www.highnoon-labs.com

### HIGHNOON LABORATORIES LIMITED

17.5 Kilometer Multan Road, Lahore - 53700, Pakistan Phone: +92 (42) 111 000 465 Fax: +92 (42) 3751 0037

Email: info@highnoon.com.pk

# One Team | One Aim | Success For All

# **Annual Report**









One Team

One Aim

Suggested For All

At Highnoon, we believe there is no substitute to Team work. Teamwork drives creativity, innovation, and the future. With this belief we have embarked upon a major initiative for all key areas of health care to make ourselves ready for the Healthiest of the future. We are confident about entering into a new era of teamwork advancements and that is the expression on this year's cover.



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# Financial Highlights 2012



### Profit

after tax up by 11.9% Rs. 103 million 11.9% (2011: Rs. 92 million)

### **Operating Profit**

up by 122 % Rs. 162 million (2011: Rs. 73 million)



### Gross Profit Margin



Return on Capital Employed

increased to 14.6% (2011: 13.9%)

### **Total Assets**

increased by 8 % Rs. 1.684 billion (2011: Rs. 1.558 billion)



### Equity

increased by Rs. 634 million (2011: Rs. 580 million)





### Earnings Per Share

increased to Rs. 5.69 (2011: Rs. 5.08)



### Market Value

per share increased by 68% Rs. 47.50 (2011; Rs. 28.35)

### Payout

\*Cash Dividend: 35% (2011: 30%)



### Investment in Fixed Assets

Rupees in million 71



\* Proposed





Decided of Discussion	A.C. Terror Appears During	Chalman
Board of Directors	Mr. Tausif Ahmad Khan Mr. Anees Ahmad Khan Mr. Baqar Hasan Mr. Ghulam Hussain Khan Mr. Taufiq Ahmed Khan	Chairman Vice Chairman Chief Executive Office
	Mr. Shazib Masud Mst. Siddiqa Begum Mrs. Zainub Abbas Mr. Javed Hussain (Alternate Director)	
Chief Financial Officer	Mr. Javed Hussain Tel: +92(42)37511953 Email: javed@highnoon.com.pk	
Company Secretary	Mr. Khadim Hussain Mirza Tel: +92(42)37510036 Email: khadim@highnoon.com.pk	
Bankers	Habib Bank Limited United Bank Limited Faysal Bank Limited J.S. Bank Limited Allied Bank Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Pakist	tan) Limited
Registered, Head Office & Plant	17.5 Kilometer Multan Road, Lahore - 53700, Pakistan UAN: 111 000 465 Fax: +92 (42) Email: info@highnoon.com.pk URL: www.highnoon-labs.com	37510037
Legal Advisors	Raja Muhammad Akram & Comp	eny
Tax Advisors	Yousuf Islam & Associates	
Auditors	Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Side Chartered Accountants	t Hyder
Shares Registrar	Corplink (Pvt) Ltd. Wings Arcade, 1-K Commercial, Tel: +92 (42) 35916714, 3591671	

Audit Committee	Mr. Shazib Masud Mr. Ghulam Hussain Khan Mrs. Zainub Abbas Mr. Khadim Hussain Mirza	Chairman Member Member Secretary
Human Resource and Remuneration Committee	Mr. Tausif Ahmad Khan Mr. Baqar Hasan Mrs, Zainub Abbas	Chairman Member Member
Executive Committee	Mr. Baqar Hasan CEO / MD	Chairman
	Mr. Javed Hussain ED (Finance) / CFO	Member
	Dr. Zafar Ullah Khan ED (Technical)	Member
	Dr. Rizwan Mehmood ED (Quality Operations)	Member
	Mr. Tanvir H. Qureshi ED (Human Resource)	Member / Secretary
	Dr. Ahmad Atif Mirza ED (Medical)	Member
	Dr. Adeel Abbas ED (Strategic Planning)	Member
	Mr. Ihsan Ullah Khan Khattak General Manager (Production)	Member
	Mr. Shahrukh Hafeez General Manager (Supply Chain)	Member
I.T Steering Committee	Mr. Bagar Hasan CEO / MD	Chairman
	Mr. Javed Hussain ED (Finance) / CFO	Member
	Dr. Adeel Abbas ED (Strategic Planning)	Member
	Mr. Muhammad Ilyas CM (Information Technology)	Member / Secretary

### Notice of

# Annual General Meeting



NOTICE is hereby given that 30th Annual General Meeting of Highnoon Laboratories Limited will be held on Tuesday, April 23, 2013 at 10.00 a.m. at Registered Office, 17.5 Kilometer Multan Road, Lahore to transact the following business:

- To confirm minutes of last Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on August 28, 2012.
- To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2012 together with Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- To consider and approve payment of Cash Dividend at the rate of thirty five percent (35%) to the shareholders as recommended by the Board of Directors.
- To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration for the year ending December 31, 2013.
- 5. To discuss any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By order of the Board

Lahore April 01, 2013 KHADIM HUSSAIN MIRZA Company Secretary

### Notes:

- Shares transfer books of the Company will remain closed from April 15, 2013 to April 23, 2013 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of determining the entitlement of payout.
- A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another member as proxy
  to attend and vote instead of him. The instrument of proxy must be received at the Registered Office of the Company, 17.5 Kilometer Multan Road, Lahore not less than 48 hours
  before the time of holding the meeting.
- Members are advised to intimate any change in their address and the shareholders who have not yet submitted photocopies of their Computerized National Identity Cards (CNIC) are requested to send the same at the earliest.
- 4. All account holders registered through Central Depository System shall authenticate their identity by showing original CNIC at the time of attending the meeting. In case of corporate entity, a certified copy of resolution of the Board of Directors / valid Power of Attorney having the name and specimen signature of the nominee should be produced at the time of meeting.



# Our Vision

We at Highnoon Laboratories Limited understand the duties of being responsible corporate citizen and stand true to our conviction and promise to work for the betterment and prosperity of our people.

"Highnoon for a Healthier Nation"

# Our Mission

We strive to maintain excellence in our business practices with the objective to benefit the medical community, consumers, stakeholders and employees; and to improve quality of life by providing quality products.

# Corporate Objectives



- Excel in meeting customer needs.
- Maintain leadership in national pharmaceutical industry.
- Gain confidence of Doctors, Pharmacists and Consumers who use our products.
- Seek employee involvement, continuous improvement and enhanced performance goals.
- Enhance export business.

# Statement of

# Ethics & Core Values

### Shared Responsibility

The achievement and continuation of an ethical work environment is a shared responsibility among employees, seniors,

officials and directors of the company, which will be treated as confidential.

### Intellectual Honesty

Personal interaction among employees should be characterized by truthfulness, openness to new ideas and consideration for the rights of others. Each member of the team should respect the right of others to freedom of thought, opinion, speech and association.

### Personal Conduct

At Highnoon each employee is responsible for avoiding real or apparent conflicts of interest, ensuring that authority is exercised within a framework of accountability and ensuring that information is managed in accordance with relevant statutes. Employees must ensure that the organization's interests are foremost in all business decisions and shall remove themselves from decision making roles which involve the employee in any personal capacity or which involve friends or family members.

### Research

Research carried out by our organization shall be characterized by the highest standards of integrity and ethical behavior.



Every effort shall be made to ensure that all research data or results of projects or programs sponsored by or under the administrative supervision of organization are represented properly and accurately. 12

# to the shareholders



### Bagar Hasan

Chief Executive Officer Lahore: 19 March 2013 The Board of Directors is pleased to present the annual audited financial statements of Highnoon Laboratories Limited along with consolidated financial statements with its wholly owned subsidiary for the year ended 31 December 2012.

### Financial Highlights of the Company

Financial Highlights of the Company	
	2012 (Rupees in '000')
Profit before tax Taxation	158,161 54,759
Profit after tax	103,402
Un-appropriated profit brought forward	284,713
Incremental depreciation relating to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets-net	4,790
Profit available for appropriation	392,905
Appropriations:	
Cash Dividend for the financial year ended 31 December 2011 © Rs.3.0 per share and Bonus shar Nii. (2010: © Rs. 2.5 per share and Bonus shares © 105	
	338,363
Consolidated Financial Highlights	
Profit before tax Taxation	157,647 55,940
Profit after tax	101,707
Un-appropriated profit brought forward	285,855
Incremental depreciation relating to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets-net	4,790
Profit available for appropriation	392,352
Appropriations:	
Cash Dividend for the financial year ended 31 December 2011 @ Rs.3.0 per share and Bonus shar Nil. (2010: @ Rs. 2.5 per share and Bonus shares @ 10°	
	337,810

### Earnings Per Share

Based on net profit for the year ended 31 December 2012, the earnings per share (EPS) is Rs.5.69 (2011: Rs.5.08) and on the basis of consolidated results EPS worked out at Rs.5.59 compared to Rs.5.07 last year.

### **Dividend Announcement**

The Directors of the Company have recommended a final cash dividend of thirty five percent i.e. Rs.3.50 per share (2011: Rs.3.00 per share) for the financial year ended 31 December 2012 for consideration and approval by the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

### Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding along with categories of shareholders as at 31 December 2012 as required under Section 236 of the Companies Ordinance and listing regulations is presented on Page 31 of the Annual Report 2012.

### Board of Directors

Mr. Aslam Hafiz, Chief Executive Officer/MD resigned from services of the Company effective 01 July 2012. We would like to place on record appreciation for the services rendered by him during his tenure of service. The Board of Directors appointed Mr. Baqar Hasan as Chief Executive Officer / MD to fill up the casual vacancy.

The term of previous Board of Directors expired on 03 September 2012. Following directors were elected in the Extra ordinary General Meeting held on 28 August 2012 for a term of three years with effect from 03 September 2012:

- Mr. Tausif Ahmad Khan Non-executive Director
- Mr. Anees Ahmad Khan Executive Director
- Mr. Ghulam Hussain Khan Non-executive Director
- Mr. Taufiq Ahmed Khan Non-executive Director

- Mr. Shazib Masud Independent Director
- Mst. Siddiqa Begum Non-executive Director
- Mrs. Zainub Abbas Non-executive Director

The Board of Directors in a meeting held on 06 September 2012 re-elected Mr. Tausif Ahmad Khan as Chairman for a term of three years. Mr. Baqar Hasan was re-appointed as Chief Executive Officer/ MD for a term of three years in the same meeting.

Mian Muhammad Ashraf and Mrs. Nosheen Riaz Khan ratired from the Board upon expiry of their term of office as Non-executive Directors. The Board places on record its appreciation for the valuable contribution made by the outgoing directors.

The Board of Directors in its duly convened meeting approved remuneration of Non-executive Directors for rendering extra services and also approved revision / annual increase in the salaries of working directors and other officers as required by the Companies Ordinance and Code of Corporate Governance.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, Mr. Taufiq Ahmed Khan nominatd Mr. Javed Hussain as Alternate Director



during his absence from Pakistan. Mr. Javed Hussain was appointed as Alternate Director by the Board in a meeting held on 19 March 2013.

### Directors' Report

### to the shareholders

### Directors' Attendance

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During the year seven Board meetings were held and the number of meetings attended by each Director is given there against.

				Atte	indance	2012			
Sr	Name of Member	22 Mar	27 Apr	26 Jun	15 Aug	06 Sep	10 Oct	27 Dec	Total
Ť	Mr. Tausif Ahmad Khan	P	P	P	P	P	p	2	7
2	Mr. Anees Ahmad Khan	P	P	E	Р	P	P	Р	6
.3	Mr. Bagar Hasan	725	225	22.7	P	P	p)	p	34
4	Mr. Ghulam Hussain Khan	P	P	P.	P	P.	p	P	7
5	Mr. Taufiq Ahmed Khan	- (46)		240	24.1	P	E	Ł	1
6	Mr. Shazib Masud	1225	1225	525	577	P	1.	1.	(1
7	Mst. Siddiga Begum	1991	1980	200	-	P	P	P	3
8	Mrs. Zainub Abbas	E	L	P	Р	P	P	P	5
9	Mr. Aslam Hafiz *	р	p	L	22/	22,	122	22/	2
10	Mian Muhammad Ashraf *	I I	1	L	L	80	100	27	0
11	Mrs. Nosheen Riaz Khan *	P	P	Ł	Ł	Aug. 1	100	Acc. 1	2
12	Mr. Javed Hussain **	· p	· p	P	P	200	1522	220	24

P = Present L = Leave \* = Retired \*\* = Alternate director to Mr. Taufig Ahmed Khan.

Leave of absence was granted to the directors who could not attend the meeting.

All directors are aware of their duties and powers under the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association and the listing regulations of the stock exchanges and have filed declaration to the effect.

### Trading of Shares by Directors, CEO, CFO and Company Secretary etc.

Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, their spouses and minor children have not sold or purchased shares of the Company during the period except following:

Sr. #	Name	Addition	Delation
ĵ	Mr. Tausif Ahmad Khan	435,065	1,000,000
2	Mrs. Zainub Abbas:	1,000,000	201,372
3	Mr. Shazib Maaud	500	-
4	Mst. Siddiga Begum	872	- 2

The Board of Directors was accordingly apprised with the above sale / purchase by the directors in the meeting held just after the transactions took place.

### Audit Committee

The Board of Directors in a meeting held on 06 September 2012 reconstituted the Audit Committee in accordance with the requirements of Revised Code of Corporate Governance 2012. Audit Committee consists of the following members:

ĺ.	Mr. Shazib Masud (Independent Director)	Chairman
	(Independent Director)	

2. Mr. Ghulam Hussain Khan Member (Non-executive Director)

3. Mrs. Zainub Abbas Member (Non-executive Director)

During the year 05 meetings of Audit Committee were held and the meetings attended by each member are given there against:

P 4 W	RESPONDED BY THE PARTY OF THE P		At	tendance-2	012		The second
Sr.II	Name of Member	21-Mar	25-Apr	13-Aug	18-Oct	24-Dec	Total
1	Mr. Shazib Masud *	-			p	p	2
2	Mr. Ghulam Hussain Khan	P.	P.	P	P:	P.	5
3	Mrs. Zainub Abbas *	2			p	p	2
4	Mr. Tausif Ahmad Khan **	P	P	P	-	200	3
5	Mian Muhamad Ashraf **	L	P	P	722	199	2

P = Present L = Leave \* = Appointed on 06 September 2012

Chairman

Member

\*\* = Not member in newly constituted Committee

### Human Resource and Remuneration Committee

The Board of Directors, in compliance with the requirements of Revised Code of Corporate Governance 2012, constituted Human Resource and Remuneration (HR&R) Committee which shall be responsible for recommending to the Board human resource management policies, selection, evaluation, compensation (including retirement benefits) and succession planning of the CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and head of Internal Audit and recommending to CEO on matters for key management positions who report directly to the CEO. Following are the members of HR&R Committee

1. Mr. Tausif Ahmad Khan (Non-executive Director)

2. Mr. Bagar Hasan (Executive Director)

3. Mrs. Zainub Abbas Member (Non-executive Director)

### Statement of Ethics and Business Practices

The Board has prepared and circulated the Statement of Ethics and Business Practices signed by every Director and employee of the Company as a token of acknowledgement of his/ her understanding of the standards of conduct in relation to persons associated or dealing with the Company.

### External Auditors

The external auditors of the Company, Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder, Chartered Accountants shall retire on the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting. Being eligible for reappointment under the listing regulations, they have offered their services as auditors of the Company for the financial year 2013. The Audit Committee has recommended the appointment of Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder, Chartered Accountants as Auditors of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2013 and the Board agrees to the recommendation of the Audit Committee. The Auditors have also



given their consent to work as Auditors for the next year and have conveyed that they have been given satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review of Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and the firm is fully compliant with the code of ethics issued by International Federation

### Directors' Report

### to the shareholders

of Accountants (IFAC). Further they are also not rendering any related services to the Company. The Auditors have also confirmed that neither the firm nor any of their partner, their spouses or minor children at any time during the year held or traded in the shares of the Company.

### Subsidiary Company

Dynalog Services (Pvt.) Limited (DSL), a wholly owned subsidiary company ceased its operation for the last about three years. Taking benefit of the Companies Easy Exit Scheme - 2012, launched by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, the subsidiary company filed an application on 31 August 2012 for de-registration under the scheme with the Companies Registration Office, Lahore, The company fulfills all the conditions of the Scheme and upon expiration of the notice period, the name of the company will be struck off under section 439 of the Companies Ordinance 1984.

### Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company is extremely conscious of its duty and maintains commitment of being a responsive and socially responsible organization. We continue to make sincere efforts to promote



good health, social development and better environment, through various programs that contribute to sustainable, preventive and curative services.

In the current dismal health scenario in the Country and in order to reach out to the under privilege as well as to create awareness, the Company regularly set up free medical camps in the underserved and urban areas where the patients have access to clinical experts and medications. The Company also periodically runs health care awareness programs, which focuses on the prevention and early detection of serious but common ailments. During the year several programs covering diabetes, children malnutrition and asthma were held for the benefit of general public. Yet another important step taken by the Company is the infrastructural development of the Government hospital, which caters to the masses, by providing them with necessary equipment and other facilities.

Annual Report 2012 / Highnoon Laboratories Limited

In line with our tradition, the Company remains dedicated to act in a socially responsible way and actively participate in philanthropic activities. The Company supports Fatimid Foundation, Care Foundation, SOS Village and numerous other organizations in whatever small way it can. In addition the Company regularly provided free medicines to the Thelesemia Foundation and is also an active contributor in case of any natural disaster.

### Corporate Governance

The Directors confirm compliance with the Corporate and Financial Reporting framework of the Code of Corporate Governance as contained in the listing regulations for the followings:

- The financial statements together with the notes thereon have drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984. These Statements, prepared by the management present fairly the Company's state of affairs, the results of its operations. cash flows and changes in equity.
- Proper Books of accounts have been maintained.
- Accounting estimates are based on prudent judgments and there are no outstanding statutory payments on account

of Government taxes, duties, levies and charges except for those which have been disclosed in note 11 and note 15 to the financial statements.

- 4. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judament.
- There have been no material changes since 31 December 2012 and the Company has not entered into any commitment, which would affect the financial position at the date.
- 6. An Audit Committee of the Board was re-constituted on 06 September 2012 in accordance with the requirement of Revised Code of Corporate Governance 2012, which comprises of three members including the Chairman. Two members are Non-executive directors while the Chairman is an Independent Director. The Committee has its own terms of reference, which were determined by the Board of Directors in accordance with the guidelines provided in the Code of Corporate Governance.
- 7. International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- The System of internal controls is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- 10. None of the Directors have been convicted as a defaulter in payment of any loans of Banks / DFIs, nor they or their spouses are engaged in the business of stock brokerage. The Board has separately appended "Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of Corporate Governance" and auditors have given unqualified review report thereon.
- 11. There has been no significant departure

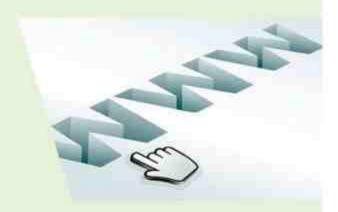
from the Best Practices of Corporate Governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.

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- 12. The principal value of investment of the Provident Fund based on un-audited figure as on 31 December 2012 was Rs 123.888 Million as compared to audited figures as at 31 December 2011 of Rs 128 135 million.
- 13. Key financial data for the last six periods as an investors' guide is annexed to the Directors' Report.

### Web Presence

All our stakeholders and general public can view Company's website www.highnoon-labs.com where information relating to Company including periodic financial statements / annual reports etc., is available.



### Chairman's Review

The Directors endorse the contents of the Chairman's Review, which form part of the Directors' Report. The Board authorized the Chief Executive Officer to sign the Directors' Report on behalf of the Board.

# Chairman's Review



Tausif Ahmad Khan Chairman Lahore: 19 March 2013 I welcome you to the 30th Annual General Meeting of the Company and am delighted to present Company's annual performance review along with the audited financial statements and the auditors' report for the year ended 31 December 2012.

The year 2012 has been the year of challenges as well as of extraordinary achievements. In the wake of negatives involving several pharmaceutical companies. your Company not only remained unaffected but capitalized on the opportunities. The Company focused its efforts on improving productivity and optimizing on cost structures across the entire value chain and as a result net revenues of the products excluding the revenues from Ex-Solvay / Abbott products are higher by 8 percent as compared to 2011. The shortfall in total revenue is mainly attributable to Ex-Solvay / Abbott Products which were previously accounted for on full sale value of the products, however, subsequent to the global acquisition of Solvay Pharmaceuticals by Abbott Laboratories, revenue from such products is recognized under toll arrangement. The revenue loss was partly made up through increased revenue from sale of own products coupled with increase in gross profit margins from 31.0 percent to 41.6 percent. This demonstrates the resilience and ability of the Company to maintain or increase the margins.

### 

I want to emphasize here that while there have been negative sentiments surrounding the economy as businesses have been retrenching, we continue to demonstrate progress against our plan, despite denial of any price increase since several years by the Government and burdened by the effects of rising cost due to devaluation of Pak rupee.

Operating expenses increased by 5.6 percent mainly due to selling and distribution cost that increased on account of augmenting the sales force and investment in the marketing of the products. Administrative expenses were kept under tight control and showed only marginal increase. Financial cost was reigned in through better cash flow management, renegotiation of borrowing rates and cut in the discount rate by the Central Bank. As a result of the above measures profit before tax increased by 9.8 percent and earning per share increased from Rs.5.08 to Rs.5.69.

We take pride in the growth of our core brands, these are the well-known brand names and we believe hold the promise for long-term growth. Our own brands business, at 54 percent of total local sales offers a solid, dependable base. We remain confident about growing at a rate higher than industry growth rate. We also continue to enhance the treatment alternatives by bringing the



latest products, several of which are technically complex dosages and products that fill a therapy gap. Our growing presence in the Respiratory segment received a boost as the revenue from this segment grew by 60 percent over last year. According to the figures reported by IMS Combivair DPI is now one of the fastest growing brands in the country. Our product portfolio in this segment will be further strengthened with the introduction of Metered Dosage Inhalers and Respules in collaboration with CIPLA that will eventually end near monopoly of a multinational company.



It is our goal to deliver innovation within each therapeutic segment every year, either in new product benefits, new delivery forms or filling an existing need in a better way.



Tagipmet that was launched in the preceding financial year has been very well received in the market and is now among the best known brand in the segment. We are also proud of the success of Artecxin, an anti malarial product launched last year which has also contributed to the gains.

In the last year address to the Shareholders I had highlighted the Company's road map to the future, identifying the areas of focus that were critical to the Company's short term and long term strategic plan, namely:

New business Initiatives Infrastructure Improvement

Our new product portfolio remains promising, we are planning to launch several products in the ensuing year. We continued development of new formulations and further line extensions of our products. With our upgraded Product Development capacities and capabilities the goal of developing a larger number of formulations remains positive. Some of the new formulations are sustained release (or extended-release) formulations. The sustained release formulations create a steady drug release profile making the drug substance available over an extended period of time following ingestion.



Misuse of active narcotic ingredients quota by some influentials resulted in shortage of widely used medications for the remedy of cough and cold. We expect that the shortages will continue in the near future, to treat the unmet medical needs of the patients, the Company has signed an agreement with a renowned multinational company for marketing a herbal remedy, Prospan, which is a highly visible brand all across the world. Prospan's addition in our portfolio will strengthen our push towards respiratory ailments.

I am confident that with remarkable launches ahead and a strong footing in the cardiovascular and gastro-intestinal segment, the Company is heading aggressively towards clenching the diabetes and COPD market thus making its standing in the industry a cut above the rest.

On the infrastructure front, we have substantially completed capacity expansion, modernization and efficiency improvements projects. We remain focused and have been making sure that we were investing in infrastructure and remain adequately staffed to maintain highest levels of regulatory compliance and delivering quality products.











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# Chairman's Review

The year saw a visible demonstration of good quality management system as well as quality of the manufactured products which was validated through successful external audits of Regulatory agencies and customers.

I am pleased to announce Highnoon has been facilitated for significant contribution in the field of pharmaceutical manufacturing. In recognition the Company has been bestowed with Best Performance Award by the President of Pakistan. Your Company is one of the companies selected out of total 527 companies on the basis of

manufacturer of quality products and benchmark performance.

While we have made strategic and capital investments in our Company, we also have been mindful that we do not neglect the human factor to support the growth. The Company has institutionalized a process of recognizing, appreciating and rewarding individuals and teams who have excelled in their respective areas. Initiatives have been taken in introducing a performance based system to better gauge the achievements and potential of employees.





Last year, we strengthened our management team. This year we plan to expand our sales force to effectively market and sell our entire portfolio of products, although this has been a difficult decision due to rising costs, however, we remain confident these are the crucial factors that would enable further growth and strengthen the Company's competitive positioning and market standing in the fast changing and dynamic generics landscape.

I would like to thank all of our steadfast investors, our customers and Highnoon team, who make a difference and influence the growth of our Company. I am confident of continued success in the future.

May God bless all of us.

