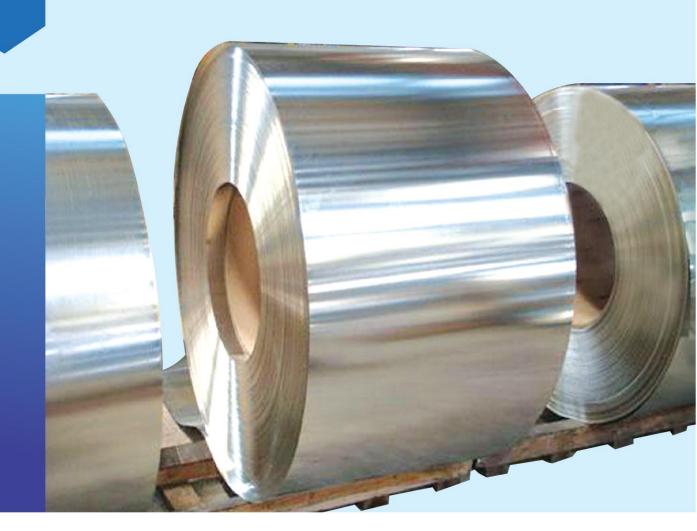


# Siddiqsons Tin Plate Limited A Siddiqsons Group Company

A Commitment to Prime Quality!

# Annual Report 2017



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To become a professionally managed, fully integrated, customer focused prime quality Tin Plate producer, offering value added quality tin plate products to our customers within and outside Pakistan meeting International Standard.



MISSION

To continuously provide quality tin plate to our valuable customers at affordable price, build strong and permanent relation with domestic and international patrons under the umbrella of quality, reliability and affordability, focused to our customers and always put our customers on first priority.

Our mission is going to be the course chart and radar of our ship so that every time we move we check our parameters to comply and follow our mission and do not deviate from it.

## CORPORATE STRATEGY

To enable STPL a modest tin plate company with global acceptability, to attain new heights of success with the help of Al-mighty Allah. We plan to further expand our business network and penetrate in global tin industry through joint venture with different neighboring countries and contribute to generate robust foreign reserve for our country. Our objective is to successfully deliver quality products and services to our customers and enlighten the awareness of tin plate for food packaging industry in the country.



## **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Board of Directors** 

Mr. Tariq Rafi Chairman
Mr. Abdur Rahim CEO
Mr. Ibrahim Shamsi Director
Mr. Naeem-ul-Hasnain Mirza Director
Mr. Salman Hussain Director
Mr. Munir Qureshi Director
Mr. Jean Pierre Gugenheim Director

**Audit Committee** 

Mr. Ibrahim Shamsi Chairman
Mr. Munir Qureshi Member
Mr. Salman Hussain Member
Mr. Muhammad Haris Secretary

Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Munir Qureshi Chairman
Mr. Ibrahim Shamsi Member
Mr. Naeem-ul-Hasnain Mirza Member

**Technical Committee** 

Mr. Tariq Rafi Chairman
Mr. Abdur Rahim Member
Mr. Naeem-ul-Hasnain Mirza Member

**Executive Management Team** 

Mr. Naeem-ul-Hasnain Mirza COO
Mr. Rashid Khaleeque DCOO
Mr. Furrukh Sadiq CFO

Mr. Shahzad Shabbir GM Commercial Mr. Muhammad Jawaid Abbasi GM Marketing

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Furrukh Sadiq

**Company Secretary** 

Mr. Muhammad Haris

**Auditors** 

**Deloitte Yousuf Adil**Chartered Accountants

Legal Advisor Mr. Kashif Nazeer A/2, G-23, Park Lane, Block-5, Clifton, Karachi

**Bankers** 

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

Habib Bank Limited
MCB Bank Limited
Meezan Bank Limited
National Bank of Pakistan
Soneri Bank Limited
Allied Bank Limited

The Industrial & Commercial Bank of China (ICBC)

JS Bank Ltd

Al Baraka Bank (Pakistan) Ltd

**Shares Registrar** 

THK Associates (Pvt.) Limited, 1st Floor, 40-C Block-6, P.E.C.H.S, Shahrah e Faisal, Karachi., UAN # 111 000 322

Registered Office Siddigsons Tower

7th Floor, Plot # 3, J.C.H., Society, Block 7 & 8, Main, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

Special Industrial Zone Winder, Baluchistan

Web Presence

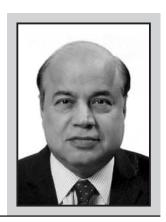
www.siddigsonstinplate.com



## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### MR. TARIQ RAFI, CHAIRMAN

Mr. Tariq Rafi is the Director of the Company, he is also serving his responsibilities as the Directors on the Board of Muslim Commercial Bank, Central Depository of Pakistan Limited (CDC), Siddiqsons Limited & Canvas Company of Pakistan (Pvt) Limited. Mr. Tariq possesses Sitara-e-Imtiaz, Young Businessmen Leader Award from Institute of Business Administration (IBA) and Best Businessmen Award for the year 1999 from Federation of Chamber of Commerce & Industries. He Joined Siddiqsons Tin Plate Limited Board since inception of the Company.





#### MR. ABDUR RAHIM, CEO

Mr. Abdur Rahim started his business career in 2003. He has vast experience in Denim fabric / garments and has extensively travelled to different regions of the world for sales and marketing of Denim Fabric /Garments. Mr. Abdur Rahim is heading various textile units in the country as its director. He is also serving as a Chief Operating Officer of Siddiqsons Limited & Director of Siddiqsons Limited as well as AR Commodities (Pvt) Ltd. He joined the Siddiqsons Tin Plate Limited board in 2011.

#### MR. IBRAHIM SHAMSI, DIRECTOR

Mr. Ibrahim Shamsi is the Director of the Company, he has strong experience of modern management and effective control management. He is Chief Executive of Aladin Water & Amusement Park, Karachi and Joyland, Lahore and also Chariman of Cotton Web (Pvt) Limited. He is also serving his responsibilities as the Director of on the Board of Adamjee Insurance Company Limited the largest insurance company of Pakistan. By qualification Mr. Shamsi is Master of Business Administration from LUMS Lahore. He Joined Siddiqsons Tin Plate Limited Board in 1997.



#### MR. NAEEM UL HASNAIN MIRZA, DIRECTOR / C.O.O

Mr. Naeem ul Hasnain is on our Board of Directors since October, 2013. He is also serving as Chief Operating Officer. He is a certified Director, in line with the requirement of Code of Corporate Governance. He is an Engineering graduate (BE) from NED University and started his professional career from Siddiqsons Tinplate in 1999. During his association with STPL, he extensively served in various management positions on different operational areas of STPL including installation of Plant & Machineries then complete operations of Plant, Import of Raw material, Sales of Finished products in Local Market and Exports. He extensively travelled abroad for Import of Raw materials, Export of Tin Plate, Legal affairs and for procurement of plant & machineries.





#### MR. MUNIR QURESHI, DIRECTOR

Mr. Munir Qureshi is an Engineer and a graduate in public administration from Harvard University. He is a certified Director, in line with the requirement of Code of Corporate Governance. He had been in Government for 35 years and retired in 2014 at a senior level. He joined the Board of Directors of Siddiqsons Tin Plate Ltd in 2015

#### MR. JEAN PIERRE GUGENHEIM, DIRECTOR

Mr. Jean Pierre Gugenheim is a nominee Director of M/s Arcelor Packaging International of France. Mr. Gugenheim has huge experience in the marketing field & also possesses very dynamic personality. He joined in Siddiqsons Tin Plate Limited Board in 1998.



#### MR. SALMAN HUSSAIN, DIRECTOR

Mr. Salman Hussain has joined the Board of Siddiqsons Tin Plate Limited on December 31, 2014, through election. He is an MBA from IBA (Karachi). He has a good business acumen and has a good entrepreneurial experience.



# NOTICE OF THE 22<sup>nd</sup> ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE is hereby given that 22nd Annual General Meeting of M/s. Siddiqsons Tin Plate Limited will be held on Wednesday, October 25, 2017 at 10:00 a.m. at Ocean Mall & Tower, 4th Floor, G-3, Block-9, Scheme-5, Clifton, Karachi, to transact the following business:

#### AGENDA

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the Annual General Meeting held on October 28, 2016.
- 2. To review and discuss the audited accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2017.
- 3. To appoint Auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2018 and Fix their remuneration. The present auditors M/s. Deloitte Yousuf Adil, Chartered Accountants are retiring and being eligible has offered them for reappointment.
- 4. To transact any other business with the permission of Chair.

#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS**

5. To approve transmission of annual audited financial statements, auditor's report and directors report etc. (annual audited accounts) to the Company's shareholders through CD/DVD/USB at their registered address as allowed by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan by their SRO No.470(I)/2016 dated May 31, 2016.

"RESOLVED THAT the Company be and is hereby allowed to transmit its annual audited financial statements, auditor's report and directors report etc. (annual audited accounts) to the Company's shareholders at their registered addresses in the form of soft copies in CD/DVD/USB instead of transmitting the annual audited accounts in printed copy as allowed by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan via SRO No.470(I)/2016 dated May 31, 2016."

By Order of the Board

Karachi

Dated: October 03, 2017

Muhammad Haris (Company Secretary)

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from October 19, 2017 to October 25, 2017 (both days inclusive). Transfers received at the Share Registrar of the Company. M/s. THK Associates (Pvt) Limited, 1st Floor, 40-C, Block 6, P.E.C.H.S., Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi at the close of business on October 18, 2016 will be treated in time for the purpose of above entitlement to the transferees.
- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote a Meeting is entitled to appoint another member as a proxy to attend, speak and vote on his/her behalf. A corporation being a member may appoint as its proxy any of its official or any other person whether a member of the company or otherwise.
- An instrument of proxy and a Power of Attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed, or notarized copy of such Power of Attorney must be valid and deposited at the Share Registrar of the Company not less than 48 hour before the time of the Meeting.



- 4. Those shareholders whose shares are deposited with Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC) are requested to bring their original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) along with participant's ID number and their account/sub-account numbers in CDC to facilitate identification at the time of Annual General Meeting. In case of Proxy, attested copies of proxy's CNIC or passport, Account and Participation's I.D numbers must be deposited alongwith the Form of Proxy with Share Registrar of the Company as per paragraph No. I above. In case of Proxy for corporate members, the Board of Directors' Resolution/Power of Attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced at the meeting (unless it has been provided earlier to the Share Registrar).
- 5. Members are requested to submit declaration as per Zakat & Ushr Ordinance 1980 for zakat exemption and also requested to notify the Company of the change in their address, if any, to Share Registrar of the Company.

#### STATEMENT UNDER SECTION 134(3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT. 2017 - ITEM-5

This statement sets out the material facts concerning the Special Business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting of the company to be held on, October 25, 2017.

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan by their SRO No.470(I)/2016 dated May 31, 2016 allowed to transmit its annual audited financial statements, auditor's report and directors report etc. to the Company's shareholders at their registered addresses in the form of soft copies in CD/DVD/USB instead of transmitting the annual audited accounts in printed copy, provided consent of shareholders has been obtained in a general meeting and an option of hard copy of the same information is offered to any interested shareholder.

To proceed towards paperless environment and to fulfill the responsibility towards environment, the Siddiqsons Tin Plate Limited has sought approval of shareholders to issue & dispatch its annual financial statements through CD/DVD/USB at registered addresses of the members.

#### **E-DIVIDEND**

As per Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017, in case of a Public listed company, any dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders. Therefore, through this notice, all shareholders are requested to update their bank account details in the Central Depository System through respective participants. In case of physical shares, to provide bank account details to our Share Registrar, M/s THK Associates (Pvt) Ltd. E-Dividend mandate form is enclosed.

#### **UNCLAIMED DIVIDENDS & BONUS SHARES**

Shareholders, who by any reason, could not claim their dividend or bonus shares or did not collect their physical shares, are advised to contact our Share Registrar M/s THK Associates (Pvt) Ltd. to collect/enquire about their unclaimed dividend or pending shares, if any.

Please note that in compliance with Section 244 of the Companies Act, 2017, after having completed the stipulated procedure, all dividends unclaimed for a period of three years from the date due and payable shall be deposited to the credit of the Federal Government and in case of shares, shall be delivered to the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

#### **CIRCULATION OF NOTICE OF MEETING & ANNUAL ACCOUNTS**

With reference to SRO 787(I/2014 dated September 8, 2014 issued by SECP, shareholders have option to receive Annual Audited Financial Statement and Notice of General Meeting through email. Shareholders of the Company are requested to give their consent on prescribed format to our Shares Registrar, M/s THK Associates (Pvt) Ltd., at 1st Floor, 40-C, Block 6, P.E.C.H.S., Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi to update our record if they wish to receive Annual Audited Financial Statement and Notice of General Meeting through email. However, if a shareholder, in addition, request for hard copy of Audited Financial Statements the same shall be provided free of cost within seven days of receipt of such request.



# نوئس برائيسوال سالانه اجلاس عام

بذر ایدنوٹس بذامطلع کیاجا تا ہے کہ صدیق سنزٹن پلیٹ لینڈ کا باکیسواں سالاندا جلاسِ عام انشاءاللہ بروز بدھ مورخہ 25 اکتوبر 2017ء کو بوقت ص 10 بجے، اوشین مال اینڈٹا ور، ۹۳ فلور، بلاک 9، اسکیم 5 کلفٹن، کراچی میں مندرجہ ذیل امور کی انجام دہی کے لیے منعقد ہوگا۔

- ا۔ مورخہ 28 اکتوبر 2016 کومنعقد ہونے والے کمپنی کے سالانہ اجلاس عام کی کاروائی کی توثیق۔
- ۲۔ 30 جون 2017ء و کوشم ہونے والے سال کے لیے کمپنی کے آڈٹ شدہ سالا نیا کا ونٹس برغور وخوص اور منظوری۔
- س۔ 30 جون 2018ء کوئتم ہونے والے سال کے لیے آڈیٹرز کا تقرر اور ان کے معاوضے کا تعین: ریٹائرڈ ہونے والے آڈیٹرز میسرز ڈی اوئٹ یوسف عادل جارٹر ڈاکاؤنٹٹس نے دوبار واپنی تقرری کی پیشکش کی ہے۔
  - ٣- چيتر مين كي اجازت سيكسي ديكراً مورير كاروائي\_

خصوصى امور

۵- کمپنی کے شیئر بولڈرزکوسالانہ آؤٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشوارے، آؤیٹرزکی رپورٹ اورڈائر میکٹرزکی رپورٹ وغیرہ (سالانہ آؤٹ شدہ حسابات) شائع شدہ صورت میں بھیجنے کی بجائے سافٹ کا پی ک شکل میں بذریعہ CD/DVD/USB، ان کے رجٹر ڈپ پرارسال کرنے کی منظوری دیٹا جس کی اجازت سیکور ٹیز ایٹڈ ایکیچنے کمیشن آف پاکستان کے ایس آراونبر 2016(1)2016 بجریہ 2016مئی 2016 میں دی گئی ہے۔

" طے پایا کہ پنی کواپنے سالانہ آؤٹ شدہ گوشوارے، آؤیٹرز کی رپورٹ اورڈائیر کیٹرز کی رپورٹ وغیرہ (سالانہ آؤٹ شدہ حسابات) شائع شدہ صورت میں بیجینے کی بجائے سافٹ کا پی کی شکل میں بذریعہ CD/DVD/USB ،ان کے رجشر ڈپتے پرارسال کرنے کا اختیار حاصل ہوگا اور ہے جس کی اجازت سیکوریٹیز اینڈ ایکی پیچنے کمیشن آف پاکستان کے ایس آراونمبر 470(ا)2016 مجر پید 31 مئی 2016 میں دی گئی ہے " –

