

Clean - Green - Sustainable

## Heritage around us

" Our mills' surroundings are enriched by many spectacular heritage sites. These sites include fully operative engineering marvels and beautiful recreational places for surrounding communities and tourists. However, some sites have suffered neglect and have become mere ghost of their glorious past. We hope that our theme will noticeably add to the awareness of the valuable heritage around us."

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Form of Proxy

## Vision

To be the market leader and an enduring force in the paper, board and packaging industry, positively influencing and providing value to our stakeholders, society and our nation.


## Mission

To strive incessantly for excellence and sustain our position as a preferred supplier of quality paper, board and packaging material within a team environment and with a customer focussed strategy.





Balloki Headwork


Renala Hydropower Station




Century Paper \& Board Mills Limited

## Code of <br> Ethics

Our core business is to manufacture paper, paperboard and packaging products to provide local businesses and individuals quality products of international standard. We are very strong believer of the fact that Ethics and Good Practices play a vital role in advancement and betterment of the Company. To support our belief, we endeavor our best to follow these ethical and good practices.

## Corporate Governance

We as a responsible corporate citizen strongly adhere to Corporate Governance principles and comply with regulatory obligations enforced by regulatory agencies for improving corporate performance. We believe in uprightness of performance and expect it to be a fundamental responsibility of our employees to act in the Company's best interest while holding confidential information. We expect our employees to neither solicit internal information from others nor disclose Company's figures, data or any material information to any unauthorized persons/body.

## Human Resource Development

We believe in individual respect and growth. Our employment and Human Resource policies develop individuals without race, religion, gender or any other discriminative factors. We provide equal opportunities with a team based management style employing incessant training and development programs for employees. These continuous improvement policies enhance efficiencies and knowledge and create a constructive and affirmative environment.

## Transparent Financial Policies

We develop fair and transparent financial policies for conducting business. We ensure transparency and integrity and follow the principles of accounting and finance as approved by regulations and contemporary accounting codes. Any unsupportive or false entry, infringement of accounts for individual or company gain is strongly incoherent with our business codes and ethics.

## Marketing and Industry Practices

We believe in free and fair business practices and open
competitive markets. Developing any association within the segment, industry or with competitors to distort the pricing and availability is contradictory to our business code of conduct. Any anti-trust activity such as price fixing, monopolization or forming cartel of suppliers is prohibited. Our marketing policies are customer focussed, placing high values in satisfying their requirements with emphasis on quality, service and product development. As a long term marketing strategy we vision to diversify and add value to our products while maintaining close liaisons with markets, customers and their needs.

## Business Risk Management

Our risk management policies are geared to enhance shareholders worth, improve credit worthiness and minimize credit risk while diversifying income, supplier and customer bases and maintaining relationships with financial institutions.

## Social and Community Commitments

We believe in community development without political affiliations with any persons or group of persons working for gains. We contribute our resources for better environment with an unprejudiced approach. Our Safety, Health and Environment (SHE) policies are geared towards unbiased employees' betterment. Our positive contribution towards Community Related Services especially in health and education adds to economic development.

## Environmental Management System - EMS

We invest in environmental projects with environment friendly policies to improve Health and Safety standards of employees, communities and surroundings. Our EMS continuously improves in light of advancement in technology and new understandings in Safety, Health and Environmental science. We are driving towards zero waste generation at the source and materials will be reused and recycled to minimize the need for treatment or disposal and to conserve resources and environment. We are working for the conservation of natural resources, energy and biodiversity by continuously improving our processes, practices and products.

## Geographical




Head Office
Lakson Square, Building No.2, Sarwar Shaheed Road, Karachi.


Mills
62 KM, Lahore-Multan Highway,
$\mathrm{N}-5$, District Kasur.


Lahore Office
14-Ali Block, New Garden
Town, Lahore.
 Doab. The areas irrigated through Lower Bari Doab included the agricultural land of Kasur, Okara, Sahiwal, Pakpattan, Vehari and Khanewal districts. It is 10 KM from our mills.


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## Organogram



## Entity <br> Rating

by JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company Limited as on June 2017

## Long-Term A+ <br> Short-Term A-1

## Long-Term A+ (A Plus)

- Good credit Quality.
- 'A' ratings denote expectations of low credit risk.
- Protection factors are adequate.
- Risk factors may vary with possible changes in the economy.


## Short-Term A-1 (A minus One)

- High certainty of timely payment.
- Liquidity factors are excellent and supported by good fundamental protection factors.
- Risk factors are minor.


## Year

## At a Glance



Sales Volume


Gross Sales


## Key <br> Figures \& Ratios

Rupees in million

| Key Figures | 2017 | 2016 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Gross sales |  |  |
| Net sales | 18,021 | 15,603 |
| EBITDA | 2,223 | 13,389 |
| Profit pre tax | 904 | 4369 |
| Profit post tax | 602 | 322 |
| Share capital |  |  |
| Ordinary shares | 1,470 | 1,470 |
| Preference shares | 901 | 901 |
| Shareholders' equity | 5,713 | 5,851 |
| Total assets | 15,437 | 14,981 |
| Capital expenditure | 669 | 1,534 |
| Capital employed | 10,717 | 11,370 |
| Long-term financing | 4,069 | 4,824 |
| Key Ratios | 2017 | 2016 |
|  |  |  |
| Earnings per share - Rupees | 3.66 | 1.76 |
| Breakup value per share - Rupees | 32.73 | 33.66 |
| Price earning ratio | 26.80 | 29.57 |
| Total Debt equity ratio | $55: 45$ | $54: 46$ |
| Debt equity ratio | $42: 58$ | $45: 55$ |
| Leverage ratio | $1.70: 1$ | $1.56: 1$ |
| Current ratio | $0.98: 1$ | $1.07: 1$ |
| Quick ratio | $0.31: 1$ | $0.33: 1$ |
| Asset coverage ratio | $1.96: 1$ | $1.96: 1$ |
| Interest coverage ratio | $3.22: 1$ | $2.23: 1$ |
| Debt servicing coverage ratio | $1.60: 1$ | $1.71: 1$ |
| Debtors days | 29 | 29 |
| Inventory days | 50 | 56 |
| Operating cycle | 33 | 42 |
|  |  |  |

## Milestones

## 2016 <br> 2014 <br> 2012

Inked an agreement for installation of 18 MW Coal Based Co-Generation Power Plant.

Installed new Coal/Biomass Fired Boiler with capacity of 30 Ton per hour of steam.

- Enhanced production capacity to 80,000 Metric Tons per annum after installation of twin layer Board Machine (PM-5).
- Added a Corrugated Boxes Manufacturing Plant with capacity of 22,000 Metric Tons per annum.


## 2005

- Converted Power Generators to dual fired configuration i.e. oil and natural gas.
- Enhanced un-bleached and bleached pulp capacities.
- Merged Century Power Generation Limited (a former subsidiary Company) with the Company.

| Installed Dissolved Air | Enhanced |
| :--- | :--- |
| Floatation Plant (DAF), | production capacity |
| the first of its kind in | to 60,000 Metric |
| Pakistan for treatment | Tons after re- |
| of effluent in Paper and | engineering of |
| Board Sector. | production facilities. |



- Enhanced production capacity to 110,000 Metric Tons per annum after installation of Paper Machine (PM-6).
- Added Online Coating facility to three layers Board Machine (PM-4).


## 1997 1996 1990

- Enhanced production capacity to 50,000 Metric Tons through addition of a three layers Board Machine (PM-4).
- Added an Offline Coating Machine (CM-2).

Started 12.3 MW Captive Power Generation Plant as Century Power Generation Limited (a former subsidiary Company).

Commenced commercial production with three machines having capacity of 30,000 Metric Tons per annum.

## Changa Manga Forest

Changa Manga is a man-made forest in the district Kasur which was started in 1866 by the British Government primarily for the purpose of providing the fuel to the railway engines. The forest provides the timber for the local industry. It is the home of multiple species of mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians and insects. Later in 1960 the forest was also declared as the National Park. Henceforth many recreation facilities were arranged for the tourists. It is 11 KM from our mills.


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## Gross

## Sales Revenue



## Certifications \& Awarels



Awarded "Environment Excellence Award 2015" by National Forum for Environment \& Health (NFEH).


Awarded the certification on
"Integrated Management System
(IMS)" which consists of:

- Quality Management System
(QMS) ISO 9001:2008;
- Environmental Management

System (EMS) ISO 14001:2004 and

- Occupational Health and Safety

Assesment Series (OHSAS) 18001:2007.


Awarded "Best Corporate Award" on Annual Report for the year 2005.


Recognized by Karachi Stock Exchange (KSE) as one of the Top 25 Companies for the years 2002


Awarded "Best Corporate Award" on Annual Report for the year 2000 and 2001.
and 2003.

## 2012

Awarded "Best Corporate Award" on Annual Report for the year 2010.

Awarded "Best Corporate Award" on Annual Report for the year 2007.

Awarded "Best Environmental Reporter" in ACCA-WWF Pakistan Environmental Reporting Awards 2007 in the Local Listed Company Category.


Recognized by Karachi Stock Exchange (KSE) as one of the Top 25 Companies for the year 2004.


Awarded "Best Corporate Award" on Annual Report for the year 2002.

Awarded ISO 9002 - QMS certification.

## Review Report by the Chairman

As required under the Code of Corporate Governance, an annual evaluation of the Board of Directors of Century Paper \& Board Mills Limited is carried out. The purpose of this evaluation is to ensure that the Board's overall performance and effectiveness is measured and benchmarked against expectations in the context of objectives set for the Company.

For the financial year ended June 30, 2017, the Board's overall performance and effectiveness has been assessed as satisfactory. Improvements are an ongoing process leading to action plans. The overall assessment as satisfactory is based on an evaluation of integral components, including vision, mission and values; engagement in strategic planning; formulation of policies; monitoring the organization's business activities; monitor financial resource management; effective fiscal oversight; equitable treatment of all employees and efficiency in carrying out the Board's business.

The Board of Directors of your Company received agendas and supporting written material including follow up materials in sufficient time prior to the board and its committee meetings. The board meets frequently enough to adequately discharge its responsibilities. The non-executive and independent directors are equally involved in important decisions.

IQBAL ALI LAKHANI
Chairman
Dated: 10 August 2017

## Board of Directors

Iqbal Ali Lakhani (Chairman)
Zulfiqar Ali Lakhani(Upto December 06, 2016)
Amin Mohammed Lakhani
Anushka Zulfiqar Lakhani(From February 23, 2017)
Tasleemuddin Ahmed Batlay
Shahid Ahmed Khan
Kemal Shoaib
Muhammad Imran Rafiq (NIT)
Aftab Ahmad (Chief Executive Officer)

## Corporate Information

## Committees

## Audit Committee

Kemal Shoaib (Chairman)
Zulfigar Ali Lakhani
(Upto December 06, 2016)
Amin Mohammed Lakhani
Tasleemuddin Ahmed Batlay

## Human Resource and <br> Remuneration Committee

Zulfigar Ali Lakhani (Chairman)
(Upto December 06, 2016)
Amin Mohammed Lakhani (Chairman) (From December 06, 2016)

Tasleemuddin Ahmed Batlay
Aftab Ahmad (CEO)

## Advisor

Sultan Ali Lakhani

## Officers

## Chief Financial Officer

Muhammad Rashid Dastagir
Email: rashid-dastagir@centurypaper.com.pk

Company Secretary
Mansoor Ahmed
Email: mansoor-ahmed@centurypaper.com.pk

Head Office and Registered Office
Lakson Square, Building No.2,
Sarwar Shaheed Road,
Karachi - 74200, Pakistan.
Phone: (021) 35698000
Fax: (021) 35681163, 35683410
Email: info@centurypaper.com.pk Website: www.centurypaper.com.pk

## Lahore Office

14-Ali Block, New Garden Town, Lahore - 54600, Pakistan.
Phone: (042) 35886801-4
Fax: (042) 35830338

## Mills

62 KM, Lahore-Multan Highway,
N-5, District Kasur, Pakistan.
Phone: (049) 4511464-5, 4510061-2
Fax: (049) 4510063
External Auditors
BDO Ebrahim \& Co.
Chartered Accountants
Email: info@bdoebrahim.com.pk

## Shares Registrar

FAMCO Associates (Private) Limited 8-F, Next to Hotel Faran, Nursery
Block-6, P.E.C.H.S. Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi.
Phone: (021) 34380101-2 Fax: (021) 34380106
Email: info.shares@famco.com.pk
Website: www.famco.com.pk

## Bankers

## Conventional

Allied Bank Limited
Bank Al-Falah Limited
Habib Bank Limited
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited JS Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan Soneri Bank Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited The Bank of Punjab Faysal Bank Limited
Islamic
Meezan Bank Limited
Faysal Bank Limited
 powerhouse has five turbines each rated 22 KW (30 hp). It is 43 KM from our mills.


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# Integrated Management System Policy 

## Century is Committed to:

1. Continual customer satisfaction by providing quality Paper, Paperboard and Corrugated Boxes produced in environment-friendly, Healthy and Safe working conditions.
2. Maintain and update IMS for Quality, Environment and Safety by fulfiling the requirements of International Standards: (ISO 9001, ISO 14001, and OHSAS 18001).
3. Set the IMS objectives and targets for continuously improving the operational efficiencies, resources conservation and mitigation of risks.
4. Take lead in social role and responsibilities towards the surrounding community.
5. Follow and abide by all the applicable Laws and Legal requirements.
6. Implement Century Value System and to endeavour that its employees are the best citizens following ethical values and good practices in advancement and betterment of the Company and the Society.

## Environment <br> Policy

- Ensure environment friendly operations, products and services.
- Mitigate environmental impacts through effective implementation of ISO 14001 in order to achieving conformance to applicable laws and regulations.
- Promote environmental awareness to all employees and the community.
- Establish objectives and targets for continual improvement in resource conservation by waste control and safe operating practices.


## Quality <br> Policy

- Century excels in manufacturing of quality Paper, Paperboard and Corrugated Boxes for packaging.
- Century, a customer focussed Company, is always ready to accept challenges for achieving its mission.
- Century's quality objectives are designed for enhancing customer satisfaction and operational efficiencies.
- Century is committed to building Safe, Healthy and Environment friendly atmosphere.
- Century, with its professional and dedicated team, ensures continual improvement in quality and productivity through effective implementation of Quality Management System.
- Century values the social and economic well being of its partners and strives for a harmonious environment conducive to team performance.


## Safety <br> Policy

- Improve Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) performance continuously in all areas of operations.
- Implement necessary controls and measures for mitigation of accidents and associated risk by setting objectives and following applicable legal and other requirements.
- Promote OHS practices through training of employees for healthy and safe work environment.
- Communicate Safety Policy to all stakeholders and review it periodically for ensuring adequacy and compliance with OHSAS 18001 standards.


# Corporate Calendar 

Audit Committee meeting to consider annual accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2016

Board of Directors meeting to consider annual accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2016

Annual General meeting of Shareholders to consider annual accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2016

Audit Committee meeting to consider interim accounts of the Company for the first quarter ended September 30, 2016

Board of Directors meeting to consider interim accounts of the Company for the first quarter ended September 30, 2016

Audit Committee meeting to consider interim accounts of the Company for the half year ended December 31, 2016

Board of Directors meeting to consider interim accounts of the Company for the half year ended December 31, 2016

Audit Committee meeting to consider interim accounts of the Company for the nine months ended March 31, 2017

Board of Directors meeting to consider interim accounts of the Company for the nine months ended March 31, 2017

August 16, 2016

August 17, 2016

September 28, 2016

October 24, 2016

October 27, 2016

February 13, 2017

February 15, 2017

April 21, 2017

April 24, 2017

June 09, 2017

## Notice of <br> Annual General Meeting

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 34th Annual General Meeting of CENTURY PAPER \& BOARD MILLS LIMITED will be held on Thursday, October 19, 2017 at 10:30 a.m. at Avari Towers Hotel, Fatima Jinnah Road, Karachi to transact the following business:

## ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2017 together with the Directors' and Auditors' reports thereon.
2. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.

## SPECIAL BUSINESS

## Special Resolutions

3. To consider to pass the following resolutions:
a) "RESOLVED that the transactions carried out in normal course of business with associated companies as disclosed in Note No. 39 of the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017 be and are hereby ratified and approved."
b) "RESOLVED that the Chief Executive Officer of the Company be and is hereby authorized to approve all the transactions carried out and to be carried out in normal course of business with associated companies during the ensuing year ending June 30, 2018 and in this connection the Chief Executive Officer be and is hereby also authorized to take any and all necessary actions and sign/execute any and all such documents/indentures as may be required in this regard on behalf of the Company."

Statement under Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2017 in the above matters mentioned in item No. 3 is annexed.

By Order of the Board

(MANSOOR AHMED)
Karachi: September 18, 2017
Company Secretary

## NOTES:

1. The share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from October 13, 2017 to October 19, 2017 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order by the Shares Registrar of the Company, M/s. FAMCO Associates (Private) Limited, 8-F, Next to Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Shahra-eFaisal, Karachi up to the close of business on October 12, 2017 will be treated in time for the purpose of attendance at the Annual General Meeting.
2. A member, who has deposited his/her shares into Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, must bring his/her participant's ID number and CDC account/sub-account number along with original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or original Passport at the time of attending the meeting.
3. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend, speak and vote instead of him/her.
4. Forms of proxy, in order to be valid must be properly filled-in/executed and received at the registered office of the Company situated at Lakson Square, Building No.2, Sarwar Shaheed Road, Karachi not later than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
5. Members are requested to promptly notify Share Registrar of the Company of any change in their addresses.
6. Members who have not yet submitted photocopy of their valid Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) are requested to send the same to our Share Registrar at the earliest.
7. Pursuant to Notification vide SRO.787(1)/2014 of September 08, 2014, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) has directed to facilitate the members of the Company receiving Annual Financial Statements and Notices through electronic mail system (e-mail). We are pleased to offer this facility to our members who desire to receive Annual Financial Statements and Notices of the Company through e-mail in future. In this respect members are hereby requested to convey their consent via e-mail on a standard request form which is available at the Company website i.e. www.centurypaper. com.pk. Please ensure that your e-mail has sufficient rights and space available to receive such e-mail which may be larger than 1 MB file in size. Further, it is the responsibility of the member to timely update the Share Registrar of any change in the registered e-mail address.
8. Members can also avail video conference facility, in this regard, please fill the following and submit to registered address of the Company 10 days before holding of the Annual General Meeting. If the Company receives consent from members holding in aggregate 10\% or more shareholding residing at a geographical location, to participate in the meeting through video conference at least 10 days prior to date of the meeting, the Company will arrange video conference facility in the city subject to availability of such facility in that city.
"INe, $\qquad$ of $\qquad$ , being a member of Century Paper \& Board Mills Limited, holder of $\qquad$ ordinary share(s) as per Registered Folio No. $\qquad$ hereby opt for video conference facility at $\qquad$ ."
9. Form of Proxy is enclosed.