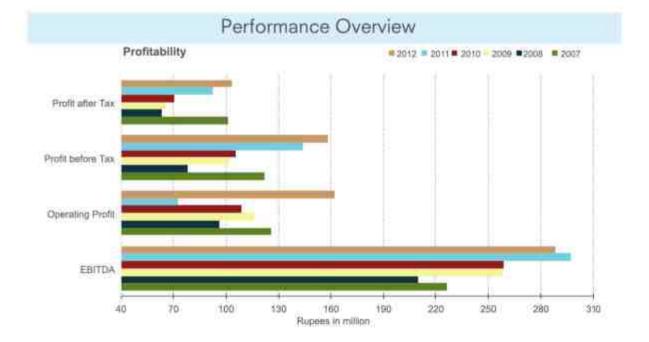


# Six Years

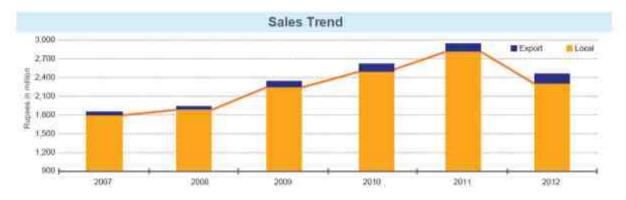
# at a Glance

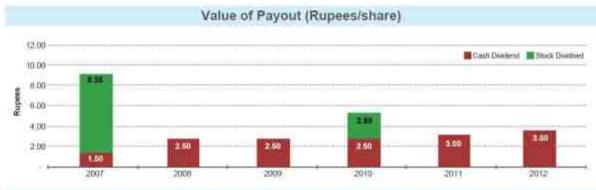
				/m	onesen.		
Summary of Balance Sheet				(Rupees in	(000.)		
Share Capital		181,805	181,805	165,277	165,277	165,277	150,250
Reserves		452,383	398,713	358,856	323,918	332,801	299,940
Operating Fixed Assets		765,185	701,972	696,937	675,982	653,900	564,71
Non Current Assets		113,209	127,039	144,145	104,145	107,088	119,38
Net Working Capital		347,870	284,416	259,483	201,138	194,315	192,21
Long Term Liabilities		76,403	83,898	127,850	70,554	96,472	86,18
Deferred Liabilities		283,037	265,857	260,106	227,126	160,146	131,67
Summary of Profit and Loss Acc	count						
Sales - Net	9	2,465,621	2,944,907	2,636,538	2,334,752	1,933,344	1,851,71
Grass Prafit		,024,932	914,171	903,555	846,157	686,938	755,40
Earning Before Interest, Tax, Depr	reclation.						
and Amortization (EBITDA)		288,586	297,360	258,772	258,042	209,909	226,06
Operating Profit		161,980	72,751	108,748	115,827	96,178	125,67
Profit Before Tax		158, 161	144,053	105,580	101,847	77,972	122,26
Net Profit After Tax		103,402	92,381	70,344	65,762	63,123	100,92
Summary of Cash Flow Stateme	ent						
Net Cash Flow from Operating A		69,878	388,077	270,151	(13,919)	59,457	119,63
Net Cash Flow from Investing Ac		(22, 379)	(47,473)	(115,634)	(71,394)	(120,787)	(38,419
Net Cash Flow from Financing Ac		(63,634)	(391, 339)	(122, 111)	113,337	56,650	(84,921
Changes in Cash and Cash Equiv		(6, 135)	(50,735)	32,406	28,024	(4,680)	(3,709
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Ye	ar End	6,462	12,597	63,331	30,925	7,177	11,85
Financial Performance/Profitab	ility Analy	nis					
Gross Profit Margin	%	41.57	31.04	34.27	36.24	35.53	40.8
EBITDA to Sales Margin	76	11.70	10.10	9.81	11.05	10.86	12.2
Operating Profit Margin	96	6:57	2.47	4.12	4.96	4.97	6.7
Profit Before Tax Margin	%	6.41	4.89	4.00	4.36	4.03	6.6
Profit After Tax Margin	9%	4.19	3.14	2.67	2.82	3.26	5.4
Return on Equity	%	16.31	15.91	13.42	13.44	12.67	22.4
Return on Capital Employed	%	14.55	13.90	10.79	11.76	10.62	18.8
Operating Performance/Liquid	ity Analys	is					
nventary Turnover	Days	143	104	141	141	127	13
Debtors Turnover	Days	9	6	6	14	31	3
Creditors Turnover	Days	51	29	28	32	40	- 4
Cash Operating Cycle	Days	101	81	119	123	118	11
Assets Turnover Ratio	Times	1.46	1.89	1.51	1.34	1.31	1.3
Fixed Assets Turnover	Times	2.81	3.56	3.19	3.18	2.58	2.7
Return on Assets	26	9,39	9.25	6.06	5.83	5,28	9.1
Current Ratio	Times	1.76	1.64	1.41	1.26	1.37	1.4

	1	2012	2011	2010	Restated /	2008	2007
Distribution Analysis							
Pay out - Proposed							
- Cash Dividend per share	Rs.	3.50	3.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	1.50
- Bonus	%	200	0,00	10.00		6	10.00
Payout Ratio (after tax)	%	61.54	59.04	82.23	62.83	65.46	37.22
Dividend Yield	96	7.37	10.58	12.09	8.20	6.38	2.99
Earnings Per Share (after tax)	Rs.	5.69	5.08	4.26	3.98	3.82	6.72
Price Earning Ratio	Times	8.35	5,58	0.0000000	7.66	10.26	12.43
Capital Structure/Market Va	lue Analysis						
Long Term Debt : Equity Ratio		09.91	11:89	19:81	11:89	16:84	16:84
Shareholders' Net Worth as							
% of Total Assets	9%	51.46	49.03	40.93	39.14	47.36	49.18
Financial Charges Coverage	Times	4.28	3.05		2.28	2.16	3.86
Number of Shares	in '000'	18,181	18,181	16,528	16,528	16,528	15,025
Break-up Value of Share				The common of the control of the con			
- Excluding Surplus on Revalua	ation Rs.	34,88	31,93	31,71	29.60	30.14	29.96
<ul> <li>Including Surplus on Revalua</li> </ul>	tion Rs.	47.67	42.00	43.12	41.36	42.27	43.82
Market Value of Share							
- Year End	Re-	47.50	28.35	28,94	30.50	39.20	83.50
- Highest	Rs.	50.36	33.50	33.99	40.45	94.25	94,55
- Lowest	Ru	28.50	24.50	22.10	27.71	27.40	49.50
- Average	Rs.	37.20	27.94	27,30	30.54	79,64	75.54
Market Capitalization	Rs. in '000'	865,575	515,418	478,313	504,095	647,886	1,254,604



Six Years / at a Glance







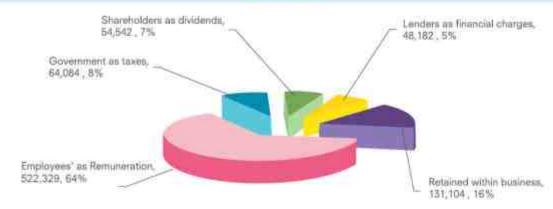


Statement of Value Addition

and its Distribution

	2012 Rs. in '000'	2011 Rs. in '000'
Value Added		1
Net Sales Material & Services Other Income	2,470,485 1,868,575 18,331	2,947,666 2,260,179 92,752
Distribution:	820,241	780,239
Employees		The same of the sa
Salaries Wages & Benefits Workers Profit Participation Fund	514,004 8,325	467,611 7,832
	522,329	475,443
Government Income Tax Sales Tax Central Research Fund Workers Welfare Fund	54,759 4,864 1,469 2,992	51,672 2,759 1,456 3,220
22 000 1038	64,084	59,107
Provider of Finances To Shareholder as Dividend To Banks as financial charges	54,542 48,182	41,319 70,371
azili edena Percentifiat esale etila	102,724	111,690
Retained in Business  Depreciation and amortization  Retained Profit	82,242 48,861	82,936 51,062
	131,104	133,998
	820,241	780,239

# Value addition and its distribution 2012 (Rs. in '000')



# Vertical and

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# Horizontal Analysis

	7 2012	oi.	2011	-	2010	0	2009		2008		2007	
Vertical Analysis Profit and Loss Account	Ps. in 000	18	Rs. In 000	% /	Rs. in 000	*	Rs. In 000	1 %	Rs. in 000	36	Rs. in 000	1.8
Sales - net Cost of sales	1,440,669	100.0 58.4	2,944,907	100.0	2,636,538	100.0	1,488,595	100.0	1,933,344	100.0	1,851,718	59.6
Gross profit	1,024,932	41.6	914,173	31.0	903,555	24.30	846,157	第33	688,938	36.5	755,409	40.4
Other operating income Distributor, selling & promotional expenses Administrative and general expenses. Research and development expenses Other operating expenses	10,331 610,040 195,854 8,876 22,149	250	92,752 566,589 196,733 6,727 21,450	93.1 0.2 0.2 0.7	7,708 540,518 167,148 3,716 10,676	2003	9,191 485,576 160,668 6,945 23,170	20.7	8,924 571,771 142,506 9,350 27,131	0.00 4.7 4.0 4.1	10,259 4,56,548 13,867 10,864 13,669	28.4 7.6 0.5 0.7
	818,588	H	699,747	23.7	708,550	26.8	664,988	28.5	541,834	28.0	590,403	51.4
Finance cost	208,344	8.4	214,424	7.3	195,005 89,425	7.5	79,341	3.4	145,104	7.0	165,001	2.5
Profit before toxation Taxotion	156,162	5.4	144,053	4.9	105,580 36,236	2.5	101,845	5.5	77,977	0.0	21,342	6.5
Profit after taxation	103,403	4.2	92,381	10	70,344	2.8	66,763	200	65,123	3,2	100,023	4.9
Vertical Analysis Balance Sheet	100	4	73.137	9	000 010	000	2011	8	800003	207	979	A
State Lepter and Accerve	000'00'3	0	70,00	700	THOUSE.	100	ddt rod	100	DCN/IIIO	97.9	706 BCB	0
Non Current Liabilities  Long term loan - secured  Liabilities against assets subject to finance le  Long term advances  Deferred liabilities  Deferred gain	12,825 13,558 765,037	0.00	57,669 11,298 14,942 286,865	2007	89,947 27,903 10,588 249,517	1.6 8.0 8.4 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6 1.6	39,412 31,143 16,389 211,736	22 128 127	65,745 42,729 17,128 145,020	2.9	28,988 57,214 15,568 115,084 1,022	135
Total Non Current Liabilities	339,440	21,3	349,755	22.5	387,956	22.3	297,690	17.1	258,616	17.4	217,854	16.4
Current Liabilities Tinde and other payables Liability for patent and trade mark Mark-up payable on secured loans Short term bank borrowings - secured Income tax-net Current portion of long term liabilities	199,348 6,588 226,800 21,877	11.8 13.7 11.3	10,436 10,436 168,291 80,742	0.7 0.7 10.7	720,441 20,544 433,153 66,266	24.3	155,493 18,452 562,307 49,169	7.8 1.1 2.2 2.7	108,439 6,408 16,063 545567 44513	7.5 0.4 1.1 23.4 3.0	152,282 7,286 256,397 14,075 33,623	10.3 24.3 3.1
Total Current Liabilities	458,114	27.2	444,143	28.5	640,404	36.8	785,441	45.8	520,490	35.2	462,863	38.2
			1		The State of the			1	The same of the			

	2012	O.	2011		2010		2009	27	2008		2007	
Vertical Analysis Baiance Sheet	Rai. in 000	2	Re. in 000	18	Ra. in 000	100	Restated Re. in 000	36	Re. in 000	16	Ris. in 000	36
Non Current Assets Property plant and equipments	778,418	46.2	715,634	45.0	210,421	40.8	720,546	10	683.288	56	518.702	44.5
Intengible assets	98,413	5.8	111,844	7.2	129,099	7.4	58,018	0.0	66,492	4.01	43,830	120
Lang term investment		3		ê		Š	Wild Co.	2	10,000	0.7	20,000	1.7
Long term deposits	1961	0.1	1,862	0	1,562	0,0	1,562	0.1	1,562	0.1	1,862	0.2
	676.593	52.2	829,010	55.2	841,082	48.3	780,126	44.7	761,542	9/19	684,034	49.9
Current Assets	Serie Cité	20.00	1040 400	4.00	CAN DAG	0 64	3000 5014	400	440.004	20.00	440 492	3.6
Stock it trede	70 1100	10.0	DG 450	344	010,040 44,574	0,00	DECOUNT.	2 6	140.087	0.0	1011101	5
Advances deposits and prepayments	36.964	7.0	51 136	3 4	35.714	10	70.254	9.7	26 007		26.781	×
Othernecelvables	21.116		17,005	=	21,587	10	63.910	3.7	53,586	H	10.473	10
hitoms lax-net	62,117	23	74,071	4.8	96,865	8.8	64,021	17	38,145	2.6	oj	0.3
Cash and bank balances	0,462	0.4	12,597	0.8	63,331	601 655	30,926	1,7	7,178	0,4	11,857	10
	905,784	47.8	728,559	46.8	899,887	51.7	966,580	56.3	714,804	48.4	654,875	8
	1,684,177	100.0	1,557,569	100.0	1,740,969	100.0	1,746,706	1000	1,476,146	100.0	1,358,969	100.0
Horizontal Analysis Profit and Loss Account												
Sales - het Cost of sales	2,445,621	16.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17.8 17	2,944,907	11.2	1,732,983	12.9	2,334,752	20.8	1,953,544	13.7	1,851,718	74.0
Gross profit	1,024,932	12.3	914,171	<u>+</u>	903,555	6.8	545,157	23.2	686,938	1.6	755,409	38.7
Other operating income Distribution, selling & promotional expenses Administrative and general expenses Research and development expenses Other operating expensits	16,531 610,040 195,854 8,876 22,149	80 Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z	92,752 568,569 196,735 6,727 21,450	103.4 5.2 21.5 81.0 97.2	540,518 161,148 3,716 10,876	(18.5) (18.5) (18.5) (18.5)	9,191 483,376 160,645 6,945 23,170	30.0 12.7 (14.6)	8,924 371,771 142,508 9,350 27,131	(14.9) (12.5) 98.5	10,759 436,648 139,687 10,664 13,669	(19.7) 49.7 659 74.8
	618,588	17.0	899,747	(1.2)	708,550	99	664,968	22.7	541,834	(8.2)	590,468	12
Finance cost	208,344	(51.5)	214,424	10.0	195,005	127	181,169	24.9	145,104 67,133	(12.1)	165,001	29.2
Profit before taxistion Taxastion	158,162	9.8	144,053	35.4	35,236	12.6	35,085	30.5	14,848	(30.4)	27,342	47,4
Profit after taxation	105,405	11.9	92,381	51,3	70,544	7.0	65,763	44	65,123	(57.5)	100,923	49.8

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Horizontal Analysis

	2012	2	2011	-	2010	0	2009		2008		2002	
Horizontal Analysis	Rs. in 000	*	Rs. in 000	1/2	Rs. in 000	76	Re in 000	g.	Rs. in 000	*	Rs. in 000	%
Balance Sheet				i			1		1			
Share Capital and Reserve	B60,623	13.5	763,67	7.2	712,809	4.2	683,585	(2.2)	699,038	6.2	958,452	12.6
Non Curront Liabilities Long term lane - secured Long term lane - secured Long term advances Deferred inbilities	50,000 12,805 13,538 283,037	(13.3) (9.0) 6.5	57,659 11,256 14,942 286,858	(42.5) (59.5) 41.1 6.5	99,947 27,903 10,589 249,517	153.6 (10.4) (51.2) 17.8	39,412 31,143 15,389 211,736	(26.7) (70.1) 48.0	63,743 42,729 17,126 145,020	28.5 26.3 26.3 26.3 26.3 26.3 26.3 26.3 26.3	28,968 57,214 115,084	. E.
Total Non Current Liabilities	00T-01E	100	349.755	(9:10)	ART-BER	30.3	297 686	18.0	256.838	17.8	2217 REA	
Name and Additional additional	ALL THERE	No.	1000	lave.	Charles Silver	0000	AHALIAHA.	1000	MANUFACTURE .	2	THE PERSON	5
Current Liabilities Trade and other payables Liability for patent and trade mark	100,348	979	186,674	55.0	120,441	0.113	135,493	24.9	108,439	(28.8)	152,282	23.0
Mark-up payable on secured loans Short term bank borrowings - secured	230,500	(SE 20	10,436	(61.6)	43,153	(23.0)	18,452	14.9	3,45067	35.1	7,286	0.50
Income Taxonet Current portion of long term lubilities	21,577	(73.3)	80,742	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	98,265	34.7	49,189	10.5	44513	32.4	35,623	(32.9)
Total Current Liabilities	456,114	3.1	444,143	(30.6)	640,464	(18.3)	765,441	47.3	520,490	123	462,663	3.4
	1,684,177	9.1	1,5167,989	(10.5)	1,740,969	(0.3)	1,748,706	18.3	1,476,146	10.2	1,333,969	7.3
Non Current Assets Property, plant and equipments Intengible assets Long Team Investment Long Team deposits	778,418 98,413 1,562	8.9 (12.0)	715.604 111,844 1,562	03.4	128,099	122.6	720,546 58,018 1,562	(120.0) (100.0)	663,286 66,492 10,000 1,562	51.7	618,702 43,830 20,000 1,562	(5.8)
	678,395	6.0	829,010	(3.4)	841,082	7.8	780,126	Ω 29	761,342	2	584,094	7.0
Current Assets Stock in trade Trade debts Advances, deposits and propayments Other receivables Income Tax-net Cash and bank balances.	(00,586 72,532 36,964 21,116 6,417 6,412	22.7.2 22.7.2 26	518,480 56,270 51,138 17,005 74,071	(19.1) 28.9 61.7 (23.5) (80.1)	640,845 45,554 33,714 21,167 96,886 96,833	(85.0 (82.0) (82.0) (94.2) (94.3)	700,501 36,985 70,234 65,910 64,021 30,926	55.7 (75.8) 180.9 67.8 530.8	449,901 140,967 23,007 53,586 38,145 7,178	7.8 (8.6) 411.7 (89.5)	418,423 187,341 26,781 10,473	27.8 47.1 (87.5) (15.3)
	805,784	10.0	728,558	(19:0)	1899,887	(6.9)	966,580	35.2	714,804	9.2	554,875	14.9
	1,684(177	177	1,557,569	(10.5)	1,740,969	(0.3)	1,745,706	183	1,476,146	10.2	1,338,969	7.3

# Pattern of Shareholding

Annual Report 2012 / Highnoon Laboratories Limited

as at December 31, 2012

Sr. # /	No. of shareholders	Sha	reho	dings	Total shares held
		From:	1	To:	
01	1160	1	171	100	50,252
02	806	101	-	500	195,068
03	536	501		1000	432,953
04	300	1001	2	5000	656,082
05	53	5001	21	10000	378,926
06	32	10001		15000	383,120
07	9	15001	200	20000	161,644
08	3	20001	4	25000	70,009
09	6	25001		30000	167,585
10	5	30001	-	35000	159,390
11	2	35001	-	40000	73,020
12	3	40001	-	45000	125,405
13	3	45001	- 8	50000	142,773
14	2	50001	- 2	60000	113,979
15	3 6 5 2 3 2 4	60001	27	65000	242,819
16		65001	20	70000	67,000
17	1 2 1 2 2 2	70001	20	75000	146,666
18	ĩ	75001	20	85000	82,500
19	2	85001	-	90000	175,800
20	2	90001	40	100000	193,687
21	3	100001	-	130000	382,549
22	1	130001	-	150000	143,701
23	i	150001		160000	151,153
24	i	160001	- 23	165000	163,908
25	1	165001		170000	167,092
26	i	170001		250000	203,805
27	1	250001	27	275000	274,420
28	1	275001	-	285000	282,161
29	1	285001		300000	288,443
30	1	300001	-	465000	461,276
31	i	465001	-	500000	484,286
32	1	500001	-	600000	574,056
33	1	600001	-	700000	614,343
34	i	700001	2	750000	736,552
35	1	750001	2	790000	789,682
36	1	790001	20	950000	800,000
37	1	950001	93	1050000	1,038,897
38	î	1050001	-	1150000	1,127,104
39	í	1150001		1300000	1,275,881
40	1	1300001		1350000	1,321,257
41	1	1350001	+1	1400000	1,365,897
42	1	1400001	5	1520000	1,515,376
	2,956				18,180,517

### Pattern of Shareholding

as at December 31, 2012

Categories of Shareholders	No. of Shareholders	Shares held	/ %age
Directors, CEO and their spouse & minor children	0	n 10	
Mr. Tausif Ahmad Khan	10	1,365,897	7.51
Mr. Anees Ahmad Khan	1	613	0.00
Mr. Bagar Hasan	4	0	
Mr. Ghulam Hussain Khan	30	614,343	3.38
Mr. Shazib Masud	1	500	0.00
Mr. Taufiq Ahmed Khan	3)	1,321,257	7.27
Mst. Siddiqa Begum	1	872	0.00
Mrs. Zainub Abbas Mrs. Saweela Anees Khan	4	800,000 484,286	4.40 2.66
Mrs. Huma Hussain Khan	4	143,701	0.79
Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties	27	-	21
NIT and ICP	3	461,583	2.54
Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions, Joint Stock Companies & Trusts	36	632,608	3.48
Insurance Companies	3	822,578	4.52
Modarabas and Mutual Funds	3	10,710	0.06
* Share holders holding 5%	<u>.</u>		- 2
Non-Resident Companies	2	1,523,736	8.38
General Public			
a. Local	2,879	9,662,445	53.15
b, Foreign	20	335,388	1.84
Others			- 5
TOTAL	2,956	18,180,517	100
* Shareholders Holding 5% or More of Total Capital			
Pharmatec Investments Limited		1,515,376	8.34
Mr. Tausif Ahmad Khan		1,365,897	7.51
Mr. Taufiq Ahmed Khan		1,321,257	7.27
Mr. Taugeer Ahmed Khan		1,275,881	7.02
Mr. Jawaid Tariq Khan		1,127,104	6.20
Mrs. Nosheen Riaz Khan		1,038,897	5.71

### Statement of

# Compliance

with best practices of the Code of Corporate Governance



This Statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in the listing regulations of Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad Stock Exchanges for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of Corporate Governance.

The Company has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner:

- The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interest on its Board of Directors. The present Board consists of two executive directors and six non-executive directors of which one is an independent director.
- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than seven listed companies, including Highnoon Laboratories Limited.
- All the resident directors of the Company are registered as tax payers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that

stock exchange.

- The Company has prepared a Statement of Ethics and Business Practices, which has been signed by all the directors and employees of the Company.
- 5. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO and other executive directors have been taken by the Board.
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman, and in his absence, by a director elected by the Board and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the

### Statement of

### Compliance

with best practices of the Code of Corporate Governance

meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.

- 8. The Board ensures arrangement of orientation courses for its Directions to apprise them of their duties and responsibilities. For the incoming Directors the orientation course will be arranged in due course. Further, as required by the amended sub-clause (iv) of clause 35 to the Code ("Orientation Courses/ Directors' Education Program") certification for the director under "the Board Development Series" program will also be arranged in due course.
- The Board approved appointment, remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of Chief Financial Officer. Company Secretary and the head of Internal Audit. However, there were no new appointments of CFO, Company Secretary and head of Internal Audit during the year.
- The directors' report for the year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
- The directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.
- 14. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises of three members including the Chairman, who is an independed. Director, rest of the two are non-executive directors.

The meetings of the Audit Committee were held at least once in every quarter prior to the approval of interim and final results of the Company as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the Committee have been fully complied with.

The Board has set-up an effective internal audit function and the internal auditors of the Company are fully conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company and working on a full time basis.

The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

18. The statutory auditors or the persons all associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.

We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code have been complied with. Review Report

to the Members on Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of the Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance prepared by the Board of Directors of Highnoon Laboratories Limited to comply with the Listing Regulation No. 35 of the Karachi Stock Exchange and Chapter XIII of the Lahore Stock Exchange and Chapter XI of the Listing Regulations of Islamabad Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited, where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal controls covers all the risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

Further, Listing Regulations of Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad Stock Exchanges requires the Company to place before the Board of Directors for their consideration and approval related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price recording proper justifications for using such alternate pricing mechanism. Further, all such transactions also required to be separately placed before the audit committee. We are only required and have ensured compliance of requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the board of directors and placement of such

transactions before audit committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the Company for the year ended 31 December 2012.

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Lahore: 19 March 2013 Chartered Accountants Engagement Partner: Naseem Akbar

For and on



## Auditors' Report

### to the Members

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of Highnoon Laboratories Limited as at 31 December 2012 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies a) Ordinance, 1984;
- b) in our opinion:

Lahore: 19 March 2013

- The balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been draw up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied except for changes as stated in Noted 2.3 with which we concur;
- (ii) The expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- (iii) The business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company.
- in our opinion and to the best of ourinformation and according to the explanations given to us, the balance c) sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of the profit, comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- d) In our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under Section 7 of that Ordinance.

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**Chartered Accountants** 

Engagement Partner: Naseem akbar

# Balance Sheet

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	/ 2011 Rupees
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Authorized Share Capital 20,000,000 (2011: 20,000,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		200 200 200	000 000 000
Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		200,000,000	200,000,000
Share capital Revenue reserves	5	181,805,170 452,362,810 634,167,980	181,805,170 398,712,812 580,517,982
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	6	232,455,404	183,153,055
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term loans - secured Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Long term advances Deferred liabilities	7 8 9 10	50,000,000 12,805,239 13,597,545 283,037,234	57,659,470 11,296,272 14,942,278 265,856,776
CURRENT LIABILITIES		359,440,018	349,754,796
Trade and other payables  Markup payable on secured loans  Short term bank borrowings - secured  Current portion of long term liabilities	11 12 13 14	199,348,127 6,588,896 230,599,758 21,577,392 458,114,173 817,554,191	186,673,545 10,436,070 166,291,136 80,742,402 444,143,153 793,897,949
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,684,177,575	1,557,568,986
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	15	-	-

The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.

