both proportional and non-proportional reinsurance arrangements are in place to protect the net account in case of a catastrophe. Apart from the adequate event limit, any loss over and above the said limit would be recovered from the non-proportional treaty which is considered adequate by the company. In compliance with the regulatory requirements, the reinsurance arrangements are duly submitted to the SECP.

The risk by type of contract is summarised below:

			T	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Fire and property	274,541,047	205,172,988	101,607,642	75,647,281
Marine, aviation and transport	98,658,095	80,319,405	45,274,200	39,706,059
Motor	10,551,494	7,989,020	9,888,860	7,442,571
Miscellaneous	24,783,616	18,268,978	5,107,903	3,513,125
	408,534,252	311,750,391	161,878,605	126,309,036

Gross exposure

Net exposure

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

27.4 Geographical concentration of insurance risk

To optimize benefits from the principle of averages and law of large numbers, geographical spread of risk is of extreme importance. There are a number of parameters which are significant in assessing the accumulation of risks with reference to the geographical location. Risk surveys are carried out on a regular basis for the evaluation of physical hazards associated with the location, occupation and coverage of the insureds.

The ability to manage catastrophic risk is tied to managing the density of risk within a particular area. For catastrophic aggregates, we have utilised precise geographic CRESTA (Catastrophe Risk Evaluating and Standardizing Target Accumulations) codes with reference to the accumulation of sums insured in force at any particular location against natural perils. It provides a way to better visualize the risk exposures so the company determines the appropriate amount of reinsurance coverage to protect the business portfolio.

28. Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is an amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in arms length transaction. Consequently, difference may arise between the carrying values and the fair values estimates.

The carrying value of the financial instruments reported in the financial statements approximates their fair value, which have been disclosed in the respective notes to these financial statements.

		2011	2010
29.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION		
	Audit fee	288	288
	Fee for review of financial statements	60	60
	Certification fee	242	170
	Out of pocket expenses	69	60
		659	578

2011

2010

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

30. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties comprise associated companies, entities under common control, entities with common directors, major shareholders, directors, key management personnel and funded employee retirement benefit schemes.

Transactions and balances with related parties, other than remuneration to the chief executive, directors and executives under the terms of employment and employee retirement benefits, disclosed in notes 8, 12 and 25, are as follows:

	2011	2010
Associated undertakings		
Premium written	92,773	90,136
Claims paid	60,436	11,656
Commission paid	6,512	11,095
Dividend received	2,555	3,842
Dividend paid	9,312	5,830
Others		
Premium written	47	
Dividend paid	2,894	1,805
Meeting fees	665	190
Rent received	900	900
Period-end balances		
Associated undertakings		
Claims outstanding	59,106	37,394
Premium receivable	146,201	128,272
Others		
Premium receivable	78	
Other payables	137	147

Transactions with related parties are in the normal course of business at rates and terms consistent with the market. Other related party transactions such as those relating to key management personnel and retirement plans are in accordance with terms of employment and company policy.



for the year ended December 31, 2011

(Amounts in Rupees '000)

31. NON-ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on March 24, 2012 has proposed a cash dividend of 20% (2010: 25%). Which will be issued out of the unappropriated profit. This distribution will be approved in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011 do not include the effect of the following appropriation which will be accounted for in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2012 as follows:

Transfer from unappropriated profit to proposed dividend

60,564

32. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on March 24, 2012 by the directors of the company.

33. GENERAL

Figures of the prior year have been rearranged wherever necessary for the purpose of comparison. All amounts have been rounded to the nearest thousand Rupees.



