



Contents

- 13 Code of Conduct
- 14 Strategic Objectives
- 15 Core Values
- 16 Nature of Business
- 17 Expansion of Plant
- 18 Group Structure
- 20 Company Information
- 22 Milestones
- 24 Organizational Structure
- 25 Calendar of Notable Events
- 26 Our Locations
- 27 Geographical Presence
- 28 Notice of Annual General Meeting

- 35 CEO's Message
- 36 Directors' Profile
- 40 Directors' Report to the Members
- 44 Additional Information
- 51 Critical Performance Indicators
- 52 Quarterly Performance Analysis
- 53 Quarterly Results Analysis
- 54 Risks and Opportunities
- 57 IT Governance Policy
- 58 Whistle Blower Policy
- 59 Safety of Records Policy
- 60 Conflict of Interest Policy
- 61 Social and Environmental Responsibility Policy



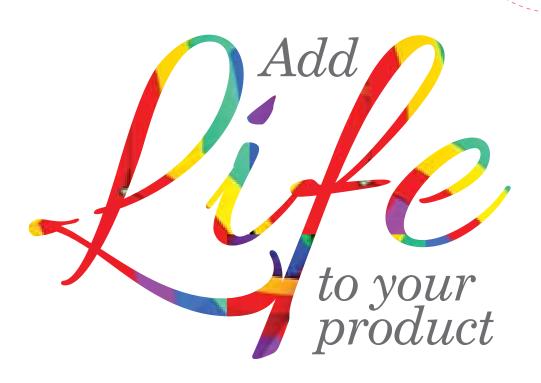
| 63 | Quality Management |
|----|--------------------|
|----|--------------------|

- 64 Corporate Governance Stakeholders' Engagement
- 66 Corporate Governance Additional Information
- 69 Report of the Audit Committee
- 70 Horizontal Analysis Last Six Years
- 72 Vertical Analysis Last Six Years
- 74 Comments on Horizontal Analysis
- 75 Comments on Vertical Analysis
- 76 Ratios
- 77 Comments on Ratios
- 78 Summary Last Six Years
- 79 Cash Flow Statement Direct Method
- 80 Summary of Cash Flow Statement Last Six Years
- 81 Comments on Cash Flow Statement
- 82 Dupont Analysis

- 83 Key Operating Highlights
- 86 Statement of Value Addition and Distribution of Wealth
- 87 Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance
- 89 Statement of Compliance with the Best Practices of Transfer Pricing
- 90 Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance
- 91 Share Price Sensitivity Analysis
- 92 Glossary of Terms
- 93 Financial Statements
- 126 Pattern of Shareholding
- 133 Notice of Annual General Meeting (Urdu version)
- 137 Directors' Report to the Members (Urdu version)

Proxy Form





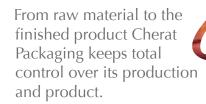


The natural elements are not in your control. However, what you can do to protect your product is.

Cherat Packaging ensures that you have the optimum advantage that we can provide. With two types of packaging solutions, Papersack or Polypropylene, we are best suited to offer multiple packaging options based upon your needs, with 4 Papersack lines and 3 Polypropylene lines working at full capacity. Cherat Packaging is your one window solution to packaging.



Stand Out Out



Acquiring the finest Kraft Paper and Polypropylene granules from international suppliers for its bags to production on the latest manufacturing lines, Cherat Packaging (CPL) constantly upgrades its internal standards.

At Cherat Packaging, we have quality covered.



Stand Out O

At Cherat Packaging we know and respect that the quality of our product influences the quality of yours.

For you to be recognized by your mark- by your brand, we at Cherat Packaging must ensure that your product is best represented. We take great pride of our printing quality and invest on world class printing press, quality printing inks and regularly change to new print stereos.

When your product looks great, Cherat Packaging looks good.



Tisian

To be a preferred supplier of papersacks and polypropylene bags combined with efficient manufacturing facilities and satisfied customers.

Missian



To seek increased market share by anticipating emerging trends and introducing new products for meeting the demands of our valued customers and ensuring adequate return to our shareholders.



Code of Conduct

The Code of Conduct of the Company is based on the principles of honesty, integrity and professionalism at every stage.

Scope

The code of conduct policy is applicable to all regular and direct contract staff in the company and its locations.

Compliance Committee and Reporting of Violations

Cherat Packaging has established a Compliance Committee to provide advice concerning compliance with the code of conduct. All employees are encouraged to report any suspected violation of this Code of Conduct to their Line Managers (Functional Heads) or Compliance Committee or their respective Executive Director.

Compliance with the Law

The observance of the laws and regulations of the legal systems in which we operate is mandatory for all employees in their dealings with customers, suppliers, competitors, other employees, government bodies and officials.

Competition and Anti-trust Law

Cherat Packaging obligates its employees for strict compliance with Competition and Anti-trust Laws wherever it operates.

Bribery and Corruption

Cherat Packaging is committed to conducting its business in an open, honest and ethical manner in all the jurisdictions in which it operates and will not engage in any form of bribery or corruption in order to secure any kind of business advantage.

Money Laundering

It is Cherat Packaging's policy to refrain from conducting business with persons or entities who are involved in criminal or illegal activities. All employees have to adhere to applicable anti-money laundering laws and regulations.

Product Quality

We discover, develop and manufacture high-quality products that meet all regulatory requirements, and pursue quality beyond compliance in both our products and processes. We focus on regularly updating ourselves with technological advancements to produce under the highest standards and maintain all relevant technical and professional standards.

Books, Records and Financial Reporting

The accuracy and completeness of our books, records and financial reporting is of critical importance for Cherat Packaging. We fulfill all applicable legal obligations with regard to public filings and reporting.

Confidentiality

It is our policy that no employee entrusted with confidential information about the Company, its suppliers, customers or other business partners may disclose such information to any third party or use such information for his or her personal benefit while employed with the Company or thereafter, unless prior written approval is obtained from a duly authorized person, or the disclosure of confidential information is required by mandatory law, any governmental agency, court or other quasi-judicial or regulatory body.

Protection and Information Security

Cherat Packaging has a policy that sets out rules on data protection and the legal conditions that must be satisfied in relation to the obtaining, handling, processing, storage, transportation and destruction of personal information. We comply with all applicable laws & regulations regarding the collection, processing and use of personal data. Any illegal collection, processing or use of personal data of our employees, suppliers, customers and third parties is strictly prohibited. All personal data must be safeguarded with appropriate care and protected against unauthorized access by third parties at all time.

Handling and Safeguarding of Cherat Packaging's Property

Employees must handle Cherat Packaging's property (including both tangible & intangible) with due care and in a responsible manner. Cherat Packaging does not tolerate any unauthorized use or misappropriation of its property or services.

Equal Treatment and Fair Working Conditions

Cherat Packaging is committed to promoting equality of opportunity for all staff and job applicants. We aim to create a working environment in which all individuals are able to make best use of their skills and abilities, free from discrimination or harassment, and in which all decisions or promotions are objectively based on merit. We do not tolerate any form of discrimination, harassment or bullying in the workplace.

Health, Safety and Environmental Protection

We focus on all aspects of occupational health, safety and environmental protection. We identify and manage health, safety and environmental risks in our activities and over the entire value chain of our products and services.

We make efficient use of natural resources and minimize the environmental impact of our activities and products over their life cycle.

Conflict of Interest

Employees may not engage in any activities, on or off the job, that conflict with the Company's business interest, nor they may use their position with the Company for their personal gains, or for the improper benefit to others.

As a policy, Conflicts of interest or the mere appearance of such a conflict must be avoided.

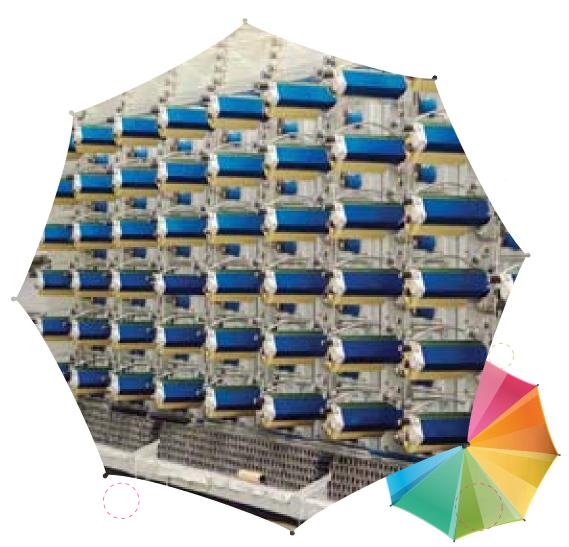


It is our endeavour to create value for our shareholders by ensuring a maximum return on investment and achieve customer satisfaction by way of providing our clients a world class product.

We aim to develop the long-term sustainability of the organization by grooming and training our employees and providing a congenial work environment, where they are motivated to perform at the highest standards. We remain committed to the highest ethical and moral business values and to the true spirit of the Code of Corporate Governance.

Talles

- ► Achieve excellence in business
- Explore new markets and keep up with emerging trends
- Strong commitment to quality
- Professional development of workforce
- ▶ Compliance to the practices of ISO 9001:2008





Nature of SUSINESS

Cherat Packaging Limited is a Ghulam Faruque Group (GFG) company. Established in 1991, CPL has been recognized as the leading manufacturer of premium quality cement sacks. The Company is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. CPL has an ISO 9001 certification and is a recipient of many prestigious awards including Pakistan Stock Exchange and Management Association of Pakistan's Best Company Award. CPL is a single source that meets cement packaging needs with its dual lines of business for Kraft paper and Polypropylene products. Apart from serving local market, the Company is also exporting bags to different parts of the world. In order for a company to continue to prosper it must embrace change and diversification. We are also supplying bags to sugar, wheat, chemical and other sectors. Our plant has an annual production capacity of 460 million bags (Kraft paper and Polypropylene).

During the year, CPL has installed its 3rd PP line (except for Convertex which was installed subsequent to the year). Each year the Company and its products have stood by the conviction and mission statement of providing value to all stakeholders. The Company has also ordered a state of the art new Universal paperbag line having a capacity of more than 135 million bags per annum.



Expansion Soft Plant

The Company's growth strategy is based upon servicing potential market opportunities. Capacity expansion will help the Company better align towards its long-term growth objectives and play a leading role in the market. With the completion of first phase of the third polypropylene line installation subsequent to the year end, the production capacity of the polypropylene plant of the Company has increased to 195 million bags per annum. This plant, also acquired from *M*/s. BSW – Windmoller & Holscher, is the fastest and most efficient of its type in the world. Another 50 million PP bags capacity will be added in 2017.

For acquisition of greater market share and, achieving further economies of scale and diversification, the LC has been estabilish for the import of new KP line. The new line will enhance the production capacity by 135 million bags per annum. The total papersacks capacity would increase to 400 million bags per annum. The new paperpsack line will have the capability to produce smaller bags too. With the addition of this line in 2017, the Company will be able to cater diversified markets as well.

Structure 5

Since its inception, the Ghulam Faruque Group has continuously strengthened and diversified its lines of operations; details and brief profile of other leading group companies / ventures are as follows:

Faruque (Pvt.) Ltd

Parent Company

Established in 1964 as a Parent Company of the Group, it primarily serves as an investment arm of the Group.

Mirpurkhas Sugar Mills Ltd Manufacturer of Cane Sugar





Established in 1964, its principal activity is manufacturing and selling of sugar. It is located about 300 km from the port city of Karachi, in Mirpurkhas and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Company has a crushing capacity of 8,500 tons per day and is one of the most efficient sugar mills in Pakistan. Moreover, it is involved in development of higher yield sugar cane varieties on its 1,300 acre experimental farm.









CHERAT CEMENT

Cherat Cement Company Ltd

Manufacturer of Ordinary Portland Cement

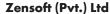
Cherat Cement Company Limited was incorporated in 1981. Its main business activity is manufacturing, marketing and sale of Ordinary Portland Cement. The Company is amongst the pioneers of cement industry in Pakistan and is the number 1 cement in its region. The Company's annual installed capacity is 1,000,000 tons. The plant is located at Village Lakrai, District Nowshera, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KPK) province. Due to plant's geographical position, it is ideally located to export cement to Afghanistan as well as cater the local market needs in the KPK, FATA, Punjab and Azad Kashmir. The Company is registered on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited and is also an ISO 9001 and 14001 certified. The Company is in the process of installing another cement line at the same location with installed annual clinker capacity of more than 1,300,000 tons.



UniENERGY LIMITED

Joint Venture for Renewable Wind Energy





Information Systems Services Provider Specializing in Business Software Solutions

It was established in 1998 and is engaged in development and sale of computer softwares. The company specializes in providing high quality business solutions.



Greaves Pakistan (Pvt.) Ltd

Providing Specialized Engineering Sales and Services

It was established in 1859 to provide specialized engineering equipment sales and services. However in 1964, the Group acquired a controlling interest in the shares of the Company and by 1981 Greaves became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group. Greaves has the following divisions namely i) Power Generation, ii) CNG Equipment, iii) Industrial Machinery, iv) Solar Energy, v) LED, vi) Elevator, vii) Earth Moving & Consturction Machinery, viii) Air Compressor and ix) Fuel Dispenser.



Greaves Airconditioning (Pvt.) Ltd

Equipment Suppliers and HVAC Solution Provider

Commencing operations in 1975, this Company is the only HVAC solution provider of its kind and is the sole distributor of York (JCI) products in Pakistan. It is involved in providing a wide array of services related to HVAC equipments that includes designing, installation and maintenance of central and packaged units. Moreover, it also launched residential light air conditioning units under the brand name of Euro Aire.

Greaves CNG (Pvt.) Ltd

Pakistan's Leader in CNG Installations

Greaves CNG was established in 2001 with a prime motive to install CNG facilities at the retail outlets of Petroleum Companies. It is a preferred third party investor for all major petroleum companies in Pakistan.

Greaves Engineering Services (Pvt.) LtdHVAC Contractors

Established in 2003, its principal activity is to provide services associated with Airconditioning, installation and maintenance of central and packaged units.



UNICOL LIMITED

Unicol Ltd

Joint Venture Distillery Producing Ethanol and Liquid Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)

Incorporated in 2003, Unicol is a joint venture distillery project among Mirpurkhas Sugar Mills Ltd, Faran Sugar Mills Ltd and Mehran Sugar Mills Ltd. It is engaged in the production and marketing of ethanol from molasses. Its current production capacity is 200,000 litres per day. It is involved in producing various varieties of ethanol.



Madian Hydropower Ltd

Joint Venture for Establishing 148 MW Hydro Power Plant





Mirpurkhas Energy Ltd., incorporated in 2016 as a public (unlisted) Company, is a fully owned subsidiary of Mirpurkhas Sugar Mills Limited. It is 26 MW Bagasse based Cogeneration Project. The principal activity of the company is to generate and supply electricity.

Milestones

J1998

Acquired ISO 9001 QMS Certificate.

T1996

Installed 2nd Bottomer to the production line.

T1992

Cherat Packaging Limited started production with one Tuber and one Bottomer having installed capacity of 50 million papersacks per annum.

T2006

Added 3rd Tuber and Bottomer to production line, making the total effective production capacity to 160 million paper bags per annum.

12003

Added 2nd Tuber to the production line, and the total production capacity increased to 105 million paper bags per annum.

T2012

Installed 1st PP Line having capacity of 65 million PP bags per annum.

T2016

Partial installation of 1st phase of 3rd PP line having capacity of 50 million bags per annum.

T2009

Added 4th Tuber and Bottomer to production line. With this addition the total installed capacity reached 265 million paper bags per annum.

T2014

Installed 2nd convertex of 2nd PP Line and increased the capacity to 145 million PP bags per annum.

T2013

Installed 1st convertex of 2nd PP line increasing total capacity to 105 million PP bags per annum.

Organizational Structure **Shareholders Board of Directors Board Committees Chief Executive Finance Corporate Affairs Sales & Marketing** Administrative Reporting **Works & Projects Functional** Reporting **Internal Audit Information Technology Procurement** Administration **Human Resource**

Calendar of Notable Events July 2015 - June 2016

July 17 Eid Milan Party

August 14 Independence Day Celebration

August 18
National Tree Plantation Day

September 05
Received 1st prize in Best Corporate
Reporting Award 2014 jointly organised by ICAP & ICMAP

October 15
26th AGM at Registered Office

October 27
Inaugration of PP 3rd Line

November 07 HO Staff Picnic to Sea side

December 12 Quran Khuani and Lunch at Plant January 02 Group Cricket Tournament at HO

February 24
Received Amir S. Chinoy - Corporate
Excellence Certificate organised by
Management Association of Pakistan

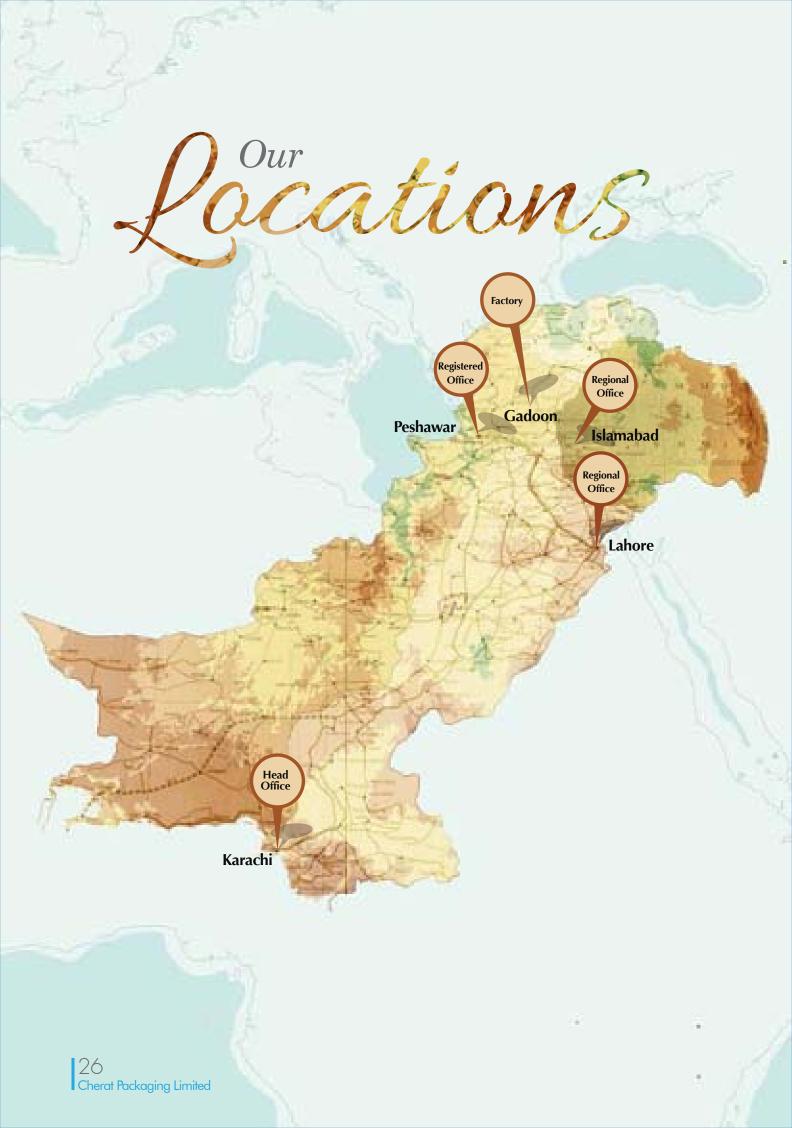
April 02-03
Group Table Tennis Tournament

May 01 Labour Day Celebrations

May 15 Service Award Ceremony

June 04
Commencement of Commercial
Production PP Line 3 Phase 1(other than
Convertex)

June 28 Employees' Iftar Dinner at Site



Geographical POSCINCE



Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the 27th Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held on Monday, October 31, 2016 at 9:00 a.m. at the Registered Office of the Company at Betani Arcade, Jamrud Road, Peshawar to transact the following businesses:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To receive and consider the Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2016 with the Directors' and the Auditors' Reports thereon.
- 2. To consider and approve the payment of final cash dividend @70% (Rs. 7.00 per share) in addition to interim cash dividend @30% (Rs. 3.00 per share) already paid to the shareholders for the financial year ended June 30, 2016 as recommended by the Board of Directors.
- 3. To appoint Auditors for the year 2016/17 and to fix their remuneration.
- 4. To transact any other business with the permission of the chair.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

- 5. In compliance of the direction issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under S.R.O.470 (I)/2016 dated May 31, 2016 it is proposed that the following resolution be passed as and by way of a Special Resolution:
 - "Resolved that pursuant to compliance of S.R.O.470 (I)/2016 dated May 31, 2016 and subject to the consent and approval of the shareholders, the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to circulate the Annual Audited Accounts of the company to its members through CD/DVD/USB; that the Board of Directors of the Company and the Company Secretary be and are hereby authorized to do all acts, deeds and things that may be necessary or required to give effect to this resolution".
- 6. In compliance of the direction issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under S.R.O.43 (I)/2016 dated January 22, 2016 it is proposed that the following resolution be passed as and by way of a Special Resolution:

"Resolved that pursuant to compliance of

- S.R.O.43(I)/2016 dated January 22, 2016 and subject to the consent and approval of the shareholders, it is resolved that Articles of Association of the company be and is hereby amended by inserting the following new clause after clause 62;
- "(62A) A member may opt for e-voting in a general meeting of the Company under the provisions of the **Companies** (E-Voting) Regulations 2016 (including any statutory modification thereof), as amended from time to time. In the case of e-voting, only Members can be appointed as proxy. The instruction to appoint execution officer and option to e-vote through intermediary shall be required to be deposited with the company, at least ten (10) days before holding of the general meeting, at the Company's head office address or through email. The Company will arrange for e-voting if the Company receives demand for poll from at least five (5) members or by any member having not less than one tenth of the voting power".
- 7. To consider and approve investment of up to Rs. 50 million in associated company namely Mirpurkhas Sugar Mills Ltd (MSM) in compliance with the provision of section 208 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. It is, therefore, proposed that the following resolution be passed as and by way of a Special Resolution:
 - "Resolved that pursuant to section 208 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and subject to the consent and approval of the shareholders, the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to invest up to Rs. 50 million by acquiring the shares of Mirpurkhas Sugar Mills Ltd from the market; that the Board of Directors of the Company and the Company Secretary be and are hereby authorized to do all acts, deeds and things that may be necessary or required to give effect to this resolution".
- 8. To consider and approve investment of up to Rs. 100 million in associated company namely Cherat Cement Company Limited (CCCL) in compliance with the provision of section 208 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. It is, therefore, proposed that the following resolution be passed as and by way of a Special Resolution:

"Resolved that pursuant to section 208 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and subject to the consent and approval of the shareholders, the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to invest up to Rs. 100 million by acquiring the shares of Cherat Cement Company Ltd from the market; that the Board of Directors of the Company and the Company

Secretary be and are hereby authorized to do all acts, deeds and things that may be necessary or required to give effect to this resolution".

Statement(s) under section 160 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, pertaining to the above-mentioned Special Businesses, are being sent to the Members with the Notice.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Abid Vazir
Executive Director &
Company Secretary

Karachi: August 23, 2016

- The register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, October 21, 2016 to Monday, October 31, 2016 (both days inclusive) and no transfers will be registered during that time. Shares received in order at the Office of the Registrar of the Company, M/s. Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC), CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B', S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi-74400 at the close of business on Thursday, October 20, 2016 will be treated in time for the entitlement of final cash dividend.
- 2. A member of the Company eligible to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote in his/her stead. Proxies to be effective must be in writing and must be received by the Company's Head Office 48 hours before the Meeting.
- 3. Shareholders of the Company whose shares are registered in their account/sub-account with Central Depository System (CDS) are requested to bring original computerized National Identity Card along with their account number in CDS and participant's ID number for verification. In case of appointment of proxy by such account holders and sub-account holders, the guidelines as contained in the SECP's circular of 26th January 2000 are to be followed.
- 4. Shareholders of the Company are requested to immediately notify any change in their addresses to the Share Registrar of the Company.
- Shareholders who have not yet submitted photocopy of their valid Computerized National

- Identity Card (CNIC) are requested to send the same to the Share Registrar of the Company.
- 6. With reference to S.R.O. 787(I)/2014 dated September 8, 2014 issued by SECP; shareholders have option to receive Annual Audited Financial Statements and Notice of General Meeting through email. Shareholders of the Company are requested to give their consent to the Company's Head Office to update our record if they wish to receive Annual Audited Financial Statements and Notice of Annual General Meeting through email. However, if shareholder, in addition, request for hard copy of Audited Financial Statements the same shall be provided free of cost within seven [7] days of receipt of such request.

Status of investment in UniEnergy Ltd

The Company in its Annual General Meeting held on October 15, 2015 had obtained the approval of its shareholders for investment of up to Rs. 150 million in the equity of UniEnergy Limited. Keeping in view the status of the project and its financial requirements, the Company has so far invested Rs. 4.62 million only. The remaining amount will be invested by Cherat Packaging Ltd as and when required by UniEnergy Limited.

Statement (s) under section 160 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984

The statements set out material facts concerning "Special Businesses" to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on October 31, 2016. The approval of the Members of the Company will be sought for:

INFORMATION FOR CIRCULATION OF ANNUAL AUDITED ACCOUNTS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS THROUGH CD/DVD/USB

Item No. 5

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) has allowed the companies to circulate the annual balance sheet, profit and loss accounts, auditor's report and directors report etc., (Annual Audited Accounts) to its members through CD/DVD/USB at their registered address.

INFORMATION FOR MEMBERS TO EXERCISE THEIR VOTING RIGHT THROUGH ELECTRONIC MEANS (E-VOTING)

Item No. 6

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) has allowed the members of the company to use their voting rights through electronic means (e-voting) by giving their consent in writing at least 10 days before the date of meeting of the company on the

| appointment of E | Execution | Officer | by | the | Interm | ediary |
|------------------|-----------|---------|----|-----|--------|--------|
| as a Proxy. | | | | | | |

An instrument of proxy form in relation to e-voting shall be in the following form:

| I/we | of | , being a |
|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| member of | , holder of | f |
| share(s) as per Re | gister Folio No | hereby opt |
| for e-voting through | gh Intermediary and h | ereby consent |
| to the appointmen | nt of Execution Officer | as |
| proxy and will exe | ercise e-voting as per t | he Companies |
| (E-Voting) Regulat | tions, 2016 and hereb | y demand for |
| poll for resolution. | | |
| | | |

My secured email address is ______, please send login details, password and electronic signature through email.

Signature of member

(Signature should agree with the specimen signature registered with the company)

INFORMATION ABOUT THE INVESTMENT

Item No. 7

Mirpurkhas Sugar Mills Limited (MSM) is one of the leading producer and supplier of refined sugar in Pakistan. The Company started commercial operations in 1964 and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The company has a history of consistent growth. It has a crushing capacity of 8,500 tones per day and is one of the most efficient sugar mills in Pakistan. It is also involved in the development of higher yield sugarcane variety on its experimental farms and adjoining areas. Its diversification into joint venture distillery – Unicol Ltd provided strategic depth to the company as it was able to generate additional source of income. Keeping in view the growing demand for electricity in the country, MSM has decided to establish a Bagasse based Power Generation Company by the name of Mirpurkhas Energy Ltd. The planned capacity of the power project is around 26 MW.

Further information in terms of S.R.O. 27 (I)/2012 dated January 16, 2012, the details of the investment are stated below:

| (i) | Name of the Associated Company or Associated Undertaking along with criteria based on which the associated relationship is established; | Mirpurkhas Sugar Mills Limited (MSM) Mr. Aslam Faruque, Mr. Amer Faruque, Mr. Shehryar Faruque, Mr. Arif Faruque and Mr. Tariq Faruque are also Directors of MSM. |
|-------|---|--|
| (ii) | Purpose, benefits and period of investment; | CPL intends to make an equity investment of up to Rs. 50 million by acquiring the shares of MSM from the stock market. Dividend from MSM will benefit CPL as it will enhance its Other Income, which will benefit the shareholders of the Company. Furthermore, addition of a good asset will also strengthen the financial statements of the company. This will be a long term investment by CPL. |
| (iii) | Maximum amount of investment; | CPL intends to make an equity investment of up to Rs. 50 million by acquiring the shares of MSM. |

| (iv) Maximum price at which securities will be acquired; | Prevailing market price. |
|---|--|
| (v) Maximum number of securities to be acquired; | Subject to prevailing market price but up to a limit of Rs.50 million |
| (vi) Number of securities and percentage thereof held before and after the proposed investment; | Before: Nil After: subject to prevailing market price but up to a limit of Rs. 50 million |
| (vii) In case of investment in listed securities, average of the preceding twelve weekly average price of the security intend to be acquired; | Rs. 130 per share |
| (viii) In case of investment in unlisted securities , fair market value of such securities determined in terms of regulation 6 (1) | Not applicable. |
| (ix) Break-up value of securities intended to be acquired on the basis of the latest audited financial statements; | Rs.137.72 (as on September 30, 2015) |
| (x) Earning per share of the Associated Company or Associated Undertaking for the last three years; | September 2013: Rs. 11.37 September 2014: Rs. 6.70 September 2015 : Rs. 8.47 |
| (xi) Sources of fund from which securities will be acquired; | The investment will be made by CPL from its own resources |
| (xii) Where the securities are intended to be acquired using borrowed funds,- | Not Applicable |
| (I) Justification for investment through borrowings; and | |
| (II) Detail of guarantees and assets pledge for obtaining such funds | |
| (xiii) Salient features of the agreement(s), if any, entered into with its Associated Company or Associated Undertaking with regards to the proposed investment; | Not Applicable |
| (xiv) Direct or indirect interest of directors, sponsor, majority shareholders and their relatives, if any, in the Associated Company or Associated Undertaking or the transaction under consideration; | Mr. Aslam Faruque, Mr. Amer Faruque, Mr. Shehryar Faruque, Mr. Arif Faruque and Mr. Tariq Faruque are Directors of MSM. However, they have no direct or indirect interest except to the extent of shareholding in the investing company. |
| (xv) Any other important details necessary for the members to understand the transaction; | Nil |
| | |

Undertaking pursuant to Regulation 3 (3) of the Companies (Investment in Associated Companies or Associated Undertaking) Regulations, 2012.

The directors submit that they have carried out necessary due diligence for the proposed transaction particularly the investment in Mirpurkhas Sugar Mills Ltd.

INFORMATION ABOUT THE INVESTMENT

Item No. 8

Incorporated in 1981, Cherat Cement Co. Ltd. (CCCL) is a premier name in the field of cement manufacturing. The company produces high quality grey Portland cement using modern and sophisticated production facilities. It has a production capacity of 1,000,000 tons per annum and enjoys strong brand loyalty amongst its customers. The shares of the company are listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. CCCL is currently in the process of enhancing its production capacity by another 1.3 million tons.