BAQAR HASAN CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

### As At 31 December 2012

ASSETS	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Long term investment Long term deposits	16 17 18	778,418,155 98,412,922 - 1,562,054 878,393,131	715,604,221 111,843,817 - 1,562,054 829,010,092
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stock in trade Trade debts Advances, deposits and prepayments Other receivables Income tax - net Cash and bank balances	19 20 21 22 23	606,594,516 72,531,970 36,963,660 21,115,507 62,116,700 6,462,091 805,784,444	518,480,424 55,269,355 51,136,092 17,005,240 74,070,798 12,596,985 728,558,894
TOTAL ASSETS		1,684,177,575	1,557,568,986

ANEES AHMAD KHAN
DIRECTOR

# Profit and Loss Account For The Year Ended 31 December 2012

	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees /	<b>2011</b> Rupees
Sales - net Cost of sales	24 25	2,465,620,979 1,440,689,018	2,944,907,488
GROSS PROFIT		1,024,931,961	914,171,046
Other operating income	26	18,330,727	92,752,280
Distribution, selling and promotional expenses	27	610,040,225	568,588,690
Administrative and general expenses	28	195,854,466	195,732,726
Research and development expenses	29	8,875,532	6,727,034
Other operating expenses	30	22,149,046	21,450,726
		818,588,542	699,746,896
		206,343,419	214,424,150
Finance cost	31	48,182,492	70,370,861
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		158,160,927	144,053,289
Taxation	32	54,759,366	51,672,027
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		103,401,561	92,381,262
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	33	5.69	5.08

The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

# Statement of Comprehensive Income For The Year Ended 31 December 2012

	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
Profit after tax for the year	103,401,561	92,381,262
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	103,401,561	92,381,262

Surplus arising on 'revaluation of fixed assets' is presented under a separate head below equity as 'surplus on revaluation of assets' in accordance with the requirements specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its S.R.O.45(I)/2003 dated 13 January 2003 and section 235 of Companies Ordinance, 1984 respectively.

The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

# Cash Flow Statement /

For The Year Ended 31 December 2012

Annual Report 2012 / Highnoon Laboratories Limited

	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before taxation	158,160,927	144,053,289
Adjustments for non-cash and other items:		
Depreciation Amortization of intangible assets Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Exchange loss Provision for defined benefit obligation Provision for doubtful debts Finance cost  Profit before working capital changes	64,505,732 17,736,510 (15,706,280) 9,363,745 45,929,410 12,507 48,182,492 170,024,116 328,185,043	65,378,232 17,557,999 (5,530,791) 8,942,250 40,681,629 - 70,370,861 197,400,180 341,453,469
WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES		
(Increase) / decrease in current assets:		
Stock in trade Trade debts Advances, deposits and prepayments Other receivables	(88,114,092) (17,275,122) 14,172,432 (4,110,267)	122,364,209 (11,725,275) (17,421,951) 4,581,441
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities: Trade and other payables	(2,718,046)	56,750,712
Cash generated from operations	(98,045,095) 230,139,948	154,549,136 496,002,605
Taxes paid Gratuity paid Finance cost paid Long term advances - net	(40,976,283) (52,370,733) (48,546,379) (18,368,721)	(42,988,179) (10,231,390) (74,452,116) 19,746,270
Net Cash from operating activities	69,877,832	388,077,190

	2012	/ 2011
Note	Rupees	Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Fixed capital expenditure incurred	(49,316,316)	(60,405,164)
Intangible assets acquired	(4,305,615)	(302,660)
Sale proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	31,243,564	13,235,272
Net cash used in investing activities	(22,378,367)	(47,472,552)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of finance lease liabilities - net	(19,483,549)	(41,411,288)
Long term loan obtained	50,000,000	-
Long term loan repaid	(99,946,763)	(42,287,293)
Increase/(decrease) in short-term bank borrowings - net	64,308,622	(266,860,966)
Dividend paid	(48,512,669)	(40,779,597)
Net cash used in financing activities	(53,634,359)	(391,339,144)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(6,134,894)	(50,734,506)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	12,596,985	63,331,491
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year 23	6,462,091	12,596,985

The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.

BAQAR HASAN
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

ANEES AHMAD KHAN DIRECTOR

# Statement of Changes in Equity For The Year Ended 31 December 2012

		Revenue Reserves			<b>T</b>	
	Share Capital	General Reserve	Unappropriated Profit	Sub Total	Total	
			Rupees			
Balance as at 01 January 2011	165,277,431	114,000,000	244,856,438	358,856,438	524,133,869	
Final dividend @ Rs. 2.50 per share for the year ended 31 December 2010	-	-	(41,319,358)	(41,319,358)	(41,319,358)	
Issuance of bonus shares @ 10%	16,527,739	-	(16,527,739)	(16,527,739)	-	
Incremental depreciation relating to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - net	-	-	5,322,209	5,322,209	5,322,209	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	92,381,262	92,381,262	92,381,262	
Balance as at 31 December 2011	181,805,170	114,000,000	284,712,812	398,712,812	580,517,982	
Final dividend @ Rs. 3.00 per share for the year ended 31 December 2011	-	-	(54,541,551)	(54,541,551)	(54,541,551)	
Incremental depreciation relating to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - net	-	-	4,789,988	4,789,988	4,789,988	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	103,401,561	103,401,561	103,401,561	
Balance as at 31 December 2012	181,805,170	114,000,000	338,362,810	452,362,810	634,167,980	

The annexed notes from 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

ANEES AHMAD KHAN DIRECTOR



#### 1. THE COMPANY, OPERATIONS AND REGISTERED OFFICE

Highnoon Laboratories Limited ("the Company") was incorporated as a private limited company in Pakistan in year 1984 and converted into an unquoted public limited company in 1985. Its shares are quoted on all stock exchanges in Pakistan since November 1994. The Company is principally engaged in the manufacture, import, sale and marketing of pharmaceutical and allied consumer products. The registered office of the Company is situated at 17.5 Kilometer, Multan Road, Lahore.

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

### 2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

### 2.2 Basis of presentation

These unconsolidated financial statements represent separate financial statements of the Company. The consolidated financial statements of the company and its subsidiary company are being issued separately.

The subsidiary company, "Dynalog Services (Pvt.) Limited", has filed application for its deregistration under "Company Easy Exit Scheme-2012 (CEES-2012)" introduced by SECP vide its circular no. 23/2012 dated 20 June 2012. The subsidiary company meets all the requirements of the CEES-2012 and has been notified by SECP vide it notice No.CEES-2012/1502-04/8147 dated 27 November 2012 for this purpose.

### 2.3 New and amended standards and interpretations become effective

The Company has adopted the following new and amended IFRS and IFRIC interpretations which became effective during the year:

IFRS 7 – Financial Instruments: Disclosures - Enhanced De-recognition Disclosure Requirements (Amendment)

IAS 12 - Income Taxes - Recovery of Underlying Assets (Amendment)

The adoption of the above standards, amendments, interpretations and improvements did not have any material effect on the financial statements.

### 2.4 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following revised standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

**Effective Date** 



## 2.4 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

Standard	or Interpretation	(Annual Periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 7 -	Financial Instruments : disclosures - (amendments)	
-	Amendments enhancing disclosures about offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities	01 January 2013
IAS 1 -	Presentation of Financial Statements – Presentation of items of other comprehensive income	01 July 2012
IAS 19 -	Employee Benefits – (Amendment)	01 January 2013
IAS 32 -	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial liabilities – (Amendment)	01 January 2014

The Company expects that the adoption of the above revision, amendments and interpretation of the standards will not affect the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application other than the amendments to IAS 19 'Employees Benefits' as described below:

Amendments to IAS 19 range from fundamental changes to simple clarification and re-wording. The significant changes include the following:

- For defined benefit plans, the ability to defer recognition of actuarial gains and losses (i.e., the corridor approach) has been removed. As revised, actuarial gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income when they occur. Amounts recorded in profit and loss are limited to current and past service costs, gains or losses on settlements, and net interest income (expense). All other changes in the net defined benefit asset (liability) are recognized in other comprehensive income with no subsequent recycling to profit and loss.
- The distinction between short-term and other long-term employee benefits will be based on the expected timing of settlement rather than the employee's entitlement to the benefits.
- Objectives for disclosures of defined benefit plans are explicitly stated in the revised standard, along with new or revised disclosure requirements. These new disclosures include quantitative information of the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to a reasonably possible change in each significant actuarial assumption.

While the Company is currently assessing the full impact of the above amendments which are effective from 1 January 2013 on the financial statements, it is expected that the adoption of the said amendments will result in change in the Company's accounting policy related to recognition of actuarial gains and losses (refer to note 10.2 to the financial statements) to recognize actuarial gains and losses in total in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. The potential impact of the said changes on the financial position and performance for the year 2013 is estimated as under:

	Rupees
Net increase in employees' benefit liability	19,718,230
Net increase in other comprehensive loss	19,718,230
Net increase / decrease in profit or loss for the year	-

### Improvements to IFRS

In addition to the above amendments, improvements to various accounting standards have also been issued by the IASB. Such improvements are generally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2013. The Company expects that such improvements to the standards will not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

In addition to the above, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

Standard	IASB effective date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement	01 January 2015
IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements	01 January 2013
IFRS 11 - Joint Arrangements	01 January 2013
IFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	01 January 2013
IFRS 13 - Fair Value Measurement	01 January 2013

### 3. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

### 3.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for revaluation of certain assets as referred to in note 16 and recognition of certain employees retirement benefits at present value. In these financial statements, except for the cash flow statement, all the transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

### 3.2 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak rupee, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company.

### 3.3 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.



### 3.3 Use of estimates and judgments

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to Company's financial statements or where judgments were exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

		Notes
-	staff retirement benefits	4.3
-	property, plant and equipment	4.6
-	residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment	4.6
-	impairment	4.13
-	taxation	4.17
-	provisions	4.20

### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**4.1** The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as mentioned in note 2.3.

### 4.2 Segment Reporting

The key financial decision maker consider the whole business as one operating segment.

### 4.3 Staff retirement benefits

### Defined benefit plan

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for all of its permanent employees, under which benefits are paid on cessation of employment subject to a minimum qualifying period of service. Qualified actuaries have carried out the valuation as at 31 December 2012. The projected unit credit method with the following significant assumptions was used for the valuation of this scheme:

		2012	2011
_	Discount rate	11% per annum	12.5% per annum
-	Expected rate of increase in salary	10% per annum	11.5% per annum
-	Expected average remaining working life time	14 years	14 years

The Company's policy with regard to actuarial gains/losses is to follow minimum recommended approach under IAS 19 "Employees Benefits" by which actuarial gains/losses exceeding 10 % of present value of benefit obligation are amortized over a period of five years.

### **Defined contribution plan**

The Company also operates a recognized provident fund scheme for all of its permanent employees in accordance with the trust deed and rules made there under. Equal monthly contributions are made to the fund by the Company and employees at the rate of 8.33% of basic salary and cost of living allowance.

### Compensated leave absences

Provision for compensated absences is made to the extent of value of accumulated accrued leaves / leave fare assistance of the employees at the balance sheet date as per entitlement on the basis of last drawn salary. A maximum of 10 un-availed leaves are allowed to be carried forward for a maximum of one year.

### 4.4 Foreign currency translation

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currency are translated into rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are stated at fair value are translated into rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date when fair values are determined. Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into Pak rupees at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. All exchange gains/losses are taken to profit and loss account currently.

### 4.5 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially carried at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

### 4.6 Property, plant and equipment

#### Owned operating assets

These are stated at cost or revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment except for freehold land, which is stated at revalued amount. Revaluation is carried out every five years unless earlier revaluation is necessitated.

Deprecation is charged on reducing balance method at the rates in note 16.1 to write off the cost / revalued amount of an asset over its estimated useful life. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted, if its impact on depreciation is significant. Full month's depreciation is charged on additions, while no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal or deletion of assets. Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets relating to incremental depreciation (net of deferred taxation) is transferred directly to Unappropriated profit.

Gains and losses on disposal of fixed assets are included in income currently, except that the related surplus on revaluation of fixed assets (net of deferred taxation) is transferred directly to Unappropriated profit.

Normal repairs and maintenance is charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred, while major renewals and replacements are capitalized if it is probable that the respective future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably, and assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

### Leasehold assets

Leases, where all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased assets have been transferred to the Company, are classified as finance leases. Assets subject to finance lease are stated at the lower of present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreements and the fair value of the leased assets at the commencement of lease, less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment loss.



### 4.6 Property, plant and equipment

#### Leasehold assets

The related rental obligations, net of finance costs, are included in liabilities against assets subject to finance lease as referred to in note 8. The liabilities are classified as current and long term depending upon the timing of the payment.

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance costs so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the balance outstanding. The interest element of the rental is charged to profit and loss account over the lease term.

Assets acquired under finance lease are depreciated over the useful lives of assets on reducing balance method at the rates given in note 16.1 The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted, if its impact on depreciation is significant. Depreciation of leased assets is charged to profit and loss account.

Depreciation on additions in leased assets is charged from the month in which an asset is acquired while no depreciation is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed off/transferred to freehold assets.

### Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss and includes the expenditures on material, labour and appropriate overheads directly relating to the project. These costs are transferred to fixed assets as and when assets are available for intended use.

### 4.7 Intangible assets and amortization

Intangible assets includes Intellectual Property, Rights, Trademarks and Software, which are non-monetary assets without physical substance. These are recognized at cost, which comprises its purchase price, non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable expenditures.

After initial recognition, an intangible asset is carried at its cost less accumulated amortization and any identified impairment loss. Amortization is charged to the profit and loss account on monthly basis by following the straight line method over a maximum period of ten years. Amortization on additions is charged from the month when the asset is put to use, while for disposals, no amortization is charged in the month of disposal.

At each financial year end, the Company reviews the recoverable amounts of intangible assets to assess impairment loss. If such indication exists, impairment losses are recognized as an expense.

Subsequent expenditures on intangible assets are recognized as an expense when it is incurred unless the expenditure will enable the asset to generate future economic benefits in excess of its originally assessed standard of performance.

### 4.8 Borrowing costs

Finance cost on long term liabilities / lease liabilities which are specifically obtained for the acquisition of qualifying assets i.e. assets that take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are capitalized up to the date of commissioning of respective asset. All other interest, mark-up and expenses are charged to profit and loss account in the period in which they are incurred.

### 4.9 Investments

### **Subsidiary Company**

Investment in subsidiary company is measured at cost as per the requirements of IAS-27 "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements". However, at subsequent reporting dates, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of the investment and its recoverability to determine whether there is an indication that such investments have suffered an impairment loss. If such indication exists the carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to the extent of impairment loss. Impairment losses are recognized as an expense currently.

### Investments available for sale - Quoted securities

Investment intended to be held for an unidentified period of time which may be sold in response to need for liquidity or changes to interest rates, exchange rates or equity prices are classified as available for sale.

Investments classified as "available for sale" are initially measured at cost, being the fair value of consideration given. At subsequent reporting dates, these investments are measured at fair value. The investments for which quoted price is not available, are measured at cost as it is not possible to apply any other valuation methodology.

Unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented within equity as reserve. Cumulative gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are included in the net profit and loss for the period in which an investment is derecognized or determined to be impaired.

All "regular way" purchases and sales of shares are recognized on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Company commits to purchase/sell the asset.

### 4.10 Stock in trade

These are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the following basis :-

Raw materials - on moving average

Work-in-process - at estimated manufacturing cost including appropriate

overheads

Finished goods

Imported - on moving average

Local - on annual average manufacturing cost including appro-

priate overheads

Merchandise in transit / pledged - at invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

### 4.11 Trade debts

These are initially carried at original invoice amount, which is the fair value of consideration to be received in future and subsequently measured at amortized cost less impairment loss, if any. A provision for impairment of trade debts is established when there is an objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivable.



### 4.12 Cash and cash equivalents

These are carried in balance sheet at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and balance with banks in current accounts.

### 4.13 Impairment

The carrying amount of the assets except for inventories are reviewed at each balance sheet date to identify the circumstances indicating the occurrence of impairment loss or reversal of previously recognized impairment losses. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of such asset is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates cash flows that largely are independent from other assets and groups.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of such asset is increased to the extent that it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, if no impairment loss has been charged. A reversal of the impairment loss is recognized in income.

### 4.14 Revenue recognition

Revenue from local sales is recognized when risk and reward incidental to ownership are transferred i.e. on dispatch of goods to the customers. Export goods are considered dispatched when bill of lading is prepared for shipment to customers.

Service income is recognized when related services are rendered.

Return on bank deposits is accounted for on time proportion basis and other income is recognized on accrual basis.

### 4.15 Transactions with related parties and transfer pricing

The Company under the direction of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan's Notification SRO 66 (I) / 2003 dated 22 January 2003 adopted the following policies of transfer pricing for the determination of arm's length prices with subsidiary company/associated companies/related parties except for the assets sold to employees at written down value under the employee's car scheme as approved by the Board of Directors.

Subsidiary Company Resale price method
Associated companies / related parties Cost plus method

Parties are said to be related, if they are able to influence the operating and financial decisions of the Company and vice versa.

### 4.16 Research and development cost

These costs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred, except for any development costs which are recognized as intangible assets when it is probable that the development project will be a success and certain criteria, including commercial and technological feasibility have been met.

#### 4.17 Taxation

Income tax on profit and loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax.

#### Curren

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year determined in accordance with Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and prevailing tax rates after taking into account applicable tax credits and rebates, if any. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

### Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the amounts attributed to assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when differences reverse based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited in income except for deferred tax asset/liability arising on deficit/surplus on revaluation of fixed assets which is adjusted against the related surplus as per the requirements of revised IAS 12 "Income Taxes".

### 4.18 Dividend

Dividend to shareholders is recognized as a liability in the period in which it is approved.

#### 4.19 Financial instruments

These comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Significant financial assets include trade debts, advances and deposits, other receivables and cash and bank balances. Significant financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables, liabilities in respect of leased assets and mark up payable on bank borrowings.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and assets and liabilities are stated at fair value. The Company derecognizes the financial asset and liabilities when it ceases to be a party to such contractual provisions of the instruments. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to profit and loss account currently. The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statement associated with each item.

#### Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the Company has legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and the Company intends to settle either on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

5.



### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 4.20 Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation of which reliable estimate can be made.

		2012	/ 2011
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
SHARE CAPITAL			
Issued, subscribed and paid-up			
5,905,000 (2011: 5,905,000) ordinary shares			
of Rs. 10 each fully paid in cash		59,050,000	59,050,000
95,000 (2011: 95,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each issued for consideration			
other than cash	5.1	950,000	950,000
10 100 517 /0011 10 100 517)			
12,180,517 (2011: 12,180,517) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued as bonus shares		121,805,170	121,805,170
		181,805,170	181,805,170

**5.1** This represents the issuance of shares against the purchase of plant and machinery and other assets.

		2012	2011
<b>5.2</b> Reconciliation of issue and paid-up ordinary s	•	(Numbe	r of Shares)
Outstanding at the beg Bonus shares issued of	•	18,180,517	16,527,743 1,652,774
Outstanding at the yea	ar end	18,180,517	18,180,517

		2012	/ 2011
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
6.	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF FIXED ASSETS		
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at 01 January	208,945,300	217,133,314
	Addition during the year	75,885,134	-
	Incremental depreciation relating to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - transferred to unappropriated profit		
	Net of deferred tax	(4,789,988)	(5,322,209)
	Related deferred tax liability	(2,579,224)	(2,865,805)
		(7,369,212)	(8,188,014)
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at 31 December	277,461,222	208,945,300
	Less: Related deferred tax liability on:		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	25,792,245	28,658,050
	Addition during the year	21,792,797	-
	Incremental depreciation relating to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - transferred to unappropriated profit	(2,579,224)	(2,865,805)
	10.1	45,005,818	25,792,245
		232,455,404	183,153,055

6.1 This represent surplus arising on revaluation of freehold land and building on freehold land, plant and machinery both owned and leased carried out in 1995, 1999, 2004, 2007 and 2012 respectively. This has been adjusted by incremental depreciation arising due to revaluation net of deferred tax. The latest revaluation of land, building on freehold land and plant and machinery was carried out on 31 December 2012 by M/S Surval which resulted in a surplus of Rs. 75,885,134.

	2012	2011
lote	Rupees	Rupees
7.1	-	51,301,763
7.2	50,000,000	-
7.3	-	48,645,000
14	-	42,287,293
	50,000,000	57,659,470
- 7	7.1 7.2 7.3	7.1 - 50,000,000 7.3 - 14 -



- 7.1 This loan was obtained for the purpose of expansion and carried mark-up at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 2.25% per annum. The effective mark-up charged during the year was 13.79% (2011: 15.69%) of the average outstanding loan facility. The amount outstanding as at 31 December 2011 was although repayable in 7 equal quarterly installments but the Company has repaid entire balance during the year in pursuit of minimising cost of capital employed. This loan along with working capital facilities provided by the bank was secured by way of first pari passu charge for Rs. 362 million on fixed assets and first joint pari passu hypothecation charge of Rs. 230 million on stocks including but not limited to raw materials, medicines, goods in process and finished goods of the Company.
- 7.2 This loan has been obtained to finance the expansion of production facility and carries mark-up at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 1.50% per annum. The effective mark-up charged during the year was 10.95% of outstanding loan facility. The loan is repayable in 16 quarterly installments starting after 15 months grace period from date of draw down. This loan along with working capital facilities provided by the bank are secured by way of first pari passu charge for Rs. 362 million on fixed assets and first joint pari passu hypothecation charge of Rs. 230 million on stocks including but not limited to raw materials, medicines, goods in process and finished goods of the Company.
- 7.3 The loan of Rs. 64.860 million was obtained in 2009 for financing the acquisition of Blokium trade mark and carries mark-up at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 2.75% per annum. The effective mark-up charged during the year was 14.21% (2011: 15.96%) of the average outstanding loan amount. The amount outstanding as at 31 December 2011 was repayable in 15 equal quarterly installments, however, the Company has repaid the entire balance during the year in pursuit of minimizing cost of capital employed. This loan along with working capital facilities provided by the bank was secured by way of first pari passu charge of Rs. 69.25 million on the present and future current assets of the Company and first pari passu charge of Rs. 83.65 million on present and future fixed assets of the Company.

		2012	2011
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
8. LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUB TO FINANCE LEASE	JECT		
Present value of minimum lease paymen	ts	27,968,462	26,313,224
Less: Current portion shown under curre	ent liabilities 14	15,163,223	15,016,952
		12,805,239	11,296,272
		2012	
	Minimum lease payments	Finance cost for future periods	Principal outstanding
		Rupees	
Not later than one year	17,770,521	2,607,298	15,163,223
Later than one year but not later than five years	14,000,804	1,195,565	12,805,239
	31,771,325	3,802,863	27,968,462

_		2011	
	Minimum lease payments	Finance cost for future periods	Principal outstanding
		Rupees	
Not later than one year	17,778,886	2,761,934	15,016,952
Later than one year but not later than five years	12,421,672	1,125,400	11,296,272
	30,200,558	3,887,334	26,313,224
		2012	2011
Salient features of the leases are as follow	s:		
Discounting factor		12.50% - 15.61%	14.50% - 18.61%
Period of lease		36 months	36 months
Security deposits		5% - 10%	5% - 10%

The Company has entered into finance lease arrangements with various financial institutions for lease of plant and machinery and vehicles as shown in note 16.1. The liabilities under these arrangements are payable in monthly installments and above mentioned mark-up rates are used as discounting factor to determine the present value of minimum lease payments.

All lease agreements carry renewal option at the end of lease period and the Company intends to exercise its option to purchase the leased assets upon completion of the respective lease terms. Residual value of the leased assets has already been paid at the inception of the lease in the form of security deposit. There are no financial restrictions imposed by lessors. Taxes, repairs, replacements and insurance costs are borne by the lessee.

		Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
9.	LONG TERM ADVANCES			
	Balance at 31 December		20,011,714	38,380,435
	Less: Current portion	14	6,414,169	23,438,157
			13,597,545	14,942,278

These represent advances taken from employees against future sale of vehicles as per the Company's policy.

10.2.4 Historical information for gratuity plan

Present value of defined benefits obligations

Experience adjustment arising on plan liabilities

(gain) / losses

2012

**183,147,140** 188,823,998

1,011,543 (1,649,876)



			Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
10.	DEFER	RRED LIABILITIES			
	Taxatio Gratui		10.1	120,483,754 162,553,480 283,037,234	96,861,973 168,994,803 265,856,776
	10.1	Taxable/(deductible) temporary differences arising in respect of :			
		Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets Accelerated tax depreciation Finance lease Provision for doubtful debts Provision for gratuity	6	45,005,818 89,085,759 4,004,302 (363,963) (17,248,162) 120,483,754	25,792,245 83,577,293 11,753,678 (4,758,621) (19,502,622) 96,861,973
	10.2	The net value of un-funded defined benefit obligation as at valuation date was as follow	s:		
		Present value of defined benefit obligation Unrecognized actuarial losses Non-vested past service cost Benefits due but not paid Net liability as at 31 December		183,147,140 (19,718,230) (945,430) 70,000 162,553,480	188,823,998 (18,706,687) (1,890,859) 768,351 168,994,803
	10.2.1	The following is movement in the net recogniliability for gratuity:	ized		
		Liability as at 01 January  Amount recognized during the year  Benefit payments made by the Company  Liability as at 31 December	10.2.3	168,994,803 45,929,410 (52,370,733) 162,553,480	138,544,564 40,681,629 (10,231,390) 168,994,803

		<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
10.2.2	Movement in the liability for un - funded defined benefit obligations		
	Present value of defined benefit obligations as at 01 January  Current service costs  Interest cost  Non-vested past service cost  Benefits due but not paid  Benefits paid during the year  Actuarial (gain) / losses recognized  Present value of defined benefit obligations as at 31 December	188,823,998 21,380,981 23,603,000 - (51,672,382) 1,011,543	159,003,810 18,897,089 20,670,495 1,890,859 (768,351) (9,220,028) (1,649,876)
10.2.3	The following amounts have been charged to profit and loss account during the year in respect of gratuity scheme:		
	Current service cost Interest cost Amortization of non-vested past service cost charge Actuarial losses-charge for the year	21,380,981 23,603,000 945,429 - 45,929,410	18,897,089 20,670,495 - 1,114,045 40,681,629
		10,020,110	10,001,020

2011

2010

- Rupees -

3,184,301

2009

159,003,810 132,771,040 115,195,393

(5,348,203)

2008

8,415,367



	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	/ 2011 Rupees
11. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
Trade creditors Bills payable Advances from customers Accrued expenses Income tax deducted at source Workers' Profit Participation Fund Payable to Central Research Fund Payable to Provident Fund Trust Unclaimed dividends Payable to Employees Welfare Trust	11.1	71,876,980 9,172,474 23,090,485 68,570,239 2,931,288 8,324,918 1,468,567 2,588,463 11,066,134 258,579	61,269,568 16,936,426 36,344,820 52,672,837 2,196,686 7,832,389 1,455,952 2,695,815 5,037,252 231,800 186,673,545

**11.1** This includes a balance amounting to Rs. 925,936 (2011: Rs. Nil) due to Route-2, an associated company.

### 11.2 Workers' Profit Participation Fund

Balance at the beginning of the year Add: Provision for the year	30	7,832,389 8,324,918	5,745,436 7,832,388
		16,157,307	13,577,824
Add: Interest on funds utilized by the Company	31	81,902	70,110
		16,239,209	13,647,934
Less: Paid during the year to the trustees of the fo	und	7,914,291	5,815,545
		8,324,918	7,832,389

Mark-up @ 18.75% (2011: 18.75%) is provided on unpaid balance of the fund in accordance with the rules of the Fund.