Pattern of Shareholding As at December 31, 2011

Number of Shareholdings Total				
Shareholders	From	To	Shares Held	
639	1	100	15969	
479	101	500	123315	
309 605	501 1001	1000 5000	224124 1440845	
196	5001	10000	1404988	
80	10001	15000	999077	
58	15001	20000	957747	
37 27	20001 25001	25000 30000	839472 733758	
25	30001	35000	795134	
17	35001	40000	638018	
18 10	40001 45001	45000 50000	784223 468667	
6	50001	55000	312779	
7	55001	60000	406954	
9 2	60001 65001	65000 70000	559075 132003	
4	70001	75000	289161	
4	75001	80000	307632	
9	80001 85001	85000	753430 347919	
4	90001	90000 95000	363625	
2	95001	100000	192685	
3	100001	105000	310461	
2 2	105001 110001	110000 115000	215347 230000	
3	115001	120000	347924	
3	120001	125000	364480	
4 1	125001 135001	130000 140000	509459 135994	
2	140001	145000	284570	
2	150001	155000	305953	
2 2 3 2	155001 160001	160000 165000	317129 485302	
3 2	165001	170000	485302 335035	
2	170001	175000	342125	
6	180001	185000	1101510	
1	185001 190001	190000 195000	189750 192036	
1	205001	210000	206611	
1	220001	225000	222663	
2 1	230001 235001	235000 240000	464978 236765	
2	240001	245000	482910	
1	245001	250000	246186	
2 1	250001 260001	255000 265000	505173 262310	
1	285001	290000	288662	
1	300001	305000	302815	
1	305001 315001	310000 320000	305649 318994	
1	330001	335000	331887	
1	340001	345000	342350	
1 2	360001 365001	365000 370000	363380 731327	
2	375001	380000	756774	
3	390001	395000	1177966	
1	420001	425000	421006	
1 1	425001 430001	430000 435000	427779 431576	
1	460001	465000	460474	
1	475001	480000	476732	
2 1	495001 570001	500000 575000	996327 573393	
1	580001	585000	583165	
3	590001	595000	1777686	
1	605001 630001	610000 635000	605637 631171	
1	635001	640000	638825	
1	680001	685000	680877	
1 1	720001 780001	725000 785000	721353 783662	
1	835001	840000 840000	839934	
1	885001	890000	885221	
1	895001 945001	900000	896379 947427	
1	945001 1020001	950000 1025000	947427 1020269	
1	1090001	1095000	1094835	
1	1105001	1110000	1107335	
1	1120001 1415001	1125000 1420000	1121899 1417003	
1	1413001	1500000	1417003	
1	2455001	2460000	2455389	
1	4205001 6555001	4210000 6560000	4207853 6556969	

Pattern of Shareholding
As at December 31, 2011
Additional Information

Categories of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
Directors, CEO and their spouses & minor children		
Mr. Zahid Bashir (Director)	7,365	0.01
		0.01
(=	66,401	
Mr. Shams Rafi (Director)	431,576	0.71
Mr. Nadeem Maqbool (Director)	573,393	0.95
Mr. Imran Maqbool (Director)	593,659	0.98
Mrs Umbreen Zahid Bashir (w/o. Mr Zahid Bashir)	24,918	0.04
Mrs.Tanveer Khalid (w/o. Mr.Khalid Bashir)	192,036	0.32
Mrs.Nazia Maqbool (w/o.Mr.Nadeem Maqbool)	242,249	0.40
Mrs.Asma Imran Maqbool (w/o.Mr.Imran Maqbool)	183,617	0.30
Associated companies, undertakings & related parties		
Crescent Fibres Ltd.	84,477	0.14
Crescent Powertec Ltd.	4,207,853	6.95
Crescent Sugar Mills & Distillery Ltd.	363,380	0.60
Equity Textiles Limited	981,134	1.62
Jubilee Spinning & Weaving Mills Ltd.	22,670	0.04
Muhammad Amin Muhammad Bashir Ltd.	14,047	0.02
Shams Textile Mills Ltd.	885,221	1.46
Suraj Cotton Mills Limited	721,353	1.19
The Crescent Textile Mills Ltd.	169,573	0.28
NIT & ICP		
Investment Corporation of Pakistan	1,388	-
Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions		
Banks	68,136	0.11
Investment Companies	339,349	0.56
Joint Stock Companies	1,353,506	2.23
Financial Institutions	416,337	0.69
Insurance Companies	806,474	1.33
Modarabas & Mutual Funds	2,532,427	4.18
Shareholders holding 10%		
State Life Insurance Corporation of Pakistan	6,557,314	10.83
General Public		
a. Local	37,983,648	62.70
b. Foreign	84,858	0.14
Others		
Administrator Abandoned Properties, Government of Pakistan	331,887	0.55
Dawood Foundation	24,090	0.04
Trustees Muhammad Amin Wakf Estate	236,765	0.39
Trustees Crescent Steel & Allied Products Ltd.	15,180	0.03
Trustees Saeeda Amin Wakf		0.03
	15,525	
Trustees Rashid Latif Jamal Trust	3,036	0.01
Trustees Aziz Latif Jamal Trust	3,036	0.01
Trustees DGKC Employees P.F. Trust	15,483	0.03
Ali Trust	55	-
Islamabad Stock Exchange (G) Limited	10,853	0.02
	60,564,269	100.00

