

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED

VISION

First Capital Securities Corporation Limited aspires to become a well-diversified and successful conglomerate and develop its image as a premier telecom and financial services group.

MISSION

At First Capital Securities Corporation Limited we are committed to provide high quality services in a positive environment that encourages innovation, creativity and teamwork, promotes ethical and efficient behavior and enables shareholders to maximize the returns on their investments.

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT JUNE 30, 2020

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

First Capital Securities Corporation Limited

Company Information

Board of Directors

Shehrbano Taseer (Chairman) Non-Executive Aamna Taseer (CEO) Executive Shahbaz Ali Taseer Non-Executive Shehryar Ali Taseer Non-Executive Mustafa Mujeeb Chaudhry Non-Executive Naeem Akhtar Non-Executive Umair Fakhar Alam Independent

Chief Financial Officer Saeed Iqbal

Audit Committee Umair Fakhar Alam (Chairman)

Shehrbano Taseer (Member) Naeem Akhtar (Member)

Human Resource and Remuneration (HR&R) Umair Fakhar Alam (Chairman)

Aamna Taseer (Member) Committee

Shehrbano Taseer (Member)

Company Secretary Sajjad Ahmad

Auditors Nasir Javaid Magsood Imran

Chartered Accountants

Legal Advisers Mazhar Law Associates

Advocates & Solicitors

Allied Bank Limited **Bankers**

> Bank Alfalah Limited Faysal Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited

Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited

Soneri Bank Limited

Registrar and Shares Transfer Office Corplink (Pvt.) Limited

Wings Arcade, 1-K Commercial Model Town

Lahore

Tel: □(042) 35839182

2nd Floor, Pace Shopping Mall Registered Office/Head Office

Fortress Stadium, Lahore Cantt

Lahore, Pakistan

Tel: (042)36623005/6/8 Fax: (042)36623121-36612122



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 27th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Shareholders of First Capital Securities Corporation Limited ("the Company" or "FCSC") will be held on Wednesday, 28 October 2020 at 12:00 p.m. at 2nd Floor, Pace Shopping Mall, Fortress Stadium, Lahore Cantt. Lahore, the Registered Office of the Company, to transact the following business:

Ordinary Business

- 1. To confirm the minutes of last Annual General Meeting held on 28 October 2019;
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2020 together with the Chairman's Review, Directors' Report and Auditors' reports thereon;
- 3. To appoint the Auditors of the Company for the year ending 30 June 2021 and to fix their remuneration;
- 4 Special Business

DISPOSAL OF 1,949,258 ORDINARY SHARES OF RS. 10.00 EACH, THE ENTIRE SHAREHOLDING (65%) OUT OF 100% OF THE COMPANY IN WORLD PRESS (PVT.) LIMITED, A SUBSIDIARY OF THE COMPANY. IN THIS REGARD TO PASS THE FOLLOWING SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS WITH OR WITHOUT MODIFICATION:

"RESOLVED THAT the Chief Executive of the Company be and is hereby authorized to take all necessary steps to make disinvestment upto 1,949,258 ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each (65%) in World Press (Pvt.) Limited, a subsidiary of the Company, to any prospective buyer in the market on such terms and conditions as may be approved by the Board of Directors of the Company".

"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Chief Executive officer/the Company Secretary of the Company be and is hereby authorized to complete any or all necessary required corporate and legal formalities for the completion of aforesaid disposal of shares."

By order of the Board

Sajjad Ahmad Company Secretary

Lahore: 07 October 2020

Notes:-

- The Members Register will remain closed from 21 October 2020 to 28 October 2020 (both days inclusive). Transfers received at Corplink (Pvt.) Limited, Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial Model Town, Lahore, the Registrar and Shares Transfer Office of the Company, by the close of business on 20 October, 2020 will be treated in time for the purpose of Annual General Meeting.
- 2) A member eligible to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint another member as proxy to attend and vote in the meeting. Proxies in order to be effective must be received by the company not later than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting.
- 3) In order to be valid, an instrument of proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy of such power of attorney, must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office, 2nd Floor, Pace Shopping Mall, Fortress Stadium, Lahore Cantt. Lahore, not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- 4) Pursuant to Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018, the shareholders will be allowed to exercise their right to vote through postal ballot for election of directors
- 5) Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017, the shareholders residing in a city and holding at least 10% of the total paid up share capital may demand the Company to provide the facility of video-link for participating in the meeting.

The demand for video-link facility shall be received by the Share Registrar of the Company or directly to the Company at the email address given herein blow at least 7 (seven) days prior to the date of the meeting on the Standard Form which can be downloaded from the company's website: www.pacepakistan.com

Further, Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide its Circular No.5 dated March 17, 2020, has directed the listed companies to modify their usual planning for Annual General Meetings for the wellbeing of shareholders in light of the threat posed by the evolving COVID -19 situation.

Accordingly, the shareholders of the Company can opt to attend the meeting through Video/Webex. The shareholders whose names appear in the Books of the Company by the close of business on 20 October 2020 and who are interested to attend AGM through online platform are hereby requested to get themselves, registered with the Company Secretary Office by providing the following details at least 7 (seven) days prior before the meeting; through following means;

Email; sajjadahmad@pacepakistan.com, asattar@pacepakistan.com, whotshapp-number-0303-4444800, 0301-8449940

Please mention your Name, CNIC No, Folio / CDC A/C No & Number of shares for your identification.

Upon receipt of the above information from interested shareholders, the Company will send the login details / password at their email addresses. On the AGM day, shareholders will be

able to login and participate in the AGM proceedings through their smartphones or computer devices from any convenient location.

The members can also send their comments/suggestions related to the agenda items of the meeting on the above mentioned email and Whats App number .The login facility will be opened 30 minutes before the meeting time to enable the participants to join the meeting.

- 6) Address of Independent Share Registrar of the Company: Name : Corplink (Pvt.) Limited, Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial Model Town, Lahore, (042) 35839182
- 7) The Notice of Annual General Meeting has been placed on the Company's website: www.pacepakistan.com
- 8) a) Individual beneficial owners of CDC entitled to attend and vote at the meeting must bring his/her participant ID and account/sub-account number along with original CNIC or passport to authenticate his/her identity. In case of Corporate entity, resolution of the Board of Directors/Power of attorney with specimen signatures of nominees shall be produced (unless provided earlier) at the time of meeting.
 - b) For appointing of proxies, the individual beneficial owners of CDC shall submit the proxy form as per above requirement along with participant ID and account/sub-account number together with attested copy of their CNIC or Passport. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two witnesses with their names, addresses and CNIC numbers. The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or Passport at the time of meeting. In case of Corporate entity, resolution of the Board of Director/Power of attorney along with specimen signatures shall be submitted (unless submitted earlier) along with the proxy form.
- 9) Members are requested to notify any change in their registered address immediately;

STATEMENT UNDER SECTION (3) OF SECTION 134 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017

This statement sets out the material facts pertaining to the special business as to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on 28 October 2020.

DISPOSAL OF 1,949,258 ORDINARY SHARES OF RS. 10.00 EACH, THE ENTIRE SHAREHOLDING (65%) OF THE COMPANY IN WORLD PRESS (PVT.) LIMITED ("WPL") A SUBSIDIARY OF THE COMPANY

The Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on 07 October 2020, decided to dispose off the entire shareholding of the Company in World Press (Pvt.) Limited, a subsidiary of the Company to any prospective buyer in the market.

WPL was incorporated on 11 September 2003 as private Limited Company and WPL is carrying on the business activities of printers, publisher, importer, exporter, printing of all kind of books newspapers, magazines, periodicals, journals and other literary etc.

The registered office of World Press (Pvt.) Limited is located at 2nd Floor, Pace Shopping Mall, Fortress Stadium, Lahore Cantt., Lahore. The existing Authorized Share Capital of WPL

is Rs. 6,000,000 divided into 60,000,000 ordinary shares of having a par value of Rs.10/each. The issued, subscribed and paid up capital is Rs. 29,989,580/- divided into 2,998,958 ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each, the cost to the Company.

World Press (Pvt.) Limited is subsidiary of the Company and the Company holds 65% shareholding i.e. 1,949,258 shares of WPL.

The break-up value per share of WPL is Rs. 0.0069 per share as per latest Annual Audited Accounts as at 30 June 2020. An extract of Profit & Loss Account of WPL for last three years is as under:

| Particulars | June 2020 (Rupees) | June 2019 (Rupees) | June 2018 (Rupees) |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Operating Profit/(Loss) | (8,917,020) | (1,794,052) | 3,481,169 |
| Net Profit/(Loss) after Tax | (7,529,717) | (1,794,052) | (3,221,817) |
| Earning per Share – Basic and Diluted | (2.51) | (0.60) | (1.07) |

The financial position of WPL for last three years is as under:

| Particulars | June 2020 (Rupees) | June 2019 (Rupees) | June 2018 (Rupees) |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Non-Current Assets | Nil | 4,639,697 | 6,026,347 |
| Current Assets | 12,107,854 | 15,249,874 | 15,482,276 |
| Total Assets | 12,107,854 | 19,889,571 | 21,508,623 |
| - 4 11.199 | | | |
| Equity and Liabilities | | | |
| Total Equity (Share Capital and Reserves) | 20,852 | 7,550,569 | 9,344,621 |
| Non-Current Liabilities | Nil | Nil | Nil |
| Current Liabilities | 12,087,002 | 12,339,002 | 12,164,002 |
| Total Liabilities | 12,087,002 | 12,339,002 | 12,164,002 |

The fair value of WPL share is to be determined in accordance with law prior to the sale of shares on the bases of latest financial statements of the WP as at 30 June 2020. The rationale behind the disposal of this investment is that subsidiary is continuously facing losses and the equity of WPL is almost eroded. The WPL is a dormant entity with no revenue

for the financial year ended 30 June 2020. Therefore the Board of Directors has approved to dispose off this investment to avoid the continuous losses in future.

It is proposed to authorize Chief Executive Officer to take necessary steps to make disinvestment up to 1,949,258, the entire shareholding of the Company in WPL.

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on 07 October 2020 recommended to the Shareholders that an authority be given to the Chief Executive of the Company to negotiate terms and conditions of the sale with a buyer and recommend terms and conditions of disposal to the Board of Directors for final decision on the sale of shares of WPL. Mr. Anwar Ali, an individual holding 1,049,700 ordinary shares (35.00% of the total shareholding of the Company) has offered to buy the Company's shareholding at a fair value of WPL.

The sale price per share of WPL shall be equal to fair value of the shares to be determined in accordance with law, on the date of disposal. Further, the Company to also obtain the necessary valuations from a registered valuer to determine consideration.

It is also approved in the aforesaid Board of Directors meeting that an authorization of Shareholders be obtained for providing an authorization to Chief Executive officer or the Company Secretary of the Company to complete all necessary corporate and legal formalities for the purpose of the disposal of shares in the subsidiary of the Company.

STATUS OF INVESTMENT UNDER REGULATION 4 (2) OF THE COMPANIES (INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES OR ASSOCIATED UNDERTAKINGS) REGULATIONS, 2017:

The Shareholders of the Company in their Annual General Meeting held on 28 October 2019 gave their approval to the Company and authorized to the Chief Executive of the Company to take all necessary steps to make additional equity investment(s) in the Share Capital of Pace Barka Properties Limited ("Pace Barka"), up to the extent of Rs. 100.00 million (Rupees one hundred million only) in accordance with the provisions of section 199 of the Companies Act, 2017, through an acquisition of the shares from open market including associated undertakings on such terms and conditions as to be authorized by the Board of Directors of the Company. Further, it was also approved to make a loan / advance of Rs. 100.00 million to the Pace Barka, not less than the borrowing cost of the Company.

Please note that no investment has been made till the date of notice of meeting in Pace Barka, due to insufficient cash flows.

The change in the financial statements of Pace Barka as at 30 June 2020 as compare to last year is as under:

| | 2020 | 2019 PKR in Million |
|--------------------------|-------|---------------------|
| | | |
| Share Capital & Reserves | 4,917 | 5,045 |
| Non-Current Liabilities | 0.217 | 0.249 |
| Current Liabilities | 1,471 | 1,403 |
| Non-Current assets | 4,024 | 4,064 |
| Current Assets | 2,582 | 2,633 |

| Gross Loss for year | (130.71) | (116.12) |
|---------------------|----------|----------|
| EPS | (0.43) | (0.38) |

INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS

Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association, Statement under section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2017, latest pattern of shareholding and variation in shareholding of the shareholders, having 10% or more in the Company during the last six months, financial projections/plan of the Company, audited annual accounts for the last three yearsof the Company and WPLand all other related information of the Company may be inspected during the business hours at the Registered Office of the Company form the date of the publications of the this notice till the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting.

INTEREST OF DIRECTORS AND THEIR RELATIVES

All the directors of the Company including the Chief Executive are (nominated by the Company) and their relatives (if any) are interested to the extent of their shares that are held by them. The effect of the resolutions on the interest of these directors including the Chief Executive and their relatives (if any) does not differ from its effect on the like interest of other shareholders. They have no other interest in the special business and / or resolutions except as specified herein.

نونش برائے سالا نداجلاس عام

نوٹس ہذا ہے مطلع کیا جاتا ہے کہ فرسٹ کیپٹل سیکیو رٹیز کارپوریش لمیٹڈ ('' تمپنی'' یا''FCSC'') کے شیئر ہولڈرز کا 27 وال سالا نہ اجلاس عام مؤرخہ 28 اکتوبر 2020ء بروز بدھ بوقت 12:00 بیج دو پہر کمپنی کے رجسڑ ڈ دفتر واقع دوسری منزل پیس شاپنگ مال ، فورٹریس سٹیڈیم لا ہور کینٹ، لا ہور میں مندرجہ ذیل اموریر بحث کے لئے منعقد ہوگا:

عمومي امور:

- 2. 30 جون 2020ء کواختنام پذیر سال کے لئے چیئر مین کی جائزہ رپورٹ، ڈائر کیٹرزاور آ ڈیٹررزر پورٹ کے ہمراہ سینی کی پڑتال شدہ مالیاتی اسٹیٹمنٹس کو وصول کرنا، آنہیں زیر غورلا نااورا پنانا۔
 - 30 جون 2021 کواختتا میذیرسال کے لئے کمپنی کے آڈیٹرز کا تقرر کرنا اوران کا معاوضہ طے کرنا۔

خصوصى امور

4. ایک ذیلی ممپنی ورلڈ پریس (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ میں ممپنی کی کل 100 فی صدشیئر ہولڈنگ میں سے 65 فی صدشیئر ہولڈنگ میں سے 65 فی صدشیئر ہولڈنگ یعنی ہولڈنگ یعنی ہولڈنگ یعنی ہولڈنگ یعنی المور میں ہولڈنگ یعنی 1,949,258 عمومی خصص کو 10 روپے فی خصص کی شرح سے فروخت کرنا۔ اس تناظر میں ہمادرجہ ذیل خصوصی قرار دادکومنظور کرنا:

''قرار پایا کہ مپنی کے چیف ایگزیکٹوکو کمپنی کی ذیلی کمپنی ورلڈ پریس (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ سے 1,949,258 عمومی مصص بحساب-10/ روپے فی حصص (65 فی صد شیئر ہولڈنگ) مارکیٹ میں کسی ممکنہ بائع کو کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزز کی منظور شدہ شرائط وضوابط کے تحت سرماییداری فروخت کرنے کی غرض سے تمام ضروری اقدامات کرنے کا محاز تھرایا جاتا ہے۔''

'' مزید قرار پایا کہ چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر/ نمپنی سیکریٹری کو مذکورہ بالاحصص کی فروخت کاعمل کمسل کرنے کے لئے تمام ضروری کاروباری و قانونی تقاضے پورے کرنے کامجاز ٹھہرایا جاتا ہے۔''

بحكم بورڈ

س**جاداحمد** سمپنی سیریٹری

لاہور

07 كۋېر 2020ء

مندرجات:

- 1) ارا کین کارجسڑ 21 اکتوبر 2020ء سے 28 اکتوبر 2020ء (بشمول دونوں ایام) تک بندرہے گا۔ 20 اکتوبر 2020ء وکوکارپ لنک (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ، ونگز آرکیڈ، K-1، کمرشل، ماڈل ٹاؤن، لا ہور، کمپنی کے رجسڑ اراورشیئر ٹرانسفر آفس کوکاروباری اوقات کاربند ہونے تک موصول ٹرانسفرز کوسالانہ اجلاس عام کے لئے بروقت تصور کیا جائے گا۔
- 2) اجلاس میں شرکت اور رائے شاری کرنے کا اہل رکن اپنی جگہ اجلاس میں شرکت اور رائے شاری کرنے کے لئے کسی دوسرے رکن کو اپنا پراکسی مقرر کر سکتا ہے۔ مؤثر کرنے کے لئے اجلاس کے انعقاد سے 48 گھٹے بل پراکسیز سمپنی کے رجبٹر ڈ آفس کوموصول ہوجانی جا ہمیں۔
- 3) جائز کرنے کی غرض سے پراکسی کا دستاویز اور مختار نامہ یا دیگر اتھارٹی جس کے تحت بید ستخط شدہ ہو، کمپنی کے مرکزی دفتر واقع دوسری منزل، پیس شاپنگ مال، فورٹر لیس اسٹیڈیم، لا ہور کینٹ، لا ہور کواجلاس کے انعقاد سے 48 گھنٹے قبل بہنچ جانا چاہئے۔
- 4) کمپنیز (پوشل بیك) قواعد، 2018ء کے تحت ڈائر یکٹرز کے انتخاب کے لئے اراکین کو پوشل بیک کے ذریعے رائے شاری کا اختیار دیا جائے گا۔
- 5) کمپنیزا کیٹ 2017ء کے قواعد کی پیروی میں دوسر ہے شہر میں مقیم 10 فی صد ٹوٹل اداشدہ سرمایہ صص کے حامل شیئر ہولئ کے ذریعے اجلاس میں شرکت کی سہولت حاصل کرنے کی درخواست دے سکتے ہیں۔ وڈیولئک سہولت کی درخواست اجلاس کے انعقاد سے 7 (سات) یوم قبل کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر اریابذریعہ مندرجہ ذیل ای میل ایڈریس کمپنی کو براہ راست معیاری فارم پردی جائے۔ یہ معیاری فارم کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ ای میل ایڈریس کمپنی کو براہ راست معیاری فارم پردی جائے۔ یہ معیاری فارم کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ سائٹ سائٹ سے ڈاؤن لوڈ کیا جاسکتا ہے۔

مزید برآ ں،مؤرخہ 17 مارچ 2020ء کے مراسلہ نمبر 5 کے تحت سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکیچنج نمیشن آف پاکستان نے لسٹڈ کمپنیوں کو COVID-19 وبا کے خطرات سے صف داران کو بچانے کے لئے اپنے سالانہ اجلاس عام کے معمول میں تبدیلی کی مدایات جاری کی ہیں۔

اس طرح سے کمپنی کے صص داران ویڈیو/ ویلیکس کے ذریعے اجلاس میں شرکت کرنے کا انتخاب کر سکتے ہیں۔ ایسے صص داران جن کے نام 20 اکتوبر 2020ء کو کاروباری اوقات کارختم ہونے تک کمپنی کی کتابوں میں ظاہر ہوتے ہیں اوروہ آن لائن پلیٹ فارم کے ذریعے AGM میں شرکت کے خواہش مند ہیں تو انہیں اجلاس کے انعقاد ہے کم از کم 7 (سات) یوم قبل کمپنی سیکریٹری کے دفتر میں اپنا اندراج کرانے کی درخواست کی جاتی ہے۔ ای میل: jawahar@pacepakistan.com :asattar@pacepakistan.com ولٹس ایپ نمبر: 0303-4444800:0301-8449940

براہ کرم اپنی شناخت کی غرض سے اپنانام، CNIC نمبر، فولیو/ CDC اکا وَنٹ نمبراور حصص کی تعداد بیان کریں۔ خواہش مند شیئر ہولڈرز سے مذکورہ بالامعلومات کی وصولی پر کمپنی اُن کے ای میل ایڈریس پرلاگ ان تفصیلات/ پاس ورڈ بھیجے گی۔ AGM کے وقت شیئر ہولڈرز AGM کارروائی میں اپنے سارٹ فون یا کمپیوٹرڈ یوائس کے ذریعے سی بھی موافق مقام سے لاگ ان کر کے شرکت کرسکتے ہیں۔

ارا کین اجلاس کے ایجنڈ ا آئٹمز سے متعلق اپنی رائے/ تجاویز مذکورہ بالا ای میل ایڈرلیس اوروٹس ایپ نمبر پر بھیج سکتے ہیں۔لاگ ان کی سہولت اجلاس کے انعقاد سے 30 منٹ قبل کھولی جائے گی تا کہ شرکاءا جلاس میں شمولیت اختیار کر سکیں۔

- 6) کمپنی کے خود مختار شیئر رجسڑ ارکا پتا: کارپ لنک (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ، ونگز آرکیڈ، ۱-K، کمرشل ماڈل ٹاؤن، لاہور (042) 35839182
- 7) نوٹس برائے سالانہ اجلاس عام کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.pacepakistan.com پر شائع کر دیا گیا ہے۔
- 8) اجلاس میں شرکت اور رائے شاری کرنے کا اہل CDC کا فرد واحد بینی فیشنل مالک اپنی شناخت ثابت کرنے کے لئے شرکت کا آئی ڈی اور اکا وَنٹ/ ذیلی اکا وَنٹ نمبر بمعہ اصلی CNIC یا پاسپورٹ ہمراہ لائے گا۔