		2012	2011
		Rupees	Rupees
12.	MARKUP PAYABLE ON SECURED LOANS		
	On long term loans	390,000	3,689,283
	On short term borrowings	6,198,896	6,746,787
		6,588,896	10,436,070

**2012 2011**Note Rupees Rupees

### 13. SHORT TERM BANK BORROWINGS - SECURED

Running finance 13.1 & 13.2 230,599,758 166,291,136

- 13.1 Short term running finances are availed from various banks against aggregate sanctioned limit of Rs. 655 million (2011: Rs. 715 million). These facilities have various maturity dates up to 31 October 2013 and renewable on the date of maturity. These facilities carry mark-up rates ranging from one month KIBOR to six months KIBOR plus 100 to 150 basis points (2011: one month KIBOR to six months KIBOR plus 150 to 175 basis points) per annum. These facilities along with import credit facility are secured by way of first pari passu charge for Rs. 532 million on fixed assets and first joint pari passu hypothecation charge of Rs. 693 million on stocks including but not limited to raw materials, medicines, goods in process and finished goods of the Company.
- **13.2** Out of total outstanding borrowing facility, an amount of Rs. 35 million (2011: Rs. 35 million) represents Export Refinance Facility obtained from a commercial bank under SBP regulations at a subsidised mark up rate of 9.5% per annum (2011:10% per annum).
- 13.3 The Company also has aggregate sanctioned import credit facilities negotiated with various banks amounting to Rs. 275 million (2011: Rs. 673 million). These facilities carry mark-up rates ranging from one month KIBOR to six months KIBOR plus 125 to 150 basis points (2011: one month KIBOR to six months KIBOR plus 125 to 150 basis points) per annum. These available facilities are secured by way of joint pari passu, ranking hypothecation charge over present and future current assets of the Company as mentioned above in Note 13.1 and lien on export documents or firm contracts and have various maturity dates.

	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
14. CURRENT PORTION OF LONG TERM LIABILIT	TIES		
Long term loan Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Long term advances	7 9	- 15,163,223 6,414,169	42,287,293 15,016,952 23,438,157
		21,577,392	80,742,402



### 15. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

### Contingencies

- While finalizing income tax assessments for the tax year 2005, income tax authorities made certain add backs with aggregate tax impact of Rs. 12,600,136. The Company has filed appeal before Commission Inland Revenue (Appeals) which is pending for adjudication, pending finalization of appeal, no provision has been made by the Company, as the management expects a favorable outcome of such appeal.
- Bank guarantees issued on behalf of the Company aggregate to Rs. 4.620 million (2011: Rs. 4.620 million).
- The Company has not acknowledged the demand relating to sales tax/central excise duty amounting to Rs.12.057 million (2011: Rs. 12.057 million) as debt as the matter is pending for adjudication. An amount of Rs. 10.086 million (2011: Rs. 10.086 million) has been deposited under protest and is shown under other receivables in note 22.
- Facilities of letters of guarantee amounting to Rs. 20 million (2011: Rs. 20 million) are available to the Company under hypothecation/pledge of stocks and on present and future current assets and property, plant and equipment of the Company.

**2012** / **2011** (Rupees in '000')

2011

2012

### Commitments

Commitments against irrevocable letters of credit include:

Raw materials	110,085	100,988
Packing materials	15,866	17,017
Furniture	6,141	-

		2012	2011
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
Operating assets (owned)	16.1	725,775,250	642,076,342
Operating assets (leased)	16.1	39,409,323	59,895,164
Capital work-in-progress	16.2	13,233,582	13,632,715
		778,418,155	715,604,221
	_	<u> </u>	

# 16.1 Operating assets (owned) / leased

Reconciliation of the carrying amounts at the beginning and end of the year is as follows:

					Operating	Operating fixed assets - owned	- owned					Total	Assets su	Assets subject to finance lease	nce lease	Total
	Land - freehold	Building on freehold land	Plant and machinery	Laboratory equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Electric and gas appliances	Office equipment	Vehicles	Library books	Neon sign	Arms and ammunition	ets d	Plant and machinery	Vehicles	Total Assets subject to finance	Б ,
At 01 January 2012																
Cost	149,820,000	274,178,069	480,930,263	18,079,590	14,397,658	23,743,079	51,307,151	83,067,846	52,806	204,990	166,100	1,095,947,552	18,124,623	84,648,386	102,773,009	,198,720,561
Accumulated Depreciation		126,127,607	227,756,084	5,910,430	7,947,885	14,505,843	22,705,839	48,689,394	48,977	86,021	93,130	453,871,210	9,993,196	32,884,649	42,877,845	496,749,055
Net Book Value	149,820,000	148,050,462	253,174,179	12,169,160	6,449,773	9,237,236	28,601,312	34,378,452	3,829	118,969	72,970	642,076,342	8,131,427	51,763,737	59,895,164	701,971,506
Movement during the year																
Opening net book value	149,820,000	149,820,000 148,050,462	253,174,179	12,169,160	6,449,773	9,237,236	28,601,312	34,378,452	3,829	118,969	72,970	642,076,342	8,131,427	51,763,737	59,895,164	701,971,506
Addition - cost		25,124,496	14,487,116	2,475,500	93,000	914,318	3,092,018	3,529,001	,		1	49,715,449		17,655,500	17,655,500	67,370,949
Revaluation adjustment																
Cost	13,620,000	18,576,640	107,912,637		,		,	,				140,109,277		,	,	140,109,277
Depreciation	,	8,760,181	55,463,962	,	,	,	'	,				64,224,143			1	64,224,143
	13,620,000	9,816,459	52,448,675	-								75,885,134				75,885,134
Transfer from leasehold assets																
Cost	,		18,124,623	,	,	ľ	,	46,186,500				64,311,123	(18,124,623)	(46,186,500)	(64,311,123)	1
Depreciation	'	'	9,993,196		'	'	'	25,797,950	-	-		35,791,146	(963,196)	(25,797,950)	(35,791,146)	,
	•		8,131,427					20,388,550				28,519,977	(8,131,427)	(20,388,550)	(28,519,977)	
Disposais Cost	٠					119,900	1,566,069	36,802,337				38,488,306				38,488,306
Depreciation	•	1				73,446	377,350	22,500,226				22,951,022				22,951,022
						46,454	1,188,719	14,302,111	-			15,537,284			-	15,537,284
Depreciation charge for the year		- 1		1,326,687	650,444	982,203	2,854,677	7,839,966	383	11,897	7,297	54,884,368		9,621,364	9,621,364	64,505,732
Closing net book value	163,440,000	167,977,000	302,045,000	13,317,973	5,892,329	9,122,897	27,649,934	36,153,926	3,446	107,072	65,673	725,775,250		39,409,323	39,409,323	765,184,573
At 31 December 2012																
Cost	163,440,000	317,879,205	621,454,639	20,555,090	14,490,658	24,537,497	52,833,100	95,981,010	52,806	204,990	166,100	1,311,595,095		56,117,386	56,117,386	1,367,712,481
Accumulated Depreciation	1	149,902,205	319,409,639	7,237,117	8,598,329	15,414,600	25,183,166	59,827,084	49,360	97,918	100,427	585,819,845	-	16,708,063	16,708,063	602,527,908
Net book value	163,440,000	167,977,000	302,045,000	13,317,973	5,892,329	9,122,897	27,649,934	36,153,926	3,446	107,072	65,673	725,775,250		39,409,323	39,409,323	765,184,573
Denraciation rates	%0	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	%06	10%	10%	10%		10%	20%		



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To The Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 December 2012

# For

# Operating assets (owned) / leased

16.1

Reconciliation of the carrying amounts at the beginning and end of the year is as follows:

ı			Г
	Land - freehold		
	Building on freehold land		
	Plant and machinery		
	Plant and Laboratory machinery equipment		
	Furniture and fixtures	Operatir	
	Electric and gas appliances	Operating fixed assets - owned	
Rupe	Office equipment	- owned	
es	Vehicles		Year ended 51
	Library books		Year ended 51 December 2011
	Neon sign		
	Arms and ammunition		
	operating fixed assets - owned	Total	
	Plant and machinery	Assets s	1
	Vehicles	Assets subject to finance lease	
	Total Assets subject to finance lease	nce lease	
	operating fixed assets	Total	

5,804,486 1,247,460

10,045,966 198,605

29,947,067 2,092,006

21,430,430 6,904,000

4,254

132,188

17,744 60,000

66,082,152 17,860,500

Notes	To The Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2012

<b>16.1.1</b> Depreciation charge has been allocated as under:	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	/ 2011 Rupees
Cost of sales	25	44,109,021	43,569,519
Distribution, selling and promotional expense	s 27	9,079,891	9,749,342
Administrative and general expenses	28	11,316,820	12,059,371
		64,505,732	65,378,232

16.1.2 Land, building on freehold land and plant and machinery were first revalued on 30 June 1995, resulting in a surplus of Rs. 68,809,377. Subsequently land, building on freehold land and plant and machinery were revalued on 30 June 1999 resulting in a surplus of Rs. 48,731,393. Land, building on freehold land and plant and machinery were again revalued on 31 May 2004 and 31 December 2004 respectively by M/S Hamid Mukhtar & Co., which resulted in a surplus of Rs. 168,473,204 over the net book value of assets. The revaluation of land was also carried out on 19 January 2007 by M/S Surval which resulted in a surplus of Rs. 67,922,000. The latest revaluation of land, building on freehold land and plant and machinery was carried out on 31 December 2012 by M/S Surval which resulted in a surplus of Rs. 75,885,134 over the net carrying value of assets.

16.1.7. Used the constant wat become variable of the committee value	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
<b>16.1.3</b> Had the assets not been revalued the carrying value would have been:	es	
Land - Freehold	14,566,828	14,566,828
Building on freehold land	132,824,998	119,899,858
Plant and machinery (Owned)	216,708,953	210,347,030
Plant and machinery (Leased)	-	5,417,053
	364,100,779	350,230,769



### 16.1.4 Disposal of property, plant and equipment

Negotiation		Proceeds	Down value	Depreciation		
•			Rupees			Vehicles
	4,595,328	7,200,000	2,604,672	4,145,328	6,750,000	Kamran Khurshid
Negotiation	7,044,677	9,880,000	2,835,323	6,164,677	9,000,000	Suneel Sarfaraz Munj
Company Polic	133,916	248,040	114,124	250,876	365,000	Imran Masood
Company Polic	133,916	248,040	114,124	250,876	365,000	Hassan Ur Rehman
Company Polic	130,616	244,740	114,124	250,876	365,000	Ahson Bashir
Company Polic	289,123	571,200	282,077	566,923	849,000	Ihsan Ullah Khattak
Negotiation	128,649	680,000	551,351	836,649	1,388,000	Nadir Hussain Khan
Insurance Clain	176,278	300,000	123,722	279,278	403,000	Reliance Insurance
Company Polic	167,489	290,760	123,271	279,729	403,000	Ahmed Javed Yazadani
Company Polic	202,744	473,991	271,247	360,105	631,352	Ahmed Shahryar
Insurance Clain	6,250	60,000	53,750	10,750	64,500	Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.
Insurance Clain	5,887	63,000	57,113	8,787	65,900	Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.
Insurance Clain	9,441	45,000	35,559	27,341	62,900	Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.
Insurance Clain	6,181	60,000	53,819	11,681	65,500	Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.
Insurance Clain	6,181	60,000	53,819	11,681	65,500	Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.
Company Polic	(12,507)	20,000	32,507	30,393	62,900	Samuel Nawab
Insurance Clain	17,228	60,000	42,772	20,128	62,900	Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.
Insurance Clain	13,551	58,000	44,449	18,451	62,900	Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.
Insurance Clain	22,795	55,000			62,900	Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.
			32,205	30,695		
Company Polic	(394,607)	124,207	518,814	138,186	657,000	Muhammad Ayub Bhatti
Company Polic	32,305	62,900	30,595	32,305	62,900	Arif Murtaza
Company Polic	148,129	269,642	121,513	281,487	403,000	Mukhtar Ali Shaikh
Company Polic	31,668	62,900	31,232	31,668	62,900	Qaiser Mehmood
Company Polic	12,031	46,920	34,889	28,011	62,900	Naeem Asif Chohan
Company Polic	31,459	50,490	19,031	31,459	50,490	Wajid Khan
Company Polic	30,393	62,900	32,507	30,393	62,900	Kapil Dev Jewani
Company Polic	30,337	62,900	32,563	30,337	62,900	Sajid Ali
Insurance Clain	31,232	62,900	31,668	31,232	62,900	Muhammad Tariq
Company Polic	30,337	62,900	32,563	30,337	62,900	Asif Hussain Bhutta
Company Polic	23,975	62,900	38,925	23,975	62,900	Kashif Aziz
Company Polic	30,337	62,900	32,563	30,337	62,900	Nawaz
Company Polic	30,337	62,900	32,563	30,337	62,900	M. Kashif Farooq
Company Polic	23,986	62,900	38,914	23,986	62,900	Tauseef Ahmad Saleemi
Company Polic	22,644	62,900	40,256	22,644	62,900	Aashiq Mehmood
Company Polic	22,644	62,900	40,256	22,644	62,900	Rao M. Mubashir
Company Polic	23,975	62,900	38,925	23,975	62,900	Nauman Shafqat
Company Polic	23,975	62,900	38,925	23,975	62,900	Abdul Samad
Company Polic	23,975	62,900	38,925	23,975	62,900	Sheikh Raheel Zia
Company Polic	227,898	416,144	188,246	416,971	605,217	Syed Umair Bin Aziz
Company Polic	157,578	316,786	159,208	275,301	434,509	Mastoi Rafique Mustafa
Company Polic	116,725	311,673	194,948	239,561	434,509	Abdul Wali Khan
Company Polic	156,361	288,960	132,599	262,401	395,000	Anis Ur Rehman
Company Polic	149,842	276,840	126,998	281,302	408,300	Abdul Hafeez
Company Polic	145,305	268,260	122,955	272,045	395,000	Rehmat Ullah
Company Polic	147,416	267,960	120,544	274,456	395,000	Hina Rashid
Company Polic	193,517	252,199	58,682	298,318	357,000	Naseeb Ullah
Insurance Clain	133,916	248,040	114,124	250,876	365,000	Sagib Anwar
Company Polic	87,766	203,322	115,556	134,444	250,000	Ch. M. Manzoor
Insurance Clain	18,600	50,000	31,400	31,500	62,900	Reliance Insurance
Company Polic	20,154	65,900	45,746	20,154	65,900	Haibat Khan
Company Polic	32,149	62,900	30,751	32,149	62,900	Muhammad Asif
Company Polic	17,285	65,900	48,615	17,285	65,900	Arif Gulzar
Company Polic				17,265		
Company Polic						
	15,450 14,644	65,900 65,900	50,450 51,256	14,644	65,900 65,900	Arshad Ali Wajid Khan

Sold to	Cost		n Down Valu			Mode of Sale
Vehicles			Rupees			<u> </u>
Muhammad Nasir	62,900	31,668	31,232	62,900	31,668	Company Police
Syed Wajid Hussain	62,900	25,999	36,901	62,900	25,999	Company Polic
Usman Wahid Bhatti	62,900	31,668	31,232	62,900	31,668	Company Polic
M. Ashfaq Khan	62,900	31,668	31,232	62,900	31,668	Company Polic
Shair Muhammad	62,900	32,149	30,751	62,900	32,149	Company Polic
Muhammad Imran	62,900	32,149	30,751	62,900	32,149	Company Polic
Muhammad Noman	62,900	30,472	32,428	62,900	30,472	Company Police
Muhammad Rizwan	62,900	30,024	32,876	62,900	30,024	Company Police
Mubashir Sufyan	62,900	30,304	32,596	62,900	30,304	Company Police
Qasim Ali Ajaz	62,900	30,024	32,876	62,900	30,024	Company Police
Muhammad Azeem	62,900	31,590	31,310	62,900	31,590	Company Police
Aamir Iqbal	62,900	30,024	32,876	62,900	30,024	Company Police
Bilal Ali	62,900	21,554	41,346	62,900	21,554	Company Police
Reliance Insurance	65,500	13,537	51,963	60,000	8,037	Insurance Clair
Mehboob Ali Naich	58,500	50,095	8,405	58,500	50,095	Company Police
Shahzad Nawaz	62,900	23,986	38,914	58,104	19,190	Company Police
Syed Akhtar Hussain Shah	50,490	30,419	20,071	50,004	29,933	Company Polic
Umair Sharif	62,900	30,024	32,876	56,508	23,632	Company Police
Jamshaid Khan	54,000	43,526	10,474	54,967	44,493	Company Polic
M. Shahbaz	54,000		16,967	54,967		Company Polic
		37,033			37,033	
Wajahat Mehmood	51,890	28,865	23,025	51,890	28,865	Company Police
Ahsan Ali	62,500	35,822	26,678	46,800	20,122	Company Polic
Muhammad Imran	62,900	27,341	35,559	43,725	8,166	Company Polic
Qasim Mehmood	50,490	30,843	19,647	41,796	22,149	Company Police
Ghulam Asghar	50,490	34,631	15,859	29,484	13,625	Company Police
Jawad Naeem	849,000	604,650	244,350	571,200	326,850	Company Polic
Shahzad Fareed	395,000	271,185	123,815	125,858	2,043	Company Polic
Aslam Hafeez	4,303,000	2,154,940	2,148,060	2,148,060	-	Company Polic
Asghar Ali	530,000	292,206	237,794	409,234	171,440	Company Police
Reliance Insurance Co.Ltd	395,000	286,390	108,610	375,000	266,390	Insurance Clair
Reliance Insurance Co.Ltd	395,000	286,390	108,610	360,000	251,390	Insurance Clair
Asim Jehangir Jalali	395,000	272,853	122,147	268,260	146,113	Company Police
Syed Ahmed Ali Abidi	395,000	272,853	122,147	268,260	146,113	Company Police
	36,802,337	22,500,226	14,302,111	51,228,564	16,926,453	
Computer						
IBM Z60m Notebook	112,000	47,447	64,553	-	(64,553)	Scrap
Compaq 2516 A1	61,500	35,190	26,310	-	(26,310)	Scrap
HP 6710b	79,235	27,562	51,673	-	(51,673)	Scrap
Assets having individual cost	,	•	,			r.
less than Rs. 50,000	1,313,334	267,151	1,046,183	_	(1,046,183)	Scrap
1635 tilali NS. 50,000						_ Julah
	1,566,069	377,350	1,188,719	-	(1,188,719)	_
Electric and Gas Appliances						
Sony TV	18,000	15,146	2,854	2,000	(854)	Scrap
Air Conditioner Split	101,900	58,300	43,600	13,000	(30,600)	Scrap
·	119,900	73,446	46,454	15,000	(31,454)	<u> </u>
2012	38,488,306	22 951 022	15,537,284	31 243 564	15.706.280	
2012	30,400,300	22,001,022	.0,00.,20.	0.72.0700.	//	_

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	No	ote	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
16.2	Capital Work - in - Progress (CWIP)			
	Civil works		-	13,281,988
	Plant and machinery - owned		-	350,727
	Furniture		7,653,582	-
	Advances to suppliers		5,580,000	
	16.	2.1	13,233,582	13,632,715
16.2.1	Movement of CWIP is as follows:			
	Opening balance as at 01 January		13,632,715	13,483,821
	Addition made during the year			
	Civil works		11,842,508	24,784,942
	Plant and machinery - owned		13,997,189	22,216,721
	Furniture		7,653,582	-
	Advance for purchase of vehicles		5,580,000	-
			39,073,279	47,001,663
	Capitalized during the year			
	Civil works		(25,124,496)	(22,261,048)
	Plant and machinery - owned		(14,347,916)	(22,216,721)
	Vehicles - leased		-	(2,375,000)
			(39,472,412)	(46,852,769)
	Closing balance as at 31 December		13,233,582	13,632,715

## 17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

				2012	<b>2</b> 1			
		COST		ACCUN	ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION	ISATION	BOOK VALUE	
PARTICULARS	As at 01 January 2012	Additions	As at 31 December 2012	As at 01 January 2012	For the year	As at 31 December 2012	as at 31 December 2012	Rate %
		1 5	Rupees	Rupees				
Registration and trademark (Note 17.1)	154,434,175		154,434,175	56,700,650	15,443,418	72,144,068	82,290,107	10
Computer Software	21,212,996	4,305,615	25,518,611	7,102,704	2,293,092	9,395,796	16,122,815	10
	175,647,171	4,305,615	179,952,786	63,803,354	17,736,510	81,539,864	98,412,922	
				2011				
		COST		ACCUN	ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION	ISATION	BOOK VALUE	
PARTICULARS	As at 01 January 2011	Additions	As at 31 December 2011	As at 01 January 2011	For the year	As at 31 December 2011	as at 31 December 2011	Rate %
			Rupees	Rupees				
Registration and trademark (Note 17.1)	154,434,175	1	154,434,175	41,257,232	15,443,418	56,700,650	97,733,525	10
Computer Software	20,910,336	302,660	21,212,996	4,988,123	2,114,581	7,102,704	14,110,292	10
	175,344,511	302,660	175,647,171	46,245,355	17,557,999	63,803,354	111,843,817	

17.1 This represents registration and trademarks of brands named as "Tres Orix Forte", "Skilax drops" and "Blokium".

18.



			2012	/ 2011
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
17.2	Amortization charge has been allocated as under:			
	Cost of sales	25	15,443,418	15,443,418
	Distribution, selling and promotional expenses	27	2,293,092	2,114,581
			17,736,510	17,557,999
Relate	d party - at cost diary Company -Unlisted Dynalog Services (Private) Limited			
	Nil (2011: 2,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each Equity held: Nil (2011: 100%)		-	20,000,000
	Less: Impairment in investment	18.1	-	(20,000,000)
			-	-

18.1 The Company had terminated its "Distribution Agreement" of finished goods with Dynalog Services (Private) Limited in year 2008 and the management of the subsidiary had then decided to discontinue its operations. Furthermore, as the subsidiary financial statements are drawn up on the basis that going concern assumption is no longer valid, therefore, an impairment loss of Rs. 20 million was directly recognized in the financial statements in the year 2008 and 2009, thereby reducing the carrying amount of investment to Nil (2011 Nil).

The Company has written off the investment during the year against provision for impairment made for it due to the dissolution of the subsidiary company as mentioned in note 2.2 to the financial statements.

40		Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
19.	STOCK IN TRADE			
	Raw materials	Г		
	In hand		224,554,948	218,192,744
	In transit		79,320,620	39,165,327
	Packing material		303,875,568	257,358,071
	In hand		83,944,556	68,481,126
	In transit		3,947,721	-
	With third party		-	54,046
			87,892,277	68,535,172
	Work in process		30,216,205	39,820,419
	Finished goods			
	In hand		184,459,467	152,766,762
	With third party		150,999	-
		L	184,610,466	152,766,762
			606,594,516	518,480,424
20.	TRADE DEBTS			
	Trade debts - Secured		16,167,547	12,258,928
	Unsecured			
	Due from related parties			
	Subsidiary - Dynalog Services (Private) Limited	20.1 & 20.3	-	13,158,299
	Associate - Route - 2 Health (Private) Limited	20.1	-	511,850
			-	13,670,149
	Others		56,364,423	29,340,278
	Considered doubtful		1,039,897	13,596,063
	Less: Provision for doubtful debts	20.2	1,039,897	13,596,063
			-	-
		_	72,531,970	55,269,355

**20.1** The amount due is in normal course of business and interest free.



	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
20.2 Provision for doubtful debts			
Opening balance		13,596,063	13,596,063
Addition during the year		500,650	-
		14,096,713	13,596,063
Written off during the year		(12,568,673)	-
Reversal during the year		(488,143)	-
	20.3	(13,056,816)	-
		1,039,897	13,596,063

20.3 The provision amounting to Rs. 12.568 million (2011: Rs. 13.056 million) has been written off against the balance due from Dynalog Services Limited - subsidiary company, on its dissolution as mentioned in note 2.2 to the financial statements and the remaining balance has been reversed being not required.

	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
21. ADVANCES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS			
Advances - considered good Staff against:			
Expenses		8,337,629	15,305,054
Salary		4,872,589	4,524,986
Suppliers		10,243,338	22,068,734
Deposits:			
Securities		7,524,369	5,678,000
Bank guarantee margin		1,558,085	1,558,085
Prepayments		4,427,650	2,001,233
		36,963,660	51,136,092
22. OTHER RECEIVABLES - considered good			
Claims receivable		678,665	230,854
Sales tax and excise duty	22.1	20,436,842	16,774,386
		21,115,507	17,005,240

### 22. OTHER RECEIVABLES - considered good

22.1 As referred to in note 15, this includes Rs. 10.086 million (2011: Rs. 10.086 million) deposited for grant of stay against demand of sales tax/excise duty paid under protest to sales tax department.