Further information in terms of S.R.O. 27 (I)/2012 dated January 16, 2012, the details of the investment are stated below:

| (i) Name of the Associated Company or Associated Undertaking along with criteria based on which the associated relationship is established; | Cherat Cement Co. Ltd. (CCCL) Mr. Akbarali Pesnani, Mr. Shehryar Faruque and Mr. Arif Faruque are also the Directors of CCCL. |
|---|---|
| (ii) Purpose, benefits and period of investment; | CPL intends to make an equity investment of up to Rs. 100 million by acquiring the shares of CCCL from the stock market. Dividend from CCCL will benefit CPL as it will enhance its Other Income, which will benefit the shareholders of the Company. Furthermore, addition of a good asset will also strengthen the financial statements of the company. This will be a long term investment by CPL. |
| (iii) Maximum amount of investment; | CPL intends to make an equity investment of up to Rs. 100 million by acquiring the shares of CCCL. |
| (iv) Maximum price at which securities will be acquired; | Prevailing market price. |
| (v) Maximum number of securities to be acquired; | Subject to prevailing market price but up to a limit of Rs.100 million |
| (vi) Number of securities and percentage thereof held before and after the proposed investment; | Before: 4,243,362 shares i.e. 2.4% After: subject to prevailing market price but up to a limit of Rs. 100 million |
| (vii) In case of investment in listed securities, average of the preceding twelve weekly average price of the security intend to be acquired; | Rs. 120 per share |
| (viii) In case of investment in unlisted securities, fair market value of such securities determined in terms of regulation 6 (1) | Not applicable. |
| (ix) Break-up value of securities intended to be acquired on the basis of the latest audited financial statements; | Rs. 45.44 (as on June 30, 2015) |
| (x) Earning per share of the Associated Company or Associated Undertaking for the last three years; | June 2013: Rs. 11.68 June 2014: Rs. 9.60 (Restated) June 2015: Rs. 8.01 |

| (xi) Sources of fund from which securities will be acquired; | The investment will be made by CPL from its own resources |
|---|---|
| (xii) Where the securities are intended to be acquired using borrowed funds,- | Not Applicable |
| (I) Justification for investment through borrowings; and | |
| (II) Detail of guarantees and assets pledge for obtaining such funds | |
| (xiii) Salient features of the agreement(s), if any, entered into with its Associated Company or Associated Undertaking with regards to the proposed investment; | Not Applicable |
| (xiv) Direct or indirect interest of directors, sponsor, majority shareholders and their relatives, if any, in the Associated Company or Associated Undertaking or the transaction under consideration; | Mr. Akbarali Pesnani, Mr. Shehryar Faruque and Mr. Arif Faruque are Directors of CCCL. However, they have no direct or indirect interest except to the extent of shareholding in the investing company. |
| (xv) Any other important details necessary for the members to understand the transaction; | Nil |

Undertaking pursuant to Regulation 3 (3) of the Companies (Investment in Associated Companies or Associated Undertaking) Regulations, 2012.

The directors submit that they have carried out necessary due diligence for the proposed transaction particularly the investment in Cherat Cement Company Ltd.



Mr. Akbarali Pesnani

Chairman

Mr. Akbarali Pesnani is an MBA and a fellow member of both the Institute of Chartered Accountants and Institute of Cost and Management Accountants of Pakistan. He has served as Chairman Gwadar Port and Gwadar Port Implementation Authority from 2004 to 2006.

Mr. Pesnani has been associated with the Aga Khan Development Network at senior level for over 37 years. Presently, he is the Chairman of Cherat Packaging Ltd, First Micro Finance Bank Ltd, and Aga Khan Cultural Service Pakistan and is a Director on the Board of Cherat Cement Company Ltd and Jubilee General Insurance Co. Ltd. His association with the Ghulam Faruque Group goes back almost 35 years.

Mr. Amer Faruque

Chief Executive

Mr. Amer Farugue is the Chief Executive of the Company. He is a Bachelor of Science (BS) graduate in Business Administration majoring in Management / Marketing from Drake University, Des Moines, Iowa, USA. He serves as a member of Board of Directors of Mirpurkhas Sugar Mills Ltd, Faruque (Pvt.) Ltd, Greaves Pakistan (Pvt.) Ltd, Greaves CNG (Pvt.) Ltd and Executive Director Marketing of Cherat Cement Co. Ltd. Mr. Amer Faruque is a member of the Centre of International Private Enterprise (CIPE) and in the past has served as a member of the Board of Governors of Ghulam Ishaq Khan (GIK) Institute of Engineering Sciences and Technology and Lahore University of Management Sciences. He is the Honorary Consul of Brazil in Peshawar.



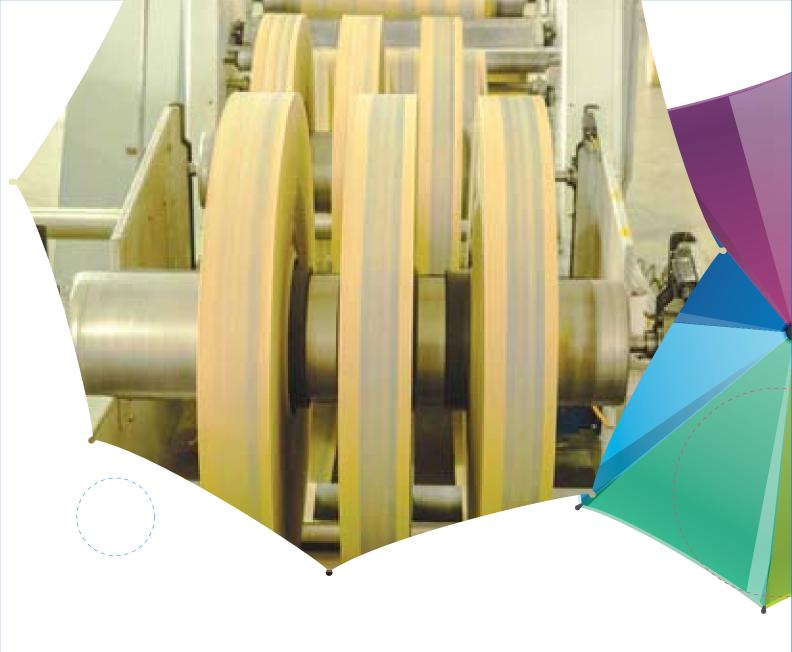
Mr. Aslam Faruque Director

Mr. Aslam Faruque is a graduate from the University of Pacific, Stockton, USA, with a major in Marketing. He is the Chief Executive of Mirpurkhas Sugar Mills Ltd, Unicol Ltd, UniEnergy Ltd and Mirpurkhas Energy Ltd. He is on the Board of Directors of Greaves Airconditioning (Pvt.) Ltd, Greaves Engineering Services (Pvt.) Ltd and Zensoft (Pvt.) Ltd. In the past, he has served as the Chairman of Pakistan Sugar Mills Association—Sindh Zone, and Director of Sui Southern Gas Company Ltd, State Life Insurance Corporation of Pakistan and Pakistan Industrial Development Corporation.

Mr. Shehryar Faruque

Director

Mr. Shehryar Faruque is a graduate from Davis & Elkins College, Elkins, WV, USA. He serves on the Board of Directors of Cherat Cement Company Ltd, Mirpurkhas Sugar Mills Ltd, Faruque (Pvt.) Ltd, Greaves CNG (Pvt.) Ltd, Zensoft (Pvt.) Ltd and Mirpurkhas Energy Ltd. Mr. Shehryar Faruque is also serving as Director of NBP Fullerton Asset Management Company. (NAFA) and Summit Bank Ltd.



Mr. Arif Faruque

Director

Mr. Arif Faruque is a Swiss - qualified Attorney-at-Law and also holds Masters degrees in both Law and Business Administration from the USA. He is the Chairman of Maersk Pakistan and the Chief Executive of Faruque (Pvt.) Ltd as well as Madian Hydro Power Ltd. He is on the Board of Directors of Mirpurkhas Sugar Mills Ltd, Cherat Cement Company Ltd, Zensoft (Pvt.) Ltd. UniEnergy Ltd and IGI Investment Bank Ltd. Besides the above, he is a member of the Board of Governors of Lahore University of Management Sciences.

Mr. Tariq Faruque

Director

Mr. Tariq Faruque graduated from Case Western Reserve University, USA. He holds a dual major in Economics and Political Science. He is a Director of Mirpurkhas Sugar Mills Ltd, Faruque (Pvt.) Ltd, Greaves Airconditioning (Pvt.) Ltd, Greaves Engineering Services (Pvt.) Ltd, Zensoft (Pvt.) Ltd, Madian Hydro Power Ltd, Unicol Ltd and Mirpukhas Energy Ltd.

Mr. Tariq Faruque was also a Member of the Board of Directors of Oil and Gas Development Company as well as served on the Board of Governors of Marie Adelaide Leprosy Centre. He is a 'Certified Director' from the Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance.



Mr. Abrar Hasan Director

Mr. Abrar Hasan is the Chief Executive of National Foods since 2000. He graduated with a BS in Industrial Management and a minor in Industrial Engineering from Purdue University, Indiana, USA. Mr. Hasan has used his proficiency in Operations Management, Marketing and Finance with diligence to make National Foods one of the largest, most successful and innovative food industries in Pakistan. He was invited to join the Board of Cherat Packaging Ltd as an Independent Director in September 2010. Besides this, he is also a Director of Associated Textile Consultants (Pvt.) Ltd, Pakistan Business Council and The Health Foundation.

Mr. Abid Naqvi

Director

Mr. Abid Naqvi is the COO of ACL Capital (Pvt.) Ltd, a business materials company affiliated with Associated Constructors Ltd. He has worked in the field of Commercial and Development Banking and Stock Brokerage for a period of 25 years. He has also worked as CEO of Taurus Securities Ltd, a renowned name in the stock brokerage industry. He was on the Board of Pie in the Sky (Pvt.) Ltd., Alfalah GHP Investment Management Ltd and Atlas Honda Ltd. He is a graduate from the University College London, UK, in the field of Economics and Finance.



Directors' Report to the members for the year ended June 30, 2016

The Board of Directors is pleased to present the annual report of the Company along with the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016.

COMPANY OVERVIEW

Stable macroeconomic environment coupled with improved security situation in the country has boosted the demand for cement in the country, which has resulted in an increase in the sale of bags produced by your Company. During the year, the company continued to achieve new production and dispatch milestones. Besides tapping into traditional markets for sale of bags, the company diversified into new markets segments including export of PP bags, which resulted in an increase in turnover. Rising volumes of both paper and PP bags have had a positive impact on the market share, sales revenues and the profitability of the Company for the year. The ability of the company to provide single window operation for premium packaging solutions to its valuable customers has helped the Company in achieving greater sales level together with improved operational and financial performance.

The financial highlights for the current year and that of last year are indicated below:

| | | 2013 - 10 | 2014 - 15 |
|---|--------------|------------|-----------|
| | | (Rupees in | million) |
| • | let sales | 6,888.61 | 6,223.83 |
| • | Gross Profit | 1,582.07 | 1,307.25 |
| • | Net Profit | 918.24 | 651.41 |

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

During the year, there was an increase of around 11% i.e. Rs. 665 million in the sales revenue of the company. The increase in revenue was due to rise in the quantity of both paper and PP bags sold. During the year, the company efficiently managed its resources and explored new markets for its bags to enhance its sales volume and resultantly market share. Always striving for innovation, the company successfully introduced new varieties of packaging solutions to its customers during the year. The company also increased its export of PP bags by entering new markets and also supplied its bags to various industries like sugar, fertilizer, chemicals etc. After accounting for the above, the company was able to achieve an after tax profit of Rs. 918 million for the year 2015/16.



EXPORTS AND NEW PRODUCTS

Just like domestic market, the Company is also making a name for itself as a supplier of premium quality bags in the export markets of Asia, Africa and Europe. In the process, it is adding new customers to its portfolio. Furthermore, the Company has also made inroads in to new segments of PP bag market like sugar, fertilizer, chemicals, rice etc. and has also introduced new varieties of bags including BOPP bags to cater to various market segments.

UPDATE ON EXPANSIONS

• Polypropylene Plant

Subsequent to the year end, the third line of the polypropylene plant was successfully installed and commissioned at the factory. The plant, which has also been acquired from M/s. BSW – Windmoller & Holscher, is the fastest and most efficient of its type in the world. By virtue of this expansion, the production capacity of the polypropylene plant of the company has increased to 195 million bags per annum in the first phase. Another 50 million PP bags capacity will be added in the second phase in 2017. By virtue of this expansion, the company is confident of gaining greater market share and achieving further economies of scale. Additionally, the company is actively exploring export markets for sale of empty PP bags and is also manufacturing PP bags for packaging other products like sugar, chemicals, fertilizer, and other similar products to add value to the company operations.

Papersack Plant

Work on the expansion of production capacity of the papersack line is progressing on schedule. The letter of credit for the fifth papersack line has been established and contracts will soon be awarded for other local works. On the financing front, the company has finalized the long term loan for the project with a leading bank at competitive terms. Addition of this papersack line will enhance the production capacity to around 400 million papersacks per annum. The management is confident of commissioning the new plant on time. The project is expected to benefit from decline in discount rate and stable foreign currency exchange rates.

DIVIDEND

At its meeting held on August 23, 2016 the Board of Directors has proposed a final cash dividend @ 70% (Rs. 7/- per share) for the year ended June 30, 2016. This is in addition to 30% (Rs. 3/- per share) interim cash dividend declared earlier. The approval of members for the cash dividend will be obtained at the Annual General Meeting to be held on October 31, 2016.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILTY

The Company actively participates in various social work initiatives as part of its corporate social responsibility and contributes generously to various social and charitable causes including but not limited to health and education sectors. In this regard, the Company has worked with many reputable organizations and NGOs like The Aga Khan

University and The Citizens Foundation in Pakistan. The Company has always stood by the people of Pakistan in their hour of need and shall continue to do so.

SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT

Being a responsible corporate citizen, the Company remains committed to continuous improvement in Health and Safety aspects. The production facility remained fully compliant with industry and environmental standards along with safety requirements and there was no occupational accident to our staff.

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK

- The financial statements prepared by the management of the Company present its state of affairs fairly, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- Proper books of account of the Company have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure therefrom has been adequately disclosed and explained.
- The system of internal controls is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There are no significant doubts on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- Key operating and financial data for last six (6) years in summarized form is annexed.
- The Company has been declaring regular dividends to its shareholders.
- There is nothing outstanding against your Company on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges except for those which are being made in normal course of business.
- The Company maintains Provident and Gratuity Fund accounts for its employees. Stated below are the values of the investments of the fund as on June 30, 2016.

| Provident Fund | Rs. 137.6 million |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| • Gratuity Fund | Rs. 75.1 million |

• During the year, six meetings of the Board of Directors were convened. The attendance record of each director is as follows:

| Name of Director | Meetings Attended |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| Mr. Akbarali Pesnani | 6 |
| Mr. Amer Faruque | 6 |
| Mr. Aslam Faruque | 6 |
| Mr. Shehryar Faruque | 5 |
| Mr. Arif Faruque | 6 |
| Mr. Tariq Faruque | 6 |
| Mr. Abrar Hasan | 6 |
| Mr. Abid Nagvi | 5 |

• During the year, four meetings of the Audit Committee were convened. The attendance record of each member is as follows:

| Name of Director | Meetings Attended | |
|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| Mr. Abid Naqvi | 4 | |
| Mr. Tariq Faruque | 4 | / |
| Mr. Arif Faruque | 4 | |

During the year, two meetings of the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee were convened. The attendance record of each member is as follows:

| Name of Director | Meetings Attended |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| Mr. Abrar Hasan | 2 |
| Mr. Aslam Faruque | 2 |
| Mr. Amer Faruque | 2 |

- The pattern of shareholding is annexed with the report.
- No trading in the shares of the Company was made by the Chief Executive, Directors, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children during the year except for sale of shares by Mr. Aslam Faruque and Mr. Tariq Faruque.
- Earnings per share (EPS) during the year was Rs. 31.55 compared to Rs. 22.89 last year.

CONTRIBUTION TO NATIONAL EXCHEQUER

The Company contributed around Rs. 2 billion to the Government treasury in the form of duties and taxes.

UNIENERGY LIMITED

UniEnergy – a joint venture wind power project, has been granted Letter of Intent and formally allotted land for setting up the project at Jhimpir, district Thatta. The JV partners have made initial equity investment in the company to meet the ongoing financial requirements for the project. In this regard, Cherat Packaging has made an equity investment of Rs. 4.62 million following the approval of the shareholders. At present, work on technical studies is taking place on the project. Furthermore, the management of the company is in the process of getting approvals from various governmental agencies and is also in touch with financial institutions for funding of the project.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

Significant improvement in the demand for cement in the country is having a positive impact on the sale of bags produced by the company. Benefits of stable economy, low oil prices and declining interest rates are reflecting on all sectors of the economy as investment activities especially in the construction sector in the country have gathered momentum. Launch of infrastructural projects and initiation of projects under China Pakistan Economic Corridor will further boost the offtake of cement in the country. In such a scenario, addition of third line of polypropylene plant and subsequently fifth line of papersack plant will allow the company to meet the enhanced demand for packaging materials. Furthermore, it will also allow the company to explore new market segments including export of PP bags and packaging material for other products like sugar, fertilizer, chemicals etc. Being the only company in Pakistan to provide single window cement packaging solution, CPL is strategically well positioned to meet the requirements of its valuable clients. We are confident that these measures will further drive the sales of the company in the future. Additionally, the Company is also making concerted efforts to improve its operational efficiencies and optimize the utilization of its available resources.

AUDITORS

The present auditors M/s. EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Karachi: August 23, 2016

The management would like to express its gratitude to all customers, financial institutions, staff members, suppliers and shareholders who have been associated with the Company for their continued support and cooperation. It would like to particularly thank Mondi Packaging and BSW – Windmoller & Holscher for their cooperation and support to the Company.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Akbarali Pesnani

Chairman

MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES & STRATEGIES

The core objective of our management is to achieve excellence in business where our venture may be regarded as amongst the best blue-chip stocks in the country.

To achieve our objectives, the management strategically strives to enhance stakeholders' value and customer satisfaction. The stakeholders' value is maximized through returns on investments, which management believes can be achieved through revenue maximization and cost control measures.

We have always benefited from timely expansion decisions and have added our third production line of PP during last year. We are confident that our expansion in papersack business through addition of fifth line of production will reap positive results in the future. During the year the revenue of the Company has increased by 10.68%. Currently we are the only Pakistani company which offers both papersacks and PP bags. Since it creates greater opportunities by providing one window operations to our customers and facilitates them in purchasing their medium of choice with respect to quality packaging material for their valuable products, we are able to bank on this strategic edge. The tone of our business is set by the marketing targets and budgets, which are aggressively designed by the management to achieve highest possible returns.

Cost is effectively controlled by the addition of the most modern, state of the art machinery, which not only results in energy conservation but also produces quality products in the most efficient and effective manner. In spite of volatility in cost of major inputs, the Company managed to effectively deal with it through strict controls and effective management.

Effectiveness of internal controls is ensured through active Internal Audit Department, which independently recommends its suggestions to the Board's Audit Committee. On all constructive suggestions, the management takes timely corrective actions.

Cherat Packaging gives key consideration to Human Resource Management. A full fledge HR department is established which is supervised by Human Resource & Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors. All the HR functions are integrated where the employees' performances are evaluated based on SMART goals. Moreover, Training Need Analysis (TNA) is effectively in place where in-house and external trainings are arranged at all management levels. Further, eligible employees receive Service Awards based on their performance and length of service. The management's objective is to recognize and reward employees' contribution to the business. This process helps the availability of high quality workforce which plays a vital role in achieving day-to-day targets and tactical and strategic objectives of the Company.

We are having world's largest ERP 'SAP' in place from end to end. The Company carried out one of the fastest implementations of SAP in Pakistan. The use of SAP helps management implement better internal controls and employ best business practices.

Another prime objective of management is customer satisfaction for which management takes every step to ensure high quality customer care and product quality. The Company has obtained international certificate of Total Quality Management (TQM) system ISO 9001:2008.

The result of these steps can be seen in our increased revenues, controlled costs and satisfied customers base with no major complaints.



There is no material change in Company's objectives and strategies from the previous year.

The Company hires energetic, talented, and motivated human resources and provides them a congenial and healthy working environment to utilize their capabilities efficiently. The Company believes that its core strength is its people, who strive every day to meet individual challenges and help the Company achieve its collective targets. The Company has in place a Performance Review Process in order to recognize employees' contribution and reward them according to their performances. The Company also inducts apprentices in its Apprenticeship Program through which graduates from reputable institutions are inducted.

Industrial Relations

We maintain excellent relations with our employees & labour and the Company takes every reasonable step for swift and amicable resolution of all their issues.

Succession Planning

The Company has a process for identifying and developing internal people with the potential to fill key business leadership positions. This process increases the availability of experienced and capable employees that are prepared to assume these roles as they get to that level.

LIQUIDITY, CASH FLOWS AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Consistent profits earned have improved the liquidity position of the Company contributing to a better operating cycle of the business. With this, the Company has not only been able to pay off its installments for long-term loans but also has made early repayments of long term loans while increasing its operational capabilities. These factors have added to the sustainable growth of the Company with increased profitability and business stability. Moreover, the gearing of the Company has also been monitored and controlled in line with the business objectives. Strong liquidity of the Company is evidenced by current ratio of 2.71. The Company managed to earn healthy cash flows during the year, which are being monitored on a daily basis. Adequate debt and equity ratio is maintained. In the past 5 years the Company has issued right shares thrice to finance the expansion projects.

Liquidity Strategy

In view of the strong liquidity position and available unutilized short-term finance facilities of more than Rs. 3 billion, the management is confident that the Company would not face any liquidity issues in future. Besides, the management has practice of continuously monitoring cash flows on a daily basis and gradually increasing the short-term financing facilities in line with working capital requirements for optimized Company operations.

Financing Arrangements

The Company has good business relations with all the reputed banks and financial institutions of the country. Adequate unutilized short-term financing facilities are available at the Company's disposal. In the past the Company has obtained long-term loans to finance expansion projects at attractive mark-up rates.



Changes in Financial Position, Liquidity and Performance

It was the best performing year in the history of the Company as the Company posted ever highest profits in the outgoing year. Accordingly, the financial position, liquidity and cash flows of the Company have improved to a great extent. (Refer ratios section also).

Analysis of Financial and Non-Financial Targets

Targets are set for both financial and non financial indicators. Financial indicators are set for revenue, costs, profitability, gearing and liquidity etc, while non financial targets are set for Company and brand image, human resource development and growth / expansion etc.

The Company on an annual basis sets marketing, production and other targets in the form of a budget which is duly approved by the Board of Directors. We have surpassed all the key targets set in our last year's budget especially pertaining to production, revenue and profitability. We have been able to increase our market share. For liquidity and gearing, cash flows are monitored on a daily basis to achieve the targets. The Company has also met its non-financial targets in the areas of marketing, human resource and growth to a greater extent.

For revenue maximization marketing targets are set with respect to quantity and pricing. In line with its expansion, the management will try to improve the image of the Company and the brand. Specific marketing budgets are kept for advertisements. In addition, the Company is now selling various types of bags including sugar, wheat, rice, chemical and BoPP. These achievements are in line with the expectations as depicted in last year's Directors' report.

MARKET SHARE

Cherat Packaging is the largest player in the cement packaging business. Introduction of new products have always been the strength of the Company. Its production and sales is increasing every year on the bank of introduction of new products for cement industry. Since CPL can produce both Kraft paper and Polypropylene (PP) bags, it has been able to attract more customers than its competitors. The Company is the largest producer of cement bags in Pakistan. The Company's product of 2 ply paper bags is unmatchable due to its low cost-better quality feature. In addition to the cement industry, the Company is also producing PP bags for sugar, chemical and other similar industries.



94% Local Sales

Export Sales

Segment Review

The Company is firmly holding its ground with respect to local market sales and the sales is in line with the growth in local cement industry. The Company has also improved its exports as a result of active exploration of new international markets. The Company believes that export market needs to be opened up further as it carries great potential since many venues are still undiscovered.

CONSUMER PROTECTION MEASURES

The Company ensures that the packaging material is packed and dispatched to its consumers in a safe manner. It also complies with all safety standards and industrial requirements. The Company ensures that the customers get best value for money.

BUSINESS ETHICS AND ANTI CORRUPTION MEASURES

The Company is fully committed to promoting the highest standards of ethical behavior throughout its business. The management condemns corrupt and fraudulent practices and ensures transparency, integrity and honesty in all aspects of work. The Company expects all its employees to perform services with integrity and professionalism. Fundamental to this is the adoption of a 'zero tolerance' approach to all forms of corruption and misrepresentation.



The Company actively participates in various social work initiatives as part of its corporate social responsibility. Being a conscientious member of the corporate community, the Company contributes generously to various social and charitable causes including towards health, education and social sectors. In the past the Company has worked for the rehabilitation of flood affectees and IDPs. Cherat Packaging has worked with many reputable organizations and NGOs. The Company has always stood by the people of Pakistan in their hour of need and shall always continue to do so.

Community Investment & Welfare Schemes

The Company invests in community and welfare schemes through donations to education and health sectors.

National Cause Donations

The Company has always stood by the people of Pakistan in their hour of need and shall always continue to do so. The Company has donated generously in the past for the flood victims and IDPs.

Details of Charity Account

The Company makes donations to support less privileged people of the society. The main focus of donation is education and health. The Company has donated more than Rs. 3 million during the year. The recipients mainly include The Aga Khan Hospital and Medical College Foundation, other trusts and IBP School of Special Education Karachi.

Rural Development Programs & Employment of Special Persons

The Company takes care of people living in its vicinity through regular donations for development of household, education and medical facilities. Being an equal opportunity employer the management encourages hiring workforce from local vicinity and employment of less privileged and special persons are also considered.

BUSINESS CONTINUITY AND DISASTER RECOVERY POLICY

The Board of Directors has approve and continously reviews the IT Policy and Business Continuity Plan of the Company. The management has arranged offsite data storage facilities. All the key records are being mantained at different locations. Employees are aware of the steps required to be taken in case of any emergency.



Being a responsible corporate citizen, the Company remained committed to continuous improvement in Health and Safety standards practices. The Company gives particular attention to its production facility for health and safety aspects and also remained fully compliant with industry standards and safety requirements.

Occupational Safety and Health

We manage and utilize resources and operations in such a way that the safety and health of our people in ensured. We believe our safety and health responsibilities extend beyond protection and enhancement of our own facilities. We have a dedicated safety staff at our plant. Our workers are sufficiently trained through fire & safety trainings and are also adequately equipped with Personal Protection Equipments.

Environment Protection Measures

The Company's aim in respect of environment is to reduce all adverse environmental aspects arising out of our operations. In order to meet the purpose, we have acquired most advanced technology plant which controls industrial waste at lowest levels. Further, to improve the environment, natural tree plantation has been done in the factory premises.

Steps to Mitigate Effects of Industrial Effluents

Safe and healthy environment has always been the priority of the management of the Company. This mainly includes a healthy environment for employees and surrounding communities. The Company has invested in a high quality plant technology to avoid industrial waste and to control industrial effluents. Although the industrial effluents are on a very low side in this industry, management is fully aware of its responsibilities in this regard related policies are already in place. Employees are given proper training to minimize the wastage.

AWARDS AND RECOGNITIONS

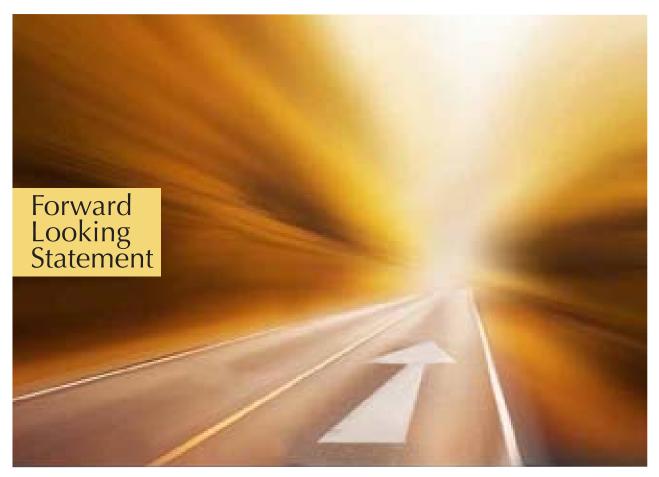
Corporate Excellence Award

Cherat Packaging's outstanding performance was also recognized by the Management Association of Pakistan on account of Best Management Practices and the Company was awarded Amir S. Chinoy – Corporate Excellence Certificate in Paper and Board Category for the year 2015. The ceremony was held in Karachi in February 2016.

Best Corporate Report Award

For the financial year 2013-14 the Company 1st time participated for Best Corporate Report Award 2014. The contest is jointly held by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and Institute of Cost and Management Accountants of Pakistan (ICMAP). The Company secured the 1st POSITON in 'Others' sector. This achievement shows that Cherat Packaging is a responsible corporate citizen and believes in transparency in the process of data gathering and timely dissemination of factual information to our valuable stakeholders.





Amid the improving economic and security environment in the country, the government has embarked on constructing several mega infrastructural projects, which will lead to growth in the domestic demand for cement. This will have a positive impact on the sales of the Company. The Company is trying hard to capitalize its strategic edge over the existing cement bag suppliers since it can offer both Kraft paper and PP bags to meet the anticipated growth in the cement industry's local demand, which has shown an overall growth of almost 17% in this year.

In order to meet the growing demand for PP bags and sustain its growth pattern, the Company has installed PP line 3 phase 1 having capacity of 50 million bags per annum. The Company should be able to further increase its market share. Being the a single window cement packaging solution company, CPL is well positioned to meet the requirements for both paper and polypropylene bags of its valuable local and export clients. Because of its superior quality, CPL has become a supplier of choice for the supply of both paper and polypropylene bags. The Company is now actively exploring new markets for export of its bags in which it has achieved some success. Further, it is also working towards producing polypropylene bags for use in the packaging of other products like sugar, rice and chemicals. We are confident that these measures will drive the sales of the Company in the future.

The Company is also making concerted efforts to improve its operational efficiencies and optimize the utilization of its available resources. We take this opportunity to thank the Government of Pakistan and the State Bank of Pakistan for reducing the discount rates, which will encourage further economic activities in the country.

On the human resource side, based on the last year's Training Need Analysis (TNA) and performance appraisal of the Company personnel, adequate technical trainings were conducted for the identified employees. The same process is followed on yearly basis. The Company has developed extensive training program for all levels of management. The Company will be conducting these trainings in future also which would equip the employees with required technical and management skills in the years to come.

Availability, of power at competitive rates is a critical factor for the company. Other areas of concern may be volatility in international commodity pricing and exchange rates.

We are expecting stable interest and exchange rates during next year in view of improved macroeconomic indicators.

Financial projections

Revenue

Keeping in view the foregoing, the Company is positive about the future prospects and expects to perform well in the ensuing years. The Company expects to enhance its revenue base through expansion to fulfil the expected increase in local cement industry demand on the back of improved economic and law and order situation coupled with construction of different infrastructural projects initiated by the Government.

Competition in the local bags sales is also expected to increase which may put pressure on profitability of the Company. However, the Company foresees to minimize its impact through implementation of lean manufacturing concept and introduction of new and improved features bags.

Future revenue projections based on management's best judgement and estimates are as follows:

| 2016/17 | 2017/18 | 2018/19 |
|---------|---------------------|---------|
| | (Rupees in million) | |
| 7 128 | 7 949 | 8 744 |

Company Performance Against Last Year Projections

The Company anticipated growth in local cement demand in the last year forward looking statement which has increased from 8% to 17% in FY 2016. The Company was actively striving to improve export of the Company which has increased by 25.70% as against last year. As anticipated, profitability of the Company has increased because of expansion and better cost controls. Moreover, the Company also successfully introduced new bags of different variety as highlighted last year. All financial and non-financial targets established during last year were met to a greater extent.



Critical Performance

Sales

6,889

(Rs. Million)

Increase by

10.68%

Profit after tax

(Rs. Million)

Increase by

40.96%

Breakup value per share

Increase by

40.29%

Gross profit

1,582 (Rs. Million)

Increase by

21.02%

Earnings per share

Increase by

33.40%

Cash generated from operating activities

1,314
(Rs. Million)

Increase by

8.84%

Wealth distributed

6,918 (Rs. Million)

Increase by

11.03%

Profit before tax

1,308 (Rs. Million)

Increase by

41.77%

Market price per share

(Rs.)