 کاروباری ادارہ کی صورت میں ، بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی قرار داد/ مختار نامہ جس پر nominees کے نمونہ کے دستخط موجود ہوں اجلاس کے انعقاد کے وقت پیش کرنا ہوگا (اگریہ پہلے فرا ہم نہ کیا گیا ہو)
- (b) پراکسیز کے تقرر کے لئے ، CDC کا فرد واحد بینی فیشل مالک مذکور بالا ضروریات کے مطابق پراکسی فارم بمعہ شرکت کا آئی ڈی ، اکا وَنٹ/ ذیلی اکا وَنٹ نمبر بشمول CNIC یا پاسپورٹ کی مصدقہ نقل جمع کرائے گا۔ دو افراد کی جانب سے ان کے نام ، پتا اور CNIC نمبر کے ساتھ پراکسی فارم کی توثیق ہونی چاہئے۔ پراکسی کو اجلاس کے انعقاد کے وقت اپنا اصلی CNIC یا پاسپورٹ پیش کرنا ہوگا۔ کاروباری ادارہ کی صورت میں نمونہ کے دستخط کے ساتھ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی قرار داد/مختار نامہ پراکسی فارم کے ساتھ جمع کرانا ہوگا (اگریہ پہلے جمع نہ کرایا گیا ہو)۔ اراکین سے درخواست کی جاتی ہے کہ اپنے رجٹر ڈپتا میں تبدیلی کی صورت میں فوراً مطلع کریں۔

(9

كمپنيزا يك 2017 كے شيك 134 ذيلي سيكشن (3) كے تحت بيان

یہ بیان کمپنی کے سالا نہ اجلاس عام منعقدہ 28 اکتوبر 2020ء میں زیر بحث امور سے متعلق ٹھوں تھا کق مرتب کرتا ہے۔ سمپنی کی ذیلی سمپنی ورلڈ پریس (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ ("WPL") میں سمپنی کے 1,949,258 عمومی حصص بحساب 10.00 رویے فی حصص (65 فی صد شیئر ہولڈنگ) کی فروخت

سمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے 107 کتوبر 2020ء کومنعقدہ اپنے اجلاس میں کمپنی کی ذیلی کمپنی ورلڈ پریس (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ میں کمپنی کی مکمل شیئر ہولڈنگ کو مارکیٹ میں ممکنہ بائع کوفروخت کرنے کا فیصلہ کیا ہے۔

11WPL ستمبر 2003 کوبطور پرائیویٹ لمیٹڈ کمپنی قائم ہوئی اور WPL پرنٹرز، پبلشرز،امپورٹرز،اکیسپورٹرز، ہرقتم کی کتابوں،اخباروں،رسالوں،مراسلوں،اوردیگراد بی موادوغیرہ جیسے کاروباری،امورسرانجام دیتی ہے۔

ورلڈ پریس (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ کا رجٹر ڈوفتر دوسری منزل، پیس شاپنگ مال، فورٹر یس سٹیڈیم، لاہور کینٹ، لاہور میں واقع ہے۔ WPL کا موجودہ سرمایہ صص 60,000,000 عمومی صص میں تقسیم 6,000,000 روپے ہے جس کی مارکیٹ ویلیو-/10 روپے فی حصص ہے۔ جاری ، سبسکر ائبڈ اورا داشدہ سرمایہ 2,998,958 حصص میں تقسیم -/100 روپے ہے۔ روپے اور فی حصص قیمت-/10 روپے ہے۔

ورلڈ پریس (پرائیویٹ) لمیٹر کمپنی کی ذیلی کمپنی ہے اور کمپنی اس میں 65فی صد شیئر ہولڈنگ یعنی WPL کے 1,949,258

WPL کے ہر حصص کی بریک اپ ویلیو 30 جون 2020ء کو تاز ہ ترین پڑتال شدہ کھا توں کے مطابق 0.0069 روپے فی حصص ہے۔ گذشتہ تین برس کے لئے WPL کے نفع ونقصان کھا توں کا حال مندرجہ ذیل ہے:

| .2 | ون 8 حال متدر جبدد ي | ۷۷F سے فر وقع قصال مطام | <i>ل ہے۔ لاستہ ین برل سے سے</i> |
|-------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| جون2018ء | جون2019ء | بۇن°2020ء | تفصيلات |
| | روپے | | |
| 3,481,169 | (1,794,052) | (8,917,020) | آ پریٹنگ نفع/(نقصان) |
| (3,221,817) | (1,794,052) | (7,529,717) | خالص نفع/ (نقصان)علاوه ٹیکس |
| (1.07) | (0.60) | (2.51) | فی حصص آمد نی - ببیک و ڈائی لیوٹٹر |

گذشتہ تین برس کے لئے WPL کی مالیاتی حالت حسب ذیل ہے:

| تفصيلات جون 2020ء جون 2019ء جون 2018ء |
|---------------------------------------|
|---------------------------------------|

.....رويے.....رويے

| | | * | |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| ا ثا نه جات | | | |
| مستقل اثاثه جات | 1 | 4,639,697 | 6,026,347 |
| حاليدا ثا ثدجات | 12,107,854 | 15,249,874 | 15,482,276 |
| كل ا ثا ثه جات | 12,107,854 | 19,889,571 | 21,508,623 |
| ا يكويني اورواجبات | | | |
| کل ایکویٹ (سرماییصص اور ذخائز) | 20,852 | 7,550,560 | 9,344,621 |
| طویل مدتی واجبات | _ | _ | _ |
| حاليه واجبات | 12,087,002 | 12,339,002 | 12,164,002 |
| كل واجبات | 12,087,002 | 12,339,002 | 12,164,002 |

WPL کے مصل کی مارکیٹ قیمت کا تعین کیا جائے گا۔ اس سر ماید داری کی فروخت سے قبل قانون کے عین مطابق WPL کے مصل کی مارکیٹ قیمت کا تعین کیا جائے گا۔ اس سر ماید داری کی فروخت کا بنیادی مقصدیہ ہے کہ ذیلی کمپنی خسارہ کامسلسل سامنا کررہی اور 30 جون WPL کی ایکویٹی قیمت کا تعین کیا جائے گا۔ اس سر ماید داری کی فروخت کا بنیادی مقصدیہ ہے کہ ذیلی کم مناوری مقدیم ہوچکی ہے۔ WPL ایک غیر فعال ادارہ ہے اور 30 جون 2020ء کو مالیاتی سال کے اختتا م پراس کی آمدنی صفر ہے۔ لہذا بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز نے مستقبل میں مسلسل خسارہ سے بہنے کے لئے اس سر ماید داری کوفروخت کرنی کی منظوری دی ہے۔

WPL میں کمپنی کی ممل شیئر ہولڈنگ پر شتمل 1,949,258 روپے تک ذیلی کمپنی سے نکالنے کے لئے چیف ایگزیکٹواافیسر کو ضروری اقدامات کرنے کے لئے مجاز کھہرانے کی تجویز دی جاتی ہے۔

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے 107 کتوبر 2020 کو منعقدہ اپنے اجلاس میں حصص داران کوتجویز دی ہے کہ کمپنی کے چیف ایگزیٹو آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے وضت کی شرائط وضوابط سے متعلق تبادلہ خیال کا مجاز کھیرایا جائے اور WPL کے حصص کی فروخت پرحتی فیصلہ کے لئے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کوفروخت کرنے کی شرائط وضوابط سے متعلق سفار شات دی جائیں۔ مسٹرانورعلی ، واحد مالک ، جو 1,049,700 عمومی حصص (کمپنی کی کل شیئر ہولڈنگ کے 35.00 فی صد) کا مالک ہے نے کمپنی کی کل شیئر ہولڈنگ کے 35.00 فی صد) کا مالک ہے نے کمپنی کی WPL میں شیئر ہولڈنگ کو مارکیٹ قیت پرخریدنے کی پیشکش کی ہے۔

WPL کے قصص کی قیمت فروخت شیئر زکی فیئر ویلیو کے مساوی ہوگی جس کا تعین فروخت کے وقت قانون کے عین مطابق کیا جائے گا۔ مزید رید کی کمپنی نے قیمت کے تعین کے لئے رجسٹر ڈتنحینہ کنندہ سے خدمات حاصل کی ہیں۔

بورڈ کے مذکورہ بالا اجلاس میں یہ بھی طے پایا کہ چیف ایگزیکٹوآ فیسر یا نمپنی سیکریٹری کومجاز تھہرانے کے لئے شیئر ہولڈرز کی منظوری حاصل کی جائے تا کہ مپنی کی ذیلی نمپنی میں حصص کی فروخت کے با قاعدہ عمل کے لئے کاروباری و قانونی تقاضے بورے کئے جاسکیں۔

کمپنیز (معاون کمپنیوں یا ایسوی ایٹ انڈرٹیکنگز میں سر مایہ داری) ضوابط 2017ء کے ضابطہ نمبر (2)4 کے تحت سر مایہ داری کی حیثیت

کمپنی کے شیئر ہولڈرز نے اپنے 128 کو منعقدہ سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں کمپنی کو منظوری دی ہے اور کمپنی کے چیف الگیزیکٹو آفیسر کو مجاز تھہرایا ہے کہ وہ کمپنیز ایکٹ 2017ء کے سیکٹن 199 کی پیروی میں پیس بارکا پراپر ٹیز لمیٹڈ ('' پیس بارکا'') کے سرمایہ تصص میں 100.00 ملین روپے (ایک سوملین روپے صرف) تک اضافی ایکویٹی انویسٹمنٹ کے لئے بارکا'') کے سرمایہ تصد کے لئے بورڈ آف ڈائر کمٹرز کی مجاز شرائط وضوابط کے تحت اوپن مارکیٹ سے تصص اور معاون کمپنیاں حاصل کی جائیں گے۔ مزید یہ کہ پیس بارکا کو 100.000 ملین روپے کا قرضہ پیشگی زربھی منظور کیا گیا تھا جو کمپنی کی قرضہ حاصل کی جائیں گے۔ مزید یہ کہ پیس بارکا کو 100.000 ملین روپے کا قرضہ کی لگت سے کم نہیں ہے۔

ازراہ کرم یا در ہے کہ اجلاس نوٹس کی تاریخ اجراء ہے آج تک ناکافی کیش فلو کی وجہ سے پیس بار کامیں کوئی سرمایہ داری نہیں کی گئے ہے۔ گذشتہ برس اور 30 جون 2020ء میں پیس بار کا کی مالیا تی اشیٹم نٹس کا مواز نہ حسب ذیل ہے:

| 2019 | ¢2020 | |
|----------|----------|---------------------------------|
| يل ميں | ملين روي | |
| 5,045 | 4,917 | سرمامية صصاور ذخائر |
| 0.249 | 0.217 | طويل مدتى واجبات |
| 1,403 | 1,471 | حاليه واجبات |
| 4,064 | 4,024 | مستقل اثاثه جات |
| 2,633 | 2,582 | حاليها ثا ثه جات |
| (116.12) | (130.71) | سال <i>بھر</i> میں مجموعی خسارہ |
| (0.38) | (0.43) | فی حصص آمدنی |

دستاويزات كامعائنه

نوٹس کی تاریخ اجراسے سالا نہ اجلاس عام کی اختیام تک تمپنی کے رجسٹر ڈ آفس میں کا روباری اوقات کار کے دوران میمورنڈم اور آرٹیکٹر آف ایسوسی ایشن کی نفول، شیئر ہولڈنگ کی تازہ ترین وضع اور گذشتہ جھے ماہ کے دوران کمپنی میں 10 فی صدیا زائد شیئر ہولڈنگ میں تغیر ، WPL کی مالیاتی المیٹمنٹس ، ممکنہ مالیاتی نتائج / کمپنی کے منصوبہ جات ، گذشتہ تین سال کے پڑتال شدہ سالا نہ کھاتے ، کمپنی کی متعلقہ معلومات کا جائزہ لیا جاسکتا ہے۔

ڈائر یکٹرزاوران کےرشتہ داروں کی دلچیپی

سمپنی کے تمام ڈائر بیٹرزبشمول چیف ایگزیکٹواوران کے رشتہ دار (اگر کوئی ہے) اپنے ملکیتی شیئرز کی حد تک دلچیسی رکھتے ہیں۔ان ڈائر بیٹمول چیف ایگزیکٹواوران کے رشتہ دار (اگر کوئی ہے) کے مفاد پر قر اردادوں کا اثر دیگر شیئر ہولڈرز کے مساوی مفاد پر اثر سے مختلف نہ ہے۔ان خصوصی اموراور کیا قر ارداد میں کوئی مفاد نہ ہے۔

First Capital Securities Corporation Limited

Chairman's Review

A Review Report by the Chairman on Board's overall performance and effectiveness of role played by the Board in achieving the Company's objectives u/s 192 of the Companies Act 2017:

As required under the Code of Corporate Governance, an annual evaluation of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of First Capital Securities Corporation Limited (the "Company") is carried out. The purpose of this evaluation is to ensure that the Board's overall performance and effectiveness is measured and benchmarked against expectations in the context of objectives set for the Company. Areas where improvements are required are duly considered and action plans are framed.

I am pleased to present the Annual Review for the year ended June 30, 2020,

- ❖ The Board of Directors ("the Board") of First Capital Securities Corporation Limited (FCSC) has performed their duties diligently in upholding the best interest of shareholders' of the Company and has managed the affairs of the Company in an effective and efficient manner.
- ❖ The Board of FCSC is highly professional and experienced people. They bring a vast experience from different businesses including the independent directors. All board members are well aware of their responsibilities and fulfilling these diligently.
- ❖ The Board has adequate representation of non-executive and independent directors on the Board and its committees as required under the Code and that members of the Board and its respective committees has adequate skill experience and knowledge to manage the affairs of the Company;
- ❖ The Board has ensured that the directors are provided with orientation courses to enable them to perform their duties in an effective manner and that the four directors on the Board have already taken certification under the Directors Training Program and the remaining directors meet the qualification and experience criteria of the Code;
- ❖ The Board has formed an Audit and Human Resource and Remuneration Committee and has approved their respective terms of references and has assigned adequate resources so that the committees perform their responsibilities diligently;
- ❖ The Board has ensured that the meetings of the Board and that of its committee were held with the requisite quorum, all the decision making were taken through

Board resolution and that the minutes of all the meetings (including committees) are appropriately recorded and maintained;

- ❖ The Board has actively participated in strategic planning process enterprise risk management system, policy development, and financial structure, monitoring and approval. All the significant issues throughout the year were presented before the Board or its committees to strengthen and formalize the corporate decision making process.
- ❖ All the significant issues throughout the year were presented before the Board or its committees to strengthen and formalize the corporate decision making process and particularly all the related party transactions executed by the Company were approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Audit Committee;
- The Board has ensured that the adequate system of internal control is in place and its regular assessment through self-assessment mechanism and /or internal audit activities;
- ❖ The Board has prepared and approved the director's report and has ensured that the director report is published with the quarterly and annual financial statement of the Company and the content of the directors report are in accordance with the requirement of applicable laws and regulation;
- ❖ The Board has exercised its powers in light of the power assigned to the Board in accordance with the relevant laws and regulation applicable on the Company and the Board has always prioritized the Compliance with all the applicable laws and regulation in terms of their conduct as directors and exercising their powers and decision making.
- ❖ The Board has ensured the hiring, evaluation and compensation of the Chief Executive and other key executives including Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, and Head of internal Audit;
- The Board has ensured that adequate information is shared among its members in a timely manner and the Board members are kept abreast of developments between meetings;

I would like to place on record with thanks and appreciation to my fellow directors, shareholders, management and staff for their continued support in very challenging operating conditions. I look forward for more future success for the Company.

Lahore 07 October 2020

Shehrbano Taseer Chairman

فرسك يبيثل سيكيور ثيرز كار بوريش لميثاثه

چیئر مین کی جائزه ربورٹ

بورڈ کی مجموعی کارکردگی اورکیپنیز ایکٹ 2017ء کے سیشن 192 کے تھت کمپنی کے مقاصد کے حصول کے لئے بورڈ کے مؤثر کردار پر چیئر مین کی جائزہ رپورٹ۔

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کے تحت فرسٹ کیپٹل سیکیورٹیز کارپوریش لمیٹٹ (''نمپنی'') کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کا سالانہ جائزہ لیا گیا۔اس جائزہ کا مقصد بیقینی بنانا ہے کہ کمپنی کے طےشدہ اہداف کے تناظر میں توقعات کے برعکس بورڈ کی مجموعی کارکردگی اور تا ثیر کا تعین کیا جائے۔ایسے شعبے جن میں بہتری کی ضرورت ہے انہیں مدنظر رکھا گیا ہے اورا یکشن پلان مرتب کیا گیا ہے۔

میں 30 جون 2020ء کواختیام پذیر سال کے لئے سالا نہ رپورٹ پیش کرنے میں فخرمحسوس کرتی ہوں۔

- فرسٹ کیپٹل سیکیورٹیز کارپوریش کمیٹڈ (''FCSC'') کے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز نے کمپنی کے شیئر ہولڈرز کے بہترین مفاد
 کولمحوظ خاطر رکھتے ہوئے اپنے فرائض دلجمعی سے سرانجام دیئے ہیں اور کمپنی کے امور کومؤثر انداز میں منظم کیا ہے۔
- ۲۵۵۲ کا انتہائی ماہراور تجربہ کارافراد پر مشتمل ہے۔ وہ کئی اداروں سے وسیع تجربہ کے حامل افراد بشمول آزاد ڈائر یکٹر زکو
 سامنے لائے ہیں۔ بور ڈ کے تمام اراکین اپنے فرائض سے بخو بی آگاہ ہیں اور انہیں دلجمعی سے سرانجام دے رہے ہیں۔
- ب ضابطہ کے تحت بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹیوں میں نان ایگزیٹواور آزادڈ ائر یکٹرز کی مناسب نمائندگی موجود ہے۔اور یہ کہ بورڈ کے اراکین اوراس کی متعلقہ کمیٹیاں سمپنی کے امور چلانے کے لئے موزوں مہارت، تجربہاور علم کو بروئے کارلاتے ہیں۔
- بورڈ نے یقین دلایا ہے کہ مؤثر انداز میں اپنے فرائض سرانجام دینے کے لئے ڈائر یکٹرزکوآگا ہی کورس فراہم کئے گئے ہیں اور بیکہ بورڈ کے چارڈائر یکٹرز نے ڈائر یکٹرزٹر بینگ پروگرام کے تحت پہلے ہی اسناد حاصل کر لی ہیں اور باقی ڈائر یکٹرز فینگ فیار یہ پوراائر تے ہیں۔
 ضابطہ کے مطابق قابلیت اور تجربہ کے معیار پر پوراائر تے ہیں۔
- پ بورڈ نے آ ڈٹ اور ہیومن ریسوراینڈ ریمونریش کمیٹی تشکیل دی ہے اوران کے شرائط وضوابط منظور کئے ہیں۔اوراپی فرائض کی انجام دہی کے لئے کمیٹیوں کومناسب وسائل فراہم کئے ہیں۔
- پورڈ نے یقین دلایا ہے کہ بورڈ اور کمیٹیوں کے اجلاس مطلوب کورم کے تحت منعقد کئے جاتے ہیں اور فیصلہ سازی کے تمام امور بورڈ کی قرار داد سے ہی طے کئے جاتے ہیں اور تمام اجلاسوں (بشمول کمیٹی کے اجلاس) کی روئیداد کو مناسب انداز میں ریکارڈ کیا جاتا ہے۔

- پورڈ منصوبہ بندی کے مل، رسک مینجمنٹ سٹم، پالیسی ڈیویلپمنٹ اور مالی ڈھانچے، نگرانی اور منظوری کواحسن انداز میں پائیہ تکمیل تک پہنچا تا ہے۔ سال بھر میں تمام نمایاں معاملات کو بور ڈیا کمیٹیوں کے سامنے پیش کیا جاتا کہ کاروباری فیصلہ سازی کے ممل کو شکام کیا جاسکے۔
- خ کاروباری فیصلہ سازی کے مل کومضبوط کرنے کے لئے سال بھر میں تمام اہم معاملات کو بورڈیا اس کی کمیٹیوں کے سامنے رکھا جاتا ہے۔ اور خصوصاً ، آڈٹ کمیٹی کی سفارشات پر بورڈ نے کمپنی کی جانب سے متعلقہ پارٹیوں سے لین دین کی منظوری دی ہے۔
- پورڈ نے بقینی دہانی کرائی ہے کہانٹرنل کنٹرول کا مناسب نظام عمل میں لایا گیا ہے اورخود کارتعین کے نظام اور/یاانٹرنل آڈٹ سرگرمیوں کے ذریعے اس کی با قاعدہ نگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔
 - پ بورڈ نے ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ کو تیاراور منظور کیا ہے اور یہ یقنی دہانی کرائی ہے کہ لا گوتوا نین وضوابط کے عین مطابق ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ کو کمپنی کے سہ ماہی اور سالا نہ مالیاتی گوشواروں کے ساتھ شائع کیا جاتا ہے۔
- پ کمپنی پرلا گومتعلقہ قوانین وضوابط کے تحت بورڈ نے تفویض کردہ اختیارات کی روثنی میں اپنا کر دارا داکیا ہے۔اور بورڈ نے ہمیشہ ڈائر یکٹرز کی حیثیت سے اپنے اختیارات کے استعمال اور فیصلہ سازی میں تمام لا گوقوانین وضوابط کو کھوظ خاطر رکھا ہے۔
 - پ بورڈ نے چیف ایگزیکٹواور دیگر کی ایگزیکٹوبشمول CFO ، کمپنی سیکریٹری اورانٹرنل آڈٹ کے سربراہ کی تقرری تعین اور مشاہیرہ کویقینی بنایا ہے۔
 - پورڈ نے یقین دہانی کرائی ہے کہ بورڈ اپنے اراکین کو بروقت معلومات فراہم کرتا ہے اور بورڈ کے اراکین کو اجلاس کے دوران پیش رفت ہے آگاہ رکھا جاتا ہے۔

میں ان مشکل حالات میں اپنے ساتھی ڈائر کیٹرز، شیئر ہولڈرز، انتظامیہ اور عملہ کی مسلسل حمایت کی تہددل سے شکر گزار ہوں۔ میں مستقبل میں سمپنی کی ترقی کے لئے پرامید ہوں۔

لا ہور 107 کتوبر 2020ء 107 کتوبر 2020ء

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT

On behalf of the Board of Directors of First Capital Securities Corporation Limited ("the Company" or "FCSC"), we are pleased to present the annual report of the Company together with the audited annual financial statements for the financial year 2020.