حسب الحكم بورد

محمدحارث (ئمپنی *سیرو*ی)

کراچی 3 اکتوبر2017ء

نوکس

- (۱) کمپنی کے شیئر زٹرانسفر کی کتابیں مورخہ 18 اکتو بر2017ء سے 25 اکتو بر2017ء تک ہندر ہیں گے (بشمول دونوں دن) کمپنی کے شیئر زرجٹر ارمیسرز THK ایسوی ایٹس (پرائیوٹ) کمپیٹر 40-C فرسٹ فلور، بلاک6، کی ای بی ایچ ایس، آف شاہراہ فیصل، کراچی کو 18 اکتو بر2017ء تک موصول ہونے والے ٹرانسفرز وقت مقررہ میں تصور کیے جائیں گے۔
- (۲) اجلاس میں شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کے 1 کی اہل ممبرا پی طرف شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ دینے کے لیے پراکسی مقرر کرسکتا اسکتی ہے۔کار پوریٹ ادارہ اپنی پراکسی اپنے کسی نامزوفر د کے ذریعے چاہےوہ سین کامبر ہویا نہ ہواستعال کرسکتا ہے۔
- (٣) ممل اورد سخط شده پراکسی فارم ہمارے شیئر زرجشرار میسرز THKاایسوی ایٹس (پرائیوٹ) لمیٹٹر C-4 فرسٹ فلور، بلاک6، پی ای بی ای ایش ایس آف شاہراہ فیمل، کراچی کواجلاس کے انتقاد کے وقت سے کم از کم 48 کھٹے پہلے جمع کرادینا ہوگا۔
- (۳) و دهم یا فتگان جن کے هم سینفرل ڈیپازیٹری کمپنی آف پاکستان (CDC) سٹم میں ہیں ہے گزارش ہے کہ اپنااصل کمپوٹرائز ڈقو می شناختی کار ڈیٹمول پارٹیسیٹ نمبر اور اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر اسب اکاؤنٹ ہولڈر اور پارٹیسیٹن نمبر پراکسی کے فارم کے ساتھ ہمارے ثیئر زرجٹر ار (برطابق مندرجہ بالا پیراگراف نمبر 3) جمع کرانا ہوگا ہے اور یٹ ادارے کی پراکسی کی صورے میں پورڈ آف ڈائز یکٹرز کی قرار داویا یاور آف اٹار نی بشول نامز فروے نمونے و شخط کے ساتھ عام اجلاس کے وقت پیش کر ناموگا۔
- (۵) ممبران سے درخواست ہے کہ اگر ضروری ہوتو زکو ۃ اینڈعشر آ رڈینس 1980 کی روسے زکو ۃ سے استعنیٰ کے لیے ڈکلریشن جمع کرائیں۔ جمعص یافتگان سے بیھی گزارش ہے کہ اگر پنوں میں کوئی تبدیلی ہے تو ہمارے شیئر زرجشر ارمیسرز THK ایسوی ایٹس (برائیوٹ) کمیٹیڈکو مطلع کر دیں۔



# كېنيزا يك 2017 كىسيشن(3) 134 كىخت اشيمنت آئيم 5

بیاسیمنٹ 25 اکتوبر 2017 کومنعقد ہونے والے کمپنی کے سالانہ اجلاس عام میں خصوصی امور کی انجام دہی سے متعلق بنیادی حقائق کا حصہ ہے۔

سیکورشیزاینڈ بھیجی کمیشن آف پاکستان کےالیس آراونبر 470(ا)2016 بھر ہے۔ 31 میں 2016 بیس کمپنی کے شیئر ہولڈرزکوسالاند آ ڈٹ شدہ الیاتی کوشوارے، آڈیٹرزی رپورٹ اورڈائز بکیٹرزی رپورٹ وغیرہ شیئر ہولڈرز کوسالاند آڈٹ شدہ اکاؤنٹس کی شائع شدہ کا پی کی صورت میں ہیجیجے کی ہجائے سافٹ کا پی کی شکل میں بذر بعیہ 470(DVD/US)، ان کے دہٹر ڈپچھ پرارسال کرنے کی اجازت دی ہے بشرطیکہ سالاندا جلاس میں شیئر ہولڈرز کی رضا مندی حاصل کر گڑئی ہو۔اس کے ملاوہ اپنی معلومات کی کی آپ خواہشند شیئر ہولڈرکوفر اہم کرنے کی ہولت بھی پیش کی جائے۔

ہنا کاغذ ماحول کے طریقة کار کے لیے پیش دفت اور ماحولیات کے تحفظ کی ذمدواری جمانے کے لیے صدیق سنزش پلیٹ کمیٹرممبرزکوسالا شمالیاتی گوشوارےCD/DVD/USB کے ذریعیان کے رجسڑ فی پیتہ پرارسال اور جاری کرنے کے لیےشیئر موافرز کی منظوری کی خواہاں ہے۔

#### ای\_ڈیویڈنڈ

کمپنیزا یک 2017 کے پیشن 242 کی روسے پلک اسٹر کمپنی نفذی صورت میں ڈیویڈیڈا الی شیئر ہولڈرز کواکیکٹر دیک نظام کے ذرایعیان کے متعلقہ بینک اکا وُنٹ میں بیسیجنے کی پابٹر ہے۔اس سلسلے میں شیئر ہولڈرز نے الیشیئر ہونے کی صورت میں بینک کی تفصیلات ہمارے شیئر رجشرار میسرز THK ایسوی ایٹس (پرائیوٹ) لمیٹڈ کوفرا ہم کر دیں۔ ای۔ ڈیویڈ شامینڈیٹ فارم فسلک ہے۔

# غيركليم شده ذيويذنذاور بونس شيئرز

یں ر وہ شیر کہ ولڈرز جو کسی ندمی و جہے اپنے ڈیویڈیڈاور پوٹس شیئرز کاکلیم شکر سے یا اپنے فویکل شیئرز دصول ندکر سے ،ان سے گزارش ہے کدوہ غیرکلیم شدہ ڈیویڈیڈیاالتواشدہ شیئرز ،اگرکوئی ہیں، حاصل کرنے اان کی معلومات کے لیے ہمارے شیئرر جشرار میسرز THKایوی ایٹس پرائیوٹ کمیٹڈے رابط کریں۔

برائے مہر بانی نوٹ فر مالیں کہ کمپنیز ایک 2017 سے بیشن 244 کے مطابق تمام کارروائیاں کممل کرنے کے بعد تمام ڈیویڈوٹر جن کاادائیگی کاتاریخ سے تین سال کی مدت تک کوئی کلیم نہ کیا گیا ہو، وفاقی حکومت کے کھاتے میں جمع کرادیے جائیں گے اور شیئرز کی صورت میں سیکورٹی ایڈ ایکی چھٹے آف یا کستان کو پہنچا دیے جائیں گے۔

# اجلاس كى اطلاع اورسالا نها كا وُنٹس كى ترسيل

۵۔ سیکورٹیزائیڈائیچھ کییشن آف پاکستان ("SECP") نے ایس آراد 787(۱)/2014 مجربہ 8 متبر 2014 کے تحت کمپنیوں کواجازت ہے کہ دہ اپنیم مبران کوا پی سالانہ بیلنس شیف، نفن نقصان اکاؤنٹس، آؤیئرز رپورٹ مع سالانہ اجلاس عام کی اطلاع بذریعیا کی بیکواستی ہیں۔ وہ مبران جو بیہ بولت عاصل کرنے کے خواہشند ہوں وہ ہمارے ریکا دؤکواپ ڈیٹ کرنے اور سالانہ آڈٹ شدہ المایاتی گوشوارے اور اجلاس عام میں شرکت کی اطلاع بذریعیا کی میل حاصل کرنا چا ہتے ہیں قو ہمارے شیم رہٹر ارمیسر تا اللہ اللہ اللہ اللہ کے اللہ اللہ کی اس آفر میں ان کو میکا بی ان کی درخواست کی درخواست



#### CODE OF ETHICS

Honesty, integrity and strong commitment to high standards of ethical, moral and lawful conducts are among the most important traditions. This dedication is critical to meet our commitment to the shareholders, customers, suppliers and employees.

Ethical behaviour is an individual responsibility. Behaviour reflecting- high ethical standards are expected of all executives and employees regardless of their position or location.

Our businesses and customs vary, and each individual who works for the Company is unique, however, we have certain standards and responsibilities to share wherever we do

#### **Code of Ethics**

#### **Management Commitment to Ethics**

- I. We, the management of the enterprise are committed to the following principles:
  - ethical management practices
  - recognition of merits
  - empowerment of employees
  - respect of employees, suppliers, clients, and shareholders
  - respect of basic human rights
  - avoidance of conflicts of interest

#### **Managerial Responsibilities**

- Managers are expected to set the highest standards of ethical business conduct and are encouraged to
  discuss the ethical and legal implications of business decisions. It is their responsibility to create and sustain
  work environment in which employees, consultants and contract workers know that ethical and legal
  behaviour is expected of them.
- Managers must be diligent in looking for indications that unethical or illegal conduct has occurred, and take
  appropriate action on regular basis to address any situation that seem to be in conflict with the law or the
  Code.

#### **Employee Commitment to Ethics**

- 4. All employees should have the opportunity to contribute, learn, grow and advance based on merit. Ethical principles which employees must follow include:
  - Honesty
  - Fulfilment of their promises
  - Integrity and loyalty
  - Feeling of belongingness

#### Code, Policies and Applicable Laws

5. It is management's responsibility to ensure compliance with the Code, Company's policies and all prevailing applicable laws in conducting business within the country and around the globe.



#### **Confidentiality**

- 6. We safeguard confidential information by keeping it secure, avoiding discussion in public areas and limiting access to those who have to know for execution of their duties.
- 7. Information that is not generally disclosed and is helpful to the company must be protected.

#### **Conflict of Interest**

Actions must be based on sound business judgement, and not motivated by personal interest or gain. Any situation that
creates or appears to create a conflict of interest between personal interests and the interests of the Company will
be avoided.

#### **Protecting Company Assets**

- 9. All employees are entrusted with numerous company assets, and have a special responsibility to protect them.
- 10. Company's resources should 'be used only to conduct company's business or for purposes authorized by management.
- 11. Unauthorized copying of software, tapes; books and other legally protected work, is a misuse of asset and may expose the company to legal liability.
- 12. Any act by Company's employee that involves theft, fraud, embezzlement, or misappropriation of any property/asset is prohibited.

#### **Favours and Benefits**

- 13. Employees should not misuse their position to influence vendors, subordinates or any other person to provide any undue favour or benefits, whether financial or otherwise, to themselves or others.
- 14. Employees shall not provide or offer to provide any favours or benefits to government departments or engage in any activities, which could influence the business decisions and violate the law. Offering or providing bribes or kickbacks is prohibited in all circumstances.
- 15. Gifts and entertainment may be used in developing business relationships and not be lavish or in excess of the generally accepted business practices of industry.

#### **Competitive Information**

16. The Company will always obtain information regarding customers; suppliers and competitors legally and ethically. Theft of proprietary information, inducing disclosures by a competitor's past or present employees is prohibited.

#### **Business Conduct**

#### Customers

- 1. The Company ensure that its products and services meet customer requirements and product specification.
- 2. Labelling of products will be complete, fair and honest. Only claims, which can be substantiated and fulfilled, are made by the company, its employees and its agent.



#### **Shareholders**

- We ensure shareholders' participation and respect their rights to information while protecting the interests of other stakeholders.
- 4. The Company respects the right of shareholders to submit proposals for vote and to ask questions at the meeting.
- 5. Shareholders are informed about significant and material violations of corporate policies (including codes of conduct) and any decisions by tribunals or courts which are unfavourable of the company.

#### **Employees**

- 6. The Company values its employees and their contributions towards its operations.
- 7. The Company pays adequate wages to enable employees, to meet the basic needs for themselves and their families.
- 8. The Company will not make any discrimination in its policies of employment and remuneration, whether by race, age, gender, disability or religion.
- 9. Each worker should be employed on the basis of their ability to do the job, rather than on the basis of personal characteristics or beliefs.
- 10. Training, development, promotion and advancement opportunities within the Company are available to all employees.
- 11. The Company recognizes the need for supporting and/or providing the essential social infrastructure and community services to its workers.
- 12. All those who work within and on the Company's premises, whether permanent, temporary or contractual, shall receive equal protection especially in provision of equipment and information concerning their health and safety at work:

#### **Suppliers / Subcontractors**

- 13. The Company accepts its responsibility to use its purchasing power to encourage good corporate organizations among its suppliers.
- 14. The Company is careful in its negotiations and contractual arrangements with other companies. This includes fair dealing, prompt payment and the avoidance of corrupt practices, bribes and questionable payment.
- 15. The Company seeks out supplies that meet the same quality standards on environmental and social grounds as the Company sets for its own products.
- 16. The Company will not enter into contracts with suppliers who use any form of forced or bonded labour.



#### **Accuracy of Business Records**

- 17. Employees throughout the Company are responsible for recording any kinds of information properly, honestly and accurately.
- 18. All financial books, records and accounts accurately reflect transactions and events, and conform both to generally accepted accounting principles and to Company's system of internal controls.

#### **Working Hours**

19. Working hours in accordance with local standards are followed at all sites and offices of the Company.

#### **Wages and Benefits**

20. We ensure that wages and social benefits are in accordance with laws in force or prevailing wage practice in the country.

#### Health, Safety and Environment

- 21. The Company is committed to provide a safe and healthy work environment to its employees. Each facility is required to have a safety program in place that includes appropriate training programs. The Company will meet applicable laws and government regulations as well as Company's own standards.
- 22. Each employee is responsible for observing the safety and health rules and practices that apply to his or her job. Employees are also responsible for taking precautions necessary to protect themselves & and their co-workers, including reporting accidents, injuries, and unsafe practices or conditions.

Appropriate and timely action will be taken to correct known unsafe conditions.

#### **Child Labour**

23. Company discourages for employment of Child Labour.



# **SIX YEARS AT A GLANCE**

For the period ended 30th June 2017

DESCRIPTION	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
-------------	------	------	------	------	------	------

Rupees in "000"

						ees III 000
TRADING RESULTS						
Net Turnover	2,537,686	2,119,459	2,341,355	2,092,101	2,770,787	2,509,230
Gross Profit	309,972	234,413	140,346	6,672	179,848	94,385
Profit / (Loss) before tax	159,070	79,961	3,369	(191,582)	(74,751)	(162,039)
Profit / (Loss) after tax	128,330	58,888	(20,171)	(152,260)	(64,655)	(124,013)
Dividend	30,536	-	-	-	-	-
BALANCE SHEET						
Share Capital	785,201	785,201	785,201	785,201	785,201	785,201
Unappropriated profit	134,514	36,720	(22,168)	(1,998)	150,263	214,918
Total Assets	2,023,794	1,650,388	1,822,260	1,830,702	2,678,401	2,830,784
INVESTORS INFORMATION						
Gross Profit in percent of sales	12.02	11.00	6.00	0.32	6.00	3.75
Earnings/(Loss) Per Share	1.63	0.75	(0.26)	(1.94)	(0.82)	(1.58)
Profit / (Loss) before tax in						
percent of sales	6.27	4.0	0.14	(9.16)	(2.70)	(6.46)
Profit / (Loss) after tax in						
percent of sales	5.0	2.78	(0.86)	(7.28)	(2.33)	(4.94)
Inventory Turnover (days)	84	98	82	134	157	187
Debtor turnover (days)	59	63	65	82	68	64
Break-up value Per share (Rs)	11.7	10.46	9.72	9.97	11.90	12.73
Market value Per share (Rs)	27.33	12.5	8.02	7.30	7.58	7.25
Dividend per share (Rs)	0.5 1.83	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend yield ratio (%) Dividend Payout Ratio (%)	30.67	-	-	-	-	-
Return on equity (%)	13.95	- 7.16	(2.60)	(19.40)	(6.90)	(12.40)
Debt : Equity ratio	13.73	7.10 I	1.39	1.34	2.00	1.59
Current Ratio	1.22	1.21	1.01	1.06	1.14	1.16
Interest cover (times)	4.15	2.05	1.04	(0.85)	0.43	(0.49)
(				(3130)		(/-)

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

To the Shareholders

#### Dear fellow shareholders

The Directors are pleased to present the annual report of your company along with the audited financial statements for the financial year ended June 30, 2017, together with the auditors' report thereon.