Annual Report 2011

Locations

KARACHI

Head Office:

State Life Building No. 2A 5th Floor, Wallace Road Phones: (021) 32416331-34 Fax : (021) 32416572

3rd Floor, Lakhani Centre I.I. Chundrigar Road

Phone: (021) 32210866-67 Fax: (021) 32210870

QUETTA

43-Regal Plaza 2nd Floor Circular Road

Phones: (081) 2842883

PESHAWAR

1081/A, Rehman Building Saddar Road Cantt Phones: (091) 5273757 Fax : (091) 5277809

SIALKOT

Room # 3 & 4, Sahib Plaza Saga Chowk Defence Road

Phones: (052) 3572192-3 Fax : (052) 3572194

GUJRANWALA

Block "L" Trust Plaza G.T. Road

Phones: (055) 3859719-20 Fax : (055) 3256432

KHANPUR

Liaison office 365, Model Town – B Phones: (068) 5572834 Fax : (068) 5572834

LAHORE

North Zone Office: 162, Shadman II

Phones: (042) 37563160-63 Fax : (042) 37579334

F-13, Hafeez Centre, 4th Floor Main Boulevard Gulberg

Phones: (042) 35874271/35873636

Fax : (042) 35750749

23, Shahrah-e-Quaid-e-Azam

P. O. Box No. 355

Phones: (042) 37230602-5 Fax : (042) 37235557

FAISALABAD

1st Floor Regency Arcade, 949, Mall Road P. O. Box No. 105

Phones: (041) 2632211-13 Fax : (041) 2617802

2nd Floor, 18-S.M. Plaza, Chenab Market

Susan Road, Madina Town Phones: (041) 8503541-42

MULTAN

4th Floor, Mehr Fatima Tower, Opp: High Court, Old Bahawalpur Road

Phones: (061) 4515007, 4515009, 4585006

4580114, 4545008

Fax : (061) 4587143

RAWALPINDI

32, Service Plaza, The Mall

Phones: (051) 5562113, 5568907

Fax : (051) 5566900

ISLAMABAD

Masco Plaza, 64-E, 2nd Floor Blue Area, Jinnah Avenue

Phones: (051) 2270134, 2270135, 2876967

Fax : (051) 2829654

SAHIWAL

Room No.1, Sattar Complex, Stadium Road

Phones: (040) 4220918 Fax : (040) 4220790

Premier Insurance Limited



PROXY FORM

Annual General Meeting

I/V	We			
of.	being a n	nember of Premier I	nsurance Limite	d and holder of
	Ordinary shares as per	Registered Folio No)	
and	l/or CDC Participant I.D.No	Sub-Account No		
CN	IIC Noor	Passport No		
her	reby appointo	of		who
is a	lso a member of the Company, Folio No	or failing him	/her	
of.	as my/our Pr	roxy in my/our abser	nce to attend, spe	eak and vote for
me	/us and on my/our behalf at the Annual General	Meeting of the cor	npany to be hel	d on Saturday,
Ap	ril 28, 2012 at 9:00 a.m. at the Carlton Hotel, DC-5,	, opp: Zulfiqar Stree	t 1, DHA Phase	· VIII, Karachi,
(No	ear DHA Creek Club) and at any adjournment the	ereof.		
1.	Witness:			
	Signature			
	Name			
	Address		Rupees Five	
			Revenue	
	CNIC or Passport No		Stamp	
		Signa	ture of Sharehol	der
2.	Witness:			
	Signature			
	Name			
	Address			
	CNIC or Passport No.			

Note:

- 1. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the Registered Office of the Company at 5th Floor, State Life Building No. 2-A, Wallace Road, Karachi not later than 48 hour before the meeting.
- 2. CDC Shareholders and their Proxies are each requested to attach an attested Photocopy of their Computerized National Identity Card or Passport with this proxy form before submission to the Company.
- 3. The shareholders having shares deposited with the Central Depository Company (CDC) are requested to bring their Original Computerized National Identity Card and CDC account number for verification.

