



PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

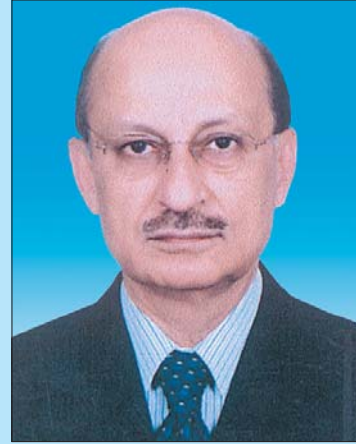
Board	:	Vice Admiral (Retd) S. Tauquir H. Naqvi HI(M), S. Bt. Chairman
		Mr. S. Haider Abbas Rizvi, MNA Director
		Mr. Kamal Afsar Director
		Mr. Tauqir Ahmed Director
		Mr. Sheikh Manzar Alam Director
		Mr. Mohammad Khusrow Khowaja Director
		Mr. Jahangir Siddiqui Director
Audit Committee of the Board	:	Mr. S. Haider Abbas Rizvi – Chairman Mr. Mohammad Khusrow Khowaja – Member Mr. Jahangir Siddiqui – Member Mr. Sheikh Manzar Alam – Member
Secretary	:	Mr. Arif Saeed
Head Office	:	PNSC Building, Moulvi Tamizuddin Khan Road, Karachi - 74000
Auditors	:	A. F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co. Chartered Accountants
Bankers	:	National Bank of Pakistan Habib Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited United Bank Limited Bank Al-Falah Limited ABN-AMRO Bank Citibank N.A. Meezan Bank Limited



Mr. S. Haider Abbas Rizvi
Director



Vice Admiral (R) S. Tauquir H. Naqvi
Chairman



Mr. Kamal Afsar
Director



Mr. Tauqir Ahmed
Director

**Board
of
Directors**



Mr. Sheikh Manzar Alam
Director



Mr. M. Khusrow Khawaja
Director



Mr. Jahangir Siddiqui
Director



Vice Admiral (R) S. Tauquir H. Naqvi
Chairman & Chief Executive



Brig.(R) Rashid Siddiqi
Executive Director
(Administration)



Cdre. (R) Shaikh Rashid Ullah
Executive Director
(Sp. Projects & Planning/Ship Management)

Management



Capt. Aftabuddin Siddiqui
Executive Director
(Commercial)



Mr. Imtiaz C. Agboatwala
Executive Director
(Finance)



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 28th Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of Pakistan National Shipping Corporation will be held at the Navy Welfare Centre (Pakistan Navy Fleet Club), near Lucky Star Hotel, Saddar, Karachi, on Thursday, the 19th October 2006 at 9.30 a.m. to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To confirm the Minutes of 27th Annual General Meeting of the shareholders held on 20th October 2005.
2. To consider and adopt the Audited Accounts of the Corporation and the Consolidated Accounts of the PNSC Group together with the Reports of Auditors and Directors for the year ended 30th June 2006.
3. To consider and approve Board's recommendation to pay 10% Cash Dividend (i.e. Re 1.00 per share of Rs 10 each) to the shareholders.
4. To consider Board's recommendation to re-appoint the retiring auditors A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants, and Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co., Chartered Accountants, as joint auditors of the Corporation for the year 2006-2007 and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business that may be placed before the meeting with the permission of the chair.

By Order of the Board

ARIF SAEED
COMPANY SECRETARY

Dated: September 27, 2006.

Note:

1. The Share Transfer Books of the Corporation will remain closed from 10th October 2006 to 19th October 2006 (both days inclusive).
2. A shareholder entitled to attend and vote at this meeting is also entitled to appoint his/her proxy to attend the meeting. Proxies must be received at the Head Office of the Corporation not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
3. CDC Account Holders are advised to bring their original National Identity Cards to authenticate their identity along with CDC account numbers at the meeting. However, if any proxies are granted by such shareholders, the same shall also have to be accompanied with attested copies of the National Identity Card of the grantor, and the signature on the proxy form has to be the same as appearing on the National Identity Card.
4. The shareholders are requested to immediately notify change, if any, in their mailing addresses.



PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

The Board of Directors of Pakistan National Shipping Corporation is pleased to present the twenty-eighth Annual Report together with the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2006.

OVERVIEW

PNSC Group's turnover for the year was Rs 7,924.6 million as compared to the previous year's turnover of Rs 7,950.9 million, with healthy contributions in respect of freight revenues from both Combi Vessels and the Oil Tankers. However, PNSC's own turnover (excluding service fee received from subsidiary companies) declined from Rs 2,172 million for last year to Rs 1,491 million for the current year. This reduction was due mainly to the decline in the chartering revenue earned from hiring of foreign flagged vessels for the transportation of crude oil and rock phosphate. The said revenue has been passed on to the subsidiary companies.

The expenses for the year showed a significant upward trend. The main contributing factors were higher fuel costs and higher insurance costs due to revaluation of assets towards the end of the last financial year. In addition to those two factors the full year effect of depreciation on the revalued assets also contributed towards increase in costs. These three items cumulatively accounted for 43% of the total revenues as against 21.6% for the financial year 2004-05. Consequently PNSC Group achieved a gross profit of Rs 1,669.6 million as compared to Rs 2,955.9 million last year. During the year, surplus funds with PNSC were placed with banks, which yielded Rs 261.04 million as compared to last year of Rs 63.3 million. With the increased interest income on placement of surplus funds, PNSC Group's profit before tax was Rs 1,391.1 million as compared to Rs 2,898.5 million of the last year.

The Corporation's earnings per share as at June 30, 2006 was Rs 9.38 as compared to Rs 21.06 of last year.

During the year, MV Kaghan, a bulk carrier was added to the fleet making a total fleet size of 15 vessels. The said induction has further increased the total capacity of PNSC managed vessels from 570,466 DWT to 636,182 DWT.

During the year a new company by the name of Pak Nippon Car Liner (Private) Limited was incorporated in order to cater to the growing demand of imports of cars in the country. Negotiations are in progress to make the Company a joint venture company between ECL Car Liner, Japan and PNSC. As you are aware that National Tanker Company (Private) Limited (NTC), a joint venture company between PERAC and PNSC, was an associated company uptill last year. During the year, your company has purchased remaining fifty percent shares from PERAC and now NTC [subsequently renamed Karachi Shipping (Private) Limited] has also become a wholly-owned subsidiary of PNSC.

COMMERCIAL OPERATIONS

During the year under review, PNSC and its fifteen subsidiary companies together performed a total of 652 voyages (inclusive of foreign chartered vessels and slot chartered vessels) and lifted 9.409 million freight tons of cargo as compared to 621 voyages and 9.201 million freight tons of cargo respectively in the previous year.

Sector-wise cargo liftings were as under:

SECTOR	2005-2006 FREIGHT TONS MILLION	2004-2005 FREIGHT TONS MILLION	2003-2004 FREIGHT TONS MILLION
Liquid	8.185	8.138	7.838
Dry Bulk	0.261	0.110	0.185
Trade Area - East	0.493	0.505	0.932
Trade Area - West	0.470	0.448	0.441
Total	9.409	9.201	9.396



DIVIDEND

The Directors are pleased to recommend payment of cash dividend at 10% (Re 1.00 per share) (2005: 20% cash i.e. Rs 2.00 per share and 10 bonus shares for every 100 shares) held by the shareholders whose names appear in the Share Register of the Corporation at the close of business on 9th October 2006.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

As part of the fleet renewal/expansion plans, your Corporation is continuing with its efforts to add more vessels to its fleet. During the year the management has plans to purchase three more vessels at a total cost of about US\$ 150 million. Out of the said US\$ 150 million, US\$ 135 million will be arranged through financing from a Bank. Necessary approvals have been obtained and it is expected that these vessels will be inducted into the fleet in the financial year 2006-07. The management is also in the process of incorporating two more companies and accordingly total number of subsidiaries will be nineteen. The above measures are being taken to increase the profitability of the Group and to sustain future growth.

GROUNDING OF TASMAN SPIRIT

Further to what was reported in last year's Annual Report, Arbitration proceedings have commenced in London on 12th June 2006 and likely to culminate by the end of the current calendar year.

COMPLIANCE WITH CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance set out by the Karachi Stock Exchange in its Listing Regulations have been duly complied with. A statement to this effect is annexed with the Report.

STATEMENT OF ETHICS AND BUSINESS PRACTICES

The Board has adopted the Statement of Ethics and Business Practices. All the employees are informed of this Statement and are required to observe these rules of conduct in relation to business and its regulations.

CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK

It is certified that:

- (i) The financial statements present fairly the Corporation's state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- (ii) The Corporation has maintained proper books of accounts.
- (iii) Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements, and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- (iv) International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in the preparation of financial statements and any departure therefrom has been adequately disclosed.
- (v) The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- (vi) There are no significant doubts about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern.
- (vii) There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the Stock Exchange Listing Regulations.
- (viii) Summary of key operating and financial data of last six financial years is attached to this Report.
- (ix) Outstanding duties and taxes, if any, have been duly disclosed in the financial statements.



- (x) The total of investments made by Pakistan National Shipping Corporation Employees Contributory Provident Fund, based on the audited accounts for the year ended June 30th, 2005, stood at Rs 866.13 million.
- (xi) During the year ended June 30th 2006, a total of seven meetings of the Board of Directors were held. The position of attendance during respective tenure was as follows:

Name of Directors	Meetings	
	Held	Attended
Vice Admiral (Retd) S. Tauquir H. Naqvi	7	7
Mr. S. Haider Abbas Rizvi	7	7
Mr. Jahangir Siddiqui	7	4
Mr. Kamal Afsar	7	4
Mr. Mohammad Khusrow Khowaja	7	5
Sheikh Manzar Alam	7	6
Mr. Tauqir Ahmed	7	3

CERTIFICATE OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

It is confirmed that the transactions entered with related parties have been ratified by the Audit Committee and the Board and provide the information about the amounts due from related parties at the balance sheet date.

MANAGEMENT

There has been no change in the composition of the Board of Directors during the year 2005-06.

AUDITORS

The joint auditors, A. F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants and Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co., Chartered Accountants retire and have offered themselves for reappointment. The Board recommends that, as suggested by Audit Committee, A. F. Ferguson & Co, Chartered Accountants and Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co., Chartered Accountants may be appointed joint auditors for the year ending June 30, 2007.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Board wishes to thank the officers and staff of the Corporation for their hard work and the dedication in the discharge of their duties.

The Directors are also grateful to the refineries, shippers, agents, and other business associates for their continued patronage and support.

S. TAUQUIR H. NAQVI
HI(M), S.Bt.
VICE ADMIRAL (RETD)
CHAIRMAN



A. F. FERGUSON & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
STATE LIFE BUILDING 1-C
1. 1. CHUNDRIGAR ROAD
KARACHI.

FORD RHODES SIDAT HYDER & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
PROGRESSIVE PLAZA
BEAUMONT ROAD
KARACHI.

REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH BEST PRACTICES OF THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have review the Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance prepared by the Board of Directors of Pakistan National Shipping Corporation to comply with the Listing Regulation No. 37 of the Karachi Stock Exchange and Chapter XIII of the Lahore Stock Exchange where the Corporation is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the Corporation. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Corporation's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Corporation's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Corporation to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We have not carried out any special review of the internal control system to enable us to express an opinion as to whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all controls and the effectiveness of such internal controls.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the status of the Corporation's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to Corporation for the year ended June 30, 2006.

A. F. Ferguson & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Karachi

Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Karachi

September 16, 2006



STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Pakistan National Shipping Corporation

(Established under the Pakistan National Shipping Corporation Ordinance, 1979)

Year Ended: 30th June, 2006

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in Regulation 37 of the Listing Regulations of Karachi Stock Exchange for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed corporation is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Corporation has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

1. In accordance with the provisions of the Pakistan National Shipping Corporation Ordinance, 1979, the Board of Directors consists of five directors to be appointed by Federal Government, and two directors to be elected by the shareholders other than the Federal Government. The present Board has been constituted accordingly and all directors other than the Chairman are non-executive directors.
2. None of the directors is serving as a director in more than ten listed companies, including this Corporation.
3. All the resident directors of the Corporation are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFIs or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
4. No casual vacancy of directors occurred during the year.
5. The Corporation has prepared a 'Statement of Ethics and Business Practices', which has been signed by the directors and employees of the Corporation.
6. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Corporation. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO and other executive directors, have been taken by the Federal Government or the Board of Directors, as appropriate.
8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman, and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings along with the agenda and working papers were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
9. The Board has not been able to arrange orientation courses for its directors during the year to apprise them of their duties and responsibilities primarily because despite efforts no such courses by any leading institution have been offered during the year. However, all members of the Board have been duly provided with copies of the Code of Corporate Governance and are aware of their duties as directors.



10. The Board has approved the new appointment of CFO made during the year along with his remuneration and terms and conditions of employment, whereas no fresh appointments of Corporation Secretary and Head of Internal Audit were made during the year.
11. The directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
12. The financial statements of the Corporation were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
13. The directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Corporation other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
14. The Corporation has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance.
15. The Board has formed an audit committee. It comprises four members, all of whom are non-executive directors including the chairman of the committee.
16. The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once prior to approval of the interim and final results of the Corporation as required by the Code.
17. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function.
18. The statutory auditors of the Corporation have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review programme of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Corporation and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
19. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
20. We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code have been complied with.

S. TAUQUIR H. NAQVI
HI(M), S.Bt.
VICE ADMIRAL (RETD)
CHAIRMAN/CHIEF EXECUTIVE

PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION
FLEET STRENGTH AS ON JUNE 30, 2006

S. No.	Vessel	Year of Built	Dead Weight M/Tons	G.R.T.	N.R.T.
<u>BULK CARRIER</u>					
1.	M. V. Kaghan	1986	65,716	36,098	21,824
<u>OIL TANKERS</u>					
2.	M. T. Johar	1985	86,803	49,688	25,546
3.	M. T. Swat	1985	86,593	49,601	25,534
4.	M. T. Lalazar	1984	113,881	60,099	35,604
5.	M. T. Shalamar	1981	99,361	54,474	29,641
<u>COMBI VESSELS</u>					
6.	M. V. Islamabad	1983	18,204	12,395	6,747
7.	M. V. Sibi	1981	16,436	13,402	7,693
8.	M. V. Khairpur	1981	16,430	13,402	7,693
9.	M. V. Sargodha	1980	18,242	12,395	6,747
10.	M. V. Multan	1980	18,257	12,395	6,747
11.	M. V. Malakand	1980	18,224	12,395	6,747
12.	M. V. Hyderabad	1980	18,257	12,395	6,747
13.	M. V. Chitral	1980	18,144	12,395	6,747
14.	M. V. Bolan	1980	18,144	12,395	6,747
15.	M. V. Makran	1979	23,490	16,199	8,184
	Total		636,182	379,728	208,948

**CONSOLIDATED
REPORT AND ACCOUNTS**

OF

**PAKISTAN NATIONAL
SHIPPING CORPORATION
GROUP OF COMPANIES**



A. F. FERGUSON & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
STATE LIFE BUILDING 1-C
1. 1. CHUNDRIGAR ROAD
KARACHI.

FORD RHODES SIDAT HYDER & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
PROGRESSIVE PLAZA
BEAUMONT ROAD
KARACHI.

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements comprising consolidated balance sheet of Pakistan National Shipping Corporation and its subsidiary companies as at June 30, 2006 and the related consolidated profit and loss account, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flow statement together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended. We have also expressed separate opinions on the financial statements of Pakistan National Shipping Corporation and its subsidiary companies except for the financial statements of National Tanker Company (Private) limited (NTCL) which were audited by Messrs Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co. (FRSH) whose report has been furnished to us and our opinion, in so far as it relates to the amounts included for NTCL, is based solely on the report of FRSH. These financial statements are the responsibility of the holding company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

Our audit was conducted in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing as applicable in Pakistan and accordingly included such tests of accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly the financial position of Pakistan National Shipping Corporation and its subsidiary companies as at June 30, 2006 and the results of their operations for the year then ended.

A. F. Ferguson & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Karachi

Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Karachi

September 16, 2006



**PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
AS AT JUNE 30, 2006**

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Fixed assets			
- Property, plant and equipment	4	7,430,919	6,921,861
- Intangible assets	5	8,251	11,552
Investment properties	6	674,162	674,162
Long-term investments in:			
- Related party (associate)	7	-	142,380
- Listed companies and other entities	8	30,781	32,959
Long-term loans	9	2,210	3,300
Long-term deposits		90	-
Deferred tax - net	10	132,684	-
		8,279,097	7,786,214
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores and spares	11	102,270	90,178
Trade debts	12	209,936	291,678
Agents' and owners' balances	13	32,207	58,168
Loans and advances	14	25,135	20,602
Deposits and prepayments	15	4,846	6,037
Interest / mark-up accrued	16	42,999	9,420
Other receivables	17	65,833	44,841
Incomplete voyages	18	427,265	201,953
Insurance claims	19	83,049	73,879
Cash and bank balances	20	4,327,054	4,114,991
		5,320,594	4,911,747
LESS: CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	21	1,140,608	1,089,428
Provision against damage claims	22	121,625	103,927
Interest accrued		174	180
Current portion of long-term financing	27	258,557	256,071
Taxation - net		152,187	65,278
		1,673,151	1,514,884
NET CURRENT ASSETS		3,647,443	3,396,863
		11,926,540	11,183,077
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	23	1,320,634	1,200,576
Reserves	24	5,986,719	4,613,449
		7,307,353	5,814,025
MINORITY INTEREST	25	1,209	1,137
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE GROUP		7,308,562	5,815,162
SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF FIXED ASSETS - NET OF TAX			
- Group	26	3,742,259	4,220,134
- Minority		2,148	2,148
		3,744,407	4,222,282
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term financing	27	474,021	725,536
Deferred liabilities	28	399,550	419,772
Deferred tax - net	10	-	325
		11,926,540	11,183,077
CONTINGENCIES			
	29		

The annexed notes 1 to 46 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Vice Admiral (Retd.) S. Tauquir H. Naqvi
Chairman & Chief Executive

S. Haider Abbas Rizvi
Director



**PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006**

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
REVENUES			
Chartering revenues	30	1,668,918	2,514,246
Freight - net		6,145,271	5,345,981
Rental income		110,425	90,754
		<u>7,924,614</u>	<u>7,950,981</u>
EXPENDITURE			
Fleet expenses - direct	31	6,239,764	4,975,138
- indirect	32	15,283	19,925
		<u>6,255,047</u>	<u>4,995,063</u>
GROSS PROFIT			
		<u>1,669,567</u>	<u>2,955,918</u>
Administrative and general expenses	33	385,297	421,422
Other operating expenses	34	144,024	327,856
Finance costs	35	75,647	94,484
		<u>604,968</u>	<u>843,762</u>
Other operating income	36	331,499	792,469
		<u>1,396,098</u>	<u>2,904,625</u>
Share of loss in associate		(4,992)	(6,084)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION			
		<u>1,391,106</u>	<u>2,898,541</u>
Taxation	37	152,955	195,190
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION			
		<u><u>1,238,151</u></u>	<u><u>2,703,351</u></u>
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Corporation		1,238,079	2,703,250
Minority interest		72	101
		<u><u>1,238,151</u></u>	<u><u>2,703,351</u></u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE FOR PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE CORPORATION			
		(Rupees)	
- BASIC AND DILUTED	38	<u><u>9.37</u></u>	<u><u>20.47</u></u>

The annexed notes 1 to 46 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Appropriations have been reflected in the statement of changes in equity.

Vice Admiral (Retd.) S. Tauquir H. Naqvi
Chairman & Chief Executive

S. Haider Abbas Rizvi
Director



**PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006**

	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Capital Reserves		Revenue Reserve		Minority interest	Total
		Reserve for issue of bonus shares	Others	General reserves	Unappropriated profit		
----- (Rupees '000) -----							
Balance at July 1, 2004	1,143,406	-	126,844	500,022	1,351,384	1,036	3,122,692
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets realised through incremental depreciation charged on related assets during the year, recognised directly in equity- net of tax	-	-	-	-	103,460	-	103,460
Profit after taxation for the year ended June 30, 2005	-	-	-	-	2,703,250	101	2,703,351
Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2004 (Re 1 per Ordinary share)	-	-	-	-	(114,341)	-	(114,341)
Transfer to reserve for issue of bonus shares	-	57,170	-	-	(57,170)	-	-
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	-	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	-	-
Issue of bonus shares (5%)	57,170	(57,170)	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at June 30, 2005	<u>1,200,576</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>126,844</u>	<u>1,500,022</u>	<u>2,986,583</u>	<u>1,137</u>	<u>5,815,162</u>
Balance at July 1, 2005	1,200,576	-	126,844	1,500,022	2,986,583	1,137	5,815,162
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets realised through incremental depreciation charged on related assets during the year, recognised directly in equity- net of tax	-	-	-	-	495,364	-	495,364
Profit after taxation for the year ended June 30, 2006	-	-	-	-	1,238,079	72	1,238,151
Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2005 (Rs 2 per Ordinary share)	-	-	-	-	(240,115)	-	(240,115)
Transfer to reserve for issue of bonus shares	-	120,058	-	-	(120,058)	-	-
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	-	2,000,000	(2,000,000)	-	-
Issue of bonus shares (10%)	120,058	(120,058)	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2006	<u>1,320,634</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>126,844</u>	<u>3,500,022</u>	<u>2,359,853</u>	<u>1,209</u>	<u>7,308,562</u>

The annexed notes 1 to 46 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Vice Admiral (Retd.) S. Tauquir H. Naqvi
Chairman & Chief Executive

S. Haider Abbas Rizvi
Director



**PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006**

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	39	2,306,516	3,312,013
Employees' gratuity paid		(36,169)	(15,314)
Employees' compensated absences paid		(38,697)	(44,626)
Post retirement medical benefits paid		(7,151)	(5,129)
Long-term loans and advances - net		1,090	1,098
Finance costs paid		(61,255)	(58,553)
Taxes paid		(186,066)	(133,913)
Net cash generated from operating activities		1,978,268	3,055,576
Cash flows from investing activities			
Fixed capital expenditure		(1,601,215)	(1,408,736)
Acquisition of NTCL (net of cash and bank balances)		96,485	-
Investment in unlisted companies - others		-	1,145
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		2,157	485,355
Brokerage paid on disposal of vessel		-	(21,433)
Interest / mark-up received		227,462	55,629
Dividend received		1,945	2,129
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,273,166)	(885,911)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of long-term financings		(256,329)	(254,851)
Dividend paid		(236,710)	(96,980)
Net cash used in financing activities		(493,039)	(351,831)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		212,063	1,817,834
Cash and cash equivalents at July 1		4,114,991	2,297,157
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30	40	4,327,054	4,114,991

The annexed notes 1 to 46 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Vice Admiral (Retd.) S. Tauquir H. Naqvi
Chairman & Chief Executive

S. Haider Abbas Rizvi
Director



**PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION AND ITS SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006**

1. THE GROUP AND ITS OPERATIONS

Pakistan National Shipping Corporation (the Corporation) and its subsidiary companies (together 'the Group') were incorporated under the provisions of Pakistan National Shipping Corporation Ordinance, 1979 and the Companies Ordinance, 1984 respectively. The Group is principally engaged in the business of shipping, including charter of vessels, transportation of cargo and other related services. The Group is also engaged in renting out its properties to tenants under long-term lease agreements. The Group's registered office is situated in PNSC Building, Moulvi Tamizuddin Khan Road, Karachi.