#### Global business scenario

The worldwide demand for steel showed a stronger recovery during 2016, with China being the top contributor. On the same line it is further expected to grow in 2017 and 2018 with a continuing recovery in the developed economies and an accelerating growth momentum in the emerging and developing economies. However, China, which accounts for 45% of global steel demand, is expected to return to a more subdued growth rate after its recent short uplift.

#### Pakistan's Business Scenario

The basic economic fundamentals of Pakistan have shown strength. The new level of GDP growth i.e. 5.3% coupled with a modest industrial growth are the indicators of a growing economy. This is also reflected by the State Bank of Pakistan while maintaining its policy rate @5.75%. Other major contributors for the economic uplift are the improved law and order situation, China Pakistan Economic Corridor and various ongoing energy projects. On the other hand, a significant amount on account of Sales Tax and Income Tax refunds is pending payment from FBR, causing additional financial burden on business houses. This coupled with irrational tariff structure lacking cascading effect and imposition of additional regulatory duties continues to discourage local manufacturers.

Driven by the above strong economic fundamentals, the steel sector is also recording a significant growth in demand. However, the Electrolytic Tin Plate (ETP) sector having an entirely different business barebones is very much dependent on the consumer's awareness towards hygienic packaging for food items. This still seems to be an area which is mostly untapped. The packaging of food stuff in pouches/polybags and pet bottles expose the food content to significant health hazards. This needs to be considered by the consumers as well as the Government agencies.

#### **Business Performance Overview**

The growth momentum which laid its foundation in the preceding years has shown a consistent rise in the operational performance of your company. This is evident from 115% increase in Profit after Tax and 10% overall increase in the sales revenue.

The National Tariff Commission (NTC) on January 19, 2017, imposed a definitive anti-dumping duty for a period of five years, at the rate of 13.17% to 19.14% on import of Cold Rolled Coils (CRC) from China and Ukraine. The CRC of certain thinner profile is happened to be the raw material of the Company which is not manufactured by any of the local CRC manufacturers. The Company therefore has filed an appeal against a specific waiver from the said anti-dumping duty with the plea to save the only tinplate plant of the Country, situated in a remote area of Baluchistan. This appeal is filed in the Appellate Tribunal of NTC, as well as the in the High Court of Sindh. The High Court of Sindh has granted stay order against the decision of NTC and directed the Company to submit a Bank guarantee in lieu of anti-dumping duty, while the appeal filed at Appellate Tribunal of NTC is pending hearing.



#### Financial Highlights

Pak. Rupees

	2017	2016	2015
Net Sales	2,537,686,396	2,119,458,593	2,341,355,303
Gross Margin	309,972,014	255,184,765	140,346,037
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	159,069,982	79,961,327	3,369,070
Profit/(Loss) after taxation	128,329,628	58,888,259	(20, 170, 702)
Earnings/(Losses) per share	1.63	0.75	(0.26)

The business activity during the year continues to be challenged due to high volatility in prices of raw material, continuously decreasing demand for tin plate due to ever increasing consumption of pouch packs and pet bottles and anomalies in tariff structure which is giving rise to cheap import from China. These volatilities can very well be witnessed in the quarterly results of the Company. The management of your Company remained vigilant towards efficient supply chain and financial management which reaped its fruits and the current financial year, by the grace of Almighty Allah, has concluded on a profitable note.

The export market penetration is still on the go and different export markets are being developed.

#### Sales

The sales of the company have shown an increase in terms of volume as well as in monetary terms. An overall increase of 20% as compared to previous year has been recorded with the 5% increase in volume.

#### **Production**

Current year's production was 19,051 metric ton as compared to 24,471 metric ton in the previous year. The main reason for the low production was the non-availability of raw material due to imposition of anti-dumping duty, which is adversely affecting the cost structure of the Company.

#### **Financial Analysis**

The Company maintained its recent track of financial uplift and an increase of 20% was recorded in the net sales. The Gross profit was recorded at Rs.310 million (12.2%) as compared to Rs.255 million (12%). The stagnant Gross profit ratio was because of increased cost of sales arises due to low capacity utilization. The distribution cost was increased by 88% which mainly includes transportation cost for both local as well as export sales which is increased from 239 metric tons to 693 metric tons. The administrative cost was reduced by 23% which is due to very stringent cost control measures where management has shown zero tolerance for any additional overheads.

Other operating expenses comprise of WPPF and WWF and the visible increase of 223% is due to increase in profit. The Financial charges has however reduced by 34% as compared to corresponding period. This efficiency was achieved due to lower discount rate and reduced exchange loss due to relatively stable Rupee:Dollar parity and major shift of financing through FE financing.

The net profit after taxation for the year stood at Rs. 128.3 million (5%) as compared to Rs.58.8 million (2.7%). A final dividend pertaining to financial year 2015-16, amounting to Rs.30.5 million (Re. 0.50 per share) was paid during the year.



#### Earnings per share

The earnings per share have been recorded at Rs. 1.63, as compared to Re. 0.75 in the previous year.

#### Payments to National Exchequer

The Company has made payments of Rs.610 million to the National Exchequer on account of income tax, sales tax, custom duties and other levies.

#### **Risk Management**

The mechanism of risk management at the company comprises of identifying and addressing the risk at all major areas of activities namely Strategic decision making, Operations, Compliance and Financial Reporting. These risks are effectively reviewed and monitored by the Board itself.

Adequate controls has been designed and implemented at all levels of the organization through SOPs and other policy guidelines.

#### **Human Resources**

The Company operates a well-equipped Human Resources department at Group level which operates in line with the strategic directions of the Board and its Human Resources Committee. All employee related matters such as remuneration, allowances, leaves, performance appraisals and hiring & terminations are dealt through them. The head of human resources department also works as the secretary of the Board's HR Committee.

#### Health, Safety & Environment

The management of your Company takes the HSE measures on a very serious note and ensures the strict implementation of all safety measures. During the year under review no major incident was reported with that effect. The management ensures compliances with environmental standards.

#### **Provident Fund**

The estimated value of investment of Siddiqsons Tin Plate Limited - Staff Provident Fund based on internal records as on June 30, 2017 was Rs.38.53 million (2016: Rs.40.80 million).

#### **Changes in the Board of Directors**

No casual vacancy arises on the Board, during the year under review.

#### **Future Outlook**

Looking forward, your Company is aiming to sustain its profitable position by putting in place efficient procurement practices and effective administrative and cost controls. The strong future outlook of steel sector will also facilitate the overall position. Export market penetration is one of the prime strategic outlooks for the Company which will ensure increased capacity utilization and thereby giving it a competitive edge over its competitors. The imposition of anti-dumping duty is major setback and the company is very rigorously working towards getting a favorable outcome.



#### **Auditors**

The present auditors M/s. Deloitte Yousuf Adil, Chartered Accountants retires and being eligible have offered themselves for the reappointment. On suggestion of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors have recommended their reappointment as auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2018, at a remuneration to be mutually agreed.

#### **Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance**

The requirement of the Code of Corporate Governance set out by the Pakistan Stock Exchange in their Listing Regulations, relevant for the year ended June 30, 2017 have been adopted by the Company and have been complied with. A separate statement of compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance has been signed by the Chief Executive Officer and is included in this report.

#### Statement of Code of Conduct

The Board has adopted the statement of Code of Conduct. All employees have been informed of this statement and are required to observe these rules of conduct in relation to customers, suppliers and regulations. Corporate and financial reporting frame work

- The financial statements together with the notes thereon have been drawn up by the management in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984. These Statements present fairly Company's state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- Proper books of accounts have been maintained by the Company.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- The International Accounting Standards / International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in the preparation of financial statements.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There are no doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no departure from the best practices of Corporate Governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- Significant diversion from last year's operating results has been disclosed in the Directors' Report.
- The key operating and financial data for the last six (6) years is summarized and annexed with this report.

#### **Board of directors' meetings**

During the year under report, the Board of Directors met four (4) times. The numbers of meetings attended by each director during the year is shown below:



# Name of DirectorsNo. of Meeting AttendedMr. Tariq Rafi4Mr. Abdur Rahim3Mr. Ibrahim Shamsi3Mr. Salman HussainIMr. Munir Qureshi4Mr. Naeem ul Hasnain4Mr. Jean Peirre GugenheimNIL

Leave of absence was granted to Directors who could not attend the Board meetings.

#### Audit Committee and internal control system

The management of your Company believes in good corporate governance, implemented through a well-defined and efficiently applied system of check and balance, and the provision of transparent, accurate and timely financial information. The board of directors establishes a sound system of internal control, which is effectively implemented at all level within the Company.

The Audit Committee comprises of three (3) members, majority of which are non-executive directors including the chairman of the Committee. The Committee has its terms of reference which were determined by the Board of Directors in accordance with the guidelines provided in the Listing Regulations.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility**

During the year under review the Company is continuing support society in the areas of education, clean water and health care particularly in Winder-Baluchistan.

#### Pattern of shareholding

The total number of Company's shareholders as at June 30, 2017 were 3648. The pattern of shareholding as at June 30, 2017 along-with necessary disclosures as required under the Code of Corporate Governance is annexed with this report.

#### **Acknowledgement**

The Directors of the Company would like to take the opportunity to thank the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, Shareholders, Partners, Customers, Government Authorities, Autonomous bodies and the Financial Institutions for their co-operation & continued support.

The Directors are also pleased to record their appreciation of the valuable and untiring efforts and services rendered by the staff of the Company.

Tariq Rafi Chairman

**Abdur Rahim**Chief Executive Officer

Karachi, September 27, 2017



# ييرن آفشيئر مولدنك:

۳۰ جون ۱۷۰۷ کو کمپنی کے کل خصص یافتگان کی تعداد ۳۹۴۸ ہے۔۳۰ جون ۲۰۱۷ء کے پیٹرن آف شیئر ہولڈنگ،کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کی شقوں کے تحت اس سالانہ رپورٹ کے ساتھ منسلک ہے۔

# ا ظهارتشكر:

کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹران اس مواقع کی مناسبت سے سکیو ریٹیز اینڈ ایجینج کمیشن آف پاکستان ،معزز خصص یافتگان ،اپنے شراکت داروں ،سٹمر حضرات ، بینک ،مختلف اداروں اورسر کاری حکام کے شکر گزار ہیں جن کے تعاون کی بدولت ہم اپنے معاملات بطریق احسن چلانے میں کامیاب رہے۔ ڈائر کیٹران اپنے ملاز مین کی فیتی کاوشوں انتقک محنت اوران کی فراہم کی گئی خد مات پر مسرت کا اظہار کرتے ہیں

> عبدالرجيم چيف ايگزيکڻو

طارق رفیع چیز مین کراچی: ۲۷متبر۲۵ء



اندرونی کنٹرول کا نظام بہترین انداز میں مرتب کیا گیا اور موثر انداز میں لا گوکیا گیاہے اور ساتھ ساتھ اس کی با قاعدہ نگرانی بھی کی جاتی ہے۔

اندرونی کنٹرول کی نگرانی کاعمل اس مقصد کے ساتھ جاری رہے گا کہان کنٹرولز کومزید مضبوط اور بہتر بنایا جائے۔

جاری وساری منصوبوں اورامور کی انجام دہی کے لیے کمپنی کی بہترین صلاحیتوں برکوئی شک نہیں کیا جاسکتا۔  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

> تمپنی کے اہم آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی ڈیٹا کا خلاصدر پورٹ میں دیا گیاہے۔  $\frac{1}{2}$

گذشتہ چھسالوں کے اہم آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی اعداد وشار کا خلاصہ کیا گیاہے جو کہاس رپورٹ کے ساتھ کتی ہے۔  $\stackrel{\wedge}{\sim}$ 

# پور ڈ آ ف ڈائریکٹرز کی میٹنگ

ز برجائز ہسال کے دوران، پورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز کی جار (۴) میٹنگز کا اہتمام کیا گیا۔

	ہر ڈائر یکٹر کی حاضری درج ذیل ہے۔
بوردْ آ ف دْائر يكْرْز كَي مِيْنَكَ	ڈائر <i>یکٹر</i> کا نام
۴	جناب طارق رف <b>ن</b> ع
٣	جناب <i>عبدالرحيم</i>
٣	جناب ابرا ہیم مشی
1	جناب سلمان حسين
۴	جناب منیر قر <sup>ی</sup> یی
۴	جناب <i>فيم الح</i> شين
	جناب جین پربرے گوگین ہم

ان ڈائر کیٹران کوجو یوجوہ یورڈ میٹنگ میں حاضر ہونے سے قاصر رہے، بورڈ کی طرف سے غیر حاضری کی اجازت عنایت کی گئی۔

# آ ڈٹ میٹی اوراندرونی کنٹرول کانظام

آ پ کی کمپٹی گڈ کار پوریٹ گورننس پریفین رکھتی ہے۔جس کے تحت ایک موثر چیک اینڈ بیلنس کا نظام تشکیل دیا گیا ہے جو کہ شفاف درست اور بروقت مالیاتی معلومات کی فراہم کویفیتی بنا تا ہے۔اس کےعلاوہ پورڈ آف ڈائز بکٹرنے ایک موثر اندرونی کنٹرول کا نظام بھی وضع کیا ہے جو کہ ممپتی کے تمام معاملات میں نافذ العمل ہے۔

آ ڈے کمیٹی ۱۳ ارکان پرمشتمل ہے جن کی اکچریت کمیٹی کے چیئر مین سمیت نان ایکزیکٹوڈ ائر بکٹرز پرمشتمل ہے۔ کمیٹی کے ٹرمزآ ف ریفرنس لسٹنگ ریگولیشنز میں فراہم کر دہ مدایت کی روشی میں مرتب کئے گئے ہیں۔

كار بوريٹ سوشل رسيانسبلڻي

جائزہ سال کے دوران کمپتی نے تعلیم ہحت اور صاف یانی کی فراہمی کے شعبوں میں وندر ، بلوچستان میں اپنے تعاون کو جاری رکھا۔



تاہم اپنٹی ڈمپنگ ڈیوٹی کا نفاذ آپ کی کمپنی کی ترقی میں رکاوٹ ثابت ہو سکتی ہے لہذا ہم اس مسلے کو مناسب طریقے سے طل کرنے میں کوشاں ہیں جو کہ کمپنی کے لئے سود مند ثابت ہو سکے۔

> پورڈ آ ف ڈائر کیٹر میں تبدیلی زیرجائزہ سال کے دوران کمپٹی کے بورڈ میں کوئی تبدیلی واقع نہیں ہوئی۔

## آ ڈیٹرز

موجودہ آڈیٹرزمیسرز ڈی لوئٹ یوسف عادل چارٹرڈا کاؤنٹ ریٹا کر ہورہ ہیں اوراہلیت کی بنیاد پر آنے والے مالیاتی سال کے لئے خودکود وہارہ امتخاب کے لئے پیش کیا ہے۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی کی تجویز پر یورڈ نے میسرز ڈی لوئٹ یوسف عادل چارٹرڈا کاؤنٹنٹس کو کمپنی کے آئندہ آنے والے سال جون ۲۰۱۸،۳۰ کے لئے باضابطہ آڈیٹرز کے طور پرتقرری کی سفارش کی سفارش کی سے، بیا تخاب کمپنی کے آنے والے سالانہ اجلاس عام میں شیئر ہولڈرز کی منظور سے مشروط ہے۔

