

**2015** 2014

# 31 (LOSS)/EARNING PER SHARE - BASIC & DILUTED

(Loss) / Profit after taxation attributable to ordinary shareholders	Rs.	(70,500,029)	30,377,420
Weighted Average No. of Shares		17,290,962	11,518,709
(Loss) / earning per share - diluted	Rs.	(4.08)	2.64

#### 32 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

## 32.1 Financial assets - at fair value through profit and loss and at amortized cost

Long term deposits	32,400	40,000
Trade debts	37,507,900	145,667,574
Loans and advances	1,550,721	1,570,699
Trade deposits	1,917,483	32,099,271
Rebate Receivable	61,800,000	
Others receivables	257,274	257,274
Interest accrued	391,451	391,451
Cash and bank balances	70,381,344	100,411,514
	173,838,573	280,437,783

#### 32.2 Financial liabilities - at fair value through profit and loss and at amortized cost

Director's subordinated loan	16,222,100	24,959,712
Long term finances	158,684,201	247,124,300
Deferred liabilities	1,018,696	1,134,661
Trade and other payables	244,078,773	192,404,389
Short term borrowings	753,188,844	1,304,001,480
Accrued markup	24,047,186	44,295,557
Current maturity of non-current liabilities	109,281,076	100,000,000
Unclaimed dividend	4,680,863	4,680,863
	1,311,201,739	1,918,600,962

**32.3** The company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The company's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of prices of the sugar and byproduct (molasses) and purchase price of the sugarcane and seeks potential adverse effects on the company's financial performance.

Risk managed and measured by the company are explained below: -

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market Risk

# Adam Sugar Mills Limited

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

#### 32.4 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counterparties fail completely to perform as contracted. Out of the total financial assets of Rs.173.846 (2014: Rs.280.438) million, the financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs.173.066 (2014: Rs. 279.126) million.

The carrying amount of financial assets representing the maximum credit exposure at the reporting date as follows: -

	2015	2014
	Rupees	Rupees
Long term deposits	32,400	40,000
Trade debts	37,507,900	145,667,574
Loans and advances	1,550,721	1,570,699
Trade deposits	1,917,483	32,099,271
Rebate Receivable	61,800,000	-
Others receivables	257,274	257,274
Interest accrued	391,451	391,451
Cash at bank	69,601,621	99,099,593
	173,058,850	279,125,862

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade debtors is Rs. 37.508 (2014: Rs.37.508) million.

# *Impairment*

The ageing of trade debts as at balance sheet date are as follows;

	2015		2014	
	Gross debts Impaired		Gross debts	Impaired
		Rup	ees	
Past due 0 - 30 days	-	-	20,929,500	-
Past due 31 - 180 days	-	-	86,932,500	-
Past due 181 and above	37,507,900		37,507,900	
	37,507,900	-	145,369,900	-

Based on the past experience, consideration of financial position, past track records and recoveries," the Company believes that trade debtors past due upto 360 days do not require any impairment. (Refer Note - 23.2).

#### 32.5 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible to always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liability when due.



The following are the contractual maturities of the financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments: -

	2015				
Financial Liabilities	Carrying	Contractual	Upto one year	More than one	
rinanciai Liabilities	Amount	Cash flows	opto one year	year	
		Rup	ees		
Loan from directors	16,222,100	24,959,712	-	24,959,712	
Finances (Long and short)	911,873,045	759,080,050	753,188,844	158,684,201	
Trade debts	37,507,900	37,507,900	-		
Trade and other payables	244,078,773	244,078,773	244,078,773	-	
Unclaimed dividend	4,680,863	4,680,863	4,680,863	-	
	1,214,362,681	1,070,307,298	552,717,492	125,964,373	
		20	1.1		
		20	14		
	<i>~ ·</i>	· · · ·		0.4 .1	
Financial Liabilities	Carrying	Contractual	Upto one year	More than one	
Financial Liabilities	Carrying Amount	Cash flows	, ,	More than one year	
Financial Liabilities		Cash flows	Upto one year pees		
Financial Liabilities  Loan from directors		Cash flows	, ,		
	Amount 	Cash flows	, ,	year 	
Loan from directors	Amount  24,959,712	Cash flows Rup 24,959,712	pees	year  24,959,712	
Loan from directors Finances (Long and short)	24,959,712 1,551,517,231	Cash flows Rup 24,959,712 455,502,240	pees	year 24,959,712 99,870,000	
Loan from directors Finances (Long and short) Deferred liabilities	Amount 24,959,712 1,551,517,231 1,134,661	Cash flows 24,959,712 455,502,240 1,134,661	355,632,240	year 24,959,712 99,870,000	

#### 32.6 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will effect the company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

#### i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. At year end, the Company is not exposed to any currency risk.

#### ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

At the balance sheet date the interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments was as follows: -

2015 2014 Effective Interest Rate (In Percent)

Variable Rate Instruments
Financial liabilities

 Term loan
 3M Kibor+2.5%
 3M Kibor+2.5%

 Term loan
 6M Kibor+2.5%
 6M Kibor+2.5%

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#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased / (decreased) profit and equity for the year by the amounts shown below. The analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

Profit and Loss 100 bp
Increase

#### Cash flow Sensitivity - Variable Rate Instruments

#### As at September 30 2015

Cash flow Sensitivity 6,078,559 (6,078,559)

As at September 30 2014

Cash flow Sensitivity 9,471,086 (9,471,086)

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and assets of the Company.

#### iii) Price Risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

#### Sensitivity analysis

At reporting date, the company is not exposed to price risk as the company has no investments.

#### 33 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objective when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure the Company may issue new shares and take other measures commensurating the circumstances.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Company monitors the capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings from banking companies less cash and bank balances. Total capital is calculated as equity as shown in the balance sheet plus net debt.

	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
Total borrowings	853,188,844	1,454,001,480
Less: Cash and bank balances	(70,381,344)	(100,411,514)
Net Debt	782,807,500	1,353,589,966
Total equity	696,881,408	755,910,050
Total Capital	1,479,688,908	2,109,500,016
Gearing Ratio (%)	52.90	64.17



#### 34 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The estimated fair value of financial instruments is not significantly different from their carrying value as shown in these financial statements.

#### 35 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND DIRECTORS

		2015		2 0 14		
Particulars	Chief Executive	Directors	Total	Chief Executive	Directors	Total
R			Rup	ees		
Fees		32,000	32,000	-	28,000	28,000
Managerial remuneration	36,000	628,500	664,500	36,000	574,221	610,221
	36,000	660,500	696,500	36,000	602,221	638,221
Number of persons	1	6	7	1	6	7

- 35.1 Chief executive and two directors of the Company have been provided with free use of Company's car.
- **35.2** No employees of the company fall under the definition of "Executives" as per the Companies Ordinance, 1984.

#### **36 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES**

The related parties comprise associated companies, directors and key management personnel. Year end balances of related parties are shown in the relevant notes to the financial statements. Other transactions with related parties are disclosed as follows: -

	2015	2014
	Rupees	Rupees
Receipts of short term loan from the director	181,990,000	1,187,045,171
Repayments of short term loan from the director	481,990,000	1,127,555,133
Purchases of oil and lubricants - from associated undertaking	3,046,792	6,531,527
Payment to associated undertaking against oil and lubricants	2,957,966	6,503,377
Payment of dividend to executives and associated undertakings	-	8,136,801

**36.1** The above transactions with related parties are entered into on arm's length basis except loan from director which are interest free.

	2015	2014
37 CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION		
Crushing capacity (M. Tons)	826,000	840,000
Cane crushed (M. Tons)	360,301	527,223
Sugar produced (M. Tons)	35,175	48,894
Days worked (Number of days)	118	120

Cane crushed is less than installed capacity due to the non-availability of sugarcane.



#### 38 OPERATING SEGMENT

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment.

- 38.1 Revenue from sale of sugar represents 71% (2014:92%) of the gross sales of the Company.
- 38.2 Export sales represent 24% (2014: 1%) of the gross sales of the Company.
- 38.3 All non-current assets of the Company at 30 September 2015 are located in Pakistan.
- 38.4 One customer of the Company accounts for 32%(2014 : 32%) of gross sales of the Company for the

#### 39 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

At year end, no of employees are 495 (2014: 495) and average for the year were 680 (2014: 680).

		2015	2014
		Rupees	Rupees
40	DISCLOSURES RELATING TO PROVIDENT FUND		
	Size of the fund	7,118,800	7,110,442
	Cost of investment made	8,750,379	8,287,082
		Percent	age
	Interest rate on saving account	4.02%	5-7%
	Invest in bank	100%	100%

### 41 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on 31 December 2015 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

#### 42 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

GHULAM AHMED ADAM
Chief Executive

JUNAID G.ADAM



# **50th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

PROXY FORM	Please Quote Reg. Fo	lio No.		
I/We				
of				
Being a member of <b>Adam Sugar Mills Limited</b> Holder of				
shares hereby appoint	of			
(another Member of the Company) or failing	g him	as		
my/our proxy in my/our absence to attend and vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held at 9:00 A.M. on Saturday, 30th January 2016, at The Arts Council Of Pakistan and at any adjournment thereof.				
In witness my/our hand this	day of 2016			
Signed by the said	(WITNESS'S SIGNATURE)			
In the presence of	Af	fix Rs. 5/- Revenue Stamp		

This form of Proxy, duly completed, must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.