The Group consists of:

Holding company

Pakistan National Shipping Corporation (the Corporation)

Subsidiary companies

- Bolan Shipping (Private) Limited
- Chitral Shipping (Private) Limited
- Hyderabad Shipping (Private) Limited
- Islamabad Shipping (Private) Limited
- Johar Shipping (Private) Limited
- Kaghan Shipping (Private) Limited
- Khairpur Shipping (Private) Limited
- Lalazar Shipping (Private) Limited
- Makran Shipping (Private) Limited
- Malakand Shipping (Private) Limited
- Multan Shipping (Private) Limited
- Sargodha Shipping (Private) Limited
- Shalamar Shipping (Private) Limited
- Sibi Shipping (Private) Limited
- Swat Shipping (Private) Limited
- National Tanker Company (Private) Limited
- Pak Nippon Car Liner (Private) Limited
- Pakistan Co-operative Ship Stores (Private) Limited

Associate company

- Muhammadi Engineering Works Limited

National Tanker Company (Private) Limited (NTCL) was an associate company of the Group. The Group owned 50 percent of the share capital of NTCL. However, on May 11, 2006, the Group acquired the remaining 50 percent share capital (1,677,083 shares) of NTCL against total consideration of Rs 168,764,862 based on fair market value of Rs 100.63 per share. Subsequent to the year end NTCL's name has been changed to Karachi Shipping (Private) Limited.

The Group owns 55 percent of the share capital of Pakistan Co-operative Ship Stores (Private) Limited and 100 percent of the share capital of the remaining seventeen subsidiary companies. All the fully owned subsidiaries of the Corporation operate one vessel / tanker each with the exception of Pak Nippon Car Liner (Private) Limited and NTCL which currently do not own any vessel.



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements have been consistently applied to all years, unless otherwise stated, as set out below.

2.1 Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (the Ordinance). Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Accounting Standards (IAS) as notified under the provisions of the Ordinance. Wherever, the requirements of the Ordinance or the directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) differ with the requirements of these standards, the requirements of the Ordinance or the requirements of the said directives take precedence.

2.1.1 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective:

Following amendments to existing standards applicable to the Group have been published that are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2006 or later periods:

IAS 1 Presentation of financial statements – Capital disclosures	effective from January 1, 2007
IAS 19 (Amendments) – Employee benefits	effective from January 1, 2006
IAS 39 Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement – Fair value option	effective from January 1, 2006

Adoption of the above amendments may only impact the extent of disclosures presented in the consolidated financial statements. The Group intends to adopt these amendments from the date when they become effective.

In addition to the above, a new series of standards called "International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)" have been introduced and seven IFRSs have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). Out of these, following four IFRSs have been adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP), however, since these have not been adopted by the SECP therefore, the same do not form part of the approved local financial reporting framework:

IFRS 2 Share-based Payment

IFRS 3 Business Combinations

IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

IFRS 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources

2.2 Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as follows:

- Certain property, plant and equipment as referred to in note 2.4.1 have been included at revalued amounts; and



- Certain investments and investment properties as referred to in notes 2.8 and 2.7 respectively have been carried at fair value to comply with the requirements of IAS-39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' and IAS-40 'Investment Property'.

2.3 Basis of consolidation

2.3.1 Subsidiaries

These consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the holding company and all of its subsidiary companies as at June 30 each year.

The financial statements of the subsidiary companies have been consolidated on a line-by-line basis and the carrying values of the investments held by the holding company have been eliminated against the shareholders' equity in the subsidiary companies.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies.

All intra-group balances, transactions, income and expenses and profits and losses resulting from intra-group transactions that are recognised in assets, are eliminated in full.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Minority interest is that part of net results of operations and of net assets of subsidiaries which are not owned by the holding company. Minority interest is presented as a separate item in the consolidated financial statements.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill.

2.3.2 Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. Investments in associate is accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost.

2.4 Fixed assets

2.4.1 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation except for leasehold land and buildings thereon, workshop machineries and equipment and vessels. Leasehold land and buildings thereon, workshop machineries and equipment and vessels are stated at revalued amounts less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. The revaluation of related assets is carried out with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amounts do not differ materially from those which would have been determined using fair values at the balance sheet date.

The value assigned to leasehold land is not depreciated as the leases are expected to be renewed for further periods on payment of relevant rentals. Annual lease rentals are charged to income and premium paid at the time of renewal, if any, is amortised over the remaining period of the lease.



Cost in relation to vessels includes cost of acquisition and other related expenses incidental to the purchase of vessels accumulated to the date the vessels are commissioned into service.

It is the practice of the Group to carry out continuous surveys and repairs on a round-the-year basis to maintain seaworthiness of its vessels. The Group is required to carry out repairs and maintenance of its vessels at dry docks according to the specifications of Lloyd's Register, London or American Bureau of Shipping, U. S. A. These expenses are capitalised as and when incurred and amortised over a period of thirty to sixty months.

With the exception of depreciation on the vessel, depreciation is charged to income applying the straight line method whereby the depreciable amount of an asset is written off over its estimated useful life. In case of the vessel, depreciation is charged on the basis of its remaining operating life with effect from the date the vessel is commissioned and the number of days of completed voyages in a year after taking into account the estimated residual value.

Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which the asset is available for use and continued to be depreciated until it is derecognised that is upto the month of disposal even if during that period the asset is in idle condition. An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

No depreciation is charged if the asset's residual value exceeds its carrying amount.

Residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted if expectations differ significantly from previous estimates.

Useful lives are determined by the management based on expected usage of asset, expected physical wear and tear, technical and commercial obsolescence, legal and similar limits on the use of the assets and other similar factors.

Surplus on revaluation is credited to the surplus on revaluation of fixed assets account except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss, in which case surplus is recognised in profit or loss account. A revaluation deficit is recognised in profit or loss, except that a deficit directly offsetting a previous surplus on the same asset in which case the deficit is taken to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets account. An annual transfer from the surplus on revaluation of fixed assets account to retained earnings is made for the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the assets and the depreciation based on the assets' original cost. Additionally, accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the assets and the net amount is restated to revalued amount of the assets. Upon disposal, any revaluation reserve relating to the particular assets being sold is transferred to retained earnings.

Major renewals, replacements and improvements are capitalised and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired. Normal repairs and maintenance are charged to income as and when incurred. Gains and losses on disposals of the assets are included in income currently.

2.5.2 Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost incurred to date less impairment in value, if any. It consists of expenditure incurred and advances made in respect of operating fixed assets in the course of their installation and acquisition.

2.5.3 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. Cost in relation to intangible assets presently held by the Group includes goodwill, cost of computer software

and other expenses incidental to the purchase of computer software.

Costs associated with maintaining computer software are recognised as an expense as and when incurred.

Intangible assets are amortised from the month when these assets are available for use using the straight line method whereby the cost of intangible asset is amortised over the period which takes into account the economic benefits that will be available to the Group.

2.6 Impairment of assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that the assets may be impaired. If such indications exist, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amounts. Where carrying values exceed the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment charge is recognised in income except for impairment loss on revalued assets, which is recognised directly against any revaluation surplus for the asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount held in the revaluation surplus for the same asset.

2.7 Investment properties

Properties held for long-term rental yields which are not occupied by the Group are classified as investment properties.

Investment properties are carried at fair value which is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. The valuation of these properties is carried out with sufficient regularity.

Gains and losses arising from a change in the fair value of investment properties are included in the income currently.

2.8 Other investments

The management determines the appropriate classification of these investments in accordance with the requirements of IAS-39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement', at the time of purchase depending on the purpose for which the investments are acquired and re-evaluates this classification on a regular basis. The existing investment portfolio of the Group has been categorised as 'financial assets through profit or loss' and 'available for sale financial assets'.

Effective July 1, 2005 the Group has redesignated its investment in quoted securities held under the head 'available for sale' to 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss'. However, the Group continues to hold its investment in unquoted securities under the head 'available for sale financial assets'. This change has been made in accordance with the requirements of revised IAS-39 which became applicable to the Group effective July 1, 2005. There is, however, no change in the measurement basis and recognition of unrealised gains/losses as a result of the said redesignation.

'Financial assets through profit or loss' are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently re-measured to fair value using quoted market prices. Gains/losses arising upon remeasurement are recognised in profit and loss account.

'Available for sale financial assets' that are quoted securities, are initially recognised at fair value inclusive of transaction costs and are subsequently re-measured to fair value using quoted market prices. Investment in unquoted securities are initially recognised and subsequently carried at fair value or at cost where fair value cannot be reliably measured. Gains/losses arising upon remeasurement of 'available for sale financial assets' are recognised directly in equity through the statement of changes in equity.



Investments are de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Impairment of investment is recognised when there is a permanent diminution in their value.

2.9 Stores and spares

Stores are valued at average cost while spares are valued at cost determined on first-in first-out basis. Stores and spares in transit are valued at cost incurred upto the balance sheet date.

Certain spares having low value and high consumption levels are charged to income at the time of purchase.

Provision for obsolete and slow moving stores and spares is determined based on assessment regarding their future usability.

2.10 Trade debts

Trade debts comprise freight, hire and other short-term receivables which are carried at original invoice amount less estimates made for doubtful receivables based on review of all outstanding amounts at year end. Balances considered bad and irrecoverable are written off when identified.

2.11 Taxation

2.11.1 Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, and on Final Tax Regime (FTR) under clause 21(a) of Part II of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 or one half of one percent of turnover, whichever is higher.

2.11.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases after adjusting for the impact of Final Tax Regime (FTR).

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets may be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in associates, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.



Income tax relating to items recognised directly in equity is recognised in equity and not in the profit and loss account.

2.12 Insurance claims

Cost of repairs recoverable as hull claims are taken to insurance claims receivable. Other claimable expenses relating to hull are charged to income currently and claims filed thereagainst are taken to income when such claims are accepted by the underwriters.

Afloat medical expenses, cargo claims and other relevant amounts recoverable from underwriters are taken to insurance claims receivable.

2.13 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services.

2.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

2.15 Dividend and other appropriation

Dividend is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is declared.

2.16 Staff Retirement benefits

2.16.1 Defined contributory provident fund

The Group operates a contributory provident fund for permanent employees, for which contributions are charged to income for the year.

2.16.2 Defined benefit gratuity scheme

The Group operates an unfunded retirement gratuity scheme for permanent employees other than those who joined the Group after October 16, 1984 and are entitled only to the contributory provident fund benefits. Annual provisions to cover the obligations under the scheme are based on actuarial estimates and are charged to income currently. Actuarial valuations are carried out using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The Group's crew are also entitled to gratuity in accordance with the Pakistan Maritime Board Regulations. However, these employee benefits are recognised upon payment as the amounts involved are not material.

The unrecognised actuarial gains or losses arising at each valuation date are recognised as income or expense in the following year.

The benefit is payable on completion of prescribed qualifying period of service under these schemes.



2.16.3 Medical benefits

The Group provides lump sum medical allowance and free hospitalisation benefits to its retired employees in accordance with the service regulations. Annual provisions to cover the obligations under the scheme are based on actuarial estimates and are charged to income currently.

The unrecognised actuarial gains or losses arising at each valuation date are recognised as income or expense in the following year.

The benefit is payable on completion of prescribed qualifying period of service under these schemes.

2.17 Employees' compensated absences

The Group accounts for the liability in respect of employees' compensated absences in the year in which these are earned. Annual provisions to cover the obligations under the scheme are based on actuarial estimates and are charged to income currently. The unrecognised actuarial gains or losses at each valuation date are recognised immediately.

2.18 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, cheques in hand, deposits held with banks and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

2.19 Foreign currency translation

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in Pakistan rupees at the exchange rates approximating those prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are reported in Pakistan rupees at the exchange rates approximating those prevalent at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

2.20 Revenue recognition

- Earnings in respect of voyages other than time charter voyages are accounted for on the basis of completed voyages. Voyages are taken as complete when a vessel arrives at the last port of discharge on or before the balance sheet date. Freight revenue, direct and indirect operating expenses associated with the incomplete voyages are deferred until completion of voyage and are classified in the balance sheet as 'Incomplete voyages'. Diesel, fuel and lubricants on board are valued at cost determined on the first-in-first out basis. With respect to time charter voyages, chartering revenue is accounted for on the basis of number of days to the balance sheet date.
- Rental income is recognised as revenue on a straight line basis over the term of the respective lease arrangements.
- Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive the dividend is established.
- Profit from bank accounts and return on investments is recognised on a time proportion basis.

2.21 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.



2.22 Financial instruments

Financial instruments carried on the balance sheet include investments, loans and advances, trade debts, agents' and owners balances, deposits, other receivables, insurance claims, cash and bank balances, long-term borrowing and trade and other payables. The recognition methods adopted for each of the financial instrument are disclosed in the relevant notes of accounting policies.

2.23 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet, when the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and it intends to settle either on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

- (a) Assumption and estimation in recognition of taxation and deferred tax (note 37 and 10).
- (b) Assumption and estimation in valuation of property, plant and equipment and investment properties (note 4 and 6).
- (c) Assumptions and estimations used in determining the residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment (note 4).
- (d) Assumption and estimation in accounting for defined benefit plans (note 28).

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
Operating fixed assets	4.1	7,403,755	6,904,954
Capital work-in-progress	4.8	27,164	16,907
		7,430,919	6,921,861



4.1 The following is a statement of operating fixed assets:

	Lease- hold land	Buildings on lease- hold land	Vessel fleet			Vehicles	Office machines and appliances	Furniture and fixtures	Electrical fittings	Motor launch and jetty	Equipment on board	Container fittings	Beach huts	Workshop machinery and equipment	Computer equipment	Total
			Cost or revaluation	Dry docking	Total											
(note 4.2 and 4.4)																
-----Rupees in '000-----																
At July 1, 2004																
Cost or revalued amount	281,260	120,532	2,372,337	284,502	2,656,839	41,066	10,247	15,577	7	18	73,912	3,468	348	10,447	14,627	3,228,348
Accumulated depreciation	-	57,645	374,430	191,394	565,824	23,092	8,109	11,610	7	18	57,000	3,468	322	6,923	6,945	740,963
Net book value	281,260	62,887	1,997,907	93,108	2,091,015	17,974	2,138	3,967	-	-	16,912	-	26	3,524	7,682	2,487,385
Year ended June 30, 2005																
Opening net book value	281,260	62,887	1,997,907	93,108	2,091,015	17,974	2,138	3,967	-	-	16,912	-	26	3,524	7,682	2,487,385
Additions	-	344	811,333	568,167	1,379,500	3	552	71	-	-	9,228	-	-	1,085	1,046	1,391,829
Surplus on revaluation	190,455	82,454	3,340,192	-	3,340,192	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,359	-	3,616,460
Revaluation adjustments																
Cost or revalued amount	-	(56,188)	(454,058)	-	(454,058)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,335)	-	(513,581)
Accumulated depreciation	-	56,188	454,058	-	454,058	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,335	-	513,581
Disposals																
Cost or revalued amount	-	-	(248,306)	(11,820)	(260,126)	(2)	(45)	(16)	-	-	(3,002)	-	-	-	-	(263,191)
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	65,850	11,071	76,921	2	45	14	-	-	1,186	-	-	-	-	78,168
Adjustments																
Cost or revalued amount	-	-	20,321	(181,318)	(160,997)	-	-	-	-	-	(51,752)	-	-	-	-	(212,749)
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	(45,922)	(148,054)	(193,976)	-	-	-	-	-	(51,665)	-	-	-	-	(245,641)
	-	-	66,243	(33,264)	32,979	-	-	(2)	-	-	(87)	-	-	-	-	32,892
Depreciation charge for the year	-	(32,754)	(315,552)	(74,696)	(390,248)	(3,840)	(502)	(758)	-	-	(3,995)	-	(26)	(3,611)	(2,855)	(438,589)
Closing net book value	471,715	112,931	5,717,667	552,566	6,270,233	14,137	2,188	3,278	-	-	20,242	-	-	4,357	5,873	6,904,954
At June 30, 2005																
Cost or revalued amount	471,715	147,142	5,841,819	659,531	6,501,350	41,067	10,754	15,632	7	18	28,386	3,468	348	11,556	15,673	7,247,116
Accumulated depreciation	-	34,211	124,152	106,965	231,117	26,930	8,566	12,354	7	18	8,144	3,468	348	7,199	9,800	342,162
Net book value	471,715	112,931	5,717,667	552,566	6,270,233	14,137	2,188	3,278	-	-	20,242	-	-	4,357	5,873	6,904,954
Year ended June 30, 2006																
Opening net book value	471,715	112,931	5,717,667	552,566	6,270,233	14,137	2,188	3,278	-	-	20,242	-	-	4,357	5,873	6,904,954
Additions	-	1,626	992,119	568,859	1,560,978	12,755	479	908	-	-	9,877	-	-	3,025	1,310	1,590,958
Surplus on revaluation	7,517	1,172	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,689
Adjustments																
Cost or revalued amount	7,816	1,217	-	(5,742)	(5,742)	3,404	2,381	2,407	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,483
Accumulated depreciation	-	103	-	-	-	3,404	2,233	2,401	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,141
	7,816	1,114	-	(5,742)	(5,742)	-	148	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,342
Disposals																
Cost or revalued amount	-	-	-	-	-	(2,965)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(22)	-	(2,987)
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	2,965	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	2,987
Depreciation charge for the year	-	(13,961)	(828,012)	(246,137)	(1,074,149)	(5,506)	(516)	(778)	-	-	(5,308)	-	-	(914)	(3,056)	(1,104,188)
Closing net book value	487,048	102,882	5,881,774	869,546	6,751,320	21,386	2,299	3,414	-	-	24,811	-	-	6,468	4,127	7,403,755
At June 30, 2006																
Cost or revalued amount	487,048	151,157	6,833,938	1,222,648	8,056,586	54,261	13,614	18,947	7	18	38,263	3,468	348	14,559	16,983	8,855,259
Accumulated depreciation	-	48,275	952,164	353,102	1,305,266	32,875	11,315	15,533	7	18	13,452	3,468	348	8,091	12,856	1,451,504
Net book value	487,048	102,882	5,881,774	869,546	6,751,320	21,386	2,299	3,414	-	-	24,811	-	-	6,468	4,127	7,403,755
Annual rate of depreciation	-	2.5 to 20	see note 4.3	20 to 40		20	15	10 to 15	-	10 to 15	10 to 15	15	15	5 to 10	25	

The latest revaluation of Group's vessels (held in the books of the subsidiary companies) was carried out in 2005 by Arrows Valuation on the basis of their professional assessment of present market values and on the basis of independent surveying reports submitted by Lloyd's Register Group, surveyor and consultants.



- 4.2. The latest revaluation of 'leasehold land', 'buildings on leasehold land' and 'workshop machinery & equipment' were carried out in first quarter of 2005 by Pee Dee & Associates and National Engineering Services Pakistan (Private) Limited (NESPAK) on the basis of their professional assessment of present market values.
- 4.3. The management revised the estimated useful life of its vessels in 2005 held by various subsidiary companies. Previously, the depreciable amount of vessels was allocated over a useful life of 25 years. In accordance with the new estimate the management expects the vessels to remain operational beyond their previously assessed useful life of 25 years. However, the extension in their useful life to the Group beyond 25 years has been restricted till the date of validity of their most recent class renewal certificates regarding the sea worthiness of the vessels obtained from a recognised classification society. The present certificates issued to the vessels are valid upto various dates ranging from October 18, 2006 to May 31, 2011.
- 4.4. Had there been no revaluation, the carrying amount of revalued assets would have been as follows:

	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
Leasehold land and buildings on leasehold land	13,453	13,108
Vessel Fleet	2,194,850	2,587,368
Workshop machinery and equipment	4,938	2,593
	<u>2,213,241</u>	<u>2,603,069</u>

- 4.5. Cost and accumulated depreciation in respect of vessel include an amount of Rs 1.440 million relating to M.V Ilyas Bux. This vessel was seized by the Indian authorities during the 1965 war and the Group does not have physical possession or control over it.
- 4.6. No item of property, plant and equipment having book value exceeding Rs 50,000 was disposed off during the year by the Group.
- 4.7. The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
Fleet expenses - direct	31	1,050,949	358,170
Fleet expenses - indirect	32	914	3,611
Administration and general expenses	33	23,595	40,853
Incomplete voyages	18	28,730	35,955
		<u>1,104,188</u>	<u>438,589</u>

4.8 Capital work-in-progress

This represents renovation cost in respect of the PNSC building and mainly includes civil works and advances to suppliers.



5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Following is the statement of the intangible assets:

	Note	Goodwill	Computer software
		------(Rupees '000)-----	
As at July 1, 2004			
Cost		-	16,503
less: accumulated amortisation		-	(1,650)
Net book value		<u>-</u>	<u>14,853</u>
Year ended June 30, 2005			
Opening net book value		-	14,853
less: amortisation charge for the year		-	(3,301)
Closing net book value		<u>-</u>	<u>11,552</u>
As at June 30, 2005			
Cost		-	16,503
less: accumulated amortisation		-	(4,951)
Net book value		<u>-</u>	<u>11,552</u>
Year ended June 30, 2006			
Opening net book value		-	11,552
Addition during the year		24,362	-
less: amortisation charge for the year	33	-	(3,301)
less: impairment during the year		(24,362)	-
Closing net book value		<u>-</u>	<u>8,251</u>
As at June 30, 2006			
Cost		-	16,503
Accumulated amortisation		-	(8,252)
Net book value		<u>-</u>	<u>8,251</u>
Annual rate of amortisation		-	20

6. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	2006	2005
	(Rupees in '000)	
Leasehold land	644,980	644,980
Buildings on leasehold land	29,182	29,182
	<u>674,162</u>	<u>674,162</u>

- 6.1 A revaluation of the Group's investment properties has been carried out by Pee Dee & Associates as of August 25, 2006 on the basis of their professional assessment of the present market value. According to the revaluation report there are no significant changes in the values determined by the valuer in the last valuation conducted as of April 1, 2005.



7. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS IN RELATED PARTIES (ASSOCIATE)

Equity method

(No. of shares - ordinary)		Name of the company	Country of incorporation	Share of net assets		Latest available audited financial statements for the year ended	Percentage holding	Face value per share	2006	2005
2006	2005			2006	2005					
				(Rupees '000)				(Rupees)	(Rupees '000)	
Associate - unlisted										
-	1,677,083	National Tanker Company (Private) Limited (Note 7.1)	Pakistan	-	147,616	June 30, 2006	50	10	-	141,532
12,250	12,250	Muhammadi Engineering Works Limited	Pakistan	1,600	1,600	December 31, 1982 (unaudited)	49	100	1,600	1,600
Less: Accumulated impairment losses									752	752
Less: Impairment loss during the year									848	142,380
									848	-
									-	142,380

7.1 During the year on May 11, 2006 the Group acquired further 50 percent shares of National Tanker Company (Private) Limited from Petroleum refining & Petrochemical Corporation (Private) Limited (PERAC) against total consideration of Rs 168,764,862 based on fair market value of Rs 100.63 per share and hence it became wholly owned subsidiary of the Group and has been accounted for accordingly.

Note
2006
2005
(Rupees in '000)

8. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS IN LISTED COMPANIES AND OTHER ENTITIES

Financial assets designated as 'at fair value through profit or loss'

Listed companies

6,930 (2005: 6,930) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each fully paid of Siemens (Pakistan) Engineering Company Limited. Market value Rs 8.177 million (2005: Rs 4.747 million)

8,177

4,747

72,828 (2005: 72,828) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each fully paid of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited. Market value Rs 22.504 million (2005: Rs 28.112 million)

22,504

28,112

30,681

32,859

Available for sale financial assets

Other entities - carried at cost

10,000 (2005: 10,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each of Pakistan Tourism Development Corporation Limited

100

100

100

100

30,781

32,959



	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
9. LONG-TERM LOANS - considered good			
Due from employees	9.1	3,130	4,910
Less: Recoverable within twelve months	14	920	1,610
		<u>2,210</u>	<u>3,300</u>
9.1	It comprises of vehicle and house building loans amounting to Rs 0.073 million (2005: Rs 0.190 million) and Rs 3.057 million (2005: Rs 4.717 million) respectively.		
9.2	Vehicle loans represent loans to employees for purchase of vehicles and are secured against employees' personal guarantees and charge on vehicles. These loans are interest free and are recoverable over 72 monthly installments.		
9.3	House building loans represent loans to employees for purchase of land, residential accommodation and construction and renovation of houses. These loans are recoverable over 180 monthly installments. An amount of Rs 2.802 million (2005: Rs 3.831 million) is secured against mortgage. Interest on such loans to officers is charged at various rates while no interest is being charged on loans given to other employees.		

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
10. DEFERRED TAX - NET			
Deductible temporary differences arising in respect of:			
- Accelerated depreciation		3,790	1,413
- Short-term provisions and deferred liabilities		151,518	97,230
		155,308	98,643
Taxable temporary differences arising in respect of:			
- Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	26.1	22,624	33,885
- Other temporary differences	10.1	-	65,083
		<u>22,624</u>	<u>98,968</u>
		<u>132,684</u>	<u>(325)</u>
10.1	Deferred tax liability of Rs 65.083 million relating to expected dividends from the subsidiary companies has been reversed during the current year because the Group now believes that as the distribution of profits from the subsidiary companies in the form of dividend is not expected in the foreseeable future, this timing difference is not likely to reverse.		

	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
11. STORES AND SPARES		
Stores		
- at depots	19,288	15,950
- at buildings	204	239
- on board	25,111	22,524
	44,603	38,713
Spares		
- at buildings	2,012	1,476
- on board	91,082	85,964
	93,094	87,440
Less: provision for spares	35,427	35,975
	<u>57,667</u>	<u>51,465</u>
	<u>102,270</u>	<u>90,178</u>



	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
12. TRADE DEBTS			
Freight and hire			
- Considered good		209,910	291,678
- Considered doubtful		92,923	93,851
		<u>302,833</u>	<u>385,529</u>
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables		92,897	93,851
		<u>209,936</u>	<u>291,678</u>
13. AGENTS' AND OWNERS' BALANCES			
Considered good			
- secured		12,512	15,533
- unsecured		19,695	42,635
		<u>32,207</u>	<u>58,168</u>
Considered doubtful		14,037	13,902
		<u>46,244</u>	<u>72,070</u>
Less: Provision for doubtful balances		14,037	13,902
		<u>32,207</u>	<u>58,168</u>
14. LOANS AND ADVANCES			
Considered good			
Loans due from employees	9	920	1,610
Advances to:			
- Directors		-	20
- Executives		9	2,650
- Other employees		18,353	12,000
- Contractors and suppliers		3,246	3,765
- Others		2,607	557
		<u>25,135</u>	<u>20,602</u>

14.1 The maximum aggregate amounts due from the chief executive, directors and executives at the end of any month during the year were Rs Nil, Rs 0.022 million and Rs 0.362 million (2005: Rs Nil, Rs 0.465 million and Rs 2.650 million) respectively.

	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
15. DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS		
Deposits		
Trade:		
- Considered good	2,445	4,376
- Considered doubtful	184	184
	<u>2,629</u>	<u>4,560</u>
Less: Provision for doubtful deposits	184	184
	2,445	4,376
Others:		
- Considered good	1,541	1,505
- Considered doubtful	1,514	185
	<u>3,055</u>	<u>1,690</u>
Less: Provision for doubtful deposits	1,514	185
	1,541	1,505
Prepayments	860	156
	<u>4,846</u>	<u>6,037</u>



	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
16. INTEREST / MARK-UP ACCRUED			
Interest / mark-up accrued on term deposit accounts		42,999	9,420
17. OTHER RECEIVABLES			
Rent receivable			
- Considered good		11,857	9,307
- Considered doubtful		7,864	6,958
		19,721	16,265
Less: Provision for doubtful rent receivable		7,864	6,958
		11,857	9,307
Others			
- Considered good		53,976	29,454
- Considered doubtful		26,319	9,796
		80,295	39,250
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables - others		26,319	3,716
		53,976	35,534
		65,833	44,841
18. INCOMPLETE VOYAGES			
Cost			
Salaries and allowances		18,765	14,673
Diesel, fuel and lubricants		409,496	259,218
Stores and spares issued		4,523	10,918
Insurance		17,779	24,426
Charter hire and related expenses		3,377	11,381
Depreciation	4.7	28,730	35,955
Other fleet expenses - direct and indirect		13,099	7,864
		495,769	364,435
Less: Net freight		68,504	162,482
		427,265	201,953
19. INSURANCE CLAIMS			
Considered good		83,049	73,879
Considered doubtful	19.1	163,240	162,805
		246,289	236,684
Less: Provision for doubtful claims		163,240	162,805
		83,049	73,879

19.1 This includes amounts aggregating Rs 154.547 million (2005: Rs 153.562 million) net of insurance premium which are recoverable from the P&I Club, Oceanus Mutual Underwriting Association (Bermuda) Limited. The Club has gone into liquidation, therefore, a provision has been made for this amount in these consolidated financial statements.



	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
20. CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
Cash at bank:			
- in current accounts			
• Local currency		361,271	104,830
• Foreign currency		255,335	59,338
		616,606	164,168
- in saving accounts	20.1		
• Local currency		523,429	933,053
• Foreign currency		67,005	67,618
		590,434	1,000,671
- in term deposit accounts			
• Local currency	20.2	3,120,000	2,950,000
Cash in hand		14	152
		<u>4,327,054</u>	<u>4,114,991</u>

20.1 This includes Rs 9.921 million (2005: Rs 9.826 million) and Rs 4.550 million (2005: Rs 2.951 million) held as security by United National Bank Limited, London and Habib Bank Limited, P.N.S.C. Branch respectively against guarantees issued on behalf of the Group.

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
20.2 Term deposit accounts include:			
- Certificates of deposit		200,000	150,000
- Investment plus deposit certificates		-	500,000
- Special musharika deposit scheme		250,000	150,000
- Corporate deposit receipts		700,000	-
- Term deposit account		320,000	1,000,000
- Term deposit receipts		1,650,000	1,150,000
		<u>3,120,000</u>	<u>2,950,000</u>

20.2.1 The mark-up on term deposit accounts ranges from 9.5% to 10.5% per annum (2005: 6% to 7.35% per annum).

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
Creditors		386,983	264,618
Agents' and owners' balances		131,504	89,177
Accrued liabilities		350,529	521,559
Deposits	21.1	22,204	16,393
Workers' Profits Participation Fund	21.2	209,790	155,622
Unclaimed dividends		6,874	3,469
Other liabilities		32,724	38,590
		<u>1,140,608</u>	<u>1,089,428</u>

21.1 These deposits are interest free and are repayable on demand or on completion of specific contracts.



	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
21.2 Workers' Profits Participation Fund			
Balance as at July 1		155,622	98,255
Allocation for the year	34	72,100	155,622
Interest on funds utilised during the year	35	2,787	2,597
		<u>230,509</u>	<u>256,474</u>
Less: amount paid		20,719	100,852
Balance as at June 30		<u>209,790</u>	<u>155,622</u>

22. PROVISION AGAINST DAMAGE CLAIMS

Balance as at July 1		103,927	135,907
Charge during the year		17,698	-
Amount written back during the year		-	(31,980)
Balance as at June 30		<u>121,625</u>	<u>103,927</u>

23. SHARE CAPITAL

23.1 Authorised Capital

2006 (No. of shares)	2005		2006	2005
<u>200,000,000</u>	<u>200,000,000</u>	Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>

23.2 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

2006 (No. of shares)	2005		2006	2005
24,130,789	24,130,789	Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued as fully paid to shareholders of former NSC and PSC in consideration of their shareholdings in those companies	241,308	241,308
25,900,000	25,900,000	Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued as fully paid to the Government of Pakistan (GoP) for cash received in 1985	259,000	259,000
64,309,800	64,309,800	Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued as fully paid to the GoP on financial restructuring of the Corporation in the year 1989-90	643,098	643,098
17,722,791	5,717,029	Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued as fully paid bonus shares	177,228	57,170
<u>132,063,380</u>	<u>120,057,618</u>		<u>1,320,634</u>	<u>1,200,576</u>



23.2.1 A summary of the movement on ordinary share capital is given below:

	Number of ordinary shares	Amount Rupees in '000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital		
Balance as at July 1, 2004	114,340,589	1,143,406
Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued during the year as bonus shares	<u>5,717,029</u>	<u>57,170</u>
Balance as at June 30, 2005	120,057,618	1,200,576
Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued during the year as bonus shares	<u>12,005,762</u>	<u>120,058</u>
Balance as at June 30, 2006	<u><u>132,063,380</u></u>	<u><u>1,320,634</u></u>

23.3 At June 30, 2006 GoP held 117,706,724 (2005: 107,006,113) ordinary shares in the Corporation.

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
24. RESERVES			
Capital reserves	24.1	126,844	126,844
Revenue reserve (including unappropriated profit)		<u>5,859,875</u>	<u>4,486,605</u>
		<u><u>5,986,719</u></u>	<u><u>4,613,449</u></u>
24.1		This includes amount transferred from shareholders' equity at the time of merger of former National Shipping Corporation (NSC) and Pakistan Shipping Corporation (PSC).	

	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
25. MINORITY INTEREST		
Share of minority in:		
- Share capital	99	99
- Share premium account	1	1
- General reserve	18	18
- Un-appropriated profit brought forward	1,019	918
- Profit for the year	<u>72</u>	<u>101</u>
	<u><u>1,209</u></u>	<u><u>1,137</u></u>



	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
26. SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF FIXED ASSETS - NET OF TAX		
Balance as at July 1	4,256,167	645,564
Surplus arising on revaluation of fixed assets during the year	8,689	3,616,460
	4,264,856	4,262,024
Transferred to unappropriated profit:		
Surplus relating to incremental depreciation charged during the year on related assets - net of tax	495,364	103,460
Related deferred tax liability	2,461	11,085
	497,825	114,545
Transferred to profit and loss account in respect of deficit realised on disposal of fixed assets	-	(108,688)
	<u>3,767,031</u>	<u>4,256,167</u>
Less: Related deferred tax liability on :		
- Revaluation as at July 1	33,885	16,606
- Surplus arising due to revaluation	-	28,364
- Incremental depreciation charged during the year on related assets transferred to profit and loss account	(2,461)	(11,085)
- Effect of allocation ratio of revenue under FTR	(8,800)	-
	<u>22,624</u>	<u>33,885</u>
Balance as at June 30	<u>3,744,407</u>	<u>4,222,282</u>
Less: Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets attributable to minority interest	2,148	2,148
	<u>3,742,259</u>	<u>4,220,134</u>

26.1 Deferred tax liability has not been recognised in respect of surplus on revaluation of vessels appearing in the books of subsidiary companies as their tax liability is determined under the Final Tax Regime as specified under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
27. LONG-TERM FINANCING		
Balance as at June 30	732,578	981,607
Less: current portion of long-term financing	258,557	256,071
	<u>474,021</u>	<u>725,536</u>

27.1 This represents balance of long-term financing obtained from National Bank of Pakistan-Bahrain amounting to US\$ 12.143 million (2005: US\$ 16.428 million). The loan is repayable in 7 yearly installments commencing from December 2003 and carries mark-up at the rate of 2.95% above 6 months LIBOR per annum (2005: 2.95% above 6 months LIBOR per annum) payable on half yearly basis. This loan is secured by a guarantee given by the Government of Pakistan through State Bank of Pakistan. According to the loan agreement, the Group can prepay the loan by giving one month irrevocable advance notice.



	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
28. DEFERRED LIABILITIES			
Employees' gratuity	28.1.1	218,932	234,660
Post retirement medical benefits	28.1.1	86,474	88,094
Employees' compensated absences	28.2	94,144	97,018
		<u>399,550</u>	<u>419,772</u>

28.1 Retirement benefit schemes

The fair value of the scheme's assets and liabilities for past services of the employees at the latest valuation date were as follows:

	Note	2006		2005	
		Employees' gratuity	Post retirement medical benefits	Employees' gratuity	Post retirement medical benefits
------(Rupees in '000)-----					
28.1.1 Movement in the net liability recognised in the balance sheet:					
Net recognised liability as at July 1		234,660	88,094	225,752	95,389
Charge for the year	28.1.2	20,441	5,531	24,222	(2,166)
		<u>255,101</u>	<u>93,625</u>	<u>249,974</u>	<u>93,223</u>
Less: payments made during the year		(36,169)	(7,151)	(15,314)	(5,129)
Net recognised liability as at June 30		<u>218,932</u>	<u>86,474</u>	<u>234,660</u>	<u>88,094</u>
Present value of defined benefit obligation		223,611	76,674	216,568	82,808
Unrecognised actuarial (loss)/gain		(4,679)	9,800	18,092	5,286
		<u>218,932</u>	<u>86,474</u>	<u>234,660</u>	<u>88,094</u>

28.1.2 The following amounts have been charged to the profit and loss account during the current year in respect of the defined benefit obligation:

	2006		2005	
	Employees' gratuity	Post retirement medical benefits	Employees' gratuity	Post retirement medical benefits
------(Rupees in '000)-----				
Current service cost	8,073	3,441	8,227	3,823
Interest cost	19,581	7,376	17,469	6,592
Actuarial gain recognised during the year	(7,213)	(5,286)	(1,474)	(12,581)
	<u>20,441</u>	<u>5,531</u>	<u>24,222</u>	<u>(2,166)</u>



28.1.3 As stated in note 2.16.2 of these consolidated financial statements, the Group operates an unfunded gratuity scheme, and post retirement medical benefit scheme. Provision is maintained against these schemes based on the actuarial recommendations. Actuarial valuation of these benefits are carried out at least once in every two years and the latest valuations were carried out as at June 30, 2006. Projected Unit Credit Method using the following significant assumptions were used for the actuarial valuation of the defined benefit obligation schemes.

- Expected rate of increase in salary level is 7% (2005: 6%) per annum.
- Expected discount rate of 9% (2005: 8%) per annum.
- Expected medical cost trend rate 7% (2005: 6%) per annum.

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
28.2 Employees' compensated absences			
28.2.1 Movement in the net liability recognised in the balance sheet:			
Net recognised liability as at July 1		97,018	127,242
Charge for the year	28.2.2	35,823	14,402
		132,841	141,644
Less: payments made during the year		(38,697)	(44,626)
Net recognised liability as at June 30		94,144	97,018

28.2.2 The following amounts have been charged to the profit and loss account during the current year in respect of the employees' compensated absences obligation:

	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
Current service cost	32,646	36,967
Interest cost	8,132	8,440
Actuarial gain recognised during the year	(4,955)	(31,005)
	35,823	14,402

29. CONTINGENCIES

29.1 The contingent liability in respect of claims not admitted by the Group as at June 30, 2006 amount to Rs 1,139.196 million (2005: Rs 987.181 million). These claims mainly relate to deficiencies in shipping documentation, delay in delivery of cargo, damages to cargo and miscellaneous claims lodged by workers and others. These include Rs 34.485 million (2005: Rs 32.806 million) approximately in respect of insurance claims which, if accepted, will be borne by the Group as the P&I Club, Oceanus Mutual Underwriting Association (Bermuda) Limited has gone into liquidation. Out of the remaining claims, a sum of Rs 351.354 million (2005: Rs 270.824 million) approximately would be recoverable from the P&I Club, Steamship Mutual Underwriting Association, in the event these claims are accepted by the Group. As a matter of prudence, the management has made a total provision of Rs 121.625 million (2005:Rs 103.927 million) against the afore-mentioned claims in these consolidated financial statements as referred to in note 19.1 thereto.

29.2 The Group has not accepted liability in respect of customs duty approximating Rs 2.500 million (2005: Rs 2.500 million) relating to the sale of the vessel M.V Bhambore during the year ended June 30, 1978. The duty was claimed from the Group and the matter has been taken up with the appropriate Government agencies.

- 29.3 The former owners of East & West Steamship Company, Chittagong Steamship Corporation Limited and Trans Oceanic Steamship Company Limited had initiated litigation that involved the Government of Pakistan and the Group.

Following the Supreme Court's adjudication of the East & West Steamship Company's matter in favour of the former owners, the Government provisionally assessed additional compensation due to the former owners at approximately Rs 97.012 million (2005: 97.012 million). Although a major portion of this amount has been settled by the Government, the Government holds the Group liable for this amount by virtue of the net assets of the East & West Steamship Company having become vested in the Group.

In case of Chittagong Steamship Corporation Limited and Trans Oceanic Steamship Company Limited, the litigations relating to compensation to the former owners and the legal suits are pending in the High Court of Sindh. The amount claimed is approximately Rs 1.300 million and Rs 66.800 million (2005: Rs 1.300 million and Rs 66.800 million) respectively.

The Group disclaims any liability in respect of the above mentioned amounts and any accretions to it upto final determination and settlement of the matter.

- 29.4 In respect of the claims filed or likely to be filed against the Group for any cause, including, short delivery of cargo, oil pollution, environmental damage arising out of the grounding and break-up of M.T. Tasman Spirit, negotiation for an out of court settlement were held with the owners of M.T. Tasman Spirit by the Committee set up by the Federal Government. However, the owners of M.T. Tasman Spirit decided to reactivate the arbitration proceedings against the Group in London in respect of unsafe port claim and as a result, the 'stand still agreement' between the owners of M.T. Tasman Spirit and the Government of Pakistan came to an end in May 2005. During the year, arbitration proceedings have commenced, however, in the management's opinion, it is unlikely to succeed and no significant financial liability is likely to result against the Group.
- 29.5 While framing the tax assessment for the income year ended June 30, 1990, the assessing officer had made an addition to income of Rs 3,974.455 million, being the remission of liabilities due to the Federal Government under the scheme of financial restructuring of the Group. The resultant tax liability including additional taxes for late payment of tax amounted to Rs 1,293.748 million, part of which was paid by the Group and the remaining amount of Rs 1,233.694 million was directly discharged at source by the Federal Government. During the year ended June 30, 2002 the ITAT had given its decision in favour of the Group on the appeal filed against the above order. However, the effect of the above decision has not been given by the income tax authorities so far.
- 29.6 While framing the assessments for the assessment years 2001 - 2002 and 2002 - 2003 the income tax assessing authorities had made certain add backs having tax impact of Rs 103.614 million. The Group filed appeals against the subject assessment orders and the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeal) in his orders has upheld certain disallowances and has given decisions in favour of the Group on certain matters. The management of the Group is confident that the matters in appeals shall be eventually decided in its favour.