کوڈ آف کاربوریٹ گورننس پڑمل درآ مد ( تجارتی انتظام کے قاعدے پڑمل درآ مد ) پاکستان کے اسٹاک ایجیجنج کے لسٹنگ ریگولیشنز میں شامل کئے گئے کوڈ آف کورپوریٹ گورنس کے عین مطابق میں پی نے سال جون ۲۰۱۸،۳۰ میں تمام معاملات میں پہتر طور پڑمل درآ مد کیا کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس پڑمل درآ مد کے شمن میں چیف ایگزیکٹوکا دستخط شدہ علیحدہ بیانییاس سالاندرپورٹ کے ساتھ منسلک ہے۔

# ضابطها خلاق كابيانيه:

پورڈنے ضابطہ اخلاق کے بیانیئے کو کلی طور پراپنایا ہواہے۔اورتمام ملاز مین اس ضابطہ اخلاق سے بخو بی واقف ہیں اوران کواس ضابطہ اخلاق پڑمل درآ مدکا یا بند کیا گیا ہے۔

# كار پوريٹ اور فنانشل رپورٹنگ فريم ورك

کمپنی کی انتظامیہ کی جانب سے تیار کی جانے والی مالیاتی اٹیٹمنٹ شفافیت کے ساتھ کمپنی آرڈینس کے عین مطابق کمپنی کے اسٹیٹ آف افیئر ز، آپریشنز کے نتائج ،کیش کابہاؤاورا یکویٹ میں تبدیلیوں کو پیش کرتی ہے۔

- 🖈 کمپنی ا کاؤنٹ کی کتب کو با قاعدہ برقر اررکھتی ہے۔
- 🤝 مالیاتی اٹیٹمنٹ کی نیاری کے لئے مناسب اکاؤنڈنگ پالیسیاں مسلسل لا گوکی جاتی ہیں اور اور کاؤنڈنگ سٹیٹمنٹس معقول اور دانشمندانہ فیصلوں پر پہنی ہوتے ہیں۔
  - 🖈 یا کستان میں لا گوہونے والے انٹر نیشنل فنانشل رپورٹنگ اسٹینڈ رڈ زیر مالیاتی اسٹیمنٹس کی تیاری میں عمل درآ مد کیاجا تا ہے۔
  - 🖈 کسٹنگ ریگولیشنز میں دی گئی تفصیل کے مطابق کارپوریٹ گورنس کے بہترین طریقوں میں کوئی Material Departure نہیں کیا جاتا۔



# في خصص آمدني

سال مختته ۳۰ جون ۲۰۱۷ کے لئے فی حصص آمدنی ۲۳ اروپے تھی۔ جب کہ گزشتہ سال ۷۵ پیے تھی۔

# قومی خزانه میں ادائیگی کا حجم

آپ کی کمپنی نے زریرجائزہ سال کے دوران انکم ٹیکس، سٹر ٹیکس، سٹم ڈیوٹی اور دیگر محصولات کے شمن میں کل ۱۲ ملین روپے کی ادائیگیاں قو می خزانے میں جمع کرائیس۔

# رسك مينجمنٹ

سمپنی کارسک مینجنٹ کا طریقہ کار،تمام اہمیت کے حاصل رسکس بشمول حکمت عملی ، آپریشن ، قانونی عمل درآ مداور مالیاتی رپورٹنگ رسک کی نشاند ہی ، تحفظ اوراس سے نیر د آ زماہونے کے لئے کمپنی کی تمام انتظامی سطحوں پرلا گو ہے۔ رسک مینجمنٹ کے طریقہ کار کا جائز ہیورڈ کی سطح پر با قاعد گی سے لیا جا تا ہے۔ مناسب ترین کنٹرول کے لیے معیاری طریقہ کاروضع کئے گئے ہیں۔ جن کاعمل درآ مدادارے کی ہرا نتظامی سطح پریقینی بنایا جا تا ہے۔

# افرادى قوت

کمپنی کی افرادی قوت سے متعلق تمام امور کی کماحقہ انجام دہی کے لئے ہیومن ریسورسز ڈپارٹمنٹ موجود ہے۔جس میں ملاز مین کے مشاہیر ہے،الاؤنسز، کارکرد گی کا جائزہ، کام کرنے کا ماحول،تقرری اورمعزولی اورمعزولی اورمعزولی اورمعزولی اورمعزولی اورمعزولی اورمعزولی اورمعزولی انتخام دیتے میں۔ ہیومن ریسورسز ڈپارٹمنٹ کے سربراہ، پورڈ کی HR کمیٹی کے سیکریٹری کے فرائض بھی انجام دیتے ہیں۔

# صحت، تحفظ اور ماحوليات

آپ کی ممپنی میں صحت، تحفظ اور ماحولیات سے متعلق تمام امور کونہایت شجیدہ بنیادوں پردیکھا جاتا ہے۔اوران امور سے متعلق تمام قواعداور قوانین پڑمل پیراہونے کی تختی سے پابندی کی جاتی ہے۔زیر جائزہ سال کے دوران کوئی غیر معمولی واقعہ پیش نہیں۔علاوہ ازیں آپ کی کمپنی تمام ماحولیاتی قوانین کی پابندی کوبھی یقیتی بناتی ہے۔

# يراويڙنٺ فنڙ

اس سرمایه کاری کی مالیت ۳۰ جون ۲۰۱۷ کے اختیام ۳۸٬۵۳ ملین روپے (۲۰۱۷ء : ۴۸٬۰۸۰ ملین روپے )تھی۔

# مستقبل کے امکانات

مستقبل کے امکانات کے حوالے ہے آپ کی کمپنی اپنی موجودہ منافع بخش صورتحال کو برقر ارر کھنے کے عزم کا اعادہ کرتی ہے اوراس سلسلے میں تمام ضروری اقدامات جیسا کہ مناسب ترین قیت پرخام مال کی خریداری اور مختلف النوع کے اصلاحی و مالی کنٹر ولز وغیرہ کو بروئے کا رلانے میں مستقل کوشاں ہے۔ برآ مدات کے دوشن اور منافع بخش امکانات کی موجودگی ، برآ مدت کی شرح میں اضافہ کرنا ، کمپنی کی بنیادی حکمت عملی کا حصہ ہے جو کہ کمپنی کی پیداوار میں اضافے کا سبب بنے گا اور کمپنی کومسالبقتی برتری دلانے میں اہم کر دارا داکرے گا۔



# کاروباری کارکردگی

1414	r+14	<b>**</b> 1	
_	ـ پاکستانی روپے۔۔۔۔۔		
1.861.800.88	1119,100,091	1.072.7A7.797	کاروباری حجم
14,444,447	10011111210	m+9.921.+11	مجموعي منافع
m,m49,+2+	۷9،971،272	109.+49.901	منافع/ (نقصان)قبل از ٹیکس
(۲۰،۱۷۰،۷۰۲)	۵۸،۸۸۸،۲۵۹	117,577,771	منافع/( نقصان )بعداز ٹیکس
(+,۲4)	+.∠۵	1.41"	في خصص منا فع

زیر جائزہ سال کے دوران خام مال کی قیتوں میں اتار چڑھاؤ،ٹن پلیٹ کی گرتی ہوئی طلب اور محصولاتی ڈھانچہ کی غیر موزویت کی وجہ سے کمپٹی کو کاروباری معاملات میں خاصے چیلنجز در پیش رہے۔ تاہم کمپٹی نے ان امور پرمستقل توجہ مرکوزر کھی اورخام مال کی خریداری اور ETP کی فروخت میں موثر حکمت عملی اختیار کئے رکھی۔ اور اللہ سبحانہ تعالیٰ کے فضل وکرم سے سال کا اختیام پہلے سے بہتر منافع کی صورت میں ہوا۔ الحمد اللہ ٹن پلیٹ کی برآ مدے سلسلے میں کوششیں اور کا میابیاں اس سال بھی جاری رہیں۔ تاہم اس سلسلے میں ابھی کئی مراحل طے ہونا باقی ہیں۔
ہیں۔

# سيلز

ز برجائزه سال کے دوران کمپنی کی سینز میں نمایاں اضافہ د کھنے میں آیا اور کاروباری حجم مجموعی طور پر ۲۰ فیصد اضافے کا حامل رہا۔

# پیداواری جائزه

کمپتی کی پیداوارامسال ۱۹۰۰ واٹن رہی جو کہ گزشتہ سال ۲۳٬۴۷۱ ٹن تھی۔ پیداوار میں کی کا بنیادی سبب خام مال کی عدم دستیابی رہا جو کہا بنٹی ڈمپنگ ڈیوٹی کے نفاذ کی وجہ سے مشکلات کا شکارر ہی۔

# مالياتى تجزييه

آپ کی کمپنی نے مالیاتی امور میں مستقل بہتری لانے کی روایت کوقائم رکھتے ہوئے خالص سیلز میں ۲۰ فیصداضا فہ کیا ہے اور ۲۰۱۰ملین روپے (۱۲٫۲٪) کا مجموعی منافع حاصل کیا ہے جبکہ سال گذشتہ میں بیرمنافع ۲۵۵ملین روپے (۱۲٪) تھا۔مجموعی منافع کی شرح میں ٹہراؤ کی بنیادی وجہ پیداواری لاگت میں اضافہ ہے جو کہ کم پیداوار کی وجہ سے آیا۔

سیز اور مال برداری کےاخراجات میں ۸۸ فیصداضا فیہ ہوا جو کہ بنیا دی طور پر بیلز کے قجم اور بطور خاص برآ مدات میں اضا فیری وجہ سے ممل پذیر یہوئے کمپنی کی اخراجات میں کنٹرول کرنے کی پالیسی کے تسلسل کی وجہ سے انتظامی اخراجات میں ۲۳ فیصد کمی دیکھنے میں آئی۔

مزیدانتظامی اخراجات بنیادی طور پر WWF اور WWF سے متعلق ہیں جو کہ منافع میں اضافہ سے مشروط ہیں۔مالیاتی اخراجات میں ۳۴ فیصد کی آئی جس کی بنیادی وجہ پالیسی ریٹ کا کم سطح پر ہونااور FE فٹاننگ برزیادہ انتھارتھا۔

تمپنی کابعدازئیک خالص منافع ۲۸.۳ ملین رویے (۶۰٪) رہا جبکہ گزشتہ سال بیمنافع ۵۸.۸ ملین رویے (۲.۷٪) تھا۔



# حصص یافتگان کے لئے ڈائر بکٹرز کی رپورٹ

معززممبران

صدیق سنزٹن پلیٹ کے ڈائر کیٹران ۲۰ جون کا ۲۰ ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے سالانہ آڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی گوشوارے پیش کرتے ہوئے مسرت محسوں کرتے ہیں۔

# انتيل كاعالمي منظرنامه

سال ۲۰۱۷ء کے دوران اسٹیل کی مجموعی طلب میں بہتری دیکھنے میں آئی۔جس میں ایک اہم کر دارچین کی مجموعی طلب کا بھی رہا۔ان خطوط پراسٹیل کے کاروبار سے منسلک ماہرین کی رائے میں ۲۰۱۷ اور ۲۰۱۸ میں اسٹیل کے کاروبار میں مزید بہتری آنے کی توقع ہے۔اس تیزی کی ایک وجہر تی یافتہ اور ترقی پذیریما لک کی معاثی اور صنعتی بہتری بھی ہے۔ اسٹیل کی مجموعی طلب کے لحاظ سے چین سرفہرست ہے جس کی طلب عالمی طلب کا ۱۳۵۸ فیصد ہے تا ہم چینی معیشت کے قدر سے ست روی کا شکار ہونے کی وجہ سے عالمی طلب کسی حد تک متاثر ہو سکتی ہے۔

# پاکستان کا کاروباری منظرنامه

پاکستان کے بنیادی معاثی اشاریۓ ایک مفیوط معیشت کا پیش خیمہ نظر آتے ہیں۔ مجموعی ملکی پیداوار کی شرح کا ۹.۳ فیصد کی سطح پر ہونا اور شنعتی ترتی کی شرح میں اضافہ ایک ترتی پذیر معیشت کی نشاندہی کرتا ہے۔ اس صور تحال میں اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کو گزشتہ سال کے پالیسی ریٹ یعنی ۵۵،۵ فیصد کو برقر ارر کھنے میں مدد ملی۔ مزید برآں امن وامان کی بہتر صور تحال، پاک، چین اقتصادی راہداری اور بکلی کے حصول کے مختلف منصوبوں نے بھی اسٹیمن میں اہم کردارادا کیا۔ تاہم دوسری جانب سیزئیکس اور اکم ٹیکس ریفنڈ کے شمن میں ایک خطیر رقم غیر اداشدہ رہنے کے سبب کاروباری اداروں کو اضافی مالی بوجھ کا سامنا رہا۔ اس کے علاوہ محصولاتی ڈھانچ کی غیر موز وزیت اور اضافی ریگولیٹری ڈیوٹی کا نفاذ بھی مقامی صنعت کاروں کے لئے غیر حوصلہ افزاء رہا۔ مضبوط معاثی اشار ہے اسٹیل کی ملکی طلب میں بھی اضافے کا باعث بنے۔ تاہم ٹن پلیٹ کی صنعت قدر سے مختلف کاروباری بنیادوں پر کام کرتی ہے اور بنیادی طور پر صارفین کی مختلف ترجیحات برمخصر ہوتی ہے۔ عام صارفین میں خوردنی اشیاء کی غیر معیاری چیکونگ کے مضرصحت نقصانات کی ادارک نہ ہونا بھی اسٹمن میں ایک اہم کردارادا کرتا

# کاروباری کارکردگی کا جائزه

کمپنی کارتی کی رفتارگزشته ادوار کی طرح مزید بهتری کی طرف گامزن ربی اس کا واضح ثبوت بعداز ٹیکس نقع میں ۱۵ افیصد اور کاروباری جم میں ۱۰ فیصد اضافہ ہے۔
۱۹ جنوری ۲۰۱۷ء کو نیشنل ٹیرف کمیشن (NTC) نے کولڈ رولڈ کوائلز (CRC) کی چین اور یوکرائن سے درآ مدیر کا ۱۳ فیصد اور ۱۹۱۴ فیصد اینٹی ڈمینگ ڈیوٹی عائد کردی ہے جو کہ پانچ سال تک نافذ العمل رہے گی۔ یہ CRC چونکہ کمپنی کا خام مال بھی ہے لہذا اینٹی ڈیوٹی کا نفاذ کمپنی کی پیدا واری لاگت میں خاطر خواہ اصافے کا باعث ہے۔ کمپنی نے اس نفاذ سے استثنی کے لئے ایپلٹ ٹرائیوئل آف NTC اور سندھ ہائی کورٹ میں ایپل دائر کی ہے۔ سندھ ہائی کورٹ نے NTC کے فیصلے کے خلاف تھم امتنا عی جاری کرتے ہوئے ، کمپنی کو بدیک گارٹی جمع کرانے کا تھم دیا ہے جبکہ NTC یہ ٹرائیوئل میں بیابیل فی الوقت شنوائی کے مرحلے میں ہے۔



# STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) contained in Regulation of listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

Siddiqsons Tinplate Limited (the company) has applied the principles contained in the CCG in the following manner:

1. The Company's board of director comprises of non- executive directors and executive directors. At present the Board of the Company includes:

Category	Names
Executive Directors	Mr. Tariq Rafi Mr. Abdur Rahim Mr. Munir Qureshi Mr. Muhammad Naeem-ul-Hasnain Mirza
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. Ibrahim Shamsi Mr. Salman Hussain Mr. Jean Pierre Gugenheim

Clause 5.19.1(b) of the CCG requires the presence of an independent director on Board. Currently the Company has no independent director on its Board, However the Company encourages representation of independent directors and directors representing minority interests and is in the process of appointment of an independent director.