Increase by

81.16%

Interim & final cash dividend

(Rs. Million)

Increase by

53.57%

The above are the Critical Performance Indicators being used by the management and are expected to remain valid in future.

Quarterly Performance Analysis

| | | Sep-15 \ Dec-15 | | | Mar-16 Jun | | Jun-16 \ Tota | | ıl | | |
|------------------------|-------|-----------------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------|--------------------|--------|---------|
| | | | | | | (R | Rupees in '000) | | | | |
| Sales - Net | | 1,567,0 | 37 | 1,825,014 | | | 1,808,469 | 1,68 | 1,688,085 | | 88,605 |
| Cost of Good Sold | | (1,195,0 | ,195,095) | | 27,349) | | (1,389,044) | (1,29 | 5,050) | (5,30 | 06,538) |
| GROSS PROFIT | | 371,9 | 42 | 39 | 7,665 | | 419,425 | 39 | 3,035 | 1,58 | 32,067 |
| Selling Expenses | I | (15,3 | 68) | (1 | 9,412) | | (23,264) | (2 | 6,492) | (8) | 34,536) |
| Administrative Expense | es | (11,5 | | | 2,690) | | (11,245) | | 3,017) | | 8,477) |
| Other charges | | (22,5 | . 11 | | 2,842) | | (26,979) | | 2,332) | | 7,677) |
| Other charges | l | (49,4 | | | 57,944) | | (61,488) | | 1,841) | | 0,690) |
| | | , | | | | | | | | | |
| Other Income | | 1,4 | · | ı | 4,927 | | 9,265 | | 3,405 | 2 | 9,018 |
| OPERATING PROFIT | | 323,9 | 46 | 35 | 354,648 | | 367,202 | 33- | 4,599 | 1,38 | 30,395 |
| Finance Cost | | (27,5 | 7,573) | | 21,563) | 63) (12,725) | | (10,543) | | (7 | (2,404) |
| PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION | | 296,3 | ,373 3 | | 3,085 | 354,477 | | 324,056 | | 1,30 | 7,991 |
| Taxation | | (87,4 | (87,446) | | (95,655) | | (109,899) | (96,752) | | (38 | 39,752) |
| PROFIT AFTER TAXATION | | 208,9 | 927 237,4 | | 7,430 | _ | 244,578 | | 227,304 | | 8,239 |
| 100 – | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 25% | | 24 | ! % | | | 25% | | 2 | 4% | |
| 80 – | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 60 | 26% | | 27% | | | | 27% | | 2 | 7% | |
| 40 | | | 2.5 | :0/ | | | | | | 60/ | |
| 26% | | | 25 | 5% | | 25% | | | | 6% | |
| 20 | 23% | | 24 | 1 % | | | 23% | | 2 | 3% | |
| 0 + | Sales | ' | Gross | profit | t | Profit before tax | | ax | x Profit after tax | | ıx |
| | 1st | Quarter | 2 | 2nd Qu | arter | | 3rd Quarter | | 4th Qu | ıarter | |



Quarter 1

Sales: The first guarter sales of financial year 2016 decreased as compared to June guarter of financial

year 2015 due to decrease in quantity sold.

Cost of sales: This quarter witnessed reduced cost as compared to last quarter due to decline in quantity

produced however, the reduction is not inline with reduction in sales due to increase in raw

material prices.

Operating profit: Due to factors mentioned above, operating profit reduced as compared to June quarter of financial

year 2015.

Net Profit: Despite reduced operating profit, net profit of the Company for September 2015 quarter increased

owing to the imposition of super tax through finance bill 2015 which caused increase in tax

incidence of June 2015 quarter resulting in reduced net profit for that quarter.

Quarter 2

Sales: Sales increased due to increase in dispatches.

Cost of sales: Cost of sales increased due to increase in dispatches and impact of increase in kraft paper prices

however, the cost increment was partially curtailed by lower granule prices.

Operating profit: Apart from aforementioned factors, the Company had received dividend income which resulted in

increased operating profit of the Company.

Net Profit: Net profit increased due to reasons mentioned above.

Quarter 3

Sales: Sales decreased owing to decline in PP bags sales due to winter season moreover, paper & PP bags

prices were also reduced during the quarter.

Cost of sales: Cost of sales showed declining trend in quarter due to decrease in production and prices of

imported raw material.

Operating profit: Decline in cost of sales was higher than decline in sales which caused increase in operating profit.

Net Profit: In addition to factors mentioned above, reduced finance cost also had an impact on better

profitability of the Company.

Quarter 4

Sales: Sales in this quarter decreased due to decrease in dispatches and decline in per bag price both in

paper and PP bags.

Cost of sales: Cost of sales decreased due to decrease in quantity dispatched.

Operating profit: Both the above factors caused decrease in operating profit of the Company.

Net Profit: Besides above factors, net profit of CPL has reduced due to imposition of super tax and hence

increased tax expense however, capitalization of PP line 3 provided tax credit which reduced tax

incidence.

Risks and Opportunities

The board of Cherat Packaging principally assumes the responsibility to mitigate all possible risks and to identify and utilize potential events that may affect the Company. This principle keeps the Company within its risk appetite and helps to achieve its corporate objectives.

RISKS

Like any business activity, the Company is susceptible to various risks; however, through comprehensive planning and an acute business understanding of the management, the Company continues to identify and mitigate actual, potential and perceived risks. The Company maintains an established control framework comprising clear structures, authority limits and accountabilities, well implemented policies and procedures and budgeting for review processes.

The Board of Directors of the Company establishes corporate strategy and business objectives. Moreover, the Board's Audit Committee is responsible for Internal Control in the Company. The Internal and External Auditors' reports are submitted to the Audit Committee for its review, which after detailed deliberations and with improvement suggestions are submitted to the Board of Directors'.

Following are the major risks which may affect our business operations and mitigating strategies for controlling these risks.

Rising Cost of Imported Raw Material: Raw material cost component is a substantial part of the overall cost of production of the Company. Due to frequent fluctuation of PKR parity against

USD and Euro, it becomes challenging for the Company to compete in the market. Additionally, the suppliers increase the cost of products supplied in view of international economic conditions.

Mitigant: The Company regularly scrutinize the parity fluctuations and whenever needed, enters into hedging arrangements. Moreover, the Company analyses raw material prices offered by various suppliers on a regular basis and has strategic relationships with key international raw material suppliers.

Rise in Energy Costs: The energy cost component is an important factor of the overall cost of product. Any rise in energy cost would hurt the profitability of the Company.



Mitigant: The Company cannot avoid usage of Government supplied electricity as the cost of self generated electricity is much higher than current energy cost. Keeping this in mind, the management of the Company strives to keep production wastage to a minimum level and productivity at the highest. Higher productivity helps reduce energy cost per bag and thereby increase in profitability of the Company. The Company has most modern and most efficient machinery in place.

Credit Risk: To keep competitive edge and to gain more market share, the Company extends credit to its customers. There lies a risk factor that the customers may fail to discharge their obligations and cause a financial loss to the Company.

Mitigant: The Company regularly analyses the credit position and credit worthiness of its Customers and extends credits based on minimum risk of financial loss. The Company also receives advance against sales or post dated cheques where the risk factors are higher than the Company's pre-defined standards. Moreover, the Company regularly monitors its outstanding debtors and endeavours to keep days outstanding to allowed number of days.

Working Capital Management: Any increase in raw material cost or increase in volume of raw material stock or debts may limit the avenues for availability of sufficient working capital.

Mitigant: Management has addressed the risk of shortage of working capital by availing the sufficient credit lines from the diversified financial institutions in order to meet the short-term requirements of the Company.

OPPORTUNITIES

One Window Operations: Cherat Packaging is the only Company in Pakistan having facilities to produce both kraft paper and polypropylene bags. With this great strategic edge, the Company is in tactical position to secure more local market share and enjoy benefits of economies of scale.

Production Capacity: Cherat Packaging is the only company in Pakistan to have the highest combined production capacity which makes the Company the largest player in the industry. With this strategic edge, the Company actively pursues local and international markets to fully utilize its potential capacity and earn higher return for its shareholders.

Diversification: Cherat Packaging has developed the capability to produce not only Cement bags but also sugar, rice, chemical and BoPP bags. With this key ability in hand, the Company is committed to search all possible avenues to maximize the pace of growth of the Company and Shareholders wealth.

MATERIALITY APPROACH

The Board of Directors of Cherat Packaging reposes authority and power to the Company management for taking day to day decisions. The management however, observes the approach of materiality in applying power and authority. Materiality is a matter of judgment and the Company thinks that a matter is material if, individually or in aggregate, they are expected to significantly the performance affect profitability of the Company. In order to execute day to day operations / transactions delegation of powers has also been defined clearly and formalized procedures are followed for their execution. All the matters as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984 are referred to the Board of Directors for their approal.







GIT Jovernance Policy

Cherat Packaging has a well conceived and implemented IT Governance Policy which seeks to ensure that IT is aligned with CPL's organizational goals and strategies and delivers value to the organization. The policy is designed to promote effective, efficient, timely and informed decision-making concerning CPL's IT investments and operations. Specifically the policy aims to establish the IT governance structure and its associated procedures, roles and responsibilities, as a critical component of the overall IT Management (ITM) Framework, which guides the management in implementation and monitoring of IT investments for CPL.

Cherat Packaging's IT Governance Policy is mainly charged with:

- Establishing a shared vision of how Information Technology can add value to the organization;
- Establishing Information Technology goals and the strategies for achieving those goals;

- Establishing principles and guidelines for making Information Technology decisions and managing initiatives;
- Overseeing the management of institutional Information Technology initiatives;
- Establishing and communicating organizational Information Technology priorities;
- Determining Information Technology priorities in resource allocation;
- Establishing, amending and retiring as necessary, organizational Information Technology and other technology related policies; and
- Determining the distribution of responsibility between the IT Department and end users.



Whistle Blower Policy

An important aspect of accountability and transparency is a mechanism to enable all individuals to voice concerns internally in a responsible and effective manner when they discover information which they believe shows serious malpractice.

Our whistle blower policy is therefore fundamental to the organization's professional integrity. In addition, it reinforces the value the organization places on staff to be honest and respected members of their individual professions. It provides a method of properly addressing bona fide concerns that individuals within the organization might have, while also offering whistle blowers protection from victimization, harassment or disciplinary proceedings.

It should be emphasized that the policy is intended to assist only those individuals who believe they have discovered malpractice or impropriety. It is not designed to question financial or business decisions taken by the organization nor should it be used to reconsider any matters which have been investigated under the harassment, grievance or disciplinary policies and procedures.

Fundamental elements of our Whistle Blower Policy are highlighted below:

 All staff are protected from victimization, harassment or disciplinary action as a result of any disclosure, where the disclosure is made in good faith and is not made maliciously or for personal gain.

- All disclosures are required to be made in writing.
- Disclosures made anonymously are not entertained.
- Disclosures made are investigated fully including interviews with all the witnesses and other parties involved.
- All whistle blowers' disclosures made are treated as confidential and the identity of the whistle blower is protected at all stages in any internal matter or investigation.
- Disciplinary action (up to and including dismissal) may be taken against the wrongdoer dependant on the results of the investigation.
- There are no adverse consequences for anyone who reports a whistle blowing concern in good faith. However, any individual found responsible for making allegations maliciously or in bad faith may be subject to disciplinary action.

During the year no whistle blowing incident was reported under the mentioned procedure.



Safety of Records Policy

Cherat Packaging is effectively implementing the policy to ensure the safety of records. All records must be retained for as long as they are required to meet legal, administrative, operational and other requirements of the Company. The main purposes of the Company Policy are:

- To ensure that the Company's records are created, managed, retained and disposed off in an effective and efficient manner;
- To facilitate the efficient management of the Company's records through the development of a coordinated Records Management Program;
- To ensure preservation of the Company's records of permanent value to support both protection of privacy and freedom of information services throughout the Company to promote collegiality and

knowledge sharing;

- Information will be held only as long as required and disposed off in accordance with the record retention policy and retention schedules; and
- Records and information are owned by the Company, not by the individual or team.





Conflict of Interest Policy

A Conflict of Interest Policy has been developed by Cherat Packaging to provide a framework for all directors of the Company ("Directors") to disclose actual, potential or perceived conflicts of interest.

The policy provides guidance on what constitutes a conflict of interest and how it will be managed and monitored by the Company.

The policy is applicable to Directors as the Company strongly believes that a Director owes certain fiduciary duties, including the duties of loyalty, diligence and confidential to the Company which requires that the Directors act in good faith on behalf of the Company and to exercise his or her powers for stakeholders' interests and not for their own or others interests.

Management of Conflict of Interest

The Company stands fully committed to the transparent disclosures, management and monitoring of actual, potential or perceived conflicts of interest. All Directors under the

policy are obligated and have a duty to avoid actual, potential or perceived conflicts of interest.

Any Director with personal interest, relationship or responsibility which conflicts with the interest of the Company or its shareholders shall excuse himself or herself from any discussions on the matter that would give rise to conflict of interest and, if necessary, from the Board meeting, or applicable part thereof.





Social & Environmental Responsibility Policy

Cherat Packaging's Social and Environmental Responsibility Policy envisages an active commitment and participation on the part of the Company in various social work initiatives as part of its corporate social responsibility. Being a conscientious member of the corporate community, the Company contributes to various social and charitable causes including health and education sectors. In this regard, it has worked with many reputable organizations and NGOs in Pakistan.

The Company also participated in flood relief activities and helped Internally Displaced People (IDP). The employees of the Company had donated one day safary to help flood relief activities. Cherat Packaging has always stood by the people of Pakistan in their hour of need and shall always continue to do so.

Cherat Packaging is fully committed to acting in an environmentally responsible manner. To achieve this result, CPL:

- 1. ensures its product and operations comply with relevant environmental legislation and regulations.
- 2. maintains and continually improves its environmental management systems and complies with requirements as outlayed by specific markets or local regulations.
- 3. operates in a manner that is committed to continuous improvement in environmental sustainability through recycling, conservation of resources, prevention of pollution, product development and promotion of environmental responsibility amongst its employees.
- 4. does not produce any hazardous material from its factory.
- informs suppliers, including contractors, of its environmental expectations and requires them to adopt environmental management practices aligned with these expectations.



Management

Papersack Division (PSD)

Our Quality Management process includes Testing from Raw Material to final inspection up to pre delivery stage of papersacks.

- Strength Properties Analysis of Kraft Paper.
- Inspection of Printing Inks to ensure Customer's approved Colour Shades.
- Arrangements and Inspection of Polymer Sterios as per customers approved Artworks.
- Preparation and Inspection of Glue through Mixture of 02 Starches of different grades.
- In-Process inspection at different stages of Tubes & Bags manufacturing.
- Final Inspection of Bags Including Drop Testing and Bales packing Quality Checks and moisture content before packing of bales.
- Hourly sampling and testing at each stage.
- Counting of Bags on Machines / Pallets / Bailing Process and cross checking after packing.

Polypropylene Division (PPD)

Our Quality Management includes Monitoring and Testing of whole manufacturing process of Polypropylene (PP) sacks at 06 different stages, from Tape to PP Sacks inspection up to pre delivery stage.

 Different Quality Tests of Tape at Extrusion line including Denier, Tenacity, and Elongation etc.

- Inspection of Fabric Rolls for size, density and strength while running on Looms in weaving Section.
- Inspection of Lamination Process on Coating Line for GSM.
- Arrangements and Inspection of Polymer Sterios as per customers' approved Artworks.
- Inspection of Printing Inks for Color and Viscosity on receipt and inspection of Printed Fabric.
- In-Process inspection on Convertex and Auto cutting machines during Bags manufacturing.
- Final Inspection of Bags Including Air Permeability, Dimensions, welding and Bales packing Quality.
- Counting of Bags on Machines / Pallets / Bailing Process and cross checking after packing.

In-House Laboratory Testing of Papersack and Polypropylene Bags

Our Quality Control laboratory is a primary component to achieve our mission of maintaining strict control over every aspect of manufacture. Quality is an integral part of our ISO 9001:2008 certification.

Our in-house laboratory allows for timely, accurate, cost-effective testing that ensures every product, from raw material to finished goods, meets all quality requirements.

Corporate Governance -Stakeholders' Engagement

Our stakeholders extend valuable contribution towards our growth and existence. Procedure for stakeholders' engagement includes effective communication, good harmony and compliance with laws & regulations. We cannot truly execute our purpose without input from our stakeholders.

SHAREHOLDERS

Safeguarding our shareholders' interest is our prime responsibility. Our shareholders' interest revolves around good returns, profitability, growth and regulatory compliances. We respond to our shareholders' expectations through improvement in business mechanics, effective governance and corporate reporting framework. Annual General Meetings and statutory reporting are the most effective means of our engagement with our shareholders.

Support of shareholders is critical in achieving the Company objectives.

Investors' Grievance Policy

The Company has an Investors' Grievance Policy in place. Any complaints or observations received either directly by the Corporate Department or during General Meetings are addressed by the Company Secretary. The Shareholders are given the information as desired by them as per the law well in time. All the written complaints are replied in writing. Our share registrar is Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) which is a leading name in the field. The Company has many old and loyal shareholders, which shows the trust of the Shareholders in the management of the Company.

Investor Section

To keep transparency in the relation between the Company and its shareholders, the website of Cherat Packaging Ltd (http://gfg.com.pk/cpl) contains all the major financial information needed for investors' decision making in a separate tab of "Investor Relations".

AGM Proceedings

The last AGM was conducted at Cherat Packaging's

registered office in Peshawar on Thursday, October 15, 2015 at 3:30 p.m. The meeting was properly organized and well attended by the Shareholders. The Shareholders appreciated the efforts made by the management in achieving very good results. Shareholders raised different questions on the Financial Statements, especially with respect to raw material prices and future outlook of the Company. The questions were answered in detail by the management after which the Financial Statements were approved by the Shareholders. Shareholders also gave approval for appointment of M/s. EY Ford Rhodes as external auditors and distribution of cash dividend. Further the shareholders also gave approval for investment in associated joint venture Wind Power Generation Company.

Matters raised in the last AGM

During the proceedings of 26th Annual General Meeting, shareholders praised the Company performance and inquired about future expansion plans.

The management informed about the installation of another PP bags line to meet the increasing demand of cement.

Replying to a query pertaining to diversification, the management informed that the Company has increased selling bags to sectors like sugar, chemical, wheat etc. Export markets have also been actively explored to increase revenues. The aforementioned will have a positive impact on the Company's revenue and profitability in future as like in the current year.

CUSTOMERS, AND TRANSPORTERS

Sustaining and developing long term relationships with our customers and transporters forms the key of our business' success. Their expectations are focused on product quality, pricing and service delivery. Our sales and marketing team remain in close contact to this segment of our stakeholders to resolve issues on a priority basis. We continue to engage with our customers and transporters through meetings and market visits and communications.

We derive success from the brand loyalty of Cherat and the cooperation from our transporters.

SUPPLIERS AND VENDORS

Efficient supplier network is a key for effective working capital management. To achieve this objective, we conduct market surveys to strengthen our bond with our suppliers and vendors.

Our supply chain management team is in continuous contact with suppliers and vendors through meetings and correspondences to resolve all queries for on time deliveries.

Cooperation of our suppliers gives us an extra edge over our competitors.

BANKS AND OTHER LENDERS

We value our relationship with our financial partners and lenders. Financial risk management and business sustainability are few of the interests of this segment of stakeholders. Periodic briefings, quarterly financial reporting, Head Office and Site visits are the important means for our engagement with this category of stakeholders.

Bank and other institutes help us in obtaining loans at attractive rates and advise on strategic issues whenever needed.

REGULATORS

Our commitment to compliance with laws and regulations is evident from our Corporate and Legal team's continued efforts for efficient and effective legal and regulatory obedience. The engagement includes submission of periodic reports, responding to enquiries and meetings as and when required.

Active engagement with regulators improves level of compliance.

EMPLOYEES

Our company has extensive employee engagement schemes in place. The employees' issues revolve around work life balance, training and development and rewards. We have educational loan schemes, in-house and outside training programs and long-term employment reward schemes in place to value our employees as Human Capital. Employee meetings are on regular intervals in form of Annual get-togethers, celebrating sports day and team building activities.

Employees engagement improves the level of dedication and hard work.

INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS AND ANALYSTS

Institutional investors regularly obtain general business briefings and financial reports from management. Formal meetings are also arranged whenever needed.

Without compromising the confidentiality, business analysts are provided with information and briefings as and when they require.

The strong connection with institutional investors and analysts facilitates in avoiding any misconception / rumours in the market.

MEDIA

Ads and campaigns are launched in media based on marketing requirements.

Interaction with media improves the Company brand image.

Corporate Governance - Additional Information

The Board is assisted by two Committees, namely the Audit Committee and the Human Resource & Remuneration Committee, to support its decision-making in their respective domains:

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Abid Naqvi Chairman
Mr. Arif Faruque Member

Mr. Tariq Faruque Member

The Audit Committee comprises of two Non-Executive Directors and one Independent Non-Executive Director being the Chairman of the committee. The Chief Executive Officer (CEO), the Chief Financial Officer (CFO), the Chief Internal Auditor (CIA) and the external auditor attend Audit Committee meetings by invitation. The Audit Committee also separately meets the Chief Internal Auditor (CIA) and external auditors at least once a year without the presence of the Management.

Meetings of the Audit Committee are held at least once every quarter. The Committee reviews the annual financial statements in presence of external auditors. The recommendations of the Audit Committee are then submitted for approval of financial results of the Company by the Board. During the year 2014-15, the Audit Committee held Four [4] meetings. The minutes of the meetings of the Audit Committee are provided to all the members, Directors and the Chief Financial Officer. The Chief Internal Auditor attends the Audit Committee meetings regularly and meets the Audit Committee without the presence of the Management, at least once a year, to point out various risks, their intensity and suggestions for mitigating risks and improvement areas. The business risks identified are then referred to the respective departments and mitigating actions are then implemented.

Terms of reference of Audit Committee

The Board shall provide adequate resources and authority to enable the Audit Committee carry out its responsibilities effectively. The Audit Committee shall, inter alia, recommend to the Board of Directors the appointment of external auditors, their removal, audit fees, the provision by the external auditors of any service to the Company in addition to audit of its financial statements. The Board of Directors shall give due consideration to the recommendations of the Audit Committee in all these matters and where it acts otherwise; it shall record the reasons thereof.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee shall also include the following:

 determination of appropriate measures to safeguard the Company's assets;

- b. review of quarterly, half yearly and annual financial statements of the Company, prior to their by the Board of Directors, focusing on:
 - major judgmental areas;
 - significant adjustments resulting from the audit;
 - the going-concern assumption;
 - any changes in accounting policies and practices;
 - compliance with applicable accounting standards;
 - compliance with listing regulations and other statutory and regulatory requirements; and
 - significant related party transaction.
- review of preliminary announcement of results prior to publication.
- d. facilitating the external audit and discussion with external auditors of major observations arising from interim and final audits and any matter that the auditors may wish to highlight (in the absence of management, where necessary);
- e. review of management letter issued by external auditors and management's response thereto;
- ensuring coordination between the internal and external auditors of the Company;
- g. review of the scope and extent of internal audit and ensuring that the internal audit function has adequate resources and is appropriately placed within the Company;
- h. consideration of major findings of internal investigations of activities characterized by fraud, corruption and abuse of power and management's response thereto;
- ascertaining that the internal control system including financial and operational controls, accounting systems for timely and appropriate recording of purchases and sales, receipts and payments, assets and liabilities and the reporting structure are adequate and effective;
- j. review of the Company's statement on internal control systems prior to endorsement by the Board of Directors and internal audit reports;
- k. instituting special projects, value for money studies or other investigations on any matter specified by the Board of Directors, in consultation with the Chief Executive Officer and to consider remittance of any matter to the external auditors or to any other external body;

- determination of compliance with relevant statutory requirements;
- m. monitoring compliance with the best practices of corporate governance and identification of significant violations thereof; and consideration of any other issue or matter as may be assigned by the Board of Directors; and
- consideration of any other issue or matter as may be assigned by the Board of Directors.

HUMAN RESOURCE & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Abrar Hasan Chairman
Mr. Amer Faruque Member
Mr. Aslam Faruque Member

The Human Resource & Remuneration Committee (HR & RC) comprises of three members. The Chairman is an Independent

Non-Executive Director whereas the other two members are the Chief Executive Officer and a Non-Executive Director. Meetings are conducted at least annually or at such other frequency as the Chairman may determine. The minutes of the meetings of the HR & RC meeting are provided to all members and Directors. The Committee held one [1] meeting during the year.

Terms of Reference of Human Resource and Remuneration Committee

Objectives: The Human Resource & Remuneration Committee (HR & RC) shall consider and make recommendations to the Board of Directors on Cherat Packaging Limited major human resource management policies, strategies and plans.

Composition: The HR & RC shall comprise of at least three directors majority of whom shall be Non-Executive Directors. The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) shall be included as a member of the HR & RC. One of the three members shall be appointed as Chairman of HR & RC by the BOD.

Tenure: The tenure of HR & RC shall be for a period of 3 years.

Duties & Responsibilities: The HR & RC shall review the following areas and make its recommendations:

- Major HR Policy frame work, including compensation structure;
- b) Overall organizational structure;
- Succession planning for key positions, including that of the CEO;
- Examine the management strategy for training needs assessment for the overall growth of the organization.

Quorum: The quorum of HR & RC meeting shall be two members.

Frequency of meetings: The HR & RC shall meet as required for a proper functioning of the Committee.

Notice and Agenda: The Notice of the meeting shall be circulated by the Secretary (HR & RC) one week prior to the date of the meeting. The agenda for the meeting shall be developed by the management in consultation with Chairman (HR & RC).

Minutes: Minutes of the meeting shall be prepared by the Secretary (HR & RC) and circulated to the Members (HR & RC) within fourteen days of the HR & RC meeting.

Attendance: HR & RC may invite any employee / independent expert to attend its meeting. The Secretary shall maintain an attendance record of all those attending the meetings.

Reports to the BOD: HR & RC shall present the minutes including findings and recommendations of the HR & RC meeting to the BOD. HR & RC shall provide all and any related information required by the BOD.

Amendments: The BOD may at any time amend these regulations or revoke any powers granted by it to the HR & RC.

Records: All documentation related to the holding, proceedings and recommendations of the HR & RC shall be ensured by and stored with the Secretary (HR & RC)

OFFICES OF THE CHAIRMAN & CEO

Being a corporate governance compliant company, Cherat Packaging designates separate persons for the positions of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the office of the Chief Executive with clear division of roles and responsibilities.

ROLES OF CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Roles of Chairman and Chief Executive are clearly established in the Company.

The post of Chairman is held by a Non-Executive Director who is not involved in the day to day activities. The Chairman heads the Board meetings and is responsible for avoidance of conflicts of interests. The Chairman is authorized to set the agenda for Board meetings and to sign the minutes of the meetings. The Chairman ensures effective role of the Board in fulfilling all its responsibilities.

CEO is the Head of the Company's management. CEO is an Executive Director responsible for the overall operations and performance of the Company.

He is primarily responsible for:

- Safeguarding of Company assets;
- Creation of shareholders' value;
- Identification of potential diversification / investment projects;
- Implementation of projects approved by the Board;



- Ensuring effective functioning of the internal control systems;
- Identifying risks and designing mitigation strategies;
- Preservation of the Company's image, development of human capital and good investors' relations;
- Compliance with regulations and best practices.

DIRECTORS' ORIENTATION AND TRAINING

All the directors of the Company are well experienced and have diverse backgrounds. At the time of induction of any new director, he or she is given proper orientation about the operations of the Company and his or her fiduciary responsibilities. The Company had also arranged an in house Directors' training program to apprise the directors of their authorities and responsibilities. Two directors of the Company namely Mr. Tariq Faruque and Mr. Abrar Hasan are also certified under the Board Development Series Program offered by Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG).

BOARD MEETINGS HELD OUTSIDE PAKISTAN

During the year 6 meetings of the Board of Directors were held. As recommended by SECP Guidelines and to keep the costs in control the management has conducted all meetings in Pakistan.

ANNUAL EVALUATION OF BOARD PERFORMANCE

Board Evaluation Mechanism facilitates the Board of Directors to evaluate and assess its performance for providing strategic leadership and oversight to the management. Accordingly, following procedure have been developed based on emerging and leading practices to assist in the self-assessment of individual director and the full Board's performance.

On an annual basis a questionnaire is circulated to all Directors, which is formally filled by the Directors and is submitted anonymously to the Board. The results are complied by an independent Chartered Accountant firm.

The main criteria for the Board's evaluation is as follows:

 Board Composition: The Board is fully aware of its role & responsibilities, demonstrates integrity, credibility, trustworthiness and active participation in its affairs. The Board has the right mix of skills, knowledge and experience and all Non-Executive/Independent Directors are equally involved in important board decisions.

- Leadership and Planning: The Board gives ample time to the strategy formulation based on Company's vision and mission and revisits the mission and vision statements from time to time. The Board provides guidance and direction, discusses the adequacy of resources, receives management reports and has a system in place to ensure smooth and effective succession planning.
- Board Effectiveness: All Board members board understand and fulfill their responsibilities and complies with all relevant laws. Significant issues are placed in front of the Board for consideration. Board ensures a healthy relationship with the stakeholders through adequate disclosures.
- Board Accountability: The Board reviews adequacy on internal controls, potential risks and risk management procedure. The Board is cognizant of its fiduciary responsibilities.
- Strategy and Performance: The Board reviews the implementation of organization's strategic & financial plans Board meeting agendas and supporting documents provide sufficient information and time to explore & resolve key issues. Board members demonstrate preparation for meetings through active participation in decision making.
- **Board Committees:** Formed adequate number of Board Committees to streamline discharging responsibilities. Sub Committees meetings are held regularly and their decisions/ recommendations are placed before the Board. The Board has approved and implemented Human Resource policies which imply equitable treatment to all employees irrespective of gender, religion, ethnic background etc.

The evaluation of the performance of the Boards is essentially an assessment of how the Board has performed on all these parameters.

Report of the Audit Committee

Audit Committee

Mr. Abid Naqvi Mr. Arif Faruque Mr. Tarig Faruque Chairman Member Member

The Audit Committee of the Company comprises of two Non-Executive Directors and one Independent Non-Executive Director. The Chief Financial Officer (CFO), the Head of Internal Audit and the external auditor attend Audit Committee meetings by invitation. The Audit Committee also separately meets the external auditors at least once a year without the presence of the Management.

Meetings of the Audit Committee are held at least once every quarter. Four meetings of the Audit Committee were held during the year 2014-2015. Based on reviews and discussions in these meetings, the Audit Committee reports that:

- The Company has adhered, without any material departure, with both the mandatory and voluntary provisions of the Stock Exchanges of Pakistan, Code of Corporate Governance, Company's code of conduct and values and the best practices of governance throughout the year.
- 2. The Company has issued a Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance which has also been reviewed and certified by the auditors of the Company.
- The Audit Committee reviewed and approved the quarterly, half yearly and annual financial statements of the Company and recommended them for approval of the Board of Directors.
- 4. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied. Applicable International Accounting Standards were followed in preparation of financial statements of the Company on a going concern basis, which present fairly the state of affairs, results of operations, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company.
- 5. Accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment. Proper and adequate accounting records have been maintained by the Company in accordance with the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the external reporting is consistent with management processes and adequate for shareholder needs.
- The financial statements comply with the requirements of the Fourth Schedule to the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and applicable International Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards notified by SECP.
- 7. The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer have signed the financial statements of the

Company. They acknowledge their responsibility for the true and fair presentation of the financial statements, accuracy of reporting, compliance with regulations and applicable accounting standards and establishment and maintenance of sound internal control system of the Company.