## Statement of Material Facts Concerning Special Business Pursuant to Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2017

This statement sets out the material facts concerning the Special Business, given in agenda item No. 3 of the Notice will be considered to be passed by the members. The purpose of the Statement is to set forth the material facts concerning such Special Business.

1. Agenda Item No. 3(a) of the Notice - Transactions carried out with associated companies during the year ended June 30, 2017 to be passed as a Special Resolution.

The transactions carried out in normal course of business with associated companies (Related parties) were being approved by the Board as recommended by the Audit Committee on quarterly basis pursuant to clause 5.19.6 (b) of the Code of Corporate Governance, 2012.

During the Board meeting it was pointed out by the Directors that as the majority of Company Directors were interested in these transactions due to their common directorship and holding of shares in the associated companies, the quorum of directors could not be formed for approval some of these transactions specifically, therefore, these transactions have to be approved by the shareholders in the General Meeting.

In view of the above, the transactions conducted during the financial year ended June 30, 2017 with associated companies shown in Note No. 39 of the financial statements are being placed before the shareholders for their consideration and approval/ratification.

The Directors are interested in the resolution to the extent of their common directorships and their shareholding in the associated companies.
2. Agenda Item No. 3(b) of the Notice - Authorization to the Chief Executive Officer for the transactions carried out and to be carried out with associated companies during the ensuing year ending June 30, 2018 to be passed as a Special Resolution.

The Company would be conducting transactions with associated companies in the normal course of business. The majority of Directors are interested in these transactions due to their common directorship and shareholding in the associated companies. Therefore, such transactions with associated companies have to be approved by the shareholders.

In order to comply with the provisions of clause 5.19.6 (b) of the Code of Corporate Governance, 2012, the shareholders may authorize the Chief Executive Officer to approve transactions carried out and to be carried out in normal course of business with associated companies during the ensuing year ending June 30, 2018.

The Directors are interested in the resolution to the extent of their common directorships and their shareholding in the associated companies.



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around us

## DuPont Analysis

## Statement of

Value Accled
for the year ended June 30, 2017
2017 \%age 2016 \%age

## Wealth Generated

| Gross Turnover | $18,021,243$ | $15,602,566$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Purchased material and services | $(13,668,510)$ | $(12,124,639)$ |
| Value Added | $4,352,733$ | $3,477,927$ |
| Other Income | 113,859 | 64,136 |
| Total | $-4,466,592$ | $3,542,063$ |

## Wealth Distributed

## To Employees

| Salaries, benefits and related costs | 954,993 | 21 | 866,480 | 25 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

To Government

| Income Tax, Sales Tax, Import Duty |
| :--- |
| and Workers' Welfare Fund | 1,604,$440 \quad 36 \quad 1,110,808 \quad 31$

To providers of Capital
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { Finance cost on borrowed funds } & 406,945 & 9 & 355,751 & 10\end{array}$
Retained in Business

| Depreciation, amortisation and retained profit | $3,500,214$ | 34 | $1,209,024$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| TOTAL | 34 |  |  |



## Summarized <br> Six Year Data

Rupees in million

|  | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance Sheet |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Share Capital Ordinary shares Preference shares | $\begin{array}{r} 1,470 \\ 901 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,470 \\ 901 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,470 \\ 901 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,470 \\ 901 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,060 \\ & 2,103 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 707 \\ 3,004 \end{array}$ |
| Reserves | 3,342 | 3,479 | 3,147 | 3,373 | 2,656 | 2,085 |
| Shareholders' equity | 5,713 | 5,850 | 5,519 | 5,745 | 5,819 | 5,796 |
| Subordinated loan | - | - | - | - | - | 1,000 |
| Long-term financing | 4,070 | 4,824 | 4,771 | 4,130 | 4,425 | 3,810 |
| Deferred taxation - Liability | 934 | 695 | 578 | 661 | 540 | 134 |
| Capital employed | 10,717 | 11,370 | 10,868 | 10,536 | 10,784 | 10,741 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 9,723 | 10,087 | 9,414 | 8,340 | 8,857 | 9,439 |
| Other non-current assets | 10 | 6 | 12 | 8 | 19 | 29 |
| Net current assets / Working capital | (98) | 331 | 821 | 1,405 | 1,634 | 309 |
| Profit and Loss |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales - gross | 18,021 | 15,603 | 15,391 | 17,132 | 16,513 | 14,980 |
| Sales - net | 15,401 | 13,389 | 13,186 | 14,668 | 14,236 | 12,923 |
| Gross profit | 1,792 | 1,267 | 878 | 2,021 | 2,547 | 2,113 |
| Operating profit | 1,311 | 792 | 400 | 1,529 | 2,100 | 1,701 |
| Profit / (loss) before tax | 904 | 436 | (176) | 914 | 1,407 | 790 |
| Profit / (loss) after tax | 602 | 322 | (205) | 630 | 929 | 515 |
| EBITDA | 2,223 | 1,669 | 1,307 | 2,441 | 3,007 | 2,479 |
| Cash Flows |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | 1,302 | 1,536 | 961 | 1,034 | 1,678 | 1,755 |
| Net cash flow from investing activities | (664) | $(1,529)$ | $(1,897)$ | (251) | (305) | (798) |
| Net cash flow from financing activities | $(1,480)$ | 54 | 641 | (983) | $(1,289)$ | (415) |
| Changes in cash and cash equivalents | (843) | 60 | (295) | (200) | 84 | 542 |
| Cash and cash equivalents - Year end | $(2,614)$ | $(1,771)$ | $(1,831)$ | $(1,536)$ | $(1,336)$ | $(1,421)$ |
| Others |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of Employees | 1,548 | 1,521 | 1,543 | 1,519 | 1,643 | 1,638 |
| Number of shares (million) Ordinary shares Preference shares | $\begin{array}{r} 147 \\ 90 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 147 \\ 90 \end{array}$ | 147 90 | $\begin{array}{r} 147 \\ 90 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106 \\ & 210 \end{aligned}$ | 71 300 |





## Financial <br> Performance

|  |  | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profitability |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross profit margin | \% | 12 | 9 | 7 | 14 | 18 | 16 |
| EBITDA margin to sales | \% | 14 | 12 | 10 | 17 | 21 | 19 |
| Profit / (loss) before tax margin | \% | 6 | 3 | (1) | 6 | 10 | 6 |
| Net profit / (loss) margin | \% | 4 | 2 | (2) | 4 | 7 | 4 |
| Return on equity | \% | 11 | 6 | (4) | 11 | 16 | 9 |
| Return on capital employed | \% | 11 | 6 | 2 | 13 | 18 | 14 |
| Operating Performance / Liquidity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total assets turnover (excl. CWIP) |  | 1.02 : 1 | 0.90: 1 | 1.07: 1 | 1.13 : 1 | $1.08: 1$ | 0.97: 1 |
| Fixed assets turnover |  | 1.58 : 1 | 1.37 : 1 | 1.68 : 1 | 1.73 : 1 | 1.58 : 1 | 1.37: 1 |
| Debtors turnover |  | 12.64:1 | 12.79 : 1 | 14.12:1 | 15.63:1 | 14.80: 1 | 16.81:1 |
| Debtors days |  | 29 | 29 | 26 | 23 | 25 | 22 |
| Inventory turnover |  | 7.37:1 | 6.53 : 1 | 5.42 : 1 | 5.52 : 1 | 6.34 : 1 | 4.99:1 |
| Inventory days |  | 50 | 56 | 67 | 66 | 58 | 73 |
| Creditors turnover |  | 7.95:1 | 8.58 : 1 | 11.10:1 | 12.64:1 | 11.78:1 | 11.03: 1 |
| Creditors days |  | 46 | 43 | 33 | 29 | 31 | 33 |
| Operating cycle days |  | 33 | 42 | 60 | 60 | 52 | 62 |
| Return on assets (excl. CWIP) | \% | 3.98 | 2.16 | (1.67) | 4.85 | 7.02 | 3.88 |
| Current ratio |  | 0.98 : 1 | 1.07:1 | 1.21: 1 | 1.41: 1 | 1.59 : 1 | 1.08: 1 |
| Quick / Acid test ratio |  | 0.31 : 1 | 0.33 : 1 | 0.34 : 1 | 0.31 : 1 | 0.46 : 1 | 0.34 : 1 |
| Capital Market / Capital Structure Analysis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value per share | Rs | 98.05 | 52.04 | 58.92 | 53.30 | 27.05 | 18.95 |
| Breakup value / (Net assets/shares) | Rs | 32.73 | 33.66 | 31.41 | 32.94 | 35.05 | 39.50 |
| Earnings / (loss) per share (pre tax) | Rs | 5.71 | 2.53 | (1.69) | 5.75 | 9.93 | 4.49 |
| Earnings / (loss) per share (post tax) | Rs | 3.66 | 1.76 | (1.89) | 3.46 | 5.30 | 1.40 |
| Price earning ratio |  | 26.8:1 | 29.57:1 | (31.17) : 1 | 15.40: 1 | 5.10 : 1 | 13.54:1 |
| Market price to breakup value |  | 3.0 : 1 | 1.55:1 | 1.88:1 | 1.62 : 1 | 0.77 : 1 | 0.48 : 1 |
| Debt equity ratio |  | 42 : 58 | 45:55 | 46 : 54 | 42 : 58 | 43 : 57 | 36 : 64 |
| Weighted average cost of debt | \% | 7.15 | 7.20 | 10.03 | 10.35 | 11.56 | 13.50 |
| Interest coverage ratio |  | 3.22 : 1 | 2.23 : 1 | 0.69 : 1 | 2.49 : 1 | 3.03 : 1 | 1.87:1 |







Heritage around us

## Horizontal <br> Analysis

| Balance Sheet | 2017 <br> Amount | $\begin{gathered} 17 \text { vs } 16 \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | 2016 <br> Amount | $\begin{gathered} 16 \text { vs } 15 \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | Rupees in million |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $2015$ <br> Amount | $\begin{gathered} 15 \text { vs } 14 \\ \% \end{gathered}$ |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property, plant and equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating fixed assets | 9,421 | 94 | 10,038 | 132 | 7,602 | 93 |
| Capital work in progress | 302 | 616 | 49 | 3 | 1,812 | 895 |
| Intangible assets | 2 | 100 | 2 | 50 | 4 | 148 |
| Long-term loans and advances | 5 | 500 | 1 | 20 | 5 | 176 |
| Long-term deposits | 4 | 133 | 3 | 100 | 3 | 106 |
| CURRENT ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stores and spares | 1,365 | 120 | 1,137 | 105 | 1,082 | 119 |
| Stock in trade | 1,963 | 113 | 1,732 | 87 | 1,982 | 77 |
| Trade debts | 1,585 | 125 | 1,265 | 108 | 1,174 | 117 |
| Loans and advances | 7 | 47 | 15 | 94 | 16 | 70 |
| Trade deposits and short-term prepayments | 85 | 106 | 80 | 2000 | 4 | 121 |
| Other receivables | 4 | 100 | 4 | 133 | 3 | 151 |
| Tax refunds due from Government | 227 | 176 | 129 | 111 | 116 | 82 |
| Taxation-net | 241 | 78 | 309 | 169 | 183 | 164 |
| Cash and bank balances | 226 | 104 | 217 | 179 | 121 | 175 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 15,437 |  | 14,981 |  | 14,107 |  |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ordinary shares | 1,470 | 100 | 1,470 | 100 | 1,470 | 100 |
| Preference shares | 901 | 100 | 901 | 100 | 901 | 100 |
| Reserves | 3,342 | 96 | 3,479 | 111 | 3,147 | 93 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-term financing | 2,988 | 77 | 3,878 | 93 | 4,149 | 124 |
| Deferred taxation | 934 | 134 | 695 | 120 | 579 | 87 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trade and other payables | 1,842 | 117 | 1,581 | 127 | 1,245 | 128 |
| Interest and mark-up accrued | 38 | 93 | 42 | 98 | 42 | 64 |
| Short-term borrowings | 2,840 | 143 | 1,989 | 102 | 1,952 | 122 |
| Current portion of long-term financing | 1,082 | 114 | 946 | 152 | 622 | 79 |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | 15,437 |  | 14,981 |  | 14,107 |  |



## Vertical <br> Analysis

| Balance Sheet | $2017$ <br> Amount | \% | 2016 Amount | \% | 2015 Amount | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NON CURRENT ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property plant and equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating fixed assets | 9,421 | 61.03 | 10,038 | 67.01 | 7,602 | 53.89 |
| Capital work in progress | 302 | 1.96 | 49 | 0.33 | 1,812 | 12.84 |
| Intangible assets | 2 | 0.01 | 2 | 0.01 | 4 | 0.03 |
| Long-term loans and advances | 5 | 0.03 | 1 | 0.01 | 5 | 0.04 |
| Long-term deposits | 4 | 0.03 | 3 | 0.02 | 3 | 0.02 |
| CURRENT ASSETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stores and spares | 1,365 | 8.84 | 1,137 | 7.59 | 1,082 | 7.67 |
| Stock in trade | 1,963 | 12.72 | 1,732 | 11.56 | 1,982 | 14.05 |
| Trade debts | 1,585 | 10.27 | 1,265 | 8.44 | 1,174 | 8.32 |
| Loans and advances | 7 | 0.05 | 15 | 0.10 | 16 | 0.11 |
| Trade deposits and short-term prepayments | 85 | 0.55 | 80 | 0.53 | 4 | 0.03 |
| Other receivables | 4 | 0.03 | 4 | 0.03 | 3 | 0.02 |
| Tax refunds due from Government | 227 | 1.47 | 129 | 0.86 | 116 | 0.82 |
| Taxation-net | 241 | 1.56 | 309 | 2.06 | 183 | 1.30 |
| Cash and bank balances | 226 | 1.46 | 217 | 1.45 | 121 | 0.86 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 15,437 | 100 | 14,981 | 100 | 14,107 | 100 |

## EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

| Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Ordinary shares | 1,470 | 9.52 | 1,470 | 9.81 | 1,471 | 10.42 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Preference shares | 901 | 5.84 | 901 | 6.01 | 901 | 6.39 |
| Reserves | 3,342 | 21.65 | 3,479 | 23.22 | 3,147 | 22.31 |
| NON CURRENT LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-term financing | 2,988 | 19.36 | 3,878 | 25.89 | 4,149 | 29.41 |
| Deferred taxation | 934 | 6.05 | 695 | 4.64 | 579 | 4.10 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trade and other payables | 1,842 | 11.93 | 1,581 | 10.55 | 1,245 | 8.83 |
| Interest and mark-up accrued | 38 | 0.25 | 42 | 0.27 | 42 | 0.30 |
| Short-term borrowings | 2,840 | 18.40 | 1,989 | 13.27 | 1,952 | 13.84 |
| Current portion of long-term financing | 1,082 | 7.01 | 946 | 6.31 | 622 | 4.41 |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | 15,437 | 100 | 14,981 | 100 | 14,107 | 100 |



# Horizontal <br> Analysis 

Rupees in million

| Profit And Loss Account | 2017 <br> Amount | 17 vs 16 <br> $\%$ | 2016 <br> Amount | 16 vs 15 <br> $\%$ | 2015 <br> Amount | 15 vs 14 <br> $\%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales - net | 15,401 | 115 | 13,389 | 102 | 13,186 | 90 |
| Cost of sales | $(13,610)$ | 112 | $(12,122)$ | 98 | $(12,308)$ | 97 |
| Gross profit | 1,792 | 141 | 1,267 | 144 | 878 | 43 |
| General and administrative expenses | $(375)$ | 99 | $(379)$ | 106 | $(359)$ | 102 |
| Selling and distribution expenses | $(115)$ | 101 | $(114)$ | 101 | $(113)$ | 81 |
| Other operating income | 114 | 178 | 64 | 94 | 68 | 64 |
| Other operating charges | $(104)$ | 226 | $(46)$ | 63 | $(73)$ | 68 |
| Operating profit | 1,311 | 166 | 792 | 198 | 400 | 26 |
| Finance cost | $(407)$ | 114 | $(356)$ | 62 | $(576)$ | 94 |
| Profit / (loss) before taxation | 904 | 207 | 436 | 248 | $(176)$ | $(19)$ |
| Taxation | $(302)$ | 265 | $(114)$ | 393 | $(29)$ | 10 |
| Profit / (loss) after taxation | 602 | 187 | 322 | 157 | $(205)$ | $(33)$ |

# Vertical <br> Analysis 

Rupees in million

| Profit And Loss Account | 2017 <br> Amount | $\%$ | 2016 |  | 2015 | Amount |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Sales - net | 15,401 | 100.00 | 13,389 | 100.00 | 13,186 | 100.00 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Cost of sales | $(13,610)$ | 88.37 | $(12,122)$ | 90.54 | $(12,308)$ | 93.34 |
| Gross profit | 1,792 | 11.64 | 1,267 | 9.46 | 878 | 6.66 |
| General and administrative expenses | $(375)$ | 2.43 | $(379)$ | 2.83 | $(359)$ | 2.72 |
| Selling and distribution expenses | $(115)$ | 0.75 | $(114)$ | 0.85 | $(113)$ | 0.86 |
| Other operating income | 114 | 0.74 | 64 | 0.48 | 68 | 0.52 |
| Other operating charges | $(104)$ | 0.68 | $(46)$ | 0.34 | $(74)$ | 0.56 |
| Operating profit | 1,311 | 8.51 | 792 | 5.92 | 400 | 3.03 |
| Finance cost | $(407)$ | 2.64 | $(356)$ | 2.66 | $(576)$ | 4.37 |
| Profit / (loss) before taxation | 904 | 5.87 | 436 | 3.26 | $(176)$ | 1.33 |
| Taxation | $(302)$ | 1.96 | $(114)$ | 0.85 | $(29)$ | 0.22 |
| Profit / (loss) after taxation | 602 | 3.91 | 322 | 2.40 | $(205)$ | 1.55 |





## Chairman's Message

It is encouraging to note that Pakistan Economy has grown at a higher rate of 5.28 percent for the current year under review and contribution to this growth came from all major sectors of the economy. Growth of over 5 percent in Large Scale Manufacturing positively impacted Indigenous Paper \& paperboard industry to follow even higher growth in the quality conscious segments.