Mr. Tariq Rafi is not drawing any remuneration nor he is involved whole time in the business of the Company, but the Company has classified him as executive director due to his partial involvement in management of the Company.

- 2. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a Director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
- 3. All the resident directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a Development Financial Institution (DFI) or a Non-Banking Financial Institution (NBFI) or being a member of stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- 4. During the year, no casual vacancy occurred on the board of directors.
- 5. The Company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 6. The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the Chief Executive and other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the Board.



- 8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a Director elected by the Board for this purpose and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9. The board arranged training program for its directors during the year.
- 10. During the year appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and head of Internal Auditor has been made. The remuneration and terms and conditions of employment were approved by the Board. However, their selection, evaluation, and compensation was not recommended by the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee.
- 11. The directors' report for the year ended June 30, 2017 has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the CCG and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
- 13. The directors, chief executive and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 14. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the CCG.
- 15. The Board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises of three members of whom two are non-executive directors and none is independent director.
- 16. The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company and as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 17. The Board has formed Human Resource and Remuneration Committee. It comprises 3 members, of whom two are executive and one is non-executive director and the chairman of the committee is a non-executive director.
- 18. The Board has set up an internal audit function. The head of Internal Audit function is an experienced person for the purpose and is conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company. The management is in process of further strengthening the function.
- 19. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan ("ICAP"), that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by ICAP.
- 20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.



- 21. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim/final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of Company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange.
- 22. Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange.
- 23. The Company has not complied with the requirements relating to maintenance of register of persons having access to inside information by designated senior management officer in a timely manner and not maintained proper record including basis for inclusion or exclusion of names of persons from the said list.
- 24. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the CCG have been complied with, except for the followings:
- A mechanism for the annual evaluation of the Board's own performance has not been made;
- The Chairman of the Board is an executive director; and
- The executive directors are more than one third of elected directors of the Board.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

September 27, 2017 Karachi **ABDUL RAHIM**Chief Executive Officer



# Deloitte.

M. Yousuf Adil Saleem & Co Chartered Accountants Cavish Court, A-35, Block 7 & 8 KCHSU, Sharea Faisal, Karachi-75350 Pakistan

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# REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH BEST PRACTICES OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance prepared by the Board of Directors (the Board) of Siddiqsons Tinplate Limited for the year ended June 30, 2017 to comply with the requirements of Regulation 5.19 of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited, where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board for their review and approval of its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### We draw attention to:

- paragraph I of the statement of compliance which states that there is no independent director on the board
  of directors as required by regulation 5.19.1 (b) of Code of Corporate Governance of listing regulation by
  Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited;
- paragraph 10 of the statement of compliance which states that the selection, evaluation, and compensation of CFO, Company Secretary, and head of Internal Auditor were not recommended by the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee as per regulation 5.19.16 (b) (iii) of Code of Corporate Governance of listing regulation by Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited;
- paragraph 15 of the statement of compliance which states that the audit committee has no independent director.
- paragraph 17 of the statement of compliance which states that the majority of members of Human Resource and Remuneration Committee do not comprises of non-executive directors that is to be required under regulation 5.19.16 (b) of Code of Corporate Governance of listing regulation by Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited:
- Paragraph 23 of the statement of compliance which states that the company has not maintained register of
  persons having access to inside information by designated senior management officer which is required as per
  regulation 5.19.23 of Code of Corporate Governance of listing regulation by Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited;
  and
- Paragraph 24 of the statement of compliance which states the exceptions that includes establishing a mechanism
  for the annual evaluation of the Board's own performance, appointment of Chairman of board of directors
  from non-executive directors, appointment of executive directors of not more than one-third of elected
  directors of the Board.

**Chartered Accountants** 

**Engagement Partner:** Mushtaq Ali Hirani

Date: September 27, 2017

Place: Karachi

# Deloitte.

M. Yousuf Adil Saleem & Co Chartered Accountants Cavish Court, A-35, Block 7 & 8 KCHSU, Sharea Faisal, Karachi-75350 Pakistan

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#### **AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS**

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of **SIDDIQSONS TIN PLATE LIMITED** as at June 30, 2017 and the related profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- a. in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- b. in our opinion:
  - i. the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied,
  - ii. the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
  - iii. the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- c. in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984 in the manner so required, and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2017 and of the profit, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- d. in our opinion, zakat deductible at source under Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 was deducted by the company and deposited in the central zakat fund established under section 7 of that ordinance.

#### **Chartered Accountants**

**Engagement Partner** Mushtaq Ali Hirani

Dated: September 27, 2017

Karachi

# **BALANCE SHEET**

As at June 30, 2017

As at julie 30, 2017			
	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment Long-term deposits	3 4	670,325,192 7,181,750 677,506,942	619,963,639 10,492,538 630,456,177
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, spares and loose tools Stock-in-trade Trade debts Advance income tax Loans and advances Trade deposits Term deposit certificates Other receivables Other financial assets Sales tax refundable Cash and bank balances  Total Assets  EQUITY AND LIABILITIES  SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Accumulated profit	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	13,933,364 526,531,365 515,788,166 122,363,205 10,536,614 24,422,073 20,650,000 19,426,747 506,571 57,415,584 34,713,560 1,346,287,249 2,023,794,191	14,260,282 495,414,184 300,923,441 93,661,880 5,078,274 3,357,835 14,500,000 46,736,566 495,573 40,679,591 4,823,701 1,019,931,327 1,650,387,504
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		919,715,090	821,921,314
Deferred taxation	16	-	-
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables Interest / mark-up accrued on borrowings Short-term borrowings	17 18	154,857,072 11,056,882 938,165,147 1,104,079,101	121,352,424 7,431,529 699,682,237 828,466,190
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	19		
Total Equity and Liabilities		2,023,794,191	1,650,387,504

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements



# **PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT**

For the year ended June 30, 2017

	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Sales	20	2,537,686,396	2,119,458,593
Cost of goods sold Gross profit	21	(2,227,714,382) 309,972,014	(1,864,273,828) 255,184,765
Distribution cost	22	(22,527,833)	(11,977,433)
Administrative expenses	23	(66,997,548)	(83,369,116)
Other operating expense	24	(12,457,656)	(3,856,475)
Finance cost	25	(50,473,856)	(76,361,386)
Other income	26	1,554,861	340,972
Profit before taxation		159,069,982	79,961,327
Taxation Profit after taxation	27	(30,740,354)	(21,073,068) 58,888,259
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		128,329,628	58,888,259
Earnings per share - Basic and diluted	28	1.63	0.75

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements



# **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

For the year ended June 30, 2017

		2017	2016
		Rupees	Rupees
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
	Profit before taxation	159,069,982	79,961,327
	Adjustments for		
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	29,902,841	31,752,547
	Finance cost	50,473,856	76,361,386
	Provision for doubtful debts and other receivables	20,926,938	25,709,821
	Provision for slow moving stores	250,889	-
	Reversal of provision for doubtful debts Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(5,848,800) (602,998)	-
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment  Gain on remeasurement of investment at market value	(10,998)	(39,179)
	Operating cash flows before movement in working capital	254,161,710	213,745,902
	(Increase) / decrease in current assets		
	Stores, spares and loose tools	76,029	741,214
	Stock-in-trade	(31,117,181)	22,398,356
	Trade debts	(209,433,853)	134,581,472
	Loans and advances	(5,458,340)	(1,437,417)
	Trade deposits Other receivables	(21,064,238)	159,229 (26,227,556)
	Sales tax refundable	(16,735,993)	10,398,015
	Increase in current liabilities	(10,733,773)	10,570,015
	Trade and other payables	33,504,648	20,713,868
	Cook flow, concepted from anomations	(240,117,331)	161,327,181 375,073,083
	Cash flow generated from operations	14,044,379	3/3,0/3,063
	Income tax paid	(59,441,679)	(34,109,702)
	Interest / markup paid	(46,848,503)	(83,628,254)
	Long term deposit refund  Net cash flows (used in) / generated from operating activities	(92,245,803)	5,000 257,340,127
	rvet cash nows (used in) / generated from operating activities	(72,243,003)	237,340,127
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(80,330,196)	(4,450,045)
	Proceed from disposal of property, plant and equipment	668,800	(14 500 000)
	Term deposit certificates Net cash flows used in investing activities	(6,150,000) (85,811,396)	(14,500,000) (18,950,045)
	•	(03,011,370)	(10,730,043)
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
	Short-term borrowings obtained / (reduced)	405,272,087	(321,069,077)
	Short term advances obtained	-	97,500,000
	Short term advances repaid Dividend paid	(30,535,852)	(97,500,000)
	Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities	374,736,235	(321,069,077)
	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	196,679,036	(82,678,995)
	Cash and cash equivalents at July 01	(304,559,375)	(221,880,380)
	Cash and cash equivalents at June 30	(107,880,339)	(304,559,375)
	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash and bank balances	34,713,560	4,823,701
	Short term running finance	(142,593,899)	(309,383,076)
		(107,880,339)	(304,559,375)
<b>-</b>			
Iho	annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements		

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements



# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended June 30, 2017

	lssued, subscribed & paid up capital	Unappropriated profit	Total
		Rupees	
Balance at July 1, 2015	785,201,270	(22,168,215)	763,033,055
Comprehensive income			
Profit for the year ended June 30, 2016 Other comprehensive income - net of tax		58,888,259	58,888,259
	-	58,888,259	58,888,259
Balance at June 30, 2016	785,201,270	36,720,044	821,921,314
Comprehensive income			
Profit for the year ended June 30, 2017	-	128,329,628	128,329,628
Other comprehensive income - net of tax	_	_	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	128,329,628	128,329,628
Transaction with owners;			
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2016 @ 5% i.e Re. 0.5 per share	-	(30,535,852)	(30,535,852)
Balance at June 30, 2017	785,201,270	134,513,820	919,715,090

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements



#### **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For the year ended June 30, 2017

#### I. GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1.1 Siddiqsons Tin Plate Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan on January 29, 1996 as public company limited by shares under the Companies Ordinance 1984. The shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. Registered office of the Company is situated at Siddiqsons Tower, 7th Floor, Plot # 3, J.C.H. Society, Block 7 & 8, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi in the province of Sindh and the tin plate plant is located at Winder Industrial Estate in the province of Balochistan. The canning plant is located at Malir, Karachi in the province of Sindh. The principal activity of the company is manufacturing and sale of tin plates, cans and other steel products and trading of refined chromite.
- **1.2** The financial statements are presented in Pak Rupee which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

During the year, the Companies Act, 2017 was enacted on May 30, 2017 and came into force at once. Subsequently Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) has notified through Circular No. 17 of July 20, 2017 that companies whose financial year closes on or before June 30, 2017 shall prepare their financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. Therefore, these financial statements have been prepared under the Companies Ordinance 1984.

## 2.2 New accounting standards / amendments and IFRS interpretations that are effective for the year ended June 30, 2017

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are effective for the year ended June 30, 2017. These standards, interpretations and the amendments are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

#### Standards/Amendments/Interpretations

Effective for periods beginning on or after

Amendments to IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements', IFRS 12 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities' and IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' - Investment Entities: Applying the consolidation exception

January 1, 2016

Amendments to IFRS 11 'Joint Arrangements' - Accounting for acquisitions of interests in joint operations

January 1, 2016



#### **Effective for periods** Standards/Amendments/Interpretations beginning on or after Amendments to IAS I 'Presentation of Financial Statements' -Disclosure initiative January 1, 2016 Amendments to IAS 16 'Property Plant and Equipment' and IAS 38 'Intangible Assets' - Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization January 1, 2016 Amendments to IAS 16 'Property Plant and Equipment' and IAS 41 'Agriculture' - Measurement of bearer plants January 1, 2016 Amendments to IAS 27 'Separate Financial Statements' - Equity method in separate financial statements January 1, 2016

#### 2.3 New accounting standards / amendments and IFRS interpretations that are not yet effective:

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are only effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These standards, interpretations and the amendments are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

#### Standards/Amendments/Interpretations

# Effective for periods beginning on or after

Amendments to IFRS 2 'Share-based Payment' - Clarification on the classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions Ja

January 1, 2018

Amendments to IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' and IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' - Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture

Effective from accounting period beginning on or after a date to be determined. Earlier application is permitted.

Amendments to IAS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' - Amendments as a result of the disclosure initiative

January 1, 2017

Amendments to IAS 12 'Income Taxes' - Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses

January 1, 2017

Amendments to IAS 40 'Investment Property': Clarification on transfers of property to or from investment property

January 01, 2018. Earlier application is permitted.

IFRIC 22 'Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration': Provides guidance on transactions where consideration against Eanon-monetary prepaid asset / deferred income is denominated in foreign currency.

': January 01, 2018.
Earlier application is permitted.

IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments': Clarifies the accounting treatment in relation to determination of taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12 'Income Taxes'.

January 1, 2019



Other than the aforesaid standards, interpretations and amendments, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

IFRS I – First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments

IFRS 14 – Regulatory Deferral Accounts

IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 16 – Leases

IFRS 17 – Insurance Contracts

- **2.4** The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except that certain financial instruments are stated at fair value.
- **2.5** The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below:

#### 2.5. I Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

Assets residual values, if significant and their useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

Depreciation is charged using reducing balance method over its estimated useful life at the rates specified in note 3.1. Depreciation is charged from the month in which asset is available for use and up to the month preceding the month of disposal.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized.

Gains or losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment, if any, are recognized as and when incurred, to profit and loss account.

Capital work in progress (CWIP) is stated at cost less impairment loss (if any).

All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under capital work-in-progress. These are transferred to specific assets as and when these assets are available for use.

#### 2.5.2 Stores, spares and loose tools

These are valued at the cost. The cost is determined on moving average basis less allowance for obsolete and slow moving items, if any. Stores and spares in transit are stated at invoice values plus other charges incurred thereon up to balance sheet date.

#### 2.5.3 Stock in trade

Stock-in-trade are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value on the following basis: -

Raw material At weighted average cost Finished goods At average manufacturing cost

Waste At net realizable value

Cost in relation to items in transit represent invoice value and other charges incurred upto balance sheet date.



Average cost signifies, in relation to finished goods, the average manufacturing cost including related direct overheads.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business less estimated cost of completion and the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

#### 2.5.4 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment, if any. A provision for impairment is established when there is an objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. Trade debts and other receivables considered irrecoverable are written off.

#### 2.5.5 Financial Assets

The Company classifies the financial assets in the following categories;

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

These include investments held for trading and those that are designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss at inception. Investments are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. They are initially measured at fair value and changes on re-measurement are taken to profit and loss account.

#### Available for sale investment

For available-for-sale financial investments, the Company besides considering the criteria mentioned above assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that an investment or a group of investments is impaired. In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the investment below its cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss - measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the income statement - is removed from equity and recognised in the profit and loss account. Impairment losses on equity investments are not reversed through the profit and loss account; increases in their fair value after impairment are recognised directly in equity.

#### **Held to maturity**

Held to maturity investments are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity that the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold till maturity. Held to maturity investments are initially recognized at cost inclusive of transaction cost and are subsequently carried at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

#### **Loans and Receivables**

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than twelve months after the balance sheet date, which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables comprise trade debts, loans, advances, deposits, interest accrued, other receivables and cash and bank balances in the balance sheet.