- The Audit Committee has reviewed and approved all related party transactions.
- The Company's system of internal control is sound in design and is continually evaluated for effectiveness and adequacy.
- 10. For appraisal of internal controls and monitoring compliance, the Company has in place an appropriately staffed, Internal Audit department. The Audit Committee reviewed the resources of the Internal Audit department to ensure that they were adequate for the planned scope of the Internal Audit function.
- 11. The Audit Committee on the basis of the internal audit reports reviewed the adequacy of controls and compliance shortcomings in areas audited and discussed corrective actions in the light of management responses. This has ensured the continual evaluation of controls and improved compliance.
- 12. Head of Internal Audit Department has direct access to the Audit Committee.
- 13. The external auditors M/s. EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants were allowed direct access to the Audit Committee and necessary coordination with internal auditors was ensured. Major findings arising from audits and any matters that the external auditors wished to highlight were freely discussed with them.

By order of the Audit Committee

Abid Naqvi Chairman, Audit Committee August 23, 2016

Horizontal Analysis Last Six Years

| | 2016 | 2016 | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------------------|------|
| | (Rupees in '000) | % | (Rupees in '000) | % |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| NT ASSETS | 2,174,501 | 23% | 1,765,831 | 17% |
| ΓS | 2,510,213 | 15% | 2,176,458 | -5% |
| | 4,684,714 | 19% | 3,942,289 | 4% |
| LITIES | | | | |
| PITAL AND RESERVES | 3,316,291 | 51% | 2,198,965 | 59% |
| RENT LIABILITIES | 440,975 | -46% | 816,728 | 5% |
| TIES | 927,448 | 0% | 926,596 | -44% |
| LIABILITIES | 4,684,714 | 19% | 3,942,289 | 4% |
| | | | | |
| LOSS ACCOUNT | | | | |
| et | 6,888,605 | 11% | 6,223,832 | 16% |
| | 1,582,067 | 21% | 1,307,251 | 116% |
| | 1,380,395 | 22% | 1,132,788 | 129% |
| axation | 1,307,991 | 42% | 922,635 | 243% |
| | 918,239 | 41% | 651,411 | 159% |

| | | | | | | | , |
|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|
| 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | |
| (Rupees in '000) | % |
| | | | | | | | |
| 1,511,414 | 6% | 1,426,081 | 34% | 1,063,054 | 109% | 508,555 | 35% |
| 2,295,302 | 7% | 2,135,393 | 56% | 1,369,884 | 7% | 1,281,665 | 73% |
| 3,806,716 | 7% | 3,561,474 | 46% | 2,432,938 | 36% | 1,790,220 | 60% |
| | | | | | | | |
| 1,385,242 | 14% | 1,211,844 | 33% | 911,129 | 4% | 878,067 | 85% |
| 780,000 | 70% | 460,000 | 10% | 418,750 | 644% | 56,250 | -41% |
| 1,641,474 | -13% | 1,889,630 | 71% | 1,103,059 | 29% | 855,903 | 55% |
| 3,806,716 | 7% | 3,561,474 | 46% | 2,432,938 | 36% | 1,790,220 | 60% |
| | | | | | | | |
| 5,355,792 | 30% | 4,129,334 | 27% | 3,256,878 | 32% | 2,471,964 | 25% |
| 606,600 | 39% | 436,533 | 57% | 278,228 | -8% | 303,721 | 29% |
| 494,810 | 49% | 332,348 | 60% | 208,144 | -12% | 237,032 | 24% |
| 268,801 | 53% | 175,395 | 228% | 53,491 | -68% | 165,811 | 74% |
| 251,486 | 112% | 118,569 | 66% | 71,531 | -62% | 187,455 | 95% |



| | 2016 | | 2015 | |
|------------------|------------------|------|------------------|------|
| | (Rupees in '000) | % | (Rupees in '000) | % |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| ASSETS | 2,174,501 | 46% | 1,765,831 | 45% |
| | 2,510,213 | 54% | 2,176,458 | 55% |
| | 4,684,714 | 100% | 3,942,289 | 100% |
| TIES | | | | |
| FAL AND RESERVES | 3,316,291 | 71% | 2,198,965 | 56% |
| LIABILITIES | 440,975 | 9% | 816,728 | 20% |
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| | | | | |
| SS ACCOUNT | | | | |
| | 6,888,605 | 100% | 6,223,832 | 100% |
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| xation | 1,307,991 | 19% | 922,635 | 15% |
| | 918,239 | 13% | 651,411 | 10% |

| | | | | `` | `\ | | | |
|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|---------|--|
| | | | | | | | | |
| 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | . – – – | |
| (Rupees in '000) | % | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 1,511,414 | 40% | 1,426,081 | 40% | 1,063,054 | 44% | 508,555 | 28% | |
| 2,295,302 | 60% | 2,135,393 | 60% | 1,369,884 | 56% | 1,281,665 | 72% | |
| 3,806,716 | 100% | 3,561,474 | 100% | 2,432,938 | 100% | 1,790,220 | 100% | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 1,385,242 | 36% | 1,211,844 | 34% | 911,129 | 37% | 878,067 | 49% | |
| 780,000 | 20% | 460,000 | 13% | 418,750 | 17% | 56,250 | 3% | |
| 1,641,474 | 44% | 1,889,630 | 53% | 1,103,059 | 46% | 855,903 | 48% | |
| 3,806,716 | 100% | 3,561,474 | 100% | 2,432,938 | 100% | 1,790,220 | 100% | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 5,355,792 | 100% | 4,129,334 | 100% | 3,256,878 | 100% | 2,471,964 | 100% | |
| 606,600 | 11% | 436,533 | 11% | 278,228 | 9% | 303,721 | 12% | |
| 494,810 | 9% | 332,348 | 8% | 208,144 | 6% | 237,032 | 10% | |
| 268,801 | 5% | 175,395 | 4% | 53,491 | 2% | 165,811 | 7% | |
| 251,486 | 5% | 118,569 | 3% | 71,531 | 2% | 187,455 | 8% | |



BALANCE SHEET

Fixed Asset

Fixed assets of the Company grew over past six years due to continuous expansions.

Investments

Company made intitial investment in UniEnergy of Rs. 4.2 million. Additionally, stronger market price of CCCL provided unrealized capital gain of approximately 130 million in current year while commulative unrealized gain reached approximately Rs. 403 million.

Stores, Spare parts & Loose tools, Stock in trade and Trade debts

Stores, Spare parts & Loose tools, Stock in trade and Trade debts increased steadily over past six years on account of increase in operations and expansions.

Taxation

Taxation decreased as the company had adjusted its tax liability for the year against the tax refund. Moreover, the Company had expemption against withholding tax at import stage which kept the Company from piling up excessive refunds.

Share capital and reserves

Share capital and reserves grew over last six years as the Company continues to make profits; moreover, issuance of right shares in 2011, 2013 and 2016 to finance expansions also resulted in increase in shareholders' equity.

Long-term loans

The Company has always strived to maintain strong debt to equity ratio to optimize returns this is why the Company financed its project as combination of debt and equity. Owing to sturdy financial position, the Company paid off term loan I of Rs. 280 million and tranche II of term loan II of Rs. 200 million.

Current Liabilities

Current liabilities rise with the expansion of the Company operations. Current year liability escalated due to procurement of raw material to cater enhanced production expected with the installation of PP line 3. Rise in liabilities was curtailed by better sales and collections along with effectual financial management policies.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Turnovei

Turnover increased over past six years mainly on account of expansions, increased market share and appreciation of market prices.

Gross profit

Steady increase in gross profit over six years shows prosperous growth of the Company. The growth is mainly due to reasons mentioned above coupled with economies of scale obtained through diversification of operations into Polypropylene bags production, reduction of imported raw material prices.

Operating profit

Operating profit increased due to increase in Gross Profit margin.

Finance Cost

Despite enhancements in operation, finance cost reduced by reason of reduction in discount rates by SBP, better cash flows and higher profitablity.

Net profit

Net profit is also showing positive trend by virtue of reasons mentioned above in addition to recognition of tax credits available against capital expenditures made in financial years 2012 through 2016. The company has also accounted for super tax as imposed by Federal Govt both in current and last year.



BALANCE SHEET

Fixed assets

Ratio of fixed asset remained same on the asset side because of back to back expansions in PP line in 2015 and 2016.

Taxation

Taxation decreased as the Company made taxable profit which was adjusted against tax refunds. Moreover, exemption of withholding tax at import stage kept company from piling up excessive refunds

Long-term loan

Early repayment of long term loan of Rs. 280 million and Rs. 200 million were paid off during the year contributed in reducing long-term loan when compared to last year.

Profit and loss account

Gross profit

Gross profit of the Company increased as compared to last year in terms of ratio and in terms of amount. It was pushed upward by increase in market share & operations and appreciation in market price of the products offered by the Company.

Net profit

Exorbitant performance of the company translated in to ever highest net profit of the Company.



| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| Ratio Description | | | | | 1 | |
| Profitability Ratios: | | | | | | 1 |
| Gross Profit Ratio | 22.97% | 21.00% | 11.33% | 10.57% | 8.54% | 12.29% |
| Net Profit to Sales | 13.33% | 10.47% | 4.70% | 2.87% | 2.20% | 7.58% |
| EBITDA Margin to Sales | 21.71% | 19.69% | 10.94% | 9.65% | 8.02% | 10.91% |
| Operating Leverage Ratio | 2.05 | 7.96 | 1.65 | 2.23 | (0.38) | 0.96 |
| Return on Equity | 33.30% | 36.35% | 19.37% | 11.17% | 8.00% | 27.74% |
| Return on Capital Employed | 25.53% | 21.87% | 11.20% | 6.85% | 5.23% | 19.29% |
| Effective Tax Rate | 29.80% | 29.40% | 6.44% | 32.40% | -33.73% | -13.05% |
| Liquidity Ratios: | | | | | | |
| Current Ratio | 2.71 | 2.35 | 1.40 | 1.13 | 1.24 | 1.50 |
| Quick / Acid Test Ratio | 1.26 | 1.38 | 0.72 | 0.51 | 0.54 | 0.47 |
| Cash to Current Liabilities | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.01 |
| Cash Flow from Operations to Sales | 0.19 | 0.20 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.05 | (0.12) |
| Investment / Market Ratios: | | | | | | |
| Earnings per share (EPS) | 31.55 | 23.65 | 9.13 | 5.42 | 3.39 | 11.87 |
| Market Value per share Closing | 341.77 | 188.66 | 74.25 | 38.50 | 28.80 | 47.37 |
| Price Earnings Ratio | 10.83 | 7.98 | 8.13 | 7.10 | 8.50 | 3.99 |
| Break up Value per share | 112.02 | 79.85 | 50.30 | 44.00 | 52.93 | 51.01 |
| Dividend Yield Ratio | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| Dividend Payout Ratio | 0.32 | 0.30 | 0.33 | 0.37 | 0.44 | 0.21 |
| Dividend Cover Ratio | 3.12 | 3.38 | 3.04 | 2.15 | 2.77 | 4.36 |
| Dividend (Rs.) | 296,055 | 192,780 | 82,622 | 55,080 | 25,819 | 43,031 |
| Cash Dividend per share | 10.00 | 7.00 | 3.00 | 2.00 | 1.50 | 2.50 |
| Capital Structure Ratios: | | | | | | |
| Financial Leverage Ratio | 1.06 | 1.23 | 1.84 | 1.89 | 3.89 | 1.43 |
| Weighted Average Cost of Debt | 9.39% | 11.10% | 10.24% | 10.56% | 10.47% | 10.12% |
| Net Borrowing / EBITDA | 0.27 | 1.07 | 3.52 | 4.29 | 5.13 | 2.80 |
| Average Operating Working Capital | 0.27 | | 3.32 | | 3.13 | 2.00 |
| as %age of Sales | 26.89% | 32.90% | 34.48% | 33.13% | 36.12% | 35.22% |
| Debt to Equity Ratio | 8:92 | 26:74 | 38:62 | 30:70 | 33:67 | 10:90 |
| Interest Cover Ratio | 19.07 | 5.39 | 2.19 | 2.12 | 1.35 | 3.33 |
| Activity / Turnover Ratios: | | | | | | |
| Inventory Turnover Ratio | 4.74 | 4.91 | 4.17 | 3.80 | 3.61 | 3.43 |
| No. of Days in Inventory | 75.93 | 73.29 | 86.30 | 94.68 | 99.68 | 104.96 |
| Debtor Turnover Ratio | 8.96 | 8.41 | 8.28 | 7.76 | 9.33 | 9.94 |
| No. of Days in Receivables | 40.19 | 43.39 | 44.08 | 47.03 | 39.13 | 36.73 |
| Total Assets Turnover Ratio | 0.68 | 0.63 | 0.71 | 0.86 | 0.75 | 0.72 |
| Fixed Assets Turnover Ratio | 0.24 | 0.22 | 0.27 | 0.33 | 0.29 | 0.19 |
| Creditor Turnover Ratio | 18.68 | 25.64 | 15.80 | 17.61 | 35.97 | 26.98 |
| No. of Days in Creditors | 19 | 14 | 23 | 20 | 10 | 13 |
| Operating Cycle | 97 | 103 | 108 | 121 | 129 | 128 |
| | | 7-5 | | | | \ |



Profitability

The Company has been performing steadily over the last six years. The Company performed well in financial year 2011. Despite slump in economic conditions, gross profit (GP) and net profit (NP) ratios were healthy because of implementation of strict financial management policies and provision of tax holiday & subsidy in mark-up rates by the Government. In the year 2012, the subsidy and tax holiday were abolished which impacted the Company's financial performance. Moreover, diversification into PP Plant had increased the expenses without significant increase in revenue of the Company as the plant became operational in the later part of the year. Additionally, price war had hampered the increase in operations of the Company. This caused the downfall in profitability ratios. However, efficient and effective implementation of strategic management policies have paved the way to increased market share which lured the management to further expand its production facility. This resulted in better performance in the year 2013. However, the GP and NP ratios remained near the same level as of the financial year 2012 as the competition was stiff and the Company had to remain competitive to gain market share. The performance was further enhanced in 2014. 2015 witnessed giant leap forward with respect to profitability of the Company. Current year made historic achievements in dispatches, production and profitability and posted ever highest profits and exalted profitability ratios.

Liquidity

With better profitability and improved cash flows, the liquidity of the Company is in strong position. The Company has highest current ratio however, quick ratio declined slightly due to higher stock level as of June 2016.

Investment / Market

Investment / Market Ratios are the direct reflection of the performance of the Company. As the Company gone through the events as described above in 'Profitability ratio', the market price per share and EPS reached ever highest in the current year when compared to last five years.

Capital Structure

The Company continuously monitor its capital structure and aims to keep it at its optimum level. Financial leverage was the highest in the financial year 2012 due to diversification into PP plant which became operational in December 2011 while the Company had to pay interest on loan obtained for the expansion. The ratio went down in later years as the operations grew and the Company posted better results.

Activity / Turnover

The inventory turn over of the Company witness healthy trend as the Company strives to implement more effective inventory management. As the major raw materials of the Company are imported, the Inventory Turnover of the Company remains on the higher side. To be competitive in the market and to gain market share, the Company extends credit to its customers keeping in view the credit worthiness of the customer. The Company seeks to maintain level up to 45 days credit. The Company believes in strong relation with creditors to assure smooth supply of goods and services which is why it endeavours to keep the creditors turnover at lower level. Implementation of effective management policies increased invetory turnover ratio and reduced oeprating cycle of the Company.

Summary Last Six Years

| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
|-------------------------------|--------|--------|-------------|----------|--------|--------|
| | | | (Bags in m | | | |
| Production | 341.29 | 289.63 | 260.54 | 213.52 | 174.80 | 129.44 |
| Sales | 341.31 | 287.74 | 258.53 | 216.87 | 170.47 | 128.57 |
| Summary of Balance sheet | | | | | | |
| ., | | | (Rupees in | million) | | |
| Assets | | | (nupees iii | | | |
| Non-Current Assets | 2,175 | 1,766 | 1,511 | 1,426 | 1,063 | 509 |
| Current Assets | 2,510 | 2,176 | 2,295 | 2,135 | 1,370 | 1,282 |
| | | | | | | |
| Total Assets | 4,685 | 3,942 | 3,806 | 3,561 | 2,433 | 1,791 |
| | | | | | | |
| Equity and Liabilities | | | | | | |
| Shareholders' Equity | 3,316 | 2,199 | 1,385 | 1,212 | 911 | 878 |
| Non-Current Liabilities | 441 | 817 | 780 | 460 | 419 | 56 |
| Current Liabilities | 928 | 926 | 1,641 | 1,889 | 1,103 | 857 |
| | | | | | | |
| Equity and Liabilities | 4,685 | 3,942 | 3,806 | 3,561 | 2,433 | 1,791 |
| | | | | | | |
| Summary of Profit and | | | | | | |
| Loss account | | | | | | |
| Turnover net | 6,889 | 6,224 | 5,356 | 4,129 | 3,257 | 2,472 |
| Gross profit | 1,582 | 1,307 | 607 | 437 | 278 | 304 |
| Operating profit | 1,380 | 1,133 | 495 | 332 | 208 | 237 |
| Profit before tax | 1,308 | 923 | 269 | 175 | 53 | 166 |
| Profit after tax | 918 | 651 | 251 | 119 | 72 | 187 |
| | | | | | | |

Cash Flow Statement Direct Method

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| | (Rupe | es in '000) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Cash receipts from customers | 7,032,656 | 6,103,493 |
| Cash paid to suppliers and employees | (5,636,950) | (4,834,759) |
| Cash generated from operations | 1,395,706 | 1,268,734 |
| Income tax paid | (81,653) | (61,407) |
| Net cash generated from operating activities | 1,314,053 | 1,207,327 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Additions to operating property, plant and equipment | (382,570) | (21,224) |
| Proceeds from sale of operating property, plant and equipment | 1,569 | 1,655 |
| Long-term Investments made during the year | (4,620) | (100,000) |
| Dividend received | 16,973 | 487 |
| Short-term Investments redeemed during the year | 5,563 | - |
| Long-term loans | - | 167 |
| Long-term deposits | - | - |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (363,085) | (118,915) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Long-term financing | (500,000) | (80,000) |
| Dividend paid | (225,297) | (109,614) |
| Proceeds from issance of right shares | 282,795 | - |
| Short-term borrowings | (405,016) | (676,539) |
| Finance costs paid | (96,419) | (230,266) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (943,937) | (1,096,419) |
| Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 7,031 | (8,007) |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year | 10,484 | 18,491 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year | 17,515 | 10,484 |
| | | |

Summary of Cash Flow Statements Last Six Years

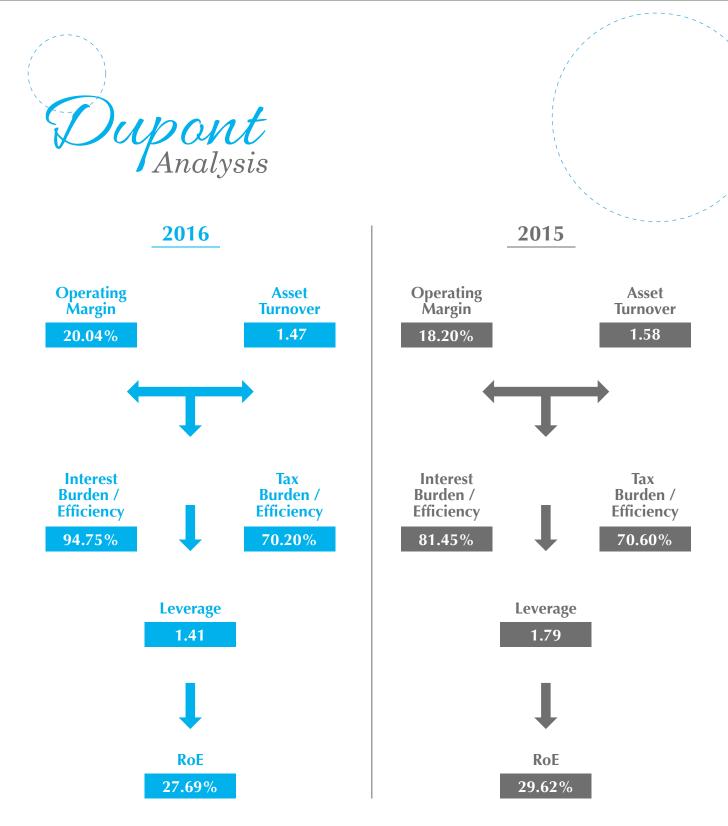
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
|---|-----------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Net cash generated from / | | | (Rupees | in '000) | | |
| (used in) operating activities | 1,314,053 | 1,207,327 | 151,137 | 89,747 | 145,982 | (286,797) |
| Net cash (used in) investing activities | (363,085) | (118,915) | (207,460) | (457,486) | (551,119) | (117,161) |
| Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities | (943,937) | (1,096,419) | 54,274 | 356,832 | 427,814 | 405,464 |
| Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 7,031 | (8,007) | (2,049) | (10,907) | 22,677 | 1,506 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year | 10,484 | 18,491 | 20,540 | 31,447 | 8,770 | 7,264 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year | 1 <i>7,</i> 515 | 10,484 | 18,491 | 20,540 | 31,447 | 8,770 |



Cash flow from operating activities witnessed increasing trend during the period from FY 2011 to FY 2016. The major reason was the optimization of stock-in-trade level with respect to new polypropylene bags plant operations. Operating cash flows witnessed high growth in FY 2015 as the Company has better profitability than FY 2014. In current year, the ever highest performance of the Company caused cash flows from operating activities to increase further.

Cash usage in investing activities in FY 2012 to 2014 and 2016 was mainly due to PP bags plant expansions. In 2015, the Company has invested Rs. 100 million in Cherat Cement Co. Ltd.

Cash generation from financing activities have been high in FY 2011 to 2013 due to issuance of right shares in FY 2012 & 2013, increased short term borrowing during FY 2011 to 2013 owing to expansion in operations & financing of new PP plant through Long term loans. FY 2015 and 2016 witnessed high cash inflows due to better operations and proceeds from issuance of right shares which lead to repayment of short-term borrowings and long-term loans.

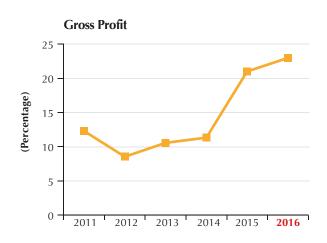


The Return on Equity (RoE) decreased despite an increase in profit due to issuance of rights shares during the year.

Key Operating Highlights

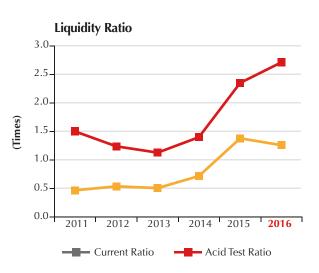




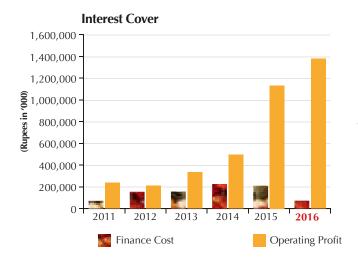


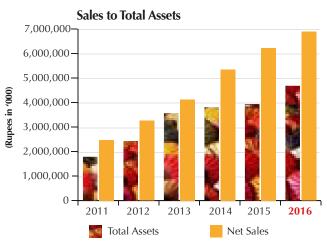


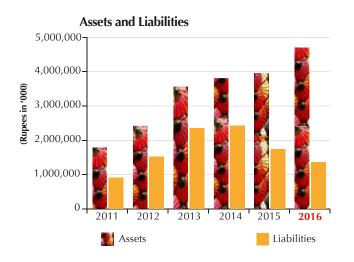


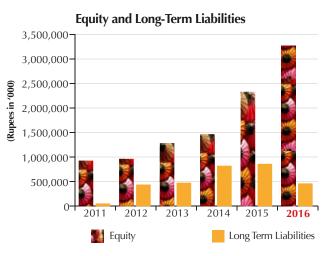


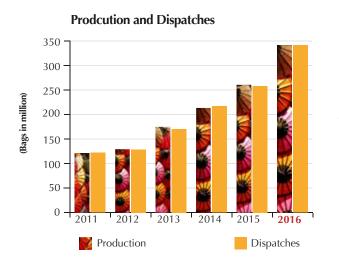


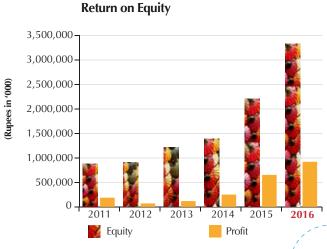


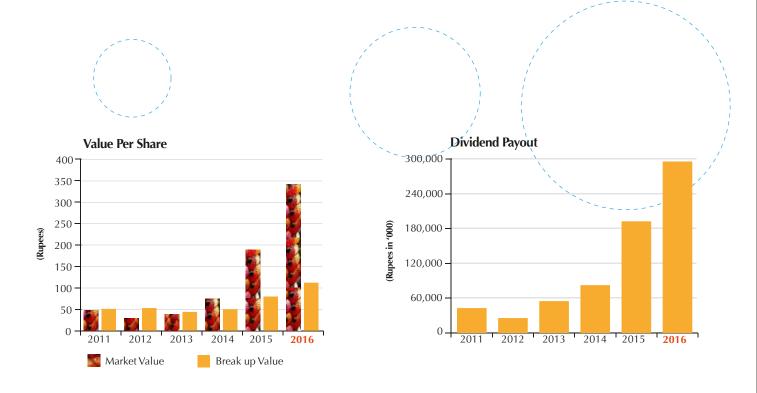


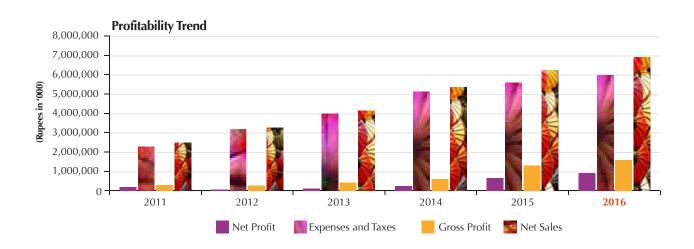












Statement of Value Addition and Distribution of Wealth

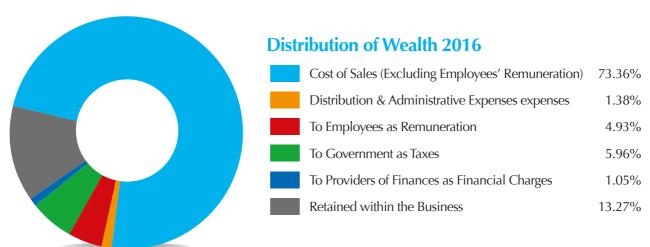
Wealth generated

Net Sales Other Operating Income

Distribution of wealth

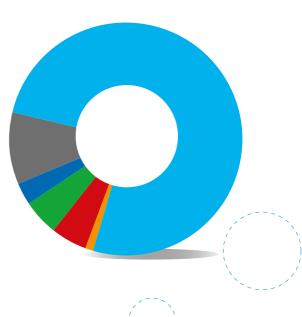
Cost of sales (Excluding employees' remuneration)
Distribution & Adminstration expenses
(Excluding Employees remuneration)
Employees remuneration
To Government as taxes
To debt providers
To society
Retained

| 2016 | | 2015 | |
|------------------|---------|------------------|---------|
| (Rupees in '000) | % | (Rupees in '000) | % |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| 6,888,605 | 99.58% | 6,223,832 | 99.89% |
| 29,018 | 0.42% | 6,828 | 0.11% |
| 6,917,623 | 100.00% | 6,230,660 | 100.00% |
| | | | |
| 5,075,077 | 73.36% | 4,712,360 | 75.63% |
| | | | |
| 95,515 | 1.38% | 83,223 | 1.34% |
| 340,908 | 4.93% | 286,021 | 4.59% |
| 412,335 | 5.96% | 286,342 | 4.60% |
| 72,404 | 1.05% | 210,153 | 3.37% |
| 3,145 | 0.05% | 1,150 | 0.02% |
| 918,239 | 13.27% | 651,411 | 10.45% |
| 6,917,623 | 100.00% | 6,230,660 | 100.00% |



Distribution of Wealth 2015

| Cost of Sales (Excluding Employees' Remuneration) | 75.63% |
|---|--------|
| Distribution & Administrative Expenses expenses | 1.34% |
| To Employees as Remuneration | 4.59% |
| To Government as Taxes | 4.60% |
| To Providers of Finances as Financial Charges | 3.37% |
| Retained within the Business | 10.45% |



Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in listing regulation No. 5.19.23 of Pakistan Stock Exchange for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The company has applied the principles contained in the CCG in the following manner:

1. The company encourages representation of independent Non-Executive Directors and directors representing minority interests on its Board of Directors. At present the board includes:

| Category | Names |
|----------------------------|--|
| Independent Directors | Mr. Abrar Hasan Mr. Abid Naqvi |
| Executive Director | Mr. Amer Faruque |
| Non-Executive Directors | Mr. Akbarali Pesnani Mr. Aslam Faruque Mr. Shehryar Faruque Mr. Arif Faruque Mr. Tariq Faruque |

The independent directors meet the criteria of independence under clause 5.19.1. (b) of the CCG.

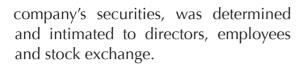
- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 3. All the resident directors of the company

are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of anyloan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a Broker of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.

- 4. No casual vacancy occurred on the Board during the year.
- 5. The company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6. The board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the board.
- 8. The meetings of the board were presided over by the chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose and the board met atleast once every quarter. Written notices of the board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated atleast seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.

- The Directors of the company professionally qualified are experienced persons and are well aware of their duties and their responsibilities. Further, an orientation course for Directors was arranged by the company to apprise Directors of their duties and responsibilities. Two Directors of the company are also certified under the Board Development Series Program offered by Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG).
- The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment.
- 11. The Directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the CCG and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The financial statements of the company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the board.
- 13. The Directors, CEO and Executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 14. The company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the CCG.
- 15. The board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises of three members who are Non-Executives Directors and the chairman of the committee is an independent director.

- 16. The meetings of the audit committee were held atleast once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the company and as required by the CCG. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 17. The board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. It comprises of three members, of whom two are non-executive directors and the chairman of the committee is an Independent Director.
- 18. The board has set up an effective internal audit function.
- 19. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review programme of the ICAP, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 21. The "closed period', prior to the announcement of interim/final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of



- 22. Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market
- participants at once through stock exchange.
- 23. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the CCG have been complied with.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Akbarali Pesnani Chairman

Karachi: August 23, 2016

Karachi: August 23, 2016

Statement of Compliance with the Best Practices of Transfer Pricing

The Company has fully complied with the best practices of Transfer Pricing as contained in the Listing Regulations of the Stock Exchange.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Akbarali Pesnani Chairman

Annual Report 2016

Review Report to the Members on Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance



EY Ford Rhodes **Chartered Accountants** Progressive Plaza, Beaumont Road P.O.Box 15541, Karachi 75530 Pakistan

Tel: +9221 3565 0007-11 Fax: +9221 3568 1965 ey.khi@pk.ey.com ey.com/pk

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) prepared by the Board of Directors of Cherat Packaging Limited (the Company) for the year ended 30 June 2016 to comply with the requirements of Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited Chapter 5, Clause 5.19.23 (b) of the Code of Corporate Governance, where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal controls covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and

The Code requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2016.

Chartered Accountants Date: August 23, 2016

Ey Fre Rheda

Place: Karachi



Share Price Sensitivity Analysis

Share price of the Company is directly affected by Company's Performance. Numerous factors impact the Company's performance which ultimately influence share prices. Following are some of the identified factors that influence performance of the Company and henceforth, share price.