Operational Results

The principal business activities of the Company include equity investments and Money market operations. The Company's financial results for the Financial Year 2020 ("FY20") are summarized as follows:

| | 30 June 2020 | 30 June 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| | Rupees | Rupees |
| Revenue | (148,516,962) | (250,343,288) |
| Operating expenses | 48,786,795 | 45,660,798 |
| Finance and other costs | 242,768,587 | 175,324,081 |
| Loss after taxation | (426,521,686) | (424,210,997) |
| Earnings/(loss) per share (basic & diluted) | (1.35) | (1.34) |

During the period under review, the Company has reported loss after tax of Rs. 426.522 million (EPS: -1.35) as compared to loss of Rs. 424.211 million (EPS: -1.34) during the same period last year. The Company has generated gross loss of Rs. 148.517 during the period under review as compared to loss of Rs. 250.343 in the same period last year, mainly on the back of loss of Rs. 251.921 million from change in fair value of investment as compared to loss of Rs. 558.947 million in corresponding period last year. Finance cost increased to Rs. 67.444 million from Rs. 175.324 million.

During the year the Company incurred loss amounting Rs. 426.5 Million after tax, moreover the accumulated losses of the company stand at Rs. 1,453.27 Million as at June 30, 2020 (2019: 1,028.39 Million). As at the reporting date current liabilities of the Company exceed its current assets by Rs. 2,056.69 Million. During the year Company failed to fulfil its obligation under diminishing musharka agreement with Silk Bank Limited which led to classification of loan liability as current liability.

Owing to the factors mentioned above the Company in order to carry on its business and to meet its obligations requires generating sufficient operating profits and cash flows. Accordingly there is a material uncertainty relating to the Company's operations that may cause sufficient doubt regarding discharge of its liability in the normal course of business. Continuation of the Company as going concern is heavily dependent on improved cash flows. As at year end the management of the Company is in negotiation with bank to restructure its facility and is confident that this will be done on favorable terms.

Based on above mentioned assumption of the management these financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The financial statements consequently, do not

include any adjustment relating to the realization of the assets and liquidation of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as going concern.

CAPITAL MARKET

During the period under review PSX-100 index (the benchmark) closed at 34422 points, an increase of 1.53%, as compared to loss of 19.11% in the same period last year. After two year's consecutive loss finally the equity market turned to positive. The period under review commenced on negative note mainly on the back of decelerated economic activities while grew cost of doing business and deteriorated relationship between the nuclear-armed India-Pakistan after the repealed of article 370 and imposition of curfew/lockdown in Indian occupied Kashmir. First half of the year ended with net return of 20.16% on the back of positive macro-economic indicators. Current account surplus of amount 98 million and surging interest in government securities as reflected by inflow of USD 713 million (T-Bills & PIBs) in SCRA account for Nov-19 and expectations for decrease in inflation rate led to boost the investor's confidence.

After a hefty gain in 1st half, the market has lost its pace on account of outbreak of covid-19. Oil & Gas sector remained under pressure during the period due to slowdown of economic activities that led to plunge in crude oil prices by more than 25% and headline news on circular debt continued to haunt the investors. Depressed export numbers, which stood at USD 957 million for the month of April-20, led to uncertainty over sustainability of Balance of Payment (BoP) situation that also caused to shrank investors' confidence. On the other side incentive package of PKR 50 billion for agri-sector for subsidized fertilizers, tractors and loans; and further 100 bps cut in Policy Rate provide some support to the market during the period.

Performance of Key Investments

First Capital Equities Limited ("FCEL")

FCEL reported a loss of Rs 3.48 million in FY20 vs. loss of Rs. 66.27 million. During the year due to discontinuation of operations, the brokerage income of your Company is NIL versus of Rs 20.15 million in last year. Further, FCEL recorded capital gain / (loss) of Rs NIL against loss of Rs. 0.48 million last year. Further, the Un-realized gain on re-measurement of investment is recorded at Rs. 8.36 million while other income arrived at Rs. 79.24 million which is on account of waiver of accrued mark up. Operating expenses increased by 6.90%, while financial expenses registered a decline of 95% during the year under review.

During the current year, FCEL has settled its total liability with JS Bank Limited through debt to assets swap arrangements against its investment property. FCEL has also offered similar debts to assets swap arrangement against its investment property to other financial institutions, which is currently under review of competent authorities of respective financial institutions and management is confident of respective financial institutions agreeing to stated arrangements offered by FCEL.

Lanka Securities (Private) Limited ("LSL")

LSL has reported loss after tax of LKR 13.40 million during the period under review as compared to loss of LKR 23.39 million during the same period last year. Loss per share for the year is recorded at LKR 0.77 as compared to LKR 1.34 in the preceding year.

First Capital Investments Limited ("FCIL")

FCIL has posted loss after taxation of Rs. 3.96 million during the Financial Year 2020 ("FY-20") as compared to loss after taxation of Rs. 48.62 million during the Financial Year 2019 ("FY-19"). Loss per share during the period under review is recorded at Rs. 0.19 as compared to loss per share of Rs. 2.32 during the same period last year. The recovery in the earnings of FCIL is mainly on the back of equity market performance that stated positive return of 1.53% during the period under review as compared to negative return of 19.11% during the FY-19.

World Press (Pvt.) Limited ("WPL")

During the period under review WPL reported an after tax loss of Rs. 7.5 million as compared to a loss of Rs. 1.8 million in corresponding period last year. The Board of Director in their meeting held on 07 October 2020 has decided to dispose off the entire shareholding in WPL and in this respect CEO of the Company has been authorized to take necessary steps.

Evergreen Water Valley (Pvt.) Limited ("EGWV")

During the financial year ending 30th June 2020 vs (FY-2019), the sales of the Company substantially decreased by 22%. The Company recorded the net sales of Rs. 167,739 million as compared to Rs. 216,166 million during last year, with a decrease of Rs. (48,427) million. Such a decrease in company's revenue is primarily attributable due to the lock down (Covid-19 Pandemic) and to decrease in construction work at our Pace Circle Project. Net loss of company in comparison with the last year is also due to the decrease in construction work on our projects.

Future Outlook

The IMF predicts that the global economy will shrink 4.9% this year, which would be the worst annual contraction after the Second World War. On the local front, the economy was locked down at a large scale till May as the health infrastructure was overwhelmed with number of cases. As a result of the output gap, the forecasts for economic growth were lowered to -0.4%, compared to earlier growth expectations of 2.4%.

The COVID-19 pandemic affect the entire economy and cause severe financial stress for most of the business. However, timely response from government in form of massive stimulus packages mitigated the impact of COVID-19 outbreak to some extent. Incentive package of PKR 50 billion for agri-sector for subsidized fertilizers, tractors and loans; and further 100 bps cut in Policy Rate provide some support to the market during the period.

Beyond their positive impacts in short term, these measures are expected to support the economic recovery and post COVID-19.

Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company continued its contribution to the society as a socially responsible organization through discharge its obligations towards the peoples who work for it, peoples around its workplace and the society as whole.

Human Resource Management;

The management of the Company believes strongly in principles, beliefs and philosophy of the company where employees are treated as family members. The Company is continuously striving to provide corporate and social work environment to its employees as this helps them to work in complete harmony in a healthy and professional way.

Internal controls:

The Directors and management are responsible for the Company's system of internal controls and for reviewing annually its effectiveness in providing shareholders with a return on their investments that is consistent with a responsible assessment and management of risks. This includes reviewing financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management procedures and their effectiveness. The directors have completed their annual review and assessment for year ended 2019.

The Board and audit committee regularly review reports of the internal audit function of the Company related to the Company's control framework in order to satisfy the internal control requirements. The Company's internal Audit function performs reviews of the integrity and effectiveness of control activities and provides regular reports to the Audit Committee and the Board.

Risk management:

The Board recognizes that risk is an integral component of the business, and that it is characterized by both threat and opportunity. The Company fosters a risk aware corporate culture in all decision-making, and is committed to managing all risk in a proactive and effective manner through competent risk management. To support this commitment, risk is analyzed in order to inform the management decisions taken at all levels within the organization. Due to the limitations inherent in any risk management system, the process for identifying, evaluating and managing the material business risks is designed to manage, rather than eliminate, risk and to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance, against material misstatement or loss. Certain risks, for example natural disasters, cannot be managed to an acceptable degree using internal controls. Such major risks are transferred to third parties in the local insurance markets, to the extent considered appropriate.

Impact of the company's business on the environment

The Company's nature of business is service provider and Investments, hence its activities has very less impact on environment. The Company has a policy to minimize the use of paper by encouraging employees, departments and clients to communicate mostly through emails.

Key Financial Indicators

The key financial indicators of the Company's performance for the last six years are annexed to the report.

Payouts for the Shareholders

Keeping in view the cash flows of the company during the year ended June 30, 2019, board of directors does not recommend any pay out/ dividend for the year.

(Loss)/Earnings per share

Earnings per share (basic and diluted) for the year ended June 30, 2019 loss Rs. (1.34) as compared to loss per share Rs. (0.64) for the last year.

Delay in Election of Directors

The term of directors was expired on 26th September 2012, the directors have already fixed the number of directors as seven for the next term of three years. However, the board did not decide the date of election of directors due to an impediment in holding the election of Directors, i.e. non completion of succession of shares of late Mr. Salmaan Taseer.

Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework:

- The financial statements together with the notes drawn up by the management present fairly the company's state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flow and changes in equity.
- Proper books of accounts have been maintained by the company.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment, except for changes referred in Note – 4 to the financial statements.
- The international accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in the preparation of financial statements and departure there from (if any) is adequately disclosed.
- Significant deviations from last year in operating results of the Company have been highlighted and reasons thereof explained above.
- There are statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges which are outstanding and have been disclosed in Note 15 to financial statements.

• Information about loans and other debt instruments in which the Company is in default or likely to default are disclosed in Note – 16 to the financial statements.

Code of Corporate Governance;

During the financial year 2020 revised "Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations" has been implemented which requires certain changes in the Composition of the Board and Its Committees. The Company has changed the composition of Board and its committees.

Composition of Board

The following persons, during the financial year, remained Directors of the Company:

| Names | Designation |
|---------------------------|-------------|
| Shehrbano Taseer | Chairman |
| Aamna Taseer | CEO |
| Shehryar Ali Taseer | Director |
| Shahbaz Ali Taseer | Director |
| Sikandar Laeeq (resigned) | Director |
| Naeem Akhtar | Director |
| Mustafa Mujeeb Ch | Director |
| Umair Fakhar Alam | Director |

Mr. Umair Fakhar Alam appointed as director in place of Mr. Sikandar Laeeq, subsequent to the year.

| To | tal r | number of Directors | 7 |
|----------------|-------------------|---|------------------|
| | a) | Male; and | 5 |
| | b) | Female: | 2 |
| a) b) c) | Inc Otl Exe | osition: dependent Directors her Non-Executive Directors ecutive Directors; and male Director | 2 4 1 2 |
| | | | |

Committee of the board

| Audit Committee | Mr. Umair Fakhar Alam (Chairman) Miss Shehrbano Taseer (Member) Mr. Naeem Akhtar (Member) |
|---------------------|---|
| Human Resource and | Mr. Umair Fakhar Alam (Chairman) |
| Remuneration (HR&R) | Mrs. Aamna Taseer (Member) |

Committee

Miss Shehrbano Taseer (Member)

The Statement of Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance is annexed.

EXECUTIVE REMUNERATION

The remuneration to the Chief Executive Officer and Executive at the Company is as follows:

| | Directors | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|------|--|
| | Chief Executive Officer | | Executive Director | | |
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | |
| | | R u | pees | - | |
| Managerial remuneration | 2,400,000 | 2,400,000 | Nil | Nil | |

Trading of Directors

During the year no trading in shares of the Company by the Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses and any minor children.

Auditors

The present auditors M/s Nasir Javed Maqsood Imran, Chartered Accountants retire and offer themselves for reappointment. The Board of directors has recommended their appointment as auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2021, at a fee to be mutually agreed.

Pattern of Shareholdings

The pattern of shareholding as required under Section 227(2)(f) of the Companies Act 2017 and Listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited is enclosed.

Acknowledgement

Availing this opportunity the Board desires to place on record their appreciation to the financial institutions, Government authorities and other stakeholders for their dedication and commitments. We would like to thank all shareholders of the company for the trust and confidence. We would like to express our gratitude towards Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan for its persistent guidance. Finally the Board would like to record its appreciation to all staff members for their hard work.

For and on behalf of the Board

Lahore 07 October 2020

Director

Aamna Taseer CEO/Director

فرسٹ کیپٹل سیکیو رٹیز کارپوریش کمیٹٹر ڈائر بکٹرز کی رپورٹ

فرسٹ کیپٹل سیکورٹیز کارپوریشن کمیٹڈ ('' کمپنی' یا''FCSC'') کے بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز کی جانب سے ہم مالیاتی سال 2020ء کے لئے پڑتال شدہ سالانہ مالیاتی اللیٹمٹش کے ہمراہ کمپنی کی سالانہ رپورٹ ازراہِ مسرت پیش کرتے ہیں۔ فعالی نتائج

کمپنی کی بنیادی کاروباری سرگرمیوں میں ایکویٹی انویسٹمنٹ اور منی مارکیٹ آپریشنز شامل ہیں۔ مالیاتی سال 2020ء کے لئے کمپنی کے مالیاتی نتائج کا خلاصہ حسب ذیل ہے۔

| 30 بون 2019ء | 30 بون 2020ء | |
|---------------|---------------|---|
| روپے | روپي | |
| (250,343,288) | (148,516,962) | آمدنی |
| 45,660,798 | 48,786,795 | آپریٹنگ اخراجات |
| 175,324,081 | 242,768,587 | قرضوں پرلاگت اور دیگر |
| (424,210,997) | (426,521,686) | نقصان علاوه ثيكس |
| (1.34) | (1.35) | (بنیادی اورایصالی) آمدنی / (خساره) فی حصص |

گذشتہ برس اسی مدت کے دوران 424.211 ملین روپے (فی حصص آمدنی: 1.34-) خمارہ کے مقابلہ میں کمپنی نے زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران 426.522 ملین روپے (فی حصص آمدنی: 1.35-) خمارہ علاوہ ٹیکس رپورٹ کیا۔ گذشتہ برس اسی مدت میں 250.343 روپے مجموعی مقابلہ میں کمپنی نے زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران 148.517 روپے مجموعی خمارہ درج کیا۔ جو گذشتہ برس اسی مدت میں 558.947 ملین روپے خمارہ کی وجہ سے تھا۔ قرضوں پر لاگت میں انویسٹمنٹ کی بنیادی قیمت میں تبدیلی کی وجہ سے تھا۔ قرضوں پر لاگت میں 175.324 ملین روپے سے 67.444 ملین روپے کے مقابلہ میں وقع ہوئی۔

سال بھر میں کمپنی نے 426.5 ملین روپے خسارہ علاوہ ٹیکس درج کیا۔ جب کہ 30 جون 2020ء تک کمپنی کا مجموعی خسارہ 1,453.27 ملین روپے رہا(2019ء: 1028.39 ملین روپے)۔ رپورٹنگ کی تاریخ تک کمپنی کے حالیہ واجبات حالیہ اثاثہ جات سے 2,056.69 ملین روپے تک تجاوز کر گئے۔ سال بھر میں کمپنی نے سلک بینک کمیٹٹر سے قلیل مدتی مشار کہ

معاہدہ کے تحت اپنے فرائض سرانجام دیئے جس سے قرض کے واجبات کو حالیہ واجبات کی درجہ بندی دے دی گئی۔
فدکورہ بالاعوامل کے پیش نظر کمپنی نے اپنے کاروباری امور اور فرائض سرانجام دینے کے لئے معقول آپریٹنگ منافع اور کیش فلو
کی ضرورت پرزور دیا۔ اسی طرح سے کمپنی کے کاروباری امور سے متعلقہ واضح بے بقینی موجود ہے جس سے عمومی کاروباری
امور میں اس کے واجبات کی ادائیگی سے متعلق شکوک وشبہات پیدا ہوتے ہیں۔ کمپنی کا کاروبار جاری رکھنا بہتر کیش فلو پر مخصر
ہے۔ سال کے اختیام پر کمپنی کی انتظامیہ اپنی سہولت کی رئی سٹر کچرنگ کے سلسلہ میں بینک کے ساتھ مذاکر ات کر رہی ہے اور
انتظامیہ پرامید ہے کہ اس ری سٹر کچرنگ کی شرائط وضوابط طے پاجائیں گی۔

ا نظامیہ کے مذکورہ بالامفروضہ کی بنیا دیر بیہ مالیاتی اٹیٹمنٹس جاری کاروبار کے طور پر تیار کی گئی ہیں۔ان مالیاتی اٹیٹمنٹس میں اثا ثه جات کی فروخت اور واجبات کی لیکویڈیشن کی مدمیں ایڈ جسٹمنٹ شامل نہ ہے جس سے بین طاہر ہو کہ کمپنی اپنا کاروبار جاری رکھنی کی صلاحیت نہیں رکھتی۔

كيبيثل ماركيث

زیرجائزہ مدت کے دوران PSC-100 انڈیکس (بینج مارک) گذشتہ برس میں 19.11 فی صدکی کے مقابلہ میں 15.5 فی صدا ضافہ کے ساتھ 34422 پوائنٹس پر بند ہوا۔ دو برس کے مسلسل خیارہ کے بعد ایکویٹی مارکیٹ کا رجحان مثبت رہا۔
ست رفقار معاشی سرگرمیوں ، کاروباری لاگت میں اضافہ اور بھارتی مقبوضہ تشمیر میں آرٹیکل 370 ختم ہونے پر کرفیو لاک ڈاؤن کے دوایٹری مما لک پاکستان اور بھارت میں کشیدہ تعلقات کی وجہ زیرجائزہ مدت کا آغاز منفی رجحان سے ہوا۔ زیرجائزہ سال کے اختام پر پہلے نصف حصہ میں مثبت معاشی اشاریوں کی وجہ سے 20.16 فی صدکی خالص آمدنی درج ہوئی۔ 98 ملین روپے کا کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ سرپلس ، گورنمنٹ سیکیو رٹیز میں بڑھتی ہوئی دلچیسی جونو مبر 2019ء کے لئے SCRA کا گؤنٹ میں متوقع کی کی وجہ سے سرمایہ میں 2713 ملین روپے (ٹی بلز اور PIBs) کے ان فلو سے عیاں ہے اور افراط زرکی شرح میں متوقع کی کی وجہ سے سرمایہ داروں کے اعتماد میں اضافہ ہوا۔

پہلے نصف حصہ میں بھاری منافع کے بعد 19-COVID کے حملہ کی وجہ سے مارکیٹ کی رفتارست ہوگئی۔اسی دورانیہ میں اقتصادی تیل اور گیس کے شعبے دباؤ میں رہے جس کی وجہ سے معاشی سرگر میاں ست روی کا شکار ہیں اور خام تیل کی قیمت میں 25 فی صداضا فہ ہوا اور گردشی قرضہ کی خبر سے سرمایہ داروں کے اعتماد کو شیس پہنچی۔اپریل 2020ء میں 957 ملین روپے کی گرتی ہوئی برآ مدات سے ادائیکیوں (BoP) کے توازن کی صورت حال میں بے یقینی پیدا ہوگئی اور سرمایہ داروں کا اعتماد مزید کم ہوگیا۔ دوسری جانب سبسڈ ائز ڈفرٹی لائز رز ،ٹریکٹر زاور قرضوں کی مدمیں زرعی شعبہ کے لئے 50 بلین روپے کے رعایت پیکیج کے اعلان اور یالیسی ریٹ میں ریٹ میں 100 بی بی ایس کی سے اس دورانیہ میں مارکیٹ کو سہارا دیا گیا۔

ا ہم انو سٹمنٹس کی کارکردگی فرسٹ کیپٹل ایکویٹیزلمیٹڈ ("FCEL")

مالیاتی سال 2020ء میں FCEL نے 3.48 ملین روپے کا خسارہ درج کیا۔ آپریشنزی معطّی کی وجہ سے امسال آپ کی کمپنی کی بروکرت کا آئم صفر ہے جو گذشتہ برس 20.15 ملین روپے تھی۔ مزید یہ کہ، FECL نے گذشتہ برس 0.48 ملین روپے خسارہ کے مقابلہ میں صفر روپے کیپٹل آمدنی / (خسارہ) درج کیا۔ مزید برآس، سرمایہ داری کے دوبارہ تعین پر غیر حاصل شدہ آمدنی 6.36 ملین روپے درج کی گئی جب کہ دیگر آمدنی 49.24 ملین روپے رہی جولا کو مارک اپ کی چھوٹ کی وجہ سے ہے۔ آپریٹنگ اخراجات 6.90 فی صدر ہے جب کہ مالیاتی اخراجات کی مدمین زیرجائزہ مدت کے دوران 95 فی صدکی رجٹر ہوئی۔

زیرجائزہ سال کے دوران FCEL نے US بینک کے ساتھ اپنے تمام واجبات کوا ثاثہ جات کے ساتھ تبادلہ کے ذریعے اداکر دیے ہیں۔ FCEL نے اپنی دیگر سرمایہ داری پراپرٹی کی مدمیں دیگر مالیاتی اداروں کو بھی قرضوں کوا ثاثہ جات میں تبادلہ کی بیشکش کی ہے۔ جس پر متعلقہ مالیاتی اداروں کے مجاز افسران غور کررہے ہیں۔اورا نظامیہ پرامید ہے کہ FCEL کی مذکورہ پیشکش کو قبول کرلیں گے۔

لزكاسيكيور ثير (پرائيويث) لميشد ("LSL")

LSL نے گذشتہ برس اسی مدت میں 23.39 ملین کئکن روپے خسارہ کے مقابلہ میں زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران LSL نگن روپے خسارہ فی خصص کے مقابلہ میں رواں برس 13.40 کئکن روپے خسارہ فی خصص کے مقابلہ میں رواں برس 0.77 کئکن روپے خسارہ فی خصص ریکارڈ ہوا۔

فرسكيييل انوسمنش لمييند ("FCIL")