		2012	/ 2011
		Rupees	Rupees
07	CACH AND DANK BALANOES		
23.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
	Cash and Imprest	2,001,851	1,995,192
	Balance with banks - current accounts	4,460,240	10,601,793
		6,462,091	12,596,985
24	SALES - net		
24.	SALES - Net		
	Manufactured products		
	Local	2,243,285,346	2,496,898,092
	Export	169,328,634	136,252,703
		2,412,613,980	2,633,150,795
	Purchased products - local	32,144,454	28,114,510
	Sales compensation	-	9,196,382
	Third party (toll manufacturing)	252,931,872	545,141,467
		2,697,690,306	3,215,603,154
	Less:		
	Discount	227,205,798	267,937,108
	Sales tax	4,863,529	2,758,558
		232,069,327	270,695,666
		2,465,620,979	2,944,907,488



				2012	/ 2011
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
25.	COST OF SALES				
	Raw and packing material of	consumed		1,081,987,216	1,664,236,175
	Salaries, wages and benefit		25.1	162,761,353	147,996,669
	Vehicle running and mainte		20.1	17,471,848	14,502,334
	Fuel and power	nanoc		53,556,365	42,386,309
	Stores consumed			8,881,249	6,844,797
	Repair and maintenance			17,287,306	23,696,364
	Insurance			3,012,654	3,088,925
	Rent, rates and taxes			3,051,626	2,870,912
	Fee and subscription			380,123	319,273
	Printing and stationery			4,256,059	3,687,056
	Traveling and conveyance			2,634,216	798,402
	Consultancy and profession	nal charges		3,360,120	1,854,039
	Office supplies			7,758,567	7,319,916
	Depreciation		16.1.1	44,109,021	43,569,519
	Amortization of intangible a	assets	17.2	15,443,418	15,443,418
	Other direct cost			4,804,230	4,677,623
				1,430,755,371	1,983,291,731
	Inventory effect of work in	process			1
	Opening			39,820,419	59,384,189
	Closing			(30,216,205)	(39,820,419)
				9,604,214	19,563,770
	Cost of goods manufactur	ed		1,440,359,585	2,002,855,501
	Inventory effect of finished	•			
	(excluding purchased pr	oducts)			
	Opening			150,723,607	160,115,818
	Closing			(173,386,771)	(150,723,607)
				(22,663,164)	9,392,211
	Cost of goods sold - Manu	ıfactured products		1,417,696,421	2,012,247,712
	Cost of goods sold - Purch	nased products		22,992,597	18,488,730
				1,440,689,018	2,030,736,442
	25.1 It includes the follow	ring staff retirement be	nefits:		
	Defined benefit plan	- Gratuity		15,579,252	16,864,790
	•	plan - Provident Fund		4,521,468	4,128,435
		nsated leave absences		3,337,104	800,519
	i rovision for compe	isated leave absences	,		21,793,744
				23,437,824	21,793,744

26.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
	Income from non-financial assets			
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		15,706,280	5,530,791
	SLA fee	26.1	-	86,100,000
	Scrap Sales		2,570,812	1,121,489
	Others		53,635	-
			18,330,727	92,752,280

**26.1** The Company has provided technical ,marketing and sales know-how to Abbot Laboratories Pakistan Limited related to ex-Solvay products in Pakistan, following a global acquisition of Solvay Pharmaceuticals by Abbott International LLC, USA.

Note Rupees Rupees  27. DISTRIBUTION, SELLING AND PROMOTIONAL EXPENSES	632 240 .785
	240 785
	240 785
Salaries and benefits 27.1 216,891,068 189,837,6	240 785
Rent, rates and taxes 9,045 1,252,2	785
Entertainment 214,812 178,7	CEC
Advertisement, promotional expenses and samples 215,683,930 217,137,6	000
Printing and stationery 1,986,153 2,108,2	207
Traveling and conveyance 70,142,462 75,291,5	522
Telephone, postage and telex 1,857,453 2,279,	.203
Insurance 2,546,533 2,271,	,041
Provision against doubtful debts 12,507 -	
Vehicle running and maintenance 18,435,654 18,628,9	953
Donation 27.2 1,842,317 1,064,3	360
Freight 29,118,443 25,184,	,511
Seminars, symposia and training 11,062,878 13,891,	
Newspapers and subscriptions 14,650,334 10,404,2	
Depreciation 16.1.1 9,079,891 9,749,3	342
Amortization of intangible assets 17.2 2,293,092 2,114,	
Others 14,213,653 12,691,6	,681
610,040,225 584,085,	
Less: Reimbursement from foreign principals - 15,496,	
610,040,225 568,588,6	690



	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
27.1	It includes following staff retirement benefits		
	Defined benefit plan - Gratuity	13,407,127	8,337,928
	Defined contribution plan - Provident Fund	5,693,968	4,899,132
	Provision for compensated leave absences	4,305,332	3,565,653
		23,406,427	16,802,713

**27.2** None of the Directors or their spouses have any interest in the donee's fund.

### 28. ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES

Salaries and benefits	28.1	127,101,445	126,225,903
Telephone, postage and telex		2,237,285	2,581,570
Rent, rates and taxes		4,847,977	2,911,119
Electricity, gas and water		540,747	521,030
Printing and stationery		3,858,784	3,802,804
Repairs and maintenance		2,456,072	3,815,401
Vehicle running and maintenance		19,250,077	18,115,572
Traveling and conveyance		8,494,965	7,378,499
Newspapers and subscriptions		897,872	750,369
Entertainment		778,285	529,121
Insurance		7,057,467	5,666,392
Auditors' remuneration	34	1,200,000	946,000
Legal and professional		2,461,765	5,601,437
Advertisement, seminars and symposia		226,790	2,097,017
Donation	28.2	993,233	666,450
Depreciation	16.1.1	11,316,820	12,059,371
Others		2,134,882	2,064,671
		195,854,466	195,732,726
28.1 It includes the following staff retirement	ent benefits:		
Defined benefit plan - Gratuity		16,374,466	15,072,455
Defined contribution plan - Provident	Fund	4,017,477	4,129,008
Provision for compensated leave abs	ences	3,083,120	1,427,173
		23,475,063	20,628,636

**28.2** None of the Directors or their spouses have any interest in the donee's fund.

			2012	2011
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
29.	RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES			
	Salaries and benefits Expenses on clinical trials and products evalua Traveling Insurance Vehicle running and maintenance Printing and stationery	29.1 tion	7,250,509 94,492 630,962 42,736 521,772 41,044	3,551,137 2,234,806 367,241 42,744 197,336 47,647
	Office supplies Repairs and maintenance Staff cost Others		53,334 9,500 212,721 18,462 8,875,532	67,075 2,500 198,848 17,700 6,727,034
	29.1 It includes the following staff retirement be Defined benefit plan - Gratuity Defined contribution plan - Provident Function for compensated leave absence	k	568,565 125,906 52,560 747,031	406,456 122,763 - 529,219
30.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund Exchange loss Workers' Welfare Fund Central Research Fund	11.2	8,324,918 9,363,745 2,991,816 1,468,567 22,149,046	7,832,388 8,942,250 3,220,136 1,455,952 21,450,726
31.	FINANCE COST			
	Mark-up on long term loans Mark-up on short term loans Finance cost on liabilities against assets subject	to	10,883,385 31,054,902	19,513,149 42,948,448
	finance lease Interest on Workers' Profit Participation Fund Bank charges	11.2	3,483,287 81,902 2,679,016 48,182,492	6,027,081 70,110 1,812,073 70,370,861

34.62%

35.87%



32.	<b>TAX</b>	ATION	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	/	<b>2011</b> Rupees
	-	For the year Prior year		52,930,381		56,937,731 8,845,039
	Defe	erred	32.2	52,930,381 1,828,985 54,759,366		65,782,770 (14,110,743) 51,672,027
	32.1	Reconciliation of tax charge for the year  Numerical reconciliation between the average effective tax rate and the applicable tax rate is as follows:		2012	/	2011
		Applicable tax rate  Tax effect of amounts that are not deductible	)	35.00%		35.00%
		for tax purposes  Tax effect under presumptive tax regime and	others	0.63% -1.01% -0.38%		0.40% 0.47% 0.87%

**32.2** This includes an amount of Rs. Nil (2011: 8,845,039) in respect of temporary difference of a prior period.

### 33. EARNINGS PER SHARE - Basic and Diluted

Average effective tax rate charged on income

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company which is based on:

		2012	2011
Profit after taxation	Rupees	103,401,561	92,381,262
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	No. of Shares	18,180,517	18,180,517
Earnings per share	Rupees	5.69	5.08

34. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION	<b>2012</b> Rupees	/ 2011 Rupees
Statutory audit	800,000	605,000
Fee for review of half year financial statements	265,000	216,000
Other certifications	90,000	55,000
Out of pocket	45,000	70,000
	1,200,000	946,000

### 35. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	31 December 2012				31 December 2011		
	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives		Chief Executive	Directors	Executives
			R	upe	es		
Managerial remuneration	5,923,700	15,764,400	69,002,459		5,370,800	14,504,400	62,611,607
House allowance	2,369,480	2,400,000	27,600,984		2,148,320	2,400,000	24,891,483
Provident fund	451,869	1,067,073	5,634,178		447,358	1,208,516	4,887,976
Gratuity	2,381,734	3,694,531	25,928,675		1,975,395	4,877,872	16,755,573
Bonus	322,900	1,208,700	4,592,742		399,567	1,098,700	3,780,549
Utilities	592,370	2,006,775	6,903,913		537,080	2,142,752	6,222,871
Medical	105,603	543,758	2,203,992		58,537	781,455	2,279,632
	12,147,656	26,685,237	141,866,943		10,937,237	27,013,695	121,429,691
Number of persons	1	2	56		1	2	51

- The Chief Executive, Directors and 28 executives (2011: 27) have been provided with Company maintained cars while 28 executives (2011: 21) have been provided with cars under self finance scheme with limited fuel and maintenance facility.
- Rs. 2,000 (2011: Rs. 2,000) has been paid during the year to an independent non executive director for attending Board meetings.



### **36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

### 36.1 Financial risk factors

The Company's financial liabilities comprise long term financing, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease, short term borrowings and trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to raise finances for Company's operations. The Company has trade debts, short term borrowings and advances, other receivables and cash and short term deposits that arrive directly from its operations

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the Board of Directors (the Board), Audit Committee and Chief Financial Officer (CFO). The Board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

### (a) Market risk

### (i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly from future commercial transactions or receivables and payables that exist due to transactions in foreign currencies.

The following analysis demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in US\$ and Euro exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the company's profit before tax.

Rupees per US Dollar		2012	2011
Reporting date rate		97.10	90.10
		Changes in	Effects on
		US \$ Rate	Profit Before Tax
			Rs.
	2012	+10%	(391,138)
	2012	-10%	391,138
	2011	+10%	(667,362)
	2011	-10%	667,362

		2012	2011
Rupees per Euro			
Reporting date rate		128.31	116.37
		Changes in Euro € Rate	Effects on Profit Before Tax
	2012	+10% -10%	Rs. (391,718) 391,718
	2011	+10% -10%	(423,063) 423,063

### (ii) Interest rate risk

This represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company has no significant long-term interest-bearing assets. The Company's interest rate risk arises from long term financing, short term borrowings and liabilities against assets subject to finance lease. Borrowings obtained at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings obtained at fixed rate expose the Company to fair value interest rate risk.

At the balance sheet date the interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments was:

	2012	/ 2011
	Rupees	Rupees
Fixed rate instruments Financial liabilities		
Short term borrowings	35,000,000	35,000,000
Floating rate instruments Financial liabilities		
Long term loans	50,000,000	99,946,763
Liabilities against assets subject to	07.000.400	00 747 004
finance lease	27,968,462	26,313,224
Short term bank borrowings	195,599,758	131,291,136



### **36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

### 36.1 Financial risk factors

### ii) Interest rate risk

### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rate at the balance sheet date would not affect profit or loss of the Company.

### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The following analysis demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's profit before tax. This analysis is prepared assuming the amounts of floating rate instruments outstanding at balance sheet dates were outstanding for the whole year.

		Changes in	Effects on
		Interest Rate %	Profit Before Tax
Long term financing			Rs.
	2012	+1.5	(750,000)
	2012	-1.5	750,000
		+1.5	(1,499,201)
	2011	-1.5	1,499,201
Liabilities against assets		1.0	1, 100,201
subject to finance lease	2012	+1.5	(419,527)
•		-1.5	419,527
		. 1 E	(704 600)
	2011	+1.5	(394,698)
Short term bank borrowings		-1.5	394,698
Short term bank borrowings		+1.5	(2,933,996)
	2012	-1.5	2,933,996
	2011	+1.5	(1,969,367)
	2011	-1.5	1,969,367

### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as follows:

### **36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

### 36.1 Financial risk factors

	2012	2011
(b) Credit risk	Rupees	Rupees
Trade debts Short term advances	56,364,423 4,872,589	43,010,427 4,524,986
Trade deposits Other receivables	9,082,454 678,665	7,236,085 230,854
Bank balances	4,460,240	10,601,793
	<b>75,458,371</b>	65,604,145

### **Trade Debts**

Credit risk related to trade debts is managed by established procedures and controls relating to customers credit risk management. Outstanding receivables are regularly monitored and shipments to foreign customers are covered by letters of credit.

The maximum credit risk exposure at reporting date is carrying value of financial assets stated above.

At 31 December 2012, the Company has 9 (2011: 7) customers who owed the company more than Rupees 1.00 million each and accounted for approximately 79% (2011: 36%) of all receivables owing.

The Company's exposure to credit risk related to trade debts is disclosed below:

	2012	/ 2011
	Rupees	Rupees
Neither past due nor impaired	5,157,893	6,986,450
Past Due But Not Impaired		
Past due 1–30 days	24,902,675	9,607,652
Past due 31–60 days	9,459,363	6,941,862
Past due 61–90 days	5,019,394	4,372,628
Over 90 days	10,785,201	1,505,772
	50,166,633	22,427,914
Past Due But Impaired		
Past due 1–30 days	-	-
Past due 31–60 days	-	-
Past due 61–90 days	-	-
Over 90 days	1,039,897	13,596,063
	1,039,897	13,596,063



### **36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

### 36.1 Financial risk factors

### (b) Credit risk

Due to the Company's long standing business relationships with these counterparties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Company. Accordingly the credit risk is minimal.

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (If available) or to historical information about counterparty default rate. The table below shows the bank balances held with some major counterparties at the balance sheet date:

	Rating				
	Short	Long	Agency	2012	2011
	term	term			
BANKS				Ru <sub>l</sub>	oee
National Bank of Pakistan	A-1+	AAA	JCR - VIS	864,766	1,086,546
United Bank Limited	A-1+	AA+	JCR - VIS	8,893	8,893
Faysal Bank Limited	A1+	AA	JCR - VIS	23,821	2,571,827
Habib Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	JCR - VIS	1,548,380	832,135
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA	-	35,098
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	-	34,364
Barklays Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	-	2,198,733
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	2,014,384	3,834,197
				4,460,244	10,601,793

### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company has positive working capital position at the year end. Therefore, management believes the liquidity risk to be low.

The table below analysis the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual un-discounted cash flows.

### As at 31 December 2012

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Less than 6 months	6 to 12 months	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years
			Rı	ipees		
Long term financing	50,000,000	66,237,500	1,860,000	2,745,000	17,461,250	44,171,250
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	27,968,462	31,771,325	9,519,737	8,250,784	10,069,627	3,931,177
Trade and other payables	163,617,115	163,617,115	163,617,115	-	-	-
Short term bank borrowings	230,599,758	255,850,432	-	255,850,432	-	-
	472,185,335	517,476,372	174,996,852	266,846,216	27,530,877	48,102,427

### As at 31 December 2011

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Less than 6 months	6 to 12 months	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years
			Rı	upees		
Long term financing	99,946,763	121,596,660	28,005,791	26,483,091	41,058,380	26,049,398
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	26,313,224	30,200,558	11,022,741	6,650,984	10,043,042	2,483,791
Trade and other payables	138,112,769	138,112,769	138,112,769	-	-	-
Short term bank borrowings	166,291,136	188,740,439	11,224,652	177,515,787	-	-
	430,663,892	478,650,426	188,365,953	210,649,862	51,101,422	28,533,189

The contractual cash flows relating to the above financial liabilities have been determined on the basis of markup rates effective as at 31 December 2012 and 2011 respectively. The rates of mark up have been disclosed in respective notes to the financial statements.

### 36.2 Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Fair value of available-for-sale financial assets is derived from quoted market prices in active markets, if available.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in financial statements approximate their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date. Accordingly, detailed disclosure with reference to fair value has been given in the financial statements.



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### 36.3 Financial instruments by categories

		2012	
	Cash and cash equivalents	Loans and advances	Total
		Rupee	
Assets as per balance sheet			
Long term deposits	-	1,562,054	1,562,054
Trade debts	-	72,531,970	72,531,970
Advances	-	4,872,589	4,872,589
Trade deposits	-	9,082,454	9,082,454
Other receivables	-	678,665	678,665
Cash and bank balances	4,460,240	-	4,460,240
	4,460,240	88,727,732	93,187,972
			2012

Liabilities as per balance sheet	Financial Liabilities at amortized cost (Rupees)
Long term financing	50,000,000
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	27,968,462
Markup accrued on secured loans	6,588,896
Short term borrowings	230,599,758
Trade and other payables	160,685,827
	475,842,943

	2011	
Cash and cash equivalents	Loans and advances	Total
	Rupee	
	·	
-	1,562,054	1,562,054
-	55,269,355	55,269,355
-	4,524,986	4,524,986
-	7,236,085	7,236,085
-	230,854	230,854
10,601,793	-	10,601,793
10,601,793	68,823,334	79,425,127
	cash equivalents  10,601,793	Cash and cash equivalents         Loans and advances           -         1,562,054           -         55,269,355           -         4,524,986           -         7,236,085           -         230,854           10,601,793         -

	2011
Liabilities as per balance sheet	Financial Liabilities at amortized cost (Rupees)
Long term financing	99,946,763
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	26,313,224
Mark up accrued on secured loans	10,436,070
Short term borrowings	166,291,136
Trade and other payables	138,112,769
	441,099,962
76.4 Conital viels management	

### 36.4 Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide return for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain healthier capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholders value. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust dividend payments to the shareholders, return on capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes from the previous year. The Company monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is debt divided by equity plus net debt. Debt represent long-term financing (including current portion) plus liabilities against assets subject to finance lease and short term borrowings obtained by the Company as referred to in note 7, note 8, note 12 and note 13. Total capital employed includes 'total equity' as shown in the balance sheet plus debt. The Company's strategy, which was unchanged from last year, was to maintain optimal capital structure in order to minimize cost of capital.

	2012	2011
	Rupees	Rupees
Debt (See note 7, 8, 12 and 13)	315,157,116	302,987,193
Equity	634,167,980	580,517,982
Total equity and debt	949,325,096	883,505,175
Total debt to equity ratio	33.20%	34.29%

### 37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The related parties and associated undertakings comprises subsidiary, associated companies, staff retirement funds, directors and key management personnel.



### **37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Balances of related parties and remuneration of key management personnel is disclosed in the respective notes. Other significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

	2012	2011
37.1 Sales of goods-net	Rupees /	Rupees
Associated undertaking	30,302,082	35,044,088
37.2 Contribution to employees benefits fund		
Contribution to Staff Provident Fund	14,358,819	13,279,339
Contribution to Employees Welfare Trust	1,206,150	1,118,495
37.3 Disposal of vehicle		
Director's family member	680,000	-

### 38. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

The Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on 19 March 2013 has proposed cash dividend at the rate of Rs. 3.50 (2011: Rs. 3.00) per share for the year ended 31 December 2012, subject to the approval of shareholders in the Annual General Meeting to be held on 23 April 2013. These financial statements do not reflect these appropriations.

### 39. PLANT CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

The capacity and production of the Company's plant is indeterminable as it is a multi-product plant involving varying processes of manufacture.

### 40. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION OF ISSUE

The Board of Directors of the Company authorized the financial statements for issuance on 19 March 2013.

### 41. GENERAL

**41.1** Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

BAQAR HASAN CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER ANEES AHMAD KHAI



### **Group Financial Statements**

HIGHNOON LABORATORIES LIMITED and its wholly owned subsidiary company Dynalog Services (Private) Limited 2012

### Auditors' Report

Lahore: 19 March 2013

### to the Members

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements comprising the consolidated balance sheet of Highnoon Laboratories Limited and its subsidiary as at 31 December 2012 and the related consolidated profit and loss account, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated cash flow statement and consolidated statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended. We have also expressed a separate opinion on the financial statements of the Highnoon Laboratories Limited and its subsidiary company. These financial statements are the responsibility of the holing company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our examination.

Our audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and accordingly included such tests of accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly the financial position of the Highnoon Laboratories Limited and its subsidiary as at 31 December 2012 and the results of their operations for the year then ended.

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 1.2 to the financial statements which states that the subsidiary company has filed application for deregistration under "Company Easy Exit Scheme" introduced by SECP.

**Chartered Accountants** 

Engagement Partner: Naseem akbar

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### Consolidated Balance Sheet

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Authorized Share Capital 20,000,000 (2011: 20,000,000)			
Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		200,000,000	200,000,000
Share capital Revenue reserves	5	181,805,170 451,809,743	181,805,170 399,854,712
		633,614,913	581,659,882
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	6	232,455,404	183,153,055
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term loans - secured Liabilities against assets	7	50,000,000	57,659,470
subject to finance lease	8	12,805,239	11,296,272
Long term advances	9	13,597,545	14,942,278
Deferred liabilities	10	283,037,234	265,856,775
CURRENT LIABILITIES		359,440,018	349,754,795
Trade and other payables	11	199,348,127	186,874,267
Markup payable on secured loans	12	6,588,896	10,436,070
Short term bank borrowings - secured	13	230,599,758	166,291,136
Current portion of long term liabilities	14	21,577,392	80,742,402
		458,114,173	444,343,875
	·	817,554,191	794,098,670
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,683,624,508	1,558,911,607
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	15	-	-

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these financial statements.

BAQAR HASAN CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

### As At 31 December 2012

ASSETS	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
NON CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Long term deposits	16 17	777,865,088 98,412,922 1,562,054 877,840,064	715,051,154 111,843,817 1,562,054 828,457,025
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stock in trade Trade debts Advances, deposits and prepayments Other receivables Income tax - net Cash and bank balances	18 19 20 21 22	606,594,516 72,531,970 36,963,660 21,115,507 62,116,700 6,462,091 805,784,444	518,480,424 55,167,872 51,136,092 17,204,500 75,251,804 13,213,890 730,454,582
TOTAL ASSETS		1,683,624,508	1,558,911,607

ANEES AHMAD KHAN DIRECTOR

### **Consolidated Profit** and Loss Account For The Year Ended 31 December 2012

	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
Sales - net	23	2,465,620,979	2,944,907,488
Cost of sales	24	1,440,689,018	2,030,736,442
GROSS PROFIT		1,024,931,961	914,171,046
Other operating income	25	18,330,727	92,752,280
Distribution, selling and promotional expenses	26	610,528,367	568,588,690
Administrative and general expenses	27	195,880,181	195,886,720
Research and development expenses	28	8,875,534	6,727,034
Other operating expenses	29	22,149,046	21,450,726
		819,102,401	699,900,890
		205,829,560	214,270,156
Finance cost	30	48,182,595	70,371,161
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		157,646,965	143,898,995
Taxation	31	55,940,371	51,672,027
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		101,706,594	92,226,968
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	32	5.59	5.07

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

## Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For The Year Ended 31 December 2012

	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
Profit after tax for the year	101,706,594	92,226,968
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	101,706,594	92,226,968

Surplus arising on 'revaluation of fixed assets' is presented under a separate head below equity as 'surplus on revaluation of assets' in accordance with the requirements specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its S.R.O.45(I)/2003 dated 13 January 2003 and section 235 of Companies Ordinance, 1984 respectively.

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

## Consolidated Cash Flow Statement For The Year Ended 31 December 2012

	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before taxation	157,646,965	143,898,995
Adjustments for non-cash and other items:		
Depreciation Amortization of intangible assets Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Exchange loss Provision for defined benefit obligation Provision for doubtful debts Finance cost  Profit before working capital changes	64,505,732 17,736,510 (15,706,280) 9,363,745 45,929,410 500,650 48,182,595 170,512,362 328,159,327	65,378,232 17,557,999 (5,530,791) 8,942,250 40,681,629 - 70,371,161 197,400,180 341,299,475
WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES		
(Increase) / decrease in current assets:		
Stock in trade Trade debts Advances, deposits and prepayments Other receivables	(88,114,092) (17,864,748) 14,172,432 (3,911,007)	122,364,209 (11,725,275) (17,421,951) 4,581,441
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities: Trade and other payables	(2,918,766)	71,028,546
Cash generated from operations	(98,636,181)	168,826,970 510,126,445
Taxes paid Gratuity paid Finance cost paid Long term advances - net	(40,976,283) (52,370,733) (48,546,482) (18,368,721)	(58,648,631) (10,231,390) (74,452,422) 19,746,270
Net Cash from operating activities	69,260,927	386,540,272

	2012	/ 2011
Note	Rupees	Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Fixed capital expenditure incurred	(49,316,316)	(60,405,165)
Intangible assets acquired	(4,305,615)	(302,660)
Sale proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	31,243,564	13,235,273
Net cash used in investing activities	(22,378,367)	(47,472,552)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of finance lease liabilities - net	(19,483,549)	(41,411,288)
Long term loan obtained	50,000,000	-
Long term loan repaid	(99,946,763)	(42,287,293)
Increase/(decrease) in short-term bank borrowings - net	64,308,622	(266,860,966)
Dividend paid	(48,512,669)	(40,779,597)
Net cash used in financing activities	(53,634,359)	(391,339,144)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(6,751,799)	(52,271,424)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	13,213,890	65,485,314
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year 22	6,462,091	13,213,890
	-	

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

### Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For The Year Ended 31 December 2012

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		Revenue Reserves			
	Share Capital	General Reserve	Unappropriated Profit	Sub Total	Total
			Rupees		
Balance as at 01 January 2011	165,277,431	114,000,000	246,152,632	360,152,632	525,430,063
Final dividend @ Rs. 2.50 per share for the year ended 31 December 2010	-	-	(41,319,358)	(41,319,358)	(41,319,358)
Issuance of bonus shares @ 10%	16,527,739	-	(16,527,739)	(16,527,739)	-
Incremental depreciation relating to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - net	-		5,322,209	5,322,209	5,322,209
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	92,226,968	92,226,968	92,226,968
Balance as at 31 December 2011	181,805,170	114,000,000	285,854,712	399,854,712	581,659,882
Final dividend @ Rs. 3.00 per share for the year ended 31 December 2011	-	-	(54,541,551)	(54,541,551)	(54,541,551)
Incremental depreciation relating to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - net	-	-	4,789,988	4,789,988	4,789,988
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	101,706,594	101,706,594	101,706,594
Balance as at 31 December 2012	181,805,170	114,000,000	337,809,743	451,809,743	633,614,913

The annexed notes from 1 to 40 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

ANEES AHMAD KHAN DIRECTOR



### 1. THE GROUP OPERATIONS AND REGISTERED OFFICE

1.1 The Highnoon Group comprises of Holding Company Highnoon Laboratories Limited ("HNL") and a wholly owned Subsidiary company Dynalog Services (Private) Limited ("DSL").