Energy Crisis

The current energy crisis directly impact the operations of the Company. Hike in energy rates and volatility of fuel prices effects the financial performance of the Company.

Law & Order

Company's performance is influenced by the political disturbances inside and outside the country. Uncertainty in political conditions and law and order situation have a quick effect on Company's performance and ultimately on share prices.

Exchange Fluctuation

The Company is directly exposed to exchange rate fluctuations since the major raw materials are imported by the Company. During the current year, exchange rate fluctuation did not materially impact the Company results but lately, the rates have shown an upward trend which may affect the cost of production and hence the Company results.

Plant Operations

The Company has state-of-the-art production facility especially the Polypropylene Plant which leads to higher production and better production efficiency. The Company believes to provide optimum job satisfaction to workers and staff which minimizes issues at production facilities.

Material Price Sensitivity

The Company's performance is directly influenced by sensitivity in material prices. There are various raw materials which are used in the production which are locally procured or imported by the Company. Major raw materials are directly influenced by international crude oil and pulp prices and hence affect the financial performance of the Company.

Interest Rates

The Company uses debt financing to finance its increased working capital requirements due to expanded operations; moreover, recent installations of PP plant and machinery were financed by long-term loans. Due to these reasons, the Company is directly affected by any change in interest rates. Any increase in base points by SBP would negatively impact the financial performance of the Company and vice versa.

The Cement and Allied Sector

Although the Company is diversifying its operations, nonetheless, the Company's main business is the production and sale of cement sacks which links it directly to cement sector. Any positive growth in cement industry would directly impact the financial performance of the Company.

Government Policies

Government Policies impact the whole business arena adversely or otherwise. Any positive or negative decision by the Government like starting mega construction projects and increase in PSDP expenditure would impact the Company's financial performance.

Glossary of Terms

AGM: A mandatory, public yearly gathering of a publicly traded company's executives, directors and interested shareholders.

HS&E: Health, Safety and Environment.

EBITDA: Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization.

Return on Equity (ROE): The value found by dividing the Company's net income by its net assets (ROE measures the amount a company earns on investments).

Current Ratio: The current ratio indicates a company's ability to meet short-term debt obligations.

Acid Test Ratio: The ratio of liquid assets to current liabilities.

Operating Cycle: The average time between purchasing or acquiring inventory and receiving cash proceeds from its sale.

Earnings Per Share: Earnings found by dividing the net income of the Company by the number of shares of common outstanding stock.

Price-Earnings Ratio (P/E): The ratio found by dividing market price per share by earnings per share (This ratio indicates what investors think of the firm's earnings' growth and risk prospects).

Dividend Payout Ratio: The ratio found by dividing the annual dividends per share by the annual earnings per share.

Debt-to-Equity Ratio: The ratio found by dividing total debt by the equity (all assets minus debts) held in stock (This is a measure of financial risk).

IASB: International Accounting Standards Board.

IFRS: International Financial Reporting Standard.

IFRIC: International Financial Reporting Issues Committee.

Amortisation: To charge a regular portion of an expenditure over a fixed period of time.

KIBOR: Karachi Inter Bank Offer Rate.

Spread: Rate charged by the bank over KIBOR.

Gearing Ratio: Compares some form of owner's equity (or capital) to borrow funds.

Security: A pledge made to secure the performance of a contract or the fulfillment of an obligation.

Term: The maturity or length of time until final repayment on a loan, bond, sale or other contractual obligation.

Principal: In commercial law, the principal is the amount that is received, in the case of a loan, or the amount from which flows the interest.

Debt: An amount owed for funds borrowed.

Debt Service: Amount of payment due regularly to meet a debt agreement; usually a monthly, quarterly or annual obligation.

Net Working Capital: Current assets minus current liabilities.

Borrowing Cost: Finance costs that are directly attributable to the construction/acquisition of a qualifying assets and included in the cost of such asset.

Shariah-Compliant Finance/Banking: Facility which meets all of the requirements of Shariah law and the principles articulated for "Islamic Finance".

HR & RC: Human Resource and Remuneration Committee.



Financial Statements

- Auditors' Report to the Members 94
- **Balance Sheet** 95
- 96 **Profit & Loss Account**
- 97 Statement of Comprehensive Income
- 98 Cash Flow Statement
- 99 Statement of Changes in Equity
- 100 Notes to the Financial Statements

Auditors' Report to the members



EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants Progressive Plaza, Beaumont Road P.O.Box 15541, Karachi 75530 Pakistan

Tel: +9221 3565 0007-11 Fax: +9221 3568 1965 ey.khi@pk.ey.com ey.com/pk

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of Cherat Packaging Limited (the Company) as at **30 June 2016** and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- a) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- b) in our opinion:
 - i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied, except for the change as stated in note 2.3 to the financial statements with which we concur;
 - ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
 - iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company.
- c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at **30 June 2016** and of the profit, its comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- d) in our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under Section 7 of that Ordinance.

Ay Fulled. Chartered Accountants

Audit Engagement Partner: Khurram Jameel

Date: August 23, 2016

Place: Karachi

Balance Sheet

as at June 30, 2016

| | Note | 2016 | 2015 | |
|---|--------|------------------|--------------------|--|
| | | (Rupees in '000) | | |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | | |
| Fixed assets | | | | |
| | 4 | 1,649,727 | 1,382,840 | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 4 5 | 3,859 | | |
| Intangible assets | 3 | 1,653,586 | 4,775 1,387,615 | |
| Long term investments | 6 | 511,999 | 369,300 | |
| Long-term investments Long-term security deposits | 0 | 8,916 | 8,916 | |
| Long-term security deposits | | 2,174,501 | 1,765,831 | |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | 2,174,301 | 1,763,631 | |
| | 7 | 92,000 | 64.957 | |
| Stores, spare parts and loose tools Stock-in-trade | 8 | 82,909 | 64,857 896,013 | |
| Trade debts | 9 | 1,342,482 | 1 ' 1 | |
| | | 718,262 | 819,895 | |
| Advances | 10 | 4,149 | 5,197 | |
| Trade deposits and short-term prepayments | 11 | 12,140 | 6,230 | |
| Other receivables | 12 | 231,559 | 28,733 | |
| Taxation – net | 4.0 | 101,197 | 345,049 | |
| Cash and bank balances | 13 | 17,515 | 10,484 | |
| | | 2,510,213 | 2,176,458 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 4,684,714 | 3,942,289 | |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | | |
| | | | | |
| SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | | |
| Share capital | 14 | 296,055 | 275,400 | |
| Reserves | 15 | 3,020,236 | 1,923,565 | |
| | | 3,316,291 | 2,198,965 | |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Long-term financing | 16 | 220,000 | 660,000 | |
| Deferred taxation | 17 | 220,975 | 156,728 | |
| | | 440,975 | 816,728 | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 18 | 714,568 | 225,905 | |
| Accrued mark-up - conventional banks | | 8,783 | 32,798 | |
| Short-term borrowings | 19 | 140,195 | 545,211 | |
| Current maturity of long-term financing | 16 | 60,000 | 120,000 | |
| Unclaimed dividend | | 3,902 | 2,682 | |
| | | 927,448 | 926,596 | |
| CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS | 20 | - , | / | |
| TOTAL FOLLOW AND LAST THE | | | | |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | 4,684,714 | 3,942,289 | |

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Amer Faruque Chief Executive

Tariq Faruque Director



Profit and Loss Account for the year ended June 30, 2016

| | Note | 2016 2015 (Rupees in '000) | | |
|---|----------------|---|---|--|
| Turnover – net | 21 | 6,888,605 | 6,223,832 | |
| Cost of sales | 22 | (5,306,538) | (4,916,581) | |
| Gross profit | | 1,582,067 | 1,307,251 | |
| Distribution costs Administrative expenses Other expenses | 23 24 25 | (84,536) (48,477) (97,677) (230,690) | (72,739) (40,980) (67,572) (181,291) | |
| Other income | 26 | 29,018 | 6,828 | |
| Operating profit | | 1,380,395 | 1,132,788 | |
| Finance costs | 27 | (72,404) | (210,153) | |
| Profit before taxation | | 1,307,991 | 922,635 | |
| Taxation Current Deferred | 28 | (325,505) (64,247) (389,752) | (88,256) (182,968) (271,224) | |
| Net profit for the year | | 918,239 | 651,411 | |
| Earnings per share – basic and diluted | 29 | Rs. 31.55 | (Restated) Rs. 22.89 | |

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Amer Faruque Chief Executive

Tariq Faruque Director





| | 2010 | 2013 | |
|--|------------------|---------|--|
| | (Rupees in '000) | | |
| Net profit for the year | 918,239 | 651,411 | |
| Other comprehensive income | | | |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss account | | | |
| Unrealised gain on available-for-sale securities | 138,079 | 253,369 | |
| Items that may not be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss account | | | |
| Actuarial gain on defined benefit plan | 4,730 | 19,103 | |
| | 142,809 | 272,472 | |
| Total community in the state of the same | 1.061.040 | 022.002 | |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 1,061,048 | 923,883 | |

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Amer Faruque Chief Executive

Tariq Faruque
Director

Annual Report 2016

Statement

| for the year ended June 30, 2016 | Note | 2016 2015 | |
|---|-------|------------------|--------------------|
| | | (Rupees i | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | (| |
| Profit before taxation | | 1,307,991 | 922,635 |
| Adjustments for: | | | |
| Depreciation | 4.1.3 | 114,509 | 92,040 |
| Amortization | 5.1 | 916 | 916 |
| Gain on disposal of operating property, plant and equipment | 4.1.4 | (395) | (842) |
| Gain on short-term investments | | (5,563) | - |
| Dividend income | 26 | (16,973) | (487) |
| Finance costs | 27 | 72,404 | 210,153 |
| | | 164,898 | 301,780 |
| | | 1,472,889 | 1,224,415 |
| (Increase) / decrease in current assets: | Γ | (4.0.050) | (4.000) |
| Stores, spare parts and loose tools | | (18,052) | (4,909) |
| Stock-in-trade Trade debts | | (446,469) | 209,911 |
| Loans and advances | | 101,633 1,048 | (160,147) 2,002 |
| Trade deposits and short-term prepayments | | (5,910) | 1,606 |
| Other receivables | | (198,096) | 54,628 |
| Other receivables | L | (565,846) | 103,091 |
| Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities: | | (303,010) | 103,031 |
| Trade and other payables | | 488,663 | (58,772) |
| Cash generated from operations | | 1,395,706 | 1,268,734 |
| Income tax paid | | (81,653) | (61,407) |
| Long-term loans | | | 167 |
| Net cash generated from operating activities | | 1,314,053 | 1,207,494 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | _ | | |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment | 4.1.1 | (382,570) | (21,224) |
| Proceeds from sale of operating property, plant and equipment | 4.1.4 | 1,569 | 1,655 |
| Long-term investments made during the year | | (4,620) | (100,000) |
| Short-term investments redeemed during the year | | 5,563 | - |
| Dividend received | | 16,973 | 487 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (363,085) | (119,082) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | _ | | |
| Long-term financing | | (500,000) | (80,000) |
| Short-term borrowings | | (405,016) | (676,539) |
| Proceeds from issuance of right shares | | 282,795 | - |
| Finance costs paid | | (96,419) | (230,266) |
| Dividend paid | | (225,297) | (109,614) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | | (943,937) | (1,096,419) |
| Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | - | 7,031 | (8,007) |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year | | 10,484 | 18,491 |
| Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year | 13 | 17,515 | 10,484 |
| | | | |

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Amer Faruque Chief Executive Tariq Faruque Director

Changes in Equity for the year ended June 30, 2015

| Issued, Subscribed Paid-up Capital Premium Share Paid-up Capital Premium Pre | | | RESERVES | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------------|----------|---------|--------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Share Capital Share Capita | | | | | REVENUE | RESERVES | | | |
| Balance as at July 01, 2014 275,400 283,174 180,000 633,357 1,477 11,834 1,109,842 1,385,242 1,000 1,0 | | and Paid-up | | | appropriated | on gratuity | gain on available- for-sale | Sub-total | TOTAL |
| Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2014 @ Rs. 2.00/- per share (55,080) (55,080) (55,080) Interim cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2015 @ Rs. 2.00/- per share (55,080) (55,080) (55,080) Net profit for the year (55,080) (55,080) (55,080) Net profit for the year (651,411 651,411 651,411) Other comprehensive income (651,411 19,103 253,369 272,472 272,472) Total comprehensive income 651,411 19,103 253,369 923,883 923,883 Balance as at June 30, 2015 275,400 283,174 180,000 1,174,608 20,580 265,203 1,923,565 2,198,965 Balance as at July 01, 2015 275,400 283,174 180,000 1,174,608 20,580 265,203 1,923,565 2,198,965 Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2015 @ Rs. 5.00/- per share (137,700) (137,700) (137,700) | | | | | (Rupees | in '000) | | | |
| June 30, 2014 @ Rs. 2.00/- per share - - - (55,080) - - (55,080) (55,080) Interim cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2015 @ Rs. 2.00/- per share - - - (55,080) - - (55,080) (55,080) Net profit for the year - - - 651,411 - - 651,411 651,411 Other comprehensive income - - - 651,411 19,103 253,369 272,472 272,472 Total comprehensive income - - - 651,411 19,103 253,369 923,883 923,883 Balance as at June 30, 2015 275,400 283,174 180,000 1,174,608 20,580 265,203 1,923,565 2,198,965 Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2015 @ Rs. 5.00/- per share - - - (137,700) - - (137,700) (137,700) | Balance as at July 01, 2014 | 275,400 | 283,174 | 180,000 | 633,357 | 1,477 | 11,834 | 1,109,842 | 1,385,242 |
| June 30, 2015 @ Rs. 2.00/- per share - - - (55,080) - - (55,080) (55,080) Net profit for the year - - - 651,411 - - 651,411 651,411 Other comprehensive income - - - - 19,103 253,369 272,472 272,472 Total comprehensive income - - - 651,411 19,103 253,369 923,883 923,883 Balance as at June 30, 2015 275,400 283,174 180,000 1,174,608 20,580 265,203 1,923,565 2,198,965 Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2015 @ Rs. 5.00/- per share - | | - | - | - | (55,080) | - | - | (55,080) | (55,080) |
| Other comprehensive income - - - - 19,103 253,369 272,472 272,472 Total comprehensive income - - - 651,411 19,103 253,369 923,883 923,883 Balance as at June 30, 2015 275,400 283,174 180,000 1,174,608 20,580 265,203 1,923,565 2,198,965 Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2015 @ Rs. 5.00/- per share - - - (137,700) - - (137,700) (137,700) | , | - | - | - | (55,080) | - | - | (55,080) | (55,080) |
| Total comprehensive income 651,411 19,103 253,369 923,883 923,883 Balance as at June 30, 2015 275,400 283,174 180,000 1,174,608 20,580 265,203 1,923,565 2,198,965 Balance as at July 01, 2015 275,400 283,174 180,000 1,174,608 20,580 265,203 1,923,565 2,198,965 Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2015 @ Rs. 5.00/- per share (137,700) (137,700) (137,700) | Net profit for the year | - | - | - | 651,411 | - | - | 651,411 | 651,411 |
| Balance as at July 01, 2015 275,400 283,174 180,000 1,174,608 20,580 265,203 1,923,565 2,198,965 Balance as at July 01, 2015 275,400 283,174 180,000 1,174,608 20,580 265,203 1,923,565 2,198,965 Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2015 @ Rs. 5.00/- per share (137,700) (137,700) (137,700) | Other comprehensive income | - | - | - | - | 19,103 | 253,369 | 272,472 | 272,472 |
| Balance as at July 01, 2015 275,400 283,174 180,000 1,174,608 20,580 265,203 1,923,565 2,198,965 Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2015 @ Rs. 5.00/- per share - - - (137,700) - - (137,700) (137,700) | Total comprehensive income | - | - | - | 651,411 | 19,103 | 253,369 | 923,883 | 923,883 |
| Final cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2015 @ Rs. 5.00/- per share (137,700) (137,700) | Balance as at June 30, 2015 | 275,400 | 283,174 | 180,000 | 1,174,608 | 20,580 | 265,203 | 1,923,565 | 2,198,965 |
| June 30, 2015 @ Rs. 5.00/- per share (137,700) (137,700) | Balance as at July 01, 2015 | 275,400 | 283,174 | 180,000 | 1,174,608 | 20,580 | 265,203 | 1,923,565 | 2,198,965 |
| Davids and At Shad Code and add | | - | - | - | (137,700) | - | - | (137,700) | (137,700) |
| June 30, 2016 @ Rs. 3.00/- per share (88,817) (88,817) (88,817) | Interim cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2016 @ Rs. 3.00/- per share | - | - | - | (88,817) | - | - | (88,817) | (88,817) |
| Issuance of right shares @ 7.5% (i.e. 7.5 shares for every 100 shares held) 20,655 268,515 - - - - 268,515 289,170 | | 20,655 | 268,515 | - | - | - | - | 268,515 | 289,170 |
| Shares issue cost - (6,375) (6,375) (6,375) | Shares issue cost | - | (6,375) | - | - | - | - | (6,375) | (6,375) |
| Net profit for the year 918,239 918,239 918,239 | Net profit for the year | - | - | - | 918,239 | - | - | 918,239 | 918,239 |
| Other comprehensive income 4,730 138,079 142,809 | Other comprehensive income | - | - | - | - | 4,730 | 138,079 | 142,809 | 142,809 |
| Total comprehensive income 918,239 4,730 138,079 1,061,048 1,061,048 | Total comprehensive income | - | - | - | 918,239 | 4,730 | 138,079 | 1,061,048 | 1,061,048 |
| Balance as at June 30, 2016 296,055 545,314 180,000 1,866,330 25,310 403,282 3,020,236 3,316,291 | Balance as at June 30, 2016 | 296,055 | 545,314 | 180,000 | 1,866,330 | 25,310 | 403,282 | 3,020,236 | 3,316,291 |

The annexed notes from 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Amer Faruque Chief Executive

Tariq Faruque
Director

Annual Report 2016

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Cherat Packaging Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan as a public company limited by shares in the year 1989. Its main business activity is manufacturing, marketing and sale of paper sacks and polypropylene bags. The Company is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange (formerly on Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges). The registered office of the Company is situated at 1st Floor, Betani Arcade, Jamrud Road, Peshawar, Pakistan.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

2.2 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost convention except for certain investments that have been measured at fair value.

2.3 New and amended standards

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year except that the Company has adopted the following accounting standards which became effective for the current year:

IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements

IFRS 11 – Joint Arrangements

IFRS 12 – Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

IFRS 13 – Fair Value Measurement

IAS 27 – Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements

IAS 28 – Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

The adoption of the above accounting standards did not have any effect on the financial statements.

2.4 Standards and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following standards and amendments with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation.

Standard

Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

 IFRS 2 – Share-based Payments – Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payments Transactions (Amendments)

01 January 2018

| Standard | beginning on or after) |
|---|---|
| IFRS 7 – Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Disclosure Initiative – (Am | endment) 01 January 2016 |
| IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements, IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities and IAS 28 Investment in Associates – Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception (Amendment) | 01 January 2016 |
| IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amend | lment) 01 January 2016 |
| IFRS 11 – Joint Arrangements – Accounting for Acquisition of Interest in Joint Operation (Amendment) | Not yet finalized |
| IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements – Disclosure Initiative (Am | endment) 01 January 2016 |
| IAS 12 – Income Taxes – Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized losses (Amendments) | red 01 January 2017 |
| IAS 16 — Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 intangible assets - Clarification of Acceptable Method of Depreciation and Amortization (Amendment) | 01 January 2017 |
| IAS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 41 Agriculture - Agricul Bearer Plants (Amendment) | ture: 01 January 2016 |
| IAS 27 — Separate Financial Statements — Equity Method in Separate Fina Statements (Amendment) | ancial 01 January 2016 |
| between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amend IFRS 11 – Joint Arrangements – Accounting for Acquisition of Interest in Joint Operation (Amendment) IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements – Disclosure Initiative (Amendment) IAS 12 – Income Taxes – Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized losses (Amendments) IAS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 intangible assets – Clarification of Acceptable Method of Depreciation and Amortization (Amendment) IAS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 41 Agriculture - Agriculture Bearer Plants (Amendment) IAS 27 – Separate Financial Statements – Equity Method in Separate Financial | Not yet finalized nendment) 01 January 2016 eed 01 January 2017 O1 January 2017 ture: 01 January 2016 encial |

The above standards and amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

In addition to the above standards and amendments, improvements to various accounting standards have also been issued by the IASB in September 2014. Such improvements are generally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2016. The Company expects that such improvements to the standards will not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

Further, following new standards have been issued by the IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

| Standard | IASB Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after) |
|--|--|
| IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement | 01 January 2018 |
| IFRS 14 – Regulatory Deferral Accounts | 01 January 2016 |
| IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers | 01 January 2018 |
| IFRS 16 – Lease | 01 January 2019 |

2.5 Significant accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities and assets, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these estimates and judgements could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods. The management continually evaluates estimates and judgments which are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under current circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

In the process of applying the accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the financial statements:

2.5.1 Staff retirement benefits

Certain actuarial assumptions have been adopted for valuation of present value of defined benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets. Any change in these assumptions in future years might affect gains and losses in those years. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rate, expected rate of return on assets, future salary increases and mortality rates.

2.5.2 Property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews appropriateness of the rate of depreciation, useful life and residual value used in the calculation of depreciation. Further, where applicable, an estimate of the recoverable amount of asset is made for possible impairment on an annual basis. In making these estimates, the Company uses the technical resources available with the Company. Any change in the estimates in the future might affect the carrying amount of respective item of operating property, plant and equipment, with corresponding effects on the depreciation charge and impairment.

2.5.3 Taxation

Current

In applying the estimate for income tax payable, the Company takes into account the applicable tax laws and the decision by appellate authorities on certain issues in the past. Instance where the Company's view differs from the view taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the Company considers that its view on items of material nature is in accordance with law, the amounts are shown as contingency.

Deferred

Deferred tax is provided in full using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences arising at the balance sheet date, between the tax bases of the assets and the liabilities and their carrying amounts. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available against which these can be utilised.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. In this regard, the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income expected to be subject to final tax regime is adjusted in accordance with the requirement of Accounting Technical Release - 27 of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit and loss account.

2.5.4 Stock-in-trade, stores, spare parts and loose tools

The Company reviews the net realizable value (NRV) of stock-in-trade, stores and spare parts and loose tools to assess any diminution in the respective carrying values. NRV is estimated with reference to the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Property, plant and equipment

Owned assets

Property, plant and equipment except leasehold land and capital work-in-progress are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. Leasehold land and capital work-in-progress are stated at cost. Depreciation is charged to income applying the reducing balance method except for computers, which are depreciated by using the straight-line method, at the rates mentioned in note 4.1.1 to the financial statements.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements which increase the asset's remaining useful economic life or the performance beyond the current estimated levels are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

Gains or losses on disposal of operating property, plant and equipment, if any, are recognized in the profit and loss account.

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying values may not be recoverable. If such indications exist and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amounts, the assets are written down to the recoverable amounts.

Depreciation is charged from the month of the year in which addition / capitalization occurs while no depreciation is charged in the month in which an asset is disposed off.

3.2 Intangible assets

An intangible asset is recognized if it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and the cost of such assets can also be measured reliably.

Computer software and implementation costs that are directly associated with the computer and computer controlled machines which cannot operate without the related specific software, are included in the cost of respective assets. Software which is not an integral part of the related hardware is classified as intangible asset.

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment loss, if any. Intangible assets are amortized on straight line method when assets are available for use. Amortization is charged from the month of the year in which addition / capitalization occurs while no amortization is charged in the month in which an asset is disposed off.

3.3 Investments

3.3.1 **Joint Venture**

The Company has interest in a jointly controlled entity. The Company combines its share and recognises its interest in the joint venture using the equity method. Under equity method, the investment in joint venture is carried in the balance sheet at cost plus post acquisition changes in the Company's share of net

assets of the joint venture. Profit and loss account reflects the share of the results of operations of joint venture.

After application of the equity method, the Company determines whether it is necessary to recognise an additional impairment loss on the Company's investment in joint venture. The Company determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in joint venture is impaired. If this is the case the Company calculates the amount of impairment loss as the difference between the recoverable amount of joint venture and their carrying value and recognises the amount in the profit and loss account.

Financial statements of joint venture are prepared for same reporting period as that of the Company, using consistent accounting policies in line with that of the Company.

3.3.2 Available-for-sale securities

These are non-derivative financial assets which are intended to be held for an indefinite period but may be sold in response to the need for liquidity or changes in interest rates.

These investments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently measured at fair value with unrealized gains or losses recognized as other comprehensive income in the available-forsale reserve until the investment is derecognized, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognized in other income, and removed from the available-for-sale reserve.

3.3.3 Designated through profit or loss

Financial assets that are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profit from short-term fluctuation in prices are classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category.

These investments are initially recognized at fair value, relevant transaction costs are taken directly to profit and loss account and subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses arising on changes in fair value of these financial assets are taken to the profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.

3.4 Stores, spare parts and loose tools

These are valued at lower of cost and NRV. Cost is determined on weighted average basis less provision for obsolete and slow moving items except for items in transit which are stated at invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

The Company reviews the carrying amount of stores, spare parts and loose tools on an annual basis and provision is made for obsolescence.

NRV represents estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

3.5 Stock-in-trade

3.5.1 Raw materials

Raw materials are valued at the lower of weighted average cost and NRV.

Cost signifies purchase cost and other direct expenses.

Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

3.5.2 Finished goods

Finished goods are valued at lower of weighted average cost and NRV.

3.6 Trade debts

Trade debts are recognized at invoice value less provision for uncollectible amounts. Provision for doubtful debts is based on management's assessment of customer's credit worthiness. Bad debts are written-off when there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

3.7 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

3.8 Financial instruments

All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and are derecognized in case of assets, when the contractual rights under the instrument are realized, expired or surrendered and in case of a liability, when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain / (loss) on the recognition and de-recognition of the financial assets and liabilities is included in the profit / (loss) for the period in which it arises.

3.9 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in balance sheet if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle liabilities simultaneously. Income and expenses arising from such assets and liabilities are also offset accordingly.

3.10 Foreign currency translations

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Pakistani Rupees at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated into Pakistani Rupees at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at the year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the profit and loss account.

3.11 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and bank balances.

3.12 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Company and revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

3.12.1 Sale of goods

Revenue from sales is recognized upon passage of title to the customers which generally coincides with physical delivery.

3.12.2 Other income

Profit on bank accounts is recognised on accrual basis.

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive such income is established.

Other revenues are accounted for on accrual basis.

3.13 Staff retirement benefits

3.13.1 Gratuity fund

The Company operates an approved and funded gratuity scheme for all eligible employees who have completed the minimum qualifying period of service. The scheme is administered by the trustees nominated under the trust deed. The contributions to the scheme are made in accordance with actuarial valuation using Projected Unit Credit method. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized in full in the period in which they occur in the other comprehensive income. All past service costs are recognised at the earlier of when the amendment or curtailment occurs and when the Company has recognised related restructuring or terminations benefits.

3.13.2 Provident fund

The Company operates an approved defined contributory provident fund scheme for all permanent employees who have completed the minimum qualifying period of service. Equal monthly contributions are made by the Company and the employees to the fund at the rate of 8.33% of basic salary.

3.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

3.15 Taxation

3.15.1 Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, or minimum tax on turnover or Alternate Corporate Tax whichever is higher and tax paid on final tax regime basis. Alternate Corporate Tax is calculated in accordance with the provisions of Section 113C of Income Tax Ordinance.

3.15.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is provided in full using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences arising at the balance sheet date, between the tax bases of the assets and the liabilities and their carrying amounts. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which these can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. In this regard, the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income expected to be subject to final tax regime is adjusted in accordance with the requirement of Accounting Technical Release - 27 of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

3.15.3 Sales tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognized net of amount of sales tax except:

- Where sales tax incurred on a purchase of asset or service is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the sales tax is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- Receivables or payables that are stated with the amount of sales tax included.
- The net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

3.16 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed out in the period they

occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

3.17 Impairment

The carrying values of the Company's assets except for inventories and deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists the assets recoverable amount is estimated and impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account.

3.18 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties are carried out on commercial terms, as approved by the Board, substantiated as given in note 32 to the financial statements.

3.19 Dividend and appropriation to reserves

Dividend and appropriation to reserves are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which these are approved.