#### Regular way purchase or sale of investment

All purchases and sales of investment are recognized using trade date accounting. Trade date is the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the investment.

#### **Derecognition**

All investments are de-recognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

#### 2.5.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand, balances with banks and short-term running finance under mark-up arrangements.

#### 2.5.7 Employee benefit cost

#### **Defined Contribution Plan**

The Company operates an approved funded contributory provident fund scheme for all its employees eligible for benefit. Equal monthly contributions are made both by the Company and its employees at the rate of 10% per annum of the basic salary. The Company's contribution to the fund is charged to profit and loss account for the year.

#### 2.5.8 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are recognised initially at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

#### 2.5.9 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

#### 2.5.10 Impairment

#### **Financial assets**

A financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset. Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics.



#### Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets other than inventories and deferred tax asset (if any), are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised, as an expense in the profit and loss account, for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use.

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. When impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised recoverable amount but limited to the extent of initial cost of the asset. Reversal of impairment loss, if any, is recognised as income.

#### 2.5.11 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and de-recognized when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial asset and in case of financial liability when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

Other particular recognition methods adopted by the Company are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item of financial instruments.

#### 2.5.12 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet, if the Company has a legal enforceable right to set off the transaction and also intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 2.5.13 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business.

Sales of goods are recognized upon transfer of significant risk or rewards of ownership.

Interest income is accrued on a time apportioned basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the shareholders' right to receive payment have been established.

Capital gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are included in the profit and loss account in the period in which the transaction takes place.



Unrealized capital gain / (losses) arising on mark to market of investment classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit and loss - held for trading' are included in the profit and loss account in the year in which they arise.

#### 2.5.14 Taxation

#### **Current**

The charge for current taxation is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Management periodically evaluates position taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### **Deferred**

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method for all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax losses, if any, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit or taxable temporary differences will be available against which such temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### 2.5.15 Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pak. Rupees using the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transaction. At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the balance sheet date except where forward exchange contracts have been entered into for repayment of liabilities, in that case, the rates contracted for are used.

Gains and losses arising on retranslation are included in net profit or loss for the period.

#### 2.5.16 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.



#### 2.5.17 Dividend and other appropriations

The dividend is recognized as liability in the year in which it is approved. Appropriations of profit are reflected in the statement of changes in equity in the year in which such appropriations are made.

#### 2.5.18 Critical accounting estimates and judgments in applying the Company's accounting policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which estimates are revised and in any future period affected. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Company's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

- Useful lives and impairment of property, plant and equipment (note 3.1);
- Provision against slow moving stores, spares and loose tools (note 5);
- Provision against doubtful debts and receivables (note 7 & 11) and
- Provision for taxation and deferred tax (note 15 and 26)

As described at 3.1, the Company reviews the estimated useful lives and depreciation rates of property, plant and equipment at the end of each balance sheet date. During the financial year, the management determined that the useful life and depreciation rates are same as reported in prior years.

3.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	Operating fixed assets Capital work in progress	3.1 3.2	591,281,345 79,043,847 670,325,192	616,519,792 3,443,847 619,963,639



# 3.1 Operating fixed assets

erating fixed assets	Cost at		Cost at	Accumulated	Depreciation	Accumulated	Carrying	Depreciation
Particulars	July 01, 2016	Additions / (disposals)	June 30, 2017	depreciation at July 01, 2016	eciation for the year / July 01, on disposal 2016	depreciation at June 30, 2017	value at June 30, 2017	Rate %
Leasehold land	7,533,750		7,533,750		,	•	7,533,750	
Buildings on leasehold land	142,200,670	•	142,200,670	112,281,003	2,991,967	115,272,970	26,927,700	01
Plant and machinery	1,040,110,064	3,650,668	1,043,760,732	504,799,381	21,522,375	526,321,756	517,438,976	4
Power and other installations	87,828,425	•	87,828,425	66,536,680	2,129,174	68,665,854	19,162,571	01
Factory equipment	16,151,484	80,000	16,231,484	11,878,069	435,341	12,313,410	3,918,074	01
Generators	13,576,327	•	13,576,327	9,715,191	386,116	10,101,307	3,475,020	01
Office equipment	10,820,235	567,324	11,387,559	5,751,537	545,467	6,297,004	5,090,555	01
Data processing equipment	6,209,537	432,204	6,641,741	4,948,337	441,266	5,389,603	1,252,138	33
Furniture and fixtures	4,482,963	•	4,482,963	3,108,755	137,421	3,246,176	1,236,787	01
Vehicles	31,920,284	(880,500)	31,039,784	25,294,994	1,313,714 (814,698)	25,794,010	5,245,774	20
I	1,360,833,739	4,730,196 1	4,730,196 1,364,683,435 (880,500)	744,313,947	29,902,841 (814,698)	773,402,090	591,281,345	

# 3.1.1 Allocation of depreciation

Cost of goods sold Administrative expenses

2016 Rupees	28,828,760	2,923,787 31,752,547	
2017 Rupees	27,464,973	29,902,841	
Note	20.1	77	

# For comparative period

Particulars	Cost at July 01, 2015	Additions / (disposals)	Cost at June 30, 2016	Accumulated depreciation at July 01, 2015	Depreciation for the year	Accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2016	Carrying value at June 30, 2016	Depreciation Rate %
Leasehold land	7,533,750	,	7,533,750	Kupe¢	Kupees	,	7,533,750	ı
Buildings on leasehold land	142,200,670	1	142,200,670	108,956,596	3,324,407	112,281,003	29,919,667	0
Plant and machinery	1,037,558,693	2,551,371	2,551,371 1,040,110,064	482,534,172	22,265,209	504,799,381	535,310,683	4
Power and other installations	87,828,425	1	87,828,425	64,170,931	2,365,749	66,536,680	21,291,745	01
Factory equipment	15,055,488	1,095,996	16,151,484	11,433,689	444,380	11,878,069	4,273,415	01
Generators	13,576,327	1	13,576,327	9,286,176	429,015	9,715,191	3,861,136	01
Office equipment	10,223,491	596,744	10,820,235	5,216,166	535,371	5,751,537	5,068,698	01
Data processing equipment	6,003,603	205,934	6,209,537	4,368,933	579,404	4,948,337	1,261,200	33
Furniture and fixtures	4,482,963	1	4,482,963	2,956,065	152,690	3,108,755	1,374,208	01
Vehicles	31,920,284	ı	31,920,284	23,638,672	1,656,322	25,294,994	6,625,290	20
	1,356,383,694	4,450,045	4,450,045 1,360,833,739	712,561,400	31,752,547	744,313,947	616,519,792	



3.2 Capital work in progress	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Opening balance Advance against land	3.2.1	3,443,847 75,600,000 79,043,847	3,443,847 - 3,443,847

**3.2.1** This amount is paid against the provisional allotment of land in National Industrial Park, Bin Qasim, Karachi.

#### 3.3 Disposal of property, plant and equipment

Particulars	Nature / Mode of disposal	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying value	Sale proceed	Name and Address
			Rupe	es		
2017	Vehicle disposed through negotiation	880,500	(814,698)	65,802	668,800	Muhammad Shaban, House#D-96, Alfalah Housing Society, Malir halt, Karachi
2016		_	-	-	-	ram ram, ramaem

4.	LONG TERM DEPOSITS	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	For electricity Others	4.1	7,179,250 2,500 7,181,750	7,179,250 3,313,288 10,492,538
	4.1 Movement of other long term deposit Opening balance Transfer to other recievable	4.2	3,313,288 (3,310,788) 2,500	3,313,288

**4.2** This represents security deposit, for a suit filed in the Superior Court of Justice in Ontairo, Canada (refer 19.1),that has been subsequently recovered.



		Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
5.	STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS			
	Stores, spares and loose tools Less: Provision for slow-moving and obsolete items	5.1	21,283,318 (7,349,954) 13,933,364	21,359,347 (7,099,065) 14,260,282
	5.1 Provision for slow moving and obsolete items			
	Opening balance Provision made during the year Closing balance		7,099,065 250,889 7,349,954	7,099,065
6.	STOCK-IN-TRADE			
	Raw material - Tinplate in hand in transit		147,636,270	100,705,442 96,658,309
	Raw material - Chromite in hand		16,389,080	27,389,035
	Finished goods - Tinplate tin cans scrap		326,779,330 1,484,116 1,187,090 329,450,536	256,946,445 1,044,200 11,833,360 269,824,005
	Finished goods - Chromite			
	in hand in transit		33,055,479 - 526,531,365	410,152 427,241 495,414,184
7.	TRADE DEBTS			
	- Considered good			
	Local - unsecured Foreign		487,000,772 28,787,394	279,426,809 21,496,632
	- Considered doubtful			
	Local - unsecured Less: Provision for doubtful debts	7.3	5,024,652 (5,024,652)	10,455,524 (10,455,524)
			515,788,166	300,923,441

- **7.1** Trade debts are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30 to 60 days terms.
- **7.2** The Company makes provision against all trade debts over 2 years based on historical experience that receivables beyond 2 years are generally not recovered.



7.3 Movement in provision for doubtful debts	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Opening balance		10,455,524	9,745,703
Charge during the year		417,928	709,821
Reversal of provision		(5,848,800)	-
Net reversal	23	(5,430,872)	709,821
Closing balance		5,024,652	10,455,524

- **7.3.1** Provision for doubtful debts represents individually impaired trade debts with a total balance of Rs.5,024,652 (2016: Rs. 10,455,524). The Company does not hold any collateral against these balances.
- 7.4 Included in the trade debts balance are debtors with a carrying amount of Rs. 0.81 million (2016: Rs. 0.78 million) which are past due at the reporting date for which the Company has not made any provision as the amounts are still considered recoverable. The Company does not hold any collateral against these balances.

			Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	7.4.I	Ageing of past due but not impaired	Note	Rupees	Nupees
		91-180 days 181-365 days Above 365 days		24,159 122,482 668,544	7,705 100,747 676,156
8.	ADVA	NCE INCOME TAX			
	Advand Provisi	ce tax on for taxation	27	153,103,559 (30,740,354) 122,363,205	114,734,948 (21,073,068) 93,661,880
9.	LOAN	IS AND ADVANCES			
	Consi	dered good			
	Loan t	o employees		1,154,960	201,200
	Advar	ices			
		pliers t expenses s of credit fee and expenses		4,264,069 2,954,875 2,162,710 9,381,654 10,536,614	2,087,926 2,292,016 497,132 4,877,074 5,078,274



10.	TRADE DEPOSITS	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	Deposit for bank gurantee margin Prepayments	10.1 & 10.2	19,475,800 853,391	-
	Security deposits for Containers Tenders Gas connections		3,253,219 351,392 488,271 24,422,073	2,393,172 476,392 488,271 3,357,835

- 10.1 An application was filed in the National Tariff Commission of Pakistan (NTC) to impose anti-dumping duty on import of Cold Rolled Coils (CRC) from selected countries, which happened to be the raw material of the company. The Commission imposed an anti-dumping duty at the rate of 19.5% on such imports from selected countries. The company challenged the decision of the Commission in the Appellate Tribunal of the Commission as well as in the High Court of Sindh. The court has granted stay order against decision of the Commission and directed the company to issue 100% cash margin guarantee for the anti-dumping duty.
  - **10.2** These includes 12.5 million guarantee submitted for infrastructure cess (refer note 19.3).

		Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
11.	TERM DEPOSIT CERTIFICATE	11.1	20,650,000	14,500,000

11.1 Term depost certificates are held for the maturity period of six month on roll over basis and carries interest rate 5.25% (2016: 5.25%). These are lien marked for the purpose of antidumping duty and infrastuctures cess (refer 10.1 and 10.2)

12.	OTHER RECEIVABLES	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	Receivable against quality and quantity claims Receivable against breach of contracts Other receivable		56,998,643 784,046 7,153,068 64,935,757	69,544,010 2,192,556 
	Considered good Considered doubtful Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	12.1	19,426,747 45,509,010 64,935,757 (45,509,010) 19,426,747	26,227,556 45,509,010 71,736,566 (25,000,000) 46,736,566

12.1 This amount relates to an advance paid to a foreign supplier against which the Company has filed a suit in a Court in Malaysia. In 2013, the Court passed a decree in favor of the Company. However, based on assessment of irrecoverability of the amount, the Company has made full provision against this amount.



#### 13. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

- Investments in equity securities at fair value through profit or loss

In quoted companies

	2017 No. of s	2016 shares		Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	8,538 666 9,204	8,538 666 9,204	National Bank of Pakistan Summit Bank Limited		503,827 2,744 506,571	493,583 1,990 495,573
14	. CASH AND	BANK BALAN	ICES			
	Cash in hand Balances with Current accou				294,739	45,034
	<ul> <li>Local currer</li> <li>Saving account</li> </ul>	ncy		14.1	28,429,554 5,205,813	4,244,496 534,171

14.1 Effective mark-up rate in respect of saving accounts range from 3.75% to 4.5% (2016: 2.5% to 6%) per annum.

#### 15. SHARE CAPITAL

- Foreign currency

2017 Number o	2016 of Shares		2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
300,000,000	300,000,000	Authorized Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000
47,351,200	47,351,200	Issued, subscribed and paid up capital Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/-each fully paid in cash	473,512,000	473,512,000
31,168,927 78,520,127	31,168,927 78,520,127	_lssued as fully paid bonus shares =	311,689,270 785,201,270	311,689,270 785,201,270

- An associated undertaking, Siddiqsons Limited hold 11,980,481 (2016: 11,970,481) ordinary shares at the year end.
- The Company has one class of ordinary shares which carry no right to fixed income. The shareholders are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.
- The Company has no reserved shares under options and sales contracts.



33,635,367

34,713,560

783,454

4,778,667

4,823,701

			2017	2016
16.	DEFERRED TAXATION	Note	Rupees	Rupees
10.	DEFENICE TAXATION			
	Deferred taxation	16.1		
	16.1 Deferred taxation			
	This comprises the following: -			
	Deferred tax liabilities on taxable temporary difference arising in respect of :	es		
	Accelerated rate of depreciation Other financial assets Deferred tax assets on deductible temporary difference arising in respect of:	e	132,599,921 3,218	139,405,329 46,566
	Unabsorbed tax losses Provision for doubtful debts Provision for doubtful other receivables Provision for slow moving stores Deferred tax assets due to change in tax rate		(170,069,144) (1,470,125) (13,315,139) (95,650) (376,699)	(171,197,472) (3,187,698) (7,595,000) (2,164,375) (376,699)
	Net deferred tax asset is not recognized in view of nor of sufficient future taxable profits	n availability	(185,326,757) (52,723,618) 52,723,618	(184,521,244) (45,069,349) 45,069,349
17.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Creditors Infrastructure cess Accrued liabilities Advance from customers and others Workers Profit Participation Fund Workers' Welfare Fund	17.1 17.2	27,774,600 73,182,469 13,207,002 9,554,059 8,575,968 15,057,536	22,566,657 68,000,000 10,321,553 3,411,147 2,866,994 11,190,662
	Withholding tax Unclaimed dividend		1,854,044 5,651,394 154,857,072	1,636,245 1,359,166 121,352,424



- 17.1 Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on thirty day terms.
- 17.2 This represents provision for Sindh Development and Infrastructure Fee and Duty which was levied by the Excise and Tax Department on goods entering or leaving the province through air or sea at prescribed rate under Sindh Finance Ordinance, 2001. The levy was initially challenged by the Company along with other companies in the High Court of Sindh after which several proceedings were held. Through the interim order passed on May 31, 2011 the High Court of Sindh has ordered that for every consignment cleared after December 28, 2006, 50% of the value of infrastructure fee should be paid in cash and a bank guarantee for the remaining amount should be submitted until the final order is passed. The management is confident for a favorable outcome however, as a matter of prudence Company has paid 50% of the value of infrastructure fee in cash and recorded liability for the remaining amount which is supported by a bank guarantee.