HNL was incorporated as a private limited company in Pakistan in year 1984 under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and converted into an unquoted public limited company in the year 1985. Its shares are quoted on all stock exchanges in Pakistan since November 1994. HNL is principally engaged in the manufacture, import and marketing of pharmaceutical and allied consumer products. The registered office of HNL the Group is situated at 17.5 Km, Multan Road, Lahore.

DSL was incorporated as a private limited company in Pakistan on 27 April 2004 under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and made a wholly owned subsidiary Company of HNL in September 2004. DSL is principally engaged in the business of trading and distribution of pharmaceutical and other products. The registered office of DSL is situated at 17.5 Km, Multan Road, Lahore.

1.2 The management of DSL has decided to discontinue the subsidiary's operations in year 2008 and accordingly since then the financial statements of DSL have been prepared on non-going concern basis and the related assets and liabilities approximate their realizable value.

DSL has filed application for the de-registration, under "Company Easy Exit Scheme (CEES)" introduced by SECP vide its circular no. 23/2012 dated 20 June 2012. DSL meets all the requirements of the CEES and has been notified by SECP vide it notice No.CEES-2012/1502-04/8147 dated 27 November 2012 for this purpose.

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

### 2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

### 2.2 Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements includes the financial statements of Highnoon Laboratories Limited and its wholly owned subsidiary "Dynalog Services (Private) Limited". The financial statements of DSL has been prepared for the period starting 01 January 2012 to 15 August 2012 due to reason mentioned in Note 1.2 to these consolidated financial statements.

The assets and liabilities of subsidiary company have been consolidated on line by line basis and carrying value of investment held by the parent company is eliminated against the subsidiary's shareholder's equity in the consolidated financial statements. Intra-group balances, transactions, income and expenses have also been eliminated. Unrealized gains arising on intragroup transactions recognized in assets are also eliminated. Unrealized losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealized gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Dunge



### 2.3 New and amended standards and interpretations become effective

The Group has adopted the following new and amended IFRS and IFRIC interpretations which became effective during the year:

IFRS 7 – Financial Instruments: Disclosures - Enhanced De-recognition Disclosure Requirements (Amendment)

IAS 32 - Financial Instruments: Presentation - Classification of Rights Issues (Amendment)

IAS 12 - Income Taxes - Recovery of Underlying Assets (Amendment)

The adoption of the above standards, amendments, interpretations and improvements did not have any material effect on the financial statements.

### 2.4 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following revised standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

Effective Date

Standard	or Interpretation	(Annual Periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 7 -	Financial Instruments : disclosures - (amendments)	
-	Amendments enhancing disclosures about offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities	01 January 2013
IAS 1 -	Presentation of Financial Statements – Presentation of items of other comprehensive income	01 July 2012
IAS 19 -	Employee Benefits – (Amendment)	01 January 2013
IAS 32 -	Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial liabilities – (Amendment)	01 January 2014

The Group expects that the adoption of the above revision, amendments and interpretation of the standards will not affect the Group's financial statements in the period of initial application other than the amendments to IAS 19 'Employees Benefits' as described below:

Amendments to IAS 19 range from fundamental changes to simple clarification and re-wording. The significant changes include the following:

- For defined benefit plans, the ability to defer recognition of actuarial gains and losses (i.e., the corridor approach) has been removed. As revised, actuarial gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income when they occur. Amounts recorded in profit and loss are limited to current and past service costs, gains or losses on settlements, and net interest income (expense). All other changes in the net defined benefit asset (liability) are recognized in other comprehensive income with no subsequent recycling to profit and loss.

### 2.4 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

- The distinction between short-term and other long-term employee benefits will be based on the expected timing of settlement rather than the employee's entitlement to the benefits.
- Objectives for disclosures of defined benefit plans are explicitly stated in the revised standard, along with new or revised disclosure requirements. These new disclosures include quantitative information of the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to a reasonably possible change in each significant actuarial assumption.

While the Group is currently assessing the full impact of the above amendments which are effective from 1 January 2013 on the financial statements, it is expected that the adoption of the said amendments will result in change in the Group's accounting policy related to recognition of actuarial gains and losses (refer to note 10.2 to the financial statements) to recognize actuarial gains and losses in total in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. The potential impact of the said changes on the financial position and performance for the year 2013 is estimated as under:

	Rupces
Net increase in employees' benefit liability	19,718,230
Net increase in other comprehensive loss	19,718,230
Net increase / decrease in profit or loss for the year	-

### Improvements to IFRS

In addition to the above amendments, improvements to various accounting standards have also been issued by the IASB. Such improvements are generally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2013. The Group expects that such improvements to the standards will not have any material impact on the Group's financial statements in the period of initial application.

In addition to the above, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

Standard	IASB effective date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement	01 January 2015
IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements	01 January 2013
IFRS 11 - Joint Arrangements	01 January 2013
IFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	01 January 2013
IFRS 13 - Fair Value Measurement	01 January 2013

### 3. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

### 3.1 Accounting convention

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for revaluation of certain assets as referred to in note 16, valuation of subsidiary's assets and liabilities at net relizeable value and recognition of certain employees retirement benefits at present value. In these financial statements, except for the cash flow statement, all the transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.



### 3.2 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak rupee, which is the functional and presentation currency of the Group.

### 3.3 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to Group's financial statements or where judgments were exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

Notos

		Notes
-	staff retirement benefits	4.3
-	property, plant and equipment	4.6
-	residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment	4.6
-	impairment	4.13
-	taxation	4.17
-	provisions	4.20

### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as mentioned in note 2.3.

### 4.2 Segment Reporting

The key financial decision maker consider the whole business as one operating segment.

### 4.3 Staff retirement benefits

Defined benefit plan

The Group operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for all of its permanent employees, under which benefits are paid on cessation of employment subject to a minimum qualifying period of service.

Qualified actuaries have carried out the valuation as at 31 December 2012. The projected unit credit method with the following significant assumptions was used for the valuation of this scheme:

		2012	2011
_	Discount rate	11% per annum	12.5% per annum
-	Expected rate of increase in salary	10% per annum	11.5% per annum
-	Expected average remaining working life time	14 years	14 years

### 4.3 Staff retirement benefits

The Group's policy with regard to actuarial gains/losses is to follow minimum recommended approach under IAS 19 "Employees Benefits" by which actuarial gains/losses exceeding 10 % of present value of benefit obligation are amortized over a period of five years.

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### **Defined contribution plan**

The Group also operates a recognized provident fund scheme for all of its permanent employees in accordance with the trust deed and rules made there under. Equal monthly contributions are made to the fund by the Group and employees at the rate of 8.33% of basic salary and cost of living

### Compensated leave absences

Provision for compensated absences is made to the extent of value of accumulated accrued leaves / leave fare assistance of the employees at the balance sheet date as per entitlement on the basis of last drawn salary. A maximum of 10 un-availed leaves are allowed to be carried forward for a maximum of one year.

### 4.4 Foreign currency translation

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currency are translated into rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are stated at fair value are translated into rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date when fair values are determined. Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into Pak rupees at exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. All exchange gains/losses are taken to profit and loss account currently.

### 4.5 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially carried at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

### 4.6 Property, plant and equipment

### Owned operating assets

These are stated at cost or revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment except for freehold land, which is stated at revalued amount. Revaluation is carried out every five years unless earlier revaluation is necessitated.

Deprecation is charged on reducing balance method at the rates in note 16.1 to write off the cost / revalued amount of an asset over its estimated useful life. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted, if its impact on depreciation is significant. Full month's depreciation is charged on additions, while no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal or deletion of assets. Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets relating to incremental depreciation (net of deferred taxation) is transferred directly to Unappropriated profit.

Gains and losses on disposal of fixed assets are included in income currently, except that the related surplus on revaluation of fixed assets (net of deferred taxation) is transferred directly to Unappropriated profit.



### 4.6 Property, plant and equipment

Normal repairs and maintenance is charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred, while major renewals and replacements are capitalized if it is probable that the respective future economic benefits will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably, and assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

### Leasehold assets

Leases, where all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased assets have been transferred to the Group, are classified as finance leases. Assets subject to finance lease are stated at the lower of present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreements and the fair value of the leased assets at the commencement of lease, less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment loss.

The related rental obligations, net of finance costs, are included in liabilities against assets subject to finance lease as referred to in note 8. The liabilities are classified as current and long term depending upon the timing of the payment.

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance costs so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the balance outstanding. The interest element of the rental is charged to profit and loss account over the lease term.

Assets acquired under finance lease are depreciated over the useful lives of assets on reducing balance method at the rates given in note 16.1 The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted, if its impact on depreciation is significant. Depreciation of leased assets is charged to profit and loss account. Depreciation on additions in leased assets is charged from the month in which an asset is acquired while no depreciation is charged for the month in which the asset is disposed off/transferred to freehold assets.

### Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss and includes the expenditures on material, labour and appropriate overheads directly relating to the project. These costs are transferred to fixed assets as and when assets are available for intended use.

### 4.7 Intangible assets and amortization

Intangible assets includes Intellectual Property, Rights, Trademarks and Software, which are non-monetary assets without physical substance. These are recognized at cost, which comprises its purchase price, non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable expenditures.

After initial recognition, an intangible asset is carried at its cost less accumulated amortization and any identified impairment loss. Amortization is charged to the profit and loss account on monthly basis by following the straight line method over a maximum period of ten years. Amortization on additions is charged from the month when the asset is put to use, while for disposals, no amortization is charged in the month of disposal.

At each financial year end, the Group reviews the recoverable amounts of intangible assets to assess impairment loss. If such indication exists, impairment losses are recognized as an expense.

Subsequent expenditures on intangible assets are recognized as an expense when it is incurred unless the expenditure will enable the asset to generate future economic benefits in excess of its originally assessed standard of performance.

### 4.8 Borrowing costs

Finance cost on long term liabilities / lease liabilities which are specifically obtained for the acquisition of qualifying assets i.e. assets that take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, are capitalized up to the date of commissioning of respective asset. All other interest, mark-up and expenses are charged to profit and loss account in the period in which they are incurred.

### 4.9 Investments

### Investments available for sale - Quoted securities

Investment intended to be held for an unidentified period of time which may be sold in response to need for liquidity or changes to interest rates, exchange rates or equity prices are classified as available for sale.

Investments classified as "available for sale" are initially measured at cost, being the fair value of consideration given. At subsequent reporting dates, these investments are measured at fair value. The investments for which quoted price is not available, are measured at cost as it is not possible to apply any other valuation methodology.

Unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented within equity as reserve. Cumulative gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are included in the net profit and loss for the period in which an investment is derecognized or determined to be impaired.

All "regular way" purchases and sales of shares are recognized on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Group commits to purchase/sell the asset.

### 4.10 Stock in trade

These are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the following basis:-

Raw materials - on moving average

Work-in-process - at estimated manufacturing cost including appropriate

overheads

Finished goods

- Imported - on moving average

Local - on annual average manufacturing cost including appro-

priate overheads

Merchandise in transit / pledged - at invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

### 4.11 Trade debts

These are initially carried at original invoice amount, which is the fair value of consideration to be received in future and subsequently measured at amortized cost less impairment loss, if any. A provision for impairment of trade debts is established when there is an objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivable.



### 4.12 Cash and cash equivalents

These are carried in balance sheet at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and balance with banks in current accounts.

### 4.13 Impairment

The carrying amount of the assets except for inventories are reviewed at each balance sheet date to identify the circumstances indicating the occurrence of impairment loss or reversal of previously recognized impairment losses. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of such asset is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates cash flows that largely are independent from other assets and groups.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of such asset is increased to the extent that it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, if no impairment loss has been charged. A reversal of the impairment loss is recognized in income.

### 4.14 Revenue recognition

Revenue from local sales is recognized when risk and reward incidental to ownership are transferred i.e. on dispatch of goods to the customers. Export goods are considered dispatched when bill of lading is prepared for shipment to customers.

Service income is recognized when related services are rendered.

Return on bank deposits is accounted for on time proportion basis and other income is recognized on accrual basis.

### 4.15 Transactions with related parties and transfer pricing

The Group under the direction of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan's Notification SRO 66(I)/ 2003 dated 22 January 2003 adopted the following policies of transfer pricing for the determination of arm's length prices with subsidiary company/associated companies/related parties except for the assets sold to employees at written down value under the employee's car scheme as approved by the Board of Directors.

Associated companies / related parties Cost plus method

Parties are said to be related, if they are able to influence the operating and financial decisions of the Group and vice versa.

### 4.16 Research and development cost

These costs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred, except for any development costs which are recognized as intangible assets when it is probable that the development project will be a success and certain criteria, including commercial and technological feasibility have been met.

### 4.17 Taxation

Income tax on profit and loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax.

### Current

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year determined in accordance with Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and prevailing tax rates after taking into account applicable tax credits and rebates, if any. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

### Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the amounts attributed to assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

Carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when differences reverse based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited in income except for deferred tax asset/liability arising on deficit/surplus on revaluation of fixed assets which is adjusted against the related surplus as per the requirements of revised IAS 12 "Income Taxes".

### 4.18 Dividend

Dividend to shareholders is recognized as a liability in the period in which it is approved.

### 4.19 Financial instruments

These comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Significant financial assets include trade debts, advances and deposits, other receivables and cash and bank balances. Significant financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables, liabilities in respect of leased assets and mark up payable on bank borrowings.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and assets and liabilities are stated at fair value. The Group derecognizes the financial asset and liabilities when it ceases to be a party to such

contractual provisions of the instruments. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to profit and loss account currently. The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statement associated with each item.



2012

2011

### 4.19 Financial instruments

### Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the Group has legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and the Group intends to settle either on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### 4.20 Provisions

5.

A provision is recognized when the Group has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation of which reliable estimate can be made.

	Note	Rupees	Rupees
SHARE CAPITAL			
Issued, subscribed and paid-up			
5,905,000 (2011: 5,905,000) ordinary shares			
of Rs. 10 each fully paid in cash		59,050,000	59,050,000
95,000 (2011: 95,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10 each issued for consideration other than cash	5.1	950,000	950,000
12,180,517 (2011: 12,180,517) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued as bonus shares		121,805,170	121,805,170
		181,805,170	181,805,170

**5.1** This represents the issuance of shares against the purchase of plant and machinery and other assets.

5.2	Reconciliation of issued, subscribed and paid-up ordinary shares	2012 / 20 (Number of Shares	
	Outstanding at the beginning Bonus shares issued during the year	18,180,517 -	16,527,743 1,652,774
	Outstanding at the year end	18,180,517	18,180,517

	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
6.	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF FIXED ASSETS		
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at 01 January	208,945,300	217,133,314
	Addition during the year	75,885,134	-
	Incremental depreciation relating to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - transferred to unappropriated profit		
	Net of deferred tax	(4,789,988)	(5,322,209)
	Related deferred tax liability	(2,579,224)	(2,865,805)
		(7,369,212)	(8,188,014)
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets as at 31 December	277,461,222	208,945,300
	Less: Related deferred tax liability on:		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	25,792,245	28,658,050
	Addition during the year	21,792,797	-
	Incremental depreciation relating to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - transferred to unappropriated profit	(2,579,224)	(2,865,805)
	10.1	45,005,818	25,792,245
		232,455,404	183,153,055

6.1 This represent surplus arising on revaluation of freehold land and building on freehold land, plant and machinery both owned and leased carried out in 1995, 1999, 2004, 2007 and 2012 respectively. This has been adjusted by incremental depreciation arising due to revaluation net of deferred tax. The latest revaluation of land, building on freehold land and plant and machinery was carried out on 31 December 2012 by M/S Surval which resulted in a surplus of Rs. 75,885,134.

			2012	2011
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
7.	LONG TERM LOANS - SECURED			
	Habib Bank Limited - Term Loan I	7.1	-	51,301,763
	Habib Bank Limited - Term Loan II	7.2	50,000,000	-
	Faysal Bank Limited	7.3	-	48,645,000
	Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities	14	-	42,287,293
			50,000,000	57,659,470



- 7.1 This loan was obtained for the purpose of expansion and carried mark-up at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 2.25% per annum. The effective mark-up charged during the year was 13.79% (2011: 15.69%) of the average outstanding loan facility. The amount outstanding as at 31 December 2011 was although repayable in 7 equal quarterly installments but HNL has repaid entire balance during the year in pursuit of minimising cost of capital employed. This loan along with working capital facilities provided by the bank was secured by way of first pari passu charge for Rs. 362 million on fixed assets and first joint pari passu hypothecation charge of Rs. 230 million on stocks including but not limited to raw materials, medicines, goods in process and finished goods of HNL.
- 7.2 This loan has been obtained to finance the expansion of production facility and carries mark-up at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 1.50% per annum. The effective mark-up charged during the year was 10.95% of outstanding loan facility. The loan is repayable in 16 quarterly installments starting after 15 months grace period from date of draw down. This loan along with working capital facilities provided by the bank are secured by way of first pari passu charge for Rs. 362 million on fixed assets and first joint pari passu hypothecation charge of Rs. 230 million on stocks including but not limited to raw materials, medicines, goods in process and finished goods of HNL.
- 7.3 The loan of Rs. 64.860 million was obtained in 2009 for financing the acquisition of Blokium trade mark and carries mark-up at the rate of three months KIBOR plus 2.75% per annum. The effective mark-up charged during the year was 14.21% (2011: 15.96%) of the average outstanding loan amount. The amount outstanding as at 31 December 2011 was repayable in 15 equal quarterly installments, however, HNL has repaid the entire balance during the year in pursuit of minimizing cost of capital employed. This loan along with working capital facilities provided by the bank was secured by way of first pari passu charge of Rs. 69.25 million on the present and future current assets of HNL and first pari passu charge of Rs. 83.65 million on present and future fixed assets of HNL.

	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
8. LIABILITIES AGAINST ASSETS SUB TO FINANCE LEASE	JECT		
Present value of minimum lease paymen Less: Current portion shown under current		27,968,462 15,163,223	26,313,224 15,016,952
		12,805,239	11,296,272
		2012	
	Minimum lease payments	Finance cost for future periods	Principal outstanding
		Rupees	
Not later than one year Later than one year but not later than five years	17,770,521 14,000,804 31,771,325	2,607,298 1,195,565 3,802,863	15,163,223 12,805,239 27,968,462
	<u> </u>		

_		2011	
	Minimum lease payments	Finance cost for future periods	Principal outstanding
		Rupees	
Not later than one year	17,778,886	2,761,934	15,016,952
Later than one year but not later than five years	12,421,672	1,125,400	11,296,272
_	30,200,558	3,887,334	26,313,224
		2012	2011
Salient features of the leases are as follow	s:	,	
Discounting factor		12.50% - 15.61%	14.50% - 16.50%
Period of lease		36 months	36 months
Security deposits		5% - 10%	5% - 10%

The HNL has entered into finance lease arrangements with various financial institutions for lease of plant and machinery and vehicles as shown in note 16.1. The liabilities under these arrangements are payable in monthly installments and above mentioned mark-up rates are used as discounting factor to determine the present value of minimum lease payments.

All lease agreements carry renewal option at the end of lease period and HNL intends to exercise its option to purchase the leased assets upon completion of the respective lease terms. Residual value of the leased assets has already been paid at the inception of the lease in the form of security deposit. There are no financial restrictions imposed by lessors. Taxes, repairs, replacements and insurance costs are borne by the lessee.

		Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
9.	LONG TERM ADVANCES			
	Balance at 31 December		20,011,714	38,380,435
	Less: Current portion	14	6,414,169	23,438,157
			13,597,545	14,942,278

These represent advances taken from employees against future sale of vehicles as per HNL policy.



		Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
10. DEFI	ERRED LIABILITIES			
Taxa Grati		10.1 10.2	120,483,754 162,553,480 283,037,234	96,861,972 168,994,803 265,856,775
10.1	Taxable/(deductible) temporary differences arising in respect of :	S		
	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets Accelerated tax depreciation Finance lease Provision for doubtful debts Provision for gratuity	6	45,005,818 89,085,759 4,004,302 (363,963) (17,248,162) 120,483,754	25,792,245 83,577,293 11,753,678 (4,758,622) (19,502,622) 96,861,972
10.2	The net value of un-funded defined benefit obligation as at valuation date was as follows:			
	Present value of defined benefit obligation Unrecognized actuarial losses Non-vested past service cost Benefits due but not paid Net liability as at 31 December		183,147,140 (19,718,230) (945,430) 70,000 162,553,480	188,823,998 (18,706,687) (1,890,859) 768,351 168,994,803
10.2.	The following is movement in the net recog liability for gratuity:	gnized		
	Liability as at 01 January  Amount recognized during the year  Benefit payments made by HNL  Liability as at 31 December	10.2.3	168,994,803 45,929,410 (52,370,733) 162,553,480	138,544,564 40,681,629 (10,231,390) 168,994,803

<b>2012</b> Rupees	/ 2011 Rupees
188,823,998 21,380,981 23,603,000 - (51,672,382) 1,011,543	159,003,810 18,897,089 20,670,495 1,890,859 (768,351) (9,220,028) (1,649,876)
21,380,981 23,603,000 945,429 - 45,929,410	18,897,089 20,670,495 - 1,114,045 40,681,629
	Rupees  188,823,998 21,380,981 23,603,000 - (51,672,382) 1,011,543  183,147,140  21,380,981 23,603,000

### **10.2.4** Historical information for gratuity plan

	2012	2011	<b>2010</b> Rupees	2009	2008
Present value of defined benefits obligations	183,147,140	188,823,998	159,003,810	132,771,040	115,195,393
Experience adjustment arising on plan liabilities (gain) / losses	1,011,543	(1,649,876)	3,184,301	(5,348,203)	8,415,367



	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	/ 2011 Rupees
11. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
Trade creditors Bills payable Advances from customers Accrued expenses Income tax deducted at source Workers' Profit Participation Fund Payable to Central Research Fund Payable to Provident Fund Trust Unclaimed dividends Payable to Employees Welfare Trust	11.1 11.2	71,876,980 9,172,474 23,090,485 68,570,239 2,931,288 8,324,918 1,468,567 2,588,463 11,066,134 258,579	61,183,568 16,936,426 36,453,542 52,850,837 2,196,686 7,832,389 1,455,952 2,695,815 5,037,252 231,800
		199,348,127	186,874,267

### **11.1** This includes a balance amounting to Rs. 925,936 (2011: Rs. Nil) due to Route-2, an associated company.

### 11.2 Workers' Profit Participation Fund

Balance at the beginning of the year Add: Provision for the year	29	7,832,389 8,324,918	5,745,436 7,832,388
		16,157,307	13,577,824
Add: Interest on funds utilized HNL	30	81,902	70,110
		16,239,209	13,647,934
Less: Paid during the year to the trustees of	the fund	7,914,291	5,815,545
		8,324,918	7,832,389

Mark-up @ 18.75% (2011: 18.75%) is provided on unpaid balance of the fund in accordance with the rules of the Fund.

		2012	/ 2011
		Rupees	Rupees
12.	MARKUP PAYABLE ON SECURED LOANS		
	On long term loans	390,000	3,689,283
	On short term borrowings	6,198,896	6,746,787
		6,588,896	10,436,070

**2012 2011**Note Rupees Rupees

### 13. SHORT TERM BANK BORROWINGS - SECURED

Running finance 13.1 & 13.2 230,599,758 166,291,136

- 13.1 Short term running finances are availed from various banks against aggregate sanctioned limit of Rs. 655 million (2011: Rs. 715 million). These facilities have various maturity dates up to 31 October 2013 and renewable on the date of maturity. These facilities carry mark-up rates ranging from one month KIBOR to six months KIBOR plus 100 to 150 basis points (2011: one month KIBOR to six months KIBOR plus 150 to 175 basis points) per annum. These facilities along with import credit facility are secured by way of first pari passu charge for Rs. 532 million on fixed assets and first joint pari passu hypothecation charge of Rs. 693 million on stocks including but not limited to raw materials, medicines, goods in process and finished goods of HNL.
- **13.2** Out of total outstanding borrowing facility, an amount of Rs. 35 million (2011:Rs. 35 million) represents Export Refinance Facility obtained from a commercial bank under SBP regulations at a subsidised mark up rate of 9.5% per annum (2011:10% per annum).
- 13.3 HNL also has aggregate sanctioned import credit facilities negotiated with various banks amounting to Rs. 275 million (2011: Rs. 673 million). These facilities carry mark-up rates ranging from one month KIBOR to six months KIBOR plus 125 to 150 basis points (2011: one month KIBOR to six months KIBOR plus 125 to 150 basis points) per annum. These available facilities are secured by way of joint pari passu, ranking hypothecation charge over present and future current assets of HNL as mentioned above in Note 13.1 and lien on export documents or firm contracts and have various maturity dates.