مالیاتی سال 2020ء کے دوران 3.96 ملین روپے خسارہ علاوہ ٹیکس درج ہوا جب کہ مالیاتی سال 2010ء کے دوران کمپنی نے 48.62ء کے دوران کی سارہ کے مقابلہ علاوہ ٹیکس رپورٹ کیا۔ گذشتہ برس کی اسی مدت میں 2.32روپے فی حصص خسارہ کے مقابلہ میں زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران 0.19روپے خسارہ فی حصص ریکارڈ ہوا۔ FCIL کی آمدنی ایکو بیٹی مارکیٹ کی بہتر کارکردگ سے منسوب کی جاتی ہے جو زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران 1.53 فی صدکی مثبت آمدنی ظاہر کرتی ہے جب کہ مالیاتی سال 2019ء کے دوران کی آمدنی اور 19.11 میں صدر ہی۔

ورلڈرپریس(پرائیویٹ) لمیٹڈ("WPL")

گذشته برس اسی مدت میں 1.8 ملین روپے خسارہ کے مقابلہ میں WPL نے زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران 7.4 ملین روپے خسارہ علاوہ ٹیکس رپورٹ کیا۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے 107 کتو بر 2020ء میں منعقدہ اپنے اجلاس میں WPL کی مکمل شیئر ہولڈنگ کوفروخت کرنے کا فیصلہ کیا اوراس تناظر میں کمپنی کے CEO کوضروری اقد امات اٹھانے کے لئے مجاز ٹھ برایا گیا۔ ایورگرین واٹرویلی (برائیویٹ) کم پیٹر ("EGWV")

30 جون 2020ء اختتام پذیر مالیاتی سال اور مالیاتی سال 2019 کے موازنہ سے سلز میں 22 فی صدنمایاں کی دیکھی گئے۔

کمپنی نے گذشتہ برس کی اسی مدت میں 216,166 ملین روپے خالص سیلز کے مقابلہ میں (48,427) کمی کے ساتھ 167,739 ملین روپے کی خالص سیلز درج کی ۔ کمپنی کی آمدنی میں بیکی (19-COVID وبا) کی وجہ سے ما کدلاک ڈاؤن اور پیس سرکل پروجیک کے تعمیراتی کام کی معطلی سے منسوب کی جاتی ہے۔ گذشتہ برس کے مقابلہ میں خالص خسارہ ہمارے پروجیک کے تعمیراتی کام کی معطلی کی وجہ سے ہے۔

مستقبل كامنظرنامه

آئی ایم ایف پشین گوئی کرتا ہے کہ عالمی معیشت رواں سال 4.9 فی صد تک سکڑ جائے گی جودوسری جنگ عظیم کے بعد سالانہ کے حساب سے سب سے زیادہ تفاوت ہے۔ ملکی سطح پرمئی تک کیسز کی تعداد میں اضافہ کی وجہ سے صحت کے شعبہ پر دباؤکی وجہ سے وسیع پیانے پر معیشت جمود کا شکار ہی۔ آؤٹ پٹ خلا کے نتیج میں معاشی نموکی شرح 4.0 فی صد ہونے کی پشین گوئی کی گئی ہے جب کہ بل ازیں معاشی نمو 2.4 فی صدر بنے کی تو قع تھی۔

COVID-19 وبا نے معیشت پرمضرا ثرات مرتب کئے ہیں اور اکثر کاروباروں کوشدید مالیاتی دباؤ کا سامنا کرنا پڑا ہے۔
تاہم ، معیشت کو متحرک کرنے کے لئے پیکیج کے اعلان پر شتمل حکومت کے بروفت اقدامات کی وجہ سے COVID-19 کے مضرا ثرات کے تدارک میں کافی حد تک مدد ملی ہے۔ سبسڈ ائز ڈ فرٹیلائز ر،ٹریکٹرز اور قرضوں کی مدمیس زرعی شعبے کے لئے مضرا ثرات کے تدارک میں کافی حد تک مدد کی سے اس دورانیہ میں مارکیٹ کو سہلا را ملا قلیل مدت کے لئے اس کے مثبت اثرات کے پیش نظر یہ اقدامات کی محل کے بعد معیشت کی بحالی میں سود مند ثابت ہوں گئے۔

كاروباري وساجي ذمه داري

کمپنی ساجی طور پر ذمہ دارادارہ کی حیثیت سے سوسائٹ میں اپنا مثبت کر دارادا کر رہی ہے۔جس میں کمپنی کے لئے کام کرنے والے علمہ، کام کی جگہ کے گردونواح میں مقیم افراداور سوسائٹ کے فرائض کی ادائیگی شامل ہے۔

ميومن ريسورس مينجمنك

سمپنی کی انظامیہ کمپنی کے اصول، ایمان اور فلسفہ پرمضبوط یقین رکھتی ہے جہاں ملاز مین کوخاندان کے افراد کی حیثیت دی جاتی ہے۔ کمپنی اپنے ملاز مین کو کاروباری وساجی ورک انوائر نمنٹ فراہم کرنے کے لئے مسلسل کوشاں ہے تا کہ وہ خوشگواراور پیشہ وراندانداز میں مکمل دیانت داری سے اپنے فرائض سرانجام دے سکیس۔

داخلىظم وضبط

ڈائر کیٹرزاورا نظامیہ مپنی کے داخلی نظم وضبط کے نظام کو چلانے اوراس پڑمل درآ مدے لئے سالا نہ جائزہ کی ذمہ دارہے۔ تاکہ حصص داران کواپنی سرمایہ داری پر بھاری منافع حاصل ہو سکے جوذمہ داری سے خطرات کے انتظام اور تعین میں مددگار ثابت ہوتا ہے۔ اس میں مالیاتی، فعالی اور تعمیلی نظم وضبط اور رسک مینجمنٹ طریقہ ہائے کار اور ان کی تاثیر کی نگرانی شامل ہے۔ ڈائر کیٹرزنے 2020ء کو اختتام پذیر سال کے لئے سالانہ جائزہ اور تخمینہ کو کمل کرلیا ہے۔

بورڈ اور آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کمپنی کے کنٹرول فریم ورک سے متعلقہ انٹرل آ ڈٹ فنکشن کی رپورٹ کا با قاعد گی سے جائزہ لیتی ہے تا کہ داخلی نظم وضبط کے معیار کو برقر اررکھا جا سکے کمپنی کا داخلی آ ڈٹ فنکشن کنٹرول سرگرمیوں کی تا ثیراور قیام کا جائزہ لیتا ہے اور آڈٹ کمیٹی اور بورڈ کو با قاعدہ رپورٹ کرتا ہے۔

رسك مينجمنث

بورڈ تسلیم کرتا ہے کہ کاروبار میں خطرات وخدشات بہت اہمیت کے حامل ہوتے ہیں لہذا یہ خطرہ اور مواقع دونوں کے طور پر قبول کئے جاتے ہیں۔ کمپنی ہر تسم کی فیصلہ سازی میں خطرات سے آگاہی کا کاروباری کلچر متعارف کراتی ہے اور تمام خطرات سے نبرو آزما ہونے کے لئے موزوں رسک مینجنٹ کے ذریعے اپنا مؤثر اور فعال کر دارادا کرتی ہے۔ اس عزم کو پورا کرنے کی غرض سے رسک کا جائزہ لیا جاتا ہے تا کہ ادارہ میں تمام سطحوں پر فیصلہ سازی کے لئے انتظامیہ کوآگاہ کیا جا سکے۔ کسی بھی رسک مینجنٹ سٹم میں موجود حدود وقیود کی وجہ سے ٹھوس کاروباری خدشات کی شناخت، تعین اور انتظام کا طریق عمل خطرہ کوختم کرنے کی بجائے اس سے نبرد آزما ہونے کے لئے تیار کیا گیا ہے۔ تا کہ مادی غلطی یا نقصان کی مدمیں مناسب لیکن غیرحتی کرنے کی بجائے اس سے نبرد آزما ہونے کے لئے تیار کیا گیا ہے۔ تا کہ مادی غلطی یا نقصان کی مدمیں مناسب لیکن غیرحتی لیتین دہانی فراہم کی جاسکے۔ داخلی ضبط کے ذریعے مخصوص خطرات یعنی قدرتی آفات پرقابل قبول سطح تک قابونہیں پایا جا سکتا۔ لیسے بڑے خطرات کومقا می انشورنس مار کیٹ میں مناسب حد تک فریق ثالث کونتقل کر دیا جاتا ہے۔

کمپنی کے کاروبار کا ماحول پراثر

سمپنی کی کاروباری نوعیت خدمات کی فراہمی اور سرمایہ داری ہے لہذااس کی سرگرمیوں کا ماحول پر بہت کم اثر ہوتا ہے۔ سمپنی نے ملاز مین ، تمام شعبہ جات اور کلائنٹس سے بذریعہ ای میل رابطہ سازی کی حوصلہ افزائی کرکے کاغذ کے کم استعمال کی پالیسی اپنائی ہے۔

اہم مالیاتی اشارے

گذشتہ چھے برسوں کے لئے تمپنی کی کارکر دگی کے اہم مالیاتی اشارے رپورٹ کے ساتھ منسلک ہیں۔

حصص داران کومنافع کی ادائیگی

30 جون 2020 ء کواختنام پذیریسال کے دوران کمپنی کے کیش فلوکو مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے رواں برس کسی بھی قتم کے بے آؤٹ/منافع منقسمہ کی سفارش نہ کی ہے۔

(خساره)/آمدنی فی حصص

30 جون 2020 ء کواختتام پذیر سال کے لئے فی حصص آمدنی / (خسارہ) (بنیادی اور ڈائی لیوٹڈ) (1.34) روپے ہے جو گذشتہ برس (0.64) روپے تھا۔

ڈائر یکٹرز کے انتخاب میں تاخیر

26 ستمبر 2012ء کو ڈائر کیٹرز کی مدت ختم ہوگئی تھی۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے آئندہ تین سال کی مدت کے لئے سات ڈائر کیٹرز کی تعداد پہلے ہی مقرر کر لی ہے۔ تاہم، ڈائر کیٹرز کے انتخاب میں چندر کاوٹوں یعنی سلمان تا ثیر مرحوم کے صص کی منتقلی کی عدم جمیل کی وجہ سے ڈائر کیٹر کے انتخابات کی تاریخ کا فیصلہ تا حال نہ ہوسکا ہے۔

كاروبارى اور مالياتى ربور تنك فريم ورك

- نوٹس کے ہمراہ انتظامیہ کی جانب سے تیار کردہ مالیاتی الٹیٹمنٹس کمپنی کے کاروباری امور، آپریشنز کے نتائج ،کیش فلہو اورا یکویٹی میں تبدیلی کی بھریور عکاسی کرتی ہیں۔
 - کمپنی نے کھاتوں کے باضابطہ رجسٹر تیار کئے ہیں۔
- مالیاتی ائیمنٹس کی تیاری میں مناسب اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیوں کوسلسل لا گو کیا جاتا ہے اور اکاؤنٹنگ تخیینہ جات، ماسوائے مالیاتی اسٹیمنٹ کےنوٹ 4 میں بیان کردہ تبدیلیوں کے،مناسب اور قابل فیصلوں کی بنیاد پرلگائے جاتے ہیں۔
- مالیاتی ائیمٹنٹس کی تیاری میں پاکستان میں لاگو بین الاقوامی اکاؤنٹنگ معیارات کی پیروی کی گئی ہے اوراس میں کسی بھی قسم کے ردوبدل (اگر کوئی ہو) کومناسب انداز میں ظاہر کیا گیا ہے۔
- کمپنی کے فعالی نتائج میں گذشتہ برس کے مقابلہ میں نمایاں فرق کو واضح کیا گیا ہے اوراس کی وجو ہات وضاحت سے بیان کی گئی ہیں۔
- کیچھ شیکسز، ڈیوٹیز، لیوی اور اخراجات کی مد میں قانونی ادائیگیاں ایسی ہیں جو واجب الادا ہیں اور انہیں مالیاتی اسٹیٹمنٹس کے نوٹ 15 میں بیان کیا گیا ہے۔

• قرضوں اور دیگر ڈیٹ انسٹر ومنٹس، جن میں کمپنی ناد ہندہ ہے یا ناد ہندہ ہونے کا خدشہ ہے، کی تفصیلات مالیاتی سٹیٹمنٹس کے نوٹ 16 میں بیان کی گئی ہیں۔

كود آف كار بوريث كورنس

مالیاتی سال 2020ء کے دوران نظر ثانی شدہ 'لسٹر کہینیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس) ضوابط' کااطلاق کیا گیاہے جس کے نتیج میں بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹیوں کی ترکیب میں تنج میں بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹیوں کی ترکیب میں تنج میں کردی ہے۔

بورد کی ترکیب

مالیاتی سال کے دوران مندرجہ ذیل افراد کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرزبر قرار رہے۔

| عہدہ | ۲ |
|--------------------|-------------------------|
| چيئر مين | شهر بانو تا نبير |
| چيف ايگزيکڻوآ فيسر | آ منه تا ثیر |
| ڈائر یکٹر | شهر یارعلی تا ثیر |
| ڈائر یکٹر | شهبازعلی تا ثیر |
| ڈائر یکٹر | سکندرلئیق (مستعفی ہوئے) |
| ڈائر یکٹر | نعيم اخرّ |
| ڈائر یکٹر | مصطفیٰ مجیب چو ہدری |
| ڈائر یکٹر | عميه وفخرعالم |

مسرعمير فخرعالم كومسر سكندرلئيق كي جگه دُّائر يكشر زمقرر كيا گيا۔

| 7 | ڈائر <i>یکٹرز</i> کی کل تعداد | | |
|---|-------------------------------|----|--|
| 5 | مر و | (a | |

b) خواتین 2

ترکیب:

a) آزادڈائریکٹرز a

d) دیگرنان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹرز 4

c) ایگزیکٹوڈائزیکٹرزاور c

d) خواتین ڈائر یکٹرز 2

بورڈ کمیٹیاں

آؤٹ کمیٹی مسٹر عمیر فخر عالم (چیئر مین) مس شهر بانو تا ثیر (رکن) مسٹر فعیم اختر (رکن)

میومن ریسورس ریموزیش مسرعمیر فخر عالم (چیئر مین) (الله HR&R) کمیٹی مسرآ منه تا ثیر (رکن)

مسشهر بانو تا ثیر(رکن)

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کی تمیل کابیان ساتھ منسلک ہے۔

ڈائر یکٹرز کامعاوضہ

تمینی کے چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسراورایگزیکٹوڈ ائریکٹرز کامعاوضہ حسب ذیل ہے:

| رُ يكثرز | ا يگزيكڻودُ ا | چيف الگزيكثوآ فيسر | | |
|----------|---------------|--------------------|-----------|----------------|
| 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| روپي | روپي | روپي | روپي | |
| _ | 1 | 2,400,000 | 2,400,000 | انتظامي معاوضه |

ڈائر یکٹرز کی تجارت

سال بھر میں کمپنی کے ڈائر مکٹرز، CFO، CEO، کمپنی سیریٹری اوران کے اہلیان اور نابالغ بچوں کی جانب سے کمپنی کے حصص میں کوئی تجارت سامنے نہ آئی ہے۔

آڈیٹرز

حالیہ آڈیٹرزمیسرز ناصر جاوید مقصود عمران، چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس ریٹائر ہو چکے ہیں اور اپنی دوبارہ تقرری کی پیشکش کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز نے 30 جون 2021ء کواختتا م پذیر سال کے لئے انہیں کمپنی کا آڈیٹر مقرر کرنے کی تجویز دی ہے جس کا معاوضہ ہا ہمی رضا مندی سے طے کیا جائے گا۔

شيئر ہولڈنگ کی وضع

کمپنیزا یک 2017ء کے سیشن (f)(2)(2)(21اور پا کستان اسٹاک ایکیچنج کی لسٹنگ ریگولیشنز کے مطابق شیئر ہولڈنگ کی وضع ساتھ منسلک ہے۔

اعتزاف

اس موقع کا فائدہ اٹھاتے ہوئے بورڈ مالیاتی اداروں ،حکومتی اتھارٹیز اور دیگراسٹیک ہولڈرز کے جذبہ اورعزم کوقدر کی نگاہ سے دیکھتا ہے اور کمپنی کے تمام شیئر ہولڈرز کے ہم پراعتا داور بھروسہ کے لئے بھی شکر گزار ہے۔ہم سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایسچنج کمیشن آف پاکستان کی مسلسل رہنمائی کے لئے بھی شکر بیادا کرتے ہیں۔آخر میں بورڈ تمام سٹاف ممبران کی ان تھک محنت پرتہہ دل سے شکر بیادا کرتا ہے۔

برائے/منجانب بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز لاہور 107 کتوبر 2020ء ڈائر یکٹر چیف ایگز یکٹو آفیس/ ڈائر یکٹر

FORM 34

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017 (Section 227(2)(f))

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

1. CUIN (Registration Number)

0032345

2. Name of the Company

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED

3. Pattern of holding of the shares held by the shareholders as at

30-06-2020

| | Shar | eholdings | S | |
|-----------------------|---------|-----------|---------|--------------------------|
| 4 No. of Shareholders | From | cholanige | To | Total Shares Held |
| | | | | |
| 375 | 1 | | 100 | 12,247 |
| 611 | 101 | - | 500 | 200,108 |
| 520 | 501 | - | 1,000 | 427,993 |
| 1216 | 1,001 | - | 5,000 | 3,254,560 |
| 587 | 5,001 | - | 10,000 | 4,487,518 |
| 135 | 10,001 | - | 15,000 | 1,757,274 |
| 136 | 15,001 | - | 20,000 | 2,515,912 |
| 86 | 20,001 | - | 25,000 | 2,048,896 |
| 69 | 25,001 | - | 30,000 | 1,986,666 |
| 33 | 30,001 | - | 35,000 | 1,111,268 |
| 29 | 35,001 | - | 40,000 | 1,108,193 |
| 20 | 40,001 | - | 45,000 | 866,936 |
| 59 | 45,001 | - | 50,000 | 2,909,061 |
| 19 | 50,001 | - | 55,000 | 1,000,853 |
| 16 | 55,001 | - | 60,000 | 931,525 |
| 15 | 60,001 | - | 65,000 | 958,500 |
| 16 | 65,001 | - | 70,000 | 1,092,000 |
| 19 | 70,001 | - | 75,000 | 1,402,873 |
| 13 | 75,001 | - | 80,000 | 1,018,300 |
| 9 | 80,001 | - | 85,000 | 749,800 |
| 8 | 85,001 | - | 90,000 | 709,000 |
| 7 | 90,001 | - | 95,000 | 655,884 |
| 36 | 95,001 | - | 100,000 | 3,592,500 |
| 5 | 100,001 | - | 105,000 | 511,060 |
| 5 | 105,001 | - | 110,000 | 546,500 |
| 4 | 110,001 | - | 115,000 | 448,500 |
| 8 | 115,001 | - | 120,000 | 945,758 |
| 2 | 120,001 | - | 125,000 | 248,068 |
| 6 | 125,001 | - | 130,000 | 760,000 |
| 8 | 130,001 | - | 135,000 | 1,062,000 |
| 7 | 135,001 | - | 140,000 | 974,572 |
| 2 | 140,001 | - | 145,000 | 286,500 |
| 9 | 145,001 | - | 150,000 | 1,347,500 |
| 3 | 150,001 | - | 155,000 | 460,500 |
| 3 | 155,001 | - | 160,000 | 475,871 |
| 5 | 160,001 | - | 165,000 | 810,917 |
| 2 | 165,001 | - | 170,000 | 340,000 |
| 2 | 170,001 | - | 175,000 | 346,000 |
| 2 | 175,001 | - | 180,000 | 356,000 |
| 2 | 185,001 | - | 190,000 | 378,000 |
| 7 | 195,001 | - | 200,000 | 1,400,000 |
| 5 | 200,001 | - | 205,000 | 1,018,960 |
| 4 | 210,001 | - | 215,000 | 851,000 |
| 2 | 215,001 | - | 220,000 | 439,500 |
| 1 | 220,001 | - | 225,000 | 225,000 |