17.3 Workers Profit Participation Fund	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Balance at July 01		2,866,994	793,405
Allocation for the year		8,590,782	2,004,642
Interest on funds utilized in the Company's business	17.3.1	121,741	68,947
Paid to the fund		(3,003,549)	-
Balance at June 30		8,575,968	2,866,994

17.3.1 Interest has been charged @ 8.7% (2016: 11.19%) per annum.

#### 18. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

#### **Secured**

From banking companies

Finance against imports - foreign currency	18.2	745,571,248	390,299,161
Running finances under markup arrangements	18.3	142,593,899	309,383,076
Export finance	18.4	50,000,000	-
		938,165,147	699,682,237

**18.1** The aggregate unavailed-short term borrowing facilities amounts to Rs. 1,164.83 (2016: Rs. 1,300.32 million) as of the balance sheet date.



- **18.2** These are secured against hypothecation on fixed assets, stock in trade, stores and spares, trade debts, promissory notes and charge on present and future current assets of the Company and lien on import documents. Foreign currency loan are subject to mark-up based on LIBOR ranging between 2.7% to 3.9% (2016: 3.26% to 6.2%) per annum.
- **18.3** These are secured against charge on fixed assets, stock, stores and spares, trade debts and present and future current assets of the Company and are subject to the mark-up ranging between 7.04% to 8.26% (2016 : 7.7% to 8.69%) per annum.
- **18.4** These are secured against charge on fixed assets, stock, trade debts and are subject to the mark-up of 3% per annum.

#### 19. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 19.1 Contingencies

The legal suit filed against a supplier in Ontairo Superior Court of Justice in Canada on November 15, 2010 for quality claim amounting to Rs. 130.8 million plus interest and litigation costs. A statement of defence and counterclaim was filed by the supplier on May 13, 2011 amounting to Rs. 282.6 million plus interest and litigation costs. However, the case has been withdrawn by the company and the conunter party. and related deposits has been reimbursed from the court subsequently.

19.2 Prior to certain amendments made through Finance Acts of 2006 & 2008, Worker Welfare Fund (WWF) was levied at 2% of the total income assessable under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 excluding incomes falling under the Final Tax Regime (FTR). An amendment was made in Section 4 of the WWF Ordinance, 1971 (the Ordinance) whereby WWF liability was required at 2% of the higher of the profit before taxation as per the accounts or declared income as per the return.

Aggrieved by the amendments made through the Finance Act, certain stakeholders filed petition against the changes in the Lahore High Court which struck down the aforementioned amendments to the WWF Ordinance in 2011. However, other stakeholders also filed the petition in the Sindh High Court which, in 2013, decided the petition against the stakeholders. Appeal has been filled before the Supreme Court of Pakistan against the decision of the Sindh High Court. During the year, Supreme Court of Pakistan has passed an order dated November 10, 2016 that the Workers' Welfare Fund (WWF) is a fee, not a tax. Hence, the amendments made through Finance Act, 2006 and 2008 have been declared invalid in the said order. The company consulted with their legal counsel on this matter and understand that there has been a review petition filed against this decision which is pending for hearing. Considering this development, the company has decided to maintain the said provision in the financial statements until the final conclusion of the matter.



		Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	19.3 Commitments			
	Letters of credit for import of raw material Bank guarantee in favour of Excise and		525,680,568	154,352,364
	Taxation department. (Refer 17.2)		73,182,469	68,000,000
20.	SALES			
	Sales			
	Local			
	Tinplate		2,546,888,423	2,350,390,368
	Cans		118,413,187	130,323,749
	Emant		2,665,301,610	2,480,714,117
	Export Tinplate		57,256,343	17,255,582
	Chromite		224,858,315	17,737,867
			282,114,658	34,993,449
	Total Sales		2,947,416,268	2,515,707,566
	Less : Commission and discounts		(18,559,246)	(21,988,807)
	Sales return		(6,412,013)	(27,732,837)
	Sales tax		(384,758,613)	(346,527,329)
			(409,729,872)	(396,248,973)
			2,537,686,396	2,119,458,593
21.	COST OF GOODS SOLD			
	Cost of goods manufactured - Tinplate	21.1	1,705,092,038	1,818,042,215
	Finished goods			
	Opening stock		269,824,005	293,138,752
	Purchase of finished goods		390,786,391	8,355,974
			2,365,702,434	2,119,536,941
	Closing Stock		(329,450,536)	(269,824,005)
			2,036,251,898	1,849,712,936
	Cost of goods manufactured - Chromite	21.2	224,107,811	15,398,285
	Finished stocks			
	Opening stock		410,152	
			224,517,963	15,398,285
	Closing Stock		(33,055,479)	(837,393)
			191,462,484	14,560,892
			2,227,714,382	1,864,273,828



		2017	2016
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
21.10 ( ( ) 1 ( ) 1 ( ) 1 ( )			
21.1 Cost of goods manufactured - Tinplate			
Raw material - Tinplate	21.1.1	1,479,884,256	1,585,722,893
Salaries, wages and benefits	21.1.2	108,654,152	108,948,137
Fuel and power		59,085,230	64,520,716
Packing materials		3,544,096	4,993,398
Stores and spares		4,220,327	5,523,451
Sorting, slitting and cutting		3,009,466	2,161,239
Rent, rates and taxes		1,518,000	1,781,000
Repairs and maintenance		4,422,554	1,614,011
Insurance		3,267,656	3,245,454
Transportation		2,170,215	2,755,718
Traveling and conveyance		4,366,383	5,011,283
Printing and stationery		158,619	146,631
Fees and subscription		316,505	25,500
Communication		443,981	475,582
Entertainment		285,562	85,801
Security expenses		1,110,960	1,272,168
Depreciation	3.1.1	27,464,973	28,828,760
Printing charges - canning		75,000	-
Provision for slow moving stores and spares		250,889	-
Other manufacturing cost		843,214	930,473
		1,705,092,038	1,818,042,215
21.1.1 Raw material consumed - Tinplate			
Opening stock		100,705,442	224,673,788
Purchase and related expenses		1,526,815,084	1,461,754,547
		1,627,520,526	1,686,428,335
Closing stock		(147,636,270)	(100,705,442)
		1,479,884,256	1,585,722,893

**21.1.2** This includes employees' retirement benefits of Rs. 3,482,193 (2016: Rs. 3,303,259).

#### 21.2 Cost of goods manufactured - Chromite

Raw material - Chromite	21.2.1	217,288,547	14,733,172
Salaries, wages and benefits		3,119,834	-
Fuel and power		1,540,255	551,113
Other manufacturing cost		2,159,175	114,000
		224,107,811	15,398,285



22.	21.2.1 Raw material consumed - Chromite  Opening stock Purchase and related expenses  Closing stock  DISTRIBUTION COST	Note	2017 Rupees  27,389,035 206,288,592 233,677,627 (16,389,080) 217,288,547	2016 Rupees  - 42,122,207 42,122,207 (27,389,035) 14,733,172
	Salaries and benefits Traveling Transportation Frieght outward and clearing charges - chromite Inspection and other charges - chromite Advertisement Sales promotion Communication expense Others	22.1	6,598,936 601,528 5,948,607 5,462,647 1,887,464 275,656 1,412,869 42,751 297,375 22,527,833	6,479,562 1,089,209 3,520,208 - - 254,604 191,000 - 442,850 11,977,433

22.1 This includes employees' retirement benefits amounting to Rs. 228,820 (2016: Rs. 258,156).

#### 23. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Salaries and benefits	23.1	31,286,669	24,014,421
Traveling and conveyance		4,381,429	2,228,951
Vehicles running and maintenance		3,119,914	3,170,017
Depreciation	3.1.1	2,437,868	2,923,787
Communication		274,608	469,242
Printing and stationery		787,514	629,775
Repairs and maintenance		299,538	410,680
Entertainment		376,321	330,686
Auditors' remuneration	23.2	1,055,000	1,055,000
Insurance		594,730	606,996
Fees and subscription		2,814,207	7,079,314
Rent, rates and taxes		201,550	161,800
Legal and professional		395,726	14,094,494
Charity and donation		205,000	-
Service charges		2,603,603	-
Provision against doubtful debts and other receivables	7.3 & 12	15,078,138	25,709,821
Others		1,085,733	484,132
		66,997,548	83,369,116

23.1 This includes employees' retirement benefits of Rs. 1,058,220 (2016: Rs. 991,287).



	Note	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
		Nupees	Nupees
	23.2 Auditors' remuneration		
	Annual audit	600,000	600,000
	Half yearly accounts review	200,000	200,000
	Review of compliance of Code of Corporate governance	30,000	30,000
	CDC certification	45,000	45,000
	Tax and other services	100,000	100,000
	Out of pocket expenses	80,000	80,000
		1,055,000	1,055,000
24.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES		
	Provision for workers' welfare fund	3,866,874	1,851,833
	Provision for workers' profits participation fund	8,590,782	2,004,642
		12,457,656	3,856,475
25.	FINANCE COST		
	Interest / mark-up on:		
	Short-term borrowings	46,979,458	52,179,417
	Workers profit participation fund	121,741	68,947
	Exchange (gain) / loss on borrowing - net	(2,182,011)	19,710,330
	Bank charges and commission	5,554,668 50,473,856	4,402,692 76,361,386
26.	OTHER INCOME		
	Income from financial assets		
	Profit on bank deposits	884,834	237,758
	Dividend income	56,031	64,035
	Gain on remeasurement of investment at market value	10,998	39,179
	Income from assets other than financial assets		
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	602,998	-
			240.072
		1,554,861	340,972

27.	TAXATION	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	Current charge Prior charge	30,992,653 (252,299) 30,740,354	21,194,586 (121,518) 21,073,068

27.1 Tax assessments of the Company has been amended for the tax years 2003, 2005, 2006 and 2008 under Section 122 of the Ordinance by the tax department. The Company contested the levy of tax by department on the ground that the Company was enjoying exemption under Clause 126 of Part I of Second Schedule to the Ordinance as levy of minimum tax is not applicable on the Company. Appeals are pending before Sindh High Court, Income Tax Appellate Tribunal (ITAT) and CIT (Appeals) respectively. The Company is confident that outcome will be in its favour. However, as a matter of prudence, tax provision of Rs. 7,791,094, Rs. 17,654,223, Rs. 15,710,252 and Rs. 18,472,182 for the respective tax years has been made in the financial statements under Section 113 of the Ordinance.

#### 27.2 Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit:

The numerical reconciliation between the average tax rate and the applicable tax rate has not been presented in these financial statements as the significant income of the Company attracts alternate corporate tax under Section 113C of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

#### 28. EARNINGS PER SHARE

#### -Basic and diluted

There is no dilutive effect of the basic earnings per share of the Company, which is computed as under:

	2017	2016
Profit for the year (Rupees)	128,329,628	58,888,259
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year	78,520,127	78,520,127
Earnings per share (Rupee)	1.63	0.75



#### 29. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise associated undertakings, other related group companies, directors of the Company, key management personnel and post employment benefit plans. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Amounts due from and to related parties and key management personnel, if any, are shown under receivables and payables. Remuneration of directors and key management personnel is disclosed in note 29. Other significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

Relationship with the Compa	any Nature of Transactions	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
An associated company Siddiqsons Limited	Expenses paid	460,932	273,043
	Short-term advance obtained		97,500,000
	Short-term advance repaid	-	97,500,000

#### 30. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

Directors	Executives	То	tal
		2017	2016
		Rupees	
4,179,992	12,227,490	16,407,482	10,102,265
1,520,008	4,446,390	5,966,398	6,734,844
140,001	1,060,436	1,200,437	779,656
593,122	2,174,627	2,767,749	2,469,703
47,497	370,898	418,395	284,074
6,480,620	20,279,841	26,760,461	20,370,542
2	П		
	4,179,992 1,520,008 140,001 593,122 47,497 6,480,620	4,179,992 12,227,490 1,520,008 4,446,390 140,001 1,060,436 593,122 2,174,627 47,497 370,898 6,480,620 20,279,841	A,179,992 12,227,490 16,407,482 1,520,008 4,446,390 5,966,398 140,001 1,060,436 1,200,437 593,122 2,174,627 2,767,749 47,497 370,898 418,395 6,480,620 20,279,841 26,760,461

**30.1** The directors and few executives are also provided free use of Company maintained cars.



31.	FINA	INCIAL INSTRUMENT AND RELATED DISCLOSURES	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
	31.1	Financial instruments by category		
		Financial assets		
		Loans and receivables		
		Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits Other receivables Cash and bank balances  Held to maturity Term deposit certificates Investment at fair value through profit or loss Other financial assets	515,788,166 1,154,960 23,568,682 19,426,747 34,713,560 594,652,115 20,650,000 506,571 615,808,686	300,923,441 201,200 17,857,835 46,736,566 4,823,701 370,542,743 14,500,000
		Financial liabilities		
		At amortized cost		
		Trade and other payables Interest / mark-up accrued on borrowings Short-term borrowings	27,774,600 11,056,882 938,165,147 976,996,629	22,566,657 7,431,529 699,682,237 729,680,423

#### 32. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's financial risk management. The responsibility includes developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. To assist the Board in discharging its oversight responsibility, management has been made responsible for identifying, monitoring and managing the Company's financial risk exposures. The Company's exposure to the risks associated with the financial instruments and the risk management policies and procedures are summarised as follows:

#### 32.1 Credit risk and concentration of credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss, without taking into account the fair value of any collateral. Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry. The Company does not have any significant exposure to customers from any single country or single customer.



Credit risk of the Company arises principally from trade debts, trade deposits, term deposit certificates and bank balances. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Trade debts	515,788,166	300,923,441
Loans and advances	1,154,960	201,200
Trade deposits	23,568,682	17,857,835
Term deposit certificates	20,650,000	14,500,000
Other receivables	19,426,747	46,736,566
Other financial assets	506,571	495,573
Bank balances	34,713,560	4,778,667
	615,808,686	385,493,282

The trade debts are due from local and foreign customers for sales. Management assesses the credit quality of local customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. As at the balance sheet date, there are past due trade debt balances which in management view are recoverable as disclosed in the notes. For bank balances and significant trade deposits, financial institutions with strong credit ratings are accepted, credit risk on bank balances and Term deposit certificates are limited as these are placed with banks having good credit ratings.

#### 32.1.1 Credit risk related to receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Credit limits are established for all customers based on past experience with the customer. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored and any shipments to major customers are generally covered by letters of credit.

In determining the recoverability of a trade debts, the Company considers any change in the credit quality of the trade debt from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The customer base is large and unrelated and does not have credit risk concentration.

The average age of receivables is 59 days (2016: 63 days).

The Company is not exposed to major concentration on credit risk. At June 30, 2017, the Company has approximately customers 15 (2016: 9 customers) that owed more than Rs. 10 million each and accounted for approximately 61.3% (2016: 42%) of all trade debts.

The Company does not hold collateral as security.

#### 32.1.2 Credit risk related to financial instruments and cash deposits

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counter parties are banks with reasonably high credit ratings i.e. AI + to AI in short term and AAA to A for long term.