14. CURRENT PORTION OF LONG TERM LIABILITI	Note <b>ES</b>	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
Long term loan Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Long term advances	7 8 9	- 15,163,223 6,414,169 21,577,392	42,287,293 15,016,952 23,438,157 80,742,402



### 15. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

### Contingencies

- While finalizing income tax assessments of HNL for the tax year 2005, income tax authorities made certain add backs with aggregate tax impact of Rs. 12,600,136. HNL has filed appeal before Commission Inland Revenue (Appeals) which is pending for adjudication, pending finalization of appeal, no provision has been made by HNL, as the management expects a favorable outcome of such appeal.
- Bank guarantees issued on behalf of HNL aggregate to Rs. 4.620 million (2011: Rs. 4.620 million).
- HNL has not acknowledged the demand relating to sales tax/central excise duty amounting to Rs.12.057 million (2011: Rs. 12.057 million) as debt as the matter is pending for adjudication. An amount of Rs. 10.086 million (2011: Rs. 10.086 million) has been deposited under protest and is shown under other receivables in note 22.
- Facilities of letters of guarantee amounting to Rs. 20 million (2011: Rs. 20 million) are available to HNL under hypothecation/pledge of stocks and on present and future current assets and property, plant and equipment of HNL.

**2012** / **2011** (Rupees in '000')

### Commitments

Commitments against irrevocable letters of credit include:

Raw materials	110,085	100,988
Packing materials	15,866	17,017
Furniture	6,141	-

			2012	2011
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
16.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating assets (owned)	16.1	725,222,184	641,523,276
	Operating assets (leased)	16.1	39,409,322	59,895,163
	Capital work-in-progress	16.2	13,233,582	13,632,715
			777,865,088	715,051,154

# 16.1 Operating assets (owned) / leased

Reconciliation of the carrying amounts at the beginning and end of the year is as follows:

							1	ear eilded 31 De	Jecellinei zu iz	7						
					Operating	Operating fixed assets - owned	- owned					Total	Assets su	Assets subject to finance lease	ice lease	Total
	Land - freehold	Building on freehold Iand	Plant and machinery	Laboratory equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Electric and gas appliances	Office equipment	Vehicles	Library books	Neon sign	Arms and ammunition	operating fixed assets - owned	Plant and machinery	Vehicles	Total Assets subject to finance lease	operating fixed assets
							Rupees	es								
								}								
At 01 January 2012																
Cost	149,820,000	274,178,069	480,930,263	18,079,590	14,397,658	23,743,079	51,307,151	83,067,846	52,806	204,990	166,100	1,095,947,552	18,124,623	32 884 648	102,773,009	1,198,720,561
Net Book Value	149,820,000	148,050,462		12,169,160	6,449,773	9,237,236	28,601,312	33,825,386	3,829	696,811	72,970	641,523,276	8,131,426	51,763,737	59,895,163	701,418,439
Mocomont during the year																
Movement unimg me year																
Opening net book value Addition - cost	149,820,000	149,820,000 148,050,462 - 25,124,496	253,174,179 14,487,116	12,169,160 2,475,500	6,449,773 93,000	9,237,236 914,318	28,601,312 3,092,018	33,825,386 3,529,001	3,829		72,970	641,523,276 49,715,449	8,131,426	51,763,737 17,655,500	59,895,163 17,655,500	701,418,439 67,370,949
Revaluation adjustment																
Cost	13,620,000	18,576,640	107,912,637	,								140,109,277				140,109,277
Depreciation		8,760,181	55,463,962	,	•	,	•	ı	,		,	64,224,143			,	64,224,143
	13,620,000	9,816,459	52,448,675					,   	j    -			75,885,134	j  -		,	75,885,134
Transfer from leasehold assets																
Cost	•		18,124,623	,	•	•		46,186,500						(46,186,500)	(64,311,123)	•
Depreciation	1	•	9,993,196	1	1	1	1	25,797,950	-	-		35,791,146	=	(25,797,950)	(35,791,146)	•
	1		8,131,427					20,388,550				28,519,977	(8,131,427)	(20,388,550)	(28,519,977)	
Disposals																
Cost				,		119,900	1,566,069	36,802,337				38,488,306				38,488,306
Depreciation						73,446	377,350	22,500,226				22,951,022			-	22,951,022
Depreciation charge for the year		15.014.417	26.196.397	1.326.687	650,444	46,454 982,203	1,188,/19	7.839.966	383	11.897	7.297	54.884.368		9.621.364	9.621.364	15,537,284
Closing net book value	163,440,000	167,977,000	302,045,000	13,317,973	5,892,329	9,122,897	27,649,934	35,600,860	3,446	107,072	65,673	725,222,184	(1)	39,409,323	39,409,322	764,631,506
At 31 December 2012																
Cost	163,440,000	317,879,205	621,454,639	20,555,090	14,490,658	24,537,497	52,833,100	95,981,010	52,806	204,990	166,100	1,311,595,095		56,117,386	56,117,386	1,367,712,481
Accumulated Depreciation		149,902,205	319,409,639	7,237,117	8,598,329	15,414,600	25,183,166	60,380,150	49,360	91,918	100,427	586,272,911	-	16,708,063		703,080,975
Net book value	163,440,000		167,977,000 302,045,000	13,317,973	5,892,329	9,122,897	27,649,934	35,600,860	3,446	107,072	65,673	725,222,184	(1)	39,409,323	39,409,322	764,631,506
Depreciation rates	%0	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	20%	10%	10%	10%		10%	20%		

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For The Year Ended 31 December 2012 The Consolidated Financial Statements

# Operating assets (owned) / leased

Reconciliation of the carrying amounts at the beginning and end of the year is as follows:

20	-														An	nua	al Re	port	20	)12	/	Ηi	gh	inoon l
	Net book value	Accumulated Depreciation	Cost	At 31 December 2011	Closing net book value	Depreciation charge for the year		Depreciation	Cost	Disposals		Depreciation	Cost	Transfer from leasehold assets	Department - cost	Opening net book value	Movement during the year	Net Book Value	Accumulated Depreciation	Cost	At 01 January 2011			
00%	149,820,000		149,820,000		149,820,000			1				1	1			149,820,000		149,820,000		149,820,000				Land - freehold
100/	148,050,462	126,127,607	274,178,069		148,050,462	14,133,932	•				,		-		11,710,070	139,444,316		139,444,316	111,993,675	251,437,991				Building on freehold land
100/	253,174,179	227,756,084	480,930,263		253,174,179	25,880,933							1		# #,500 i, 111	256,753,701		256,753,701	201,875,151	458,628,852				Plant and machinery
100/	12,169,160	5,910,430	18,079,590		12,169,160	963,776		'				-	-		1,712,711	8,420,225		8,420,225	4,946,654	13,366,879				Laboratory equipment
100/	6,449,773	7,947,885	14,397,658		6,449,773	602,173		,							1,000	5,804,486		5,804,486	7,345,712	13,150,198				Furniture and fixtures
100/	9,237,236	14,505,843	23,743,079		9,237,236	1,007,335			,						100,000	10,045,966		10,045,966	13,498,508	23,544,474				Electric and gas appliances
100/	28,601,312	22,705,839	51,307,151		28,601,312	3,119,438	318,323	240,442	558,765						1,001,000	29,947,067		29,947,067	19,826,843	49,773,910		:	Rupees	Office equipment
7000	33,825,386	49,242,460	83,067,846		33,825,386	5,727,378	7,386,158	7,224,256	14,610,414		19,157,558	26,272,948	45,430,506		0,000,000	21,430,430		20,877,364	24,466,390	45,343,754			es	Vehicles
100/	3,829	48,977	52,806		3,829	425		,					1			4,254		4,254	48,552	52,806				Library books
100/	118,969	86,021	204,990		118,969	13,219		,	1				•			132,188		132,188	72,802	204,990				Neon sign
100/	72,970	93,130	166,100		72,970	4,774		,			,				00,000	17,744		17,744	88,356	106,100				Arms and ammunition
	641,523,276	454,424,276	166,100 1,095,947,552		641,523,276	51,453,383	7,704,481	7,464,698	15,169,179		19,157,558	26,272,948	45,430,506		00,000	621,820,377		621,267,311	384,162,643	106,100 1,005,429,954				operating fixed assets - owned
100/	8,131,427	9,993,196	18,124,623		8,131,427	903,492		,	,							9,034,919		9,034,919	9,089,704	18,124,623				Plant and machinery
700/	51,763,737	32,884,649	84,648,386		51,763,737	13,021,357		,			(19,157,558) (19,157,558)	(26,272,948)	(45,430,506) (45,430,506)		1,000,000	66,082,152		66,082,152	46,136,240					Vehicles
	59,895,163	42,877,845	102,773,009		59,895,163	13,924,849		,	,		(19,157,558)	(26,272,948) (26,272,948)	(45,430,506)		17,000,000	75,117,071		75,117,070	55,225,945	130,343,015				Assets Subject to finance lease
	701,418,439	496,749,055	102,773,009 1,198,720,561		701,418,439	65,378,232	7,704,481	7,464,698	15,169,179		,	-	•		70,110,771	696,937,448		696,384,381	439,385,588	130,343,015 1,135,772,969				operating fixed assets



<b>16.1.1</b> Depreciation charge has been	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	/ 2011 Rupees
allocated as under:			
Cost of sales	24	44,109,021	43,569,519
Distribution, selling and promotional expenses	s 26	9,079,891	9,749,342
Administrative and general expenses	27	11,316,820	12,059,371
		64,505,732	65,378,232

16.1.2 Land, building on freehold land and plant and machinery were first revalued on 30 June 1995, resulting in a surplus of Rs. 68,809,377. Subsequently land, building on freehold land and plant and machinery were revalued on 30 June 1999 resulting in a surplus of Rs. 48,731,393. Land, building on freehold land and plant and machinery were again revalued on 31 May 2004 and 31 December 2004 respectively by M/S Hamid Mukhtar & Co., which resulted in a surplus of Rs. 168,473,204 over the net book value of assets. The revaluation of land was also carried out on 19 January 2007 by M/S Surval which resulted in a surplus of Rs. 67,922,000. The latest revaluation of land, building on freehold land and plant and machinery was carried out on 31 December 2012 by M/S Surval which resulted in a surplus of Rs. 75,885,134 over the net carrying value of assets.

	2012	2011
	Rupees	Rupees
<b>16.1.3</b> Had the assets not been revalued the carrying value would have been:	es	
Land - Freehold	14,566,828	14,566,828
Building on freehold land	132,824,998	119,899,858
Plant and machinery (Owned)	216,708,953	210,347,030
Plant and machinery (Leased)	-	5,417,053
	364,100,779	350,230,769



### 16.1.4 Disposal of property, plant and equipment

<b>Vehicles</b> Kamran Khurshid Suneel Sarfaraz Munj mran Masood Hassan Ur Rehman Ahson Bashir	6,750,000 9,000,000 365,000	4,145,328	Rupees 2,604,672			
Guneel Sarfaraz Munj mran Masood Hassan Ur Rehman	9,000,000		2 604 672			
mran Masood Hassan Ur Rehman			2,004,072	7,200,000	4,595,328	Negotiation
Hassan Ur Rehman	365,000	6,164,677	2,835,323	9,880,000	7,044,677	Negotiation
		250,876	114,124	248,040	133,916	Company Policy
Ahson Bashir	365,000	250,876	114,124	248,040	133,916	Company Policy
	365,000	250,876	114,124	244,740	130,616	Company Policy
hsan Ullah Khattak	849,000	566,923	282,077	571,200	289,123	Company Policy
Nadir Hussain Khan	1,388,000	836,649	551,351	680,000	128,649	Negotiation
Reliance Insurance	403,000	279,278	123,722	300,000	176,278	Insurance Claim
Ahmed Javed Yazadani	403,000	279,729	123,271	290,760	167,489	Company Policy
Ahmed Shahryar	631,352	360,105	271,247	473,991	202,744	Company Policy
Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.	64,500	10,750	53,750	60,000	6,250	Insurance Claim
Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.	65,900	8,787	57,113	63,000	5,887	Insurance Claim
Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.	62,900	27,341	35,559	45,000	9,441	Insurance Claim
Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.	65,500	11,681	53,819	60,000	6,181	Insurance Claim
Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.	65,500	11,681	53,819	60,000	6,181	Insurance Claim
Samuel Nawab	62,900	30,393	32,507	20,000	(12,507)	Company Policy
Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.	62,900	20,128	42,772	60,000	17,228	Insurance Claim
Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.	62,900	18,451	44,449	58,000	13,551	Insurance Claim
Reliance Insurance Co. Ltd.	62,900	30,695	32,205	55,000	22,795	Insurance Claim
Muhammad Ayub Bhatti	657,000	138,186	518,814	124,207	(394,607)	Company Policy
Arif Murtaza	62,900	32,305	30,595	62,900	32,305	Company Policy
Mukhtar Ali Shaikh						Company Policy
Qaiser Mehmood	403,000	281,487	121,513	269,642	148,129	
	62,900	31,668	31,232	62,900	31,668	Company Policy
Naeem Asif Chohan	62,900	28,011	34,889	46,920	12,031	Company Policy
Wajid Khan	50,490	31,459	19,031	50,490	31,459	Company Policy
Kapil Dev Jewani	62,900	30,393	32,507	62,900	30,393	Company Policy
Sajid Ali	62,900	30,337	32,563	62,900	30,337	Company Policy
Muhammad Tariq	62,900	31,232	31,668	62,900	31,232	Insurance Claim
Asif Hussain Bhutta	62,900	30,337	32,563	62,900	30,337	Company Policy
Kashif Aziz	62,900	23,975	38,925	62,900	23,975	Company Policy
Nawaz	62,900	30,337	32,563	62,900	30,337	Company Policy
M. Kashif Farooq	62,900	30,337	32,563	62,900	30,337	Company Policy
Tauseef Ahmad Saleemi	62,900	23,986	38,914	62,900	23,986	Company Policy
Aashiq Mehmood	62,900	22,644	40,256	62,900	22,644	Company Policy
Rao M. Mubashir	62,900	22,644	40,256	62,900	22,644	Company Policy
Nauman Shafqat	62,900	23,975	38,925	62,900	23,975	Company Policy
Abdul Samad	62,900	23,975	38,925	62,900	23,975	Company Policy
Sheikh Raheel Zia	62,900	23,975	38,925	62,900	23,975	Company Policy
Syed Umair Bin Aziz	605,217	416,971	188,246	416,144	227,898	Company Policy
Mastoi Rafique Mustafa	434,509	275,301	159,208	316,786	157,578	Company Policy
Abdul Wali Khan	434,509	239,561	194,948	311,673	116,725	Company Policy
Anis Ur Rehman	395,000	262,401	132,599	288,960	156,361	Company Policy
Abdul Hafeez	408,300	281,302	126,998	276,840	149,842	Company Policy
Rehmat Ullah	395,000	272,045	122,955	268,260	145,305	Company Policy
Hina Rashid	395,000	274,456	120,544	267,960	147,416	Company Policy
Naseeb Ullah	357,000	298,318	58,682	252,199	193,517	Company Policy
Sagib Anwar	365,000	250,876	114,124	248,040	133,916	Insurance Claim
Ch. M. Manzoor	250,000	134,444	115,556	203,322	87,766	Company Policy
Reliance Insurance	62,900	31,500	31,400	50,000	18,600	Insurance Claim
Haibat Khan	65,900	20,154	45,746	65,900	20,154	Company Policy
Muhammad Asif	62,900	32,149	30,751	62,900	32,149	Company Policy
Arif Gulzar	65,900	17,285	48,615	65,900	17,285	Company Policy
Arii Guizar Arshad Ali	65,900	15,450	50,450	65,900	15,450	Company Policy
Najid Khan	65,900	14,644	50,450	65,900	14,644	Company Policy

Sold to	Cost		n Down Valu			Mode of Sale
Vehicles			Rupees			
Muhammad Nasir	62,900	31,668	31,232	62,900	31,668	Company Policy
Syed Wajid Hussain	62,900	25,999	36,901	62,900	25,999	Company Policy
Usman Wahid Bhatti	62,900	31,668	31,232	62,900	31,668	Company Policy
M. Ashfaq Khan	62,900	31,668	31,232	62,900	31,668	Company Policy
Shair Muhammad	62,900	32,149	30,751	62,900	32,149	Company Policy
Muhammad Imran	62,900	32,149	30,751	62,900	32,149	Company Policy
Muhammad Noman	62,900	30,472	32,428	62,900	30,472	Company Policy
Muhammad Rizwan	62,900	30,024	32,876	62,900	30,024	Company Policy
Mubashir Sufyan	62,900	30,304	32,596	62,900	30,304	Company Policy
Qasim Ali Ajaz	62,900	30,024	32,876	62,900	30,024	Company Policy
Muhammad Azeem	62,900	31,590	31,310	62,900	31,590	Company Policy
Aamir Iqbal	62,900	30,024	32,876	62,900	30,024	Company Policy
Bilal Ali	62,900	21,554	41,346	62,900	21,554	Company Policy
Reliance Insurance	65,500	13,537	51,963	60,000	8,037	Insurance Claim
Mehboob Ali Naich	58,500	50,095	8,405	58,500	50,095	Company Policy
Shahzad Nawaz	62,900	23,986	38,914	58,104	19,190	Company Policy
Syed Akhtar Hussain Shah	50,490	30,419	20,071	50,004	29,933	Company Policy
Umair Sharif	62,900	30,024	32,876	56,508	23,632	Company Policy
Jamshaid Khan	54,000	43,526	10,474	54,967	44,493	Company Policy
M. Shahbaz	54,000	37,033	16,967	54,000	37,033	Company Policy
Wajahat Mehmood	51,890	28,865	23,025	51,890	28,865	Company Policy
Ahsan Ali	62,500	35,822	26,678	46,800	20,122	Company Policy
Muhammad Imran	62,900	27,341	35,559	43,725	8,166	Company Policy
Qasim Mehmood	50,490	30,843	19,647	41,796	22,149	Company Policy
Ghulam Asghar	50,490	34,631	15,859	29,484	13,625	Company Policy
Jawad Naeem	849,000	604,650	244,350	571,200	326,850	Company Policy
Shahzad Fareed	395,000	271,185	123,815	125,858	2,043	Company Policy
Aslam Hafeez	4,303,000	2,154,940	2,148,060	2,148,060	-	Company Policy
Asghar Ali	530,000	292,206	237,794	409,234	171,440	Company Policy
Reliance Insurance Co.Ltd	395,000	286,390	108,610	375,000	266,390	Insurance Claim
Reliance Insurance Co.Ltd	395,000	286,390	108,610	360,000	251,390	Insurance Claim
Asim Jehangir Jalali	395,000	272,853	122,147	268,260	146,113	Company Policy
Syed Ahmed Ali Abidi	395,000	272,853	122,147	268,260	146,113	Company Policy
,	36,802,337		14,302,111		16,926,453	. , ,
Computer						
IBM Z60m Notebook	112,000	47,447	64,553	_	(64,553)	Scrap
	61,500	35,190	26,310	-	(26,310)	Scrap
Compaq 2516 A1				-		•
HP 6710b	79,235	27,562	51,673	-	(51,673)	Scrap
Assets having individual cost						
less than Rs. 50,000	1,313,334	267,151	1,046,183	-	(1,046,183)	Scrap
	1,566,069	377,350	1,188,719	-	(1,188,719)	_
Electric and Gas Appliances						
Sony TV	18,000	15,146	2,854	2,000	(854)	Scrap
Air Conditioner Split	101,900	58,300	43,600	13,000	(30,600)	Scrap
·	119,900	73,446	46,454	15,000	(31,454)	·
2012	38,488,306	22,951,022	15,537,284	31,243,564	15,706,280	
2011	15,169,179	7,464,697	7,704,482	13,235,273	5,530,791	_

### Notes / To The Consolidated Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2012

16.2	Note  Capital Work - in - Progress (CWIP)	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
			17 004 000
	Civil works	-	13,281,988
	Plant and machinery - owned	7.057.500	350,727
	Furniture	7,653,582	-
	Advances to suppliers	5,580,000	17 670 715
	16.2.1	13,233,582	13,632,715
16.2.1	Movement of CWIP is as follows:		
	Opening balance as at 01 January	13,632,715	13,483,821
	Addition made during the year		
	Civil works	11 040 E00	24 794 042
	Plant and machinery - owned	11,842,508 13,997,189	24,784,942 22,216,721
	•		22,210,721
	Furniture	7,653,582	-
	Advance for purchase of vehicles	5,580,000	-
	Capitalized during the year	39,073,279	47,001,663
	Civil works	(25,124,496)	(22,261,048)
	Plant and machinery - owned	(14,347,916)	(22,216,721)
	Vehicles - leased	-	(2,375,000)
		(39,472,412)	(46,852,769)
	Closing balance as at 31 December	13,233,582	13,632,715

## 17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

				2012				
		COST		ACCUN	ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION	ISATION	BOOK VALUE	
PARTICULARS	As at 01 January 2012	Additions	As at 31 December 2012	As at 01 January 2012	For the year	As at 31 December 2012	as at 31 December 2012	Rate %
:			Rupees	Rupees				
Registration and trademark (Note 17.1)	154,434,175		154,434,175	56,700,650	15,443,418	72,144,068	82,290,107	10
Computer Software	21,212,996	4,305,615	25,518,611	7,102,704	2,293,092	9,395,796	16,122,815	10
	175,647,171	4,305,615	179,952,786	63,803,354	17,736,510	81,539,864	98,412,922	
				2011				
		COST		ACCUN	ACCUMULATED AMORTISATION	ISATION	BOOK VALUE	
PARTICULARS	As at 01 January 2011	Additions	As at 31 December 2011	As at 01 January 2011	For the year	As at 31 December 2011	as at 31 December 2011	Rate %
			Rupees	Rupees				
Registration and trademark (Note 17.1)	154,434,175		154,434,175	41,257,232	15,443,418	56,700,650	97,733,525	10
Computer Software	20,910,336	302,660	21,212,996	4,988,123	2,114,581	7,102,704	14,110,292	10
	175,344,511	302,660	175,647,171	46,245,355	17,557,999	63,803,354	111,843,817	

17.1 This represents registration and trademarks of brands named as "Tres Orix Forte", "Skilax drops" and "Blokium".



			Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
	17.2	Amortization charge has been allocated as under:			
		Cost of sales Distribution, selling and promotional expenses	24 26	15,443,418 2,293,092 17,736,510	15,443,418 2,114,581 17,557,999
18.	STOC	K IN TRADE			
	Raw n	naterials			
		In hand		224,554,948	218,192,744
		In transit		79,320,620	39,165,327
	Б			303,875,568	257,358,071
	Packir	ng material			
		In hand		83,944,556	68,481,126
		In transit		3,947,721	-
		With third party		-	54,046
				87,892,277	68,535,172
	Work	in process		30,216,205	39,820,419
	Finisł	ned goods			
		In hand		184,459,467	152,766,762
		With third party		150,999	_
				184,610,466	152,766,762
				606,594,516	518,480,424

	Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
19. TRADE DEBTS			
Trade debts - Secured		16,167,547	12,258,928
Unsecured			
Due from related parties			
Associate - Route - 2 Health (Private) Limited	19.1	-	511,850
Others		56,364,423	42,397,094
Considered doubtful		1,039,897	539,247
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	19.2	1,039,897	539,247
		-	
		72,531,970	55,167,872
19.2 Provision for doubtful debts			
Opening balance		539,247	539,247
Addition during the year		500,650 1,039,897	539,247
20. ADVANCES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS  Advances - considered good Staff against: Expenses Salary		8,337,629 4,872,589	15,305,054 4,524,986
Suppliers		10,243,338	22,068,734
Deposits: Securities Bank guarantee margin Prepayments		7,524,369 1,558,085 4,427,650 36,963,660	5,678,000 1,558,085 2,001,233 51,136,092