| 1 | <u>d from:</u> | www.OpenDoors.Pk | | | |
|--|----------------|------------------|---|-----------|-----------|
| 1 | 1 | 225,001 | - | 230,000 | 225,138 |
| 1 | 1 | 230,001 | - | 235,000 | 235,000 |
| 6 245,001 - 250,000 1.493,1 1 250,001 - 255,000 251,1 1 270,001 - 275,000 276,1 1 275,001 - 280,000 276,1 1 280,001 - 285,000 301,1 3 300,001 - 305,000 301,1 1 310,001 - 315,000 301,1 2 320,001 - 325,000 660,0 2 330,001 - 335,000 666,1 1 340,001 - 345,000 338,1 1 345,001 - 345,000 344,1 2 345,001 - 370,000 367,2 1 370,001 - 370,000 367,2 1 375,001 - 370,000 367,2 1 375,001 - 370,000 372,3 1 385,001 - 390,000< | 1 | 235,001 | - | 240,000 | 237,500 |
| 6 245,001 - 250,000 1.493,1 1 250,001 - 255,000 251,1 1 270,001 - 275,000 276,1 1 275,001 - 280,000 276,1 1 280,001 - 285,000 301,1 3 300,001 - 305,000 301,1 1 310,001 - 315,000 301,1 2 320,001 - 325,000 660,0 2 330,001 - 335,000 666,1 1 340,001 - 345,000 338,1 1 345,001 - 345,000 344,1 2 345,001 - 370,000 367,2 1 370,001 - 370,000 367,2 1 375,001 - 370,000 367,2 1 375,001 - 370,000 372,3 1 385,001 - 390,000< | 1 | 240,001 | _ | 245,000 | 242,148 |
| 1 | | | _ | | 1,493,000 |
| 1 | | | _ | | 251,500 |
| 1 | | | | | 272,000 |
| 1 | | | _ | | |
| 3 295,001 300,000 896,6 1 300,001 305,000 301,1 2 320,001 325,000 660,1 2 320,001 325,000 660,1 1 335,001 335,000 666,0 1 340,001 345,000 338,1 1 340,001 345,000 344,0 2 345,001 350,000 699,1 1 365,001 375,000 372,1 1 370,001 375,000 372,1 1 375,001 380,000 372,1 1 385,001 390,000 390,1 1 405,001 410,000 407,7 1 415,001 420,000 420,1 2 445,001 430,000 852,2 2 445,001 450,000 460,1 1 460,001 460,000 460,1 1 465,001 470,000 460,1 1 475,001 480,000 495,1 1 490,001 495,000 395,00 1 495,001 500,000 500,1 1 515,001 500,000 500,1 1 515,001 500,000 550,00 1 515,001 555,000 550,00 1 570,001 575,000 575,1 1 640,001 645,000 602,0 1 655,001 660,000 602,0 1 675,001 685,000 622,0 1 675,001 685,000 623,0 1 675,001 685,000 623,0 1 675,001 685,000 623,0 1 675,001 685,000 623,0 1 675,001 685,000 677,1 1 675,001 685,000 677,1 1 750,001 755,000 755,1 1 800,001 855,000 850,0 1 875,000 875,000 875,1 1 885,001 885,000 880,0 1 885,001 885,000 880,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 880,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 885,000 538,0 1 885,001 880,000 538,0 1 885,001 880,000 538,0 1 885,001 880,000 538,0 1 | | | - | | |
| 1 | | • | - | · · | 281,240 |
| 1 | | | - | · · | 896,000 |
| 2 320,001 325,000 650,6 2 330,001 335,000 666,6 1 345,001 345,000 344,6 2 345,001 350,000 698,6 1 345,001 350,000 698,6 1 365,001 370,000 372,7 1 375,001 380,000 378,7 1 375,001 380,000 378,7 1 375,001 380,000 378,7 1 375,001 380,000 378,7 1 385,001 390,000 390,0 1 405,001 410,000 407,7 1 415,001 420,000 420,0 2 425,001 430,000 352,2 2 445,001 450,000 460,0 1 465,001 460,000 455,1 1 465,001 460,000 460,0 1 465,001 470,000 466,1 1 475,001 480,000 480,0 1 475,001 490,000 495,1 1 490,001 495,000 501,1 1 515,001 500,000 501,1 1 515,001 500,000 500,0 1 545,001 550,000 550,0 1 545,001 550,000 550,0 1 545,001 550,000 550,0 1 565,001 600,000 600,0 1 640,001 625,000 600,0 1 655,001 600,000 600,0 1 655,001 600,000 600,0 1 675,001 680,000 677,4 2 680,001 685,000 677,4 2 680,001 755,000 751,5 1 675,001 755,000 751,5 1 675,001 755,000 751,5 1 750,001 755,000 753,5 1 750,001 755,000 753,5 1 750,001 755,000 753,5 1 750,001 755,000 753,5 1 750,001 755,000 753,5 1 | | | - | | 301,500 |
| 330,001 | 1 | 310,001 | - | 315,000 | 311,500 |
| 1 335,001 - 340,000 338,1 1 340,001 - 345,000 344,1 2 345,001 - 350,000 698,1 1 365,001 - 370,000 367,4 1 370,001 - 375,000 372,7 1 375,001 - 380,000 378,1 1 385,001 - 390,000 390,0 1 405,001 - 410,000 407,1 1 415,001 - 440,000 420,0 2 425,001 - 440,000 455,2 2 445,001 - 450,000 900,4 1 455,001 - 460,000 455,5 1 460,001 - 465,000 465,0 1 445,001 - 470,000 480,0 1 475,001 - 480,000 480,0 1 490,001 - 500,000 <td>2</td> <td>320,001</td> <td>-</td> <td>325,000</td> <td>650,000</td> | 2 | 320,001 | - | 325,000 | 650,000 |
| 1 340,001 - 345,000 344,4 2 345,001 - 350,000 698,1 1 366,001 - 370,000 367,7 1 370,001 - 375,000 372,1 1 375,001 - 380,000 378,1 1 385,001 - 390,000 390,0 1 405,001 - 410,000 407,1 1 415,001 - 420,000 420,0 2 445,001 - 450,000 900,0 1 455,001 - 460,000 455,1 1 466,001 - 470,000 460,0 1 465,001 - 470,000 466,0 1 475,001 - 480,000 480,0 1 490,001 - 495,00 495,0 1 490,001 - 505,00 501,5 1 515,001 - 500,00 | 2 | 330,001 | - | 335,000 | 666,500 |
| 1 340,001 - 345,000 6984 1 365,001 - 370,000 367,7 1 370,001 - 375,000 372,7 1 375,001 - 380,000 378,8 1 385,001 - 380,000 390,0 1 405,001 - 410,000 407,4 1 415,001 - 420,000 420,4 2 425,001 - 430,000 852,2 2 445,001 - 450,000 900,0 1 455,001 - 460,000 455,5 1 465,001 - 470,000 466,0 1 465,001 - 470,000 466,0 1 475,001 - 480,000 480,0 1 490,001 - 495,000 495,0 1 490,001 - 505,000 501,5 1 515,001 - 500,000 <td>1</td> <td>335,001</td> <td>-</td> <td>340,000</td> <td>338,500</td> | 1 | 335,001 | - | 340,000 | 338,500 |
| 2 345,001 - 350,000 698,4 1 365,001 - 370,000 367,2 1 375,001 - 375,000 372,2 1 385,001 - 380,000 339,0 1 405,001 - 410,000 407,2 1 415,001 - 420,000 420,0 2 425,001 - 430,000 852,2 2 445,001 - 450,000 900,0 1 460,001 - 460,000 455,0 1 465,001 - 470,000 466,1 1 465,001 - 470,000 466,1 1 495,001 - 480,000 480,00 1 495,001 - 495,000 495,00 1 490,001 - 495,000 501,30 1 515,001 - 500,000 501,30 1 515,001 - 550,00 | 1 | | _ | 345,000 | 344,000 |
| 1 365,001 - 370,000 367,4 1 370,001 - 375,000 372,2 1 375,001 - 380,000 378,1 1 385,001 - 390,000 390,0 1 405,001 - 410,000 407,1 1 415,001 - 420,000 420,0 2 425,001 - 430,000 852,2 2 445,001 - 450,000 900,0 1 455,001 - 460,000 455,1 1 465,001 - 460,000 465,5 1 465,001 - 470,000 466,5 1 490,001 - 480,000 480,00 1 495,001 - 500,000 501,5 3 495,001 - 500,000 501,5 1 500,001 - 500,000 520,0 1 525,001 - 550,000 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>698,000</td> | | | _ | | 698,000 |
| 1 370,001 - 375,000 372,7 1 375,001 - 380,000 378,8 1 385,001 - 390,000 390,00 1 405,001 - 410,000 407,1 1 415,001 - 420,000 420,0 2 425,001 - 450,000 900,0 1 455,001 - 460,000 455,0 1 460,001 - 460,000 465,00 1 465,001 - 470,000 466,00 1 4775,001 - 480,000 466,10 1 490,001 - 470,000 466,10 1 490,001 - 470,000 466,10 1 490,001 - 480,000 480,00 1 490,001 - 495,00 495,00 1 515,001 - 500,000 501, 1 515,001 - 550 | | | _ | | 367,484 |
| 1 375,001 - 380,000 378.3 1 385,001 - 390,000 390,0 1 405,001 - 410,000 407.3 1 415,001 - 420,000 420,0 2 425,001 - 430,000 852,3 2 445,001 - 460,000 900,0 1 455,001 - 460,000 455,1 1 460,001 - 460,000 466,5 1 465,001 - 470,000 466,5 1 475,001 - 480,000 480,0 1 495,001 - 495,000 495,0 1 495,001 - 500,000 1500,0 1 515,001 - 500,000 501,5 1 515,001 - 550,000 520,1 1 520,001 - 550,000 550,0 1 575,001 - 555,000 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>372,289</td> | | | | | 372,289 |
| 1 385,001 - 390,000 390,0 1 405,001 - 410,000 407,1 1 415,001 - 420,000 420,0 2 425,001 - 430,000 852,2 2 445,001 - 450,000 900,0 1 455,001 - 460,000 455,1 1 460,001 - 465,000 466,0 1 465,001 - 470,000 466,0 1 465,001 - 470,000 466,0 1 490,001 - 480,000 480,0 1 490,001 - 495,000 495,0 1 490,001 - 495,000 1,500,0 1 515,001 - 500,000 15,500,0 1 515,001 - 550,000 528,0 1 545,001 - 550,000 575,0 2 550,001 - 555,0 | | | - | | |
| 1 405,001 - 410,000 407,3 1 415,001 - 420,000 420,0 2 425,001 - 430,000 852,2 2 445,001 - 450,000 900,0 1 455,001 - 460,000 455,5 1 460,001 - 465,000 466,6 1 465,001 - 470,000 466,6 1 475,001 - 480,000 480,0 1 490,001 - 480,000 495,0 1 495,001 - 500,000 1,500,0 1 515,001 - 500,000 501,3 1 515,001 - 520,000 520,4 1 525,001 - 550,000 550,0 1 525,001 - 555,000 550,0 2 550,001 - 575,000 575,0 1 595,001 - 625,000< | | | - | · · | |
| 1 415,001 - 420,000 420,0 2 425,001 - 430,000 852,1 2 445,001 - 450,000 900,0 1 455,001 - 460,000 455,1 1 460,001 - 466,000 466,2 1 465,001 - 470,000 466,6 1 475,001 - 480,000 480,0 1 490,001 - 495,000 480,0 1 490,001 - 495,000 1,500,0 1 500,001 - 500,000 1,500,0 1 500,001 - 505,000 501,5 1 515,001 - 550,000 528,6 1 545,001 - 550,000 528,6 1 545,001 - 550,000 575,0 1 595,001 - 600,000 600,0 1 615,001 - 620,00 | | | - | · · | |
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| 1 940,001 - 950,000 940,0 | 1 | 945,001 | - | 950,000 | 946,391 |
| 1 960,001 - 965,000 961,6 | 1 | 960,001 | - | 965,000 | 961,636 |
| | | | - | 985,000 | 985,000 |
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| 2 1,540,001 - 1,545,000 3,081,3 | | 1,540,001 | - | 1,545,000 | 3,081,398 |

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| 5 | Categories of shareholders | Shares held | Percentage |
|----------|--|---------------------|------------|
| 5.1(a) l | Directors, CEO and their Spouse and Minor Children | | |
| | Aamna Taseer | 7,177,978 | 2.2671 |
| | Shahbaz Ali Taseer | 700 | 0.0002 |
| | Shehryar Ali Taseer | 2,390,632 | 0.7551 |
| | Shehrbano Taseer | 556 | 0.0002 |
| | Mustafa Mujeeb Chaudhry | 500 | 0.0002 |
| | Naeem Akhtar | 500 | 0.0002 |
| | Umair Fakhar Alam | 500 | 0.0002 |
| 5.1 (b) | Chief Executive Officer | - | - |
| (| (7,177,978) share of (Aamna Taseer CEO) | | |
| 5.1 © l | Directors spouse & minor children | - | - |
| 5.1.1 l | Executive / Executives' spouse | - | - |
| 5.2 | Associated Companies, undertaking and related parties | - | - |
| , | a) Amythest Limited | 72,034,306 | 22.7517 |
| | b) Sisly Group Company Limited | 31,395,000 | |
| 1 | of Sisty Group Company Emitted | 31,393,000 | 9.9160 |
| 5.3 | NIT and ICP | 3,848,546 | 1.2155 |
| 5.4 | Banks, DFIs and NBFIs | 12,359,084 | 3.9036 |
| 5.5 | Insurance | 8,272,928 | 2.6130 |
| 5.6 | Modarabas | - | - |
| 5.6.1 | Mutual Funds | 4,402 | 0.0014 |
| 5.7 | Share holders holding 10% or more voting intrest | | |
| a) a | a) Mr. Sulmaan Taseer (Late) | 35,574,835 | 11.2362 |
| | b) Amythest Limited Refer 5.2 (a) | | - |
| 5.8 | General Public | | |
| | a) Local | 99,199,551 | 31.3318 |
| | , | Refer 5.7 (a) above | |
| | b) Foreign Companies/Orginzations/Individual / (repatriable bases) | , , | 8.7793 |
| | , 0 1 , 0 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | Refer 5.2 (a) above | |
| | | Refer 5.2 (b) above | |
| | | Refer 5.7 (b) above | |
| 5.9 | Others | (-) | |
| | a) Joint Stock Companies | 16,186,310 | 5.1124 |
| | b) Pension fund Provident Fund etc. | 367,484 | 0.1161 |
| | , | 316,610,112 | 100.0000 |

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30 2020

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

| 1. | The total number of directors are seven as pe | er the following: | | |
|-------|---|--|--|--|
| a. | Male: | 05 | | |
| b. | Female: | 02 | | |
| υ. | i emale. | 02 | | |
| 2. | The composition of board is as follows: | | | |
| | The composition of position at the control | | | |
| (i) | Independent Directors | 01 | | |
| (ii) | Other Non-Executive Directors | 04 | | |
| (iii) | Executive Directors | 02 | | |
| (iv) | Female Directors | 02 | | |
| | | | | |
| 3. | The directors have confirmed that none of the seven listed companies, including this companies. | | | |
| 4. | The company has prepared a Code of Condu have been taken to disseminate it througho policies and procedures. | | | |
| 5. | The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy ar significant policies of the company. The Board has ensured that complete record particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating maintained by the company | | | |
| 6. | All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevar matters have been taken by board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevar provisions of the Act and these Regulations. | | | |
| 7. | The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board. | | | |
| 8. | The Board have a formal policy and tran directors in accordance with the Act and thes | | | |
| | | | | |
| 9. | The Board has arranged Directors' Training | | | |
| 9. | The Board has arranged Directors' Training | program for the following: | | |
| 9. | | program for the following: Mrs. Aamna Taseer | | |
| 9. | The Board has arranged Directors' Training | program for the following: Mrs. Aamna Taseer Mr. Shehryar Ali Taseer | | |
| 9. | The Board has arranged Directors' Training (Name of Director) | program for the following: Mrs. Aamna Taseer Mr. Shehryar Ali Taseer Miss Shehrbano Taseer | | |
| 9. | The Board has arranged Directors' Training | program for the following: Mrs. Aamna Taseer Mr. Shehryar Ali Taseer | | |
| 9. | The Board has arranged Directors' Training (Name of Director) | program for the following: Mrs. Aamna Taseer Mr. Shehryar Ali Taseer Miss Shehrbano Taseer N/A ief Financial Officer, Company Secretary emuneration and terms and conditions of | | |
| | The Board has arranged Directors' Training (Name of Director) (Name of Executive & Designation (if applicable) The board has approved appointment of Chand Head of Internal Audit, including their re- | program for the following: Mrs. Aamna Taseer Mr. Shehryar Ali Taseer Miss Shehrbano Taseer N/A ief Financial Officer, Company Secretary emuneration and terms and conditions of rements of the Regulations. | | |

| 40 | | The beard has farmed as multiple as as many in its | of manch are siven halave | | | |
|-----|--------|--|---|--|--|--|
| 12. | | The board has formed committees comprising | of members given below: | | | |
| | a. | Audit Committee (Name of members and Chairman) | Umair Fakhar Alam, (Chairman) Shehrbano Taseer, (Member) Naeem Akhtar, (Member) | | | |
| | b. | HR and Remuneration Committee (Name of members and Chairman) | Umair Fakhar Alam, (Chairman) Aamna Taseer, (Member) Shehrbano Taseer, (Member) | | | |
| | C. | Nomination Committee (if applicable) (Name of members and Chairman) | N/A | | | |
| | d. | Risk Management Committee (if applicable) (Name of members and Chairman) | N/A | | | |
| 13. | | The terms of reference of the aforesaid com and advised to the committee for compliance. | mittees have been formed, documented | | | |
| 14. | | The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yea following: | rly/ yearly) of the committee were as per | | | |
| | а | Audit Committee | 06 | | | |
| | b b | HR and Remuneration Committee | 01 | | | |
| | | Nomination Committee (if applicable) | N/A | | | |
| | C | Risk Management Committee (if applicable) | N/A | | | |
| | d | Risk Management Committee (ii applicable) | IN/A | | | |
| 15. | | The Board has set up an effective internal aud audit function to who are considered suitably of and are conversant with the policies and process. | qualified and experienced for the purpose edures of the company; | | | |
| 16. | | The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company | | | | |
| 17. | | The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard. | | | | |
| 18. | | We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 7, 8, 27,32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with. Further, the company is in non-compliance with the requirements of Regulation 6 of Listed Companies Corporate Governance Regulations 2019 regarding minimum number of Independent Directors. The term of directors was expired on 26th September 2012, the directors have already fixed the number of directors as seven for the next term of three years. However, the board did not decide the date of election of directors due to an impediment in holding the election of Directors, i.e. due to non-completion of succession of shares of late Mr. Salmaan Taseer. | | | | |

For and on behalf of the Board

KEY FINANCIAL DATA FOR LAST 7 YEARS

FINANCIAL DATA

Rupees in Thousands

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-----------|----------|----------|
| Operating revenue | (148,516) | (250,343) | (67,561) | 28,461 | 65,455 | 70,213 | 118,572 |
| Operating expenses | (48,786) | (45,660) | 63,742 | 43,595 | 43,302 | 42,892 | 24,082 |
| Operating profit/ (loss) | (197,303) | (296,004) | (209,018) | (1,955,658) | (842,060) | 19,682 | (30,002) |
| Other revenue | 11,524 | 12,245 | 12,129 | 16,936 | 44,741 | 12,318 | 1,640 |
| Financial Expenses | (242,768) | (175,324) | (5,133,556) | (27,787) | (24,542) | (14,257) | 7,725 |
| Taxation | 2,025 | 34,871 | (1,617) | (1,124) | (1,748) | (2,723) | 3,397 |
| Profit after Taxation | (426,521) | (424,210) | (203,640) | (1,939,874) | (799,091) | 15,019 | (39,485) |
| Bonus Share Interim & Final | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |



Islamabad Office:
Office # 12 & 13 3rd Floor
Fazal Arcade,
F-11 Markaz, Islamabad.
Tel: 051-2228138
Fax: 051-2228139
E-mail:
njmiconsultants@gmail.com
islamabadoffice@njmi.net

Independent Auditor's report to the members of First Capital Securities Corporation Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of First Capital Securities Corporation Limited, which comprises the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2020, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2020 and of the loss and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty relating to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 2 in the annexed financial statements, which states that the company incurred loss amounting Rs. 426.5 Million after tax, moreover the accumulated losses of the company stand at Rs. 1,453.27 Million as at June 30, 2020 (2019: 1,028.39 Million). As at the reporting date current liabilities of the Company exceed its current assets by Rs. 2,056.69 Million. During the year Company failed to fulfill its obligation under diminishing musharka agreement. Moreover, the Company in order to meet its current obligations required to generate sufficient profits and cash flows. As stated in Note 2, these events or conditions, along with other matters as

Men



set forth in Note 2 indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Following are the Key Audit Matters:

Sr. Key Audit Matters

1. Investment property valuation

As stated in the Note 7 of accompanying financial statements, the company has significant investment in property which are carried at fair value and substantial amount of fair value gain is recognized on those properties during the year.

We identified investment property as key audit matter because it has material impact on Company's financials.

How the matters were addressed in our audit

We performed following key audit procedures to address the assessed risk:

- Obtained independent valuers' report and took an understanding of the scope of valuers' work;
- Assessed the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the external valuer;
- We reconciled the detail of properties valued by the independent valuer to details provided by the company;
- Compared values assigned by independent valuer with the actual transactions occurred during the year, to ensure that value of investment property is reasonable according to the market conditions and not overstated;
- Assessed the appropriateness of the related disclosures in the Company's financial statements.





2. Litigations

There are a number of legal and regulatory matters for which no provision has been established, as disclosed in Note 19 of accompanying financial statements.

The Company is exposed to different laws, regulations and interpretations thereof and hence, there is a litigation risk. Also there is an inherent risk that legal exposures are not identified and considered for financial reporting purposes on a timely basis. Importantly, the decision to recognize a provision and the basis of measurement are purely judgmental.

We identified litigations as key audit matter because there is a high level of judgement involve in assessing the likelihood of their outcome which effect the level of provisioning and/or disclosures. We performed following key audit procedures to address the assessed risk:

- Obtained understanding of the Company's controls over litigations through meetings with the management and review of the minutes of the Board of Directors and Board Audit Committee:
- Discussed open matters and developments with the Company's in-house legal counsel and read correspondence with external legal counsels, where relevant;
- Circularized confirmations to relevant third party legal representatives and follow up discussions, where appropriate, on certain material cases;
- Whilst noting the inherent uncertainties involved with the legal and regulatory matters, assessed the appropriateness of the related disclosures made in the accompanying financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report including, in particular, the Chairman's Review, Director's Report and Financial Highlights, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be



materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and



d) no zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Imran-ul-Haq.

Date: 07-10-2020

Islamabad

Nasir Javaid Maqsood Imran

Chartered Accountants



Islamabad Office: Office # 12 & 13 3rd Floor Fazal Arcade, F-11 Markaz, Islamabad. Tel: 051-2228138 Fax: 051-2228139 E-mail: njmiconsultants@gmail.com islamabadoffice@njmi.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED

REVIEW REPORT ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE CONTAINED IN LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of "First Capital Securities Corporation Limited" (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2020 in accordance with the requirement of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any noncompliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to assess and determine the Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Further, we highlight that the Company has not complied with the provision of regulation 6 of the Regulations which require the company to have at least two or one third members of the Board whichever is higher as Independent Directors, as disclosed in the note 18 of the Statement of Compliance.