	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
30. CHARTERING REVENUES			
Own vessels:			
Time charter revenue		79,627	124,698
Voyage charter revenue		208,269	307,321
		<u>287,896</u>	<u>432,019</u>
Foreign flag vessels:			
Time charter revenue		-	600,894
Voyage charter revenue		533,883	868,564
Slot charter revenue		847,139	612,769
		<u>1,381,022</u>	<u>2,082,227</u>
		<u>1,668,918</u>	<u>2,514,246</u>
31. FLEET EXPENSES - DIRECT			
Stevedoring and transhipment expenses		172,283	190,680
Container leasing and other charges		221	168
Diesel, fuel and lubricants consumed		1,745,111	1,033,371
Port, light, canal and customs dues		613,232	495,637
Salaries and allowances		398,403	334,815
Charter hire and related expenses	31.1	802,552	1,527,800
Fleet communication expenses		13,684	15,639
Agency commission and brokerage		130,430	113,327
Victualling expenses		43,705	41,228
Insurance		592,077	324,820
Claims		34,509	21,946
Stores and spares consumed		186,578	224,586
Repairs, maintenance and special surveys		300,433	235,756
Overage premium		70,491	-
Provision for slow moving spares		-	15,198
Depreciation			
Incomplete voyage as at July 1		35,955	3,447
Fleet expenses - direct	4.7	1,050,949	358,170
		<u>1,086,904</u>	<u>361,617</u>
Sundry expenses		49,151	38,550
		<u>6,239,764</u>	<u>4,975,138</u>
31.1 Charter Hire and Related Expenses			
Foreign flag vessels:			
- Time charter expenses		-	414,231
- Voyage charter expenses		458,520	885,291
- Slot charter expenses		344,032	228,278
		<u>802,552</u>	<u>1,527,800</u>



	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
32. FLEET EXPENSES - INDIRECT			
Conference establishment expenses		1,385	866
Salaries and allowances – Regional offices	32.1	3,376	3,978
Agents' and other general expenses		9,020	10,755
Depreciation	4.7	914	3,611
General establishment expenses – Regional offices		588	715
		<u>15,283</u>	<u>19,925</u>

32.1 This includes Rs 0.149 million (2005: Rs 0.185 million) in respect of provident fund contribution.

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
32.2 Agents' and other general expenses			
Printing and stationery		1,066	964
Advertisement and publicity		1,717	2,901
Telephone, telex and postage		4,859	5,486
Bank charges and commission		393	583
Other miscellaneous expenses		985	821
		<u>9,020</u>	<u>10,755</u>

33. ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES

Salaries and allowances	33.1	201,530	196,144
General establishment expenses	33.2	84,346	68,639
Rent, rates and taxes		6,011	6,945
Scholarship and training expenses		738	547
Impairment of goodwill		24,362	-
Impairment loss on investment		848	-
Insurance		2,382	1,548
Depreciation	4.7	23,595	40,853
Amortisation	5	3,301	3,301
Directors' fee		263	36
Legal and professional charges		6,695	6,103
Provision for doubtful debts against:			
- trade			8,200
65,341			
- others		21,204	31,965
Others		1,822	-
		<u>385,297</u>	<u>421,422</u>

33.1 This includes Rs 7.412 million (2005: Rs 7.802 million) in respect of provident fund contribution.



	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
33.2 General establishment expenses			
Repairs and maintenance		4,940	4,641
Medical cost		8,496	9,175
Contribution to employees welfare fund		7	8
Contribution to group term insurance		1,085	1,180
Security charges		1,930	1,743
Travelling and conveyance		11,910	9,438
Entertainment and canteen subsidy		2,753	2,553
Books, periodicals and subscription		4,797	2,417
Uniform and liveries		376	288
Printing and stationery		2,929	2,562
Telephone, telex and postage		7,648	6,561
Light, power and water		10,983	7,131
Computer expenses		6,998	3,475
Advertisement and publicity		2,979	2,722
Vehicle running and repairs		11,725	9,141
Ship inspection expenses		1,234	1,955
Sundry expenses		3,556	3,649
		<u>84,346</u>	<u>68,639</u>
34. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES			
Irrecoverable balances written off		-	194
Stores written off		-	6,629
Workers' profit participation fund	21.2	72,100	155,622
Deficit on vessel disposed during the year included in the revaluation surplus - net of tax		-	108,688
Donations	34.1	2,614	14,153
Auditors' remuneration	34.2	4,822	4,847
Employees' gratuity	28.1.1	20,441	24,222
Post retirement medical benefits	28.1.1	5,531	(2,166)
Employees' compensated absences	28.2.1	35,823	14,402
Cargo claims		-	1,265
Loss on revaluation of investments		2,178	-
Others		515	-
		<u>144,024</u>	<u>327,856</u>

34.1 Donations were not made to any donee in which the Group or a director or his spouse had any interest.



34.2 Auditors' remuneration

	2006			2005		
	A. F. Ferguson & Co.	Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co.	Total	A. F. Ferguson & Co.	Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co.	Total
----- (Rupees '000) -----						
Audit fee - the Corporation	280	280	560	224	224	448
Audit fee - Subsidiaries	487	504	991	459	458	917
Review of half yearly financial statements	150	150	300	150	150	300
Review of compliance with the best practices of the code of Corporate Governance	40	40	80	40	40	80
Fee for audit of the consolidated financial statements	50	50	100	-	-	-
Audit fee - funds	-	3	3	-	-	-
Tax advisory services	2,458	4	2,462	2,887	-	2,887
Out of pocket expenses	171	155	326	109	106	215
	<u>3,636</u>	<u>1,186</u>	<u>4,822</u>	<u>3,869</u>	<u>978</u>	<u>4,847</u>

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
35. FINANCE COST			
Interest on:			
- Long-term financing		61,249	58,571
- Workers' Profits Participation Fund	21.2	2,787	2,597
Bank charges and commission		4,311	3,880
Exchange loss on long-term financing		7,300	29,436
		<u>75,647</u>	<u>94,484</u>
36. OTHER OPERATING INCOME			
Interest/mark-up on loans and advances to employees		773	898
Income from savings and term deposits accounts		261,041	63,293
Scrap sales		148	477
Profit on disposal of fixed assets		2,157	266,571
Dividend income		1,945	2,129
Provisions no longer required written back		10,566	109,355
Gain on revaluation of investments		-	10,488
Gain on revaluation of investment properties		-	235,289
Insurance claims	36.1	11,093	35,207
Liabilities no longer payable written back	36.2	4,031	11,173
Miscellaneous other income		39,745	57,589
		<u>331,499</u>	<u>792,469</u>



	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
36.1	This represents recoveries from hull, cargo and other claims according to:		
	- the insurance policies	11,093	33,703
	- others	-	1,504
		11,093	35,207
36.2	This includes old outstanding dividend forfeited amounting to Rs Nil (2005: Rs 9.758 million).		
37.	TAXATION		
	Tax charge for:		
	- Current year	328,140	140,342
	- Prior years	(54,589)	55,292
		273,551	195,634
	Deferred	(124,209)	(2,181)
		149,342	193,453
	Taxes paid abroad		
	- Current year	3,613	1,737
		152,955	195,190
37.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit		
	Accounting profit before tax	1,391,106	2,898,541
	Tax rate	35%	35%
	Tax on accounting profit	486,887	1,014,489
	Tax effect in respect of taxable difference on surplus on revaluation of investment properties	-	(82,351)
	Tax effect of lower tax rates on certain incomes	(201,362)	(798,436)
	Others	(81,594)	4,459
		(282,956)	(876,328)
		203,931	138,161
	Tax effects of adjustments in respect of taxes paid abroad	3,613	1,737
	Tax effects of adjustments in respect of prior years	(54,589)	55,292
	Tax expense for the year	152,955	195,190
38.	EARNINGS PER SHARE		
	Profit after taxation attributable to equity holders of the Corporation	1,238,079	2,703,250
		(Number of shares)	
	Weighted average number of Ordinary shares in issue during the year	132,063,380	132,063,380
		(Rupees)	
	Earnings per share - basic and diluted	9.37	20.47



	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
39. CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS			
Profit before taxation		1,391,106	2,898,541
Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:			
Share of loss in an associate		4,992	6,084
Depreciation (including net impact of adjustment in cost and accumulated depreciation balance)		1,117,155	376,490
Amortisation		3,301	-
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(2,157)	(266,571)
Stores and spares written off		-	6,629
Loss on disposal of stores, spares and bunker on board with the vessel		-	(12,329)
Deficit on vessel disposed during the year included in the revaluation surplus - net of tax		-	108,688
Provision for employees' gratuity		20,441	24,222
Provision for employees' compensated absences		35,823	14,402
Provision for post retirement medical benefits		5,531	(2,166)
Provision / (reversal) against claims for damages		17,698	(31,980)
Dividend income		(1,945)	(2,129)
Dividend forfeited		-	(9,758)
Interest / mark-up income		(261,041)	(64,191)
Interest / mark-up expense		61,249	58,571
Impairment of goodwill		24,362	-
Impairment loss on investment in an associate		848	-
Irrecoverable balances written off		-	194
Loss/(gain) on revaluation of investments		2,178	(10,488)
Gain on revaluation of investment properties		-	(235,289)
Unrealised exchange loss on long-term financing		7,300	29,436
Working capital changes	39.1	(120,325)	423,657
		<u>2,306,516</u>	<u>3,312,013</u>
39.1 Working capital changes			
Decrease / (increase) in current assets			
Stores and spares		(12,092)	(933)
Trade debts		81,742	270,974
Agents' and owners' balances		25,961	(43,018)
Loans and advances		(4,533)	9,879
Deposits and prepayments		4,101	10,073
Other receivables		(20,166)	1,916
Incomplete voyages		(232,537)	(49,787)
Insurance claims		(9,170)	(61,665)
		<u>(166,694)</u>	<u>137,439</u>
Increase in current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		46,369	286,218
		<u>(120,325)</u>	<u>423,657</u>
40. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash and bank balances		4,327,054	4,114,991
		<u>4,327,054</u>	<u>4,114,991</u>



41. REMUNERATION OF CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS / DIRECTORS AND OTHER EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount of remuneration including all benefits payable to the Chairman, Executive Directors / Director and Executives of the Group were as follows:

	Chairman & Chief Executive		Executive Directors/Directors		Other Executives	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
	----- (Rupees '000) -----					
Managerial remuneration and allowances	704	224	3,803	5,686	41,331	30,751
Retirement benefits	-	-	142	334	270	380
House rent	-	-	779	1,206	10,455	8,722
Conveyance	-	-	-	-	2,908	2,543
Entertainment	12	9	421	419	-	-
Medical	25	58	123	305	1,450	1,409
Utilities	37	38	406	604	4,111	3,327
Personal staff subsidy	28	-	62	43	386	185
Club membership fee and expenses	24	24	68	56	-	-
Personal accident insurance	4	4	17	13	-	119
Bonus	-	-	-	-	614	-
Other allowances	220	142	367	493	19,901	16,437
	<u>1,054</u>	<u>499</u>	<u>6,188</u>	<u>9,159</u>	<u>81,426</u>	<u>63,873</u>
Number of persons	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>36</u>

41.1 Retirement benefits represent amount contributed towards various retirement benefit plans. The Executives of the Group are entitled to retirement benefits as outlined in note 2.16 to these consolidated financial statements. The Chairman and Chief Executive, Executive Directors and certain Executives are provided with Group owned and maintained cars.

41.2 The aggregate amount charged in the consolidated financial statements for fee to non-executive directors was Rs 0.263 million (2005: Rs 0.036 million).



42. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	2006						
	Interest / mark-up bearing			Non Interest / mark-up bearing			Total
	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Subtotal	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Subtotal	
----- (Rupees '000) -----							
Financial Assets							
Long-term investments	-	-	-	30,781	-	30,781	30,781
Loans - Employees	920	2,210	3,130	-	-	-	3,130
Trade debts	-	-	-	209,936	-	209,936	209,936
Agents' and owners' balances	-	-	-	32,207	-	32,207	32,207
Deposits	-	-	-	2,445	90	2,535	2,535
Interest/mark-up accrued	-	-	-	42,999	-	42,999	42,999
Other receivables	-	-	-	65,833	-	65,833	65,833
Insurance claims	-	-	-	83,049	-	83,049	83,049
Cash and bank balances	3,710,434	-	3,710,434	616,620	-	616,620	4,327,054
	3,711,354	2,210	3,713,564	1,083,870	90	1,083,960	4,797,524
Financial Liabilities							
Long-term financing	258,557	474,021	732,578	-	-	-	732,578
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	930,818	-	930,818	930,818
Interest accrued	-	-	-	174	-	174	174
	258,557	474,021	732,578	930,992	-	930,992	1,663,570
Net financial assets/(financial liabilities)	3,452,797	(471,811)	2,980,986	152,878	90	152,968	3,133,954

The effective interest / mark-up rates for the monetary financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in the respective notes.

	2005						
	Interest / mark-up bearing			Non Interest / mark-up bearing			Total
	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Subtotal	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Subtotal	
----- (Rupees '000) -----							
Financial Assets							
Long-term investments	-	-	-	32,959	-	32,959	32,959
Loans - Employees	1,610	3,300	4,910	-	-	-	4,910
Trade debts	-	-	-	291,678	-	291,678	291,678
Agents' and owners' balances	-	-	-	58,168	-	58,168	58,168
Deposits	-	-	-	5,881	-	5,881	5,881
Interest/mark-up accrued	-	-	-	9,420	-	9,420	9,420
Other receivables	-	-	-	44,841	-	44,841	44,841
Insurance claims	-	-	-	73,879	-	73,879	73,879
Cash and bank balances	3,950,671	-	3,950,671	164,320	-	164,320	4,114,991
	3,952,281	3,300	3,955,581	681,146	-	681,146	4,636,727
Financial Liabilities							
Long-term financing	256,071	725,536	981,607	-	-	-	981,607
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	933,806	-	933,806	933,806
Interest accrued	-	-	-	180	-	180	180
	256,071	725,536	981,607	933,986	-	933,986	1,915,593
Net financial assets/(financial liabilities)	3,696,210	(722,236)	2,973,974	(252,840)	-	(252,840)	2,721,134



42.1 Concentration of credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognised at the reporting date if counter parties failed completely to perform as contracted. Out of the total financial assets of Rs 4,797.524 million (2005: Rs 4,636.727 million) the financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs 4,797.510 million (2005: Rs 4,636.575 million). The management of the Group believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

42.2 Foreign exchange risk management

Foreign currency risk arises on receivable and payable transactions at foreign ports and on long-term foreign currency loan. Foreign currency risks are not covered as a considered management decision.

42.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulties in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. The Group believes that it is not exposed to any significant level of liquidity risk.

42.4 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. The Group has adopted appropriate policies to minimise its exposure to this risk.

42.5 Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

The carrying value of all financial assets and financial liabilities are estimated to approximate their fair values.

43. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Related parties comprise of companies affiliated to the holding company and their directors, key executives of the holding company and employee funds maintained by the holding company. Transactions with related parties essentially entail dividend income received from related investee companies. Particulars of remuneration to key personnel are disclosed in note 41 of these consolidated financial statements.

The significant transactions carried out by the Group with related parties during the year are given below:

	2006	2005
	(Rupees in '000)	
Contribution to Provident Fund	7,561	11,942
Directors' fee	263	36



44. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, whenever necessary, for the purposes of comparison. Major changes made for better presentation during the year are as follows:

Note	Reclassification from component	Note	Reclassification to component	(Rupees in '000)
17	Short term investments - held to maturity	20	cash and bank balances - term deposits	2,950,000
31	Other operating expenses - exchange loss on foreign currency loan	35	Finance cost - exchange loss on foreign currency loan	29,436

44.1 Followings have been reclassified and disclosed separately on the face of the balance sheet this year:

Note	Reclassification from component	(Rupees in '000)
3	Fixed assets - Intangible assets	11,552
19	Trade and other payables - Provision against damages claims	103,927

44.2 Amortisation has been disclosed as a separate line item in administration and general expenses this year for better presentation.

44.3 Unappropriated profit has been reclassified and shown as part of reserves in these consolidated financial statements.

45. NON-ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on September 16, 2006 has proposed a cash dividend in respect of 2006 of Re. 1.00 per share (2005: Rs 2.00 per share). In addition, the directors have also announced a bonus issue of Nil (2005: 10%). This appropriation will be approved in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2006 do not include the effect of this appropriation which will be accounted for subsequent to the year end.

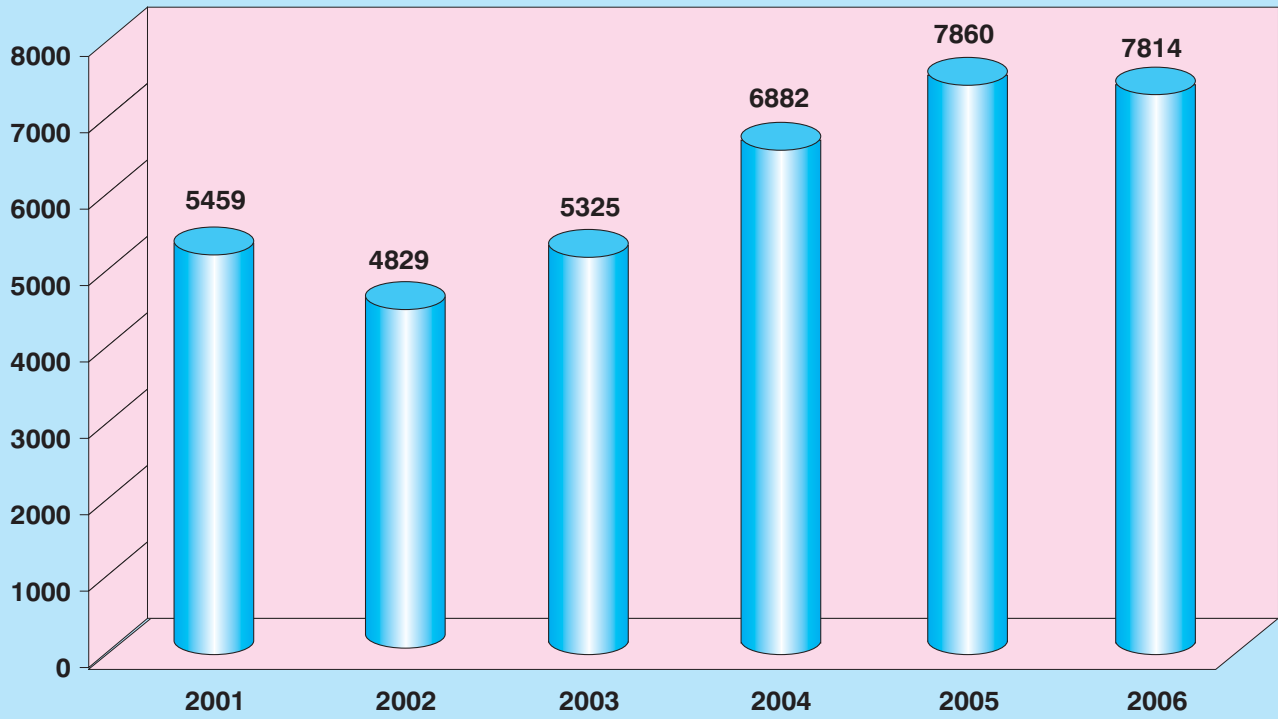
46. DATE OF AUTHORISATION

These financial statements were authorised for issue on September 16, 2006 by the Board of Directors.

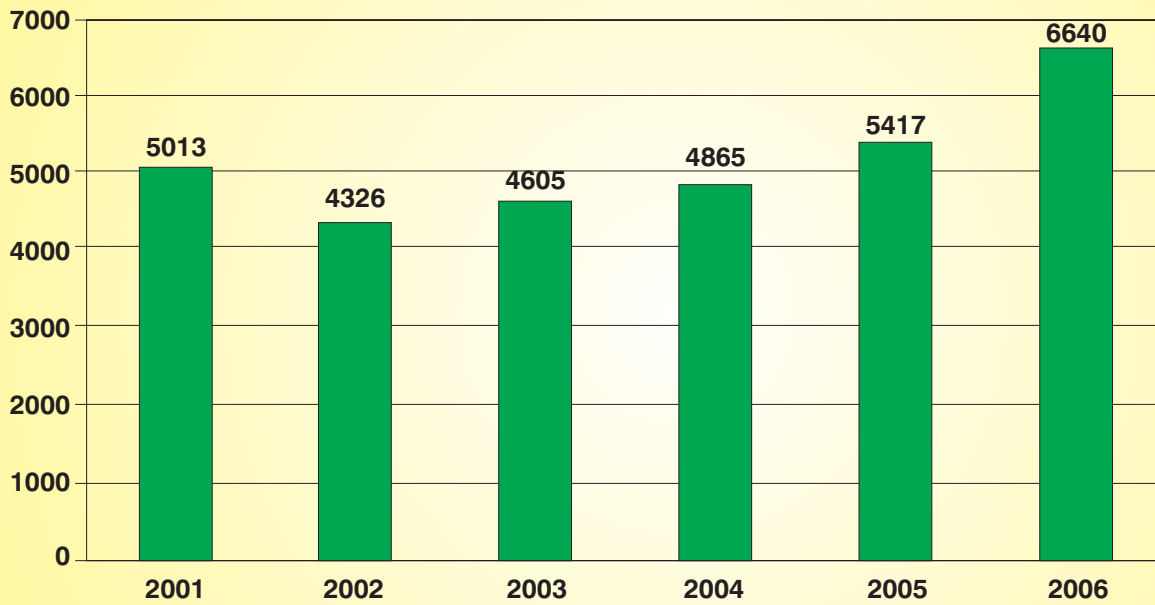
Vice Admiral (Retd.) S. Tauquir H. Naqvi
Chairman & Chief Executive

S. Haider Abbas Rizvi
Director

FREIGHT REVENUE
Rs. IN MILLION

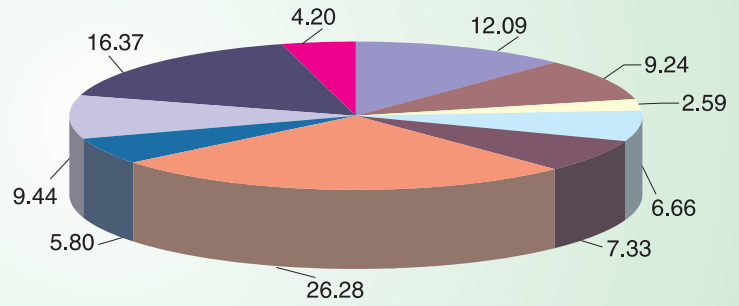


OPERATING EXPENSES
Rs. IN MILLION

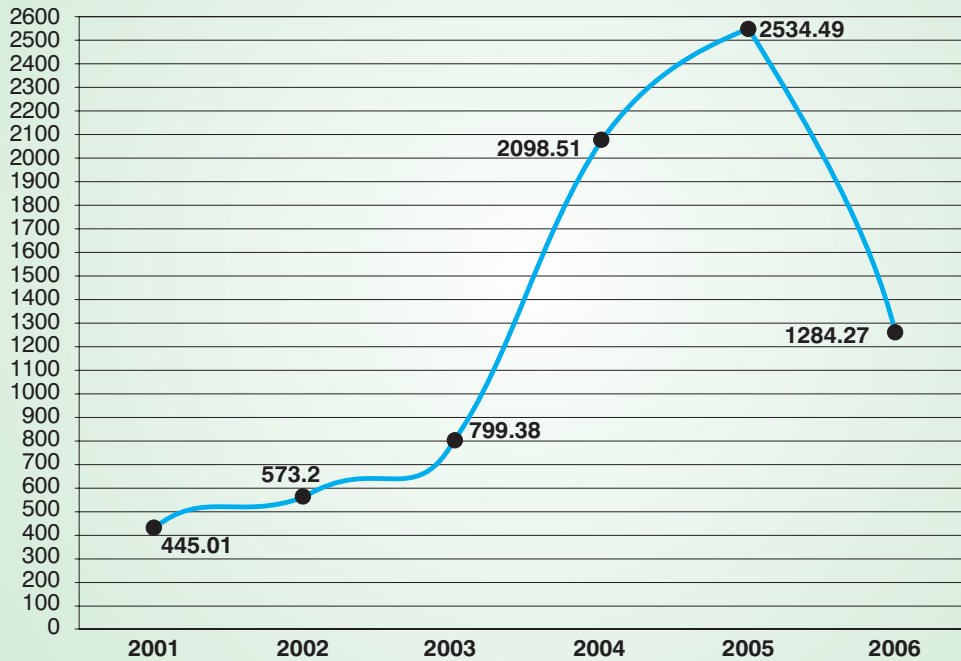


PERCENTAGE OF OPERATING EXPENSES 2006

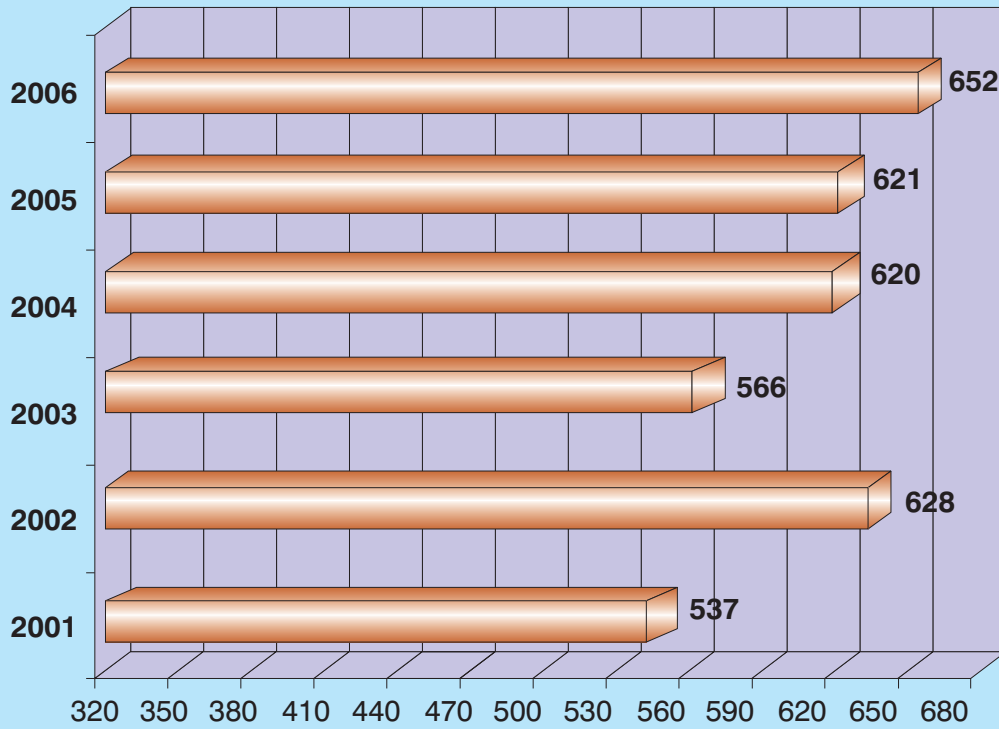
- Charter Hire
- Port Dues
- Stevedoring
- Salaries & Victualling
- Repairs, Stores & Spares
- Fuel & Lubricants
- Administration & General Expenses
- Insurance & Claims
- Depreciation
- Others