3.20 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

| 4. | PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | Note | 2016 | 2015 |
|----|---|------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | (Rupees | in '000) |
| | Operating property, plant and equipment | 4.1 | 1,616,160 | 1,382,663 |
| | Capital work-in-progress | 4.2 | 33,567 | 177 |
| | | | 1,649,727 | 1,382,840 |

4.1 Operating property, plant and equipment

4.1.1 Following is a statement of operating property, plant and equipment:

| | COST | | | DEPRECIATION | | | | Book | | |
|--|---------------------------|--|---|---------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2016 Description | As at July 01, 2015 | Additions during the year (4.1.1.1) | Disposals / write-offs during the year | As at June 30, 2016 | As at July 01, 2015 | Adjustment on disposals / write-offs | For the year | As at June 30, 2016 | Value as at June 30, 2016 | Depreciation rate % per annum |
| | | | | (R | upees in '00 | 0) | | | | |
| Leasehold land | 16,431 | 19,317 | - | 35,748 | - | - | - | - | 35,748 | - |
| Building on leasehold land | 176,465 | 38,185 | - | 214,650 | 65,101 | - | 11,487 | 76,588 | 138,062 | 5-10 |
| Plant and machinery (Note 4.1.1.2) | 1,522,087 | 261,232 | - | 1,783,319 | 362,415 | - | 88,753 | 451,168 | 1,332,151 | 7.5 |
| Power and other installations | 47,951 | 18,997 | (156)* | 66,792 | 13,513 | (156)* | 3,530 | 16,887 | 49,905 | 10 |
| Furniture and fittings | 8,535 | 754 | (837)* | 8,452 | 3,759 | (837)* | 801 | 3,723 | 4,729 | 5-10 |
| Vehicles | 52,383 | 7,861 | (4,162) | 56,082 | 25,514 | (2,988) | 6,145 | 28,671 | 27,411 | 20 |
| Equipment | 42,622 | 2,549 | (394)* | 44,777 | 15,052 | (394)* | 2,882 | 17,540 | 27,237 | 10 |
| Computers | 7,654 | 285 | (180)* | 7,759 | 6,111 | (180)* | 911 | 6,842 | 917 | 33.33 |
| | 1,874,128 | 349,180 | (5,278) (1,567)* | 2,217,579 | 491,465 | (2,988) (1,567)* | 114,509 | 601,419 | 1,616,160 | |

| | COST | | | | DEPRECIATION | | | | Book | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2015 Description | As at July 01, 2014 | Additions during the year | Disposals during the year | As at June 30, 2015 | As at July 01, 2014 | Adjustment on disposals | For the year | As at June 30, 2015 | Value as at June 30, 2015 | Depreciation rate % per annum |
| | | | | (R | upees in '00 | 00) | | | | |
| Leasehold land | 16,431 | - | - | 16,431 | - | - | - | - | 16,431 | - |
| Building on leasehold land | 174,363 | 2,102 | - | 176,465 | 53,026 | - | 12,075 | 65,101 | 111,364 | 5-10 |
| Plant and machinery | 1,516,499 | 5,588 | - | 1,522,087 | 295,835 | - | 66,580 | 362,415 | 1,159,672 | 5-7.5 |
| Power and other installations | 47,951 | - | - | 47,951 | 9,687 | - | 3,826 | 13,513 | 34,438 | 10 |
| Furniture and fittings | 7,619 | 916 | - | 8,535 | 3,323 | - | 436 | 3,759 | 4,776 | 5-10 |
| Vehicles | 44,906 | 11,280 | (3,803) | 52,383 | 23,197 | (2,990) | 5,307 | 25,514 | 26,869 | 20 |
| Equipment | 42,120 | 502 | - | 42,622 | 12,060 | - | 2,992 | 15,052 | 27,570 | 10 |
| Computers | 6,674 | 980 | - | 7,654 | 5,287 | - | 824 | 6,111 | 1,543 | 33.33 |
| | 1,856,563 | 21,368 | (3,803) | 1,874,128 | 402,415 | (2,990) | 92,040 | 491,465 | 1,382,663 | |

- **4.1.1.1** Included herein are Rs. 38.185 million, Rs. 259.132 million and Rs. 18.997 million in respect of building on leasehold land, plant and machinery and power and other installations respectively, pertaining to new polypropylene line.
- **4.1.1.2** During the year, the Company has reviewed the useful economic life of plant and machinery and as a result, the rate of depreciation of Polypropylene plant and machinery has been changed from 5% to 7.5% per annum with effect from July 01, 2015. The revision was accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate. Had the change in estimate not been made, the depreciation charge for the year would have been lower by Rs. 24.66 million and the carrying value of the fixed assets and profit before tax would have been higher by the same amount.
- **4.1.2** Reconciliation of book value:

| 4.1.2 | Reconciliation of book value: | | | |
|-------|---|-------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Note | 2016 | 2015 |
| | | | (Rupees | in '000) |
| | Book value as at the beginning of the year | | 1,382,663 | 1,454,148 |
| | Additions during the year | | 349,180 | 21,368 |
| | Depreciation for the year | | (114,509) | (92,040) |
| | Disposals during the year at book value | 4.1.4 | (1,174) | (813) |
| | Book value as at the end of the year | | 1,616,160 | 1,382,663 |
| 4.1.3 | The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated to: | | | |
| | Cost of sales | 22 | 113,054 | 91,079 |
| | Distribution costs | 23 | 411 | 490 |
| | Administrative expenses | 24 | 1,044 | 471 |
| | | | 114,509 | 92,040 |
| | | | | |

4.1.4 The following operating property, plant and equipment were disposed off during the year:

| Descript | tion | Cost | Book value | Sales proceeds | Gain (Note 26) | Mode of disposal | Particulars of buyer |
|---------------|---------|-------|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|
| | | | (Rup | ees in '000 |) | | |
| Vehicle | | | | | | | |
| Suzuki Cultus | AWD-037 | 927 | 328 | 712 | 384 | Tender | Mr. Manzoor Ali Vighio – outside party (Karachi) |
| Honda City | PV-173 | 1,337 | 366 | 366 | - | Employee car scheme | Mr. Qamar Nisar Anjum – Employee |
| Suzuki Mehran | PW-632 | 515 | 137 | 137 | - | Employee car scheme | Mr. Ehsan ur Rehman – Employee |
| Suzuki Mehran | PW-634 | 520 | 138 | 138 | - | Employee car scheme | Mr. Fahad Ashraf –Employee |
| Suzuki Cultus | ARW-529 | 863 | 205 | 216 | 11 | Employee car scheme | Mr. Khalid Pervaiz –Employee |
| | 2016 | 4,162 | 1,174 | 1,569 | 395 | | |
| | 2015 | 3,803 | 813 | 1,655 | 842 | : | |

4.2 Movement of capital work-in-progress

| Description | Civil works | Plant and machinery | Power and other installations | Vehicles | Factory equipment | Total |
|--|-------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|----------------------|-----------|
| | | | (Rupees | in '000) | | |
| Balance as at July 01, 2014 | - | - | 321 | - | - | 321 |
| Transferred to operating property, plant and equipment | | - | (144) | | | (144) |
| Balance as at June 30, 2015 | - | - | 177 | - | - | 177 |
| Capital expenditure incurred / advances made during the year | 62,888 | 261,232 | 15,578 | 4,980 | 816 | 345,494 |
| Transferred to operating property, plant and equipment | (38,185) | (261,232) | (11,871) | - | (816) | (312,104) |
| Balance as at June 30, 2016 | 24,703 | - | 3,884 | 4,980 | - | 33,567 |
| | | | | | | |

5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

| | COST | | | | | AMORTIZ. | Book | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Description | As at July 01, | Additions during the year | Disposals during the year | As at June 30 | As at July 01 | Adjustment on disposals | For the year | As at June 30 | Value as at June 30, | Amortization Rate % per annum |
| | | | | (Ri | upees in '000) | | | | | |
| 2016 ERP System | 9,161 | - | - | 9,161 | 4,386 | - | 916 | 5,302 | 2 3,859 | 10 |
| 2015 ERP System | 9,161 | - | - | 9,161 | 3,470 | - | 916 | 5 4,386 | 6 4,775 | 10 |

5.1 The amortization charge for the year has been allocated to:

| | Note | 2010 | 2015 |
|-------------------------|------|---------|----------|
| | | (Rupees | in '000) |
| Cost of sales | 22 | 684 | 684 |
| Administrative expenses | 24 | 232 | 232 |
| | | 916 | 916 |
| | | | |

| LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS | | | |
|---|------|------------|---------|
| LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS | Note | 2016 | 2015 |
| Investment in related parties | | (Rupees in | n '000) |
| Available-for-sale securities | 6.1 | 507,379 | 369,300 |
| Interest in a Joint Venture | 6.2 | 4,620 | - |
| | | 511,999 | 369,300 |
| Available-for-sale securities | | | |
| Cherat Cement Company Limited | | | |
| 4,243,362 (June 30, 2015: 4,243,362) Ordinary shares of Rs. | | | |
| 10/- each | | 507,379 | 369,300 |

6.2 Interest in a Joint Venture

6.

6.1

9.

Represents 462,000 shares representing 4.62% interest in UniEnergy Limited (UEL), a public unlisted Company. UEL is formed for the generation and transmission of wind power, however, it has not yet started commercial operations.

Stores Spare parts Stores Spare parts Stores Spare parts 5,795 4,236 Spare parts 77,079 60,605

Loose tools 35 16 82,909 64,857

| STOCK-IN-TRADE | | | |
|---------------------------|-----|-----------|---------|
| Raw material | | | |
| In hand | | 701,723 | 460,362 |
| In bonded warehouse | | 48,706 | 132,056 |
| In transit | | 445,042 | 150,792 |
| | | 1,195,471 | 743,210 |
| Work-in-process | | 25,151 | 35,186 |
| Finished goods | | 120,992 | 116,295 |
| Polypropylene scrap goods | | 868 | 1,322 |
| | | 1,342,482 | 896,013 |
| TRADE DEBTS – unsecured | | | |
| Considered good | 9.1 | 718,262 | 819,895 |
| Considered doubtful | | 17,966 | 17,966 |

736,228

17,966

718,262

837,861

17,966 819,895

9.1 Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30 days term. Aging analysis of trade debts is as follows:

| | | Note | 2016 | 2015 |
|------|--|------|------------------|------------------|
| | | | (Rupees in '000) | |
| | Neither past due nor impaired | | 523,096 | 545,5 <i>7</i> 3 |
| | Past due but not impaired - Within 75 days | | 195,166 | 274,322 |
| | | | 718,262 | 819,895 |
| 10. | ADVANCES – unsecured, considered good | | | |
| | Suppliers | | 2,905 | 4,671 |
| | Letters of credit | | 1,244 | 526 |
| | | 10.1 | 4,149 | 5,197 |
| 10.1 | These advances are interest free. | | | |

Less: Provision for doubtful debts

| | | | | , |
|------|---|------|------------------|--------|
| 11. | TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS | Note | 2016 | 2015 |
| | | | (Rupees in '000) | |
| | Trade deposit – earnest money | 11.1 | 6,961 | 2,610 |
| | Short-term prepayments | | | |
| | Insurance | | 2,627 | 2,073 |
| | Rent | | 900 | 1,500 |
| | Others | | 1,652 | 47 |
| | | | 5,179 | 3,620 |
| | | | 12,140 | 6,230 |
| 11.1 | These deposits are interest free. | : | | |
| 12. | OTHER RECEIVABLES | | | |
| | Gratuity fund | 12.1 | 24,765 | 19,365 |
| | Provident fund | 12.2 | - - | · - |
| | Sales tax adjustable | | 206,108 | - |
| | Claim receivable | | - | 2,122 |
| | Duty drawback | | - | 5,994 |
| | Others | | 686 | 1,252 |
| | | | 231,559 | 28,733 |
| 12.1 | Gratuity fund | : | | |

Defined benefit plan

The Company operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for all eligible employees. Actuarial valuation of the scheme is carried out every year and the latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at June 30, 2016.

| 2016. | 2016 | 2015 | |
|--|-----------|------------------|--|
| | (Rupees i | (Rupees in '000) | |
| Gratuity fund asset: | | | |
| Present value of defined benefit obligations | (50,363) | (39,830) | |
| Fair value of plan assets | 75,128 | 59,195 | |
| Asset recognized in the balance sheet | 24,765 | 19,365 | |
| Current service cost | (3,313) | (2,050) | |
| Interest cost | (3,882) | (4,216) | |
| Expected return on plan assets | 6,865 | 3,739 | |
| Expense recognized | (330) | (2,527) | |
| Movement in the asset / (liability) in balance sheet: | | | |
| Balance as at July 01 | 19,365 | (211) | |
| Net charge for the year | (330) | (2,527) | |
| Re-measurement chargeable in other comprehensive income | 4,730 | 19,103 | |
| Contributions | 1,000 | 3,000 | |
| Balance as at June 30 | 24,765 | 19,365 | |
| Movement in the present value of defined benefit obligation: | | | |
| Balance as at July 01 | (39,830) | (31,226) | |
| Current service cost | (3,313) | (2,050) | |
| Interest cost | (3,882) | (4,216) | |
| Actuarial losses | (3,338) | (2,338) | |
| Balance as at June 30 | (50,363) | (39,830) | |
| | | | |

Movement in the fair value of plan assets:

| Balance as at July 01 |
|-----------------------|
| Expected return |
| Contributions |
| Actuarial gain |
| Balance as at June 30 |

| 2016 | 2015 | | |
|------------------|----------|--|--|
| (Rupees in '000) | | | |
| (59,195) | (31,015) | | |
| (6,865) | (3,739) | | |
| (1,000) | (3,000) | | |
| (8,068) | (21,441) | | |
| (75,128) | (59,195) | | |
| | | | |

Principal actuarial assumptions used are as follows:

| Expected rate of increase in salary level |
|---|
| Valuation discount rate |
| Rate of return on plan assets |

| (Percentage) | |
|--------------|------|
| 9.50 | 9.50 |
| 7.25 | 9.75 |
| 7.25 | 9.75 |

Comparisons for past years:

| As at June 30 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
|---|------------------|---------------|----------|----------|----------|
| | (Rupees in '000) | | | | |
| Present value of defined benefit | | | | | |
| obligations | (50,363) | (39,830) | (31,226) | (32,361) | (24,934) |
| Fair value of plan assets | 75,128 | <u>59,195</u> | 31,015 | 25,711 | 16,839 |
| Surplus / (deficit) | 24,765 | 19,365 | (211) | (6,650) | (8,095) |
| | | | | | |
| Experience adjustment on plan liabilities | (3,338) | (2,338) | (513) | (2,873) | (429) |
| Experience adjustment on plan assets | 8,068 | 21,441 | 6,263 | 3,473 | 818 |
| • | 4,730 | 19,103 | 5,750 | 600 | 389 |

Composition of plan assets are as follows:

| Special Saving Certificates and Pakistan Investment Bonds |
|---|
| Mutual Funds / Shares |
| Bank balances |

| 2016 | 2015 |
|---------|----------|
| (Rupees | in '000) |
| 16,468 | 9,975 |
| 58,057 | 48,131 |
| 603 | 1,089 |
| 75,128 | 59,195 |
| | |

The expected return on plan assets was based on the market expectations and depends upon the asset portfolio of the Company, at the beginning of the period, for returns over the entire life of related obligation.

The return on plan assets was assumed to equal the discount rate. Actual return on plan assets during the year 2016 amounts to Rs. 14.93 million (2015: Rs. 25.18 million).

12.2 Provident fund

| Size of the trust |
|---------------------------|
| Cost of investments made |
| Fair value of investments |

| 2016 | 2015 |
|-----------|---------|
| (Rupees i | n '000) |
| 139,483 | 110,235 |
| 114,739 | 89,437 |
| 137,595 | 109,743 |
| | |

| Percentage | of investme | ent made |
|------------|-------------|----------|

| (Percentage) | |
|--------------|-------|
| 98.65 | 99.55 |

The major categories of investment are as follows:

Government securities Short-term deposits Others

| 15 |
|----------------------------------|
| |
| 3,874 2,832 3,037 9,743 |
| |

Investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 227 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

13. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

With banks:
Islamic banks
Current accounts
Conventional banks
Current accounts
Saving accounts
13.1

| e | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|---------|----------|
| | (Rupees | in '000) |
| | | |
| | 9,409 | 1,662 |
| | | |
| | 7,219 | 6,748 |
| | 691 | 1,780 |
| | 7,910 | 8,528 |
| | 17,319 | 10,190 |
| | 196 | 294 |
| | 17,515 | 10,484 |
| | | |

Cash in hand

13.1 These carry effective profit rate of 4% (2015: 5%) per annum.

14. SHARE CAPITAL

14.1 Authorised capital

| 2016 | 2015 | | 2016 | 2015 |
|------------|------------|----------------------------------|---------|----------|
| Number | of shares | | (Rupees | in '000) |
| 40,000,000 | 40,000,000 | Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each | 400,000 | 400,000 |

14.2 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

| 2016 | 2015 | | 2016 | 2015 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| Number of shares | | | (Rupees | in '000) |
| | | Fully paid ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each | | |
| 20,145,000 7,395,000 | 20,145,000 7,395,000 | Issued fully paid in cashIssued as fully paid bonus shares | 201,450 73,950 | 201,450 73,950 |
| 27,540,000 | 27,540,000 | - Balance at the beginning of the year | 275,400 | 275,400 |
| 2,065,500 | - - | - Right shares issued during the year | 20,655 | - |
| 29,605,500 | 27,540,000 | | 296,055 | 275,400 |
| | | | | |

Following is the detail of shares held by the related parties:

| Faruque (Private) Limited |
|------------------------------------|
| Cherat Cement Company Limited |
| Mirpurkhas Sugar Mills Limited |
| Greaves Pakistan (Private) Limited |

| 2016 | 2015 |
|---|---|
| (Number | of shares) |
| 2,952,101 2,055,308 1,469,933 1,487,026 7,964,368 | 2,723,512 1,772,380 1,367,380 1,383,280 7,246,552 |

| 4 = | DECEDVEC | | | |
|-----|--|------|-----------|-----------|
| 15. | RESERVES | Note | 2016 | 2015 |
| | | | (Rupees | in '000) |
| | Capital reserve | | | |
| | Share premium | | 545,314 | 283,174 |
| | Revenue reserve | | | |
| | General reserve | | 180,000 | 180,000 |
| | Unappropriated profit | | 1,866,330 | 1,174,608 |
| | Actuarial gain on gratuity fund | | 25,310 | 20,580 |
| | Unrealised gain on available for sale securities | | 403,282 | 265,203 |
| | | | 2,474,922 | 1,640,391 |
| | | | 3,020,236 | 1,923,565 |
| 16. | LONG-TERM FINANCING – secured | | | |
| | Islamic banks | | | |
| | Fixed Assets Refinance Loan | | - | 280,000 |
| | Conventional banks | | | |
| | Fixed Assets Refinance Loan – Tranche I | 16.1 | 80,000 | 100,000 |
| | Fixed Assets Refinance Loan – Tranche II | 16.1 | - | 200,000 |
| | Fixed Assets Refinance Loan | 16.2 | 200,000 | 200,000 |
| | | | 280,000 | 780,000 |
| | Less: Current maturity | | (60,000) | (120,000) |
| | · | | 220,000 | 660,000 |

- 16.1 Represents a long-term loan obtained from a conventional bank for the import of Polypropylene Plant amounting to Rs. 300 million. The loan carries mark-up at the rate of 6 months KIBOR plus 0.6% per annum. The loan was drawn in two tranches of Rs. 100 million as tranche I and Rs. 200 million as tranche II. The loan is repayable in 10 equal semi-annual installments commenced after 30 months from first drawdown of the facility i.e., from December 2015 (tranche I) & February 2016 (tranche II). The loan is secured by way of first pari-passu hypothecation charge of Rs. 400 million over all present and future plant and machinery of the Company. In view of better liquidity position, the Company has fully repaid tranche II of the loan during the year.
- 16.2 Represents a long-term loan obtained from a conventional bank for the import of Polypropylene Plant amounting to Rs. 200 million. The loan carries mark-up at the rate of 6 months KIBOR plus 0.6% per annum. The loan is repayable in 10 equal semi-annual installments commencing after 30 months from first drawdown of the facility i.e., from July 2016. The loan is secured by way of first pari-passu hypothecation charge of Rs. 267 million over specific plant and machinery of the Company.

| 17. | DEFERRED TAXATION | | | |
|------------|-------------------------------------|------|-----------|----------|
| | | Note | 2016 | 2015 |
| | | | (Rupees i | in '000) |
| | Accelerated tax depreciation | | 220,975 | 156,728 |
| 18. | TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES | | | |
| | Creditors | | 39,269 | 36,654 |
| | Bills payable | | 519,279 | 60,731 |
| | Accrued liabilities | | 55,182 | 56,631 |
| | Workers' Profits Participation Fund | 18.1 | 70,034 | 49,356 |
| | Workers' Welfare Fund | 18.2 | 29,210 | 21,745 |
| | Retention money | | 1,594 | 788 |
| | • | | 714,568 | 225,905 |

Workers' Profits Participation Fund **Note** 2016 2015 (Rupees in '000) Opening balance 49,356 14,436 Interest thereon 27 240 212 49,568 14,676 Payments during the year (49,568)(14,676)25 Charge for the year 70,034 49,356 Closing balance 70,034 49,356

As per Workers' Welfare Fund (WWF) Ordinance, 1971, WWF was chargeable @ 2% of the taxable income. The Government through Finance Acts 2006 & 2008 amended the WWF Ordinance, 1971, where by the term 'total income' shall be considered as profit before taxation as per declaration of income in the return or as per accounts, whichever is higher. These amendments were challenged by the Company in the Honourable Peshawar High Court. During the year 2013-14, the Honourable Peshawar High Court declared the impugned levy of contribution introduced in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Acts 2006 and 2008 as illegal and "ultra vires" as it lacks the essential mandate to be introduced and passed through a Money Bill under the Constitution. However, the Honourable Sindh High Court had earlier decided the same matter against the tax payers. This case is now in the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan for final adjudication.

As the Honourable Peshawar High Court has concerned jurisdiction in this case, WWF charge for the current year is based on the decision of the Honourable Peshawar High Court. Moreover, as a matter of prudence, an amount of Rs. 35.22 million pertaining to prior years has not been reversed which may be reconsidered after evaluating future legal development in this case.

19. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS – secured

18.1

| | Note | 2016 | 2015 |
|-----------------------------|------|------------------|---------|
| Conventional banks | | (Rupees in '000) | |
| Short-term running finances | 19.1 | 140,195 | 28,430 |
| Money market loans | 19.1 | - | 328,000 |
| Export refinance scheme | _ | | 54,143 |
| | | 140,195 | 410,573 |
| Islamic banks | | | |
| Istisna'a and Murabaha | 19.2 | - | 134,638 |
| | | 140,195 | 545,211 |
| | | | |

- 19.1 These facilities are obtained from various conventional banks amounting to Rs. 2,475 million (2015: Rs. 2,275 million) out of which Rs. 2,334.81 million (2015: Rs. 1,864.43 million) remains unutilized at the year end. These facilities are secured against registered pari-passu hypothecation charge over stocks and book debts for Rs. 3,369 million and hypothecation charge of Rs. 140 million on all present and future plant and machinery of the Company. These facilities carry mark-up of 1 and 3 months' KIBOR plus spread ranging from 0.5% to 1.25% (2015: 1 and 3 months' KIBOR plus spread ranging from 0.5% to 1.75%) per annum.
- 19.2 Represent facilities obtained from various Islamic banks amounting to Rs. 900 million (2015: Rs. 600 million) which remains unutilized (2015: Rs. 465.36 million) at the year end. These facilities are secured against registered pari-passu hypothecation charge over stocks and book debts for Rs. 1,200.33 million.

20. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

- **20.1** Outstanding letter of guarantees conventional banks
- **20.2** Outstanding letters of credit conventional banks
- **20.3** Duties payable on bonded stock

| 2016 | 2015 |
|---------|----------|
| (Rupees | in '000) |
| 47,000 | 31,600 |
| 334,996 | 653,474 |
| 7,254 | 19,137 |

| TURNOVER – net | Note | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|-------|-----------|-----------|
| | | (Rupees | in '000) |
| Local sales | | 7,857,775 | 7,093,677 |
| Less: Sales tax | | 1,141,968 | 1,030,913 |
| | | 6,715,807 | 6,062,764 |
| Less: Discounts & volume rebates | | 175,986 | 116,395 |
| Net local sales | | 6,539,821 | 5,946,369 |
| Export sales | | 348,784 | 277,463 |
| | | 6,888,605 | 6,223,832 |
| COST OF SALES | | | |
| Raw material consumed | | | |
| Opening stock | | 460,362 | 544,439 |
| Purchases | | 4,876,176 | 4,252,105 |
| | | 5,336,538 | 4,796,544 |
| Closing stock | 8 | (701,723) | (460,362) |
| 8 | | 4,634,815 | 4,336,182 |
| Duty drawback on export | | (1,690) | (3,486) |
| saty drawsack on export | | 4,633,125 | 4,332,696 |
| Manufacturing overheads | | 1,033,123 | 1,332,030 |
| Salaries, wages and benefits | 22.1 | 231,461 | 204,221 |
| Stores, spare parts and loose tools consumed | | 41,222 | 31,481 |
| Fuel and power | | 159,760 | 151,622 |
| Packing charges | | 102,312 | 83,536 |
| Rent, rates and taxes | | 453 | 557 |
| Repairs and maintenance | | 1,980 | 2,589 |
| Depreciation | 4.1.3 | | |
| | | 113,054 | 91,079 |
| Amortization | 5.1 | 684 | 684 |
| nsurance | | 25,349 | 23,582 |
| General office expenses | | 157 | 113 |
| /ehicle running expenses | | 4,882 | 4,230 |
| Fravelling and conveyance | | 5,407 | 4,510 |
| Communication expenses | | 3,864 | 1,768 |
| Printing and stationery | | 441 | 546 |
| Legal and professional charges | | 9,053 | 6,310 |
| Freight and cartage | | 2,352 | 1,423 |
| Subscription | | 496 | 1,775 |
| Stores and spares parts – written off | | 266 | 89 |
| Others | | 2,308 | 1,473 |
| | | 705,501 | 611,588 |
| A/ 1 · | | 5,338,626 | 4,944,284 |
| Work-in-process: | | 25 406 | 40.46 |
| Opening stock | _ | 35,186 | 48,167 |
| Closing stock | 8 | (25,151) | (35,186) |
| | | 10,035 | 12,981 |
| Polypropylene scrap goods: | | 1 2 2 2 | 7.0 |
| Opening stock | | 1,322 | 568 |
| Closing stock | 8 | (868) | (1,322) |
| Sales | | (37,880) | (34,792) |
| | | (37,426) | (35,546) |
| Cost of goods manufactured | | 5,311,235 | 4,921,719 |
| Finished goods: | | | |
| Opening stock | | 116,295 | 111,157 |
| Closing stock | 8 | (120,992) | (116,295) |
| - | | (4,697) | (5,138) |
| | | 5,306,538 | 4,916,581 |
| | | , , | , , |

21.

22.

22.1 Includes expenditure in respect of provident fund and gratuity fund amounting to Rs. 4.51 million and Rs. 0.28 million (2015: Rs. 3.94 million and Rs. 1.75 million) respectively.

23. DISTRIBUTION COSTS

| | Note | 2016 2015 (Rupees in '000) | |
|---------------------------|-------|----------------------------|--------|
| | | | |
| Salaries and benefits | 23.1 | 10,201 | 8,519 |
| Travelling and conveyance | | 3,403 | 5,362 |
| Vehicle running expenses | | 1,272 | 812 |
| Repair and maintenance | | 48 | 79 |
| Communication expenses | | 693 | 659 |
| Rent, rates and taxes | | 226 | 46 |
| Insurance | | 1,517 | 1,397 |
| Printing and stationery | | 1,423 | 1,284 |
| Depreciation | 4.1.3 | 411 | 490 |
| Freight and cartage | | 56,133 | 47,706 |
| Export expenses | | 8,812 | 6,232 |
| Others | | 397 | 153 |
| | | 84,536 | 72,739 |
| | _ | | |

23.1 Includes expenditure in respect of provident fund and gratuity fund amounting to Rs. 0.36 million and Rs. 0.02 million (2015: Rs. 0.26 million and Rs. 0.28 million) respectively.

24. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

| | Note | 2016 | 2015 |
|--------------------------------|-------|-----------|----------|
| | | (Rupees i | in '000) |
| Salaries and benefits | 24.1 | 29,135 | 23,925 |
| Directors' fee | | 2,520 | 1,225 |
| Travelling and conveyance | | 1,371 | 1,725 |
| Vehicle running expenses | | 1,302 | 977 |
| Communication expenses | | 2,455 | 3,663 |
| Printing and stationery | | 1,569 | 1,480 |
| Rent, rates and taxes | | 1,349 | 1,156 |
| Legal and professional charges | | 3,468 | 2,411 |
| Insurance | | 1,265 | 1,121 |
| Subscription | | 1,368 | 1,449 |
| Advertisement | | 703 | 293 |
| Depreciation | 4.1.3 | 1,044 | 471 |
| Amortization | 5.1 | 232 | 232 |
| Repairs and maintenance | | 199 | 451 |
| General office expenses | | 255 | 184 |
| Utilities | | 213 | 210 |
| Others | _ | 29 | 7 |
| | | 48,477 | 40,980 |
| | - | | |

24.1 Includes expenditure in respect of provident fund and gratuity fund amounting to Rs. 0.55 million and Rs. 0.03 million (2015: Rs. 0.46 million and Rs. 0.50 million) respectively.

25. OTHER EXPENSES

| No | te | 2016 | 2015 |
|--|-----|---------|----------|
| | | (Rupees | in '000) |
| Auditors' remuneration 25 | 5.1 | 1,838 | 1,948 |
| Donations 25 | 5.2 | 3,145 | 1,150 |
| Workers' Profits Participation Fund 18 | 3.1 | 70,034 | 49,356 |
| Workers' Welfare Fund | | 22,660 | 15,118 |
| | | 97,677 | 67,572 |
| 25.1 Auditors' remuneration | = | | |
| Audit fee | | 650 | 600 |
| Half yearly review and CCG certification | | 330 | 310 |
| Tax and other corporate services | | 738 | 854 |
| Out of pocket expenses | _ | 120 | 184 |
| | _ | 1,838 | 1,948 |

25.2 Recipients of donations do not include any donee in which any Director or his spouse had any interest.

| 26. | OTHER INCOME | Note | 2016 | 2015 |
|------------|---|-------|-----------|---------|
| | | | (Rupees i | n '000) |
| | Income from financial assets | | | |
| | Profit on bank accounts – Conventional banks | | 354 | 389 |
| | Dividend income from a related party – Cherat Cement | | | |
| | Company Limited | | 16,973 | 487 |
| | | | 17,327 | 876 |
| | Income from non-financial assets | | | |
| | Gain on sale of operating property, plant and equipment | 4.1.4 | 395 | 842 |
| | Gain on redemption of short-term investments | | 5,563 | - |
| | Scrap sales | | 5,733 | 5,110 |
| | | | 29,018 | 6,828 |
| 27. | FINANCE COSTS | : | | |
| | | | | |
| | Islamic banks | | 11 500 | 22.050 |
| | Mark-up on long-term financing | | 11,580 | 32,059 |
| | Bank charges and duties | | 518 | 364 |
| | | | 12,098 | 32,423 |
| | Conventional banks | | | |
| | Mark-up on long-term financing | | 35,831 | 51,290 |
| | Mark-up on short-term borrowings | | 23,124 | 124,996 |
| | Guarantee commission | | 412 | 434 |
| | Bank charges and duties | | 727 | 770 |
| | | | 60,094 | 177,490 |
| | | | 72,192 | 209,913 |

18.1

212

72,404

240

210,153

Interest on Workers' Profits Participation Fund

28. TAXATION

The assessments of the Company for and upto the tax year 2015 have been completed or deemed to be assessed.

| | assessed. | Note | 2016 | 2015 |
|------|--|------|------------|------------|
| | | | (Rupees | in '000) |
| | Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit | | | |
| | Accounting profit for the year before taxation | | 1,307,991 | 922,635 |
| | Tax at applicable rate of 32% (2015: Rate 33%) | | 418,557 | 304,469 |
| | Super tax | | 36,304 | 24,011 |
| | - 4 | | 454,861 | 328,480 |
| | Tax effects of: | | | |
| | - Expenses that are inadmissible in determining | | 60.022 | (4.45) |
| | taxable income – net | | 60,033 | 64,453 |
| | - Unabsorbed tax losses | | - | (27,716) |
| | - Allocation of ratio of revenue chargeable under | | (151 (47) | (00.040) |
| | FTR and non-FTR | | (151,647) | (88,940) |
| | - Turnover tax adjustment | | - | (141,420) |
| | - Tax credits | | (37,742) | (46,601) |
| | - Deductible temporary differences – net | | 64,247 | 182,968 |
| | | | 389,752 | 271,224 |
| 29. | EARNINGS PER SHARE | | | |
| | Profit after taxation (Rupees '000) | | 918,239 | 651,411 |
| | | | | (Restated) |
| | Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue | | 29,108,354 | 28,461,126 |
| | Basic earnings per share | 29.1 | Rs. 31.55 | Rs. 22.89 |
| 20.1 | | | | |

29.1 There is no dilutive effect on basic earnings per share of the Company.

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks i.e. market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Company's senior management provides policies for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, financial instruments and investment of excess liquidity. It is the Company's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes shall be undertaken.

The Board of Directors reviews policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized below:

30.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that fair value of future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk, and other price risk, such as equity risk.

30.1.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates. The Company's interest rate risk arises from long-term and short-term borrowings obtained with floating rates. Borrowings of the Company are substantially

obtained in the functional currency. The following figures demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's profit before tax:

| | (Increase) /decrease in basis points | Effect on profit before tax |
|-------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 2016 | | (Rupees in '000) |
| KIBOR | +200 | (8,404) |
| KIBOR | -200 | 8,404 |
| 2015 | | |
| KIBOR | +200 | (26,504) |
| KIBOR | -200 | 26,504 |

30.1.2 Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of the changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expenses are denominated in a different currency from the Company's functional currency).

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|----------------------|------------------|-------|
| | (Rupees in '000) | |
| Bills payable – Euro | (3,900) | (563) |
| – US Dollar | (582) | - |
| Trade debts – Euro | 670 | 51 |
| – US Dollar | 101 | 4 |
| | | |

The following significant exchange rates have been applied at reporting dates:

| | (Rupees) | |
|-----------------------|----------|--------|
| Exchange rates – Euro | 116.31 | 113.79 |
| – US Dollar | 104.70 | 101.70 |

The management keeps on evaluating different options available for hedging purposes. The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the Euro and US dollar exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's equity.

| | Change in rate (%) | (Rupees in '000) |
|------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| 30 June 2016-Euro | +10 | (37,568) |
| | - 10 | 37,568 |
| 30 June 2016-US Dollar | +10 | (5,036) |
| | - 10 | 5,036 |
| 30 June 2015-Euro | +10 | (5,826) |
| | - 10 | 5,826 |
| 30 June 2015-US Dollar | +10 | 41 |
| | - 10 | (41) |
| | | |

30.1.3 Equity price risk

The Company's listed equity securities are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities.