Date: 07-10-20

Islamabad

Chartered Accountants

Imran ul Haq

Karachi Office:

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2020

| | Note | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | Rupees | Rupees |
| Property, plant and equipment | 6 | 132,965,208 | 133,198,056 |
| Investment properties | 7 | 2,152,618,664 | 2,052,619,045 |
| Long term investments | 8 | 1,509,698,628 | 1,766,869,692 |
| Long term deposits | 9 | 37,500 | 37,500 |
| * | | 3,795,320,000 | 3,952,724,293 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Trade debts - unsecured, considered good | 10 | 809,746 | 1,528,578 |
| Loans, advances, prepayments and other receivables | 11 | 21,713,312 | 11,126,702 |
| Short term investments | 12 | 24,506,196 | 19,255,828 |
| Advance tax | 13 | 7,581,031 | 7,437,979 |
| Cash and bank balances | 14 | 360,596 | 356,006 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 54,970,881 | 39,705,093 |
| and the control of th | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 15 | 55,172,655 | 43,144,896 |
| Principal payable | 16 | 1,600,000,000 | 1,600,000,000 |
| Rental payable | 16 | 456,497,944 | 181,516,802 |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS | | 2,111,670,599 1,738,620,282 | 1,824,661,698 2,167,767,688 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Staff retirement benefits payable | 18 | 5,796,925 | 7,618,472 |
| Deferred tax liability | 17 | 20,000,275 | 22,434,684 |
| | | 25,797,200 | 30,053,156 |
| Contingencies and commitments | 19 | _ | - |
| - Continue and Con | | 1,712,823,082 | 2,137,714,532 |
| REPRESENTED BY | | | |
| REFERENCE DE | | | |
| EQUITY | | | |
| SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | |
| Authorized share capital: 320,000,000 (June 2019: 320,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 1 each | 0 | 3,200,000,000 | 3,200,000,000 |
| | 22 | 0.444.04.405 | 0.466404.400 |
| Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital | 20 | 3,166,101,120 | 3,166,101,120 |
| Retained earnings | | (1,453,278,038) | (1,028,386,588) |
| | | 1,712,823,082 | 2,137,714,532 |

The annexed notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | Note | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|------|---------------|---------------|
| Revenue | | Rupe | es |
| Money market services | 21 | 3,404,115 | 8,739,898 |
| Realized loss on disposal of 'investments at fair value through profit or loss' | 23 | | (141,896) |
| Unrealized loss on re-measurement of 'investments at fair value through profit or loss' | 23 | (251,920,696) | (558,947,082) |
| Change in fair value of investment properties | 7 | 99,999,619 | 300,005,792 |
| | | (148,516,962) | (250,343,288) |
| Expenses | | | |
| Operating and administrative expenses | 24 | (48,786,795) | (45,660,798) |
| Operating loss | | (197,303,757) | (296,004,086) |
| Other income | 25 | 11,524,743 | 12,245,263 |
| Finance cost | 26 | (242,768,587) | (175,324,081) |
| Loss before taxation | | (428,547,601) | (459,082,904) |
| Taxation | 27 | 2,025,915 | 34,871,907 |
| Loss after taxation | | (426,521,686) | (424,210,997) |
| Loss per share | | | |
| - basic and diluted | 28 | (1.35) | (1.34) |

The annexed notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | 2020 Rupees | 2019 |
|--|----------------|---------------|
| Loss after taxation | (426,521,686) | (424,210,997) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year: Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: | | |
| Remeasurement of post retirement benefit obligation | 1,630,236 | 536,832 |
| Items that may subsequently reclassified to profit or loss: | | |
| Other comprehensive income for the year - net of tax | 1,630,236 | 536,832 |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year - net of tax | (424,891,450) | (423,674,165) |

The annexed notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | Share Capital | Revenue reserve Retained earnings | Total |
|---|---------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Rupees | |
| Balance as at July 01, 2018 | 3,166,101,120 | (604,712,423) | 2,561,388,697 |
| Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year - net of tax | | (424,210,997) 536,832 | (424,210,997) 536,832 |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year - net of tax | - | (423,674,165) | (423,674,165) |
| Balance as at 30 June 2019 | 3,166,101,120 | (1,028,386,588) | 2,137,714,532 |
| Balance as at July 01, 2019 | 3,166,101,120 | (1,028,386,588) | 2,137,714,532 |
| Loss for the year | ×= | (426,521,686) | (426,521,686) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year - net of tax | - | 1,630,236 | 1,630,236 |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year - net of tax | - | (424,891,450) | (424,891,450) |
| Balance as at 30 June 2020 | 3,166,101,120 | (1,453,278,038) | 1,712,823,082 |

The annexed notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|---------------|---|
| Cash flows from operating activities | Rupees | Rupees |
| Loss before taxation | (428,547,601) | (459,082,904) |
| Adjustments for: | | |
| Finance cost | 242,768,587 | 175,324,081 |
| Unrealized loss on re-measurement of investments at 'fair value through profit or loss' | 251,920,696 | 558,947,082 |
| Change in value of investment properties | (99,999,619) | (300,005,792) |
| Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment | (**,***,***) | (625,000) |
| Provision for penalty | 32,227,745 | 1,102,939 |
| Depreciation | 232,848 | 17,738,282 |
| Interest income | (14,223) | (115,112) |
| Provision for staff retirement benefits | 1,513,059 | 1,592,628 |
| | 428,649,093 | 453,959,108 |
| Loss before working capital changes | 101,492 | (5,123,796) |
| Effect on cash flow due to working capital changes | | |
| (Increase)/decrease in current assets: | | |
| Trade debts | 718,832 | 436,331 |
| Loans, advances, prepayments and other receivables | (10,586,610) | 114,877,418 |
| (Decrease)/increase in current liabilities: Trade and other payables | 10,323,389 | (393,649,647) |
| Trade and other payables | 455,611 | (278,335,898) |
| Cash generated from/(used in) operations | 557,103 | (283,459,694) |
| Increase in non-current liabilities: | | , |
| Staff retirement benefits paid | | (4,675,726) |
| Finance cost paid | (15,190) | (23,259) |
| Taxes paid/adjusted-net | (551,546) | (1,665,080) |
| | | *************************************** |
| | (566,736) | (6,364,065) |
| Net cash outflow from operating activities | (9,633) | (289,823,759) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | |
| Purchase of investment property | | (205,023,253) |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | | 625,000 |
| Purchase of investments | - | (8,618,648) |
| Interest received | 14,223 | 115,112 |
| Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities | 14,223 | (212,901,789) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | |
| Loan acquired during the year | | 500,000,000 |
| Net cash generated from financing activities | | 500,000,000 |
| | | |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 4,590 | (2,725,548) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | 356,006 | 3,081,554 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 360,596 | 356,006 |
| | | |

The annexed notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Executive Officer

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

1 Legal status and nature of business

First Capital Securities Corporation Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in Pakistan on April 11, 1994 as a public limited company under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Company is involved in making long and short term investments, money market operations and financial consultancy services.

Geographical location and location of other offices are as under:

Lahore-Head Office Karachi-Corporate Office

2nd Floor Pace Shopping Mall, Fortress 4th Floor, Block B,C,D Lakson Square Building No,01

Stadium Lahore Cantt, Lahore Sarwar Shaheed Road Karachi

2 Going concern assumption

During the year company incurred loss amounting Rs. 426.5 Million after tax, moreover the accumulated losses of the company stand at Rs. 1,453.27 Million as at June 30, 2020 (2019: 1,028.39 Million). As at the reporting date current liabilities of the Company exceed its current assets by Rs. 2,056.69 Million. During the year Company failed to fulfil its obligation under diminishing musharka agreement with Silk Bank Limited which led to classification of loan liability as current liability.

Owing to the factors mentioned above the Company in order to carry on its business and to meet its obligations requires generating sufficient operating profits and cash flows. Accordingly there is a material uncertainty relating to the Company's operations that may cause sufficient doubt regarding discharge of its liability in the normal course of business. Continuation of the Company as going concern is heavily dependent on improved cash flows. As at year end the management of the Company is in negotiation with bank to restructure its facility and is confident that this will be done on favorable terms.

Based on above mentioned assumption of the management these financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The financial statements consequently, do not include any adjustment relating to the realization of the assets and liquidation of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as going concern.

3 Basis of preparation

3.1 Separate financial statements

These financial statements are the separate financial statements of the Company. Consolidated financial statements of the Company are prepared separately.

The Company has following major investments:

Subsidiaries

| Company | Country of | Nature of business | Effective l | olding % |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Incorporation | | 2020 | 2019 |
| First Capital Investments Limited (FCIL) | Pakistan | Providing asset management services under the Non-Banking Finance Companies (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003. | 78.86 | 78.86 |
| Lanka Securities (Private) Limited (LSL) | Sri Lanka | Sale / purchase of shares, consultancy services, money market operations, underwriting, placements and equity research, etc. | 51.00 | 51.00 |
| World Press (Private) Limited (WPL) | Pakistan | Carrying on the business of printing, publishing, packaging, advertisement and specialized directory business, stationers and dealing in all allied products. | 65.00 | 65.00 |
| First Capital Equities Limited (FCEL) | Pakistan | Sale / purchase of shares, consultancy services, money market operations, underwriting, placements and equity research, etc. | 73.23 | 73.23 |
| Ever Green Water Valley (Private) Limited | Pakistan | Installation and manufacturing of water purification plants, RO systems, water softness system and other related activities. The company is also engaged in construction activities. | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Falcon Commodities (Private) Limited (FCL) | Pakistan | Carrying on the business of commodities brokerage as a corporate member of Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited. | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| First Construction Limited | Pakistan | A construction company. | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Ozer Investments Limited (OIL) | OIL has not yet started its commercial activity however main objects are providing financial | | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Associates | | | | |
| - Pace Barka Properties Limited, - Pace Super Mall (Private) Limited - Media Times Limited, - Pace (Pakistan) Limited | Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan Pakistan | A real estate services company A real estate services company A media company A real estate services company | 17.95 0.07 25.31 2.52 | 17.95 0.07 25.31 2.38 |

3.2 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved Accounting Standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017. Approved Accounting Standards comprise of such International financial reporting standards as notified under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017. Whenever the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017 or directives of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) differ with the requirements of the Standards, the requirements of the Standards, the requirements of the Standards of the Standar

3.3 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial assets and investment properties that are stated at fair value and certain employee benefits which are presented at present value.

3.4 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Company's significant accounting policies are stated in Note 5. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to Company's financial statements are as follows:

a) Useful life and residual values of property and equipment

b) Impairment

c) Provisions and contingencies

d) Valuation of investment properties

e) Staff retirement benefits

f) Provision for taxation

Note 5.2

Note 5.11 Note 5.15 & Note 19

Note 5.5 Note 5.16

Note 5.16

Note 5.18

4 INITIAL APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS OR AMENDMENTS TO EXISTING STANDARDS

4.1 There are new and amended standards and interpretations that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning 01 July 2019 other than those disclosed in note 5.1. These are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Company's financial statements and are therefore not stated in these financial statements.

4.2 Standards, amendments and improvements to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

There are certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards that will be mandatory for the Company's annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2020 but are considered not to be relevant or have any signficant effect on the Company's financial reporting.

Further, IFRS~17~insurance~contracts'~is~yet~to~be~adopted~by~the~Securities~&~Exchange~Commission~of~Pakistan~(The~SECP).

5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except as described below in Note 5.1, the significant accounting policies are consistently applied in the preparation of these financial statements are the same as those applied in earlier periods presented.

5.1 Changes in significant accounting policies

The Company has adopted IFRS 16 Leases during the year and the new policy due to adoption is as follows:

The Company has adopted IFRS 16 'Leases' from 01 July 2019 which are effective from annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2019.

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) 16 "Leases" has replaced IAS 17 "Leases", the former lease accounting standard. Under the new standard, almost all leases which meet the criteria described in the standard will be recognized on the statement of financial position with only exceptions of short term and low value leases. Under IFRS 16, an asset (the right to use the leased item) is recognized along with corresponding financial liability to pay rentals at the present value of future lease payments over the lease term, discounted with the specific incremental borrowing rate.

The Company has concluded that where the lease term of contracts are short-term in nature i.e. with a lease term of twelve months or less at the commencement date, right of use assets is not recognized and payments made in respect of these leases are expensed in the statement of profit or loss.

The Company has adopted IFRS 16 from July 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective approach and the Company has assessed that the adoption of IFRS 16 does not have effect on prior period figures in statement of profit and loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of cash flows and statement of changes in equity. The effect on prior period financial statements in statement of financial position on account of re-classification of leased assets from owned to leased category under investment properties.

5.2 Property, plant and equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is charged to profit or loss by applying the straight-line method whereby the cost is written-off over its estimated useful life at the rates specified in note 6.1 to the financial statements.

Depreciation on additions is charged on a pro-rata basis from the month in which the asset is put to use, while for disposals depreciation is charged up to the month preceding the disposal of the asset. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the depreciation charge is adjusted in the future periods to allocate the assets revised carrying amount over its estimated useful life.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to profit or loss as and when incurred. Renewals and improvements are capitalized when it is probable that respective future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably, and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized as an income or expense.

Residual value and the useful life of an asset are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant. The Company's estimates of residual value of property and equipment at June 30 2020 did not require any adjustment. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 5.11).

5.3 Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss. All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under capital work in progress. These are transferred to property, plant and equipment as and when these are available for use.

5.4 Leases

Right of use asset

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability. Right-of-use assets that falls under the category of investment properties are carried at fair value as mentioned in note 5.5.

Where the Company determines that the lease term of identified lease contracts are short term in nature i.e. with a lease term of twelve months or less at the commencement date, right of use assets is not recognized and payments made in respect of these leases are expensed in the statement of profit or loss.

Lease liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. Lease payments in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- a. fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- b. variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- c. amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- d. the exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

5.5 Investment properties

Properties which are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or for both are classified as investment properties. Investment properties are initially recognized at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given. Subsequently these are stated at fair value. The fair value is determined annually by an independent professional valuer. The fair values are based on market values, being the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged on the date of valuation between knowledgeable and willing buyer and seller in an arm's length transaction.

Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value is charged to profit or loss. Rental income from investment properties is accounted for as described in Note 7.

When an item of property, plant and equipment is transferred to investment property following a change in its use, any difference arising at the date of transfer between the carrying amount of the item immediately prior to transfer and its fair value is recognized in surplus on revaluation of fixed assets. Upon disposal of the item, the related surplus on revaluation is transferred to retained earnings. Any loss arising in this manner is immediately charged to profit or loss.

If an investment property becomes owner-occupied, it is reclassified as property, plant and equipment and its fair value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for accounting purposes for subsequent recording.

5.6 Financial Instruments

i- Initial measurement of financial asset

The Company classifies its financial assets in to following three categories:

- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI);
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL); and
- measured at amortized cost.

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

ii- Subsequent measurement

Debt Investments at FVOCI: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest / markup income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On de-recognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

Equity Investments at FVOCI: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in the statement of profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets at FVTPL: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest / markup or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss

Financial assets measured at amortized cost: These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest / markup income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss

iii Non-derivative financial assets

All non-derivative financial assets are initially recognized on trade date i.e. date on which the Company becomes party to the respective contractual provisions. Non-derivative financial assets comprise loans and receivables that are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in active markets and includes trade debts, advances, other receivables and cash and cash equivalent.

The Company derecognizes the financial assets when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expires or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risk and rewards of ownership of the financial assets are transferred or it neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the transferred asset.

5.7 Trade debts, advances and other receivables

These are classified at amortized cost and are initially recognized when they are originated and measured at fair value of consideration receivable. These assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Actual credit loss experience over past years is used to base the calculation of expected credit loss

5.8 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, balances with banks that form an integral part of the Company's cash management.

5.9 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially recognized on trade date i.e. date on which the Company becomes party to the respective contractual provisions. Financial liabilities include mark-up bearing borrowings and trade and other payables. The Company derecognizes the financial liabilities when contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expire. Financial liability other than at fair value through profit or loss are initially measured at fair value less any directly attributable transaction cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

5.10 Mark-up bearing borrowings and borrowing cost

Mark-up bearing borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, mark-up bearing borrowings are stated at amortized cost, while the difference between the cost (reduced for periodic payments) and redemption value is recognized in the statement of profit or loss over the period of the borrowing using the effective interest method. Borrowing cost that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost of the relevant asset.

5.11 Impairment

Financial Assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) in respect of financial assets measured at amortized cost.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, except for the following, which are measured at 12-month ECLs:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balance for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than past due for a reasonable period of time. Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. 12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months). The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the Gross carrying amount of the assets.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering of a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. The Company individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Company expect no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to complay with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

The adoption of the expected loss approach has not resulted in any material change in impairment provision for any financial asset. The Company recognizes in profit or loss, as an impairment gain or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date.

Non-Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets and inventories are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount, being higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell, is estimated. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

5.12 Settlement date accounting

All "regular way" purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the settlement date, i.e. the date on which the asset is delivered to or by the Company. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are those contracts which requires delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market.

5.13 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business, if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Liabilities for creditors and other costs payable are initially recognized at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and/or services, whether or not billed to the Company and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

5.14 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when the Company has currently legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or winding up of the Company or the counter parties.

5.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognized in the statement of financial position when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. However, provisions are reviewed at each statement of financial position date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

5.16 Staff retirement benefits

Defined benefit plan

The Company maintains an unfunded gratuity scheme for all its eligible employees. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income. The Company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset), taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the period as a result of contributions and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

5.17 Revenue recognition

Capital gains or losses on sale of investments are recognized in the year in which they arise. Money market brokerage, consultancy and advisory fees are recognized as and when such services are provided. Underwriting commission is recognized as and when the contract is executed. Take up commission is recognized at the time of actual take-up. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established i.e. at the time of closure of share transfer book of the Company declaring the dividend. Return on securities other than shares is recognized as and when it is due on time proportion basis. Mark-up/interest income is recognized on accrual basis. Rental income from investment properties is credited to profit or loss on accrual basis.

5.18 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Income tax is charged or credited to profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income or equity, in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.

Current

Provision of current tax is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the year if enacted after taking into account tax credits, rebates and exemptions, if any. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the statement of financial position liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of transaction neither affects accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each statement of financial position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except in the case of items credited or charged directly to other comprehensive income or equity in which case it is included in other comprehensive income or equity.

5.19 Related Party transactions

All transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted at arm's length at normal commercial rates on the same terms and conditions as third party transactions using valuation modes as admissible, except in extremely rare circumstances where, subject to approval of Board of Directors, it is in the interest of the Company to do so.

5.20 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is also the Company's functional currency.

5.21 Foreign currency

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the statement of financial position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated into rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are stated at fair value are translated into rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date when fair values are determined. Exchange gains and losses are included in the profit or loss.

5.22 Operating Segments

As per IFRS 8, "Operating Segments", operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision maker. The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Company has been identified as the chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments. The CEO is responsible for the Company's entire product portfolio and considers business as a single operating segment. The Company's assets allocation decisions are based on a single integrated investment strategy and the Company's performance is evaluated on an overall basis. The internal reporting provided to the CEO for the Company's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

6 Property, plant and equipment

Operating fixed assets Capital work in progress (CWIP)

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|------|-------------|-------------|
| Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| 6.1 | 540,102 | 772,950 |
| 6.2 | 132,425,106 | 132,425,106 |
| | 132,965,208 | 133,198,056 |

6.1 Operating fixed assets

| COST | Leasehold improvements | Computers | Office equipments | Furniture & fixtures | Plant, machinery and equipment | Vehicles | Total |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | | (Rupees) | | | |
| Balance as at 1 July 2018 | 470,315 | 720,622 | 2,061,090 | 154,000 | 88,250,000 | 7,805,230 | 99,461,257 |
| Additions during the year | - | - | · · · · · - | - | - | - | · · · · · - |
| Disposals during the year | - | - | - | - | - | (1,400,000) | (1,400,000) |
| Balance as at 30 June 2019 | 470,315 | 720,622 | 2,061,090 | 154,000 | 88,250,000 | 6,405,230 | 98,061,257 |
| Balance as at 1 July 2019 | 470,315 | 720,622 | 2,061,090 | 154,000 | 88,250,000 | 6,405,230 | 98,061,257 |
| Additions during the year | 470,313 | 720,022 | 2,001,090 | 134,000 | - | 0,403,230 | 70,001,237 |
| Disposals during the year | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Balance as at 30 June 2020 | 470,315 | 720,622 | 2,061,090 | 154,000 | 88,250,000 | 6,405,230 | 98,061,257 |
| DEPRECIATION | | | | | | | |
| Balance as at 1 July 2018 | 470,315 | 720,622 | 2,010,915 | 153,490 | 70,745,068 | 6,849,615 | 80,950,025 |
| Charge for the year | - | | 15,790 | 510 | 17,504,932 | 217,050 | 17,738,282 |
| Disposals during the year | | | - | | - | (1,400,000) | (1,400,000) |
| Balance as at 30 June 2019 | 470,315 | 720,622 | 2,026,705 | 154,000 | 88,250,000 | 5,666,665 | 97,288,307 |
| Balance as at 1 July 2019 | 470,315 | 720,622 | 2,026,705 | 154,000 | 88,250,000 | 5,666,665 | 97,288,307 |
| Charge for the year | - | -,- | 15,792 | - | - | 217,056 | 232,848 |
| Disposals during the year | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Balance as at 30 June 2020 | 470,315 | 720,622 | 2,042,497 | 154,000 | 88,250,000 | 5,883,721 | 97,521,155 |
| Book value as at 30 June 2019 | | <u> </u> | 34,385 | | | 738,565 | 772,950 |
| Book value as at 30 June 2020 | - | | 18,593 | - | | 521,509 | 540,102 |

Annual depreciation rate % 10% 33% 10% 10% 20% 20%

6.1.1 Assets with cost of Rs. 96,818,107 (2019: Rs. 96,818,107) are carried at nil book value.

6.2 Capital work in progress (CWIP)

 Note
 Rupees
 Rupees

 Opening balance
 132,425,106
 132,425,106

 Additions during the year

 Disposals during the year

 Closing balance
 6.2.1
 132,425,106
 132,425,106

2020

6.2.1 This represents advance against purchase of property in Pace Tower Gulberg, Lahore and Pace Circle, Lahore amounting to Rs 107,090,858 (2019: Rs 107,090,858) and Rs. 25,334,248 (2019: Rs 25,334,248) respectively. Construction work on these properties is in progress as at 30 June 2020.

This includes Rs. Rs. 25,334,248 (2019: Rs 25,334,248) paid for purchase of leasehold property.

6.2.2 The Company does not hold the title of capital work in progress which includes various shops and apartments situated at Pace Tower, Gulberg and Pace Circle, Lahore. Out of this CWIP amounting Rs. 70.13 million (2019: Rs. 70.13 million) is held in the name of Pace Pakistan Limited, CWIP of Rs. 36.95 Million (2019: Rs. 36.95 million) is held in the name of Mr. Liaquat Ali and CWIP amounting Rs. 25.33 million (2019: Rs. 25.33 million) is held in the name of Pace Barka Properties Limited. The title of these properties will be transferred on completion. However, the Company has complete control and possession of said property.