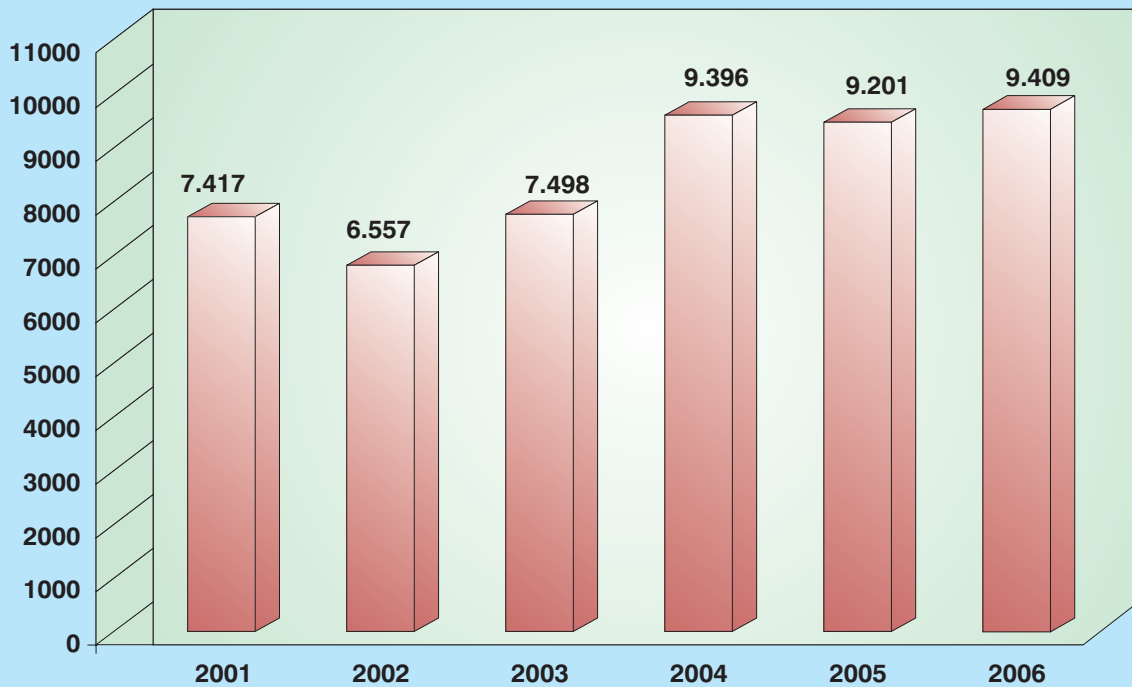
OPERATING PROFIT Rs. IN MILLION



NO. OF VOYAGES



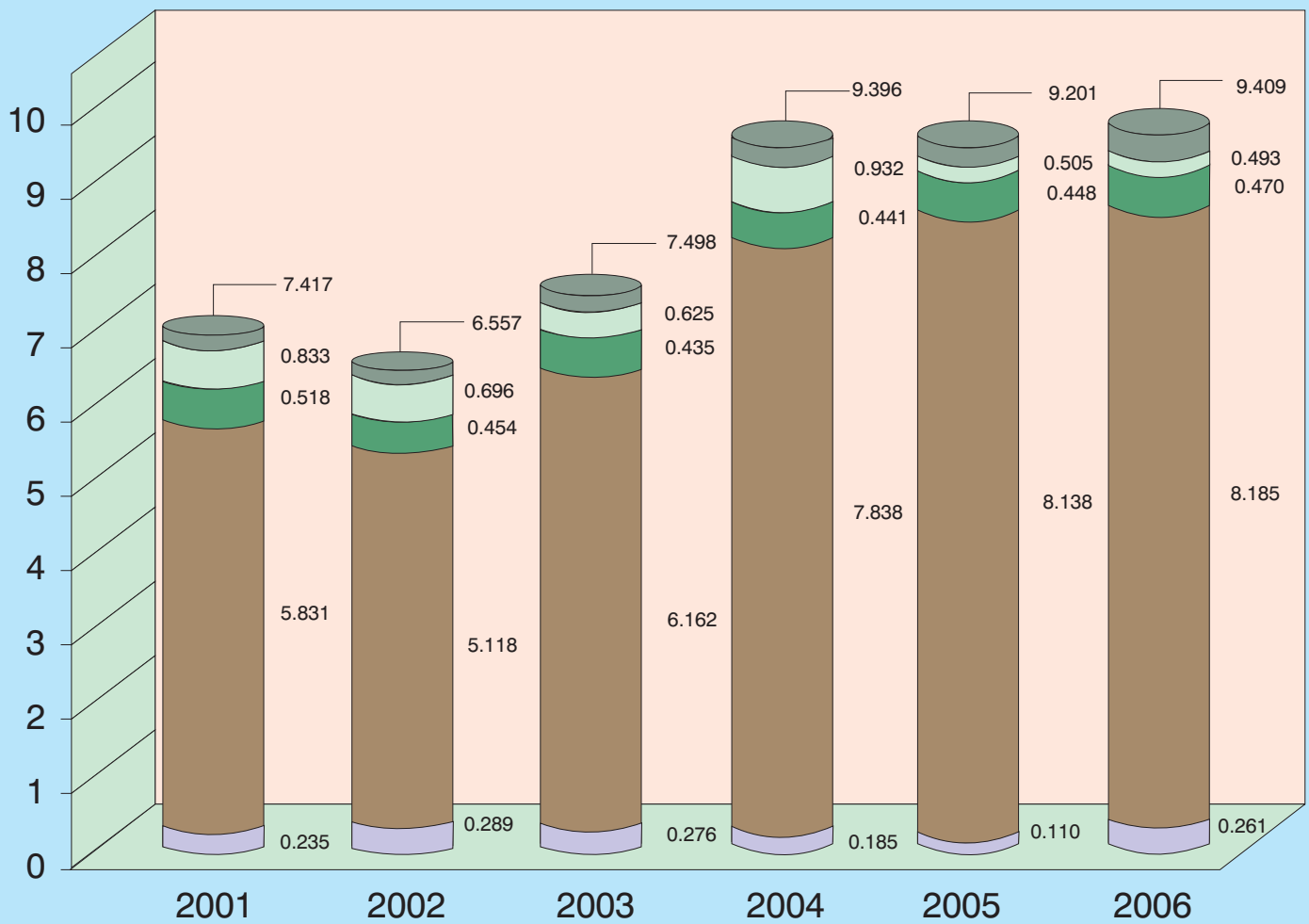
CARGO HANDLED FREIGHT TONS IN MILLION



SECTOR WISE CARGO LIFTINGS

FREIGHT TONS IN MILLION

- TOTAL
- TRADE AREA - EAST
- TRADE AREA - WEST
- LIQUID BULK
- DRY BULK



REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

OF

**PAKISTAN NATIONAL
SHIPPING CORPORATION
HOLDING COMPANY**



A. F. FERGUSON & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
STATE LIFE BUILDING 1-C
1. 1. CHUNDRIGAR ROAD
KARACHI.

FORD RHODES SIDAT HYDER & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
PROGRESSIVE PLAZA
BEAUMONT ROAD
KARACHI.

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of Pakistan National Shipping Corporation as at June 30, 2005 and the related profit and loss account, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Corporation's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- (a) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Corporation as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) in our opinion:
 - (i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
 - (ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Corporation's business; and
 - (iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Corporation;
- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Corporation's affairs as at June 30, 2006 and of the profit, its changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 was deducted by the Corporation and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

A. F. Ferguson & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Karachi

Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Karachi

September 16, 2006



**PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION
BALANCE SHEET
AS AT JUNE 30, 2006**

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Fixed assets			
- Property, plant and equipment	4	631,670	627,162
- Intangible assets	5	8,251	11,552
Investment properties	6	674,162	674,162
Long-term investments in:			
- Related parties (subsidiaries and associate)	7	8,377,167	7,931,326
- Listed companies and other entities	8	30,781	32,959
		8,407,948	7,964,285
Long-term loans and advances	9	1,447,528	996,466
Deferred tax - net	10	132,684	-
		<u>11,302,243</u>	<u>10,273,627</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores and spares	11	21,504	17,665
Trade debts	12	31,308	103,700
Agents' and owners' balances	13	12,512	38,815
Loans and advances	14	389,052	384,519
Deposits and prepayments	15	4,799	5,990
Interest / mark-up accrued	16	54,734	27,677
Other receivables	17	242,492	20,587
Incomplete voyages	18	2,144	7,448
Insurance claims	19	9,661	2,168
Cash and bank balances	20	4,055,389	4,051,579
		<u>4,823,595</u>	<u>4,660,148</u>
LESS: CURRENT LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS			
Trade and other payables	21	3,660,150	3,332,437
Provision against damage claims	22	121,625	103,927
Interest accrued		174	180
Current portion of long-term financing	26	258,557	256,071
Taxation - net		161,631	61,363
		<u>4,202,137</u>	<u>3,753,978</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>621,458</u>	<u>906,170</u>
		<u>11,923,701</u>	<u>11,179,797</u>
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	23	1,320,634	1,200,576
Reserves	24	6,355,408	5,011,625
		<u>7,676,042</u>	<u>6,212,201</u>
SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF FIXED ASSETS - NET OF TAX	25	3,374,088	3,821,963
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term financing	26	474,021	725,536
Deferred liabilities	27	399,550	419,772
Deferred tax - net	10	-	325
		<u>11,923,701</u>	<u>11,179,797</u>
CONTINGENCIES	28		

The annexed notes 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Vice Admiral (Retd.) S. Tauquir H. Naqvi
Chairman & Chief Executive

S. Haider Abbas Rizvi
Director



**PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006**

	Note	2006	2005
(Rupees in '000)			
REVENUES			
Chartering revenues	29	1,381,022	2,082,227
Services fee	30	257,326	231,120
Rental income		109,993	90,257
		<u>1,748,341</u>	<u>2,403,604</u>
EXPENDITURE			
Fleet expenses - direct	31	804,878	1,534,603
- indirect	32	2,168	6,351
		<u>807,046</u>	<u>1,540,954</u>
GROSS PROFIT			
		<u>941,295</u>	<u>862,650</u>
Administrative and general expenses	33	145,733	217,240
Other operating expenses	34	83,671	153,986
Finance costs	35	74,119	93,299
		<u>303,523</u>	<u>464,525</u>
Other operating income	36	436,112	546,513
		<u>1,073,884</u>	<u>944,638</u>
Share of net profit in subsidiaries and associates		293,237	2,009,593
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION			
		<u>1,367,121</u>	<u>2,954,231</u>
Taxation	37	128,529	173,078
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION			
		<u>1,238,592</u>	<u>2,781,153</u>
(Rupees)			
EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	38	<u>9.38</u>	<u>21.06</u>

The annexed notes 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Appropriations have been reflected in the statement of changes in equity.

Vice Admiral (Retd.) S. Tauquir H. Naqvi
Chairman & Chief Executive

S. Haider Abbas Rizvi
Director



**PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006**

	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Capital Reserve		Revenue reserves		Total
		Reserve for issue of bonus shares	Others	General reserve	Unappropriated profit	
----- (Rupees in '000) -----						
Balance as at July 1, 2004	1,143,406	-	126,843	500,000	1,701,680	3,471,929
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets realised through incremental depreciation charged on related assets during the year, recognised directly in equity - net of tax	-	-	-	-	73,460	73,460
Profit after taxation for the year ended June 30, 2005	-	-	-	-	2,781,153	2,781,153
Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2004 (Re 1 per Ordinary share)	-	-	-	-	(114,341)	(114,341)
Transfer to reserve for issue of bonus shares	-	57,170	-	-	(57,170)	-
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	-	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	-
Issue of bonus shares (5%)	57,170	(57,170)	-	-	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2005	1,200,576	-	126,843	1,500,000	3,384,782	6,212,201
Balance as at July 1, 2005	1,200,576	-	126,843	1,500,000	3,384,782	6,212,201
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets realised through incremental depreciation charged on related assets during the year, recognised directly in equity - net of tax	-	-	-	-	465,364	465,364
Profit after taxation for the year ended June 30, 2006	-	-	-	-	1,238,592	1,238,592
Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2005 (Rs 2 per Ordinary share)	-	-	-	-	(240,115)	(240,115)
Transfer to reserve for issue of bonus shares	-	120,058	-	-	(120,058)	-
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	-	2,000,000	(2,000,000)	-
Issue of bonus shares (10%)	120,058	(120,058)	-	-	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2006	1,320,634	-	126,843	3,500,000	2,728,565	7,676,042

The annexed notes 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Vice Admiral (Retd.) S. Tauquir H. Naqvi
Chairman & Chief Executive

S. Haider Abbas Rizvi
Director



PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION
CASH FLOW STATEMENT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	39	1,089,826	2,238,469
Employees' gratuity paid		(36,169)	(15,314)
Employees' compensated absences paid		(38,697)	(44,626)
Post retirement medical benefits paid		(7,151)	(5,129)
Long-term loans and advances - net		(451,062)	65,016
Finance costs paid		(61,255)	(58,553)
Taxes paid		(152,470)	(119,419)
Net cash generated from operating activities		343,022	2,060,444
Cash flows from investing activities			
Fixed capital expenditure		(29,280)	(20,008)
Investment in subsidiaries		(169,125)	-
Investment in unlisted companies - others		-	20
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		2,147	2
Interest / mark-up received		348,140	126,198
Dividend received		1,945	2,129
Net cash generated from investing activities		153,827	108,341
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of long-term financing		(256,329)	(254,851)
Dividend paid		(236,710)	(96,980)
Net cash used in financing activities		(493,039)	(351,831)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		3,810	1,816,954
Cash and cash equivalents at July 1		4,051,579	2,234,625
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30	40	4,055,389	4,051,579

The annexed notes 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Vice Admiral (Retd.) S. Tauquir H. Naqvi
Chairman & Chief Executive

S. Haider Abbas Rizvi
Director



PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

1. THE CORPORATION AND ITS OPERATIONS

- 1.1 Pakistan National Shipping Corporation (the Corporation) was established under the provisions of the Pakistan National Shipping Corporation Ordinance, 1979 and is principally engaged in the business of shipping, including charter of vessels, transportation of cargo and other related services and providing commercial, technical, administrative, financial and other services to third parties in relation to the business of shipping. The Corporation is also engaged in renting out its properties to tenants under long-term lease arrangements. The Corporation is listed on the Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges. The Corporation's registered office is situated in PNSC Building, Moulvi Tamizuddin Khan Road, Karachi.

The Corporation had applied for delisting from the Lahore and Islamabad Stock Exchanges which was approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). The Lahore Stock Exchange (LSE) had filed an appeal in the Lahore High Court against the order of the SECP and the court has decided in favour of LSE. Consequently, the Corporation has filed an appeal in the Supreme Court against the order of the High Court and at present the matter of delisting from LSE is pending subject to final decision by the Supreme Court.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated, as set out below.

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements are the separate financial statements of the Corporation and have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (the Ordinance). Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Accounting Standards (IAS) as notified under the provisions of the Ordinance. Wherever, the requirements of the Ordinance or the directives issued by SECP differ with the requirements of these standards, the requirements of the Ordinance or the requirements of the said directives take precedence.

2.1.1 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective:

Following amendments to existing standards applicable to the Corporation have been published that are mandatory for the Corporation's accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2006 or later periods:

IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements – Capital disclosures	effective from January 1, 2007
IAS 19 (Amendments) – Employee Benefits	effective from January 1, 2006
IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement – Fair value option	effective from January 1, 2006



Adoption of the above amendments may only impact the extent of disclosures presented in the financial statements. The Corporation intends to adopt these amendments from the date when they become effective.

In addition to above, a new series of standards called "International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)" have been introduced and seven IFRSs have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). Out of these, following four IFRSs have been adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP), however, since these have not been adopted by the SECP therefore, the same do not form part of the approved local financial reporting framework:

IFRS 2 Share-based Payment

IFRS 3 Business Combinations

IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

IFRS 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources

2.2 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as follows:

- Certain property, plant and equipment as referred to in note 2.3.1 have been included at revalued amounts; and
- Certain investments and investment properties as referred to in notes 2.6.2 and 2.5 respectively have been carried at fair value to comply with the requirements of IAS-39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' and IAS-40 'Investment Property'.

2.3 Fixed assets

2.3.1 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation except for leasehold land and buildings thereon and workshop machineries and equipment. Leasehold land and buildings thereon and workshop machineries and equipment are stated at revalued amounts less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. The revaluation of related assets is carried out with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amounts do not differ materially from those which would have been determined using fair values at the balance sheet date.

The value assigned to leasehold land is not depreciated as the leases are expected to be renewed for further periods on payment of relevant rentals. Annual lease rentals are charged to income and premium paid at the time of renewal, if any, is amortised over the remaining period of the lease.

Cost in relation to vessel includes cost of acquisition and other related expenses incidental to the purchase of vessels accumulated to the date the vessels are commissioned into service.

Depreciation is charged to income applying the straight line method whereby the depreciable amount of an asset is written off over its estimated useful life.

Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which the asset is available for use and continued to be depreciated until it is derecognised that is upto the month of disposal even if during



that period the asset is in idle condition. An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. No depreciation is charged if the asset's residual value exceeds its carrying amount.

Residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted if expectations differ significantly from previous estimates.

Useful lives are determined by the management based on expected usage of asset, expected physical wear and tear, technical and commercial obsolescence, legal and similar limits on the use of the assets and other similar factors.

Surplus on revaluation is credited to the surplus on revaluation of fixed assets account except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss, in which case surplus is recognised in profit or loss account. A revaluation deficit is recognised in profit or loss, except that a deficit directly offsetting a previous surplus on the same asset in which case the deficit is taken to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets account. An annual transfer from the surplus on revaluation of fixed assets account to retained earnings is made for the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the assets and the depreciation based on the assets' original cost. Additionally, accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the assets and the net amount is restated to revalued amount of the assets. Upon disposal, any revaluation reserve relating to the particular assets being sold is transferred to retained earnings.

Major renewals, replacements and improvements are capitalised and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired. Normal repairs and maintenance are charged to income as and when incurred. Gains and losses on disposals of the assets are included in income currently.

2.3.2 Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost incurred to date less impairment in value, if any. It consists of expenditure incurred and advances made in respect of operating fixed assets in the course of their installation and acquisition.

2.3.3 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. Cost in relation to intangible assets presently held by the Corporation includes cost of computer software and other expenses incidental to the purchase of computer software.

Costs associated with maintaining computer software are recognised as an expense as and when incurred.

Intangible assets are amortised from the month when these assets are available for use using the straight line method whereby the cost of intangible asset is amortised over the period which takes into account the economic benefits that will be available to the Corporation.

2.4 Impairment of assets

The Corporation assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that the assets may be impaired. If such indications exist, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amounts. Where carrying values exceed the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting



impairment charge is recognised in income except for impairment loss on revalued assets, which is recognised directly against any revaluation surplus for the asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount held in the revaluation surplus for the same asset.

2.5 Investment properties

Properties held for long-term rental yields which are not occupied by the Corporation are classified as investment properties.

Investment properties are carried at fair value which is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. The valuation of these properties is carried out with sufficient regularity.

Gains and losses arising from a change in the fair value of investment properties are included in the income currently.

2.6 Investments

2.6.1 Subsidiaries and associates

The investments in subsidiaries and associates are accounted for on the basis of the equity method of accounting less any accumulated impairment losses.

Consequent to revisions in the International Accounting Standard No. 27 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements' (IAS-27) made applicable in Pakistan to the financial statements covering accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2005, investments in subsidiaries and associates should be carried in the separate financial statements of the investor, at cost or at fair value in accordance with IAS-39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'.

However, the Corporation believes that due to the typical group structure of its subsidiaries and the manner in which the operations are conducted, the equity method of accounting would result in more appropriate presentation of its financial statements and, therefore, an exemption was sought from the SECP for complying with the revised requirements of IAS-27. In response to the Corporation's request, the SECP has through its letter referenced EMD/233/474/2002 dated July 31, 2006, granted one time permission to the Corporation to continue to account for investments in subsidiaries on the basis of the equity method only for the purpose of its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Had the investments in subsidiaries and associates been carried at cost, the long-term investments, revenue reserves and surplus on revaluation of fixed assets at the end of the year would have been lower by Rs 6,843.096 million (2005: Rs 6,541.170 million), Rs 4,005.415 million (2005: Rs 3,188.774 million) and Rs 2,837.681 million (Rs 3,287.319 million) respectively and deferred tax asset would have been higher by Rs Nil (2005: Rs 65.077 million) whereas profit after taxation for the year would have been lower by Rs 293.237 million (2005: Rs 1,968.344 million).

The Corporation will, nonetheless, be required to prepare its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2007 in accordance with the requirements of IAS-27.

2.6.2 Other investments

The management determines the appropriate classification of these investments in accordance with the requirements of IAS-39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement', at the time of purchase depending on the purpose for which the investments are acquired and re-evaluates this



classification on a regular basis. The existing investment portfolio of the Corporation has been categorised as 'financial assets through profit or loss' and 'available for sale financial assets'.