Your Company reported net Sales amounted to rupees 15.4 billion for the year, 15\% more than the prior year and net Profit amounted to rupees 602 million for the year, $87 \%$ more than the prior year. This outcome was largely driven by economic growth of the Country, increase in share of domestic industry in growing market and manifestly better utilization of our new Coal Based Co-Generation Power Plant.

On the backdrop of better profitability for the year and foreseeing even better opportunities in future, your Company has paid off major portion of cumulative dividend on preference shares as part of its strategy to ensure dividend streams possibility in future for the Ordinary Shareholders.

During the year production facilities of your Company were operated at optimal level to meet the high demand of Company's products. Resultantly, capacity utilization of the production facilities touched 90 percent of the installed capacity. The higher capacity utilization, growing market size and prevailing favorable market outlook warrant an opportunity for your Company to further expand
its footprint in the Industry. Management of your Company is exploring different alternatives to come up with a viable expansion plan.

We are hopeful that domestic market of paper \& paperboard will further grow as the Pakistan economy is expected to accelerate ahead. I am confident that your Company is well poised to tap the potential of growing market demand by expanding its capacities, to contribute towards the economy with increased import substitution \& employment generation and bring forth better prospects for all the stakeholders.

Our enduring success would not have been possible without the continuous support of our shareholders, confidence reposed by our bankers and untiring efforts of our human resource. I count on all of them for success in future endeavors of the Company. Lastly, I extend my deep sense of gratitude to the Board of Directors for their invaluable guidance throughout the year.

## IQBAL ALI LAKHANI <br> Chairman

Dated: 10 August 2017


# Directors' Report 


#### Abstract

On behalf of the Board of Directors (BOD), I am pleased to present the Annual Report of the Century Paper \& Board Mills Limited (CPBM) for the year ended June 30th 2017, along with the audited financial statements and Auditors' Report thereon.


## MARKET REVIEW

The national economy grew by more than $5 \%$ during the year 2016-2017. In line with overall improvement in the economy, Paper \& Paperboard Market has also witnessed impressive growth during the year. In growing market size imports were restricted more or less to previous year quantum and major share of growth in demand has been captured by the domestic industry. Your Company being the major import substituting unit of the industry has successfully improved its overall sales volumes by $15 \%$ and managed favourable price adjustments during the year according to market conditions.

## OPERATIONS

During the year under review, production volumes increased to 214,468 metric tons as compared to last year volumes of 186,416 metric tons. Resultantly,
capacity utilization improved to 89\% against last year utilization of $78 \%$ as a result of improved demand of Company's products during the year and production facilities were continuously operated throughout the year with uninterrupted supply of energy generated with favourable mix of different power/steam generation sources including higher utilization of Coal Based Co-Generation Power Plant.

## SALES

Sales volumes were increased to 203,752 metric tons during the year under review showing $15 \%$ growth as compared to last year sales volumes of 176,482 metric tons.

This uptick in Sales volume increased the net sales value for the year under review to Rs. 15,401 million (L.Y. Rs. 13,389 million).

## FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

Your Company has posted better results for the year under review and summarized financial performance is as follows:-

|  | Rupees in million |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | 2017 | 2016 |
| Sales | 15,401 | 13,389 |
| Cost of Sales | $(13,609)$ | $(12,122)$ |
| Gross profit | 1,792 | 1,267 |
| Admin, Selling and other Expenses | $(595)$ | $(539)$ |
| Other Income | 114 | 64 |
| Operating profit | 1,311 | 792 |
| Financial Charges | $(407)$ | $(356)$ |
| Net profit before tax | 904 | 436 |
| Taxation | $(302)$ | $(114)$ |
| Net profit after tax | 602 | 322 |
| Sales Volumes (Metric Tons) | 203,752 | 176,482 |

Gross profit has registered an increase of $41 \%$ and stood at Rs. 1,792 million (L.Y. Rs. 1,267 million). Gross profit margin has improved by more than 200BPS and this increase was driven by positive volume growth, optimal product mix and range bound key input costs.

Company posted profit before tax (PBT) of Rs. 904 million (L.Y. Rs 436 million) and profit after tax (PAT) of Rs. 602 million (L.Y. Rs. 322 million). PBT and PAT margin have improved by 260BPS and 150BPS respectively. Tax expense for the year increased to Rs. 302 million (L.Y. Rs. 113 million) including deferred tax expense of Rs. 245 million (L.Y. 113 million).

Summarized six years financial information is given on page 40 of the annual report.


## FINANCE COST

Finance cost of the Company has increased from Rs. 356 million in last year to Rs. 407 million in the current year. It included full year impact of finance cost on loans obtained to finance expenditure incurred on Coal Based Co-Generation Power Plant which were capitalised in June last year. On the flipside principle repayments of other long term loans during the year resulted in reduction of mark-up partially offsetting the increase of mark-up as mentioned above.

Moreover, your Company has been able to use favourable mix of short term finances including Running Finance, Money Market Loan and Import credit finances. Stable PKR/USD exchange rate and lower spreads offered by Banks resulted in considerable savings in effective cost of mark-up during the year.

## APPROPRIATION

During the year, Company has declared Cumulative Preference dividend amounting to Rs. 725 million for the period from 5th November 2009 to 9th June 2017. Accordingly, the following appropriations have been made:-

Rupees in million

| Total Comprehensive Income for the year | 587.97 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Unappropriated Profit brought forward | 404.64 |
| Available for appropriation | 992.61 |
| Cash Dividend on Preference Shares | $(725.51)$ |
| Balance carried forward | 267.10 |

## EARNINGS PER SHARE

The proportionate dividend attributable to the cumulative preference shares for the year under review stood at Rs. 64 million which is almost same as of last year. Consequently the profit attributable to the ordinary shareholders stood at Rs. 538 million (L.Y. Rs. 258 million). On this basis the earnings per share for the year has increased to Rs. 3.66 as compared to last year's earnings per share of Rs.1.76.

## MARKET CAPITALIZATION

KSE 100 Index increased by 23\% from 37,783 points at beginning of the year to 46,565 points by the year end. This trend also impacted share price of your Company which fluctuated between the low of Rs. 48.25 and a high of Rs. 116.19. Accordingly, closing share price increased from Rs. 52.04 at the last year ended June 30, 2016 to Rs. 98.05 per share at the current year end with a resultant market capitalisation of Rs. 14,415 million (L.Y. Rs. 7,651 million).

## CONTRIBUTION TO THE NATIONAL EXCHEQUER

Your Company's contribution to the National Exchequer for the year amounted to Rs. 3,015 million as compared to Rs. 2,530 million of the last year. This includes Rs. 2,620 million (L.Y. Rs. 2,223 million) as Sales Tax Rs. 299 million (L.Y. Rs. 168 million) as Customs Duty and Rs. 96 million (L.Y. Rs. 139 million) as Income Tax - net of tax refund of Rs. 108 million (L.Y. Rs. 93 million).


## Capital Expenditure

During the year Company has made capital expenditure of Rs. 669 million (L.Y. 1,533 million). This expenditure were primarily made for removal of bottlenecks in production facilities and quality improvements. Included in it was an addition of a sheeting machine, modernisation of Corrugator and upgradation of quality control systems of different machines. Management feels that the above expenditure will result in optimal utilisation of installed capacities of different plants.


## RISK MITIGATION

The Board of Directors, the Audit Committee of the Board and Steering Committee comprising of senior management team, led by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company is responsible for oversight of Company's operations and evolve proactive strategy to mitigate any potential adverse impact of foreseen risks. The information about major risks and their mitigants is provided below:-

## Credit Risk

Credit risk relates to the risk that a Company may encounter as result of failure of the counter parties to satisfy their debts or obligation in accordance with the agreed terms of credit. All the Financial assets of the Company have credit risk other than "Cash in Hand". Company has effectively managed the Credit risk by entering into contract with reputable counter parties in accordance with the internal guidelines and regulatory requirement.

## Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises when the Company has insufficient ready cash and encounters difficulty in meeting its financial obligation. Liquidity risk is managed by ensuring availability of sufficient funds to meet its financial obligations and commitments in any business condition.

## Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk arises due to fluctuation in interest rate resulting in adverse future cash flows. Company's exposure to interest rate is associated with the longterm loans and short-term borrowings.

Company monitors interest rate fluctuation and counters interest rate risk by utilizing optimal mix of different types of borrowing arrangements.

## Foreign Exchange Risk

Company is not significantly exposed to foreign exchange risk on its import of raw material and plant and machinery to be settled in short term. For long term contracts, Company entered into appropriate Hedge arrangement to counter foreign exchange risk.

## CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern. The Company manages its capital structure and makes appropriate adjustments to move with the economic changes and the risk associated with the Company's asset. Company's management believes in maintaining appropriate debt equity ratio.

## CORPORATE INFORMATION

## Changes in the Composition of the Board

One casual vacancy occurred during the year after resignation of Mr. Zulfigar Ali Lakhani. Ms. Anushka Zulfigar Lakhani was appointed in his place for the remaining period. The Board wishes to record its appreciation for the valuable services rendered by the outgoing Director and welcomes the new Director.

## Board Meetings

Five meetings of the Board of Directors were held during the year ended June 30, 2017. Attendance by each Director was as under:

| Name of Director | Meetings Attended |
| :--- | :---: |
| Mr. Iqbal Ali Lakhani (Chairman) | 5 |
| Mr. Zulfigar Ali Lakhani <br> (Upto December 06, 2016) | 2 |
| Mr. Amin Mohammed Lakhani | 3 |
| Ms. Anushka Zulfigar Lakhani <br> (From February 23, 2017) | - |
| Mr. Tasleemuddin Ahmed Batlay | 5 |
| Mr. Shahid Ahmed Khan | 3 |
| Mr. Kemal Shoaib | 5 |
| Mr. Muhammad Imran Rafiq | 5 |
| Mr. Aftab Ahmad (CEO) | 5 |

## AUDIT COMMITTEE

An Audit Committee was set up by the Board since the enforcement of the Code of Corporate Governance. The committee was reconstituted during the year after resignation of one of its member, Mr. Zulfigar Ali Lakhani and now comprises of three Directors. An independent Director is its Chairman and two NonExecutives Directors are members. Four meetings of the Committee were held during the year ended June 30, 2017. Attendance by each Director was as under:

| Name of Director | Meetings Attended |
| :--- | :---: |
| Mr. Kemal Shoaib (Chairman) | 4 |
| Mr. Zulfigar Ali Lakhani <br> (Upto December 06, 2016) | 2 |
| Mr. Amin Mohammed Lakhani | 2 |
| Mr. Tasleemuddin Ahmed Batlay | 4 |

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are those as specified in the Code of Corporate Governance. In addition the Audit Committee is free to ask for any information and explanation in order to satisfy itself regarding the financial statements and internal controls.

The committee met at least once in a quarter to review the financial statements and any major judgemental area with reference to Company's business. The Audit Committee gives its recommendation to the Board for the approval of financial statements which are duly endorsed by the CEO and CFO.

## HUMAN RESOURCE \& REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Board in accordance with the Code of Corporate Governance has also constituted Human Resource and Remuneration Committee, comprising of the following three Directors:

| Mr. Zulfigar Ali Lakhani <br> (Upto December 06, 2016) | Chairman |
| :--- | :---: |
| Mr. Amin Mohammed Lakhani <br> (From December 06, 2016) | Chairman |
| Mr. Tasleemuddin Ahmed Batlay | Member |
| Mr. Aftab Ahmad | Member |

The Committee was reconstituted after resignation of its former chairman, Mr. Zulfiqar Ali Lakhani and Mr. Amin Mohammed Lakhani has been appointed in his place. One meeting of the committee was held
during the year which was attended by all members. The terms and reference of the committee includes but not limited to those as mentioned in the Code of Corporate Governance.

## CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING

Your Company is committed to good corporate governance. The Board acknowledges its responsibility in respect of Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework.

These Financial Statements together with the notes thereto have been drawn up, in conformity with the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. International Financial Reporting Standards wherever applicable have been followed in their preparation.

Proper books of accounts have been maintained by the Company.

Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of the financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgement.

There are no doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

There has been no material departure from the best practices of the Code of Corporate Governance, as detailed in the listing regulations of the stock exchange.

The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.

The Board of Directors certify that the financial statements, including the cash flow and the changes in equity; fairly present the state of affairs of the Company's business and of its operations.

## COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is annexed with the report.

## PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

Pattern of Shareholding of the Company as at June 30, 2017, along with the necessary information is annexed to this report.

There were 1,801 shareholders on the record of the Company as at June 30, 2017.

## PROVIDENT AND GRATUITY FUNDS

The Company provides terminal benefits to its employees in the shape of provident fund and gratuity. These funded benefits are maintained by two separate duly approved trusts. These trusts are managed by the trustees who get the funds audited each year.

The Trustees of the respective funds have informed to the Company that the values of the investments of the two funds were as follows as on June 30, 2017:

Rupees in million

| Provident Fund | 491.223 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Gratuity Fund | 386.883 |

## AUDITORS

The Auditors BDO Ebrahim \& Company are the retiring auditors of the Company and offer their services for re-appointment. They confirmed that they have been given satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review Program of The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and the firm is fully compliant with the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics, as adopted by the ICAP. On the recommendation of the Board's Audit Committee, the Board of Directors proposed their re-appointment by the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting, as auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2018.

## SAFETY, HEALTH, ENVIRONMENT AND QUALITY (SHEQ)

Your Company is customer-focused and committed to ensure safer and environment-friendly operations, products and services. Your Company is certified for Integrated Management System (IMS) of OH\&S 18001:2007, EMS ISO14001:2004, and QMS ISO 9001:2008.

Your Company is also continually working to promote a quality conscious and safe working environment. Comprehensive risk assessment and related preventive measures are vigorously pursued to achieve zero accident. Training sessions are regularly conducted for employees to enhance the Safety Awareness.

SHEQ framework is reviewed by the Company at regular intervals, followed by concrete steps for its improvement which includes the continuous monitoring of energy consumption, gaseous emission from boilers \& power plants and waste water disposal.

Energy conservation has drawn focus in recent years; in this regard your Company has adopted energy saving systems and cleaner production practices. Through regular monitoring and best practices we have been able to achieve overall improvements in utilisation of energy resources.



## CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Your Company is a part of Lakson Group of Companies. The philanthropic activities on behalf of Company are done by charitable arms of the group under the name of Hasanali \& Gulbanoo Lakhani Foundation and Lakson Medical Trust.

Moreover, your Company is committed to social and environmental cause of the society and believes in building strong bonds with all segments of the society. To cement these bonds welfare activities are carried out in order to uplift the communities with special emphasis on child education and clean drinking water in the surrounding areas.

A value system is placed in the Company to ensure social and ethical conduct to inculcate the spirit of ethical behaviour, develop commitment to excellence and adopt a customer focussed approach. The Directors consider it as a long term investment in the collective development of Century's human resource in particular, and the society as a whole. Moreover, festivities like employee's family fun fare, educational trips to historical places, summer camps for employees children and interdepartmental sports activities have become a regular feature of the Company.

## HUMAN RESOURCE

Your Company endeavours to make the best use of its Human Capital Inventory. It has a broad and interactive approach towards its employees.

Our core value system comprise of Humility \& Compassion, Integrity, Change, Innovation, Continuous Improvement Mind set, Team Work, Sense of Urgency and Customer Centric approach. This helps in cultivating individual employees by shaping them in an organized infrastructure, and transforming their creativities into professional excellence.

Appropriate career paths and internal recognition programmes are in place for technical and management staff. Scope emanates from on-job training to enhanced skill programs through subject specialists and culminates into participation in local and international seminars and trainings.

## EMPLOYEE RELATIONS

The cordial relationship between the management and the employees, remain as good as they have been for the last many years.


## OUTLOOK FOR THE YEAR 2018

The current stimulus in economy will continue to positively impact the growth in FMCGS which directly impacts growth in paper \& paperboard consumption. Resultantly market demand for your Company's products is expected to improve further in the ensuing year.

Your Company moved two applications in December 2015 to National Tariff Commission (NTC) for AntiDumping Duty (ADD) investigations for its major products for providing level playing field to the domestic industry. Resultantly during 3rd and 4th quarter of the year under review, NTC announced preliminary ADDs in both cases. On completion of investigation process on one of the applications, NTC has announced Final Determination of ADD on Coated Duplex Board - Grey Back in July-2017. Final Determination on the other product (Coated Bleached Board) is still pending due to litigation. Moreover, practically the announced ADD is not applicable on major importers due to litigation as importers have filed review petitions in appellate tribunal to use their right as per relevant laws. We optimistically look forward for positive outcome as our cases are based on merit.

An upsurge in prices of imported material was witnessed recently after touching their lowest level last year coupled with increasing trend in local raw

materials. This upward trend if continues, may escalate manufacturing costs in the ensuing year.

In view of the above factors, management will use best endeavours to maintain profits with volumetric growth with required adjustments in selling prices to recover any escalation in input costs as per market conditions.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Directors are pleased to place on record the appreciation for all the financial institutions.

They also wish to acknowledge the devotion to duty by the employees of all cadres and are appreciative of their support and dedication.

They are also thankful to all the other stakeholders and fully acknowledge their contribution and commitment.

On Behalf of the Board of Directors


Aftab Ahmad
Director and
Chief Executive Officer
Karachi: August 10, 2017

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| 992.61 |  |
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(Capital Expenditure) (رطايجباقّازاجات










| كليّ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2016 | 2017 |  |
| 13,389 | 15,401 | K |
| (12,122) | $(13,609)$ | بيزّك لاكت |
| 1,267 | 1,792 | كّمنا |
| (539) | (595) | \|انتّا ق، ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |
| 64 | 114 | ,ي\%رآهن |
| 792 | 1,311 |  |
| (356) | (407) | اللِّاتزاجاجات |
| 436 | 904 |  |
| (114) | (302) |  |
| 322 | 602 | خا ${ }^{\text {ب2 }}$ |
| 176,482 | 203,752 | ; ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |





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## Statement of Compliance With the Code of Corporate Governance <br> For the year ended June 30, 2017

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) contained in Regulation No. 5.19.24 of listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed Company is managed in compliance with the best practices of Corporate Governance.