#### 32.2 Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or would have difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and bank balances and availability of financing through banking arrangements, which includes short-term borrowings. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments, excluding the impact of netting agreements:

Financial liabilities in accordance with their contractual maturities are presented below:

	Inter	est/markup Bear	ring	Non-Interest/markup Bearing		Total	
	Maturity within one year	Maturity after one year	Sub-total	Maturity within one year	Maturity after one year	Sub-total	
				June 30, 2017 Rupees			
Financial Liabilities				Nupees			
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	56,187,055	-	56,187,055	56,187,055
Interest / mark-up accrued	-	-	-	11,056,882	-	11,056,882	11,056,882
Short-term borrowings	938,165,147	-	938,165,147	-	-	-	938,165,147
=	938,165,147	-	938,165,147	67,243,937	-	67,243,937	1,005,409,084
				June 30, 2016			
Financial Liabilities				nupees			
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	37,658,523	-	37,658,523	37,658,523
Interest / mark-up accrued	-	-	-	7,431,529	-	7,431,529	7,431,529
Short-term borrowings	699,682,237	-	699,682,237	=	-	-	699,682,237
-	699,682,237	-	699,682,237	45,090,052	-	45,090,052	744,772,289

#### 32.3 Market risk management

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimising returns.

#### **Price risk**

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.



The Company is exposed to equity price risks arising from equity investments. Equity investment are held for trading purpose. At the year end Company's equity investment balance is of insignificant amount.

#### Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rate at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss account.

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher or lower and all other variables were held constant, the Company's profit before taxation for the year ended would increase/decrease by Rs.4,690,826 (2016: Rs. 3,498,411). This is mainly attributable to the Company's exposure to interest rates on its variable rate borrowings.

#### **Currency risk**

Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions with foreign undertakings. As at June 30, 2017, Rs.28,787,394 (2016: 21,469,632) were receivable in respect of foreign debtors and Rs.745,571,248 (2016: Rs. 390,299,161) were payable in respect of foreign currency bills and foreign currency borrowings.

In respect of other monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, the Company ensures that its net exposure is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates when necessary to address short-term imbalances.

#### Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

At June 30, 2017, if the Rupee had strengthen/weakened by 5% against the US dollar with all other variables held constant, profit before taxation (2016: loss before taxation) for the year would have been decrease/increase by Rs.37,278,562 (2016: Rs. 19,514,958). This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis as in 2016.

#### 32.4 Fair value estimation

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels I to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level I fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As at June 30, 2016, short term investment was categorised in level 1 (2015: level 1).

There were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 in the year.



#### 33. OPERATING SEGMENTS

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment. The information with respect to major items of sales and customers are stated below:

Sales of tin plate products represents 92.37% (2016: 99.29%) of total sales of chromite refined is 7.63% of total sales of the Company.

2017

Rupees

2016

Rupees (Audited)

52,354,599 40,795,490 52,354,599

78%

Out of total sales of the Company 90.43% (2016: 98.61%) relates to customers in Pakistan.

All non-current assets of the Company as at June 30, 2017 are located in Pakistan.

#### 34. PROVIDENT FUND RELATED DISCLOSURE

The following information is based on latest un-audited financial statements of the Fund:

		(Un-audited)
a)	Size of the fund - Total assets	51,892,140
	Cost of investments made	38,533,411
	Fair value of investments	51,892,140
	Percentage of investments made (%)	74%

b) The investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 227 of Companies Ordinance 1984 and the rules formulated for the purpose.

#### 35. CAPITAL DISCLOSURE

The Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital are as follows:

- The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.
- The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and bene?ts for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.
- Consistently with others in the industry, the Company monitors capital on the basis of the debtto-adjusted capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by adjusted capital. Net debt is calculated as total debt (as shown in the balance sheet) less cash and bank balances. Adjusted capital comprises of net debts and all components of equity (i.e. share capital and unappropriated profit).
- The Company's strategy is to maintain its debt-to-adjusted capital ratio between 40% to 50%. The debt-to-adjusted capital ratios at June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 were as follows:



	2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees
Total debts	938,165,147	699,682,237
Less: Cash and bank balances	(34,713,560)	(4,823,701)
Net debt	903,451,587	694,858,536
Total equity	919,715,090	821,921,314
Adjusted capital	1,823,166,677	1,516,779,850
Debt-to-adjusted capital ratio	0.50	0.46

#### 36 PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION

Tin Plate	(Metric tons)	

Installed capacity	120,000	120,000
Actual production	19,051	24,471

#### Cans (Number per annum)

Installed capacity of various sizes	4,015,000	4,015,000
Actual production of various sizes	1,243,184	1,347,591

**36.1** Under utilization of available capacity was due to lack of demand.

#### 37. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The total average number of employees during the year end and at year end are as follows:

#### (No of employees)

Average number of employees during the year	203	205
Number of employees as at year end	203	191



#### 38. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever necessary, for the purposes of comparison and to reflect the substance of the transactions. No significant rearrangements or reclassifications were made in these financial statements except the following:

Description	Reclas	2017 Rupees	
	From	То	
Advance income tax - net	Loans and advances	Advance income tax	93,661,880
Security expenses	Other manufacturing cost	Security expenses	1,272,168
Transportation	Other manufacturing cost	Transportation	638,640
Term deposit certificates	Trade deposits	Term deposit certificates	14,500,000

#### 39 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements have been approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on September 27, 2017.

#### 40 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER DIRECTOR CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER



#### PATTERN OF HOLDING OF SHARESHELD BY THE SHAREHOLDERS

as at June 30, 2017

No. of		re Holding	Total	Percentage	
Shareholders	From	То	Shares Held	%	
678	1	100	25806	0.0329	
438	101	500	194296	0.2474	
1066	501	1000	758348	0.9658	
944	1001	5000	2508457	3.1947	
206	5001	10000	1750871	2.2298	
64	10001	15000	847651	1.0795	
57	15001	20000	1063396	1.3543	
30	20001	25000	734600	0.9356	
25	25001	30000	716532	0.9125	
20	30001	35000	672094	0.8560	
15	35001	40000	584701	0.7447	
9	40001	45000	396500	0.5050	
12	45001	50000	593586	0.7560	
2	50001	55000	108500	0.1382	
7	55001	60000	410756	0.5231	
2	60001	65000	126000	0.1605	
6	65001	70000	417889	0.5322	
2	70001	75000	146000	0.1859	
3	7500 I	80000	233600	0.2975	
2	80001	85000	165000	0.2101	
3	90001	95000	281000	0.3579	
3	95001	100000	300000	0.3821	
2	100001	105000	202500	0.3521	
2	245001	250000	498000	0.6342	
1	260001	265000	261000	0.3324	
2	270001	275000	546000	0.6954	
2	295001	300000	600000	0.7641	
1	330001	335000	332500	0.7641	
i I	335001	340000	338000	0.4305	
1	35001	355000	351000	0.4470	
1		360000	359648	0.4580	
1	355001	370000			
1	365001 370001		368000	0.4687	
l I		375000	372695	0.4746	
l l	415001	420000	420000	0.5349	
I I	420001	425000	424000	0.5400	
l l	425001	430000	428518	0.5457	
!	465001	470000	466717	0.5944	
I I	475001	480000	476000	0.6062	
I I	555001	560000	558190	0.7109	
I 2	620001	625000	622000	0.7922	
3	625001	630000	1882080	2.3969	
I .	685001	690000	688000	0.8762	
!	725001	730000	725420	0.9239	
I	1140001	1145000	1140430	1.4524	
2	1215001	1220000	2432000	3.0973	
I	1540001	1545000	1541825	1.9636	
3648	Co	78520127	100.0000		

### **CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS**

as at June 30, 2017

Particulrs	Number of Shareholders	Number of Shares Held	Percentage
Directors, Ceo & Children	14	33024465	42.0586
Associated Companies	3	11980481	15.2578
Modarabas & Mutual Funds	2	107000	0.1363
General Public (Local)	3506	25926066	33.0184
General Public (Foreign)	83	2288924	2.9151
Others	37	3878501	4.9395
Foreign Companies	3	1314690	1.6743
Company Total	3648	78520127	100.0000



# INFORMATION AS REQUIRED UNDER THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

as at June 30, 2017

Shareholder's Category	Number of Shares held	Percentage	
Associated Companies, Undertaking and Related Parties			
Siddiqsons Limited Siddiqsons Denim Mills Ltd. Staff Providend Fund	11,970,481 10,000	15.25 0.01	
NIT and ICP	NIL		
Directors, CEO and their spouse and minor children			
Mr. Tariq Rafi (Chairman) Mr. Ibrahim Shamsi Mr. Abdur Rahim Mr. Jean Pierre Gugenheim (Nominee Director of Arcelor Mittal Packaging) Mrs. Nighat Tariq W/o. Mr. Tariq Rafi Mrs. Rahma Ibrahim W/o. Mr. Ibrahim Shamsi Mrs. Anum Jamal W/o. Mr. Abdur Rehman	13,044,424 1,140,430 3,313,863 7,297,295 5,008,493 3,224,672 27,788	16.61 1.45 4.22 9.29 6.38 4.11 0.04	
Executives	NIL		
Public sector Companies and Corporations	NIL		
Modarabas & Mutual Fund	1,510,000	1.92	
Shareholders holding ten percent or more			
Mr. Tariq Rafi (Chairman / CEO) Siddiqsons Limited	13,044,424 11,970,481	16.61 15.25	
Trading in share by Directors, CEO, CFO & Company Secretary	Purchase	Sales	
Mr. Abdur Rahim (CEO)	50,000	-	



#### PROXY FORM

#### 22<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting

I/We			of
_		IS TIN PLATE LIMIT	, , , , ,
		ordina	
	. , , , .	oxy and to vote for me/us at the	•
•		on Wednesday, October 25, 2017	
& Tower, 4 <sup>th</sup> Floor, E	Block-9, Scheme-5, Clifton, K	arachi or at any adjournment the	ereof.
Signed this	day of	2017	
	·		
Folio No			
			Member's Signature
			(Signature should agree
No. of Shares held	<del></del>	r	with the specimen signature registered with the Company)
146			egistered with the company)
Witness I		Witness 2	
Signature		Signature	
Name		Name	
CNIC No/Passport I	No	CNIC No/Passport No	o
Address		Address	

#### Notes:

- I. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend, speak and vote instead of him/her. A corporation being a member may appoint as its proxy any of its official of any other person whether a member of the Company or otherwise.
- 2. An instrument of proxy and a Power of Attorney or other authorized (if any) under which it is signed, or notarized copy of such Power of Attorney must be valid and deposited at the Share Registrar of the Company M/s. THK Associates (Private) Limited, 1st Floor, 40-C, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi not less than 48 hours before the time of the Meeting.
- 3. In case of proxy for an individual beneficial owner of CDC, attested copy of beneficial owner's National Identity Card, Account and Participant's ID numbers must be deposited alongwith the form of proxy with the Share Registrar. The proxy must produce his/her original identity card at the time of Meeting. In case of proxy for corporate members, he/she should bring the usual documents required for such purpose.

# تشكيل نيابت دارى بائيسوال سالانها جلاس عام

یاسی ڈی سی کےشراکتی آئی ڈی نمبراور 	) بمطابق شیئرر جسر دُ فولیونمبر ا پنمه
	ما ننه پ <sup>م</sup> ر
م امحترمهساً	
درت دیگرمحرم امحرمه	ساكن
نی جگه بروز بده مورخه 25ا کتوبر <u>7 201</u> 3ء بوتت 10:00 <u>ب</u> خ	نام اوشین مال اینڈٹاور، 4th فلور، بلاک۔9،اسکیم۔5،کلفٹ
نعقد یاملتوی ہونے والےسالا نہاجلاس عام میں رائے دہندگی۔	
•	•
:	
	ر يونيونک چسپا
	وستخط
وتشخط	( دستخط تمپنی میں پہلے
	کے مطابق ہونے چا

نوٹ: پراکسیز کے موثر ہونے کے لئے ضروری ہے کہان کی تفصیل اجلاس شروع ہونے سے 48 گھٹے قبل کمپنی کوموصول ہوجائے۔ سی ڈی سی شیئر ہولڈرزاوران کے پراکسیز سے گزارش ہے کہوہ اپنے قومی شاختی کارڈیا یا سپورٹ کی تصدیق شدہ فوٹو کا پی کمپنی کو پیش کرنے سے بل اس پرائسی کے ساتھ منسلک کریں۔



#### **DIVIDEND MANDATE FORM**

To:
The Registrar
M/s. THK Associates (Pvt.) Limited,
1st Floor, 40-C, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S.,
Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

Broker's Name
OR
Central Depository Company
(where shares are held in the
Investor Account Services)

1. I hereby authorize Siddiqsons Tin Plate Limited to directly credit cash dividend declared by it, if any, in the below mentioned bank account.

i)	Shareholder's Detail									
	Name of the shareholder									
	Folio No. /CDC Participants ID A/c. No.									
	CNIC No.*									
	Passport No, (in case of foreign shareholder)**									
	Land Line Phone Number									
	Cell Number									
(ii)	Shareholder's Bank Detail									
	Title of the Bank Account									
	Bank Account Number									
	Bank's Name									
	Branch Name and Address									

2. It is stated that the above-mentioned information is correct, that I will intimate the changes in the above mentioned information to the above addresses as soon as these occur.

Signature of the Shareholder

**Note:** The shareholder who hold shares in physical form are requested to submit the above-mentioned Dividend Mandate Form after duly filled in to Share Registrar concerned. The Shareholders who hold shares in Central Depository Company are requested to submit the above mentioned Dividend Mandate Form after duly filled in to their Participants/Investor Account Services of the Central Depository Company Limited.

- \* Please attach attested photocopy of CNIC
- \*\* Please attach attested photocopy of the Passport



# Consent for Annual Report Through Email

#### Dear Shareholder(s)

The Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) through its Notification (SRO 787(i) 2014) dated: September 8 2014 has allowed the circulation of Company's annual balance sheet and profit and loss account, auditor's report and directors' report etc. (Audited Annual Financial Statements) to shareholders along with notice of Annual General Meeting (AGM) through e-mail.

Therefore, if you wish to receive company's (Audited Annual Financial Statements) along with notice of (AGM) via - email, you are requested to provide this letter duly filled & signed and sent to us or our Share Registrar at their below address:

رير_	وبرك	خط	اس	لئے،	 نے۔	يكرر	صل	تحا	يانار	اتی به	رمالب	الان	کےسا	ط ک	ای میل کے ذریعے A G M کے نوٹس کے ساتھ ساتھ کمپنی کے آڈ ر
															د سخط کریں اور ذیل ایڈرلیس پر ہمیں یا ہمارے رجسڑ ارکو بھیج دیں۔ [

E-mail Address: <sub>-</sub>	
CNIC Number:	
FOLIO / CDS #	

SIGNATURE SHAREHOLDER

#### **Share Registrar**

THK Associates (Pvt) Ltd. Ist Floor, 40-C, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

Phone: III-000-322 E-mail: info@thk.com.pk

Yours faithfully, FOR SIDDIQSONS TIN PLATE LTD. **MUHAMMAD HARIS** Company Secretary







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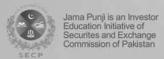
#### Key features:

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- Jamapunji games\*
- Company Verification
- Insurance & Investment Checklist
- ??? FAQs Answered

- Stock trading simulator (based on live feed from KSE)
- Knowledge center
- Risk profiler\*
- Financial calculator
- Subscription to Alerts (event notifications, corporate and regulatory actions)
- Jamapunji application for mobile device
- Online Quizzes

jamapunji.pk

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\*Mobile apps are also available for download for android and ios devices



### **Siddiqsons Tin Plate Limited**

A Siddigsons Group Company

Registered Office: Siddiqsons Tower, 7th Floor, Plot # 3, J.C.H., Society,
Block 7 & 8, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.
Tel: +9221-34325193-95, Fax: +9221-34390140
Plant: Plot # 5, Special Industrial Zone, Winder, Distt. Lasbela, LIEDA, Baluchistan.

www.siddigsonstinplate.com