21. OTHER RECEIVABLES - considered good   Claims receivable				Note	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
21.1   20,436,842   16,774,386   17,204,500   21,115,507   17,204,500	21.	ОТНЕ	ER RECEIVABLES - considered good			
for grant of stay against demand of sales tax/excise duty paid under protest to sales tax department.  22. CASH AND BANK BALANCES  Cash and Imprest Balance with banks - current accounts  2,001,851 1,995,192 11,218,698 13,213,890  23. SALES - net  Manufactured products  Local Export  2,243,285,346 169,328,634 136,252,703 2,412,613,980 2,633,150,795  Purchased products - local Sales compensation - 9,196,382 Third party (toll manufacturing) 252,931,872 2,697,690,306 32,144,454 Less: Discount Sales tax  227,205,798 4,863,529 232,069,327 270,695,666				21.1	20,436,842	16,774,386
Cash and Imprest       2,001,851       1,995,192         Balance with banks - current accounts       4,460,240       11,218,698         6,462,091       13,213,890             23. SALES - net         Manufactured products         Local       2,243,285,346       2,496,898,092         Export       169,328,634       136,252,703         2,412,613,980       2,633,150,795         Purchased products - local       32,144,454       28,114,510         Sales compensation       -       9,196,382         Third party (toll manufacturing)       252,931,872       545,141,467         2,697,690,306       3,215,603,154         Less:       Discount       227,205,798       267,937,108         Sales tax       4,863,529       2,758,558         232,069,327       270,695,666		21.1	for grant of stay against demand of sales			
Balance with banks - current accounts       4,460,240       11,218,698         6,462,091       13,213,890         23. SALES - net         Manufactured products       2,243,285,346       2,496,898,092         Export       169,328,634       2,633,150,795         Purchased products - local       32,144,454       28,114,510         Sales compensation       -       9,196,382         Third party (toll manufacturing)       252,931,872       545,141,467         2,697,690,306       3,215,603,154         Less:       Discount       227,205,798       267,937,108         Sales tax       4,863,529       270,695,666	22.	CAS	H AND BANK BALANCES			
23. SALES - net  Manufactured products  Local Export  Purchased products - local Sales compensation Third party (toll manufacturing)  Less:  Discount Sales tax  Discount Sales tax  6,462,091  13,213,890  2,496,898,092 169,328,634 136,252,703  2,412,613,980 2,633,150,795  2,412,613,980 2,633,150,795  2,412,613,980 2,633,150,795  2,633,		Cash	and Imprest		2,001,851	1,995,192
23. SALES - net  Manufactured products  Local Export  Discount  Discount Sales tax  Discount Sales as Discount Sales tax  Discount Sales SALES - net  Manufactured products  2,243,285,346 169,328,634 136,252,703 2,412,613,980 2,633,150,795 2,633,150,795 2,633,150,795 2,633,150,795 2,633,150,795 2,633,150,795 2,633,150,795 2,633,150,795 2,633,150,795 2,633,150,795 2,633,150,795 2,633,150,795 2,697,690,306 2,793,108 2,758,558 2,758,558 2,758,558		Balar	nce with banks - current accounts		4,460,240	11,218,698
Manufactured products       2,243,285,346       2,496,898,092         Export       169,328,634       136,252,703         2,412,613,980       2,633,150,795         Purchased products - local       32,144,454       28,114,510         Sales compensation       -       9,196,382         Third party (toll manufacturing)       252,931,872       545,141,467         2,697,690,306       3,215,603,154         Less:       227,205,798       267,937,108         Sales tax       4,863,529       2,758,558         232,069,327       270,695,666					6,462,091	13,213,890
Local       2,243,285,346       2,496,898,092         Export       169,328,634       136,252,703         2,412,613,980       2,633,150,795         Purchased products - local       32,144,454       28,114,510         Sales compensation       -       9,196,382         Third party (toll manufacturing)       252,931,872       545,141,467         2,697,690,306       3,215,603,154         Less:       227,205,798       267,937,108         Sales tax       4,863,529       2,758,558         232,069,327       270,695,666	23.	SALE	ES - net			
Export 169,328,634 136,252,703 2,412,613,980 2,633,150,795  Purchased products - local 32,144,454 28,114,510 9,196,382 Third party (toll manufacturing) 252,931,872 545,141,467 2,697,690,306 3,215,603,154  Less: Discount 227,205,798 4,863,529 2758,558 232,069,327 270,695,666		Manı	ufactured products			
Purchased products - local       32,144,454       28,114,510         Sales compensation       -       9,196,382         Third party (toll manufacturing)       252,931,872       545,141,467         2,697,690,306       3,215,603,154         Less:       227,205,798       267,937,108         Sales tax       4,863,529       2,758,558         232,069,327       270,695,666			Local		2,243,285,346	2,496,898,092
Purchased products - local 32,144,454 28,114,510 Sales compensation - 9,196,382 Third party (toll manufacturing) 252,931,872 545,141,467 2,697,690,306 3,215,603,154  Less: Discount 227,205,798 4,863,529 267,937,108 Sales tax 4,863,529 270,695,666			Export		169,328,634	136,252,703
Sales compensation       -       9,196,382         Third party (toll manufacturing)       252,931,872       545,141,467         2,697,690,306       3,215,603,154         Less:       227,205,798       267,937,108         Sales tax       4,863,529       270,695,666         232,069,327       270,695,666					2,412,613,980	2,633,150,795
Third party (toll manufacturing)  252,931,872 2,697,690,306  Less:  Discount Sales tax  227,205,798 4,863,529 232,069,327 270,695,666		Purch	nased products - local		32,144,454	28,114,510
Less:       2,697,690,306       3,215,603,154         Less:       227,205,798       267,937,108         Sales tax       4,863,529       2,758,558         232,069,327       270,695,666		Sales	s compensation		-	9,196,382
Less:  Discount Sales tax  227,205,798 4,863,529 232,069,327 270,695,666		Third	party (toll manufacturing)		252,931,872	545,141,467
Discount       227,205,798       267,937,108         Sales tax       4,863,529       2,758,558         232,069,327       270,695,666					2,697,690,306	3,215,603,154
Sales tax       4,863,529       2,758,558         232,069,327       270,695,666		Less:				
232,069,327 270,695,666			Discount		227,205,798	267,937,108
			Sales tax		4,863,529	2,758,558
<b>2,465,620,979 2,944,907,488</b>					232,069,327	270,695,666
					2,465,620,979	2,944,907,488

			2012	/ 2011
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
24.	COST OF SALES			
	331 S. 3/1 <u></u> 3			
	Raw and packing material consumed		1,081,987,216	1,664,236,175
	Salaries, wages and benefits	24.1	162,761,353	147,996,669
	Vehicle running and maintenance		17,471,848	14,502,334
	Fuel and power		53,556,365	42,386,309
	Stores consumed		8,881,249	6,844,797
	Repair and maintenance		17,287,306	23,696,364
	Insurance		3,012,654	3,088,925
	Rent, rates and taxes		3,051,626	2,870,912
	Fee and subscription		380,123	319,273
	Printing and stationery		4,256,059	3,687,056
	Traveling and conveyance		2,634,216	798,402
	Consultancy and professional charges		3,360,120	1,854,039
	Office supplies		7,758,567	7,319,916
	Depreciation	16.1.1	44,109,021	43,569,519
	Amortization of intangible assets	17.2	15,443,418	15,443,418
	Other direct cost		4,804,230	4,677,623
			1,430,755,371	1,983,291,731
	Inventory effect of work in process			
	·		70,000,440	F0.704.400
	Opening		39,820,419	59,384,189
	Closing		(30,216,205)	(39,820,419)
			9,604,214	19,563,770
	Cost of goods manufactured		1,440,359,585	2,002,855,501
	Inventory effect of finished goods (excluding purchased products)			
	Opening		150,723,607	160,115,818
	Closing		(173,386,771)	(150,723,607)
			(22,663,164)	9,392,211
	Cost of goods sold - Manufactured products		1,417,696,421	2,012,247,712
	Cost of goods sold - Purchased products		22,992,597	18,488,730
			1,440,689,018	2,030,736,442



				2012	2011
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
	24.1	It includes the following staff retirement bene	efits:		
		Defined benefit plan - Gratuity		15,579,252	16,864,790
		Defined contribution plan - Provident Fund		4,521,468	4,128,435
		Provision for compensated leave absences		3,337,104	800,519
				23,437,824	21,793,744
25.	ОТН	ER OPERATING INCOME			
	Incor	ne from non-financial assets			
	Gain	on disposal of property, plant and equipment		15,706,280	5,530,791
	SLA 1	fee	25.1	-	86,100,000
	Scrap	o Sales		2,570,812	1,121,489
	Othe	rs		53,635	-
				18,330,727	92,752,280

**25.1** The Group has provided technical ,marketing and sales know-how to Abbot Laboratories Pakistan Limited related to ex-Solvay products in Pakistan, following a global acquisition of Solvay Pharmaceuticals by Abbott International LLC, USA.

### 26. DISTRIBUTION, SELLING AND PROMOTIONAL EXPENSES

Salaries and benefits	26.1	216,891,068	189,837,632
Rent, rates and taxes		9,045	1,252,240
Entertainment		214,812	178,785
Advertisement, promotional expenses and sam	ples	215,683,930	217,137,656
Printing and stationery		1,986,153	2,108,207
Traveling and conveyance		70,142,462	75,291,522
Telephone, postage and telex		1,857,453	2,279,203
Insurance		2,546,533	2,271,041
Provision against doubtful debts		500,650	-
Vehicle running and maintenance		18,435,654	18,628,953
Donation	26.2	1,842,317	1,064,360
Freight		29,118,443	25,184,511
Seminars, symposia and training		11,062,878	13,891,110
Newspapers and subscriptions		14,650,334	10,404,297
Depreciation	16.1.1	9,079,891	9,749,342
Amortization of intangible assets	17.2	2,293,092	2,114,581
Others		14,213,652	12,691,681
		610,528,367	584,085,121
Less: Reimbursement from foreign principals		-	15,496,431
		610,528,367	568,588,690

		2012	/ 2011
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
26.1	It includes following staff retirement benefits		
	Defined benefit plan - Gratuity	13,407,127	8,337,928
	Defined contribution plan - Provident Fund	5,693,968	4,899,132
	Provision for compensated leave absences	4,305,332	3,565,653
		23,406,427	16,802,713

**26.2** None of the Directors or their spouses have any interest in the donee's fund.

### 27. ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES

Salar	ies and benefits	27.1	127,101,445	126,225,903
Telep	Telephone, postage and telex		2,237,285	2,581,570
Rent,	Rent, rates and taxes		4,847,977	2,911,119
Electi	ricity, gas and water		540,747	521,030
Printi	ng and stationery		3,858,784	3,802,804
Repa	irs and maintenance		2,456,072	3,815,401
Vehic	le running and maintenance		19,250,077	18,115,572
Trave	ling and conveyance		8,494,965	7,378,499
News	spapers and subscriptions		897,872	750,369
Enter	tainment		778,285	529,121
Insur	ance		7,057,467	5,666,392
Audit	ors' remuneration	33	1,200,000	946,000
Lega	l and professional		2,461,765	5,601,437
Adve	rtisement, seminars and symposia		226,790	2,097,017
Dona	ation	27.2	993,233	666,450
Depr	eciation	16.1.1	11,316,820	12,059,371
Othe	rs		2,160,597	2,084,665
			195,880,181	195,886,720
07.4		. I C		
27.1	It includes the following staff retirement	ent benefits:		
	Defined benefit plan - Gratuity		16,374,466	15,072,455
	Defined contribution plan - Provident Fund		4,017,477	4,129,008
	Provision for compensated leave abs	ences	3,083,120	1,427,173
			23,475,063	20,628,636

27.2 None of the Directors or their spouses have any interest in the donee's fund.

2012

2011



				2012	2011
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
28.	RESE	EARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES			
	<b>C</b> I		00.1	7.050.500	7 551 177
		ries and benefits	28.1	7,250,509	3,551,137
	•	nses on clinical trials and products evaluati	on	94,492	2,234,806
	Trave	_		630,962	367,241
		ance		42,736	42,744
		cle running and maintenance		521,772	197,336
		ing and stationery		41,044	47,647
		e supplies		53,334	67,075
		irs and maintenance cost		9,500	2,500
	Othe			212,721 18,464	198,848
	Othe	915		8,875,534	17,700 6,727,034
				0,070,004	0,727,034
	28.1	It includes the following staff retirement ber	nefits:		
		Defined benefit plan - Gratuity		568,565	406,456
		Defined contribution plan - Provident Fund		125,906	122,763
		Provision for compensated leave absences		52,560	-
				747,031	529,219
29.	отн	ER OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Work	ers' Profit Participation Fund	11.2	8,324,918	7,832,388
	Exch	ange loss		9,363,745	8,942,250
	Work	ers' Welfare Fund		2,991,816	3,220,136
	Cent	ral Research Fund		1,468,567	1,455,952
				22,149,046	21,450,726
30.	FINA	NCE COST			
	Mark	-up on long term loans		10,883,385	19,513,149
	Mark	-up on short term loans		31,054,902	42,948,448
	Finan	ice cost on liabilities against assets subject to	)		
	fina	ance lease		3,483,287	6,027,081
	Intere	est on Workers' Profit Participation Fund	11.2	81,902	70,110
	Bank	charges		2,679,119	1,812,373
				48,182,595	70,371,161

		2012	/ 2011
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
31. TAXATION			
HNL			
Current:			
- For the year		52,930,381	56,937,731
- Prior year		-	8,845,039
		52,930,381	65,782,770
Deferred	31.2	1,828,985	(14,110,743)
		54,759,366	51,672,027
DSL		1,181,005	-
Current tax for prior year		55,940,371	51,672,027

### 31.1 Reconciliation of tax charge for the year

Numerical reconciliation between the average effective tax rate and the applicable tax rate of HNL is as follows:

	2012	2011
Applicable tax rate	35.00%	35.00%
Tax effect of amounts that are not deductible for tax purposes  Tax effect under presumptive tax regime and others	0.63% -0.15%	0.40% 0.47%
	0.48%	0.87%
Average effective tax rate charged on income	35.48%	35.87%

**31.2** This includes an amount of Rs. Nil (2011: 8,845,039) in respect of temporary difference of a prior period.

### 32. EARNINGS PER SHARE - Basic and Diluted

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Group which is based on:

		2012	2011
Profit after taxation	Rupees	101,706,594	92,226,968
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	Numbers of Shares	18,180,517	18,180,517
Earnings per share	Rupees	5.59	5.07



2012

2011

		Rupees	Rupees
33.	AUDITORS' REMUNERATION		
	Statutory audit	800,000	659,000
	Fee for review of half year financial statements	265,000	216,000
	Other certifications	90,000	55,000
	Out of pocket	45,000	70,000
		1 200 000	1 000 000

### 34. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	31 December 2012		31 December 2012			3	1 December 2011	
	Chief Executive Directors		Executives		Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	
			R	lupe	es			
Managerial remuneration	5,923,700	15,764,400	69,002,459		5,370,800	14,504,400	62,611,607	
House allowance	2,369,480	2,400,000	27,600,984		2,148,320	2,400,000	24,891,483	
Provident fund	451,869	1,067,073	5,634,178		447,358	1,208,516	4,887,976	
Gratuity	2,381,734	3,694,531	25,928,675		1,975,395	4,877,872	16,755,573	
Bonus	322,900	1,208,700	4,592,742		399,567	1,098,700	3,780,549	
Utilities	592,370	2,006,775	6,903,913		537,080	2,142,752	6,222,871	
Medical	105,603	543,758	2,203,992		58,537	781,455	2,279,632	
	12,147,656	26,685,237	141,866,943		10,937,237	27,013,695	121,429,691	
Number of persons	1	2	56		1	2	51	

- 34.1 The Chief Executive, Directors and 28 executives (2011: 27) of HNL have been provided with HNL maintained cars while 28 executives (2011: 21) have been provided with cars under self finance scheme with limited fuel and maintenance facility.
- Rs. 2,000 (2011: Rs. 2,000) has been paid during the year to an independent non-34.2 executive director for attending Board meetings of HNL.

### 35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

### 35.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's financial liabilities comprise long term financing, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease, short term borrowings and trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to raise finances for Group's operations. The Group has trade debts, short term borrowings and advances, other receivables and cash and short term deposits that arrive directly from its operations

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the HNL Board of Directors (the Board), Audit Committee and Chief Financial Officer (CFO). The HNL Board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

### (a) Market risk

### **Currency risk**

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly from future commercial transactions or receivables and payables that exist due to transactions in foreign currencies.

The following analysis demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in US\$ and Euro exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the company's profit before tax.



Rupees per US Dollar		2012	2011
Reporting date rate		97.10	90.10
		Changes in US \$ Rate	Effects on Profit Before Tax
			Rs.
	2012	+10% -10%	(391,138) 391,138
	2011	+10% -10%	(667,362) 667,362
Rupees per Euro		2012	2011
Reporting date rate		128.31	116.37
		Changes in Euro € Rate	Effects on Profit Before Tax
			Rs.
	2012	+10% -10%	(391,718) 391,718
	2011	+10% -10%	(423,063) 423,063

### (ii) Interest rate risk

This represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group has no significant long-term interest-bearing assets. The Group's interest rate risk arises from long term financing, short term borrowings and liabilities against assets subject to finance lease. Borrowings obtained at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings obtained at fixed rate expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

At the balance sheet date the interest rate profile of the Group's interest bearing financial instruments was:

	2012	/ 2011
	Rupees	Rupees
Fixed rate instruments Financial liabilities		
Short term borrowings	35,000,000	35,000,000
Floating rate instruments Financial liabilities		
Long term loans	50,000,000	99,946,763
Liabilities against assets subject to		
finance lease	27,968,462	26,313,224
Short term bank borrowings	195,599,758	131,291,136

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rate at the balance sheet date would not affect profit or loss of the Group.

### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The following analysis demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax. This analysis is prepared assuming the amounts of floating rate instruments outstanding at balance sheet dates were outstanding for the whole year.

		Changes in	Effects on
		Interest Rate %	Profit Before Tax
Long term financing		Rs.	
9	2012	+1.5	(750,000)
	2012	-1.5	750,000
		+1.5	(1,499,201)
	2011	-1.5	1,499,201
Liabilities against assets			
subject to finance lease	2012	+1.5	(419,527)
	_0	-1.5	419,527
	2011	+1.5	(394,698)
		-1.5	394,698
Short term bank borrowings		1.0	33 1,000
_	2012	+1.5	(2,933,996)
	2012	-1.5	2,933,996
		.1 5	(1.060.767)
	2011	+1.5	(1,969,367)
		-1.5	1,969,367



### Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as follows:

	2012	2011
	Rupees	Rupees
Trade debts	56,364,423	42,908,944
Short term advances	4,872,589	4,524,986
Trade deposits	9,082,454	7,236,085
Other receivables	678,665	430,114
Bank balances	4,460,240	11,218,698
	75,458,371	66,318,827

### **Trade Debts**

Credit risk related to trade debts is managed by established procedures and controls relating to customers credit risk management. Outstanding receivables are regularly monitored and shipments to foreign customers are covered by letters of credit.

The maximum credit risk exposure at reporting date is carrying value of financial assets stated above.

At 31 December 2012, the Group has 9 (2011: 7) customers who owed the Group more than Rupees 1.00 million each and accounted for approximately 79% (2011: 36%) of all receivables owing.

The Group's exposure to credit risk related to trade debts is disclosed below:

	2012	/ 2011
	Rupees	Rupees
Neither past due nor impaired	5,157,893	6,986,450
Past Due But Not Impaired		
Past due 1–30 days	24,902,675	19,215,304
Past due 31–60 days	9,459,363	6,941,862
Past due 61–90 days	5,019,394	4,372,628
Over 90 days	10,785,201	4,853,453
	50,166,633	35,383,247
Past Due But Impaired		
Past due 1–30 days	-	-
Past due 31–60 days	-	-
Past due 61–90 days	-	-
Over 90 days	1,039,897	539,247
	1,039,897	539,247

Due to the Group's long standing business relationships with these counterparties and after giving due consideration to their strong financial standing, management does not expect non-performance by these counter parties on their obligations to the Group. Accordingly the credit risk is minimal.

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (If available) or to historical information about counterparty default rate. The table below shows the bank balances held with some major counterparties at the balance sheet date:

	Rating				
	Short	Long	Agency	2012	2011
	term	term			
Banks				Ru	pee
National Bank of Pakistan	A-1+	AAA	JCR - VIS	864,766	1,086,546
United Bank Limited	A-1+	AA+	JCR - VIS	8,893	8,893
Faysal Bank Limited	A1+	AA	JCR - VIS	23,821	2,571,827
Habib Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	JCR - VIS	1,548,380	832,238
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AA	PACRA	-	651,900
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	-	34,364
Barklays Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	-	2,198,733
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	2,014,384	3,834,197
				4,460,244	11,218,698

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation. The Group has positive working capital position at the year end. Therefore, management believes the liquidity risk to be low.

The table below analysis the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual un-discounted cash flows.



### As at 31 December 2012

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Less than 6 months	6 to 12 months	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years
			Ru	ipees		
Long term financing	50,000,000	66,237,500	1,860,000	2,745,000	17,461,250	44,171,250
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	27,968,462	31,771,325	9,519,737	8,250,784	10,069,627	3,931,177
Trade and other payables	171,751,961	171,751,961	171,751,961	-	-	-
Short term bank borrowings	230,599,758	255,850,432	-	255,850,432	-	-
	480,320,181	525,611,218	183,131,698	266,846,216	27,530,877	48,102,427

### As at 31 December 2011

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Less than 6 months	6 to 12 months	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years
			Rı	ıpees		
Long term financing	99,946,763	121,596,660	28,005,791	26,483,091	41,058,380	26,049,398
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	26,313,224	30,200,558	11,022,741	6,650,984	10,043,042	2,483,791
Trade and other payables	138,204,769	138,204,769	138,204,769	-	-	-
Short term bank borrowings	166,291,136	188,740,439	11,224,652	177,515,788	-	-
	430,755,892	478,742,426	188,457,953	210,649,863	51,101,422	28,533,189

The contractual cash flows relating to the above financial liabilities have been determined on the basis of markup rates effective as at 31 December 2012 and 2011 respectively. The rates of mark up have been disclosed in respective notes to the financial statements.

### 35.2 Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Fair value of available-for-sale financial assets is derived from quoted market prices in active markets, if available.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in financial statements approximate their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date. Accordingly, detailed disclosure with reference to fair value has been given in the financial statements.

### Financial instruments by categories

2012				
Cash and cash equivalents	Loans and advances	Total		

Assets as per balance sheet			
Long term deposits	-	1,562,054	1,562,054
Trade debts	_	72,531,970	72,531,970
Advances	_	4,872,589	4,872,589
Trade deposits	_	9,082,454	9,082,454
Other receivables	_	678,665	678,665
Cash and bank balances	4,460,240	, -	4,460,240
	4,460,240	88,727,732	93,187,972

2012

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**Financial Liabilities** at amortized cost (Rupees)

50,000,000 27,968,462 6,588,896 230,599,758 171,751,961 486,909,077

Long term financing Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Markup accrued on secured loans Short term borrowings Trade and other payables



		2011	
	Cash and cash equivalents	Loans and advances	Total
		Rupee	
Assets as per balance sheet			
Long term deposits	-	1,562,054	1,562,054
Trade debts	-	55,167,872	55,167,872
Advances	-	4,524,986	4,524,986
Trade deposits	-	7,236,085	7,236,085
Other receivables	-	430,114	430,114
Cash and bank balances	11,218,698	-	11,218,698
	11,218,698	68,921,111	80,139,809
			2011
			Financial Liabilities at amortized cost (Rupees)
Liabilities as per balance sheet			00 040 707
Long term financing	ı		99,946,763
Liabilities against assets subject to fine	ance lease		26,313,224
Mark up accrued on secured loans			10,436,070
Short term borrowings			166,291,136
Trade and other payables			138,313,491
			441,300,684

### 35.4 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide return for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain healthier capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholders value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust dividend payments to the shareholders, return on capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes from the previous year. The Group monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is debt divided by equity plus net debt.

Debt represent long-term financing (including current portion) plus liabilities against assets subject to finance lease and short term borrowings obtained by the Group as referred to in note 7, note 8, note 12 and note 13. Total capital employed includes 'total equity' as shown in the balance sheet plus debt. The Group's strategy, which was unchanged from last year, was to maintain optimal capital structure in order to minimize cost of capital.

	<b>2012</b> Rupees	<b>2011</b> Rupees
Debt (See note 7, 8, 12 and 13)	315,157,116	302,987,193
Equity	633,614,913	581,659,882
Total equity and debt	948,772,029	884,647,075
Total debt to equity ratio	33.22%	34.25%

### **36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The related parties and associated undertakings comprises subsidiary, associated companies, staff retirement funds, directors and key management personnel. Balances of related parties and remuneration of key management personnel is disclosed in the respective notes. Other significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

	2012	/ 2011
	Rupees	Rupees
36.1 Sales of goods-net		
Associated undertaking	30,302,082	35,044,088
36.2 Contribution to employees benefits fund		
Contribution to Staff Provident Fund	14,358,819	13,279,339
Contribution to Employees Welfare Trust	1,206,150	1,118,495
36.3 Disposal of vehicle		
Director's family member	680,000	-



### 37. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

The Board of Directors of HNL in its meeting held on 19 March 2013 has proposed cash dividend at the rate of Rs. 3.50 (2011: Rs. 3.00) per share for the year ended 31 December 2012, subject to the approval of shareholders in the Annual General Meeting to be held on 23 April 2013. These financial statements do not reflect these appropriations.

### 38. PLANT CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

The capacity and production of the HNL's plant is indeterminable as it is a multi-product plant involving varying processes of manufacture.

### 39. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION OF ISSUE

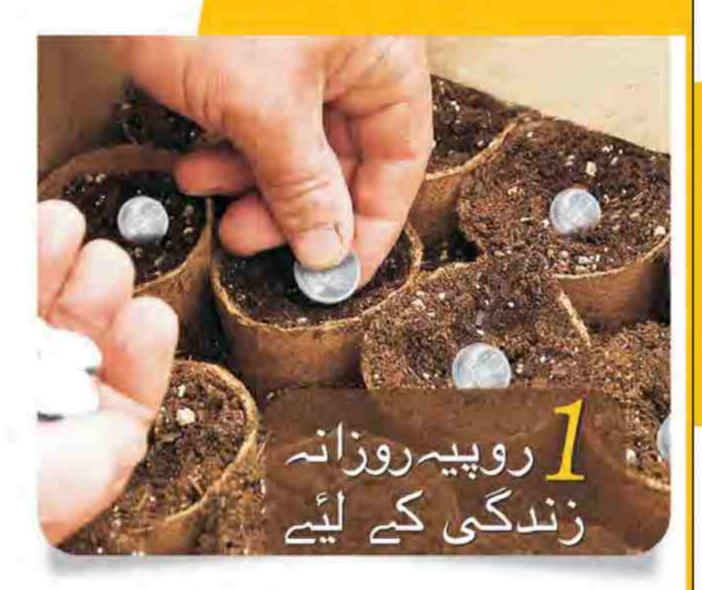
The Board of Directors of HNL authorized the financial statements for issuance on 19 March 2013.

### 40. GENERAL

**40.1** Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR



اگرآپ کی عمر 35 سال یااس سے زائد ہے تو ایک روپیدروزاند زندگی بھر کے لئے آپکو محفوظ رکھ سکتا ہے بارث اقبیک ایسے فالج سے دل کے دیگرام راض ہے ا



آپ کیلئے استم مرکز علائے نہیں، ضرورت ہے۔ ایرین کا متعال کے لئے آپ کا اپنے موالے ہے۔ جو ٹاکریں۔

www.highnoon-labs.com

### HIGHNOON LABORATORIES LIMITED

17.5 Kilometer Multan Road, Lahore - 53700, Pakistan Phone: +92 (42) 111 000 465 Fax: +92 (42) 3751 0037 Email: info@highnoon.com.pk