The Company has applied the principles contained in the CCG in the following manner:

1. The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive Directors and Directors representing minority interests on its Board of Directors. At present the Board includes:

## Independent Director

Mr. Kemal Shoaib

## Executive Director

Mr. Aftab Ahmad

## Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Iqbal Ali Lakhani
Mr. Amin Mohammed Lakhani
Ms. Anushka Zulfiqar Lakhani
Mr. Tasleemuddin Ahmed Batlay
Mr. Shahid Ahmed Khan
Mr. Muhammad Imran Rafiq
The independent director meets the criteria of independence under clause 5.19.1(b) of the CCG.
2. The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a Director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
3. All the resident Directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a Banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or being a Broker
of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
4. A casual vacancy occurred on the Board on December 06, 2016 which was filled up by the Board of Directors within ninety days.
5. The Company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
6. The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
7. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO and other executive and non-executive Directors have been taken by the Board.
8. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a Director elected by the Board for this purpose and the Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
9. Four Directors on the Board have more than 14 years of education and more than 15 years of experience; therefore they are exempted from the Directors training program as prescribed by the Code of Corporate Governance. Three Directors attended the Directors' training course earlier and a Director will complete the training in due course of time.
10. The Board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment.
11. The Directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the CCG and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
12. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
13. The Directors, CEO and Executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
14. The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the CCG.
15. Board Audit Committee comprises of three members, two are non-executive Directors and the Chairman of the Committee is an independent Director.
16. The meetings of the Audit Committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the Company. The terms of reference of the Committee have been formed and advised to the Committee for compliance.
17. Board HR \& Remuneration Committee comprises of three members, of whom two are non-executive Directors. The Chairman of the Committee is also a non-executive Director.
18. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function which is headed by a Chartered Accountant. The full time staff are qualified and experienced for the purposes, and conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.
19. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control
review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP), that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on Code of Ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
20. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
21. The 'closed period' prior to the announcement of interim / final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of Company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange.
22. Material / price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange.
23. The Company has complied with the requirements relating to maintenance of register of persons having access to inside information by designated senior management officer in a timely manner and maintained proper record including basis for inclusion or exclusion of names of persons from the said list.
24. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the CCG have been complied with.


Aftab Ahmad
Director and


Tasleemuddin Ahmed Batlay Director

Chief Executive Officer

Karachi: August 10, 2017

## Review Report to the Members on the Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) prepared by the Board of Directors of Century Paper and Board Mills Limited for the year ended June 30, 2017 to comply with the requirements of Regulation No. 5.19 of Rule Book of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited, where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2017.

KARACH
DATED: August 10, 2017


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Profit and Loss Account ..... 75
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Statement of Changes in Equity ..... 78
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## Auditors' Report to the Members

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of CENTURY PAPER \& BOARD MILLS LIMITED as at June 30, 2017 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:
a) in our opinion proper books of accounts have been kept by the Company as required by the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984;
b) in our opinion:
i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and give the information required by the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2017 and of the profit, its comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
d) in our opinion, no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

KARACHI
DATED: August 10, 2017


Annual Report 2017

## Balance Sheet <br> as at June 30, 2017

2017
2016
Note (Rupees in thousands)

## ASSETS

NON CURRENT ASSETS
Property, plant and equipment Operating fixed assets Capital work in progress

Intangible assets
Long-term loans and advances
Long-term deposits
CURRENT ASSETS
Stores and spares
Stock-in-trade
Trade debts
Loans and advances
Trade deposits and short term prepayments
Other receivables
Tax refunds due from Government
Taxation - net
Cash and bank balances

## TOTAL ASSETS

| 5 | 9,420,548 | 10,037,714 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | 302,278 | 49,037 |
|  | 9,722,826 | 10,086,751 |
| 7 | 1,685 | 2,390 |
| 8 | 4,859 | 882 |
|  | 3,829 | 2,829 |
|  | 9,733,199 | 10,092,852 |
| 9 | 1,364,551 | 1,136,597 |
| 10 | 1,963,091 | 1,731,864 |
| 11 | 1,585,378 | 1,265,432 |
| 12 | 7,235 | 15,199 |
| 13 | 85,147 | 79,533 |
| 14 | 3,865 | 4,336 |
|  | 227,169 | 127,604 |
| 15 | 241,369 | 309,838 |
| 16 | 226,476 | 217,494 |
|  | 5,704,281 | 4,887,897 |
|  | 15,437,480 | 14,980,749 |

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES
Authorized share capital 410,000,000 (2016: 410,000,000) shares of Rs. 10 each
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital
Ordinary shares
Preference shares
Reserves


## CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

The annexed notes from 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Aftab Ahmad
Chief Executive Officer


Tasleemuddin Ahmed Batlay
Director


Muhammad Rashid Dastagir Chief Financial Officer

## Profit and Loss Account <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017

|  | Note | $2017$ <br> (Rupees in | $2016$ <br> housands) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales - net | 26 | 15,401,157 | 13,389,130 |
| Cost of sales | 27 | $(13,609,628)$ | $(12,121,851)$ |
| Gross profit |  | 1,791,529 | 1,267,279 |
| General and administrative expenses | 28 | $(375,135)$ | $(379,336)$ |
| Selling and distribution expenses | 29 | $(115,088)$ | $(113,871)$ |
| Other operating charges | 30 | $(104,427)$ | $(46,081)$ |
| Other income | 31 | 113,859 | 64,136 |
| Operating profit |  | 1,310,738 | 792,127 |
| Finance cost | 32 | $(406,945)$ | $(355,751)$ |
| Net profit before taxation |  | 903,793 | 436,376 |
| Taxation | 33 | $(301,577)$ | $(113,985)$ |
| Net profit for the year |  | 602,216 | 322,391 |
| Earnings per share - basic and diluted (Rupees) | 34 | 3.66 | 1.76 |

Appropriations have been reflected in the statement of changes in equity.

The annexed notes from 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.


Chief Executive Officer


Tasleemuddin Ahmed Batlay Director


Muhammad Rashid Dastagir Chief Financial Officer

# Statement of Comprehensive Income <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017 

2017
2016
Note (Rupees in thousands)

Net profit for the year
602,216
322,391

Other comprehensive (loss) / income for the year
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss account (Loss) / gain on remeasurement of defined benefit liability Tax impact

Total comprehensive income for the year

35 \begin{tabular}{r}

| $(20,346)$ |
| ---: |
| 6,104 | <br>


\hline | 13,470 |
| ---: |
| $(4,041)$ | <br>


\hline | $(14,242)$ |
| ---: |
| 587,974 | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

The annexed notes from 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.
 Chief Executive Officer


Tasleemuddin Ahmed Batlay Director


Muhammad Rashid Dastagir Chief Financial Officer

## Cash Flow Statement <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017

2017
Note (Rupees in thousands)

## CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Cash generated from operations 37

| $1,874,089$ | $2,065,690$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $(409,922)$ | $(356,820)$ |
| $(204,580)$ | $(232,390)$ |
| 108,365 | 93,280 |
| $(37,786)$ | $(38,245)$ |
| $(23,437)$ | - |
| $(3,977)$ | 4,172 |
| $(1,000)$ | - |
| $1,301,752$ | $1,535,687$ |

## CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Fixed capital expenditure
Proceeds from sale of operating fixed assets
Net cash used in investing activities

| $(668,837)$ | $(1,533,570)$ <br> 4,830 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $(664,007)$ | $(1,529,027)$ |

## CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Proceeds from long-term financing from banking companies
Repayment of long-term financing from banking companies
Dividend paid on preference shares
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year
Effect of exchange loss
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year

| 225,000 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $(979,922)$ |
| $(725,515)$ | | 675,000 |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| $(621,439)$ |  |
| - |  |
| $(1,480,437)$ | 53,561 |
| $(842,692)$ | 60,221 <br> $(1,770,949)$ <br> $(1,830,956)$ <br> $(33)$ <br> $(2,613,674)$ |
| $(1,770,949)$ |  |

## CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and bank balances
16 226,476 217,494
Short-term borrowings

The annexed notes from 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.


Chief Executive Officer


Tasleemuddin Ahmed Batlay
Director


Muhammad Rashid Dastagir Chief Financial Officer

## Statement of Changes In Equity

for the year ended June 30, 2017

| Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital |  | Reserves |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Capital reserves |  |  |  | Revenue reserves |  |  | Sub total |  |
| Ordinary share capital | Preference share capital | Share premium | Merger reserve | Redemption reserve | Total | General reserve | Unappropriated profit | Total |  |  |

(Rupees in thousands)


| Total comprehensive income for the year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net profit for the year | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 322,391 | 322,391 | 322,391 | 322,391 |
| Gain on remeasurement of defined benefit liability - net of tax | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 9,429 | 9,429 | 9,429 | 9,429 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 331,820 | 331,820 | 331,820 | 331,820 |
| Balance as at June 30, 2016 | 1,470,184 | 901,214 | 1,822,122 | 7,925 | 931,254 | 2,761,301 | 313,226 | 404,641 | 717,867 | 3,479,168 | 5,850,566 |

Total comprehensive income for the year
Net profit for the year
Loss on remeasurement of defined benefit liability - net of tax

| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 602,216 | 602,216 | 602,216 | 602,216 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | - | - | - | - | $(14,242)$ | $(14,242)$ | $(14,242)$ | $(14,242)$ |  |  |

Cumulative dividend paid on Preference shares
Balance as at June 30, 2017

| - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  | $(725,515)$ | $(725,515)$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $1,470,184$ | 901,214 | $1,822,122$ | 7,925 | 931,254 | $2,761,301$ | 313,226 |  | 267,100 | 580,326 | $3,341,627$ |

The annexed notes from 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer


Tasleemuddin Ahmed Batlay
Director


Muhammad Rashid Dastagir
Chief Financial Officer

# Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017 

## 1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Century Paper \& Board Mills Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company on August 2, 1984 under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 and its ordinary shares were quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The registered office of the Company is situated at Lakson Square Building No. 2, Sarwar Shaheed Road, Karachi, Pakistan. The Company is engaged in manufacturing and marketing of paper, board and related products.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 and provisions of or the directives issued under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 as per the directive of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan issued vide circular No. 17 dated July 20, 2017.

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its circular No. 29 dated September 05, 2016, had prescribed certain additional disclosures to facilitate shariah screening of listed companies for Islamic Equity Index and encouraged all listed companies to voluntarily disclose the information. Accordingly, the Company has opted to present these disclosures in these financial statements.

### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for recognition of certain staff retirement benefits at present value.

These financial statements have been prepared following accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and use of certain critical accounting estimates. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment, critical accounting estimates and significant assumptions are disclosed in note 4.25.

### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

3 NEW STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS TO PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS
3.1 Amendments that are effective in current year but not relevant to the Company

The Company has adopted the amendments to the following approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan which became effective during the year from the dates mentioned below against the respective standards:

# Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017 

|  | Effective date <br> (annual periods |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| beginning on or after) |  |

### 3.2 Amendments not yet effective

The following amendments with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard:

|  |  | Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| IFRS 2 | Share-based Payments - Amendment to clarify the classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions | January 01, 2018 |
| IFRS 4 | Insurance Contract - Amendments regarding a temporary exemption from IFRS 9 has been granted to insurers and an optional accounting policy choice has been introduced to allow an insurer to apply the overlay approach to designated financial assets when it first applies IFRS 9 | January 01, 2018 |
| IFRS 10 | Consolidated Financial Statements - Amendments regarding the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture | Deferred indefinitely |
| IAS 7 | Statement of Cash flows - The amendments in Disclosure Initiative that entities shall provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities | January 01, 2017 |
| IAS 12 | Income Taxes - Amendment to clarify the requirements on recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses on debt instruments measured at fair value | January 01, 2017 |
| IAS 28 | Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures - Clarification that an entities may elect, at initial recognition, to measure investments in an associate or joint venture at fair value through profit or loss separately for each associate or joint venture measuring an associate or joint venture at fair value | January 01, 2018 |

# Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017 

IAS 40 Investment Property - Amendment to state that an entity shall transfer a property to, or from, investment property when, and only when, there is evidence of a change in use. A change of use occurs if property meets, or ceases to meet, the definition of investment property

January 01, 2018
The management anticipates that the adoption of the above amendments in future periods will have no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

### 3.3 Standards or interpretations not yet effective

The following new standards have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

IFRS 1 First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards
IFRS 9 Financial Instruments
IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts
IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers
IFRS 16 Leases
IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts
The effects of IFRS 15 - Revenues from Contracts with Customers and IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments are still being assessed, as these new standards may have a significant effect on the Company's future financial statements.

The Company expects that the adoption of the other amendments and interpretations of the standards will not have any material impact and therefore will not affect the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
The principal accounting policies applied in the presentation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.
4.1 Property, plant and equipment
a) Operating fixed assets

These are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any, except for freehold land which is stated at cost. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the item including borrowing costs (refer note 4.9). The cost of self constructed assets includes the cost of materials, direct labor and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalized as part of that equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in an asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The cost of the day to day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit and loss account during the financial year in which they are incurred.

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

# Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017 

The spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment are capitalized as an asset when they meet the definition of property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation on operating fixed assets other than land is provided on a straight line basis. Full month's depreciation is charged on addition, while no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal or deletion of assets. Rates of depreciation, which are disclosed in note 5 , are determined to allocate the cost of an asset less estimated residual value, if not insignificant, over its useful life.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end, and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant.

Disposal of assets is recognized when significant risks and rewards incidental to the ownership have been transferred to buyers. Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognized in the profit and loss account.
b) Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress are stated at cost and consists of expenditure incurred, advances made and other costs directly attributable to operating fixed assets in the course of their construction and installation. Cost also includes applicable borrowing costs. Transfers are made to relevant operating fixed assets category as and when assets are available for use intended by the management.

### 4.2 Intangible assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Major computer software licenses are capitalized on the basis of cost incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software.

Expenditure which enhances the performance of computer software beyond its original specification and useful life is recognized as a capital improvement and added to the original cost of the software.

Amortization is provided on a straight line basis at the rates disclosed in note 7 to the financial statements. Amortization on addition to intangible assets is charged from the month of addition while no amortization is charged for the month of disposal or deletion of assets.

Costs associated with maintaining computer softwares are recognized as an expense as and when incurred.

### 4.3 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indications exist, the assets' recoverable amounts are estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates cash flows that is largely independent from other assets and group. Impairment losses are recognized as expense in profit and loss account. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the depreciation charge is adjusted in the future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount over its estimated useful life.

Impaired assets are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each balance sheet date. Reversal of the impairment losses are restricted to the extent that asset's carrying amount does not

# Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017 

exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, if no impairment losses had been recognized. A reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the profit and loss account.

### 4.4 Stores and spares

Stores and spares are stated at cost less provision for slow moving and obsolete items. Cost is determined by using the moving average method. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.

The Company reviews the carrying amount of stores and spares on a periodic basis and provision is made for slow moving and obsolescence on periodic basis.

### 4.5 Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of raw material is determined by using the monthly weighted average method.

Stock-in-transit is valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon.
Work-in-process and finished goods consist of the direct materials costs, fuel and power cost and an appropriate proportion of manufacturing overheads including labour cost, depreciation and maintenance etc.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated cost of completion and costs necessary to be incurred in order to make the sale.

### 4.6 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are recognized and carried at original invoiced amount which is the fair value of the consideration to be received in future for goods sold. When a trade debt is uncollectible, it is written off and charge to profit and loss account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to the profit and loss account.
4.7 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case it is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.
a) Current

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date after taking into account tax credits and tax rebates. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.
b) Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

## Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available in future years to utilize deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits.

Deferred tax is calculated based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted up to the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to the periods when the differences reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different taxable entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.
c) The Company takes into account decisions taken by the taxation authorities. For instance where the Company's view differs from the income tax department at the assessment stage, the disputed amounts are shown as contingent liabilities.

### 4.8 Cash and bank balances

Cash in hand and at banks are carried at nominal amount.

### 4.9 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value net of transaction cost incurred. Borrowing cost are subsequently carried at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds received net of transaction cost and the redemption value is recognised in the profit and loss account over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Finance cost are accounted for on accrual basis and are shown as interest and mark up is accrued to the extent of the amount remaining unpaid.

Short term borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the balance sheet date.

Borrowing cost on long term finances and short term borrowings which are obtained for the acquisition of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of cost of that asset. All other borrowing costs are charged to profit and loss account in the period in which these are incurred. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest cost as allowed under IAS 23 "Borrowing cost".

### 4.10 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are obligations to pay for goods and services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company and subsequently measured at amortised cost.
4.11 Provisions

A provision is recognized in the balance sheet when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic

## Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017

benefits will be required to settle the obligation and amount of that obligation can be measured reliably. Provision are not recognised for future operating losses. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect current best estimates.

### 4.12 Contingencies

A contingent liability is disclosed when the Company has a possible obligation as a result of past events, existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

### 4.13 Financial instruments

### 4.13.1 Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held to maturity and available for sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. All the financial assets of the Company as at balance sheet date are carried as loans and receivables.

- Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. These are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet, which are classified as non-current assets. The Company's loans and receivables comprise 'trade debts', 'loans and deposits', 'other receivables' and 'cash and cash equivalents' in the balance sheet.

- Impairment

At the end of each reporting period the Company assesses whether there is an objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is an objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a "loss event") and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be estimated reliably.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss will be reversed either directly or by adjusting provision account.

### 4.13.2 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

### 4.13.3 Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured

## Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017

at fair value, amortized cost or cost, as the case may be. The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

### 4.13.4 Derecognition

The financial assets are de-recognized when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial assets. The financial liabilities are de-recognized when they are extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.
4.14 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial asset and financial liability are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and the Company intends to settle either on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
4.15 Derivative financial instruments

The Company enters into derivative financial instruments. The derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognized in the balance sheet at fair value with corresponding effect in profit and loss account.
4.16 Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into functional currency (PKR) at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains and losses are recognized in the profit and loss account.

### 4.17 Employees benefits

The Company's employees benefits comprise of provident fund, gratuity scheme, compensated absences and medical benefits for eligible employees.

### 4.17.1 Staff retirement benefits

a) Defined benefit plan (Gratuity Fund)

The Company has a gratuity scheme for all its permanent employees who attain the minimum qualification period for entitlement to gratuity. The Gratuity Fund is maintained by a trust created and duly approved. Contributions to the fund are made based on actuarial recommendations. The most recent actuarial valuation was carried out at June 30, 2017 using the projected unit credit method (refer note 35). The remeasurement gains/losses as per actuarial valuation done at financial year end are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income and all other expenses are recognized in accordance with IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" in the profit and loss account.
b) Defined contribution plan (Provident Fund)

The Company contributes to an approved contributory provident fund scheme for all its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions, both by the Company and the employees are made to the fund, at the rate of $10 \%$ of the basic salary plus cost of living allowance. All regular employees are eligible for provident fund upon their confirmation. Obligation for contributions to defined contribution plan by the Company is recognized as an expense in the profit and loss account.

## Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017

### 4.17.2 Compensated absences

The Company accounts for compensated absences of its employees on the basis of unavailed earned leaves balance of each employee accumulated up to three years at the balance sheet date. The related expected cost thereof has been charged to profit and loss account.

### 4.17.3 Medical benefits

The Company maintains a health insurance policy for its entitled employees and their respective spouses. The Company contributes premium to the policy annually. Such premium is recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account in the period to which it relates.

### 4.18 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises of the fair value of the consideration received or receivable from the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Revenue from sale of goods is shown net of sales tax and sales discounts, if any.

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transactions will flow to the Company and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. The revenue arising from different activities of the Company is recognized on the following basis:

- Sale of goods are recorded when the risks and rewards are transferred, that is, on dispatch of goods to customers.
- Scrap sales are recognized on delivery to customers at realized amounts.
- Return on deposit is accrued on time proportion basis by reference to the principle outstanding and the applicable rate of return.
- Commission on insurance premium is recognized on accrual basis.


### 4.19 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash, cheques in hand and balances with banks. Short-term borrowings facilities which are payable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management are included as part of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of statement of cash flows.
4.20 Share capital

Share capital is classified as equity and recognized at the face value. Incremental costs, net of tax, directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown as a deduction in equity.

### 4.21 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

### 4.22 <br> Dividend and appropriation to reserves

Dividend is recognized as a liability in the period in which it is declared. Appropriations to reserves are recognized in the year in which these are approved by the Company's shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

## Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017

### 4.23 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties are based at arm's length at normal commercial rates on the same terms and conditions as applicable to third party transactions.

## Significant accounting judgments and critical accounting estimates / assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the management to:-

- exercise its judgment in process of applying the Company's accounting policies, and
- use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions concerning the future.

The management has exercised judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies for classification of Post Employment Benefits as Defined Benefits Plan and Defined Contribution Plan (refer note 4.17, note 35 and note 36) that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the financial statements.

The areas involving critical accounting estimates and significant assumptions concerning the future are discussed below:-
a) Income taxes

The Company takes into account relevant provisions of the prevailing income tax laws while providing for current and deferred taxes as explained in note 4.7 of these financial statements.
b) Defined benefits plan

Certain actuarial assumptions have been adopted as disclosed in note 35 to these financial statements for valuation of present value of defined benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets. Any changes in these assumptions in future years might affect actuarial gains / losses recognized in those years with corresponding effect on carrying amount of defined benefit plan liability / asset.
c) Property, plant and equipment

Management has made estimates of residual values, useful lives and recoverable amounts of certain items of property, plant and equipment. Any change in these estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and equipment with corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment loss.
d) Stores and spares

Management has made estimates for realizable amount of slow moving and obsolete stores and spares items to determine provision for slow moving and obsolete items. Any future change in the estimated realizable amounts might affect carrying amount of stores and spares with corresponding affect on amounts recognized in profit and loss account as provision / reversal.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended June 30, 2017

## 5 OPERATING FIXED ASSETS

The following is the statement of operating fixed assets:

| Description | Freehold <br> land | Buildings on <br> freehold land | Leasehold <br> improvements | Plant and <br> machinery <br> (note $5.2 \& 5.3)$ | Furniture <br> and fixtures | Vehicles | Electrical and <br> other <br> equipments | Computers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | Total

(Rupees in thousands)

| Year ended June 30, 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net carrying value basis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Opening net book value (NBV) | 281,529 | 1,946,181 | - | 7,677,399 | 5,166 | 97,576 | 13,252 | 16,611 | 10,037,714 |
| Additions (at cost) | - | 73,153 | - | 201,767 | 847 | 16,170 | 4,373 | 1,898 | 298,208 |
| Disposals (NBV) | - | - | - | - | - | $(3,828)$ | - | (13) | $(3,841)$ |
| Depreciation charge | - | $(83,897)$ | - | $(793,697)$ | (956) | $(19,308)$ | $(4,586)$ | $(9,089)$ | $(911,533)$ |
| Closing net book value (refer note 5.1) | 281,529 | 1,935,437 | - | 7,085,469 | 5,057 | 90,610 | 13,039 | 9,407 | 9,420,548 |
| Gross carrying value basis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost | 281,529 | 2,461,275 | 6,995 | 15,543,632 | 21,221 | 155,792 | 40,037 | 92,949 | 18,603,430 |
| Accumulated depreciation / impairment | - | $(525,838)$ | $(6,995)$ | $(8,458,163)$ | $(16,164)$ | $(65,182)$ | $(26,998)$ | $(83,542)$ | $(9,182,882)$ |
| Net book value | 281,529 | 1,935,437 | - | 7,085,469 | 5,057 | 90,610 | 13,039 | 9,407 | 9,420,548 |


| Year ended June 30, 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net carrying value basis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Opening net book value (NBV) | 281,529 | 1,195,547 |  | 6,009,196 | 4,256 | 81,587 | 10,350 | 19,766 | 7,602,231 |
| Additions (at cost) | - | 803,222 |  | 2,459,241 | 1,806 | 37,539 | 7,003 | 6,282 | 3,315,093 |
| Disposals (NBV) | - | - | - | - | - | $(3,616)$ | - | (46) | $(3,662)$ |
| Depreciation charge | - | $(52,588)$ | - | $(791,038)$ | (896) | $(17,934)$ | $(4,101)$ | $(9,391)$ | $(875,948)$ |
| Closing net book value (refer note 5.1) | 281,529 | 1,946,181 | - | 7,677,399 | 5,166 | 97,576 | 13,252 | 16,611 | 10,037,714 |


| Gross carrying value basis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost | 281,529 | 2,388,122 | 6,995 | 15,350,605 | 20,374 | 148,507 | 35,663 | 91,171 | 18,322,966 |
| Accumulated depreciation / impairment |  | $(441,941)$ | $(6,995)$ | $(7,673,206)$ | $(15,208)$ | $(50,931)$ | $(22,411)$ | (74,560) | (8,285,252) |
| Net book value | 281,529 | 1,946,181 |  | 7,677,399 | 5,166 | 97,576 | 13,252 | 16,611 | 10,037,714 |

Depreciation rate \% per annum
5.1 The cost of fully depreciated assets which are still in use as at June 30, 2017 is Rs. 3,083 million and written down value is Rs. 4.39 million (2016: Rs. 2,826 million and written down value is Rs. 3.02 million).
5.2 Plant and machinery includes gas pipeline installations with a cost of Rs. 16.87 million (written down value: Nil) [2016: Rs. 16.87 million (written down value: Nil)] that installed outside the premises of the factory but which are under the possession and control of the Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited. However, the economic benefits associated with these assets are flowing to the Company.
5.3 Plant and machinery includes capital spares amounting to Rs. 286.43 million (written down value Rs. 174.09 million) [2016: Rs. 286.43 million (written down value Rs. 201.35 million)].

|  | 2017 <br> Note |
| :---: | :---: |
| (Rupees in thousands) |  |

5.4 The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

| Cost of sales | 27 | 877,086 | 841,071 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| General and administrative expenses | 28 | 32,156 | 32,935 |
| Selling and distribution expenses | 29 | 2,291 |  |
|  |  | 911,533 | 875,948 |

## Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017

5.5 The following operating fixed assets were disposed off during the year:

| Description | Cost | Accumulated depreciation | Net book value | Sale proceeds | Mode of disposal | Particulars of buyers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Rupees in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plant and machinery |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Items having book value upto Rs. fifty thousand | 8,740 | 8,740 | - | 300 | Scrap (Note 5.5.1) | Various |
|  | 8,740 | 8,740 | - | 300 |  |  |
| Vehicle |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Honda Civic | 2,448 | 922 | 1,526 | 1,625 | Sale (Negotiation) | Mr. Syed Ahmad Ashraf (Ex-Employee) |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,679 | 1,175 | 504 | 722 | Maturity of Company Car Scheme (5.5.2) | Mr. Abdul Ghaffar (Employee) |
| Toyota Corolla Gli | 1,524 | 1,067 | 457 | 587 | Maturity of Company Car Scheme (5.5.2) | Mr. Iftikhar Elahi (Employee) |
| Toyota Corolla Xli | 1,424 | 997 | 427 | 467 | Maturity of Company Car Scheme (5.5.2) | Mr. Ahmed Mansoor (Employee) |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,049 | 364 | 685 | 691 | Maturity of Company Car Scheme (5.5.2) | Mr. Zuhair Ahmed (Employee) |
| Suzuki Cultus | 555 | 388 | 167 | 370 | Sale (Negotiation) | Mr. M. Asif Siddiqui (Employee) |
| Items having book value upto Rs. fifty thousand | 207 | 145 | 62 | 68 | Maturity of Company Car Scheme (5.5.2) | Various |
|  | 8,886 | 5,058 | 3,828 | 4,530 |  |  |
| Computers |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Items having book value upto Rs. fifty thousand | 120 | 106 | 13 | - | Scrap (Note 5.5.1) | Various |
| Total - 2017 | 17,746 | 13,904 | 3,841 | 4,830 |  |  |
| Total-2016 | 19,231 | 15,570 | 3,661 | 4,543 |  |  |

5.5.1 Certain assets were retired during the year and sold as bulk scrap. Consequently, it is not practicable to assign sale proceeds to these retired assets individually.
5.5.2 The vehicles were transferred to employees at maturity of the Company car scheme.

20172016
(Rupees in thousands)
CAPITAL WORK-IN-PROGRESS
This comprises of:

| Civil works | 2,705 | 21,963 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Plant and machinery | 297,798 | 7,597 |
| Advances to suppliers | 1,775 | 19,477 |

6.1 Movement of carrying amount

Note $\frac{\text { Building }$|  Plant and  |
| :---: |
|  machinery  | Total}{(Rupees in thousands)}

Year ended June 30, 2017
Opening balance

|  | 21,962 | 27,074 | 49,036 |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 6.2 | 53,896 | 449,048 | 502,944 |
|  | $(73,153)$ | $(176,549)$ | $(249,702)$ |
|  | 2,705 | 299,573 | 302,278 |

Transferred to operating fixed assets
Closing balance
Year ended June 30, 2016
Opening balance

|  | 327,215 | $1,484,962$ | $1,812,177$ |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 6.2 | 497,969 | 942,556 | $1,440,525$ |
|  | $(803,222)$ | $(2,400,444)$ | $(3,203,666)$ |
|  | 21,962 | 27,074 | 49,036 |

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended June 30, 2017
6.2 This includes borrowing costs capitalized amounting to nil (2016: Rs. 150.714 million) at an average rate of nil (2016: $7.33 \%$ ) per annum.

| INTANGIBIE ASSETS | Note |
| :--- | :--- | | 2017 |
| :--- |
| (Rupees in thousands) |

7 INTANGIBLE ASSETS
Intangible assets

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,685 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$

7.1 Net carrying value basis

| Opening net book value |  | 2,390 | 3,645 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amortization charge | 28 | (705) | $(1,255)$ |
| Closing net book value |  | 1,685 | 2,390 |

Gross carrying value basis
Cost

| 62,013 <br> $(60,328)$ |
| ---: |
| 1,685 |

## Amortization rate \% per annum

$$
20-33.33 \quad 20-33.33
$$

8 LONG-TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES
(Unsecured - considered good)
Long-term loans
Long-term advance to supplier
8.1 Long-term loans

Due from employees
Current portion shown under current assets
8.2 Outstanding period is as under:

More than one year but less than three years

| 8.1 | 86 | 184 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 8.5 | 4,773 |  |
|  | 4,859 |  |

Curert

These loans are in the normal course of business which do not carry any mark-up or interest in accordance with their terms of employment.
8.4 Chief Executive Officer and Directors have not taken any loans and advances from the Company.
8.5 This represents advances to suppliers against vehicles in the normal course of business and does not carry any interest or mark-up.

# Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017 

2017
2016
Note (Rupees in thousands)
9 STORES AND SPARES

| Stores | 9.1 | 729,605 | 723,838 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spares |  |  |  |
| in hand |  | 413,612 | 398,730 |
| in transit | 9.2 | 256,144 | 42,839 |
|  |  | 669,756 | 441,569 |
|  |  | 1,399,361 | 1,165,407 |
| Provision for slow moving stores and spares | 9.3 | $(34,810)$ | $(28,810)$ |
|  | 9.4 | 1,364,551 | 1,136,597 |

9.1 This includes fuel for power and steam generation amounting to Rs. 131.19 million (2016: Rs. 118.07 million).
9.2 This includes coal in transit amounting to Rs. 218.31 million (2016: Rs. 5.4 million).

2017
2016
Note (Rupees in thousands)
9.3 Provision for slow moving stores and spares comprises:

| Balance at the beginning of the year |  | 28,810 | 25,725 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Provision recognized during the year | 27 | 6,000 | 3,085 |
| Balance at the end of the year |  | 34,810 | 28,810 |

9.4 Stores and spares also include items which may result in capital expenditure but are not distinguishable at the time of purchase. However, the stores and spares consumption resulting in capital expenditure are capitalized in cost of respective assets.

|  | Note | 20172016 <br> (Rupees in thousands) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| STOCK-IN-TRADE |  |  |  |
| Raw materials |  |  |  |
| in hand |  | 1,110,602 | 1,085,198 |
| in transit |  | 419,043 | 217,260 |
|  |  | 1,529,645 | 1,302,458 |
| Work-in-process |  | 96,961 | 50,053 |
| Finished goods |  | 336,485 | 379,353 |
|  |  | 1,963,091 | 1,731,864 |
| TRADE DEBTS |  |  |  |
| (Unsecured - considered good) |  |  |  |
| Due from associated undertakings | 11.1 | 129,347 | 119,051 |
| Others |  | 1,456,031 | 1,146,381 |
|  | 11.4 | 1,585,378 | 1,265,432 |

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended June 30, 2017

2017
2016
Note (Rupees in thousands)
11.1 This comprises of amounts receivable from:

| Merit Packaging Limited |  | 73,317 | 73,208 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Colgate-Palmolive (Pakistan) Limited | 11.2 | 56,030 | 45,843 |

11.2 The aging of related party balances at the balance sheet date is as follows:

Not past due
Past due by 1 to 30 days

| 129,347 | 112,717 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | - | 6,334 |
| 129,347 |  |  |

11.3 The maximum amount due from related parties at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 187.21 million (2016: Rs. 209.70 million).
11.4 These are in the normal course of business and interest free.

20172016
Note (Rupees in thousands)
12 LOANS AND ADVANCES
(Unsecured - considered good)
Loans $\begin{array}{lll}\text { Current portion of long-term loans } & 8.1 & 116\end{array}$
Advances
to employees
to suppliers

| 8.1 | 116 | 506 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 12.1 | 1,183 |  |
| 12.2 | 5,936 | 1,844 <br> 12,849 |
| 12.3 | 7,119 |  |
|  | $\frac{14,693}{15,199}$ |  |
|  |  |  |

12.1 This includes advances provided to employees to meet business expenses and are settled as and when the expenses are incurred. These advances do not carry any interest or mark-up.
12.2 This represents advances to suppliers in the normal course of business and does not carry any interest or mark-up.
12.3 Chief Executive Officer and Directors have not taken any loans and advances from the Company.

2017
2016
Note (Rupees in thousands)
13 TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS

| Deposits | 13.1 | 773 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Prepayments |  | 80 |
|  |  | 84,374 |

13.1 This represents short term deposits in the normal course of business and does not carry any interest or mark-up.

# Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017 

| 14 | OTHER RECEIVABLES | Note | $\begin{array}{lc} 2017 & 2016 \\ \text { (Rupees in thousands) } \end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 14.1 | (Unsecured - considered good) |  |  |  |
|  | Due from associated undertakings |  |  |  |
|  | Insurance agency commission |  | 1,616 | 836 |
|  | Others |  | 2,093 | 3,174 |
|  |  | 14.1 | 3,709 | 4,010 |
|  | Others |  | 156 | 326 |
|  |  | 14.2 | 3,865 | 4,336 |
|  | This comprises of amounts receivable from: |  |  |  |
|  | Century Insurance Company Limited |  | 2,418 | 1,523 |
|  | SIZA (Private) Limited |  | 687 | 649 |
|  | Merit Packaging Limited |  | 172 | 1,419 |
|  | Accuray Surgical (Private) Limited |  | - | 60 |
|  | Anchor Commodities (Private) Limited |  | 55 | 55 |
|  | GAM Corporation (Private) Limited |  | - | 55 |
|  | Cyber Internet Services (Private) Limited |  | 137 | 21 |
|  | Sybrid (Private) Limited |  | 240 | 228 |
|  |  |  | 3,709 | 4,010 |

14.2 These are in the normal course of business and interest free.

15 TAXATION - NET
15.1 The income tax assessments of the Company have been finalized upto Tax Year 2016 (accounting year ended June 30, 2016). However, the return for the Tax Year 2015 has been selected for audit under Section 177 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 pending assessment order. Adequate provisions have been made in these financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017 (Tax year 2017).
15.2 Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue has made certain disallowances for expenses for the Tax Year 2009, 2011, 2012 and 2015 which resulted in reduction of tax losses available to the Company for respective years. The Company has filed appeals against orders of the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue for the Tax Year 2009, 2011 and 2012 before Income Tax Appellate Tribunal and filed appeal against order of the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue for the Tax Year 2015 before Commissioner (Appeals), which are pending adjudication except for Tax Year 2012, in respect of which Income Tax Appellate Tribunal has decided in favour of the tax department and the Company has filed appeal against the decision in the High Court of Sindh.