Effective July 1, 2005 the Corporation has redesignated its investment in quoted securities held under the head 'available for sale' to 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss'. However, the Corporation continues to hold its investment in unquoted securities under the head 'available for sale financial assets'. This change has been made in accordance with the requirements of revised IAS-39 which became applicable to the Corporation effective July 1, 2005. There is, however, no change in the measurement basis and recognition of unrealised gains/losses as a result of the said redesignation.

'Financial assets through profit or loss' are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently re-measured to fair value using quoted market prices. Gains/losses arising upon remeasurement are recognised in profit and loss account.

'Available for sale financial assets' that are quoted securities, are initially recognised at fair value inclusive of transaction costs and are subsequently re-measured to fair value using quoted market prices. Investment in unquoted securities are initially recognised and subsequently carried at fair value or at cost where fair value cannot be reliably measured. Gains/losses arising upon remeasurement of 'available for sale financial assets' are recognised directly in equity through the statement of changes in equity.

Investments are de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Corporation has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Impairment of investment is recognised when there is a permanent diminution in their value.

2.7 Long-term loans and advances

These are initially recognised at cost inclusive of transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment losses. (note 9.4)

2.8 Stores and spares

Stores are valued at average cost while spares are valued at cost determined on first-in first-out basis. Stores and spares in transit are valued at cost incurred upto the balance sheet date.

Certain spares having low value and high consumption levels are charged to income at the time of purchase.

Provision for obsolete and slow moving stores and spares is determined based on assessment regarding their future usability.

2.9 Trade debts

Trade debts comprise freight, hire and other short-term receivables which are carried at original invoice amount less estimates made for doubtful receivables based on review of all outstanding amounts at year end. Balances considered bad and irrecoverable are written off when identified.



2.10 Taxation

2.10.1 Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, or one half of one percent of turnover, whichever is higher.

2.10.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases after adjusting for the impact of Final Tax Regime (FTR).

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the assets may be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised except in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Income tax relating to items recognised directly in equity is recognised in equity and not in the profit and loss account.

2.11 Insurance claims

Cost of repairs recoverable as hull claims are taken to insurance claims receivable. Other claimable expenses relating to hull are charged to income currently and claims filed thereagainst are taken to income when such claims are accepted by the underwriters.

Afloat medical expenses, cargo claims and other relevant amounts recoverable from underwriters are taken to insurance claims receivable.

2.12 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services.



2.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Corporation has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

2.14 Dividend and other appropriation

Dividend is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is declared.

2.15 Staff retirement benefits

2.15.1 Defined contributory provident fund

The Corporation operates a contributory provident fund for permanent employees, for which contributions are charged to income for the year.

2.15.2 Defined benefit gratuity scheme

The Corporation operates an unfunded retirement gratuity scheme for permanent employees other than those who joined the Corporation after October 16, 1984 and are entitled only to the contributory provident fund benefits. Annual provisions to cover the obligations under the scheme are based on actuarial estimates and are charged to income currently. Actuarial valuations are carried out using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The Corporation's crew members are also entitled to gratuity in accordance with the Pakistan Maritime Board Regulations. However, these employee benefits are recognised upon payment as the amounts involved are not material.

The unrecognised actuarial gains or losses arising at each valuation date are recognised as income or expense in the following year.

The benefit is payable on completion of prescribed qualifying period of service under these schemes.

2.15.3 Medical benefits

The Corporation provides lump sum medical allowance and free hospitalisation benefits to its retired employees in accordance with the service regulations. Annual provisions to cover the obligations under the scheme are based on actuarial estimates and are charged to income currently.

The unrecognised actuarial gains or losses arising at each valuation date are recognised as income or expense in the following year.

The benefit is payable on completion of prescribed qualifying period of service under these schemes.

2.16 Employees' compensated absences

The Corporation accounts for the liability in respect of employees' compensated absences in the year in which these are earned. Annual provisions to cover the obligations under the scheme are based on actuarial estimates and are charged to income currently. The unrecognised actuarial gains or losses at each valuation date are recognised immediately.



2.17 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, cheques in hand, deposits held with banks and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

2.18 Foreign currency translation

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Corporation's functional and presentation currency. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in Pakistan rupees at the exchange rates approximating those prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are reported in Pakistan rupees at the exchange rates approximating those prevalent at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

2.19 Revenue recognition

- Earnings in respect of voyages other than time charter voyages are accounted for on the basis of completed voyages. Voyages are taken as complete when a vessel arrives at the last port of discharge on or before the balance sheet date. Freight revenue, direct and indirect operating expenses associated with the incomplete voyages are deferred until completion of voyage and are classified in the balance sheet as 'Incomplete voyages'. Diesel, fuel and lubricants on board are valued at cost determined on a first-in-first out basis. With respect to time charter voyages, chartering revenue is accounted for on the basis of number of days to the balance sheet date.
- Fee for technical, commercial, administrative and financial services are recognised as revenue when the services are rendered.
- Rental income is recognised as revenue on a straight line basis over the term of the respective lease arrangements.
- Dividend income is recognised when the Corporation's right to receive the dividend is established.
- Profit from bank accounts and return on investments is recognised on a time proportion basis.

2.20 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

2.21 Financial instruments

Financial instruments carried on the balance sheet include investments, loans and advances, trade debts, agents' and owners' balances, deposits, other receivables, insurance claims, cash and bank balances, long-term borrowings and trade and other payables. The recognition methods adopted for each of the financial instrument is disclosed in the relevant notes of accounting policies.



2.22 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet, when the Corporation has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and it intends to settle either on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Corporation's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows:

- (a) Assumption and estimation in recognition of taxation and deferred tax (note 37 and 10).
- (b) Assumption and estimation in valuation of property, plant and equipment and investment properties (note 4 and 6).
- (c) Assumptions and estimations used in determining the residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment (note 4).
- (d) Assumption and estimation in accounting for defined benefit plans (note 27).

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.



Note 2006 2005
(Rupees in '000)

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

- Operating fixed assets	4.1	604,506	610,255
- Capital work-in-progress	4.7	27,164	16,907
		631,670	627,162

4.1 The following is a statement of operating fixed assets:

	Leasehold land (notes 4.2 & 4.3)	Buildings on leasehold land	Vessel (note 4.4)	Vehicles	Office machines and appliances	Furniture and fixtures	Motor launch and jetty	Equipment on board	Container fittings	Beach huts	Workshop machinery and equipment	Computer equipment	Total
----- Rupees in '000 -----													
At July 1, 2004													
Cost or revalued amount	281,260	120,261	1,440	41,066	10,214	15,566	18	787	3,468	348	10,448	14,627	499,503
Accumulated depreciation	-	57,406	1,440	23,092	8,085	11,599	18	81	3,468	322	6,923	6,945	119,379
Net book value	281,260	62,855	-	17,974	2,129	3,967	-	706	-	26	3,525	7,682	380,124
Year ended June 30, 2005													
Opening net book value	281,260	62,855	-	17,974	2,129	3,967	-	706	-	26	3,525	7,682	380,124
Additions	-	344	-	3	552	71	-	-	-	-	1,085	1,046	3,101
Surplus on revaluation	190,455	77,681	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,359	-	271,495
Disposals/revaluation adjustments *													
Cost or revalued amount	-	(56,188)*	-	(2)	(45)	(16)	-	-	-	-	(3,335)	-	(59,586)
Accumulated depreciation	-	56,188*	-	2	45	14	-	-	-	-	3,335	-	59,584
Depreciation charge for the year	-	(32,754)	-	(3,840)	(501)	(758)	-	(118)	-	(26)	(3,611)	(2,855)	(44,463)
Closing net book value	471,715	108,126	-	14,137	2,180	3,278	-	588	-	-	4,358	5,873	610,255
At June 30, 2005													
Cost or revalued amount	471,715	142,098	1,440	41,067	10,721	15,621	18	787	3,468	348	11,557	15,673	714,513
Accumulated depreciation	-	33,972	1,440	26,930	8,541	12,343	18	199	3,468	348	7,199	9,800	104,258
Net book value	471,715	108,126	-	14,137	2,180	3,278	-	588	-	-	4,358	5,873	610,255
Year ended June 30, 2006													
Opening net book value	471,715	108,126	-	14,137	2,180	3,278	-	588	-	-	4,358	5,873	610,255
Additions	-	546	-	12,755	479	908	-	-	-	-	3,025	1,310	19,023
Disposals/revaluation adjustments *													
Cost or revalued amount	-	-	-	(2,965)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(22)	-	(2,987)
Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	2,965	-	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	2,987
Depreciation charge for the year	-	(13,891)	-	(5,506)	(509)	(778)	-	(118)	-	-	(914)	(3,056)	(24,772)
Closing net book value	471,715	94,781	-	21,386	2,150	3,408	-	470	-	-	6,469	4,127	604,506
At June 30, 2006													
Cost or revalued amount	471,715	142,644	1,440	50,857	11,200	16,529	18	787	3,468	348	14,560	16,983	730,549
Accumulated depreciation	-	47,863	1,440	29,471	9,050	13,121	18	317	3,468	348	8,091	12,856	126,043
Net book value	471,715	94,781	-	21,386	2,150	3,408	-	470	-	-	6,469	4,127	604,506
Annual rate of depreciation		2.5 to 20	4	20	15	10 to 15	10 to 15	10 to 15	15	15	5 to 10	25	



4.2 The latest revaluation of 'leasehold land', 'buildings on leasehold land' and 'workshop machinery & equipment' were carried out in February and March 2005 respectively by Pee Dee & Associates on the basis of their professional assessment of present market values. The latest revaluation resulted in a surplus of Rs 271.495 million over the then written down values of Rs 353.875 million which had been incorporated in the books of the Corporation as at May 1, 2005. Of the total revaluation surplus arisen in prior year, Rs 559.031 million (2005: Rs 568.529 million) remains undepreciated at June 30, 2006.

4.3 Had there been no revaluation, the carrying amount of revalued assets would have been as follows:

	2006	2005
	(Rupees in '000)	
Leasehold land and buildings on leasehold land	12,187	13,077
Workshop machinery and equipment	4,938	2,593
	<u>17,125</u>	<u>15,670</u>

4.4 Cost and accumulated depreciation of vessel amounting to Rs 1.440 million relates to M.V Ilyas Bux. This vessel was seized by the Indian authorities during the 1965 war and the Corporation does not have the physical possession or control over the vessel.

4.5 No item of property, plant and equipment having book value exceeding Rs 50,000 was disposed off during the year by the Corporation.

4.6 The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

	Note	2006	2005
		(Rupees in '000)	
Fleet expenses - indirect	32	914	3,612
Administrative and general expenses	33	23,858	40,851
		<u>24,772</u>	<u>44,463</u>

4.7 Capital work-in-progress

This represents renovation cost in respect of the PNSC building and mainly includes civil works and advances to suppliers.

5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Following is the statement of intangible assets which represents computer software.

	Note	(Rupees in '000)
As at July 1, 2004		
Cost		16,503
less: accumulated amortisation		(1,650)
Net book value		<u>14,853</u>
Year ended June 30, 2005		
Opening net book value		14,853
less: amortisation charge for the year	33	(3,301)
Closing net book value		<u>11,552</u>
As at June 30, 2005		
Cost		16,503
less: accumulated amortisation		(4,951)
Net book value		<u>11,552</u>



	Note	(Rupees in '000)
Year ended June 30, 2006		
Opening net book value		11,552
less: amortisation charge for the year	33	<u>(3,301)</u>
Closing net book value		<u><u>8,251</u></u>
As at June 30, 2006		
Cost		16,503
Accumulated amortisation		<u>(8,252)</u>
Net book value		<u><u>8,251</u></u>
Annual rate of amortisation		20

6. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES	2006	2005
	(Rupees in '000)	
Leasehold land	644,980	644,980
Buildings on leasehold land	<u>29,182</u>	<u>29,182</u>
	<u><u>674,162</u></u>	<u><u>674,162</u></u>

- 6.1 A revaluation of the Corporation's investment properties has been carried out by Pee Dee & Associates as of August 25, 2006 on the basis of their professional assessment of the present market value. According to the revaluation report there are no significant changes in the values determined by the valuer in the last valuation conducted as of April 1, 2005.



7. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS IN RELATED PARTIES (SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATE)

Equity method

No. of shares - ordinary		Name of the company	Country of incorporation	Share of net assets (note 7.1)		Latest available audited financial statements for the year ended	Percentage holding	Face value per share		
2006	2005			2006	2005				2006	2005
				(Rupees '000)				(Rupees) (Rupees '000)		
(i) Subsidiary companies - unlisted										
6,936,000	6,936,000	Sargodha Shipping (Private) Limited	Pakistan	462,632	457,579	June 30, 2006	100	10	462,632	457,579
4,636,000	4,636,000	Malakand Shipping (Private) Limited	Pakistan	444,901	447,460	June 30, 2006	100	10	444,901	447,460
9,436,000	9,436,000	Chitral Shipping (Private) Limited	Pakistan	517,076	492,556	June 30, 2006	100	10	517,076	492,556
7,286,000	7,286,000	Kaghan Shipping (Private) Limited	Pakistan	22,374	106,290	June 30, 2006	100	10	22,374	106,290
6,786,000	6,786,000	Shalamar Shipping (Private) Limited	Pakistan	1,289,029	998,604	June 30, 2006	100	10	1,289,029	998,604
14,686,000	14,686,000	Lalazar Shipping (Private) Limited	Pakistan	528,266	579,940	June 30, 2006	100	10	528,266	579,940
13,236,000	13,236,000	Swat Shipping (Private) Limited	Pakistan	979,127	721,890	June 30, 2006	100	10	979,127	721,890
15,686,000	15,686,000	Islamabad Shipping (Private) Limited	Pakistan	537,203	529,970	June 30, 2006	100	10	537,203	529,970
5,686,000	5,686,000	Hyderabad Shipping (Private) Limited	Pakistan	566,124	530,767	June 30, 2006	100	10	566,124	530,767
9,636,000	9,636,000	Sibi Shipping (Private) Limited	Pakistan	213,304	423,166	June 30, 2006	100	10	213,304	423,166
16,736,000	16,736,000	Khairpur Shipping (Private) Limited	Pakistan	402,813	401,705	June 30, 2006	100	10	402,813	401,705
10,000,000	10,000,000	Bolan Shipping (Private) Limited	Pakistan	356,219	380,225	June 30, 2006	100	10	356,219	380,225
9,486,000	9,486,000	Makran Shipping (Private) Limited	Pakistan	355,138	404,754	June 30, 2006	100	10	355,138	404,754
6,936,000	6,936,000	Multan Shipping (Private) Limited	Pakistan	565,557	556,470	June 30, 2006	100	10	565,557	556,470
36,000	36,000	Johar Shipping (Private) Limited	Pakistan	840,625	753,554	June 30, 2006	100	10	840,625	753,554
1,200	1,200	Pakistan Co-operative Ship Stores (Private) Limited	Pakistan	4,105	4,016	June 30, 2006	55	100	4,105	4,016
3,354,166	1,677,083	National Tanker Company (Private) Limited (note 7.2)	Pakistan	292,314	141,532	June 30, 2006	100	10	316,676	141,532
36,000	-	Pak Nippon Car Liner (Private) Limited	Pakistan	360	-	June 30, 2006	100	10	360	-
									8,401,529	7,930,478
Less: Accumulated impairment losses (note 7.2)									24,362	-
									<u>8,377,167</u>	<u>7,930,478</u>
(ii) Associated undertakings - unlisted										
12,250	12,250	Muhammadi Engineering Works Limited	Pakistan	1,600	1,600	Dec. 31, 1982	49	100	1,600	1,600
									1,600	1,600
Less: Accumulated impairment losses									1,600	752
									-	848
									<u>8,377,167</u>	<u>7,931,326</u>

7.1 The net assets of the subsidiary companies have been determined after taking into account the effect of undepreciated surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment of these companies aggregating Rs 2,837.681 million (2005: Rs 3,287.319 million) (note 25.2).

7.2 During the year on, May 11, 2006, the Corporation acquired further 50 percent shares of National Tanker Company (Private) Limited (NTCL) and hence it became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Corporation. Prior year's amounts relating to NTCL have also been reclassified as investments in subsidiary companies. Subsequent to year end NTCL's name has been changed to Karachi Shipping



(Private) Limited. Further, impairment loss against the investment in NTCL amounting to Rs 24.362 million was recognised as at June 30, 2006.

	Note	2006	2005
		(Rupees in '000)	
8. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS IN LISTED COMPANIES AND OTHER ENTITIES			
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss			
Listed companies			
6,930 (2005: 6,930) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each fully paid of Siemens (Pakistan) Engineering Company Limited. Market value Rs 8.177 million (2005: Rs 4.747 million)		8,177	4,747
72,828 (2005: 72,828) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each fully paid of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited. Market value Rs 22.504 million (2005: Rs 28.112 million)		22,504	28,112
		30,681	32,859
Available for sale financial assets			
Other entities - carried at cost			
10,000 (2005: 10,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each of Pakistan Tourism Development Corporation Limited		100	100
		100	100
		30,781	32,959
9. LONG-TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES			
Loans			
Considered good due from			
- Related parties	9.1	993,167	1,357,083
- Employees	9.2	3,130	4,910
		996,297	1,361,993
Less: due within one year from			
- Related parties	9.1	363,917	363,917
- Employees	9.2	920	1,610
		364,837	365,527
Advances			
Advance to Kaghan Shipping (Private) Limited	9.3	816,068	-
		1,447,528	996,466



9.1 Long-term loans due from related parties

Name of the company	Original amount of loan advanced	No. of installments/ repayment period	Rate of mark-up	2006	2005
	(Rupees in '000)			(Rupees in '000)	
Shalamar Shipping (Private) Limited	325,000	8 half yearly installments upto March, 2008	1.75% above 6 monthly treasury bill rate with floor of 4.25%	162,500	243,750
Swat Shipping (Private) Limited	460,000	12 half yearly installments upto May 2010	- as above -	306,667	383,333
Johar Shipping (Private) Limited	516,000	12 half yearly installments upto May 2010	- as above -	344,000	430,000
Lalazar Shipping (Private) Limited	360,000	6 half yearly installments upto December 2007	- as above -	180,000	300,000
				993,167	1,357,083
Less: Due within one year (note 14)				(363,917)	(363,917)
				629,250	993,166

9.1.1 The above represent unsecured loans advanced to subsidiary companies to finance purchase of oil tankers. In accordance with the loan agreements entered into with the respective subsidiary companies the Corporation has the right, at its discretion, to secure the outstanding balance of the loans at any time by way of mortgage of the oil tankers.

9.1.2 The maximum aggregate amount of principal loan balances due from the subsidiary companies at the end of any month during the year was Rs 1,357.083 million (2005: Rs 1,661.000 million).

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
9.2 Long-term loans due from employees			
Considered good	9.2.1	3,130	4,910
Less: Recoverable within twelve months	14	920	1,610
		2,210	3,300

9.2.1 It comprises vehicle and house building loans amounting to Rs 0.073 million (2005: Rs 0.190 million) and Rs 3.057 million (2005: Rs 4.717 million) respectively.



- 9.2.1.1 Vehicle loans represent loans to employees for purchase of vehicles and are secured against employees' personal guarantees and charge on vehicles. These loans are interest free and are recoverable over 72 monthly installments.
- 9.2.1.2 House building loans represent loans to employees for purchase of land, residential accommodation and construction and renovation of houses. These loans are recoverable over 180 monthly installments. An amount of Rs 2.802 million (2005: Rs 3.831 million) is secured against mortgage. Interest on such loans to officers is charged at various rates while no interest is being charged on loans given to other employees.
- 9.3 An amount of Rs 924.600 million was advanced to Kaghan Shipping (Private) Limited mainly for purchase of vessel, out of which Rs 816.068 million is outstanding as at June 30, 2006. The modalities of adjustment / recovery of advance are in the process of being finalised.
- 9.4 Long-term loans and advances are being carried at cost because the effect of carrying these balances at amortised cost would not have been material.

	Note	2006	2005
(Rupees in '000)			
10. DEFERRED TAX - NET			
Deductible temporary differences arising in respect of:			
- Accelerated depreciation		3,790	1,413
- Short-term provisions and deferred liabilities		151,518	97,230
		155,308	98,643
Taxable temporary differences arising in respect of:			
- Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	25.1	22,624	33,885
- Dividends from subsidiary companies	10.1	-	65,083
		22,624	98,968
		<u>132,684</u>	<u>(325)</u>

- 10.1 Deferred tax liability of Rs 65.083 million relating to expected dividends from the subsidiary companies has been reversed during the current year because the Corporation now believes that as the distribution of profits from the subsidiary companies in the form of dividends is not expected in the foreseeable future, this timing difference is not likely to reverse.

	2006	2005
(Rupees in '000)		
11. STORES AND SPARES		
Stores		
- at depots	19,288	15,950
- at buildings	204	239
	19,492	16,189
Spares		
- at buildings	2,012	1,476
	<u>21,504</u>	<u>17,665</u>



	Note	2006	2005
(Rupees in '000)			
12. TRADE DEBTS			
Freight and hire			
- Considered good		31,308	103,700
- Considered doubtful	12.1	58,879	60,947
		<u>90,187</u>	<u>164,647</u>
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables		58,879	60,947
		<u>31,308</u>	<u>103,700</u>

12.1 This includes receivable from National Tanker Company (Private) Limited - (a related party) amounting to Rs 7.618 million (2005: Rs 7.618 million).

	Note	2006	2005
(Rupees in '000)			
13. AGENTS' AND OWNERS' BALANCES			
Considered good		12,512	38,815
Considered doubtful		14,037	13,902
		<u>26,549</u>	<u>52,717</u>
Less: Provision for doubtful balances		14,037	13,902
		<u>12,512</u>	<u>38,815</u>

14. LOANS AND ADVANCES

Considered good			
Loans due from:			
- Related parties	9.1	363,917	363,917
- Employees	9.2	920	1,610
		<u>364,837</u>	<u>365,527</u>
Advances to:			
- Directors		-	20
- Executives		9	2,650
- Other employees		18,353	12,000
- Contractors and suppliers		3,246	3,765
- Others		2,607	557
		<u>389,052</u>	<u>384,519</u>

14.1 The maximum aggregate amounts due from the chief executive, directors and executives at the end of any month during the year were Rs Nil, Rs 0.022 million and Rs 0.362 million (2005: Rs Nil, Rs 0.465 million and Rs 2.650 million) respectively.