The Company manages the equity price risk through diversification and placing limits on individual and total equity instruments. Reports on the equity portfolio are submitted to the Company's senior management on a regular basis. The Company's Board of Directors reviews and approves all major equity instrument decisions.

At the balance sheet date, the exposure to listed equity securities at fair value was Rs. 507.38 million. A decrease of 10% in the share price of these securities would have an impact of approximately Rs. 50.74 million on the equity or income depending whether or not the decline is significant and prolonged. An increase of 10% in the share price of the listed security would impact equity with the similar amount.

30.2 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. Aging analysis of trade debts is disclosed in note 9.1 to the financial statements. The Company has a strong credit control system and the Board of Directors reviews credit position on a regular basis.

Concentrations of credit risk arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

30.2.1 Credit quality of financial assets

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about counterparty default rates:

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|---|------------------|---------|
| | (Rupees in '000) | |
| Long-term investment | | |
| Ä | 507,379 | 369,300 |
| Trade debts | | |
| Customers with no defaults in the past one year | 718,262 | 819,895 |
| Bank balances | | |
| A1+ | 11,158 | 9,533 |
| A | 6,357 | 657 |
| | 17,515 | 10,190 |

30.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company applies prudent liquidity risk management by maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities at the following reporting dates based on contractual undiscounted payments.

| | | | 2016 | | | | | 2015 | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------|---------------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|
| | INT | EREST BEAR | ING | NON- | | INTE | REST BEAI | RING | NON- | |
| | Less than one year | One to five years | Total | INTEREST BEARING | Total | Less than one year | One to five years | Total | INTEREST BEARING | Total |
| | | | | | (Rupees | in '000) | | | | |
| Long-term financing | 60,000 | 220,000 | 280,000 | - | 280,000 | 120,000 | 660,000 | 780,000 | - | 780,000 |
| Trade and other payables | - | - | - | 615,324 | 615,324 | - | - | - | 154,804 | 154,804 |
| Unclaimed dividend | - | - | - | 3,902 | 3,902 | - | - | - | 2,682 | 2,682 |
| Accrued mark-up | - | - | - | 8,783 | 8,783 | - | - | - | 32,798 | 32,798 |
| Short-term borrowings | 140,195 | - | 140,195 | - | 140,195 | 545,211 | - | 545,211 | - | 545,211 |
| | 200,195 | 220,000 | 420,195 | 628,009 | 1,048,204 | 665,211 | 660,000 | 1,325,211 | 190,284 | 1,515,495 |

Effective interest / yield rates for the monetary liabilities are mentioned in the respective notes to the financial statements.

30.4 Capital risk management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain healthy capital ratios, strong credit rating and optimal capital structures in order to ensure ample availability of finance for its existing and potential investment projects, to maximize shareholders value and reduce the cost of capital.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustment to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. Net debt is calculated as total loans and borrowings including any finance cost thereon, less cash and cash equivalents.

The gearing ratios as at June 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows:

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|---------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| | (Rupees in '000) | |
| Long-term financing | 280,000 | 780,000 |
| Accrued mark-up | 8,783 | 32,798 |
| Short-term borrowings | 140,195 | 545,211 |
| Total debt | 428,978 | 1,358,009 |
| | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | (17,515) | (10,484) |
| Net debt | 411,463 | 1,347,525 |
| | | |
| Share capital | 296,055 | 275,400 |
| Reserves | 3,020,236 | 1,923,565 |
| Total capital | 3,316,291 | 2,198,965 |
| | | |
| Capital and net debt | 3,727,754 | 3,546,490 |
| | | |
| Gearing ratio | 11.04% | 38.00% |
| | | |

The Company finances its expansion projects through equity, borrowings and management of its working capital with a view to maintaining an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimize risk.

30.5 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

Fair value hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for disclosure of the fair value of financial instruments by valuation techniques:

Level 1: quoted prices in active market for identical assets;

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The table below categorized financial assets by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

During the year, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value measurements, and no transfers into and out of level 3 fair value measurement.

31. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTOR AND EXECUTIVES

| | 2016 | 2015 |
|-------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Executives / Key Employees | Executives / Key Employees |
| | (Rupee | in '000) |
| | | |
| emuneration | 58,403 | 42,488 |
| | 17,968 | 13,571 |
| | 5,444 | 4,277 |
| | 3,878 | 2,942 |
| | 3,824 | 2,550 |
| | 89,517 | 65,828 |
| | | |
| | 37 | 26 |
| | | |

- **31.1** No remuneration was paid to the Chief Executive Officer and any of the directors.
- The aggregate amount paid to the Directors as a fee for attending the Board of Directors' meetings is Rs. 2.52 million (2015: Rs. 1.23 million).

32. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties comprise of group companies, directors, executives and retirement funds. Transactions with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements are as follows:

| | | 2016 | 2015 | |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------|---------|--|
| Relationship | Nature of transactions | (Rupees in '000) | | |
| • | | | | |
| Group companies | Sale of goods | 475,333 | 546,537 | |
| | Purchase of goods | 8,518 | 317 | |
| | Services received | 29,785 | 27,028 | |
| | IT support charges | 7,344 | 6,372 | |
| | Dividends paid | 59,676 | 28,988 | |
| | Dividends received | 16,973 | 487 | |
| Other related parties | Insurance premium | 7,504 | 6,874 | |

In addition, certain actual administrative expenses are being shared amongst the group companies.

33. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

Total number of persons employed as at the year-end were 79 (2015: 72) and average number of employees during the year were 77 (2015: 71).

| 2.4 | CAD | ACI | TV/ |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 34. | CAP | AU. | ΗY |

| | (Bags | '000) |
|--|---------|---------------|
| Annual installed capacity as of June 30, | 410,000 | 410,000 |
| Actual production for the year | 341,285 | 289,632 |
| | | |

Capacity utilization is in line with the market demand during the year.

35. DATE OF AUTHORISATION

These financial statements were authorised for issue on August 23, 2016 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

36. DIVIDEND AND APPROPRIATIONS

- Subsequent to year ended June 30, 2016, the Board of Directors in its meeting held on August 23, 2016 has proposed final cash dividend @ Rs. 7/- per share amounting to Rs. 207.24 million (2015: Rs. 5/- per share amounting to Rs. 137.70 million) for approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting. This is in addition to the interim cash dividend @ Rs. 3/- per share amounting to Rs. 88.82 million (2015: Rs. 2/- per share amounting to Rs. 55.08 million) approved by the Board of Directors for the year ended June 30, 2016.
- 36.2 The Finance Act, 2015 introduced a tax on every public company at the rate of 10 percent of such undistributed reserves which exceed the amount of its paid up capital. However, this tax shall not apply in case of a public company which distributes cash dividend equal to at least either 40 percent of its after

tax profits or 50 percent of its paid up capital, within the prescribed time after the end of the relevant tax year.

Based on the above fact, the Board of Directors of the Company has proposed / approved cash dividend amounting to Rs. 296.06 million for the financial and tax year 2016 which exceeds the prescribed minimum dividend requirement as referred above. Accordingly, the Company would not be liable to pay tax on its undistributed reserves as of June 30, 2016.

37. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

There was no reclassification that could affect the financial statements materially.

38. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of Rupees unless otherwise stated.

Amer Faruque Chief Executive

Tariq Faruque
Director

125 Annual Report 2016

Pattern of Shareholding as at June 30, 2016

| No. of | Share | holding | |
|------------------|---------|---------|-------------|
| Shareholders | From | То | Shares Held |
| 264 | 1 | 100 | 10,782 |
| 274 | 101 | 500 | 85,240 |
| 155 | 501 | 1000 | 120,898 |
| 312 | 1001 | 5000 | 773,007 |
| 93 | 5001 | 10000 | 672,976 |
| 49 | 10001 | 15000 | 584,070 |
| 28 | 15001 | 20000 | 491,991 |
| 24 | 20001 | 25000 | 534,001 |
| | | | |
| 14 | 25001 | 30000 | 387,875 |
| 4 | 30001 | 35000 | 128,482 |
| 8 | 35001 | 40000 | 307,900 |
| 5 | 40001 | 45000 | 216,073 |
| 4 | 45001 | 50000 | 196,619 |
| 6 | 50001 | 55000 | 315,328 |
| 2 2 2 5 | 55001 | 60000 | 119,275 |
| 2 | 60001 | 65000 | 127,543 |
| 2 | 65001 | 70000 | 135,002 |
| _ 5 | 70001 | 75000 | 369,600 |
| 3 | 75001 | 80000 | 236,745 |
| 1 | 80001 | 85000 | 82,800 |
| | | | |
| 2 | 85001 | 90000 | 174,500 |
| 2 | 90001 | 95000 | 181,027 |
| 1 | 95001 | 100000 | 100,000 |
| 1 | 100001 | 105000 | 104,644 |
| 3 | 105001 | 110000 | 322,700 |
| 1 | 110001 | 115000 | 110,600 |
| 1 | 115001 | 120000 | 117,553 |
| 1 | 125001 | 130000 | 128,320 |
| 1 | 140001 | 145000 | 141,000 |
| 2 | 145001 | 150000 | 292,506 |
| 1 | 155001 | 160000 | 160,000 |
| 1 | 170001 | 175000 | 175,000 |
| 1 1 | | | |
| 1 1 | 175001 | 180000 | 177,912 |
| 1 | 180001 | 185000 | 180,973 |
| l | 195001 | 200000 | 199,725 |
| 1 | 200001 | 205000 | 203,245 |
| 2 | 205001 | 210000 | 416,912 |
| 1 | 230001 | 235000 | 230,235 |
| 2 | 235001 | 240000 | 475,537 |
| 1 | 250001 | 255000 | 252,473 |
| 1 | 255001 | 260000 | 257,500 |
| 1 | 260001 | 265000 | 264,559 |
| i | 300001 | 305000 | 303,800 |
| 2 | 305001 | 310000 | 613,444 |
| 1 | 340001 | 345000 | 340,194 |
| 1 | | | |
| 1 | 350001 | 355000 | 353,500 |
| l | 435001 | 440000 | 437,355 |
| 1 | 455001 | 460000 | 456,675 |
| 1 | 520001 | 525000 | 523,685 |
| 1 | 595001 | 600000 | 600,000 |
| 1 | 680001 | 685000 | 683,837 |
| 1 | 830001 | 835000 | 834,737 |
| 1 | 920001 | 925000 | 924,100 |
| 1 | 1020001 | 1025000 | 1,024,125 |
| 1 | 1255001 | 1260000 | 1,257,789 |
| 1 1 | 1465001 | 1470000 | |
| I 1 | | | 1,469,933 |
| l 1 | 1485001 | 1490000 | 1,487,026 |
| I | 2055001 | 2060000 | 2,055,308 |
| 1 | 2720001 | 2725000 | 2,724,763 |
| 1 | 2950001 | 2955000 | 2,952,101 |
| 1303 | | | 29,605,500 |
| | | | |

Shareholding as at June 30, 2016

| Shareholders' Category | No. of Shareholders | Shares Held | Percentage |
|--|------------------------|------------------|--------------|
| Shareholders Category | Sharcholders | | |
| Directors and their spouse(s) and minor children | | | |
| MR. AKBARALI PESNANI | 1 | 79,120 | 0.27 |
| MRS. SAKINA PESNANI W/O MR. AKBARALI PESNANI | 1 1 | 8,600 145,258 | 0.03 0.49 |
| MR. AMER FARUQUE MRS. AMINA FARUQUE W/O MR. AMER FARUQUE | 1 | 230,235 | 0.49 |
| MR. ASLAM FARUQUE | 1 | 264,559 | 0.70 |
| MR. SHEHRYAR FARUQUE | 1 | 207,290 | 0.70 |
| MR. ARIF FARUQUE | 1 | 456,675 | 1.54 |
| MR. TARIQ FARÙQUE | 1 | 340,194 | 1.15 |
| MR. ABRAR HASAN | 1 | 2,580 | 0.01 |
| MR. ABID NAQVI | 1 | 100 | 0.00 |
| Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties | | | |
| FARUQUE (PRIVATE) LIMITED | 1 | 2,952,101 | 9.97 |
| CHERAT CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED | 1 | 2,055,308 | 6.94 |
| MIRPURKHAS SUGAR MILLS LIMITED | 1 | 1,469,933 | 4.97 |
| GREAVES PAKISTAN (PRIVATE) LIMITED | 1 | 1,487,026 | 5.02 |
| Executives | 1 | 32,250 | 0.11 |
| Public Sector Companies and Corporations | 1 | 683,837 | 2.31 |
| Banks, development finance institutions, non-banking finance companies, | | | |
| insurance companies, takaful, modarabas and pension funds | 17 | 6,554,110 | 22.14 |
| Mutual Funds | | | |
| CDC - TRUSTEE AKD INDEX TRACKER FUND | 1 | 4,000 | 0.01 |
| CDC - TRUSTEE AL MEEZAN MUTUAL FUND | 1 | 108,900 | 0.37 |
| CDC - TRUSTEE MEEZAN ISLAMIC FUND | 1 | 303,800 | 1.03 |
| CDC - TRUSTEE UBL STOCK ADVANTAGE FUND | 1 | 437,355 | 1.48 |
| CDC - TRUSTEE AL-AMEEN SHARIAH STOCK FUND | 1 | 353,500 | 1.19 |
| CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA STOCK FUND | 1 | 180,973 | 0.61 |
| CDC - TRUSTEE LAKSON EQUITY FUND CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA ASSET ALLOCATION FUND | 1 1 | 106,300 | 0.36 0.01 |
| CDC - TRUSTEE UBL ASSET ALLOCATION FUND | 1 | 3,572 82,800 | 0.01 |
| CDC - TRUSTEE FIRST CAPITAL MUTUAL FUND | 1 | 2,100 | 0.20 |
| CDC - TRUSTEE AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND | 1 | 60,000 | 0.20 |
| CDC - TRUSTEE PAKISTAN SARMAYA MEHFOOZ FUND | 1 | 298 | 0.00 |
| CDC - TRUSTEE AL AMEEN ISLAMIC DEDICATED EQUITY FUND | 1 | 110,600 | 0.37 |
| CDC - TRUSTEE MEEZAN ASSET ALLOCATION FUND | 1 | 10,000 | 0.03 |
| CDC - TRUSTEE LAKSON TACTICAL FUND | 1 | 12,200 | 0.04 |
| General Public | 1198 | 0 545 076 | 32.24 |
| | | 9,545,076 | |
| Others | 57 | 1,314,850 | 4.44 |
| Total | 1303 | 29,605,500 | 100.00 |
| Shareholders holding 5% or more | | Shares Held | Percentage |
| FARUQUE (PRIVATE) LIMITED | | 2,952,101 | 9.97 |
| ATLAS INSURANCE LIMITED | | 2,724,763 | 9.20 |
| CHERAT CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED | | 2,055,308 | 6.94 |
| GREAVES PAKISTAN (PRIVATE) LIMITED | | 1,487,026 | 5.02 |

| CPL پنے ذرائع سے سر ماید کاری کرے گی۔ | (xi) سیکورٹیز کی خریداری کے لئے در کارفنڈ کے ذرائع |
|--|---|
| لا گونبیں ہے۔ | (xii) قرضہ کے فنڈ سے خریدی جانے والی مطلوبہ سیکورٹیز کس طرح حاصل کی جائیں گی۔ (۱) قرضہ کے ذریعیسر ماہیکاری کا جواز ،اور |
| | (۱۱) ان فنڈ ز کیلئے ضانتو ں ااورا ثاثو ں کے رہن رکھنے کی تفصیلات |
| لا گوئیں ہے۔ | (xiii) مجوزہ سرمایہ کاری کیلئے ایسوسی ایٹڈ انڈرٹیکنگ کے مابین معاہدے(معاہدوں)،اگر کئے گئے ہوں، کے خاص خاص نکات۔ |
| جناب اکبرعلی پیینانی، جناب شہر یار فاروق اور جناب عارف فاروق، CCCL کے ڈائر کیٹرز بھی ہیں۔ڈائر کیٹرز کی دلچپی صرف کمپنی میں ان کی موجودہ سر ماییکاری تک محدود ہے۔ | (xiv) منسلک ممپنی یا منسلک انڈرٹیکنگ یاز پرغورلین دین میں ڈائر میکٹرز،سر پرست،صص داران کی اکثریت اوران کے رشتہ داروں کے براہ راست یا بالواسطہ مفاوات |
| لا گوئیں ہے۔ | (xv) کوئی اورا ہم تفصیلات جوممبران کولین دین کیلئے سمجھنے کی ضرورت ہو۔ |

كىپنىز (ئىسلك كمېنيون يانىسلك اندرئيكنگ مىس سرمايكارى) كے ضوابط 2012 كے ضابط (3) 3 كے مطابق اندرئيكنگ

ڈائر کیٹرز نے وضاحت کی ہے کہانہوں نے مجوزہ لین دین کےمعاملہ، خاص طور پرمیر پورخاص شوگر ملزلمیٹڈ میں سرمایہ کاری کے بارے میں تمام مطلوبہ ضروری اقدامات کممل کر لئے ہیں۔

چراٹ سینٹ کمپنی لمیٹٹر (CCCL) کا قیام1981 میں عمل میں آیا۔ بیسینٹ تیار کرنے والوں میں ایک بلندمقام رکھتی ہے۔ کمپنی جدیدترین اور انتہائی نفیس پیداواری مشینری کے ذریعے اعلی معیار کا گرے پورٹ لینڈسینٹ تیارکرتی ہے۔اس کی سالانہ پیداواری گنجائش 1,000,000 ٹن ہےاور بیصارفین میں بے صدمقبول برانڈ ہے۔اس کمپنی کے شیئرز پاکستان اسٹاک اليجيني ميں اساد قت CCCL ني پيداداري گنجائش مزيد 1.3 ملين ٹن تک برهانے كم حط ميں ہے

مزيد معلومات بمطابق S.R.O. 27(I)/2012 مورخه 16 جنوري 2012 مرماييكاري كي تفصيلات درج ذيل مين:

| چیراٹ سینٹ کمپنی لمیٹلڈ(CCCL)۔جناب ا کبرعلی پیسنانی ،جناب شہریار فاروق اور جناب عارف فاروق جو CCCL کے ڈائز یکٹرزبھی ہیں۔ | (i) مسلک کمپنی کا نام یا مسلک انڈر ٹیکنگ مع اہلیت جس کی بناء پریہاشتراک قائم کیا گیا ہے۔ |
|---|--|
| CPLاسٹاک مارکیٹ سے CCCL سے ٹیئرز کی خریداری کے ذریعہ 1000 ملین روپے کی حد تک ایکو بیٹی سر مامیہ کاری کے نیاز دی کا ارادہ رکھتی ہے۔ CCCL سے حاصل ہونے والے منافع سے CPL کو فائدہ ہوگا بیاس کی اضافی آمدنی کا ذریعہ ہوگا جس کا فائدہ کمپنی کے حصص داران کو پنچے گا۔ مزید مید کہ ایک اچھاا ٹا ثہ ہونے کے باعث کمپنی کے مالیاتی اشیٹمنٹ بہتر ہوں گے۔ بیاک کی طویل مدت کی سر مابیکاری ہوگ۔ | (ii) مقصد، فائدے اور سر مامیکاری کی مدت |
| چیراٹ پیکیجنگ لمیٹڈ،CCCL کے شیئرز کی خریداری کے ذریعے100 ملین روپے کی حد تک کی ایکویٹ سر ماہیکاری کاارادہ رکھتی ہے۔ | (iii) سرماییکاری کی زیاده سے زیاده رقم |
| ماركيث كى اس وقت كى قيمت | (iv) زیادہ سے زیادہ قیمت،جس پرسیکور شیز خریدی جائیں گی۔ |
| مارکیٹ کی موجودہ قیمت کے مطابق لیکن زیادہ سے زیادہ 100 ملین روپے کی حد تک | (۷) خریدی جانے والی سیکورٹیز کی زیادہ سے زیادہ تعداد |
| خریداری سے قبل: 4,243,362شیئرزیعنی %2.4 خریداری کے بعد: مار کیٹ کی موجودہ قیمت کے مطابق لیکن زیادہ سے زیادہ 100ملین کی حد تک | (vi) مجوزه سرماییکاری سے قبل اور بعد میں کل ملکیتی سیکورشیز کی تعداداورشرح |
| 120روپے فی شیئر | (vii) لے مسلور ٹیز میں سر ماید کاری کی صورت میں گزشتہ بارہ ہفتے کی اوسط قیت کے لحاظ سے مطلوبہ سیکورٹیز کی اوسط قیت |
| لا گوئیں ہے۔ | (viii) غیرلٹڈ سیکورٹیز میں سر ماییکاری کی صورت میں ایس سیکورٹیز کی منصفانہ مارکیٹ ویلیو،جس کانعین ریگولیشن (1) 6 کی شرائط میں کیا گیا ہے۔ |
| 45.44روپے(بمطابق30جون2015) | (ix) تازہ ترین آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی اشیشنٹ کی بنیاد پر مطلوب خریدی جانے والی سیکورشیز کی بریک اپ ویلیو |
| جون،2013: 11.68روپ جون،2014: 9.60 روپ (Restated) جون،2015: 8.01 روپ | (x) گزشته تین سال میں ایسوی ایط شمپنی یا ایسوی ایط ڈانڈ رٹیکنگ کی فی شیسر آمد نی |

| ماركيث كي اس وقت كي قيمت | (iv) زیادہ سے زیادہ قیمت،جس پرسکور شیز خریدی جائیں گا۔ |
|---|---|
| ماركيث كى موجودہ قیمت كے مطابق ليكن زيادہ سے زيادہ 50 ملين روپے كی حد تک | (V) خریدی جانے والی سیکورٹیز کی زیادہ سے زیادہ تعداد |
| خریداری نے بل: کوئی نہیں۔ خریداری کے بعد: مارکیٹ کی موجودہ قیمت کے مطابق لیکن زیادہ سے زیادہ 50 ملین روپے کی صدتک | (vi) مجوزه سرماییکاری سے بل اور بعد میں کل سیکورٹیز کی تعداداورشرح |
| 130روپے فی شیئر | (vii) لسطة سيكورشيز ميں سرمايد كارى كى صورت ميں گزشته بارہ ہفتے كى اوسط قيمت كے لحاظ سے مطلوبہ سيكورشيز كى اوسط قيمت |
| لا گُونِیں ہے۔ | (viii) غیراٹ شیکورٹیز میں سرمایہ کاری کی صورت میں ایسی سیکورٹیز کی منصفانہ مارکیٹ ویلیو، جس کانعین ریگولیشن (1) 6 کی شرائط میں کیا گیا ہے۔ |
| 137.72 روپے (بمطابق 30 تتبر 2015) | (ix) تازہ ترین آؤٹ شدہ مالیاتی اشیشنٹ کی بنیاد پر مطلوبہ خریدی جانے والی سیکور شیز کی بریک اپ ویلیو |
| ستمبر2013: 11.37روپ ستمبر2014: 6.70 روپ ستمبر2015: 8.47 روپ | (x) گزشته تین سال میں ایسوی ایط تمپنی پا ایسوی ایط انڈر شیکنگ کی فی شیئر آمد نی |
| CPL پنے ذرائع سے سرماییکاری کرے گی۔ | (xi) سیکورٹیز کی خریداری کے لئے درکار فنڈ کے ذرائع |
| لا گونبیں ہے۔ | (xii) قرضہ کے فنڈ سے خریدی جانے والی مطلوب سیکور ٹیز کس طرح حاصل کی جا کیں گی۔ |
| | (۱) قرضہ کے ذریعہ سرما میکاری کا جواز ،اور |
| | (۱۱) ان فنڈ زکیلیے ضانتوں ااورا ثاثوں کے رہن رکھنے کی تفصیلات |
| لا گونیں ہے۔ | (Xiii) مجوزہ سرمایدکاری کیلئے ایسوی ایٹ کمپنی یا ایسوی ایٹ انڈرٹیکنگ کے مابین معاہدے (معاہدوں)،اگر کئے گئے ہوں، کے خاص خاص نکات۔ |
| جناب اسلم فاروق، جناب عامر فاروق، جناب شهر یار فاروق، جناب عارف فاروق اور جناب طارق فاروق MSM کے ڈائر کیٹر بھی ہیں۔ ڈا کیٹرز کی دلچیسی صرف اُن کی کمپنی میں موجودہ سرمایہ کاری کی حد تک ہے۔ | (xiv) منسلک ممپنی بیا منسلک انڈرٹیکنگ یا ذیرِ غورلین دین میں ڈائر بکٹرز، سرپرست، حصص داران کی اکثریت اوران کے رشتہ داروں کے براہ راست یا بالواسطہ مفادات |
| لا گونیس ہے۔ | (XV) کوئی اورا ہم تفصیلات جومبران کولین دین کیلئے سجھنے کی ضرورت ہو۔ |

كىپنىز (نسلك كمپنيوں يانسلك انڈرئيكنگ ميں سرمايدكارى) كے ضوابط 2012 كے ضابط (3)3 كے مطابق انڈر ٹيكنگ _

ڈائر یکٹرزنے وضاحت کی ہے کہ انہوں نے مجوزہ لین دین کے معاملہ، خاص طور پرمیر پورخاص شوگر ملزلمیٹڈ میں سرمایہ کاری کے بارے میں تمام مطلوبہ ضروری اقدامات مکمل کرلئے ہیں۔

شیئر ہولڈرز میں سالانہ آؤٹ شدہ اکاؤنٹس کی CD/DVD/USB کے ذریعے قسیم کے بارے میں معلومات

آتم نمبر5

سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایجیج کمیشن آف پاکستان (SECP) نے کمپنیوں کواس بات کی اجازت دی ہے کہ وہ اپنی سالانہ بیلنس شیٹ، نفع ونقصان اکاؤنٹس، آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹ اور ڈائر میٹرز کی رپورٹ وغیرہ ، (سالانہ آڈٹ شدہ اکاؤنٹس) اپنے ممبران کو بذریعہ CD/DVD/USB ان کے دجٹر ڈپتوں پرارسال کرسکتی ہیں۔

ممبران کے الیکٹرونک (ای دوٹنگ) کے ذریعیرت رائے دہی کے بارے میں معلومات

آتم نمبر6

سیکورٹیز اینڈ ایمیچنج کمیشن آف پاکستان (SECP) نے کمپنی کے ممبران کو اس بات کی اجازت دی ہے کہ وہ الیکٹر ونگ (ای دوئنگ) کے ذریعیت رائے دہی استعال کر سکتے ہیں جس کیلئے وہ درمیانی عامل کے بطور پراکسی کی جانب سے ایگزیکیٹیو آفیسر کے تقرر کیلئے کمپنی کے اجلاس کے انعقاد سے کم از کم 10 دن پہلے اپنی رضامندی کاتح ریں اظہار جمع کرائے۔

سرمایدکاری کے بارے میں معلومات

آئٹم نمبر7

میر پورخاص شوگر ملزلمیٹڈ (MSM) پاکتان کےصف اوّل کےصاف شدہ چینی کے تیارکنندہ اور فراہم کنندہ ہیں۔ کمپنی نے تجارتی بنیادوں پر پیداواری عمل کا آغاز 1964 میں کیا، یہ کمپنی سے پاکتان اسٹاک ایکجینج میں لسٹر ہے۔ کمپنی سالٹر تی کی راہ پرگامزن ہے۔ 8,500 ٹن روز انہ کرش کرنے کی گنجائش کے ساتھ یہ پاکتان کی بہترین صلاحیت کی حامل چینی کی ملوں میں سے ایک ہے۔ کمپنی اپنے فارم میں تجرباتی بنیادوں پر گنے کی اعلی اقسام کاشت کررہے ہیں۔ اس کے متنوع کا روبار میں ڈسٹری کے مشتر کردینچر ۔ یونی کو للمیٹر بھی ہے جس سے کمپنی کوحصول مقاصد کا بھر پورموقع ملاہے کیونکہ یہاس کیلئے اضافی آئدنی کا ذریعہ ہے۔ ملک میں بجلی کی بڑھتی ہوئی ما گل کے بیش نظر MSM نے کے بھوسے پر پین بجلی کے پیدا کرنے والی کمپنی "میر پورخاص انرجی للمیٹر "کے نام سے قائم کرنے کا فیصلہ کیا ہے۔ تو انائی کی پیداوار کے اس منصوب سے تقریباً کا 1800 بجلی پیدا کرنے کی منصوبہ بندی کی گئی ہے۔

مزيد معلومات بمطابق S.R.O. 27(I)/2012 مورخه 16 جنوري 2012 ، سرماييكاري كي تفصيلات درج ذيل مين:

| میر پورخاص شوگر ملزلمیشدْ (MSM) جناب اسلم فاروق، جناب عامر فاروق، جناب شهر پار فاروق، جناب عارف فاروق اور جناب طارق فاروق MSM کے ڈائر یکٹرز بھی ہیں۔ | (i) منسلک کمپنی کا نام یا منسلک انڈرٹیکنگ مع الجیت جس کی بناء پرییاشتراک قائم کیا گیاہے۔ |
|--|---|
| چیراٹ پیچنگ لمیٹڈ (CPL)اسٹاک مارکیٹ سے MSM کے شیئر زکی خریداری کے ذریعہ کی مدتک کی اسٹاک مارکیٹ سے MSM کے شیئر زکی خریداری کے ذریعہ 50 ملین روپے کی حدتک کی ایکو پٹی سرمایہ کاری کرنے کا ارادہ رکھتی ہے۔ MSM سے حاصل ہونے والے منافع سے CPL کوفائدہ ہوگا ہیاس کی اضافی آمدنی کا ذریعہ ہوگا جس کا فائدہ کمپنی کے خصص داران کو پہنچ گا۔ مزید رید کہ ایک اچھاا ثاشہ ہونے کے باعث کمپنی کے مالیاتی اسٹیٹنٹ بہتر ہوں گے یہ CPL کی طویل مدت کی سرمایہ کاری ہوگا۔ | (ii) مقصد، فائد سے اور سر مامیکاری کی مدت |
| چراٹ پیکچنگ لمیٹڈ، MSM کے شیئر زی خریداری کے ذریعے 50 ملین روپے کی حد تک کی ایکویٹی سرماید کاری کا ارادہ رکھتی ہے۔ | (iii) سرماییکاری کی زیادہ سے زیادہ رقم |

ای دوننگ سے متعلق پراکسی فارم کی دستاویز درج ذیل نمونه کی ہوگی:

> ممبرکے دستخط (دستخط، کمپنی میں رجٹر ڈوستخطوں کے نمونے کے مطابق ہونا جاہئیں)

" طے پایا کہ کمپنیز آرڈینس 1984 کے سیکٹن 208 کے تحت اور حصص داران کی مرضی اور منظوری سے کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزاس بات کے مجاز ہوں گے اور ہیں کہ مارکیٹ سے چیراٹ سینٹ کمپنی لمیٹڈ کے قصص کی خریداری کے ذریعہ 100 ملین رویبے کی حد تک سر ماریکاری کی جائے ؛اور کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز

اور کمپنی سیرٹری اس بات کے مجاز ہیں اور ہول کے کہ وہ اس قر ارداد کے موثر ہونے كيلية دركارتمام ضرورى امور عوال اوركارروا أى انجام دي-"