20172016
(Rupees in thousands)
16 CASH AND BANK BALANCES
Cash at bank in current account Conventional mode

Cheques in hand
Cash in hand

| 89,740 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 90,238 | 134,462 |
| 132,831 | 79,174 |
| 3,407 | 3,858 |
| 226,476 | 217,494 |

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended June 30, 2017

ORDINARY SHARES

| Number of ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each |  |  | (Rupees in thousands) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2017 | 2016 |  |  |  |
| 77,678,857 | 77,678,857 | Fully paid in cash | 776,790 | 776,790 |
| 43,542,501 | 43,542,501 | Issued as fully paid bonus shares | 435,425 | 435,425 |
| 25,089,437 | 25,089,437 | Issued due to conversion of preference shares | 250,894 | 250,894 |
| 707,550 | 707,550 | Issued under scheme of amalgamation | 7,075 | 7,075 |
| 147,018,345 | 147,018,345 |  | 1,470,184 | 1,470,184 |
| 100,227,748 | 100,227,748 | Shares held by associated companies and related parties | 1,002,277 | 1,002,277 |
| PREFERENCE SHARES |  |  |  |  |
| Number of preference shares of Rs. 10/- each 2017$2016$ |  |  |  |  |
| 300,404,561 | 300,404,561 | Fully paid in cash | 3,004,046 | 3,004,046 |
| $(135,182,070)$ | $(135,182,070)$ | Redeemed through cash / right shares | $(1,351,821)$ | $(1,351,821)$ |
| $(75,101,140)$ | $(75,101,140)$ | Conversion to ordinary shares | $(751,011)$ | $(751,011)$ |
| 90,121,351 | 90,121,351 |  | 901,214 | 901,214 |
| 90,121,351 | 90,121,351 | Shares held by associated companies | 901,214 | 901,214 |

18.1 In November 2009, the Company issued preference right shares of the face value of Rs. 10 each, in the proportion of 4.25 preference shares for every ordinary share held. These shares are not listed on any of the stock exchanges in Pakistan.
18.2 The followings are the terms, conditions, rights and privileges of preference shares with amendments which became effective on July 1, 2013.
a) Annual dividends will be payable when and if declared by the Company but shall be paid on cumulative basis prior to any dividend or other distribution payable to the ordinary shareholders. The dividend rate will be based on six months KIBOR plus spread of $1 \%$ per annum subject to cap of $13 \%$ per annum on the face value of the preference shares.
During the year, the Company has declared and paid cumulative preference dividend amounting to Rs. 725.51 million. The cumulative preference dividend as at the balance sheet date amounted to Rs. 3.63 million (June 30, 2016: Rs. 664.16 million).
b) The preference shareholders do not have any voting rights and are not entitled to receive any notice for meeting of shareholders and will not be entitled to any rights in respect of subscription of further issue of ordinary shares of the Company.
c) The Company shall have the option to redeem the preference shares in full or in any proportion by giving fourteen days notice. The redemption will be subject to the payment of cumulative unpaid dividend, if any, on the part being redeemed up to the applicable date of redemption notice. The redemption will be subject to compliance with the provisions of Section 85 of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984.

# Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017 

2016
Note (Rupees in thousands)
RESERVES
Capital
Share premium
Capital redemption reserve
$19.1 \quad 1,822,122 \quad 1,822,122$
Merger reserve
Revenue
General reserve
Un-appropriated profit
19.1 This reserve can be utilized by the Company only for the purposes specified in Section 81(3) of the Companies Act, 2017.
19.2 This represents reserve created for preference shares redeemed through cash to comply with Section 85(c) of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984.
19.3 This represents amount created under scheme of arrangement for amalgamation of former Century Power Generation Limited, a subsidiary, with the Company.
19.4 Movement of reserves have been reflected in the statement of changes in equity.

2017
2016
Note (Rupees in thousands)

## LONG-TERM FINANCING

From banking companies - secured
Utilized under mark-up arrangements financed by: Islamic mode Meezan Bank Limited - Musharaka - 1
Meezan Bank Limited - Musharaka - 2
Faysal Bank Limited - Term Ioan

| 20.1 | 600,000 <br> 637,500 <br> 20.2 <br> 20.3 | 900,000 <br> 675,000 <br> 74,238 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | $1,269,316$ | $1,649,238$ |

Conventional mode
Syndicated - Consortium of Banks Allied Bank Limited - Term loan

From associated undertaking - unsecured
20.4
20.5

| $1,275,000$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 525,000 | | $1,350,000$ <br> 825,000 |
| ---: |
| $1,800,000$ |
| $3,069,316$ <br> $1,000,000$ <br> $4,069,316$ |
| $2,175,000$ <br> $3,824,238$ <br> $1,000,000$ <br> $4,824,238$ |

Current portion shown under current liabilities Islamic mode Conventional mode

| $(481,816)$ <br> $(600,000)$ | $(443,672)$ <br> $(502,500)$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $\frac{(1,081,816)}{(946,172)}$ |  |
| $2,987,500$ |  |

## Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017

20.1 This represents Diminishing Musharaka Arrangement with Meezan Bank Limited amounting to Rs. 1,500 million. The tenor of the facility is six years including one year grace period. This finance facility is repayable in twenty equal quarterly installments which commenced from August 2014.

The finance facility is secured by way of mortgage of immovable properties of the Company and first pari passu hypothecation charge over the assets pertaining to Board Machine (PM-7) with 25\% margin.

The rate of mark up is equal to base rate plus $0.50 \%$ (June 30, 2016: $0.90 \%$ ). Base rate is equal to three months KIBOR of the last one business day prior to the beginning of each installment period. During the year the effective mark up rate was 6.64 \% (June 30, 2016: 7.54\%) per annum.

During the year, Al-Baraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited which was member to the Syndicate has novated its share to Meezan Bank Limited.
20.2 This represents Diminishing Musharaka Arrangement of Rs. 750 million with Meezan Bank Limited for financing expenditure incurred on 18 MW Coal Based Co-Generation Power Plant. The tenor of the facility is seven years with two years grace period. This finance facility is repayable in twenty equal quarterly installments commencing from November 2016.

The finance facility is secured by way of mortgage of immovable properties of the Company and first hypothecation charge over all assets belonging to the Company with $25 \%$ margin.

The rate of mark up is equal to base rate plus $0.50 \%$ (June 30, 2016: $0.75 \%$ ). Base rate is equal to three months KIBOR of the last one business day prior to the beginning of each installment period. During the year, the effective mark up rate was 6.63 \% (June 30, 2016: 7.35\%) per annum.
20.3 This term finance facility has been obtained from Faysal Bank Limited under Diminishing Musharaka Arrangement specifically for acquisition of Compact Sheeter. The tenor of the facility is three years including one year grace period. This finance facility is repayable in eight equal quarterly instalments which commenced from May 2016.

This finance facility is secured by way of exclusive charge on Compact Sheeter with $25 \%$ margin.
The rate of mark up is equal to base rate plus $0.75 \%$. Base rate is equal to three months KIBOR of the last one business day prior to the beginning of each installment period. During the year, the effective mark up rate was 6.84 \% (June 30, 2016: 7.23\%) per annum.
20.4 This represents Syndicated Term Financing Arrangement with Consortium of MCB Bank Limited and Allied Bank Limited amounting to Rs. 1,500 million for financing expenditure incurred on 18 MW Coal Based Co-Generation Power Plant. The tenor of the facility is seven years with two years grace period. This finance facility is repayable in twenty equal quarterly installments which commenced from November 2016.

The finance facility is secured by way of mortgage of immovable properties of the Company and pari passu first hypothecation charge over all assets belonging to the Company with $25 \%$ margin.

The rate of mark up is equal to base rate plus $0.50 \%$ (June 30, 2016: $0.75 \%$ ). Base rate is equal to three months KIBOR of the last one business day prior to the beginning of each installment period. During the year, the effective mark up rate was 6.63\% (June 30, 2016: 7.35\%) per annum.

## Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017

20.5 This term finance facility has been obtained from Allied Bank Limited amounting to Rs. 1,500 million. The tenor of the facility is six years including one year grace period. This finance facility is repayable in twenty equal quarterly installments which commenced from June 2014.

The finance facility is secured by way of mortgage of immovable properties of the Company and first pari passu hypothecation charge over the assets pertaining to Board Machine (PM-7) with 25\% margin.

The rate of mark up is equal to base rate plus $0.50 \%$ (June 30, 2016: $0.90 \%$ ). Base rate is equal to average of three months KIBOR of the last six business days prior to the beginning of each installment period. During the year, the effective mark up rate was 6.57\% (June 30, 2016: 7.48\%) per annum.
20.6 This loan has been obtained from SIZA Commodities (Private) Limited, an associated company, amounting to Rs. 1,000 million. The loan has been rescheduled on June 30, 2016 and is now repayable after two years from the date of agreement i.e. July 2018.

The rate of mark up is $0.50 \%$ (June 30, 2016: 0.90\%) over average of three months KIBOR of the last one day of preceding quarter. During the year, the effective mark up rate was $6.58 \%$ (June 30, 2016: 7.51\%) per annum.

20172016
Note (Rupees in thousands)
21 DEFERRED TAXATION
Deferred taxation
$21.1 \quad 934,494 \quad 695,234$
21.1 The net balance for deferred taxation is in respect of following temporary differences:

Deferred tax liabilities
Accelerated tax depreciation allowance 1,546,124 1,606,182

## Deferred tax assets

Tax losses carried forward
Turnover tax / Alternative Corporate tax
Provision for slow moving stores and spares
Provision for compensated absences
Others

| 217,482 | 545,121 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 349,597 | 326,406 |
| 10,443 | 8,643 |
| 16,564 | 15,780 |
| 17,544 | 14,998 |
| $(611,630)$ | $(910,948)$ |
| 934,494 | 695,234 |

21.2 The gross movement in the deferred tax liability during the year is as follow:

| Balance as at July 01 | 695,234 | 578,499 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Charge to profit and loss account | 245,364 | 112,694 |
| Charge recognised in other comprehensive income | $(6,104)$ | 4,041 |
|  | 934,494 | 695,234 |

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended June 30, 2017

20172016
Note (Rupees in thousands)

## 22 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

| Creditors | 22.1 | 523,739 | 510,181 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Foreign bills payable |  | 326,368 | 125,058 |
| Accrued liabilities | 22.2 | 626,617 | 510,220 |
| Customers' balances |  | 147,323 | 89,877 |
| Gratuity payable | 35.4 | 58,479 | 49,992 |
| Workers' Profit Participation Fund | 22.3 | 48,539 | 23,437 |
| Sales tax payable - net |  | 24,138 | 10,172 |
| Workers' Welfare Fund | 30 | 18,445 | 8,906 |
| Provident fund payable |  | 6,505 | 6,182 |
| Retention money payable |  | 1,004 | 204,136 |
| Unclaimed dividend |  | 724 | 724 |
| Other liabilities |  | 60,261 | 42,053 |

22.1 The aggregate amount of the outstanding balance of associated undertakings as at June 30, 2017 is Rs. 56.49 million (2016: Rs. 89.42 million).
22.2 This includes an amount of Rs. 410.97 million (2016: Rs. 399.20 million) payable in respect of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) levied under GIDC Act, 2015. The Company has filed an appeal in Honorable Sindh High Court. The Sindh High Court declared the GIDC Act 2015 as null and void through its judgement dated October 26, 2016. Subsequently, based on appeal filed by the Government, the Sindh High Court suspended the aforesaid judgement till the disposal of appeal. The matter is pending for hearing of appeal.

However, the Company has recorded a provision in the financial statements against GIDC as liability for the period from August 2014 to February 2016 and May 2017 to June 2017. No GIDC was levied by the Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Limited (SNGPL) from the month of March 2016 to April 2017.

2017
2016

### 22.3 Workers' Profit Participation Fund

Balance at July 01
Interest on funds utilized in Company's business
Allocation for the year

Amount paid during the year
Balance at June 30

Note
(Rupees in thousands)

|  | 23,437 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 32 | 461 | - |
| 30 | 48,539 | - |
|  | 72,437 | 23,437 |

# Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017 

2017
2016
Note (Rupees in thousands)

## INTEREST AND MARK UP ACCRUED

Interest and mark up accrued on:
Long-term financing
Islamic mode
Conventional mode

Short-term borrowings
Islamic mode
Conventional mode

| 11,173 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 11,652 | | 15,246 |
| ---: |
| 12,476 |
| 22,825 | | 27,722 |
| ---: |


| 3,105 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 12,423 |
| 15,528 |
| 38,353 | | 4,582 |
| ---: |
| 9,026 |
| 13,608 |
| 41,330 |

SHORT TERM BORROWINGS

From banking companies - secured
Running finances Islamic mode Conventional mode

Import credit finances - Conventional mode
Short term loan - Conventional mode

|  | 71,408 |  | 288,019 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $1,355,634$ |  | $1,229,847$ |
|  | $1,427,042$ |  | $1,517,866$ |
| 24.1 | 574,308 |  | 470,577 |
| 24.2 | 838,800 | - |  |
| 24.3 |  | - |  |
| 24.4 | $2,840,150$ | $1,988,443$ |  |

24.1 The Company has available aggregate short term running finance facilities amounting to Rs. 3,060 million (June 30, 2016: Rs. 2,860 million). Mark up rates are linked with KIBOR from one to three months plus spreads ranging from $0.30 \%$ to $1.25 \%$ per annum (2016: from $0.30 \%$ to $1.50 \%$ per annum).
24.2 The Company has available aggregate sub-limits for FE loans under facilities for running finance and letters of credit amounting to Rs. 3,030 million (2016: Rs. 2,830 million). The FE loan of USD 5.47 million has been utilized at year end. This facility is priced at one month and three months LIBOR plus spread ranging between $1.50 \%$ to $3.00 \%$ per annum (2016: from $1.75 \%$ to $3.23 \%$ per annum).
24.3 This loan has been obtained from Standard Chartered Bank, UK - Dubai International Finance Center branch through Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited amounting to USD 8.00 million equivalent to fixed amount of Rs. 838.80 million for meeting working capital requirements. The tenor of the loan is six months i.e. from June 12, 2017 to December 12, 2017. The price of loan is six months KIBOR minus $0.20 \%$. As per the terms of agreement, Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited has obtained forward cover on behalf of the Company to hedge foreign currency risk.
24.4 These arrangements are secured by way of pari passu hypothecation charge created on stock-intrade, stores and spares and trade debts of the Company.
24.5 Aggregate facilities for opening of letters of credit and guarantees amounting to Rs. 4,246 million (2016: Rs. 4,046 million) are available to the Company.

# Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017 

## 25 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

### 25.1 Contingencies

a) Guarantees

Guarantees have been issued by banks on behalf of the Company in the normal course of business aggregating to Rs. 521 million (2016: Rs. 447 million) including guarantee relating to Sindh Infrastructure Cess amounting to Rs. 30 million (2016: nil) furnished to Excise and Taxation Department during the year.
b) Sales tax

Four cases of inadmissible input sales tax amounting to Rs. 87.31 million were adjudicated against the Company by Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue. The appeals were filed by the Company against these orders at respective forum. These cases were remanded back to the adjudicating authorities by the Appellate Authorities with the direction to verify the compliance of the Company with the relevant provisions of the Sales Tax Act, 1990. No provision has been made in these financial statements as the management is of the opinion, based on advice of tax advisor, that the decision is likely to be in the favor of the Company.
c) Gas Infrastructure Development Cess

Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Limited has charged an amount of Rs. 152.72 million (2016: Rs. 69.32 million) on account of late payment surcharge on GIDC of Rs. 410.97 million (Note 22.2) payable in respect of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) levied under GIDC Act, 2015. On the appeal filed by the Company, the Honorable Sindh High Court by their judgement, suspended the levy and declared the GIDC Act 2015 as null and void. Subsequent to the judgment, based on appeal filed by the Government, the Sindh High Court suspended the aforesaid judgment till the disposal of appeal. The matter is still pending in Honorable Sindh High Court. No provision has been made in these financial statements for late payment surcharge as the management is of the opinion, based on advice of legal advisor that the Company is not liable to pay late payment surcharges and expects that the decision is likely to be in the favor of the Company.

### 25.2 Commitments

25.2.1 The Company's commitments as at balance sheet date are as follows:
a) Letters of credit other than for capital expenditure at the end of the year amounted to Rs. 1,101.44 million (2016: Rs. 702.52 million).
b) Capital expenditure including letters of credit amounting to Rs. 10.93 million (2016: Rs.112.70 million).
20172016
(Rupees in thousands)

SALES
Gross sales

| $18,021,243$ <br> $(2,620,086)$ | $15,602,566$ <br> $(2,213,436)$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| $15,401,157$ |  |

# Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017 

2017
2016
Note (Rupees in thousands)

## COST OF SALES

Materials consumed
Fuel and power
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment
Salaries, wages and other benefits
Repairs, maintenance and stores consumption
Packing expenses
Insurance
Provision for slow moving stores and spares
Rent, rates and taxes
Manufacturing cost
Work-in-process
Opening stock
Closing stock
Cost of goods manufactured
Finished goods
Opening stock
Closing stock

|  | $8,566,475$ | $7,739,036$ |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $2,414,681$ | $1,909,960$ |
| 5.4 | 877,086 | 841,071 |
| 27.1 | 701,493 | 643,095 |
|  | 607,934 | 632,805 |
|  | 360,127 | 299,867 |
|  | 73,737 | 66,858 |
| 9.3 | 6,000 | 3,085 |
|  | 6,135 | 5,699 |
|  | $13,613,668$ | $12,141,476$ |


$\left.$| 50,053 <br> $(96,961)$ |
| :---: |
| $\frac{(46,908)}{13,566,760}$ | | 298,416 |
| ---: |
| $(50,053)$ | \right\rvert\, | 248,363 |
| ---: |
| $12,389,839$ |


| 379,353 <br> $(336,485)$ | 111,365 <br> $(379,353)$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 42,868 |  |
| $13,609,628$ |  |

27.1 Salaries, wages and other benefits includes Rs. 44.69 million (2016: Rs. 43.19 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

|  | 2017 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Note | 2016 |
| (Rupees in thousands) |  |

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

| Salaries and other benefits | 28.1 | 223,649 | 214,039 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Depreciation on property, plant and equipment | 5.4 | 32,156 | 32,935 |
| Information technology charges |  | 18,236 | 18,237 |
| Rent, rates and taxes | 9,134 | 8,861 |  |
| Amortization on intangible assets | 7.1 | 705 | 1,255 |
| Security service charges |  | 40,025 | 36,990 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 8,538 | 21,247 |  |
| Travelling and conveyance | 14,748 | 12,231 |  |
| Electricity | 9,286 | 10,651 |  |
| Printing, stationery and periodicals | 6,390 | 6,794 |  |
| Business promotion expenses | 3,885 | 6,318 |  |
| Fee and subscription | 2,729 | 3,813 |  |
| Telephone and postage | 3,012 | 3,271 |  |
| Insurance | 2,100 | 2,192 |  |
| Advertisement | 542 | 502 |  |

28.1 Salaries and other benefits include Rs. 14.47 million (2016: Rs. 14.37 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended June 30, 2017

20172016

Note (Rupees in thousands)