	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
15. DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS			
Deposits			
Trade:			
- Considered good		2,398	4,329
- Considered doubtful		184	184
		2,582	4,513
Less: Provision for doubtful trade deposits		184	184
		2,398	4,329
Others:			
- Considered good		1,541	1,505
- Considered doubtful		185	185
		1,726	1,690
Less: Provision for doubtful deposits - Others		185	185
		1,541	1,505
Prepayments		860	156
		4,799	5,990
16. INTEREST / MARK-UP ACCRUED			
Interest accrued on long-term loans to related parties		17,564	18,257
Interest mark-up accrued on term deposit accounts		37,170	9,420
		54,734	27,677
17. OTHER RECEIVABLES			
Rent receivable:			
- Considered good		11,857	8,742
- Considered doubtful		7,864	6,958
		19,721	15,700
Less: Provision for doubtful rent receivable		7,864	6,958
		11,857	8,742
Receivable from subsidiaries - unsecured, considered good	17.1	211,830	-
Others:			
- Considered good		18,805	11,845
- Considered doubtful		3,716	3,716
		22,521	15,561
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables - others		3,716	3,716
		18,805	11,845
		242,492	20,587
17.1 This comprises interest free current account balances receivable from:			
Makran Shipping (Private) Limited		3,610	-
Lalazar Shipping (Private) Limited		207,696	-
Pak Nippon Car Liner (Private) Limited		524	-
		211,830	-



	Note	2006	2005
		(Rupees in '000)	
18. INCOMPLETE VOYAGES			
Cost			
Charter hire and related expenses		3,377	11,381
Less: Net freight		1,233	3,933
		<u>2,144</u>	<u>7,448</u>
19. INSURANCE CLAIMS			
Considered good		9,661	2,168
Considered doubtful	19.1	163,240	162,805
		<u>172,901</u>	<u>164,973</u>
Less: Provision for doubtful claims		163,240	162,805
		<u>9,661</u>	<u>2,168</u>

19.1 This includes amounts aggregating Rs 154.547 million (2005: Rs 153.562 million) net of insurance premium which are recoverable from the P&I Club, Oceanus Mutual Underwriting Association (Bermuda) Limited. The Club has gone into liquidation, therefore, a provision has been made for this amount in these financial statements.

20. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Cash at bank:

- in current accounts
 - Local currency
 - Foreign currency

311,224	74,971
255,335	59,338
566,559	134,309

- in saving accounts
 - Local currency
 - Foreign currency

20.1

521,814	899,503
67,005	67,618
588,819	967,121

- in term deposit accounts
 - Local currency

20.2

2,900,000	2,950,000
-----------	-----------

Cash in hand

11	149
<u>4,055,389</u>	<u>4,051,579</u>

20.1 This includes Rs 9.921 million (2005: Rs 9.826 million) and Rs 4.550 million (2005: Rs 2.951 million) held as security by United National Bank Limited, London and Habib Bank Limited, P.N.S.C. Branch, respectively, against guarantees issued on behalf of the Corporation.



	Note	2006	2005
(Rupees in '000)			
20.2	Term deposit accounts include:		
	- Certificates of deposit	200,000	150,000
	- Investment plus deposit certificates	-	500,000
	- Special musharika deposit scheme	250,000	150,000
	- Corporate deposit receipts	700,000	-
	- Term deposit account	100,000	1,000,000
	- Term deposit receipts	1,650,000	1,150,000
		2,900,000	2,950,000

20.2.1 The mark-up on term deposit accounts ranges from 9.5% to 10.5% per annum (2005: 6% to 7.35% per annum).

21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Creditors		111,637	89,186
Payable to subsidiary companies	21.1	3,049,319	2,836,294
Agents' and owners' balances		131,504	89,177
Accrued liabilities		97,178	103,712
Deposits	21.2	22,204	16,393
Workers' Profits Participation Fund	21.3	209,790	155,622
Unclaimed dividends		6,874	3,469
Other liabilities		31,644	38,584
		3,660,150	3,332,437

21.1 This includes interest free current account balances payable to:

Bolan Shipping (Private) Limited		74,680	126,924
Chitral Shipping (Private) Limited		258,520	217,882
Hyderabad Shipping (Private) Limited		243,219	236,883
Islamabad Shipping (Private) Limited		238,499	228,225
Kaghan Shipping (Private) Limited		-	101,540
Khairpur Shipping (Private) Limited		110,964	116,962
Makran Shipping (Private) Limited		-	73,198
Malakand Shipping (Private) Limited		186,516	152,361
Multan Shipping (Private) Limited		293,702	180,209
Sargodha Shipping (Private) Limited		178,131	144,349
Sibi Shipping (Private) Limited		1,378	139,240
Shalamar Shipping (Private) Limited		842,962	466,131
Swat Shipping (Private) Limited		385,425	280,728
Lalazar Shipping (Private) Limited		-	36,177
Johar Shipping (Private) Limited		235,323	335,485
		3,049,319	2,836,294

21.2 These deposits are interest free and are repayable on demand or on completion of specific contracts.



	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
21.3 Workers' Profits Participation Fund			
Balance as at July 1		155,622	98,255
Allocation for the year	34	72,100	155,622
Interest on funds utilised during the year	35	2,787	2,597
		<u>230,509</u>	<u>256,474</u>
Less: amount paid		20,719	100,852
Balance as at June 30		<u>209,790</u>	<u>155,622</u>

22. PROVISION AGAINST DAMAGE CLAIMS

Balance as at July 1		103,927	135,907
Charged during the year		17,698	-
Amount written back during the year		-	(31,980)
Balance as at June 30		<u>121,625</u>	<u>103,927</u>

23. SHARE CAPITAL

23.1 Authorised Capital

2006 (No. of shares)	2005 (No. of shares)		2006	2005
<u>200,000,000</u>	<u>200,000,000</u>	Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>

23.2 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

2006 (No. of shares)	2005 (No. of shares)		2006	2005
24,130,789	24,130,789	Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued as fully paid to shareholders of former NSC and PSC in consideration of their shareholdings in those companies	241,308	241,308
25,900,000	25,900,000	Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued as fully paid to the Government of Pakistan (GoP) for cash received in 1985	259,000	259,000
64,309,800	64,309,800	Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued as fully paid to the GoP on financial restructuring of the Corporation in the year 1989-90	643,098	643,098
17,722,791	5,717,029	Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued as fully paid bonus shares	177,228	57,170
<u>132,063,380</u>	<u>120,057,618</u>		<u>1,320,634</u>	<u>1,200,576</u>



23.2.1 A summary of the movement in ordinary share capital is given below:

	Ordinary shares	
	Number	Amount Rupees in '000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital		
Balance as at July 1, 2004	114,340,589	1,143,406
Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued during the year as bonus shares	5,717,029	57,170
Balance as at June 30, 2005	120,057,618	1,200,576
Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each issued during the year as bonus shares	12,005,762	120,058
Balance as at June 30, 2006	132,063,380	1,320,634

23.3 At June 30, 2006 GoP held 117,706,724 (2005: 107,006,113) ordinary shares in the Corporation.

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
24. RESERVES			
Capital reserves	24.1	126,843	126,843
Revenue reserves (including unappropriated profit)		6,228,565	4,884,782
		<u>6,355,408</u>	<u>5,011,625</u>

24.1 This includes amount transferred from shareholders' equity at the time of merger of former National Shipping Corporation (NSC) and Pakistan Shipping Corporation (PSC).

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
25. SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF FIXED ASSETS - NET OF TAX			
Surplus arising on revaluation of fixed assets - net of tax	25.1	536,407	534,644
Surplus arising on revaluation of fixed assets of subsidiary companies	25.2	2,837,681	3,287,319
		<u>3,374,088</u>	<u>3,821,963</u>
25.1 Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - net of tax			
Balance as at July 1		568,529	328,706
Surplus arising on revaluation of fixed assets during the year		-	271,495
		<u>568,529</u>	<u>600,201</u>
Transferred to unappropriated profit :			
Surplus relating to incremental depreciation charged during the year on related assets - net of tax		7,037	20,587
Related deferred tax liability		2,461	11,085
		<u>9,498</u>	<u>31,672</u>
		559,031	568,529
Less: Related deferred tax liability on :			
- Revaluation as at July 1		33,885	16,606
- Surplus arising due to revaluation		-	28,364
- Incremental depreciation charged during the year on related assets transferred to profit and loss account		(2,461)	(11,085)
- Effect of ratio allocation of revenue under FTR		(8,800)	-
		<u>22,624</u>	<u>33,885</u>
Balance as at June 30		<u>536,407</u>	<u>534,644</u>



		2006	2005
		(Rupees in '000)	
25.2 Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets of subsidiary companies			
Balance as at July 1		3,287,319	3,340,192
Surplus arising on revaluation of fixed assets during the year		8,689	-
Transferred to unappropriated profit :			
Surplus relating to incremental depreciation charged during the year on related assets		458,327	52,873
		<u>2,837,681</u>	<u>3,287,319</u>
26. LONG-TERM FINANCING			
Balance as at June 30		732,578	981,607
Less: current portion of long-term financing		258,557	256,071
		<u>474,021</u>	<u>725,536</u>
26.1	This represents balance of long-term financing obtained from National Bank of Pakistan-Bahrain amounting to US\$ 12.143 million (2005: US\$ 16.428 million). The loan is repayable in 7 yearly installments commencing from December 2003 and carries mark-up at the rate of 2.95% above 6 months LIBOR per annum (2005: 2.95% above 6 months LIBOR per annum) payable on half yearly basis. This loan is secured by a guarantee given by the Government of Pakistan through State Bank of Pakistan. According to the loan agreement, the Corporation can prepay the loan by giving one month irrevocable advance notice.		
	Note	2006	2005
		(Rupees in '000)	
27. DEFERRED LIABILITIES			
Employees' gratuity	27.1.1	218,932	234,660
Post retirement medical benefits	27.1.1	86,474	88,094
Employees' compensated absences	27.2.1	94,144	97,018
		<u>399,550</u>	<u>419,772</u>



27.1 Retirement benefit schemes

The fair value of the scheme's assets and liabilities for past services of the employees at the latest valuation date were as follows:

	Note	2006		2005	
		Employees' gratuity	Post retirement medical benefits	Employees' gratuity	Post retirement medical benefits
----- (Rupees in '000) -----					
27.1.1 Movement in the net liability recognised in the balance sheet:					
Net recognised liability as at July 1		234,660	88,094	225,752	95,389
Charge for the year	27.1.2				
- Parent company		1,466	419	4,144	(391)
- Charged to subsidiaries		18,975	5,112	20,078	(1,775)
		20,441	5,531	24,222	(2,166)
		255,101	93,625	249,974	93,223
Less: payments made during the year		(36,169)	(7,151)	(15,314)	(5,129)
Net recognised liability as at June 30		218,932	86,474	234,660	88,094
Present value of defined benefit obligation		223,611	76,674	216,568	82,808
Unrecognised actuarial (loss)/gain		(4,679)	9,800	18,092	5,286
		218,932	86,474	234,660	88,094

27.1.2 The following amounts have been charged to the profit and loss account during the current year in respect of the defined benefit obligation:

	Note	2006		2005	
		Employees' gratuity	Post retirement medical benefits	Employees' gratuity	Post retirement medical benefits
----- (Rupees in '000) -----					
Current service cost		8,073	3,441	8,227	3,823
Interest cost		19,581	7,376	17,469	6,592
Actuarial gain recognised during the year		(7,213)	(5,286)	(1,474)	(12,581)
		20,441	5,531	24,222	(2,166)
Less: charged to subsidiaries	27.1.1	(18,975)	(5,112)	(20,078)	1,775
		1,466	419	4,144	(391)



27.1.3 As stated in note 2.15.2 of these financial statements, the Corporation operates an unfunded gratuity scheme, and post retirement medical benefit scheme. Provision is maintained against these schemes based on the actuarial recommendations. Actuarial valuation of these benefits are carried out at least once in every two years and the latest valuations were carried out as at June 30, 2006. Projected Unit Credit Method using the following significant assumptions were used for the actuarial valuation of the defined benefit obligation schemes.

- Expected rate of increase in salary level is 7% (2005: 6%) per annum
- Expected discount rate of 9% (2005: 8%) per annum
- Expected medical cost trend rate 7% (2005: 6%) per annum

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
27.2 Employees' compensated absences			
27.2.1 Movement in the net liability recognised in the balance sheet:			
Net recognised liability as at July 1		97,018	127,242
Charge for the year	27.2.2		
- Parent company		2,675	(22,918)
- Charged to subsidiaries		33,148	37,320
		35,823	14,402
		132,841	141,644
Less: payments made during the year		(38,697)	(44,626)
Net recognised liability as at June 30		94,144	97,018

27.2.2 The following amounts have been charged to the profit and loss account during the current year in respect of the employees' compensated absences obligation:

Current service cost		32,646	36,967
Interest cost		8,132	8,440
Actuarial gain recognised during the year		(4,955)	(31,005)
		35,823	14,402
Less: charged to subsidiaries	27.2.1	(33,148)	(37,320)
		2,675	(22,918)

27.2.3 The expenses in respect of employees' compensated absences have been charged on the basis of actuarial recommendations and are in accordance with the Administrative and Financial Services Agreement with subsidiary companies, as mentioned in note 30.1.

28. CONTINGENCIES

28.1 The contingent liability in respect of claims not admitted by the Corporation as at June 30, 2006 amount to Rs 1,139.196 million (2005: Rs 987.181 million). These claims mainly relate to deficiencies in shipping documentation, delay in delivery of cargo, damages to cargo and miscellaneous claims lodged by workers and others. These include Rs 34.485 million (2005: Rs 32.806 million) approximately in respect of insurance claims which, if accepted, will be borne by the Corporation as the P&I Club, Oceanus Mutual Underwriting Association (Bermuda) Limited has gone into liquidation. Out of the remaining claims, a sum of Rs 351.354 million (2005: Rs 270.824 million) approximately would be recoverable from the P&I Club, Steamship Mutual Underwriting Association, in the event these claims are accepted by the Corporation. As a matter of prudence, the management has made a



total provision of Rs 121.625 million (2005:Rs 103.927 million) against the aforementioned claims in these financial statements as referred to in note 19.1 thereto.

- 28.2 The Corporation has not accepted liability in respect of customs duty approximating Rs 2.500 million (2005: Rs 2.500 million) relating to the sale of the vessel M.V. Bhambore during the year ended June 30, 1978. The duty was claimed from the Corporation and the matter has been taken up with the appropriate Government agencies.
- 28.3 The former owners of East & West Steamship Company, Chittagong Steamship Corporation Limited and Trans Oceanic Steamship Company Limited had initiated litigation that involved the Government of Pakistan and the Corporation.

Following the Supreme Court's adjudication of the East & West Steamship Company's matter in favour of the former owners, the Government provisionally assessed additional compensation due to the former owners at approximately Rs 97.012 million (2005: Rs 97.012 million). Although a major portion of this amount has been settled by the Government, the Government holds the Corporation liable for this amount by virtue of the net assets of the East & West Steamship Company having become vested in the Corporation.

In case of Chittagong Steamship Corporation Limited and Trans Oceanic Steamship Company Limited, the litigations relating to compensation to the former owners and the legal suits are pending in the High Court of Sindh. The amount claimed is approximately Rs 1.300 million and Rs 66.800 million (2005: Rs 1.300 million and Rs 66.800 million) respectively.

The Corporation disclaims any liability in respect of the above mentioned amounts and any accretions to it upto final determination and settlement of the matter.

- 28.4 In respect of the claims filed or likely to be filed against the Corporation for any cause, including, short delivery of cargo, oil pollution, environmental damage arising out of the grounding and break-up of M.T. Tasman Spirit, negotiation for an out of court settlement were held with the owners of M.T. Tasman Spirit by the Committee set up by the Federal Government. However, the owners of M.T. Tasman Spirit decided to reactivate the arbitration proceedings against the Corporation in London in respect of unsafe port claim and as a result, the 'stand still agreement' between the owners of M.T. Tasman Spirit and the Government of Pakistan came to an end in May 2005. During the year, arbitration proceedings have commenced, however, in the management's opinion, it is unlikely to succeed and no significant financial liability is likely to result against the Corporation.
- 28.5 While framing the tax assessment for the income year ended June 30, 1990, the assessing officer had made an addition to income of Rs 3,974.455 million, being the remission of liabilities due to the Federal Government under the scheme of financial restructuring of the Corporation. The resultant tax liability including additional taxes for late payment of tax amounted to Rs 1,293.748 million, part of which was paid by the Corporation and the remaining amount of Rs 1,233.694 million was directly discharged at source by the Federal Government. During the year ended June 30, 2002, the ITAT had given its decision in favour of the Corporation on the appeal filed against the above order. However, the effect of the above decision has not been given by the income tax authorities so far.
- 28.6 While framing the assessments for the assessment years 2001-2002 and 2002-2003 the income tax assessing authorities had made certain add backs having tax impact of Rs. 103.614 million. The Corporation filed appeals against the subject assessment orders and the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeal) in his orders has upheld certain disallowances and has given decisions in favour of the Corporation on certain matters. The management of the Corporation is confident that the matters in appeals shall be eventually decided in its favour.



	2006	2005
	(Rupees in '000)	
29. CHARTERING REVENUES		
Foreign flag vessels:		
Time charter revenue	-	600,894
Voyage charter revenue	533,883	868,564
Slot charter revenue	847,139	612,769
	1,381,022	2,082,227

30. SERVICES FEE		
Technical and commercial services fee	192,994	173,340
Administrative and financial services fee	64,332	57,780
	257,326	231,120

30.1 The Corporation has entered into agreements with each of its subsidiary companies for rendering of services as Technical and Commercial Services Provider of the vessel and Administrative and Financial Services Provider. Under the terms of these agreements, the Corporation provides specified services on actual cost basis. The Corporation also collects freight / hire due to the subsidiary companies in respect of trading of the vessel and makes payment on behalf of the subsidiaries for all expenses incurred in the provision of related services or in relation to the proper and efficient operation of their vessels. In consideration, it is entitled to Technical and Commercial Service Fee and Administrative and Financial Service Fee at mutually agreed rates of 3% and 1% (2005: 3% and 1%) respectively of the total income derived from commercial trading of the vessels operated by each of the subsidiary companies. In addition, the Corporation also charges indirect fleet expenses, administration and general expenses to the subsidiaries under mutually agreed terms.

	Note	2006	2005
		(Rupees in '000)	
31. FLEET EXPENSES - DIRECT			
Stevedoring and transshipment expenses		-	52
Port, light, canal and customs dues		-	1,665
Charter hire and related expenses	31.1	802,552	1,527,800
Fleet communication expenses		-	18
Agency commission and brokerage		-	134
Claims		2,326	4,829
Sundry expenses		-	105
		804,878	1,534,603
31.1 Charter Hire and related expenses			
Foreign flag vessels:			
- Time charter expenses		-	414,231
- Voyage charter expenses		458,520	885,291
- Slot charter expenses		344,032	228,278
		802,552	1,527,800



	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
32. FLEET EXPENSES - INDIRECT			
Conference establishment expenses		1,385	866
Salaries and allowances - regional office	32.1	3,376	3,978
Agents' and other general expenses	32.3	8,109	10,029
Depreciation	4.6	914	3,612
General establishment expenses - regional office		588	715
		<u>14,372</u>	<u>19,200</u>
Less: charged to subsidiaries	32.2	<u>12,204</u>	<u>12,849</u>
		<u>2,168</u>	<u>6,351</u>

32.1 This includes Rs 0.149 million (2005: Rs 0.185 million) in respect of provident fund contribution.

32.2 These expenses have been charged on mutually agreed terms and on actual cost basis in accordance with the Administrative and Financial Services Agreement as mentioned in note 30.1.

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
32.3 Agents' and other general expenses			
Printing and stationery		1,066	964
Advertisement and publicity		1,717	2,901
Telephone, telex and postage		4,859	5,486
Bank charges and commission		393	583
Other miscellaneous expenses		74	95
		<u>8,109</u>	<u>10,029</u>

33. ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES

Salaries and allowances	33.1	200,578	196,104
General establishment expenses	33.2	76,029	62,263
Rent, rates and taxes		5,777	7,078
Scholarship and training expenses		738	539
Insurance		2,382	1,548
Depreciation	4.6	23,858	40,851
Amortisation	5	3,301	3,301
Directors' fee		263	36
Legal and professional charges		4,801	6,006
Impairment loss on investments in related parties	7	25,210	-
Provision for doubtful debts against:			
- trade		7,577	48,769
- others		20,095	31,965
		<u>370,609</u>	<u>398,460</u>
Less: expenses charged to subsidiaries	33.3	<u>224,876</u>	<u>181,220</u>
		<u>145,733</u>	<u>217,240</u>

33.1 This includes Rs 7.412 million (2005: Rs 7.802 million) in respect of provident fund contribution.



	2006	2005
	(Rupees in '000)	
33.2 General establishment expenses		
Repairs and maintenance	4,940	4,641
Medical cost	8,496	9,175
Contribution to employees welfare fund	7	8
Contribution to group term insurance	1,085	1,180
Security charges	1,930	1,743
Travelling and conveyance	5,509	4,108
Entertainment and canteen subsidy	2,753	2,553
Books, periodicals and subscriptions	4,288	2,417
Uniform and liveries	376	288
Printing and stationery	2,927	2,548
Telephone, telex and postage	6,494	6,491
Light, power and water	10,983	7,113
Computer expenses	6,747	3,318
Advertisement and publicity	2,979	2,722
Vehicle running and repairs	11,725	9,141
Ship inspection expenses	1,234	1,955
Sundry expenses	3,556	2,862
	<u>76,029</u>	<u>62,263</u>

33.3 These expenses have been allocated on mutually agreed terms and on actual cost basis in accordance with the Administrative and Financial Services Agreement as mentioned in note 30.1 to these financial statements.