كمينز آرؤينن 1984 كيكثن 160 كرمطابق درج بالاخصوص قرار دادول سے متعلق الميثمنش اس نوٹس كے ساتھ ممبران كوارسال كئے جارہے ہیں۔

بحكم بورذآ ف ڈائر يكٹرز bul AN ا یگزیکیو ثیوڈ ائریکٹراور کمپنی سیکرٹری

كراچى،مورخە23اگست2016

- ا تسمینی کے مبران کارجٹر جمعہ 21 اکتوبر 2016 تا پیر 31 اکتوبر 2016 (بشمول دونوں ایام) ہندر ہے گا اور اس مدت کے دوران میں کوئی منتقل عمل میں نہیں آئے گی۔ تا ہم کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارمیسر زمینٹرل ڈیا زٹری کمپنی آف پاکستان کمیٹڈ ہی ڈی می باؤس، B-99 بلاك B،اليس_ايم_سي_ايچ_اليس،شارع فيصل كرا چي-74400 میں جعرات 20 اکتربر 2016 کوکار وباری اوقات کے اختیام تک موصول ہونے والے شیئر زحتی نقد منافع کے حقدار تصور کئے جائیں گے۔
- ۲۔ سمپنی کا کوئی ممبر جوسالا نہ اجلاس عام میں شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کا اہل ہے، وہ اپن جگه کسی دوسر مے مبرکوشرکت کرنے اورووٹ دینے کیلئے اپناپراکسی مقرر کرسکتا اسکتی ہے۔ براکسی کے موثر ہونے کیلئے لازمی ہے کہ اس کی تحریری اطلاع ، اجلاس کے شروع ہونے ہے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے پہلے کمپنی کے ہیڈ آفس کوموصول ہوجائے۔
- س۔ سمپنی کے وہ شیئر ہولڈرز جن کے شیئر زسینٹرل ڈیازٹری سٹم (CDS) میں ان کے ا کاؤنٹ/سب اکاؤنٹ میں رجٹر ڈییں ،ان کو طلع کیاجا تاہے کہ وہ تصدیق کے لئے اپنا اصل كمپيوٹرائز ذقو مى شناختى كار دُمع CDS ميں اپنے اكاؤنٹ نمبراورشراكت داركا آئي ڈی نمبرہمراہ لائیں۔ براکسی کے تقرر کی صورت میں ایسے اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر اسب ا کاؤنٹ جولڈرکوSECP کے سرکلرمور خد 26 جنوری 2000 کی رہنماہدایات پڑمل کرنا ہوگا۔
- ۴۔ کمپنی کے شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ اپنے بیٹے میں کسی تبدیلی کی صورت میں فوری طور پر نمینی کے شیئر رجٹر ارکومطلع کریں
- ۵۔ وہ شیئر ہولڈرز جنہوں نے ابھی تک اپنے کارآ مدکمپیوٹرائز ڈقو می شناختی کارڈ (CNIC) کی فوٹو کا پی جمع نہیں کروائی ہے،ان سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ بیفوٹو کا پی سمپنی

عشيئر رجشراركو فورى طور برارسال كردي_

۲- بحواله SECP کے جاری کردہ S.R.O.787(I)2014 کمورخہ 8 متمبر 2014 شیر ہولڈرز کو بیاختیار حاصل ہے کہ وہ سالانہ آڈٹ شدہ فنانشل ایمیشنش اور اجلاس عام کی اطلاع بذر بعدای میل منگواسکتے ہیں کمپنی کے شیر ہولڈرز سے درخواست ہے کہوہ اس سلسلے میں مقررہ فارمیٹ کے مطابق اپنی خواہش کا اظہار ہمارے شیر رجسرار ميسرزي دي ي كتان لميندُ، ي دي ما وس ع-99 بلاك B، ايس ـ ايم ـ سي ـ ايج ـ ایس، مین شارع فیصل، کراچی کو مطلع کریں تا کہ ہم اینے ریکارڈ میں درج کرسکیس کہ آیا آپ آڈٹ شدہ فنانشل شیٹمنش اور اجلاس عام کی اطلاع بذریعیای میل متکوانے کے خواهشمند بي اس كعلاه وشير بولدرزكوآ د ششده فنانش سيمنش كا بارد كالي ان کی درخواست وصول ہونے کے سات (7) دن کے اندر بلامعاوضہ ججوادی جائے گی۔

یونی انرجی لمیشد میں سرماییکاری کی صورت حال

سمینی نے اپنے سالا ندا جلاس عام منعقدہ 15 اکتوبر 2015 میں یونی از جی لمیٹڈ کی ایکویٹ میں 150 ملین روپے کی حد تک سر ماریکاری کیلئے حصص داران کی منظوری حاصل کر لیتھی۔ منصوبهاوراس کی مالی ضروریات کی صورت حال کے پیش نظر کمپنی نے اب تک صرف 4.62 ملین روپے کی حد تک سر ماید کاری کی ہے۔ بقیدرقم چیراٹ پیکیجنگ لمیٹڈ ، یونی از جی لمیٹڈ کو بوقت ضرورت فراہم کرتی رہے گی۔

كمپنيز آرو نينس 1984 كيشن 160 ك تحت الميمنش

"خصوصى كاروبار" بے متعلق اہم حقائق كے الميشمنش كى كارروائى 31 اكتوبر 2016 كو منعقد ہونے والے نمپنی کے سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں انجام پائے گی۔ورج ذیل کے بارے میں کمپنی کے ممبران سے منظوری حاصل کی جائے گی:

اطالعبارائي

الانساء الحسام

بذريعه بذامطلع كياجا تاہے كمپنى 276وال سالا نداجلاس عام بروز پير 31 اكتوبر 2016 منح 9.00 بج، درج ذیل امور کی انجام دہی کیلئے سمپنی کے رجٹر ڈ وفتر واقع بیٹانی آرکیڈ، جمرود روڈ، پیثاور میں منعقد ہوگا۔

عمومي امور:

- کمپنی کے آڈٹ شدہ اکا وُنٹس برائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2016 اور ڈائر یکٹرز اورآ ڈیٹرز کی رپورٹس کی وصولی اوران برغور کرنا۔
- ۲۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی سفارشات کے مطابق مالی سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2016 کے لئے شیر ہولڈرز کو حتی نقد منافع بحساب %70(7.00رویے فی شیر) کی ادائیگی پرغور کرنا اورمنظوری دینا جو پہلے سے اواشدہ عبوری نقد منافع بحساب %30 (3.00 رویے فی شئیر) کےعلاوہ ہے۔
 - س۔ سال 17-2016 کے لئے آڈیٹرز کا تقرراوران کے مشاہرے کا تعین کرنا۔
 - سمر چیئر مین کی اجازت سے کسی اور امور کی انجام وہی کرنا۔

- ۵۔ سیکورٹیزاینڈ ایکچینچ کمیش آف یا کتان کے S.R.O.470 (I)/2016ء مورخہ 31 مئی 2016 میں درج ہدایات کی پیروی میں تجویز کیا جاتا ہے کہ درج ذیل قرار دا د کوبطورخصوصی قرار داد منظور کی جائے:
- " لح يايا كه 2016 / (I) S.R.O.470 مورخه 31 متى 2016 كى رو سے اور شیر ہولڈرز کی مرضی اور منظوری کی صورت میں ، کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کو اس بات کااختیار دیاجا تاہے کہ وہ کمپنی کے سالا نہ آ ڈٹ شدہ ا کا وُنٹس اینے ممبران کو بذریعہ CD/DVD/USBارسال کریں اور کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزاور سمینی سیرٹری اس بات کے مجاز ہیں اور ہوں گے کہ وہ اس قر ارداد کے موثر ہونے كيليخ دركارتمام ضروري امورعوال اوركارروائي انجام دير-"
- سكور شرايند اليحيخ كميش آف ياكتان كـ S.R.O.43 (I)/2016 مورخد 22 جنوری 2016 میں درج ہدایات کی پیروی میں تجویز کیاجا تا ہے کہ درج ذیل قرار دا د کوبطورخصوصی قرار دا دمنظور کی جائے:

" طے پایا کہ2016/(ا) S.R.O.43 مور تد22 جنوری 2016 کی روسے اور شیر ہولڈرز کی مرضی اورمنظوری کی صورت میں ممپنی کے آر شکار آف ایسوی ایشن میں شق62 کے بعد درج ذیل نئ شق شامل کر کے اس میں تبدیلی کی جائے"

"(62A) کمپنیز (ای دونتک)ریگولیشن2016 بشمول کسی قانونی تحدید کے، اگر ہو) اور اس میں وقتاً فوقتاً ہونے والی ترمیم کی روسے کوئی بھی ممبر کمپنی کے ا جلاس عام میں ای ووٹنگ کا انتخاب کرسکتا اسکتی ہے۔ ای ووٹنگ کیلئے صرف ممبر کو ہی پراکسی مقرر کیا جا سکتا ہے۔ا گیزیکیوٹن آفیسر کی تقرری کی ہدایا ت اور درمیانی عامل کوای ووٹنگ کا اختیار دینے کے بارے میں اجلاس عام ہے کم از کم دس (۱۰) دن قبل کمپنی کے ہیڈ دفتر کے بیتے پر یابذر بعدای میل تحریری طور پرمطلع کرنالا زمی ہے۔ کمپنی کم از کم یا نچ ممبروں ، یا کسی ایک ایسے ممبر کی جانب سے جوووٹنگ کی قوت کے کم از کم دس فیصد کے مساوی ہو، کی جانب سے موصول ہونے والی درخواست برای ووٹنگ کاا نظام کرے گی۔"

- 2- کمپنیز آرڈیننس1984 کے سیشن 208 کے بروویژن کے مطابق اسٹاک مارکیٹ سے ایسوی ایٹ کمپنی بنام میر پورخاص شوگر ملزلمیٹڈ (MSM) کے صص کی خریداری کے ذریعے 50 ملین رویے کی حد تک کی سر ماریکاری برغور کرنا اوراس کی منظوری وينالبذ التيجويز كياجا تاب كدورج ذيل قرار داد بطور خصوصى قرار دادمنظور كي جائ
- " طے پایا کہ کمپنز آرڈ ینس 1984 کے سیکشن 208 کے تحت اور حصص داران کی مرضی اور منظوری سے کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزاس بات کے مجاز ہوں گے اور ہیں کہ مارکیٹ سے میر پورخاص شوگر ملز کے قصص کی خریداری کے ذریعیہ 50 ملین رویے کی صدتک سر مار پرکاری کی جائے ؛اور کہ ممپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرزاور کمپنی سيرٹرياس بات كے مجاز بيں اور ہوں كے كدوه اس قر ارداد كے موثر ہونے كيلئے در کارتمام ضروری امور عوامل اور کارروائی انجام دیں۔"
- ۸۔ کمپنیز آرڈیننس1984 کے سیکشن 208 کے پروویژن کےمطابق اسٹاک مارکیٹ سے ایسوسی ایٹ کمپنی بنام چیراٹ سیمنٹ کمپنی لمیٹڈ (CCCL) کے حصص کی خریداری کے ذریعے 100 ملین رویے کی حدتک کی سرمایہ کاری برغور کرناا وراس کی منظوری دینا ۔لہذٰ ابہ تجویز کیا جا تا ہے کہ درج ذیل قرار دا د بطورخصوصی قرار دا دیاس کیا جائے:

اس سال ہیومن ریسورس اینڈر یمنوریش کمیٹی کے دواجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ان میں ہرمبر کی شرکت کاریکارڈ درج ذیل ہے:

| ماثركت | ו <i>ק</i> או <i>ר</i> י ביי | ۋائزىيىشركانام |
|--------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | 2 | • جناب ابرار حسن |
| | 2 | • جناب اسلم فاروق |
| | 2 | جناب عامر فاروق |

شيئر ہولڈنگ کی تفصیلات منسلک ہیں۔

اں سال چیف ائیز نکیٹی و ڈائر کیٹرز، چیف فنانشل آفیسراور کمپنی سیکرٹری اوران کی شریک حیات اور چھوٹے بچوں نے کمپنی کے شیئر ز کا کوئی کاروبار نہیں کیا سوائے جناب اسلم فاروق اور جناب طارق فاروق کے،جنہوں نے شیئرز کی فروخت کی۔

اس سال فی شیر آمد نی 31.55 و روپے ہے جو کہ گذشتہ سال کی فی شیر آمد نی 22.89 سے زیادہ ہے۔

قوی خزانے میں حصہ

سمینی نے ڈیوٹیزاور سیسز کی صورت میں قومی خزانے میں تقریباً 2 بلین رویے جمع کرائے ہیں۔

يوني انرجي لميثثه

یونی از جی ۔ ایک مشتر کہ پن بجلی کامنصوبہ ہے، جس کو لیٹرآف انٹینٹ (intent) جاری کردیا گیا ہے اور منصوبے کے قیام کیلئے رکی طور پرچھمپیر منطح تھٹھ میں زمین الاٹ کردی گئی ہے۔ اس منصوبے کی جاری مالی ضروریات کیلئے کال پارٹنزز نے کمپنی کو ابتدائی ایکویٹی کے سرمایہ کی اوائیگی کردی ہے۔ اس سلسلے میں چیراٹ پیکیٹیگٹ نے حصص واران کی منظوری حاصل کرنے کے بعد 4.62 ملین روپے کا ایکویٹی سرماری محکموں سے منظوری حاصل کرنے میں مصروف ہے اور اس منصوبے کیلئے فنڈزی فراہم کردیا ہے۔ اس وقت منصوبے کے تعلیکی مطالعہ پرکام جاری ہے۔ اس کے ساتھ ساتھ کمپنی مختلف سرکاری محکموں سے منظوری حاصل کرنے میں مصروف ہے اور اس منصوبے کیلئے فنڈزی فراہمی کے سلسلے میں مالیاتی اواروں سے را بلے کردہ ہے۔

منتقبل كامكانات

آۋيىرز

موجودہ آ ذیئرزمیسرز ای وائی -فورڈر ہوڈز ،چارٹرڈا کاؤنٹنٹس نے ریٹائر ہونے کے بعدائل ہونے کی بنیاد پرخودکود وبارہ تقرر کیلئے پیش کیا ہے۔

اعتراف

انتظامیه، تمام صارفین ، مالیاتی اداروں ، عملے کے ارکان ، فراہم کنندگان اورشیئر ہولڈرز کی شکر گزار ہے جو ستقل مدداور تعاون کے ساتھ کمپنی سے دابستہ ہیں۔ ہم مونڈی پیکیجنگ اور - BSW Windmoller & Holscher کی مدد اور تعاون کیلئے خاص طور پر مشکور ہیں۔

> برائے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز اکبرعلی پیسنانی چیئر مین

كراچى،23اگست 2016

تحفظ محت اور ماحوليات

ایک ذمہ دارشہری ادارہ ہونے کی حیثیت سے کمپنی تحفظ اور ماحولیات کی سہولتوں میں بہتری کیلے مسلسل کوششوں کے عزم پرکار بند ہے۔ پیداداری پیٹس میں ہر جگھ نعتی اور ماحولیاتی معیارات کو مکمل پیروی کی جاتی ہے اور تحفظ کے اقدامات اختیار کئے جاتے ہیں اور اب تک ہمارے عملے کوکوئی پیشہ ورانہ حادثہ پیش نہیں آیا ہے۔

اجماعي اور مالياتي ريور تنك فريم ورك يراشيشنك

- کمپنی کی انتظامیہ کی جانب سے تیار کردہ مالیاتی اشیمنٹ میں کمپنی کے معاملات، آپریشنز کے نتائج ، رقومات کے بہاؤاور ایکویٹی میں تبدیلیوں کوشفاف طور پر پیش کیا گیا ہے۔
 - کمپنی کے حسابات کیلئے کھا توں کو درست طور پر مرتب کیا گیا ہے۔
 - مالیاتی اسٹیٹنٹ کی تیاری میں ہر جگہ حسابات کی یالیسی کو بہتر طور پر استعمال کیا گیا ہے اور حسابات کے تخیینے کے سلسلے میں مناسب ترین اور دانشمندانہ فیصلے کئے گئے ہیں۔
 - مالیاتی المیمنش بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورننگ کے معیارات کی بنیاد پر تیار کئے گئے ہیں اور ضرورت کے تحت ان سے گریز کواظمینان بخش طور پر ظاہراور واضح کیا گیا ہے۔
 - اندرونی کنٹرول کے نظام کاطریقہ ءکارنہایت مضبوط ہے اوراس کے نفاذ اورنگرانی کا کام موثر طریقے سے کیا گیا ہے۔
 - ، کمپنی کے موجودہ صلاحیت میں کام جاری رکھنے میں کسی رکاوٹ کاشبزہیں ہے۔
 - اصول وضوابط کی فہرست میں درج کارپوریٹ گورننس کے بہترین طریقوں میں سے کوئی بات حذف نہیں کی گئی ہے۔
 - گزشته چیسال کی بنیادی آیریننگ اور مالیاتی معلومات مخضرطور پرمنسلک کی گئی ہیں۔
 - آپ کی کمپنی کے ذمنیکس، ڈیوٹیز مجصولات اور چار جزکی مدمیس کوئی رقم واجب الا دانہیں ہے سوائے ان کے جوعام کار دباری طریقہ ء کار کے مطابق ادا کئے جاتے ہیں۔
 - ۱۰) کمپنی این ملازمین کے پراویڈنٹ اورگر بجویٹی فنڈ ز کے صابات مکمل رکھتی ہے۔ فنڈ زک سرماییکاری کی تفصیلات بمطابق 30 جون 2016 ورج ذیل ہے:

| 137.6 ملين روپ | • پرادیڈنٹ فنڈ |
|----------------|----------------|
| 75.1 ملين روپ | • گريجو يڻ فئڌ |

و اس سال بورو آف ڈائر کیٹرز کے چھاجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ان میں ہرڈائر کیٹر کی حاضری کاریکارڈ درج ذیل ہے:

| اجلاس پیش شرکت | ۋاتر يكثر كانام |
|----------------|------------------------|
| 6 | • جناب أتبرعلى پييناني |
| 6 | • جناب عامرفاروق |
| 6 | • جناب اسلم فاروق |
| 5 | • جناب شهر يار فاروق |
| 6 | • جناب عارف فاروق |
| 6 | • جناب طارق فاروق |
| 6 | • جناب ابرارحسن |
| 5 | • جناب عابرنقوی |

اس سال آؤٹ میٹی کے جارا جلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ان اجلاس میں ہرمبر کی شرکت کاریکارڈ درج ذیل ہے:

| اجلاس میں شرکت | <i>ۋاز يكثركا</i> نام |
|----------------|-----------------------|
| 4 | • جناب عابدنقوى |
| 4 | • |
| 4 | • جناب طارق فاروق |



برآ مدات اورنئ يروذكش

کمپنی نے مقامی مارکیٹ کی طرح ایشیاء، افریقہ اور پورپ کی مارکیٹس میں بھی اعلیٰ معیار کے بیکس کے فراہم کنندہ کے طور پراہم مقام حاصل کیا ہے۔ اس طریقہ سے اس کے پورٹ فولیو میں اپنی جگہ بنائی ہے اور فولیو میں بھی اپنی جگہ بنائی ہے اور میں بھی اپنی جگہ بنائی ہے اور مارٹین کا اضافہ ہور ہا ہے۔ اس کے علاوہ کمپنی نے PP بیکس کی مارکیٹس کیلئے بھی نئے شعبوں مثلاً چینی ، زرعی اجناس ، کیمیکلز اور حپاول وغیرہ میں بھی اپنی جگہ بنائی ہے اور مارٹین جیسے BOPP بیکس متعارف کروائے ہیں۔

توسيع كى تاز وترين صورت حال

لولى پروپلين بلانث

سال کے اختتام پر فیکٹری میں پولی پر دہلین پلانٹ کی تیسری لائن نصب کردی گئی اور اسنے کام شروع کردیا۔ یہ نیا پلانٹ M/s. BSW-Windmoller & Holscher سے خریدا گیا ہے اور ید دنیا میں اپنی شم کا واحد تیز ترین اور جدید ترین پلانٹ ہے۔ اس اضافہ ہوجائے گا۔ اس تو سیج کی بناء پر کمپنی کو یقین ہے کہ وہ اور زیادہ مارکیٹ شیئر اور بہتر میں سالانہ ہوگئی ہے۔ جب کہ 2017 میں دوسرے مرحلے میں مزید 50 ملین PP بیکس کا اضافہ ہوجائے گا۔ اس تو سیج کی بناء پر کمپنی کو یقین ہے کہ وہ اور زیادہ مارکیٹ شیئر اور بہتر مصنوعات، معاشی اہداف حاصل کرلے گی۔ اس کے علاوہ کمپنی نہایت سرگری سے خالی PP بیکس کی فروخت کے نئے ذرائع تلاش کر رہی ہے اور کمپنی کی آپریشنز میں اضافے کیلئے دیگر مصنوعات، جیسے چینی، کیمیکلز، زرعی اجناس اورائی طرح کی دوسری مصنوعات کی پیکینگ کیلئے PP بیکس تیار کر رہی ہے۔

• پیرسیک بلانث

پیرسیک لائن کی پیداواری گغبائش میں توسیع کا کام اپنے شیڈول کے مطابق جاری ہے۔ پانچویں پیرسیک لائن کے لئے کیٹر آف کریڈٹ کھولا جاچکا ہے اور مقامی طور پر کاموں کی انجام وہی کیلئے عفریب ٹینڈر جاری کردیئے جائیں گے۔اس منصوبے کی مالیاتی سہولت کے لئے کمپنی نے ایک معروف بینک سے مسابقتی شرائط پرطویل مدت کے فرضہ کے معاملات حتی طور پر طے کر لئے ہیں۔ اس پیپر سیک لائن کے اضافہ کے ساتھ پیپرسیک کی پیداواری گئجائش بڑھ کرتقریباً 400 ملین پیپرسیک سالانہ تک ہوجائے گی۔ انظامیہ کو اعتاد ہے کہ یہ نیا پلانٹ مقررہ وقت پر کام شروع کردے گا۔امید ہے کہ اس منصوبہ کے ذریعہ رعایتی نرخوں میں کمی اور زرمبادلہ کی شرح میں استحکام کا فائدہ حاصل ہوگا۔

ڈ *یو بڈنڈ*

بورڈ آفڈ ائر کیٹرز نے اپنے اجلاس منعقدہ23 اگست2016 میں سال مختتہ 30 جون 2016 کیلئے نقات میں منافع بحساب 70% (-7روپے فی شیئر) کی تجویز دی ہے۔ بیاس %30 (-8روپ فی شیئر) کی تجویز دی ہے۔ بیاس %30 (-31روپ فی شیئر) عبوری نقد منافع کے علاوہ ہے جس کا اعلان پہلے کیا گیا تھا۔ اس نقد منافع کیلئے ممبران کی منظوری 31 اکتوبر 2016 کو ہونے والے سالانہ اجلاس عام میں حاصل کی جائے گی۔

اجتماعي ساجي ذميداري

سمپنیا پی اجتماعی ساجی ذمدداری کے سلسلے میں مختلف ساجی کا موں کے اقدامات میں سرگرمی سے شرکت کرتی ہے اور کئی ساجی اور فلاحی مقاصد بشمول تعلیم اور صحت کے علاوہ دیگر شعبوں میں بھی بڑھ چڑھ کر تعاون کرتی ہے۔اس سلسلے میں کمپنی نے کئی معروف اداروں اور این جی اوز جیسے آغاخان یو نیور شی اور سٹیزن فاؤنڈیش، پاکستان کے ساتھ اشتراک کیا ہے۔کمپنی ہرضرورت کے وقت میں پاکستان کے عوام کے ساتھ موجود رہتی ہے اور موجود رہتے گی۔



ائریکٹرز کی رپورٹ برائے ممبران

بابت سال مختتمه 30 جون 2016

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز بمسرت ممپنی کی سالا نہ رپورٹ مع آ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشوارے برائے سال مختتمہ 30 جون 2016 پیش کرتا ہے۔

سميني كاعموى جائزه

سمینی کے اس سال اور گزشتہ سال کی نمایاں مالیاتی صور تحال ذیل میں درج ہے:

| 2015 - 16 | 2014 - 15 |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| بِ بلین مِس) | (پاکستانی رو |
| 6,888.61 1,582.07 918.24 | 6,223.83 1,307.25 651.41 |

- خالص سيلز
- مجموعي منافع
- خالص منافع

مالياتي كاركردگي

اس سال کے دوران میں کمپنی کی سیزی آمدنی میں تقریباً 11 یعن 665 ملین روپے کا اضافہ ہوا۔ آمدنی میں بیاضافہ کا غذاور PP دونوں قتم کے بیکس کی فروخت بڑھنے کے سبب ہوا۔ اس سال کے دوران میں کمپنی نے مستعدی سے اپنے ذرائع کو مزید منظم کیا اور سیز میں اضافہ کیلئے بیکس کی فروخت کی ٹی ارکیٹس دریافت کیں جس کے بنتیج میں مارکیٹ ثیمتر میں بھی اضافہ ہوا۔ کمپنی میں داخل ہمیشہ جدت کیلئے کوشاں ہے اوراس سال کمپنی نے اپنے صارفین کیلئے بیکچنگ کے حل کی ٹی ورائٹیز متعارف کروائیس جو بہت کا میاب رہیں۔ اس طرح کمپنی نے ٹی مارکیٹس میں داخل ہمیں داخل ہمیں داخل ہمیں کی برآمدات کوفروغ دیا اور دیگر مختلف صنعتوں جیسے چینی ، زرعی اجناس اور کیمیکلز وغیرہ کو بھی بیکس فراہم کئے۔ ان تمام کا وشوں کے سبب کمپنی نے 2015/16 کیلئے بعد از کئیں 180 ملین روپے کا منافع حاصل ہوا۔





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- 147 FAQs Answered





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- Knowledge center
- Risk profiler*
- Financial calculator
- Subscription to Alerts (event notifications, corporate and regulatory actions)
- Jamapunji application for mobile device
- Online Quizzes





"Making application and a model in the directional for an extension and the developer







ImportantInstruments of Proxy will not be considered as valid unless deposited or received at the Company's Head Office at Modern Motors House, Beaumont Road, Karachi-75530 not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.

| Registered folio / participant's ID No. and A/c. No |
|--|
| Number of shares held: |

| / \ | We | | |
|------|--|--|---|
| of . | | | |
| beir | ng a member of CHERAT PACKAGING LI | MITED, hereby appoint | |
| | of | another member of the Company as | my / our proxy to |
| atte | nd & vote for me / us and on my / our be | half at the 27th Annual General meeting of the C | ompany to be held |
| on l | Monday, 31st October, 2016 at 9:00 a.m. | and at any adjournment thereof. | |
| 1. | Signature: | | |
| 1. | Name: | Signature of | Revenue |
| | NIC orPassport No | | Stamp |
| 2. | Signature: Name:Address: | | |
| | NIC or Passport No | specimen signa | uld agree with the ature registered pany) |

Note: SECP' circular of January 26, 2000 is on the reverse side of this form.

پراکسی فارم

| اہم نوٹ | | شر دُ فوليونمبر / پارٹيسپنٹ شاخت نمبر |
|---|---|--|
| پراکسی فارم اس وقت تک قابل قبول نہیں ہوگا جب تک بیہ جز ل میڈنڈ سری تاریخ کا برا کمپنز سے ماہو فریسی میں اس | | اؤنٹ نمبر |
| کے وقت سے 48 گھنٹے پہلے کمپنی کے ہیڈآ فس میں وصول نہ ہوجائے | | وئ <i>شير</i> ز |
| | سكذيه | مسمى <i>ا</i> مسما ة |
| | | |
| کی استما تق | ط پیلیج:کی کماط کا | ^{اع}) معرحم حمرارة |
| | ٹ پیکیجنگ لمیٹٹر مسمح کولط و | ععبر چیران :: |
| ر مختار (پراکسی)مقرر کرتا / کرتی ہوں تا کہوہ میری جگ | كوبطو | نه |
| | کوبطو _ا بروز پیر31 اکتوبر | نہ میری طرف ہے کمپنی کے27 واں سالا نہا جلاسِ عام |
| ر مختار (پراکسی)مقرر کرتا / کرتی ہوں تا کہوہ میری جگ | کوبطو _ا بروز پیر31 اکتوبر | نہ میری طرف ہے کمپنی کے27 واں سالا نہا جلاسِ عام |
| ر مختار (پراکسی)مقرر کرتا / کرتی ہوں تا کہوہ میری جگ | کوبطو _ا بروز پیر31 اکتوبر | نہ رمیری طرف ہے مینی کے27 واں سالا نہا جلاسِ عام |
| ر مختار (پراکسی) مقرر کرتا / کرتی ہوں تا کہوہ میری جگہ ۔ 2016، منتقد ہور ہاہے، اس میں او | کوبطو _ا بروز پیر31 اکتوبر | ننہ رمیری طرف سے کمپنی کے 27 واں سالا نہا جلاسِ عام ں کے کسی ملتو می شدہ اجلاس میں نثر کت کر سے اور ووٹ ہ |
| ر مختار (پراکسی) مقرر کرتا / کرتی ہوں تا کہوہ میری جگہ ۔ 2016، منتقد ہور ہاہے، اس میں او | کوبطو _ا بروز پیر31 اکتوبر | ننه — رمیری طرف سے ممپنی کے 27 واں سالا نہا جلاسِ عام ں کے کسی ملتو می شدہ اجلاس میں شرکت کر ہے اور ووٹ ہ ہان دستھ |
| ر مختار (پراکسی)مقرر کرتا / کرتی ہوں تا کہوہ میری جگ | کوبطو _ا بروز پیر31 اکتوبر | ننہ رمیری طرف سے کمپنی کے 27 واں سالا نہا جلاسِ عام ں کے کسی ملتو می شدہ اجلاس میں شرکت کر ہے اور ووٹ ہ اہان |

نوٹ: ایسای پی کاسرکلر بتاریخ 26 جنوری 2000 منسلک ہے۔

CNIC/ پاسپورٹ نمبر_

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OF PAKISTAN

STATE LIFE BUILDING, 7- BLUE AREA

Islamabad, January 26, 2000

Circular No. 1 of 2000

Sub: Guidelines for Attending General Meeting and Appointment of Proxies

The shares of a number of listed companies are now being maintained as "book entry security" on the Central Depository System (CDS) of the Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC). It has come to the notice of the Commission that there is some confusion about the authenticity of relevant documents in the matter of beneficial owners of the shares registered in the name of CDC for purposes of attending the general meetings and for verification of instruments of proxies. The issue has been examined and pending the further instructions to be issued in this regard, the following guideline for the convenience of the listed companies and the beneficial owners are laid down:

A. Attending of meeting in person by account holders and/or sub-account holders and persons whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded to CDS:

- (1) The company shall obtain list of beneficial owners from the CDC as per Regulation # 12.3.5 of the CDC Regulations.
- (2) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are up-loaded as per the Regulations, shall authenticate his identity by showing his original National Identity Card (NIC) or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- (3) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced at the time of the meeting.

B. Appointment of Proxies

- (1) In case of individual, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per requirement notified by the company.v
- (2) The proxy form shall be witnessed by the two persons whose names, addresses and NIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- (3) Attested copies of NIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- (4) The proxy shall produce his original NIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
- (5) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted along with proxy form to the company.

sd (M. Javed Panni) Chief (Coordination)

141 Annual Report 2016



Cherat Packaging Limited Head Office

Modern Motors House Beaumont Road Karachi 75530 Pakistan UAN: (9221) 111-000-009 Fax: (9221) 35683425

Fax: (9221) 35683425 Email: info@gfg.com.pk Web: www.gfg.com.pk