## 29 SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

Selling expenses
Salaries and other benefits
Insurance
Electricity
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment
Travelling and conveyance
Rent, rates and taxes
Telephone and postage
Distribution expenses
Outward freight
$29.1 \quad 42,914 \quad 42,431$
$597 \quad 452$
$845 \quad 679$
2,291 1,942
1,566 1,825
$1,736 \quad 1,745$
$\begin{array}{r}160 \\ \hline 50,109\end{array} \frac{174}{49,248}$
$\begin{array}{r}64,979 \\ \hline 115,088 \\ \hline\end{array}$
29.1 Salaries and other benefits include Rs. 3.35 million (2016: Rs 3.26 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

20172016 (Rupees in thousands)

30 OTHER OPERATING CHARGES

| Legal and professional charges |  | 30,879 | 9,147 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Auditors' remuneration |  |  |  |
| Statutory audit |  | 925 | 880 |
| Half yearly review |  | 175 | 165 |
| Fee for other services |  | 105 | 134 |
| Reimbursement of expenses |  | 152 | 144 |
|  |  | 1,357 | 1,323 |
| Workers' Profit Participation Fund | 22.3 | 48,539 | 23,437 |
| Workers' Welfare Fund | 22 | 18,445 | 8,906 |
| Net exchange loss - Conventional mode |  | 797 | - |
| Donation | 30.1 | 1,000 | - |
| Others |  | 3,410 | 3,268 |
|  |  | 104,427 | 46,081 |

30.1 During the year, a donation was paid to Family Education Service Foundation (FESF). None of Directors has any interest in the donee.

$$
2017 \quad 2016
$$

Note (Rupees in thousands)

## 31 OTHER INCOME

Income from financial assets
Profit on bank deposit accounts
Income from non-financial assets
Sale of scrap
Insurance agency commission from associated company
Gain on sale of operating fixed assets - net
Net exchange gain - Conventional mode
Others
31.1

| 53,503 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 10,300 |
| 988 |
| - |
| 48,333 |
| 113,124 |
| 113,859 | | 52,054 |
| ---: |
| 9,669 |
| 882 |
| 955 |
| 576 |
| 64,136 |
| 64,136 |

## Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017

31.1 This includes net amount of Rs. 47.488 million in favor of the Company pursuant to settlement agreement for 18 MW Coal Based Co-Generation Power Plant entered into between the Company and Runh Power Corporation Limited, China (the vendor) dated November 18, 2016. This amount was settled against retention money payable to vendor.

|  | 2017 <br> (Rupees in thousands) |
| :---: | :---: |

FINANCE COST
Long term financing
Islamic mode
Conventional mode

| 93,845 | 62,833 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 142,220 | 109,596 |
| 236,065 | 172,429 |

Long term financing from associated company
65,822 75,341
Short term borrowings
Islamic mode
Conventional mode
Workers' Profit Participation Fund
Net exchange loss on import credit finances
Bank charges and commission

|  | 13,131 | 4,932 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 86,168 | 84,168 |
|  | 99,299 | 89,100 |
| 22.3 | 461 | - |
|  | 401,647 | 336,870 |
|  | 210 | 15,536 |
|  | 5,088 | 3,345 |
|  | 406,945 | 355,751 |

33
TAXATION
For the year
Current
33.1

Prior
Deferred

33.1 | 56,213 | - |
| ---: | ---: |
|  | - |
| 245,364 | 112,291 |
|  | 301,577 |

33.1 This represents net tax liability for the year as current year tax charge of Rs. 188.18 million including minimum tax of Rs. 154.01 million under Section 113 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 has been partially adjusted against tax credit of Rs. 131.97 million arising under Section 65B at the rate of $10 \%$ on the cost of plant and machinery capitalised during the year. This includes Super Tax, which has been provided in accordance with the provisions of Section 4B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
33.2 Numerical reconciliation between the applicable tax rate and average effective tax rate is as follows:

Applicable tax rate
Effect of Super Tax
Others
Average effective tax rate

| 2017 | 2016 |
| :--- | :--- |
| \%age | \%age |

The applicable income tax rate for subsequent years beyond Tax Year 2017 was reduced to 30\% on account of changes made to Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act 2015. Therefore, deferred tax is computed at the rate of $30 \%$ applicable to the period when temporary differences are expected to be reversed / utilised.

# Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017 

EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED

The earnings per share as required under IAS 33 "Earnings per share" is given below:

$$
2017 \quad 2016
$$

(Rupees in thousands)

| Profit for the year | 602,216 | 322,391 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less: Dividend attributable to cumulative preference shares | $(64,437)$ | $(63,896)$ |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders | 537,779 | 258,495 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares (in thousands) | 147,018 | 147,018 |
| Earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders (Rupees) | 3.66 | 1.76 |

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company.

## DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

### 35.1 General description

The scheme provides for terminal benefits for all its permanent employees who attain the minimum qualifying period at varying percentages of last drawn basic salary. The percentage depends on the number of service years with the Company. Annual charge is based on actuarial valuation carried out as at June 30, 2017 using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The Company faces the following risks on account of gratuity:
Final salary risk - The risk that the final salary at the time of cessation of service is greater than what the Company has assumed. Since the benefit is calculated on the final salary, the benefit amount would also increase proportionately.

Mortality risk - The risk that the actual mortality experience is different than the assumed mortality. This effect is more pronounced in schemes where the age and service distribution is on the higher side.

Withdrawal risk - The risk of actual withdrawals experience is different from assumed withdrawal probability. The significance of the withdrawal risk varies with the age, service and the entitled benefits of the beneficiary.

Asset volatility - Most assets are invested in risk free investments i.e. Government Bonds / Treasury bills. However, investments in equity instruments is subject to adverse fluctuations as a result of change in the market price.

Discount rate fluctuation - The plan liabilities are calculated using a discount rate set with reference to corporate bond yields. A decrease in corporate bond yields will increase plan liabilities, although this will be partially offset by an increase in the value of the current plans' bond holdings.

Investment risks - The risk of the investment underperforming and not being sufficient to meet the liabilities.

Risk of insufficiency of assets - This is managed by making regular contribution to the Fund as advised by the Actuary.

## Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017

### 35.2 Principal actuarial assumptions

Following are a few important actuarial assumptions used in the valuation:

|  | 2017 <br> $\%$ age | 2016 <br> $\%$ age |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Discount rate | 7.75 | 7.25 |
| Expected rate of return on plan assets | 7.25 | 9.75 |
| Expected rate of increase in salary | 7.75 | 7.25 |
|  |  | 2017 |

### 35.3 Reconciliation of balance due to defined benefit plan

| Present value of defined benefit obligation | 445,362 | 395,453 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Fair value of plan assets | $386,883)$ <br>  <br> Closing net liability | $345,461)$ |

35.4 Movement of the liability recognized in the balance sheet

Opening net liability
49,992 74,690
Charge for the year
Remeasurement chargeable to other comprehensive income
Contribution made during the year
Closing net liability
25,928
27,017

20,346
$(13,470)$
$\begin{array}{r}(37,787) \\ 58,479 \\ \hline\end{array}$
35.5 Fair value of plan assets at year end

Government securities
Term Deposit Receipt (TDR)
Term Finance Certificates / Certificates of Investment
Mutual funds / Shares
Cash at banks
Others
35.6 Movement in present value of defined benefit obligations

| Opening present value of defined benefit obligations | 395,453 | 338,942 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Current service cost for the year | 23,769 | 21,771 |
| Interest cost for the year | 28,266 | 32,603 |
| Benefits due but not paid during the year | $(2,638)$ | $(2,308)$ |
| Benefits paid during the year | $(8,522)$ | $(6,794)$ |
| Remeasurement loss on obligation | 9,035 | 11,239 |
| Closing present value of defined benefit obligations | $\boxed{445,363}$ | 395,453 |

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended June 30, 2017

2017
2016
(Rupees in thousands)
35.7 Movement in fair value of plan assets

| Opening fair value of plan assets | 345,461 | 264,252 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Remeasurement (loss) / gain on plan assets | $(11,311)$ | 24,708 |
| Contributions during the year | 37,786 | 38,246 |
| Benefits paid during the year | $(8,522)$ | $(6,794)$ |
| Benefits due but not paid during the year | $(2,638)$ | $(2,308)$ |
| Expected return on plan assets | 26,107 | 27,357 |
| Closing fair value of plan assets | 386,883 | 345,461 |

35.8 Charge for the year

| Current service cost | 23,769 | 21,771 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Interest cost | 28,266 | 32,603 |
| Expected return on plan assets | $(26,107)$ | $(27,357)$ |
| Charge for the year | 25,928 | 27,017 |

35.9 Remeasurement chargeable to other comprehensive income

| Remeasurement loss on defined benefit obligation | 9,035 | 11,238 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Remeasurement loss / (gain) on plan assets | 11,311 | $(24,708)$ |
|  | 20,346 | $(13,470)$ |
| Tax impact at 30\% (2016: 30\%) | $(6,104)$ | 4,041 |
|  | 14,242 | $(9,429)$ |

35.10 Sensitivity analysis

The impact of $1 \%$ change in following variables on defined benefit obligation is as follows:

| Increase in |
| :--- |
| assumption | | Decrease in |
| :--- |
| assumption |


| Discount rate | $(29,039)$ | 33,044 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Salary increase | 33,318 | $(29,835)$ |

35.11 Maturity Profile

| Time in year |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 57,247 | 52,877 |
| 2 | 45,884 | 23,043 |
| 3 | 54,842 | 43,028 |
| 4 | 45,670 | 51,182 |
| $5-10$ | 281,573 | 243,762 |
|  |  | 7 years |

35.12 The charge in respect of defined benefit plan for the year ending June 30, 2018 is estimated to be Rs. 29.07 million.

## Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017

## DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The Company has contributory provident fund scheme for benefit of all its permanent employees under the title of "Century Paper \& Board Mills Limited - Employees Contributory Provident Fund". The Fund is maintained by the Trustees and all decisions regarding investments and distribution of income etc. are made by the Trustees independent of the Company.
36.1 The Trustees have intimated that the size of the Fund at year end was Rs. 475.95 million (2016: Rs. 430.78 million).
36.2 As intimated by the Trustees, the cost of the investments made at year end was Rs. 471.64 million (2016: Rs. 404.79 million) which is equal to $99 \%$ of the total fund size. The fair value of the investments was Rs. 491.22 million (2016: Rs. 410.10 million) at that date. The category wise break up of investment as per Section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 is given below:

Government securities
Listed securities (Mutual funds)
Term Finance Certificates
Bank Term Deposit

| 2017 |  | 2016 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Rupees <br> in thousand | Percentage | Rupees <br> in thousand | Percentage |
|  |  |  |  |
| 31,000 | 28 | 323,345 | 79 |
| 137,227 | 2 | 76,483 | 19 |
| 9,996 | 64 | 10,275 | 2 |
| 313,000 | 100 | 410,103 | - |
| 491,223 |  |  | 100 |

36.3 According to the Trustees, investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of Section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the rules made there under.

20172016
Note (Rupees in thousands)

## 37 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

Profit before taxation

|  | 903,793 | 436,376 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 911,533 | 875,948 |
|  | 705 | 1,256 |
|  | $(988)$ | $(882)$ |
|  | 25,927 | 27,017 |
|  | 6,000 | 3,085 |
|  | 48,539 | 23,437 |
| 32 | 406,945 | 355,751 |
| 37.1 | 33 | 215 |
|  | $(428,398)$ | 343,487 |
|  | $1,874,089$ | $2,065,690$ |

37.1 Changes in working capital
(Increase) / decrease in current assets:
Stores and spares
$(233,954) \quad(57,209)$
Stock-in-trade
$(231,227)$
250,470
Trade debts
$(319,946)$
$(91,808)$
7,964
957
Loans and advances
$(5,614)$
(461)

Trade deposits and short term prepayments
Other receivables
Tax refunds due from Government
$\begin{array}{r}\begin{array}{r}471 \\ 8,906\end{array} \\ \hline(773,400)\end{array} \begin{array}{r}(1,521) \\ 100,428\end{array}$
Increase in current liabilities:
Trade and other payables

345,002 243,059
$(428,398) \quad 343,487$

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended June 30, 2017

## 38 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

a) The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for remuneration, including all benefits to Chief Executive, Directors and Executives of the Company is as follows:

| 2017 |  |  |  | 2016 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chief <br> Executive | Director | Executives | Total | Chief <br> Executive | Director | Executives | Total |

(Rupees in thousands)

| Managerial remuneration | 8,934 | 9,060 | 128,482 | 146,476 | 8,237 | 9,060 | 118,905 | 136,202 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| House rent | 4,020 | - | 53,844 | 57,864 | 3,707 | - | 49,915 | 53,622 |
| Bonus | 1,489 | - | 19,877 | 21,366 | 2,002 | - | 25,040 | 27,042 |
| Staff retirement benefits | 2,542 | - | 23,284 | 25,826 | 2,322 | - | 21,250 | 23,572 |
| Medical | 893 | 900 | 12,848 | 14,641 | 824 | 900 | 11,891 | 13,615 |
| Utilities | - | 4,021 | 319 | 4,340 | - | 4,260 | 299 | 4,559 |
| Others | 8 | - | 5,120 | 5,128 | 8 | - | 4,517 | 4,525 |
| Total | 17,886 | 13,981 | 243,774 | 275,641 | 17,100 | 14,220 | 231,817 | 263,137 |
| Number of persons | 1 | 1 | 118 | 120 | 1 | 1 | 108 | 110 |

b) Aggregate amount charged in these financial statements in respect of Directors' fee for attending Board and Audit Committee meetings amounted to Rs. 250,000 (2016: Rs. 200,000) and Rs. 200,000 (2016: Rs. 200,000) respectively. The Directors fees for attending Board and Audit Committee meetings were paid as prescribed in Articles of Association.
c) The Chief Executive and certain executives are also provided with cars for business and personal use in accordance with the Company car scheme.
d) Remuneration to Non-Executive Director relates to amount paid for part time involvement in the Company.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended June 30, 2017

## TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties and associated undertakings comprise group companies, other associated companies, staff retirement funds, directors and key management personnel. Transactions with related parties and associated undertakings are as under:

|  |  | Note | 2017 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nature of transaction | Nature of Relation |  | (Rupees in thousands) |  |
| Sale of goods, Services and Reimbursement of expenses |  |  |  |  |
| Merit Packaging Limited | Associated company |  | 982,846 | 969,840 |
| Colgate Palmolive (Pakistan) Limited | Associated company |  | 543,114 | 477,140 |
| Century Insurance Company Limited | Associated company |  | 2,943 | 2,927 |
| SIZA (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 2,698 | 2,470 |
| Cyber Internet Services (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 265 | 135 |
| Sybrid (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 944 | 876 |
| Ice Animation (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | - | 187 |
| Others | Associated company |  | - | 170 |
| Purchase of goods, Services and Reimbursement of expenses |  |  |  |  |
| Century Insurance Company Limited | Associated company |  | 125,909 | 200,279 |
| Merit Packaging Limited | Associated company |  | 27,675 | 34,277 |
| Lakson Business Solutions Limited | Associated company |  | 3,056 | 4,146 |
| Hassanali and Gulbanoo Lakhani Foundation | Associated undertaking |  | 2,968 | 3,536 |
| Princeton Travels (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 10,290 | 7,905 |
| SIZA Services (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 2,736 | 3,168 |
| Cyber Internet Services (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 1,873 | 1,356 |
| SIZA (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 619 | 659 |
| SIZA Foods (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 118 | 116 |
| Tetley Clover (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | - | 432 |
| Colgate Palmolive (Pakistan) Limited | Associated company |  | 78 | 47 |
| Express Publications (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 143 | 192 |
| Sybrid (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | - | 106 |
| GAM Corporation (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 290 | - |
| Rent and other allied charges |  |  |  |  |
| Hassanali and Gulbanoo Lakhani Foundation | Associated undertaking |  | 5,671 | 5,419 |
| SIZA (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 2,646 | 2,562 |
| SIZA Services (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 592 | - |
| SIZA Commodities (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 248 | 347 |
| Insurance Agency Commission |  |  |  |  |
| Century Insurance Company Limited | Associated company |  | 10,300 | 9,668 |
| Mark up Accrued |  |  |  |  |
| SIZA Commodities (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 65,822 | 75,341 |
| Dividend on Preference Shares |  |  |  |  |
| SIZA (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 429,083 | - |
| SIZA Services (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 161,615 | - |
| SIZA Commodities (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 73,418 | - |
| Premier Fashions (Private) Limited | Associated company |  | 61,398 | - |
| Others |  |  |  |  |
| Contribution to Staff Retirement Benefit Plans | Employees Fund |  | 74,363 | 72,618 |
| Remuneration and other benefits | Key Management Personne | 39.2 | 275,641 | 263,137 |

## Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017

20172016
(Rupees in thousands)

### 39.1 Year end balances

| Receivable from related parties | 133,056 | 123,061 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Payable to related parties | 92,942 | 89,423 |
| Payable to Retirement Benefit Plan | 64,984 | 56,174 |
| Long-term financing from associated undertaking | $1,000,000$ | $1,000,000$ |

39.2 The details of compensation paid to key management personnel are shown under the heading of "Remuneration of Chief Executive, Directors and Executive (note 38)". There are no transactions with key management personnel other than under their terms of employment.
39.3 All transactions with related parties have been carried out on commercial terms and conditions.

40 CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION - TONNES

| 2017 |  |  | 2016 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual <br> capacity <br> on three <br> shifts | Actual <br> production |  | Annual <br> capacity <br> on three <br> shifts | Actual <br> production |
| 240,000 | 214,468 |  | 240,000 | 186,416 |
| 30,000 | 24,584 |  | 30,000 | 23,723 |

40.1 The Company has achieved full capacity utilization of its Packaging Board machines. However, the Company could not achieve installed capacity of its Paper and Uncoated Board Machines due to market conditions.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

### 41.1 Risk management policies

The Company's objective in managing risks is the creation and protection of share holders' value. Risk is inherent in the Company's activities, but it is managed through a process of ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring, subject to risk limits and other controls. The process of risk management is critical to the Company's continuing profitability. The Company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (which includes interest rate risk and price risk) arising from the financial instruments it holds.

The Audit Committee oversees how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The Audit Committee is assisted in its oversight role by Internal Audit. Internal Audit undertakes both regular and adhoc reviews of risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Audit Committee.

The Company finances its operations through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to maintaining an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimize risk.

# Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017 

### 41.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties fail to perform as contracted and arises principally from trade and other receivables. The Company's policy is to enter into financial contracts with reputable counter parties in accordance with the internal guidelines and regulatory requirements.

## Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amounts of the financial assets represent the maximum credit exposures. Out of total financial assets of Rs. 1,820.52 million (2016: Rs. 1,490.86 million), the financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs. $1,817.12$ million (2016: Rs. 1,487.00 million). The carrying amounts of financial assets exposed to credit risk at reporting date are as under:

|  | (Rupees in thousands) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans and deposits | 4,804 | 3,599 |
| Trade debts | 1,585,378 | 1,265,432 |
| Other receivables | 3,865 | 4,336 |
| Bank balances | 223,069 | 213,636 |
|  | 1,817,116 | 1,487,003 |
| The aging of trade receivable at the reporting date is: |  |  |
| Not past due | 1,153,414 | 800,785 |
| Past due 1-30 days | 327,480 | 374,641 |
| Past due 30-90 days | 96,294 | 79,851 |
| Past due 90 days | 8,190 | 10,155 |
|  | 1,585,378 | 1,265,432 |

To manage exposure to credit risk in respect of trade receivables, management performs credit reviews taking into account the customer's financial position, past experience and other factors. Where considered necessary, advance payments are obtained from certain parties.

The exposure to banks is managed by dealing with variety of major banks and monitoring exposure limits on continuous basis. The ratings of banks ranges from A to AAA.

## Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their abilities to meet contractual obligation to be similarly affected by the changes in economic, political or other conditions. The Company believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

## Impaired assets

During the year no assets have been impaired.

### 41.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stress conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments, if any:

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended June 30, 2017

| Carrying <br> amount | Contractual <br> Cash Flows | Six months <br> or less | Six to <br> Twelve <br> months | One to two <br> years | Two to five <br> years | Over five <br> years |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


|  | (Rupees in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ Long-term financing | $4,069,316$ | $4,552,228$ | 655,254 | 647,306 | $1,147,185$ | $2,102,482$ | - |
| Trade and other payables | $1,415,774$ | $1,415,774$ | $1,415,774$ | - | - | - | - |
| Interest and mark-up accrued | 38,353 | 38,353 | 38,353 | - | - | - | - |
| Short-term borrowings | $2,840,150$ | $2,870,429$ | $2,870,429$ | - | - | - | - |
|  | $8,363,593$ | $8,876,784$ | $4,979,810$ | 647,306 | $1,147,185$ | $2,102,482$ | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lo16 | $4,824,238$ | $5,561,131$ | 564,907 | 675,751 | $1,286,841$ | $2,930,562$ | 103,070 |
| Trade and other payables | $1,296,754$ | $1,296,754$ | $1,296,754$ | - | - | - | - |
| Interest and mark-up accrued | 41,330 | 41,330 | 41,330 | - | - | - | - |
| Short-term borrowings | $1,988,443$ | $1,993,652$ | $1,993,652$ | - | - | - | - |
|  | $8,150,765$ | $8,892,867$ | $3,896,643$ | 675,751 | $1,286,841$ | $2,930,562$ | 103,070 |

### 41.4 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will effect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Company is not exposed to price risk.

## a) Currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the future cash flow of financial asset or a liability will fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rates. It arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into in foreign currencies. The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows:

2017
2016
(Rupees in thousands)

| Foreign bills payable | 326,368 | 125,058 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Import credit finances | 574,308 | 470,577 |
| Retention money payable | - | 150,984 |
| Gross balance sheet exposure | 900,676 | 746,619 |
| Outstanding letter of credits | $1,110,601$ | 803,282 |
| Net exposure | $\underline{2,011,277}$ | $1,549,901$ |

The following significant exchange rates have been applied.

|  | Average rate |  | Reporting date rate |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |  |
| USD to PKR |  |  |  | Rupees |  |

At reporting date, if the PKR had strengthened by 10\% against the US Dollar with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been higher by the amount shown below, mainly as a result of net foreign exchange gain on net foreign currency exposure at reporting date.

|  | Average rate |  | Reporting date rate |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |  |  |
| Effect on profit |  | (Rupees in thousands) |  |  |  |  |
|  | 138,254 | 104,967 | 138,320 | 105,389 |  |  |

## Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017

The weakening of the PKR against US Dollar would have had an equal but opposite impact on the post-tax profit.
The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and assets / liabilities of the Company.
b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Majority of the interest rate exposure arises from long term loans and short term borrowings. At the balance sheet date the interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments is as follows:

| 2017 | 2016 | 2017 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Effective rate | Carrying amount |  |  |
| (In percent) | (Rupees in thousands) |  |  |

Financial liabilities
Variable rate instruments Long term loans Short term borrowings

| 6.58 to 7.11 | 7.13 to 7.52 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1.95 to 5.96 | 5.60 to 7.25 | | $4,069,316$ |
| :--- |
| $2,840,150$ |

## Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increase / (decrease) profit for the year by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for the prior year.

Profit and loss (post tax)
100 bps 100 bps increase decrease
(Rupees in thousands)
As at June 30, 2017
Cash flow sensitivity - Variable rate financial liabilities
$(47,675) \quad 47,675$

As at June 30, 2016
Cash flow sensitivity - Variable rate financial liabilities
$(45,645) \quad 45,645$
The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and assets / liabilities of the Company.

20172016
41.5 Financial instruments by category

Financial assets
Loans and receivables at amortised cost

| Long term loans and deposits | 4,804 | 3,599 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Trade debts | $1,585,378$ | $1,265,432$ |
| Other receivables | 3,865 | 4,336 |
| Cash and bank balances | 226,476 | 217,494 |

Trade debts 1,585,378 1,265,432
Other receivables
3,865
4,336
Cash and bank balances

| Long term loans and deposits | 4,804 | 3,599 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Trade debts | $1,585,378$ | $1,265,432$ |
| Other receivables | 3,865 | 4,336 |
| Cash and bank balances | 226,476 | 21,494 |

Financial liabilities
Financial liabilities at amortised cost
Long term financing 4,069,316 4,824,238
Trade and other payables $\quad 1,415,774 \quad 1,296,754$
Interest and mark-up accrued
Short-term borrowings
(Rupees in thousands)
38,353 41,330
$\begin{array}{r}2,840,150 \\ \hline 8,363,593 \\ \hline\end{array}$

# Notes to the Financial Statements <br> for the year ended June 30, 2017 

## FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern and there is no intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' requires the Company to classify fair value measurements and fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements of fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset either directly that is, derived from prices.
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unadjusted) inputs.

Transfer between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognised at the end of the reporting period during which the changes have occurred.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT
The Company's objectives when maintaining capital are to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

The Company sets the amount of capital it requires in proportion to risk. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares or adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders.

The Company's management believes in maintaining appropriate mix of debt and equity capital and monitors capital on the basis of the net debt to equity ratio. The net debt is defined as long and short term borrowings offset by cash and bank balances. The equity includes ordinary and preference share capital and all types of reserves that are managed as capital and subordinated loan.

DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE
These financial statements were authorized for issue on August 10, 2017 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended June 30, 2017

NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE
The Board of Director in their meeting held on August 10, 2017 authorized the Company to obtain long-term loan from the Sponsor Director of the Company, Mr. Iqbal Ali Lakhani, amounting to Rs. 650 million. The loan will be unsecured and the tenor of the loan shall be two years. The rate of markup shall be three months KIBOR plus $0.5 \%$ payable on quarterly basis.

CORRESPONDING FIGURES
Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever necessary for the purpose of comparison and for better presentation. However, no significant reclassification has been made during the year.

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES
The number of employees as at year end was 1,548 (2016: 1,521) and average number of employees during the year was 1,534 (2016: 1,524).

GENERAL
Amounts have been rounded off to the nearest thousands of rupees.


Tasleemuddin Ahmed Batlay
Director


Muhammad Rashid Dastagir Chief Financial Officer

## Pattern of Shareholding <br> as at June 30, 2017

Incorporation Number K-54/8182 of 1984
CUIN Registration No. 0012021

| Number of Shareholders | Sharesholding |  | Total Shares Held |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | From | To |  |
| 576 | 1 | 100 | 9,918 |
| 275 | 101 | 500 | 93,975 |
| 187 | 501 | 1,000 | 164,247 |
| 387 | 1,001 | 5,000 | 1,004,964 |
| 120 | 5,001 | 10,000 | 930,812 |
| 49 | 10,001 | 15,000 | 616,342 |
| 36 | 15,001 | 20,000 | 651,092 |
| 29 | 20,001 | 25,000 | 682,147 |
| 11 | 25,001 | 30,000 | 305,577 |
| 11 | 30,001 | 35,000 | 367,763 |
| 6 | 35,001 | 40,000 | 226,866 |
| 5 | 40,001 | 45,000 | 212,373 |
| 13 | 45,001 | 50,000 | 638,841 |
| 5 | 50,001 | 55,000 | 265,911 |
| 2 | 55,001 | 60,000 | 119,502 |
| 5 | 60,001 | 65,000 | 315,091 |
| 2 | 65,001 | 70,000 | 136,862 |
| 3 | 70,001 | 75,000 | 219,763 |
| 5 | 80,000 | 85,000 | 414,000 |
| 2 | 85,001 | 90,000 | 175,750 |
| 3 | 90,001 | 95,000 | 277,115 |
| 5 | 95,001 | 100,000 | 496,425 |
| 3 | 105,001 | 110,000 | 326,413 |
| 2 | 110,001 | 115,000 | 225,000 |
| 3 | 120,000 | 125,000 | 363,220 |
| 1 | 135,001 | 140,000 | 138,000 |
| 1 | 140,001 | 145,000 | 142,031 |
| 2 | 150,000 | 155,000 | 300,000 |
| 1 | 155,001 | 160,000 | 155,500 |
| 1 | 160,001 | 165,000 | 164,500 |
| 2 | 170,001 | 175,000 | 344,030 |
| 2 | 175,001 | 180,000 | 353,855 |
| 1 | 190,001 | 195,000 | 194,500 |
| 3 | 195,001 | 200,000 | 598,400 |
| 1 | 205,001 | 210,000 | 208,500 |
| 1 | 210,001 | 215,000 | 210,410 |
| 1 | 225,001 | 230,000 | 226,000 |
| 1 | 230,001 | 235,000 | 232,000 |
| 3 | 235,001 | 240,000 | 718,500 |
| 1 | 255,001 | 260,000 | 259,000 |

## Pattern of Shareholding

as at June 30, 2017

| Number of Shareholders | Sharesholding |  | Total Shares Held |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | From | To |  |
| 2 | 300,000 | 305,000 | 603,600 |
| 2 | 315,001 | 320,000 | 635,000 |
| 1 | 345,000 | 350,000 | 345,000 |
| 1 | 350,001 | 355,000 | 352,500 |
| 1 | 375,001 | 380,000 | 379,000 |
| 2 | 380,001 | 385,000 | 764,500 |
| 1 | 400,000 | 405,000 | 400,000 |
| 1 | 430,001 | 435,000 | 433,500 |
| 1 | 485,000 | 490,000 | 485,000 |
| 1 | 625,001 | 630,000 | 629,495 |
| 1 | 660,001 | 665,000 | 662,000 |
| 1 | 700,001 | 705,000 | 700,536 |
| 1 | 800,001 | 805,000 | 804,000 |
| 1 | 820,001 | 825,000 | 824,550 |
| 1 | 825,001 | 830,000 | 825,500 |
| 1 | 900,000 | 905,000 | 900,000 |
| 1 | 935,001 | 940,000 | 939,000 |
| 1 | 1,005,001 | 1,010,000 | 1,005,100 |
| 1 | 1,300,001 | 1,305,000 | 1,304,000 |
| 1 | 1,520,001 | 1,525,000 | 1,520,500 |
| 1 | 1,850,001 | 1,855,000 | 1,853,386 |
| 1 | 2,330,001 | 2,335,000 | 2,334,050 |
| 1 | 2,605,001 | 2,610,000 | 2,609,500 |
| 1 | 2,630,001 | 2,635,000 | 2,630,950 |
| 1 | 3,250,001 | 3,255,000 | 3,253,537 |
| 1 | 3,335,001 | 3,340,000 | 3,337,500 |
| 1 | 5,345,001 | 5,350,000 | 5,345,731 |
| 1 | 12,390,001 | 12,395,000 | 12,390,648 |
| 1 | 12,495,001 | 12,500,000 | 12,499,634 |
| 1 | 32,610,001 | 32,615,000 | 32,614,961 |
| 1 | 40,150,001 | 40,155,000 | 40,150,472 |
| 1,801 |  |  | 147,018,345 |

## Categories of Shareholding

as at June 30, 2017

| Shareholders' Category | Shares Held | Percentage |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Directors, CEO, and their spouse and minor children | 63,938 | 0.04 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Associated Companies / undertakings and related parties | $100,163,810$ | 68.13 |
| NIT and ICP | $5,346,031$ | 3.64 |
| Public Sector Companies and Corporation | $3,253,537$ | 2.21 |
| Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions | 905,518 | 0.62 |
| Modarabas and Mutual Funds | $10,329,955$ | 7.02 |
| Insurance Companies | 54,500 | 0.04 |
| Shareholders holding 10\% or more | $72,765,433$ | 49.49 |
| General Public | $16,113,102$ | 10.96 |
| Others | $10,787,954$ | 7.34 |

Note: Some of the Shareholders are reflected in more than one category.

## Information as requied under Code of Corporate Governance

as at June 30, 2017

| Shareholders' Category |  | Number of Shares Held |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSOCIATED COMPANIES / UNDERTAKINGS AND RELATED PARTIES |  |  |
| SIZA Services (Private) Limited |  | 32,614,961 |
| SIZA (Private) Limited |  | 40,150,472 |
| Premier Fashions (Private) Limited |  | 12,390,648 |
| SIZA Commodities (Private) Limited |  | 12,499,634 |
| Accuray Surgicals Limited |  | 1,853,386 |
| Century Insurance Company Limited |  | 629,495 |
| Sultan Ali Lakhani |  | 1,767 |
| Shaista Sultan Ali Lakhani |  | 303 |
| Babar Ali Lakhani |  | 18,901 |
| Bilal Ali Lakhani |  | 151 |
| Danish Ali Lakhani |  | 2,850 |
| Anika Amin Lakhani |  | 1,242 |
| MUTUAL FUNDS |  |  |
| CDC-Trustee National Investment (UNIT) Trust |  | 5,345,731 |
| CDC-Trustee Nafa Stock Fund |  | 3,337,500 |
| CDC-Trustee Al-Ameen Islamic Dedicated Equity Fund |  | 1,520,500 |
| CDC-Trustee Al-Ameen Shariah Stock Fund |  | 939,000 |
| CDC-Trustee UBL Stock Advantage Fund |  | 825,500 |
| MCBFSL-Trustee JS Growth Fund |  | 804,000 |
| CDC-Trustee Unit Trust of Pakistan |  | 662,000 |
| MCBFSL-Trustee JS Value Fund |  | 380,500 |
| CDC-Trustee Nafa Islamic Stock Fund |  | 379,000 |
| CDC-Trustee Nafa Asset Allocation Fund |  | 352,500 |
| CDC-Trustee JS Large Cap Fund |  | 316,500 |
| CDC-Trustee Nafa Multi Asset Fund |  | 259,000 |
| CDC-Trustee Al-Ameen Islamic Asset Allocation Fund |  | 232,000 |
| CDC-Trustee Al-Ameen Islamic Ret. Sav. Fund-Equity Sub Fund |  | 171,500 |
| CDC-Trustee JS Pension Savings Fund-Equity Account |  | 150,000 |
| M/s. First Capital Mutual |  | 455 |
| DIRECTORS,CEO,THEIR SPOUSES AND MINOR CHILDREN |  |  |
| Iqbal Ali Lakhani | Chairman | 2,167 |
| Amin Mohammed Lakhani | Director | 1,606 |
| Anushka Zulfigar Lakhani | Director | 2,341 |
| Tasleemuddin Ahmed Batlay | Director | 3,417 |
| Shahid Ahmed Khan | Director | 1,724 |
| Aftab Ahmad | Director \& CEO | 4,718 |
| Kemal Shoaib | Director | 718 |
| Muhammad Imran Rafiq | Nominee Director (NIT) | IT) NIL |
| Ronak Iqbal Lakhani W/o Iqbal Ali Lakhani |  | 189 |
| Fatima Lakhani W/o Zulfigar Ali Lakhani |  | 189 |
| Saira Amin Lakhani W/o Amin Mohammed Lakhani |  | 189 |
| Roohi Aftab W/o Aftab Ahmad |  | 46,680 |
| EXECUTIVE |  | 20 |
| PUBLIC SECTOR COMPANIES AND CORPORATIONS |  | 3,253,537 |
| BANKS,DEVELOPMENT FINANCE INSTITUTIONS, NON-BANKING FINANCE COMPANIES, |  |  |
| SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING 5\% OR MORE VOTING RIGHTS IN THE COMPANY |  |  |
| SIZA Services (Private) Limited |  | 32,614,961 |
| SIZA (Private) Limited |  | 40,150,472 |
| Premier Fashions (Private) Limited |  | 12,390,648 |
| SIZA Commodities (Private) Limited |  | 12,499,634 |

## Form of Proxy

I/We $\qquad$
of $\qquad$
a member of CENTURY PAPER \& BOARD MILLS LIMITED
hereby appoint $\qquad$
of $\qquad$
or failing him/her $\qquad$
of $\qquad$
to act as my/our proxy and to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company to be held on the 19th day of October 2017 and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this $\qquad$ day of $\qquad$ 2017.

| Folio <br> No. | CDC Participant <br> ID No. | CDC Account/ <br> Sub-Account No. | No. of <br> shares held |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |

## Witness 1

$\qquad$

## Witness 2

Signature $\qquad$
Name
CNIC No. $\qquad$
Address $\qquad$

Notes: 1. The Proxy must be a member of the Company.
2. The signature must tally with the specimen signature/s registered with the Company.
3. If a proxy is granted by a member who has deposited his/her shares into Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited, the proxy must be accompanied with participant's ID number and account/sub-account number alongwith attested photocopies of Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or the Passport of the beneficial owner. Representatives of corporate members should bring the usual documents required for such purpose.
4. The instrument of Proxy properly completed should be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company situated at Lakson Square, Building No. 2, Sarwar Shaheed Road, Karachi not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.

## TO,

THE COMPANY SECRETARY CENTURY PAPER \& BOARD MILLS LIMITED
LAKSON SQUARE, BUILDING NO. 2,
SARWAR SHAHEED ROAD,
KARACHI-74200.

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 Corporate/Shares Office \& Regional Sales Office (South) Lakson Square, Buliding No.2, Sarwar Shaheed Hoad,

Karachl-74200, Pakistan.
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