	Note	2006	2005
		(Rupees in '000)	
34. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES			
Irrecoverable balances written off		-	194
Workers' Profits Participation Fund	21.3	72,100	155,622
Donations	34.1	2,614	14,153
Auditors' remuneration	34.2	2,219	3,182
Employees' gratuity	27.1.2	1,466	4,144
Post retirement medical benefits	27.1.2	419	(391)
Employees' compensated absences	27.2.2	2,675	(22,918)
Loss on revaluation of investments		2,178	-
		<u>83,671</u>	<u>153,986</u>

34.1 Donations were not made to any donee in which the Corporation or a director or his spouse had any interest.



34.2 Auditors' remuneration

	2006			2005		
	A. F. Ferguson & Co.	Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co.	Total	A. F. Ferguson & Co.	Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co.	Total
	----- (Rupees '000) -----					
Audit fee	280	280	560	224	224	448
Review of half yearly financial statements	150	150	300	150	150	300
Review of compliance with the best practices of the code of corporate governance	40	40	80	40	40	80
Fee for audit of the consolidated financial statements	50	50	100	-	-	-
Tax advisory services	1,000	-	1,000	2,197	-	2,197
Out of pocket expenses	99	80	179	80	77	157
	<u>1,619</u>	<u>600</u>	<u>2,219</u>	<u>2,691</u>	<u>491</u>	<u>3,182</u>

35. FINANCE COSTS

	Note	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005 (Rupees in '000)
Interest on:			
- Long-term financing		61,249	58,571
- Workers' Profits Participation Fund	21.3	2,787	2,597
Bank charges and commission		2,783	2,695
Unrealised exchange loss on long-term financing		7,300	29,436
		<u>74,119</u>	<u>93,299</u>



	Note	2006	2005
		(Rupees in '000)	
36. OTHER OPERATING INCOME			
Interest/mark-up on loans and advances to:			
- Employees		773	898
- Subsidiary companies		116,335	77,948
		117,108	78,846
Income from savings term deposit accounts		258,089	62,411
Scrap sales		148	477
Profit on disposal of fixed assets		2,147	-
Dividend income		1,945	2,129
Provisions no longer required written back		10,566	99,854
Gain on revaluation of investments		-	10,488
Gain on revaluation of investment properties		-	235,289
Insurance claims	36.1	8,113	26,961
Liabilities no longer payable written back		3,705	11,173
Sundries		34,291	18,885
		<u>436,112</u>	<u>546,513</u>
36.1 This represents recoveries from hull, cargo and other claims according to:			
- the insurance policies		8,113	25,520
- others		-	1,441
		<u>8,113</u>	<u>26,961</u>
37. TAXATION			
Tax charge for			
- current year		306,290	123,729
- prior years		(53,574)	51,462
		252,716	175,191
Deferred		(124,209)	(2,181)
		<u>128,507</u>	<u>173,010</u>
Taxes paid abroad relating to current year		22	68
		<u>128,529</u>	<u>173,078</u>



	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
37.1 Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit		
Accounting profit before tax	1,367,121	2,954,231
Tax rate	35%	35%
Tax on accounting profit	478,492	1,033,981
Tax effect in respect of temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries whose timing of reversal is controlled by the Corporation	(141,066)	(663,166)
Tax effect in respect of taxable difference on surplus on revaluation of investment properties	-	(82,351)
Tax effect of lower tax rates on certain incomes:		
- Tax saving due to lower tax rates	(128,156)	(123,047)
- Tax liability under final tax regime	7,554	13,485
	(120,602)	(109,562)
Others (including the impact arising as a consequence of change in allocation ratio of revenue chargeable under FTR and non-FTR tax regime)	(34,743)	(57,354)
	(296,411)	(912,433)
	182,081	121,548
Tax effects of adjustments in respect of taxes paid abroad	22	68
Tax effects of adjustments in respect of prior years	(53,574)	51,462
Tax expense for the year	128,529	173,078
38. EARNINGS PER SHARE		
Profit after taxation attributable to ordinary shareholders	1,238,592	2,781,153
	(Number of shares)	
Weighted average ordinary shares in issue during the year	132,063,380	132,063,380
	(Rupees)	
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	9.38	21.06



	Note	2006	2005
		(Rupees in '000)	
39. CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS			
Profit before taxation		1,367,121	2,954,231
Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:			
Share of profit in subsidiaries and associates		(293,237)	(2,009,593)
Impairment loss on investments in related parties		25,210	-
Depreciation		24,772	44,463
Amortisation		3,301	3,301
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(2,147)	-
Provision for employees' gratuity		1,466	4,144
Provision/(reversal) for employees' compensated absences		2,675	(22,918)
Provision/(reversal) for post retirement medical benefits		419	(391)
Provision/(reversal) against claims for damages		17,698	(31,980)
Dividend income		(1,945)	(2,129)
Dividend forfeited		-	(9,758)
Interest / mark-up income		(375,197)	(141,257)
Interest / mark-up expense		61,249	58,571
Irrecoverable balances written off		-	194
Loss/(gain) on revaluation of investments		2,178	(10,488)
Gain on revaluation of investment properties		-	(235,289)
Unrealised exchange loss on long-term financing		7,300	29,436
Working capital changes	39.1	248,963	1,607,932
		1,089,826	2,238,469
39.1 Working capital changes			
Decrease / (increase) in current assets			
Stores and spares		(3,839)	(3,621)
Trade debts		72,392	123,433
Agents' and owners' balances		26,303	(24,948)
Loans and advances		(4,533)	(19,622)
Deposits and prepayments		1,191	10,068
Other receivables		(221,905)	13,253
Incomplete voyages		5,304	(4,205)
Insurance claims		(7,493)	7,392
		(132,580)	101,750
Increase in current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		381,543	1,506,182
		248,963	1,607,932
40. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash and bank balances		4,055,389	4,051,579
		4,055,389	4,051,579



41. REMUNERATION OF CHAIRMAN, EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS / DIRECTORS AND OTHER EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount of remuneration including all benefits payable to the Chairman, Executive Directors / Directors and Executives of the Corporation were as follows:

	Chairman & Chief Executive		Executive Directors/Directors		Other Executives	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005
	----- (Rupees '000) -----					
Managerial remuneration and allowances	704	224	3,803	5,686	41,331	30,751
Retirement benefits	-	-	142	334	270	380
House rent	-	-	779	1,206	10,455	8,722
Conveyance	-	-	-	-	2,908	2,543
Entertainment	12	9	421	419	-	-
Medical	25	58	123	305	1,450	1,409
Utilities	37	38	406	604	4,111	3,327
Personal staff subsidy	28	-	62	43	386	185
Club membership fee and expenses	24	24	68	56	-	-
Personal accident insurance	4	4	17	13	-	119
Bonus	-	-	-	-	614	-
Other allowances	220	142	367	493	19,901	16,437
	<u>1,054</u>	<u>499</u>	<u>6,188</u>	<u>9,159</u>	<u>81,426</u>	<u>63,873</u>
Number of persons	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>36</u>

- 41.1 Retirement benefits represent amount contributed towards various retirement benefit plans. The Executives of the Corporation are entitled to retirement benefits as outlined in note 2.15 to these financial statements. The Chairman and Chief Executive, Executive Directors and certain Executives are provided with Corporation owned and maintained cars.
- 41.2 The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for fee to non-executive directors was Rs 0.263 million (2005: Rs 0.036 million).
- 41.3 A portion of the above amounts of remuneration is allocated to the subsidiary companies on mutually agreed terms and conditions.



42. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	2006						Total
	Interest / mark-up bearing			Non interest / mark-up bearing			
	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Subtotal	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Subtotal	
----- (Rupees in '000) -----							
Financial Assets							
Long-term investments	-	-	-	30,781	-	30,781	30,781
Long-term loans - Related parties	363,917	629,250	993,167	-	-	-	993,167
- Others	920	2,210	3,130	-	-	-	3,130
Trade debts	-	-	-	31,308	-	31,308	31,308
Agents' and owners' balances	-	-	-	12,512	-	12,512	12,512
Deposits	-	-	-	2,398	-	2,398	2,398
Interest/mark-up accrued	-	-	-	54,734	-	54,734	54,734
Other receivables	-	-	-	242,492	-	242,492	242,492
Insurance claims	-	-	-	9,661	-	9,661	9,661
Cash and bank balances	3,488,819	-	3,488,819	566,570	-	566,570	4,055,389
	<u>3,853,656</u>	<u>631,460</u>	<u>4,485,116</u>	<u>950,456</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>950,456</u>	<u>5,435,572</u>
Financial Liabilities							
Long-term financing	258,557	474,021	732,578	-	-	-	732,578
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	3,450,360	-	3,450,360	3,450,360
Interest accrued	-	-	-	174	-	174	174
	<u>258,557</u>	<u>474,021</u>	<u>732,578</u>	<u>3,450,534</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,450,534</u>	<u>4,183,112</u>
Net financial assets/(financial liabilities)	<u>3,595,099</u>	<u>157,439</u>	<u>3,752,538</u>	<u>(2,500,078)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,500,078)</u>	<u>1,252,460</u>
----- (Rupees in '000) -----							
	2005						
	Interest / mark-up bearing			Non interest / mark-up bearing			Total
	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Subtotal	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Subtotal	
----- (Rupees in '000) -----							
Financial Assets							
Long-term investments	-	-	-	32,959	-	32,959	32,959
Long-term loans - Related parties	363,917	993,166	1,357,083	-	-	-	1,357,083
- Others	1,610	3,300	4,910	-	-	-	4,910
Trade debts	-	-	-	103,700	-	103,700	103,700
Agents' and owners' balances	-	-	-	38,815	-	38,815	38,815
Deposits	-	-	-	4,329	-	4,329	4,329
Interest/mark-up accrued	-	-	-	27,677	-	27,677	27,677
Other receivables	-	-	-	20,587	-	20,587	20,587
Insurance claims	-	-	-	2,168	-	2,168	2,168
Cash and bank balances	3,917,121	-	3,917,121	134,458	-	134,458	4,051,579
	<u>4,282,648</u>	<u>996,466</u>	<u>5,279,114</u>	<u>364,693</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>364,693</u>	<u>5,643,807</u>
Financial Liabilities							
Long-term financing	256,071	725,536	981,607	-	-	-	981,607
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	3,176,815	-	3,176,815	3,176,815
Interest accrued	-	-	-	180	-	180	180
	<u>256,071</u>	<u>725,536</u>	<u>981,607</u>	<u>3,176,995</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,176,995</u>	<u>4,158,602</u>
Net financial assets/(financial liabilities)	<u>4,026,577</u>	<u>270,930</u>	<u>4,297,507</u>	<u>(2,812,302)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,812,302)</u>	<u>1,485,205</u>

The effective interest / mark-up rates for the monetary financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in the respective notes.



42.1 Concentration of credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognised at the reporting date if counter parties failed completely to perform as contracted. Out of the total financial assets of Rs 5,435.572 million (2005: Rs 5,643.807 million) the financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs 5,435.561 million (2005: Rs 5,643.658 million). The management of the Corporation believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

42.2 Foreign exchange risk management

Foreign currency risk arises on receivable and payable transactions at foreign ports and on long-term foreign currency loan. Foreign currency risks are not covered as a considered management decision.

42.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will encounter difficulties in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. The Corporation believes that it is not exposed to any significant level of liquidity risk.

42.4 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. The Corporation has adopted appropriate policies to minimise its exposure to this risk.

42.5 Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

The carrying value of all financial assets and financial liabilities are estimated to approximate their fair values.

43. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Corporation has related party relationships with its subsidiaries, associate, employee benefit plans and its directors and executive officers (including their associates). Transactions with related parties essentially entail investments made in subsidiary companies, dividend income received from related investee companies, freight income and chartering revenue recovered, services fee charged on account of rendering of technical, commercial, administrative and financial services, expenses charged to subsidiary companies on actual cost basis etc. Service fee charges on account of rendering of technical, commercial, administrative and financial services is charged to subsidiary companies and related parties on the basis of mutually agreed terms. Particulars of remuneration to key personnel are disclosed in note 41 of these financial statements.



Related party	Relationship with the company	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
Long-term loan advanced			
Lalazar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	-	360,000
Repayment of long-term loans and interest thereon			
Shalamar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	99,864	94,615
Swat Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	109,848	97,239
Lalazar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	148,011	80,604
Johar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	123,222	109,076
		<u>480,945</u>	<u>381,534</u>
Investments made			
National Tanker Company (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	168,765	-
Pak Nippon Car Liner Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	360	-
		<u>169,125</u>	<u>-</u>
Freight income			
National Tanker Company (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	-	22,980
		<u>-</u>	<u>22,980</u>
Service fee charged			
Bolan Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	10,198	11,979
Chitral Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	11,657	14,388
Hyderabad Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	14,321	15,625
Islamabad Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	11,760	10,351
Kaghan Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	3,185	-
Khairpur Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	12,461	7,980
Makran Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	10,619	10,848
Malakand Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	11,206	13,783
Multan Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	13,223	16,163
Sargodha Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	10,446	14,838
Sibi Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	5,855	9,379
Shalamar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	45,433	30,613
Swat Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	39,385	26,212
Lalazar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	26,911	19,676
Johar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	30,666	29,285
		<u>257,326</u>	<u>231,120</u>



Related party	Relationship with the company	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
Rental income			
National Tanker Company (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	<u>3,609</u>	<u>3,609</u>
Interest charged on loans			
Shalamar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	18,668	14,369
Swat Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	33,386	22,423
Lalazar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	26,831	16,003
Johar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	37,450	25,153
		<u>116,335</u>	<u>77,948</u>
Expenses charged			
Bolan Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	11,235	12,390
Chitral Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	11,650	12,048
Hyderabad Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	12,995	10,548
Islamabad Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	12,594	10,611
Kaghan Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	7,091	-
Khairpur Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	12,413	8,423
Makran Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	12,078	10,705
Malakand Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	10,916	11,156
Multan Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	13,672	12,178
Sargodha Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	9,220	13,006
Sibi Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	15,241	10,686
Shalamar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	30,615	21,244
Swat Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	26,898	21,066
Lalazar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	26,306	18,420
Johar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	24,156	21,588
		<u>237,080</u>	<u>194,069</u>



Related party	Relationship with the company	2006 (Rupees in '000)	2005
Delivery of stores and spares			
Bolan Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	1,658	1,242
Chitral Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	1,314	1,073
Hyderabad Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	994	1,535
Islamabad Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	1,366	839
Kaghan Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	57	-
Khairpur Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	1,850	377
Makran Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	-	783
Malakand Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	1,251	1,139
Multan Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	1,330	1,249
Sargodha Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	1,242	1,160
Sibi Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	705	760
Shalamar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	1,507	928
Swat Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	1,128	1,528
Lalazar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	2,290	1,328
Johar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	1,413	2,359
		<u>18,105</u>	<u>16,300</u>
Retirement benefit costs charged			
Bolan Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	2,777	3,573
Chitral Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	2,937	3,504
Hyderabad Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	3,080	3,506
Islamabad Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	2,926	3,503
Kaghan Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	1,516	-
Khairpur Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	2,951	3,089
Makran Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	2,962	3,472
Malakand Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	2,803	3,500
Multan Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	3,168	3,896
Sargodha Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	2,517	4,128
Sibi Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	3,409	3,664
Shalamar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	6,833	5,343
Swat Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	6,491	5,345
Lalazar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	6,690	4,018
Johar Shipping (Private) Limited	Subsidiary	6,175	5,082
		<u>57,235</u>	<u>55,623</u>
Contribution to Provident Fund		<u>7,561</u>	<u>11,942</u>
Key management personnel compensation - (note 41)		<u>7,242</u>	<u>9,658</u>

43.1 Outstanding balance due from / due to related parties have been disclosed in the respective notes to these financial statements.



43.2 In addition the Corporation is also engaged in making certain payments / collections on behalf of the subsidiary companies in accordance with the Technical and Commercial Services and Administrative and Financial Services Agreement mentioned in note 30.1 to these financial statements which are settled through a current account with each of the subsidiary companies.

44. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, whenever necessary, for the purposes of comparison. Major changes made for better presentation during the year are as follows:

Note	Reclassification from component	Note	Reclassification to component	(Rupees in '000)
17	Short term investment - held to maturity	20	cash and bank balances - term deposits	2,950,000
31	Other operating expenses - exchange loss on foreign currency loan	35	Finance cost - exchange loss on foreign currency loan	29,436

44.1 Followings have been reclassified and disclosed separately on the face of the balance sheet this year:

Note	Reclassification from component	(Rupees in '000)
3	Fixed assets - Intangible assets	11,552
19	Trade and other payables - Provision against damage claims	103,927

44.2 Amortisation has been disclosed as a separate line item in administration and general expenses this year for better presentation.

44.3 Unappropriated profit has been reclassified and shown as part of reserves in these financial statements.

44.4 Prior year balances of investment in National Tanker Company (Private) Limited have been reclassified from 'investment in associates' to 'investment in subsidiaries'.

45. NON-ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors of the Corporation in its meeting held on September 16, 2006 has proposed a cash dividend in respect of 2006 of Re. 1.00 per share (2005: Rs 2.00 per share). In addition, the directors have also announced a bonus issue of Nil (2005: 10%). This appropriation will be approved in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2006 do not include the effect of this appropriation which will be accounted for subsequent to the year end.

46. DATE OF AUTHORISATION

These financial statements were authorised for issue on September 16, 2006 by the Board of Directors of the Corporation.

Vice Admiral (Retd.) S. Tauquir H. Naqvi
Chairman & Chief Executive

S. Haider Abbas Rizvi
Director



PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION SIX YEARS AT A GLANCE

(Rupees in '000)

	2005-2006	2004-2005	2003-2004	2002-2003	2001-2002	2000-2001
			Restated		Restated	
Operation						
Operating revenues	1,748,341	2,403,604	2,735,500	3,631,429	4,625,330	5,458,665
Operating expenses	952,779	1,758,194	2,040,579	2,785,264	4,012,273	5,013,656
Operating profit	795,562	645,410	694,921	846,165	613,057	445,009
Other income / adjustments	729,349	2,556,106	1,424,329	123,704	234,023	215,934
Other expenses / adjustments	157,790	247,285	253,682	233,646	344,494	915,361
Profit / (loss) before taxation	1,367,121	2,954,231	1,865,568	736,223	502,586	(254,418)
Taxation	128,529	173,078	231,959	269,295	172,299	45,085
Profit / (loss) after taxation	1,238,592	2,781,153	1,633,609	466,928	330,287	(299,503)
Assets						
Fixed Assets	612,757	621,807	394,977	369,801	1,023,688	2,601,643
Capital work-in-progress	27,164	16,907	-	23,848	-	-
Investment properties	674,162	674,162	438,873	438,873	-	-
Long term investments	8,407,948	7,964,285	2,604,032	1,066,003	200,915	41,910
Long term loans / receivables	1,447,528	996,466	1,061,482	7,476	515,575	18,973
Deferred tax asset - net	132,684	-	25,858	177,703	401,593	-
	11,302,243	10,273,627	4,525,222	2,083,704	2,141,771	2,662,526
Current Assets	4,823,595	4,660,148	2,930,079	3,008,799	2,633,612	1,629,657
Current Liabilities	(4,202,137)	(3,753,978)	(2,265,596)	(1,042,329)	(705,255)	(991,252)
Net current assets	621,458	906,170	664,483	1,966,470	1,928,357	638,405
Total Net Assets	11,923,701	11,179,797	5,189,705	4,050,174	4,070,128	3,300,931
Financed by						
Paid-up Capital	1,320,634	1,200,576	1,143,406	1,143,406	1,143,406	1,143,406
Capital Reserve	3,626,843	1,626,843	626,843	126,843	126,843	126,843
Unappropriated profit/(accumulated loss)	2,728,565	3,384,782	1,701,680	560,604	(411,349)	(1,326,394)
Share-holders' equity	7,676,042	6,212,201	3,471,929	1,830,853	858,900	(56,145)
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	3,374,088	3,821,963	312,100	319,567	971,630	972,520
Long term loans / liabilities	474,021	725,536	957,293	1,488,343	1,806,600	1,929,000
Deferred liabilities	399,550	419,772	448,383	411,411	432,998	455,556
Deferred tax liability - net	-	325	-	-	-	-
Statistics and ratios						
Profit / (loss) before tax as % of:						
i) Revenues	78.20%	122.91%	68.20%	20.27%	10.87%	-4.66%
ii) Paid-up capital	103.52%	246.07%	163.16%	64.39%	43.96%	-22.25%
iii) Total Net Assets	11.47%	26.42%	35.95%	18.18%	12.35%	-7.71%
Current assets to current liabilities	1.15	1.24	1.29	2.89	3.73	1.64
Number of Shares	132,063,380	120,057,618	114,340,589	114,340,589	114,340,589	114,340,589
Earnings / (loss) per share	Rs 9.38	Rs 21.06	Rs 13.61	Rs 4.08	Rs 2.89	Rs (2.62)
Break up value per share	Rs 58.12	Rs 51.74	Rs 30.36	Rs 16.01	Rs 7.51	Rs (0.49)
Share prices						
High	Rs 139.70	Rs 150.00	Rs 67.90	Rs 23.00	Rs 5.50	Rs 3.15
Low	Rs 57.00	Rs 50.50	Rs 15.85	Rs 3.75	Rs 1.50	Rs 1.65
Dividend per share						
Cash	Re. 1.00	Rs 2.00	Re. 1.00	Re. 0.75	-	-
Bonus	-	Re. 1.00	Re. 0.50	-	-	-



PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION
Pattern of Shareholding as at June 30, 2006

NO. OF SHAREHOLDERS	SHAREHOLDING		SHARES HELD
	FROM	TO	
10993	1	100	377,831
3554	101	500	849,502
1086	501	1000	809,286
930	1001	5000	1,983,109
125	5001	10000	903,668
39	10001	15000	481,738
25	15001	20000	427,169
13	20001	25000	301,273
6	25001	30000	171,532
5	30001	35000	161,972
5	35001	40000	182,767
7	40001	45000	304,048
2	45001	50000	98,782
3	50001	55000	158,663
1	55001	60000	59,000
2	60001	65000	125,000
1	75001	80000	80,000
2	100001	105000	207,807
1	115001	120000	120,000
1	130001	135000	135,000
1	135001	140000	137,021
2	155001	160000	317,642
1	165001	170000	165,841
1	170001	175000	172,095
1	220001	225000	222,500
1	235001	240000	235,916
1	290001	295000	292,344
1	340001	345000	344,190
1	350001	355000	353,700
1	445001	450000	446,101
1	650001	655000	654,900
1	745001	750000	746,603
1	885001	890000	886,261
1	1440001	1445000	1,443,394
1	117705001	117710000	117,706,724
16,817			132,063,379

CATEGORY OF SHAREHOLDERS	NO	SHARES HELD	%
N.B.P. Trustee Department	1	887,418	0.67
Investment Corporation of Pakistan	1	91,615	0.07
National Investment Trust	1	1,519	0.00
Mr. Mohammad Khusrow Khowaja, Director PNSC	1	126	0.00
Mrs. Samina K. Khowaja w/o Mr. M. Khusrow Khowaja	1	115	0.00
Mr. Jahangir Siddiqui, Director PNSC	1	5,716	0.00
Other Individuals (less than 10% interest)	12,751	8,899,964	6.74
State Life Insurance Corporation of Pakistan	1	1,446,527	1.10
Pakistan Re-insurance Corporation	1	1,467	0.00
Insurance Companies	8	15,995	0.01
Banks	12	837,449	0.64
Mutual Funds	6	1,226,600	0.93
Modaraba Companies	6	33,896	0.03
Joint Stock Companies	100	427,891	0.32
S.E.C.P	1	13	0.00
Federal Government	1	117,706,724	89.13
Foreign/ Non-Resident Investors	3,899*	441,919	0.33
Others	25	38,425	0.03
	16,817	132,063,379	100.00

* (Including 3654 Shareholders whose current domicile is not known)

N.B.: The above two statements include 2090 shareholders holding 10,620,179 shares through Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited.





PAKISTAN NATIONAL SHIPPING CORPORATION

Proxy form

Please quote your
Folio No. / CDC Account No.

I/we _____

of _____

being shareholder of the Pakistan National Shipping Corporation holding _____

Share (s) hereby appoint Mr./Miss/Mrs. _____

S/o. D/o. W/o. _____

of _____

or failing him/her Mr./Miss/Mrs. _____

S/o. D/o. W/o. _____

of _____

as my / our proxy to vote for me / us and on my / our behalf at the meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation to be held at Karachi on the 19th day of October 2006 at 9:30 a.m. and at any adjournment thereof.

Dated this _____ day of _____ 2006

Revenue
Stamp
of
Rs. 5

Signature of the shareholder _____

Address _____

Folio No. / CDC Account No. _____

Transfer Receipt No. _____