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | | | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|---|------|---------------|---------------|
| 7 | Investment properties | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | Opening balance | | 2,052,619,045 | 1,547,590,000 |
| | Additions during the year | 7.2 | - | 205,023,253 |
| | Fair value adjustment | | 99,999,619 | 300,005,792 |
| | Closing balance | 7.1 | 2,152,618,664 | 2,052,619,045 |
| | Break of investment property is as follows: | | | |
| | Owned properties | | 252,616,000 | 252,619,045 |
| | Leased properties right to use | | 1,900,002,664 | 1,800,000,000 |
| | | - | 2,152,618,664 | 2,052,619,045 |
| | | = | | |

7.1 Investment property amounting Rs. 1,900 Million (2019: 1,800 Million) is mortgaged with Silk Bank Limited (Eman Islamic Banking) against diminishing musharaka agreement.

The Company does not hold the title of investment property amounting Rs. 2,152.6 Million (2019: Rs. 2,502.6 Million), title of property amounting Rs. 1,940 Million, Rs 7.5 Million and Rs. 205 Million is held in the name of Pace (Pakistan) Limited, First Capital Equities Limited and Capital Heights (Pvt.) Limited respectively. The transfer of this property is in process as at year end. However, the Company has complete control and possession of said property.

- 7.2 Property situated at Plot No. 523, Khana Kak, Service Road West near Sohan Interchange, Islamabad Express Way, Rawalpindi measuring 34,171 sqft purchased from Capital Heights (Private) Limited.
- 7.3 Fair value of investment properties is determined by an independent professional valuer. Latest valuation of these properties was carried out on June 30, 2020 by an approved independent valuer present on panel of Pakistan Bankers Association, M/s Negotiators. The table below analyses the non-financial assets carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).

Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).

Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The following table presents the Company's investment properties that are measured at fair value at June 30, 2020:

Fair value measurements at 30 June 2020 using significant other observable inputs (Level 2) Rupees

Recurring fair value measurements

Investment properties 2,152,618,664

The following table presents the Company's investment properties that are measured at fair value at June 30, 2019:

Fair value measurements at 30 June 2019 using significant other observable inputs (Level 2) Rupees

Recurring fair value measurements

Investment properties 2,052,619,045

There are no level 1 and level 3 assets or transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during 2019 or 2020.

Valuation techniques used to derive level 2 fair values:

Level 2 fair value of investment properties has been derived using the sales comparison approach. Sale prices of comparable land and buildings in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as location, size, nature and condition of the property. The most significant input into this valuation approach is price per square foot.

- 7.4 Particulars of the investment properties and forced sale value (FSV) are as follows:
 - Various shops situated at Pace Shopping Mall, Mouza Dhola Zari G.T. Road, Gujranwala, having area of 196 Sqft (2019: 196 sqft) and forced sale value of Rs. 6,831,000 (2019: Rs. 6,831,090).
 - Plot-D situated Near Rangers Headquarters Lahore Cantt, having area of 87444 Sqft (2019: 87444 sqft) and forced sale value of Rs. 1,710,002,398 (2019: Rs. 1,620,031,266).
 - Various shops measuring 4000 sqft (2019: 4000sqft) situated at 5th Floor, Pace Shopping Mall, Model Town Link Road, Lahore and forced sale value of Rs. 36,000,000 (2019: Rs. 36,000,000).
 - -Various apartments measuring 34,171 sqft (2019: 34,171) situated at Plot No. 523, Khana Kak, Service Road West near Sohan Interchange, Islamabad Express Way, Rawalpindi and forced sale value of Rs. 184,523,400 (2019: Rs. 184,523,400).
- 7.5 The direct expense relating to investment properties were Rs. 65,000 (2019: Rs. 60,000)

| 8 | Long term investments | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| O | Long term investments | Note | Kupees | Kupees |
| | Investment in related parties | | | |
| | Subsidiary companies - Unquoted | 8.1 | 324,710,585 | 349,935,688 |
| | Associated companies - Unquoted | 8.2 | 935,726,130 | 990,808,347 |
| | Associated company - Quoted | 8.3 | 59,749,496 | 38,022,407 |
| | Subsidiary company - Quoted | 8.4 | 189,512,417 | 388,103,250 |
| | | - | 1,509,698,628 | 1,766,869,692 |
| | | - | | |

| | | | Shares | | 2020 | 2019 | Percentage of holding | |
|-----|---|-------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|---------|
| | | | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2017 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | Note | Num | ber | Rupe | es | | % |
| 8.1 | Subsidiary companies - unquoted - at fair value | | | | _ | | | _ |
| | First Capital Investments Limited | | 16,561,634 | 16,561,634 | 198,928,938 | 200,022,279 | 78.86% | 78.86% |
| | Lanka Securities (Private) Limited | 8.1.2 | 9,166,886 | 9,166,886 | 118,159,495 | 120,007,848 | 51.00% | 51.00% |
| | World Press (Private) Limited | | 1,949,041 | 1,949,041 | - | 6,441,136 | 65.00% | 65.00% |
| | Falcon Commodities (Private) Limited | | 3,150,000 | 3,150,000 | 5,282,652 | 5,341,202 | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| | Evergreen Water valley (Private) Limited | | 715,400 | 715,400 | 2,339,500 | 18,123,223 | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| | Ozer Investments Limited | | 1,000 | 1,000 | - | - | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| | First Construction Limited | | 20,000 | 20,000 | - | | 100.00% | 100.00% |
| | | | | - | 324,710,585 | 349,935,688 | | |

- 8.1.1 Investment in unquoted securities are valued at fair value. Level 3 inputs were used for fair value calculation as per detail mentioned in note 31.3.4.
- 8.1.2 During the financial year 2000-2001, the Company has made an investment of 148,575 US Dollars (8,170,141 PKR) in Lanka Securities (Pvt.) Limited (LSPL), subsidiary of the Company, incorporated and domiciled in Srilanka subscribing 3,564,900 ordinary shares of LSPL @ 2.29/ PKR-each. Subsequently during the financial year 2007-2008 the company made a further investment of 626,429 US Dollars (38,059,842 PKR) subscribing 3,564,900 ordinary shares. The company have received return amounting 1,477,781 US Dollars (122,396,661 PKR) to date from LSPL.

8.2 Associated companies - unquoted - at fair value

| | | Shares | | 2020 | 2019 | Percentage of holding | | |
|---------------------------------|-------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|--------|--|
| | | 2020 | 2019 | | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | |
| | Note | Number | | Rupees | | % | | |
| Pace Barka Properties Limited | | 54,790,561 | 54,790,561 | 935,613,630 | 990,695,847 | 17.95% | 17.95% | |
| Pace Super Mall Private Limited | | 11,250 | 11,250 | 112,500 | 112,500 | 0.07% | 0.07% | |
| | 8.2.1 | | _ | 935,726,130 | 990,808,347 | | | |

- **8.2.1** The Company's investment in Pace Barka Properties Limited and Pace Super Mall Private Limited is less than 20% but they are considered to be an associates as per the requirement of IAS 28 'Investments in Associates' because the Company has significant influence over the financial and operating policies of these companies through representation on the Board of Directors of these companies.
- 8.2.2 Investment in unquoted securities are valued at fair value. Level 3 inputs were used for fair value calculation as per detail mentioned in note 30.3.4.

8.3 Associated company - quoted - at fair value

| | | Shares | | Market v | Market value | | Market value per share | | of holding |
|---------------------|-------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|--------|------------------------|--------|------------|
| | | 2020 | | | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | Note | Number | | Rupees | | Rupees | | % | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Media Times Limited | 8.3.1 | 45,264,770 | 45,264,770 | 59,749,496 | 38,022,407 | 1.32 | 0.84 | 25.31% | 25.31% |

8.3.1 Change in value of investment amounts of Rs. 21,727,089 (2019: Rs. 40,285,645) represents change in fair value of investment during the year. Level 1 inputs were used for fair value calculation for this quoted investment.

8.4 Subsidiary company - at fair value

| Subsidiary company - at fair value | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------|------------------------|--------|------------|
| | | Shar | Shares | | Market value | | Market value per share | | of holding |
| | | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | Number | | Rupees | | Rupees | | % | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| First Capital Equities Limited (FCEL) | 8.4.1 | 103,494,200 | 103,494,200 | 189,512,417 | 388,103,250 | 1.83 | 3.75 | 73.23% | 73.23% |

- **8.4.1** Decrease in value of investment amounts of Rs. 198,590,833 (2019: Rs. 481,248,030) represents decrease in fair value of investment during the year. Level 3 inputs were used for fair value calculation of investment as shares of FCEL are not traded actively so the quoted price of investment is not a reflective of fair value. Detail mentioned in note 30.3.4.
- 8.5 All investee companies incorporated in Pakistan except for Lanka Securities (Pvt.) Ltd. and Ozer Investments Ltd. which are incorporated in Sri lanka. Shares of all investee companies are fully paid-up ordinary shares, having a face value of Rs. 10 per share except for Evergreen Water Valley (Pvt.) Limited, Lanka Securities (Pvt.) Ltd and Ozer Investments Ltd. where face value of share is Rs. 100, 8.75 and 8.75 respectively.

| | | Note | 2020 | 2019 |
|------|---|-------------------|------------|------------|
| 9 | Long term deposits | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | Other deposits | | 37,500 | 37,500 |
| 10 | Trade debts-unsecured, considered good | | | |
| | Money market receivables | | 809,746 | 1,528,578 |
| | | | 809,746 | 1,528,578 |
| 11 | Loans, advances, prepayments and other receivables | | | |
| | Loans and advances | | | |
| | Advances to staff - secured, considered good | 11.1 | 104,000 | 113,500 |
| | Due from related parties - unsecured, considered good | 11.2 | 21,609,312 | 11,013,202 |
| | | | 21,713,312 | 11,126,702 |
| 11.1 | This includes advance amounting Rs. Nil (2019: Rs. Nil) to Executive, Chief Executive Officer and Dir | ectors of the Cor | npany. | |
| 11.2 | Due from related parties - unsecured, considered good | | | |
| | Media Times Limited | 11.2.1 | 399,100 | 399,100 |
| | Evergreen Water Valley (Private) Limited | 11.2.2 | 21,210,212 | 10,614,102 |
| | | | 21,609,312 | 11,013,202 |
| | | | | |

- **11.2.1** This represents advance payment made to Media Times Limited against publishing which is normal course of business. No collateral is available against this. Maximum aggregate balance on the month end basis is Rs. 399,100 (2019: Rs. 400,900).
- **11.2.2** This represents receivables from subsidiary company against rental income for use of construction equipment, which is maximum balance on the month end basis. No collateral is available against same.

11.2.3 Aging of receivable from related parties

| | | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|------|--|--------|----------------|----------------|
| | Neither past due nor impaired | | 2,850,000 | 2,850,000 |
| | Past due 1 - 60 days | | - | - |
| | Past due 61 - 120 days | | 3,249,100 | 3,249,100 |
| | Above 120 days | | 15,510,212 | 4,914,102 |
| | | - - | 21,609,312 | 11,013,202 |
| 12 | Short term investments | | | |
| | Investments - at fair value through profit or loss | 12.1 | 24,506,196 | 19,255,828 |
| | | - | 24,506,196 | 19,255,828 |
| 12.1 | Investments - at fair value through profit or loss | | | |
| | Carrying value at 1 July: | | | |
| | Related parties | | 16,244,266 | 22,854,313 |
| | Others | | 3,011,562 | 8,225,108 |
| | Addition | | - | 14,270,097 |
| | Disposal | | - | (5,651,443) |
| | | - | 19,255,828 | 39,698,075 |
| | Unrealized (loss)/gain on remeasurement of investments during the year | _ | 5,250,368 | (20,442,241) |
| | Fair value of short term investments at 30 June: | - | 24,506,196 | 19,255,834 |
| | Related parties | 12.2 | 20,787,299 | 16,244,266 |
| | Others | 12.3 | 3,718,897 | 3,011,562 |
| | | = | 24,506,196 | 19,255,828 |

12.2 Investments at fair value through profit or loss - related parties

| | | | | Shares/units | | Carrying value | | Fair value | | Percentage of holding | |
|------|----------|---|--------|--------------|-----------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------|
| | | | | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | a) | Real Estate Investment and Services | Note | Numbe | er | Rup | oees | Rup | ees | %- | |
| | | Pace (Pakistan) Limited (Associated Company) | | 7,038,176 | 7,038,176 | 10,416,500 | 23,797,242 | 14,850,551 | 10,416,500 | 2.52% | 2.52% |
| | b) | Mutual Funds | | | | | | | | | |
| | | First Capital Mutual Fund Limited | | 935,466 | 935,466 | 5,827,766 16,244,266 | 7,675,719 31,472,961 | 5,936,748 20,787,299 | 5,827,766 16,244,266 | 5.63% | 5.98% |
| 12.3 | Investme | nts at fair value through profit or loss - others | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Share | es . | Carrying | value | Fair va | ue | | |
| | | | | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | | |
| | | | Note | Numbe | er | Rupees- | | Rupees- | | | |
| | a) | Insurance | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Shaheen Insurance Company Limited | | 15,329 | 15,329 | 56,717 | 78,178 | 46,447 | 56,717 | | |
| | b) | Telecommunication | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Worldcall Telecom Limited | 12.3.1 | 4,221,207 | 4,221,207 | 2,954,845 | 8,146,930 | 3,672,450 | 2,954,845 | | |
| | | | | | - - | 3,011,562 | 8,225,108 | 3,718,897 | 3,011,562 | | |

- 12.3.1 This includes 4,220,677 (2019: 4,220,677) shares held under lien as security by National Accountability Bureau (NAB). These shares are held in possession of NAB. Refer to Note 19.1.
- 12.4 During the year company sold investments having carrying value Rs. Nil (2019: Rs. 5,651,443) and loss amounting Rs. Nil (2019: Rs. 141,896) is realized during the year.
- 12.5 Shares of all investee companies are fully paid-up ordinary shares, having a face value of Rs 10/- per share except First Capital Mutual Fund. Fair value of these investments are determined using quoted market prices.

| Rupees 7,581,031 | 7,437,979 |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| 7,581,031 | 7,437,979 |
| 7,581,031 | 7,437,979 |
| | |
| | |
| - | 500 |
| | |
| 6,126 | 6,126 |
| 354,470 | 349,380 |
| 360,596 | 355,506 |
| 360,596 | 356,006 |
| | 6,126 354,470 360,596 |

2020

 $\textbf{14.1} \quad \text{The deposit accounts carry mark-up at rates upto } 13\% \ (2019: upto \ 5\%) \ per \ annum.$

| | | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
|------|--|------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 15 | Trade and other payablesunsecured | | | |
| | Creditors | 15.1 | 8,545,497 | 4,929,303 |
| | Accrued liabilities | | 16,786,748 | 11,171,296 |
| | Security deposit from tenants | | 486,660 | 486,660 |
| | Payable against purchase of investment property | 15.2 | 6,681,123 | 6,681,123 |
| | Final settlements payable | 15.3 | 18,043,865 | 16,351,751 |
| | Withholding income tax payable | | 4,103,031 | 3,417,063 |
| | Sales tax payable | | 102,842 | 89,920 |
| | Other liabilities | | 422,889 | 17,780 |
| | | | 55,172,655 | 43,144,896 |
| 15.1 | Creditors balance includes following balances payable for services to related parties: | | | |
| | World Press (Private) Limited | | 1,001,442 1,001,442 | 1,001,442 1,001,442 |

- 15.2 This represent Rs. 6,681,123 (2019: Rs. 6,681,123) payable to Pace (Pakistan) Limited an associated company against purchase of property.
- 15.3 This represents amount payable to employees who have left the Company on account of final settlement of gratuity.

| | | | 2020 | 2019 |
|----|--|------|---------------|---------------|
| 16 | Loan Payablesecured | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | | | | |
| | Principal against diminishing musharka | 16.1 | 1,600,000,000 | 1,600,000,000 |
| | Rental against diminishing musharka facility | 16.1 | 423,167,260 | 180,413,863 |
| | Default penalty payable | 16.2 | 33,330,684 | 1,102,939 |
| | | | 2,056,497,944 | 1,781,516,802 |

16.1 This represents balance payable against diminishing musharka agreement with Silk Bank Limited (Eman Islamic Banking). The rental payable against the facility is at the rate of 6 month KIBOR (ask side) plus 2% margin per annum. This payable is charged by the way of hypothecation over following assets:

Diminishing Mushrka Asset Current Assets of the company

- 16.2 This represents penalty payable till June 30, 2020 on the rental due at the rate of 6 month KIBOR (ask side) plus 5% per annum calculated on daily basis. The company was unable to pay the rental due against the use of diminishing musharka asset. Consequences of the default are as follows:
 - Bank have a right to issue written notice to the Company to terminate the agreement and repossess the diminishing musharka asset;
 - Bank can enforce the Company to fulfil its obligation under purchase agreement of musharka asset and
 - Bank have a right to demand accrued & unpaid rent and supplementary rent.

| | | | 2020 | 2019 |
|------|--|--------|--------------|--------------|
| 17 | Deferred tax liability | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | | - | | |
| | Deferred tax liability | 17.1 | 20,000,275 | 22,434,684 |
| 17.1 | Deductible temporary differences | | | |
| | Tax losses | | - | 65,208,528 |
| | Other | _ | - | 11,963,688 |
| | Taxable temporary differences | | - | 77,172,216 |
| | Revaluation gain on investment property | | (20,000,275) | (44,832,540) |
| | Surplus on revaluation of investment at fair value through P&Lunquoted | | - | (54,774,360) |
| | | _ | (20,000,275) | (99,606,900) |
| | Deferred tax asset/(liability) | - - | (20,000,275) | (22,434,684) |

| | | | | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|------|--|--|---------------------------|----------------|---|--|
| 17.2 | Movement of tax asset / (liability) - net | | | | | |
| | Opening balance | | | | (22,434,684) | - |
| | Impact of adoption of IFRS 9 Restated opening balance after IFRS 9 adopt | ion | | | (22,434,684) | (58,490,058) (58,490,058) |
| | Charged to profit or loss Charged to OCI | | | | 2,434,409 - | 36,055,374 - |
| | | | | _ | (20,000,275) | (22,434,684) |
| 17.3 | The Company have a deferred tax asset of accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, deferred tax asset in these financial statemen | 2001. However as sufficie | nt taxable profits may no | | | |
| | | | | | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
| | Deductible temporary differences | | | | 34,503,479 | - |
| | Tax lossesnet | | | | 140,894,596 | - |
| | Unrecognized deferred tax asset | | | <u>—</u> | 50,865,442 | - |
| 18 | Staff retirement benefits payable | | | | | |
| | Gratuity | | | 18.1 | 4,606,376 | 6,427,923 |
| | Accumulating compensated absences | | | | 1,190,549 | 1,190,549 |
| 10.1 | Management in such ability at in- | | | | 5,796,925 | 7,618,472 |
| 18.1 | Movement in net obligation | | | | | |
| | Statement of financial position liability at 01 Expense chargeable to Profit or Loss account | | | 18.3 | 6,427,923 1,513,059 | 10,047,853 1,592,628 |
| | Remeasurements chargeable in other comprehensive income | | | 18.4 | (1,630,236) | (536,832) |
| | Benefit payable transferred to short term lia | bility | | | (1,704,370) | (4,675,726) |
| | Statement of financial position liability at | 30 June | | <u> </u> | 4,606,376 | 6,427,923 |
| | Movement in present value of defined be | nefit obligation is as follo | ows: | | 2020 | 2019 |
| 18.2 | Provement in present value of defined bei | | | Noto | Dumaga | Dumaga |
| 18.2 | Present value of defined benefit obligation | | | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| 18.2 | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July | | | Note | 6,427,923 | 10,047,853 |
| 18.2 | Present value of defined benefit obligation | | | Note | | - |
| 18.2 | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost | ability | | Note | 6,427,923 718,516 | 10,047,853 898,729 |
| 18.2 | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation | • | | Note | 6,427,923 718,516 794,543 | 10,047,853 898,729 693,899 |
| 18.2 | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Benefits payable transferred to short term li | cial assumptions | | Note | 6,427,923 718,516 794,543 (1,704,370) | 10,047,853 898,729 693,899 (4,675,726) |
| 18.2 | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Benefits payable transferred to short term li Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in finance | cial assumptions ustments | | Note | 6,427,923 718,516 794,543 (1,704,370) (11,946) | 10,047,853 898,729 693,899 (4,675,726) 21,352 |
| 18.2 | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Benefits payable transferred to short term li Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in finance Actuarial loss/(gains) due to Experience adjusted | cial assumptions ustments | | Note | 6,427,923 718,516 794,543 (1,704,370) (11,946) (1,618,290) | 10,047,853 898,729 693,899 (4,675,726) 21,352 (558,184) |
| | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Benefits payable transferred to short term li Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in financy Actuarial loss/(gains) due to Experience adju Present value of defined benefit obligation Amount charged to profit or loss Current service cost | cial assumptions ustments | | Note | 6,427,923 718,516 794,543 (1,704,370) (11,946) (1,618,290) 4,606,376 | 10,047,853 898,729 693,899 (4,675,726) 21,352 (558,184) 6,427,923 |
| | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Benefits payable transferred to short term li. Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in finance Actuarial loss/(gains) due to Experience adju- Present value of defined benefit obligation Amount charged to profit or loss | cial assumptions ustments | | Note | 6,427,923 718,516 794,543 (1,704,370) (11,946) (1,618,290) 4,606,376 | 10,047,853 898,729 693,899 (4,675,726) 21,352 (558,184) 6,427,923 |
| | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Benefits payable transferred to short term li Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in financy Actuarial loss/(gains) due to Experience adju Present value of defined benefit obligation Amount charged to profit or loss Current service cost | cial assumptions ustments | | Note | 6,427,923 718,516 794,543 (1,704,370) (11,946) (1,618,290) 4,606,376 | 10,047,853 898,729 693,899 (4,675,726) 21,352 (558,184) 6,427,923 |
| | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Benefits payable transferred to short term li Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in finance Actuarial loss/(gains) due to Experience adju Present value of defined benefit obligation Amount charged to profit or loss Current service cost Interest cost | cial assumptions ustments | | Note | 6,427,923 718,516 794,543 (1,704,370) (11,946) (1,618,290) 4,606,376 | 10,047,853 898,729 693,899 (4,675,726) 21,352 (558,184) 6,427,923 898,729 693,899 |
| 18.3 | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Benefits payable transferred to short term li Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in financy Actuarial loss/(gains) due to Experience adju Present value of defined benefit obligation Amount charged to profit or loss Current service cost Interest cost Total amount chargeable to profit or loss Charged to other comprehensive income Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in finance | cial assumptions ustments n at 30 June | | Note | 6,427,923 718,516 794,543 (1,704,370) (11,946) (1,618,290) 4,606,376 718,516 794,543 1,513,059 | 10,047,853 898,729 693,899 (4,675,726) 21,352 (558,184) 6,427,923 898,729 693,899 1,592,628 |
| 18.3 | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Benefits payable transferred to short term li. Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in finance. Actuarial loss/(gains) due to Experience adjustion. Present value of defined benefit obligation. Amount charged to profit or loss Current service cost Interest cost Total amount chargeable to profit or loss Charged to other comprehensive income | cial assumptions ustments n at 30 June | | Note | 6,427,923 718,516 794,543 (1,704,370) (11,946) (1,618,290) 4,606,376 718,516 794,543 1,513,059 | 10,047,853 898,729 693,899 (4,675,726) 21,352 (558,184) 6,427,923 898,729 693,899 1,592,628 |
| 18.3 | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Benefits payable transferred to short term li Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in financy Actuarial loss/(gains) due to Experience adju Present value of defined benefit obligation Amount charged to profit or loss Current service cost Interest cost Total amount chargeable to profit or loss Charged to other comprehensive income Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in finance | cial assumptions ustments n at 30 June cial assumptions ustments | 2019 | 2018 | 6,427,923 718,516 794,543 (1,704,370) (11,946) (1,618,290) 4,606,376 718,516 794,543 1,513,059 (11,946) (1,618,290) (1,630,236) | 10,047,853 898,729 693,899 (4,675,726) 21,352 (558,184) 6,427,923 898,729 693,899 1,592,628 21,352 (558,184) (536,832) |
| 18.3 | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Benefits payable transferred to short term li Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in financy Actuarial loss/(gains) due to Experience adju Present value of defined benefit obligation Amount charged to profit or loss Current service cost Interest cost Total amount chargeable to profit or loss Charged to other comprehensive income Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in finance | cial assumptions ustments n at 30 June cial assumptions ustments | 2019 Rupees | | 6,427,923 718,516 794,543 (1,704,370) (11,946) (1,618,290) 4,606,376 718,516 794,543 1,513,059 (11,946) (1,618,290) (1,630,236) | 10,047,853 898,729 693,899 (4,675,726) 21,352 (558,184) 6,427,923 898,729 693,899 1,592,628 21,352 (558,184) |
| 18.3 | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Benefits payable transferred to short term li. Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in finance. Actuarial loss/(gains) due to Experience adjustice. Present value of defined benefit obligation. Amount charged to profit or loss Current service cost Interest cost Total amount chargeable to profit or loss Charged to other comprehensive income Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in finance. Actuarial loss/(gains) due to Experience adjustice. | cial assumptions ustments n at 30 June cial assumptions ustments | | 2018 | 6,427,923 718,516 794,543 (1,704,370) (11,946) (1,618,290) 4,606,376 718,516 794,543 1,513,059 (11,946) (1,618,290) (1,630,236) | 10,047,853 898,729 693,899 (4,675,726) 21,352 (558,184) 6,427,923 898,729 693,899 1,592,628 21,352 (558,184) (536,832) |
| 18.3 | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Benefits payable transferred to short term li. Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in finance Actuarial loss/(gains) due to Experience adju Present value of defined benefit obligation Amount charged to profit or loss Current service cost Interest cost Total amount chargeable to profit or loss Charged to other comprehensive income Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in finance Actuarial loss/(gains) due to Experience adju Historical information for gratuity plan | cial assumptions ustments n at 30 June cial assumptions ustments | | 2018 | 6,427,923 718,516 794,543 (1,704,370) (11,946) (1,618,290) 4,606,376 718,516 794,543 1,513,059 (11,946) (1,618,290) (1,630,236) | 10,047,853 898,729 693,899 (4,675,726) 21,352 (558,184) 6,427,923 898,729 693,899 1,592,628 21,352 (558,184) (536,832) |
| 18.3 | Present value of defined benefit obligation at 1 July Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Benefits payable transferred to short term li Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in finance Actuarial loss/(gains) due to Experience adju Present value of defined benefit obligation Amount charged to profit or loss Current service cost Interest cost Total amount chargeable to profit or loss Charged to other comprehensive income Actuarial loss/(gains) from changes in finance Actuarial loss/(gains) due to Experience adju Historical information for gratuity plan Present value of defined | cial assumptions astments n at 30 June cial assumptions astments 2020 Rupees | Rupees | 2018 Rupees | 6,427,923 718,516 794,543 (1,704,370) (11,946) (1,618,290) 4,606,376 718,516 794,543 1,513,059 (11,946) (1,618,290) (1,630,236) 2017 Rupees | 10,047,853 898,729 693,899 (4,675,726) 21,352 (558,184) 6,427,923 898,729 693,899 1,592,628 21,352 (558,184) (536,832) 2016 Rupees |

18.6 Actuarial assumptions sensitivity analysis

If the significant actuarial assumptions used to estimate the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date, had fluctuated by 100 bps with all other variables held constant, the impact on the present value of the defined obligation as at June 30, 2020 would have been as follows:

| | Increase | Decrease |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Discount rate | 4,383,002 | 4,853,485 |
| Future salary increase | 4,853,485 | 4,379,014 |

The sensitivity analysis of the defined benefit obligation to the significant actuarial assumptions has been performed using the same calculation techniques as applied for defined benefit obligation reported in the statement of financial position

18.7 Actuarial valuation of this plan was carried out on June 30, 2020 using the Projected Unit Credit Method of which the principle actuarial assumptions used are as follows:

| | 2020 per annum | 2019 per annum |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Discount rate used for profit or loss charge | 14.25% | 9.00% |
| Discount rate used for year-end obligation | 8.50% | 14.25% |
| Expected rate of salary increase in future years | N/A | N/A |
| Mortality rate | SLIC 2001-2005 Setback 1 year | SLIC 2001-2005 Setback 1 year |

- **18.8** Estimated expenses to be charged to profit or loss account for financial year 2020-2021 is Rs 839,578 which includes Rs 453,361 in respect of current service cost and Rs. 386,217 in respect of interest cost in defined benefit obligation.
- 18.9 Weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 5 years for gratuity.

19 Contingencies and commitments

19.1 The senior management of the Company was contacted by 'National Accountability Bureau' (NAB) dated June 22,2002 in respect of certain transactions in FIB carried out by the Company related to Workers Welfare Fund ("WWF") during the year 1999. On review of related records and information and discussions with the senior management, National Accountability Bureau's investigation concluded that two employees of the Company had colluded with WWF officials to defraud WWF.

On this basis, National Accountability Bureau required the Company to pay or guarantee to pay on account of WWF a sum of Rs. 46 Million in view that public funds were involved and it was the Company's vicarious liability. The Company had paid National Accountability Bureau an amount of Rs. 13.8 Million and had provided adequate security against the balance amount recovered from the parties involved.

National Accountability Bureau had recovered Rs 12.127 million from various parties involved and informed that Company's liability stands reduced by the said amount. The Company had also paid an amount of Rs 10 million as full and final settlement during the financial year ended 30 June 2004. Thus a sum of Rs 23.8 million as discussed above has so far been written off in the Company's accounts. However, the Bureau has again raised a demand of Rs. 10 million, which remains un-recovered from various parties involved. The Company has informed National Accountability Bureau that the said amount is not payable. The Company has also lodged a counter claim for sums paid to National Accountability Bureau, which were actually siphoned by the employees of WWF and other parties involved. The instant writ petition was disposed of with direction to the respondents / National Accountability Bureau authorities that they shall hear the petitioner and decide the matter in accordance with law expeditiously. The Company is confident of its favorable outcome, therefore no provision has been made in the financial statements.

- 19.2 During financial year 1998-1999, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") raised a demand of Rs. 0.8 Million in respect of tenderable gain under section 224 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in respect of purchase and sale of shares of Shaheen Insurance Company Limited. Appellate Bench of SECP passed an order against the Company. The Company filed an appeal in Lahore High Court against the order of the Appellate Bench of SECP, which has been decided in favor of the Company. SECP had filed an appeal in the Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment of the Honorable Lahore High Court. The Appeal has resulted in remand of the proceedings to the Lahore High Court; by the Honorable Supreme Court vide order dated 29.04.2010. The matter will be re-decided by the Lahore High Court. Honorable Lahore High Court passed an order dated 20-05-2015 to issue notices to the Appellants and consigned the appeal to record. In stated proceedings, Company has engaged a new Counsel who has filed Application for restoration of the stated Appeal and matter is pending before Lahore High Court. Management considers that there are strong grounds to support the Company's stance and is hopeful for a favorable decision. Consequently, no provision has been made in these financial statements for this amount.
- 19.3 CTR No. 14/2002 reference has been directed against the judgment of ITAT dated 03.02.2001 whereby the order passed under 66 A of the Income Tax Ordinance, 1979, for the assessment years 1995-1996, by IAC of the Income tax Range III, Companies Zone II, Lahore has been affirmed. The C.T.R is now pending before the Honorable Lahore High Court and is to be heard along with other identical matters. There is likelihood of a favorable decision in favor of Company in as much as said order is in conflict with earlier judgments of the superior courts. The case has to be fixed by office of the Honorable Lahore High Court Lahore.
- 19.4 The Income Tax Appellate Tribunal Lahore vide its Order dated 19th November 2008 for Assessment Year 1996-1997, 1999-2000, 2001-2001,2002-2003, Tax Year 2003 and 2004 held that allocation of expense cannot be made against Capital Gain. During the preceding year Tax References No. PTR 131/09 to 140/09 filed by the Tax Department against order of Income Tax Appellate Tribunal Lahore dated 19th November 2008. The Honorable Lahore High Court vide its order dated 10th March 2015 accepted the references filed by department for the above mentioned years, and cases were remanded back to Income Tax Appellate Tribunal Lahore. The Company has preferred CPLAs before the August Supreme Court against the Orders passed by the Lahore High Court Lahore in all Tax References Nos. PTR 131/09 to 140/09. The Company is confident of a favorable decision in the matter.

- 19.5 During the year 2014-2015, Shaheen Insurance Company Limited has filed a suit against the Company, First Capital Equities Limited, Pace (Pakistan) Limited, World Press (Pvt.) Limited, Trident Construct (Pvt.) Limited and Media Times Limited on April 24, 2015 for the cumulative recovery of Rs. 188.74 Million from the Company or alternatively recovery of Rs. 0.513 Million from the Company against insurance premium. The case is pending before the honorable court of Mr. Imran Khan, Civil Judge Lahore. The legal counsel is confident of success of the case in company's favor.
- 19.6 During the year 2017-2018, Al-Hoqani Securities & Investment Corporation (Pvt.) Ltd has filed suit against the Company, First Capital Equities Limited, Pace Barka Properties Limited, Mr. Azhar Ahmed Batla, Mrs. Amna Taseer and Adamjee Assurance Company Limited on May 14, 2018 for the recovery of Rs. 76,304,380 along with markup of 10% from March 15, 2012 to date. Plaintiff claims that they have an unsettled charge against property located at Clifton Karachi owned by Pace Barka Properties Limited (previously owned by First Capital Equities Limited). As per Pace Barka Properties Limited this claim is unlawful and no such charge exists on this property. The case is pending before the honorable High Court of Sindh. The legal counsel is confident of success of the case in company's favor.
- 19.7 During the current year, company have failed to fulfil its obligation under diminishing musharka agreement for rental payment. As a consequence Company might be asked for to pay the termination amount (accrued and unpaid rent, supplementary rent), until the date of approval of these financial statements no such notice have been received from Bank. As per management's opinion there is no other adverse consequences on the company except payment of unpaid and accrued rentals which is already classified as current liability. Detail mentioned in note 16.2.

| 2020 | 2019 |
|--------|--------|
| Rupees | Rupees |
| | |
| - | |
| | |

19.8 Commitments in respect of capital expenditure

19.9 The company extended the corporate guarantee amounting Rs. 480,000,000 in favor of Silk Bank Limited against the loan facility obtained by one of the wholly owned subsidiary Evergreen Water Valley (Pvt.) Limited.

20 Share capital

20.1 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

| 2020 | 2019 | | 2020 | 2019 |
|-------------|-------------|--|---------------|---------------|
| Number of | shares | | Rup | ees |
| | | | | |
| 38,165,030 | 38,165,030 | Ordinary shares of Rs 10/- each fully paid in cash | 381,650,300 | 381,650,300 |
| 278,445,082 | 278,445,082 | Ordinary shares of Rs 10/- each issued as bonus shares | 2,784,450,820 | 2,784,450,820 |
| 316,610,112 | 316,610,112 | • | 3,166,101,120 | 3,166,101,120 |

20.2 Ordinary shares of the Company held by related parties as at year end are as follows

| | Note | 2020 | 2019 |
|------------------|------|------------|------------|
| | | (Number | of shares) |
| Amythest Limited | 20.3 | 72,034,182 | 72,034,182 |
| Sisley Group | 20.4 | 31,395,000 | 31,395,000 |

- 20.3 Beneficial owner of the above mentioned holding was Salman Taseer (Late) resident House No. 118, Street No 3 Cavalry Ground Lahore and also the authorized agent. Pakistani shareholder associated with this entity is Mrs. Aamna Taseer.
- 20.4 Beneficial owner of the above mentioned holding is Aamna Taseer resident House No. 118, Street No 3 Cavalry Ground Lahore and also the authorized agent. Pakistani shareholder associated with this entity is Mrs. Aamna Taseer.

| | | | 2020 | 2019 |
|----|-----------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|
| 21 | Money market services | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | | | | |
| | Money market income | - | | |
| | - local currency | | 2,875,388 | 5,449,553 |
| | - foreign currency | | 528,727 | 4,426,532 |
| | | <u>-</u> | 3,404,115 | 9,876,085 |
| | Less: Sales tax | | - | (1,136,187) |
| | | _ | 3,404,115 | 8,739,898 |
| | | _ | 2020 | 2010 |
| | | | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| 22 | Dividend income | | | |
| | Others | <u>-</u> | - | |
| | | = | - | - |

| | | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|------|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| 23 | Gain/(Loss) on investments classified at fair value through profit or loss | | | |
| | <u>Unrealized (loss)/gain on re-measurement of 'investments at fair value through profit or loss'</u> | | | |
| | Unrealized gain/(loss) on resmeasurement of short term investments | 12 | 5,250,368 | (20,442,241) |
| | Unrealized gain/(loss) on resmeasurement of long term investments | 8 | (257,171,064) | (538,504,841) |
| | on earlier gain/ (1055) on resineasurement or long term investments | ŭ | (251,920,696) | (558,947,082) |
| | Realized (loss)/gain on disposal of 'investments at fair value through profit or loss' | | | |
| | Realized gain/(loss) on resmeasurement of short term investments | | - | (141,896) |
| | Realized gain/(loss) on resmeasurement of long term investments | | | |
| | | | - | (141,896) |
| 24 | Operating and administrative expenses | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
| | | | | |
| | Salaries, wages and other benefits | 24.1 | 10,705,862 | 17,526,941 |
| | Rent, rates and taxes | | 100,000 | 1,018,716 |
| | Postage, telephone and stationary | | 332,523 | 366,346 |
| | Utilities | | 295,713 | 221,560 |
| | Insurance | | - | 7,196 |
| | Printing and stationery | | 19,549 | 306,387 |
| | Travelling and conveyance | | 31,860 | 92,310 |
| | Repairs and maintenance | | 417,660 | 808,199 |
| | Vehicle running expenses | | 54,150 | 264,848 |
| | Entertainment | | 74,060 | 523,347 |
| | | | | * |
| | Legal and professional | | 3,054,444 | 3,141,010 |
| | Advertisement | | | 59,800 |
| | Auditors' remuneration | 24.2 | 1,025,000 | 1,240,000 |
| | Depreciation | 6.1 | 232,848 | 17,738,282 |
| | Others | | 215,381 | 1,242,917 |
| | Lease rentals - Ijarah facilities | | - | - |
| | Reversal of tax refund | | - | - |
| | Penalty on default | 16.2 | 32,227,745 48,786,795 | 1,102,939 45,660,798 |
| 24.1 | Salaries, wages and other benefits includes Rs. 1,513,059 (2019: Rs. 1,592,628) in respe | ct of gratuity expense for | | |
| | | | 2020 | 2019 |
| 24.2 | Auditors' remuneration | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | Annual audit fee | | 500,000 | 525,000 |
| | | | 275,000 | 475,000 |
| | Fee for audit of consolidated financial statements | | | |
| | Half yearly review | | 200,000 50,000 | 200,000 |
| | Out of pocket expenses | | 1,025,000 | 40,000 1,240,000 |
| | | | 1,023,000 | 1,240,000 |
| 25 | Other income | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 |
| | Income from financial assets | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | Income on treasury bills /saving accounts | | 14,223 | 115,112 |
| | Income from non-financial assets | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Rental income of plant and machinery | 25.1 | 11,400,000 | 11,400,000 |
| | Gain on sale of property plant and equipment | | - | 625,000 |
| | Liabilities written back | | - | - |
| | Miscellaneous income | | 110,520 | 105,151 |
| 25.4 | This conveyants income from loans of plant and machine and continue of the conveyants. | vorgroon Water V-II (D | 11,524,743 | 12,245,263 |
| 25.1 | This represents income from lease of plant and machinery (construction equipment) to ${\bf E}$ | vergreen water valley (P | | |
| 26 | Finance cost | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
| | Bank charges and commission | | 15,190 | 23,259 |
| | Markup on long term financing | 16.1 | 242,753,397 | 175,300,822 |
| | . • | - - | 242,768,587 | 175,324,081 |
| | | | ,. =0,007 | . 5,52 1,001 |

| | | | 2020 | 2019 |
|----|-------------------------------|------|-------------|--------------|
| | | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| 27 | Taxation | | | |
| | <u>Current tax</u> | | | |
| | For the year | 27.1 | 408,494 | 1,183,467 |
| | Prior | | - | - |
| | Deferred tax expense/(income) | 17 | (2,434,409) | (36,055,374) |
| | | | (2,025,915) | (34,871,907) |

27.1 Since the company showing tax loss for the year as a result taxable income for the year is Nil. Keeping in view this fact provision for taxation represents final tax under section 233 of the Income Tax Ordinance,2001. Which is 12% of revenue from money market services. Since the Company is subject to minimum tax therefore no numerical reconciliation of tax is produced.

28 Loss per share

28.1 Loss per share - basic

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|---------|---------------|---------------|
| Loss for the year | Rupees | (426,521,686) | (424,210,997) |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares | Numbers | 316,610,112 | 316,610,112 |
| Loss per share - basic | Rupees | (1.35) | (1.34) |

28.2 Loss per share - diluted

There is no dilution effect on the basic EPS as the Company has no such commitments.

| 29 | Number of employees | 2020 | 2019 |
|----|---|------|------|
| | The average and total number of employees are as follows: | | |
| | Average number of employees during the year | 12 | 20 |

30 Financial risk management

The Company finances its operations through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to obtain a reasonable mix between various sources of finance to minimize the risk. Taken as a whole, risk arising from the Company's financial instruments is limited as there is no significant exposure to market risk in respect of such instruments.

19

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

Credit risk

Total number of employees as at 30 June

- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

30.1 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties failed completely to perform as contracted. The Company's credit risk arises from deposits with banks, trade debts, loans and advances and credit exposure arising as a result of dividends from equity securities and other receivable. The Company has concentration of credit risk in other receivables but this not considered to be significant as this includes a major portion overdue from related parties and remaining exposure is spread over a large number of counter parties in the case of trade debts to manage exposure to credit risk, the Company applies credit limits to its customers.

30.1.1 Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the statement of financial position date was:

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|--------------------|------|------------|------------|
| | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | | | |
| Long term deposits | 9 | 37,500 | 37,500 |
| Trade debts | 10 | 809,746 | 1,528,578 |
| Other receivables | 11 | 21,713,312 | 11,126,702 |
| Bank balances | 14 | 360,596 | 355,506 |
| | | 22,921,154 | 13,048,286 |

All financial assets subject to credit exposure at the statement of financial position' date represent domestic parties

30.1.2 Credit quality of financial assets

Credit quality of financial assets is assessed by reference to external credit ratings, where available, or to historical information about counterparty default rates. Banking companies and financial institutions have external credit ratings determined by various credit rating agencies. Credit quality of customers, supplier and others is assessed by reference to historical defaults rates and present ages.

30.1.2.1 Counterparties with external credit ratings

These include banking companies and financial institutions, which are counterparties to bank balances. Credit risk is considered minimal as these counterparties have reasonably high credit ratings as determined by various credit rating agencies. Due to long standing business relationships with these counterparties, past experiences and considering their strong financial standing, management does not expect non-performance by these counterparties on their obligations to the Company. Following are the credit ratings of counterparties with external credit ratings:

Bank balances

The credit quality of Company's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit rating agencies as follows:

| | Rat | ing | Rating | 2020 | 2019 |
|----------------------|------------|-----------|--------|---------|---------|
| | Short term | Long term | Agency | Rupees | Rupees |
| | | | | | |
| Faysal Bank Limited | A-1+ | AA | PACRA | 71,546 | 62,658 |
| Allied Bank Limited | A-1+ | AAA | PACRA | 218,680 | 133,550 |
| Bank Islami | A-1 | A+ | PACRA | 6,126 | 6,126 |
| Soneri Bank Limited | A-1+ | AA- | PACRA | 9,306 | 9,306 |
| United Bank Limited | A-1+ | AAA | VIS | 44,893 | 133,821 |
| Bank Alfalah Limited | A-1+ | AA+ | VIS | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Silk Bank Limited | A-2 | A- | VIS | 45 | 45 |
| | | | | 360,596 | 355,506 |

Trade debts

The trade debts as at the statement of financial position date are classified in Pak Rupees. The aging of trade receivables at the reporting date is:

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| Neither past due nor impaired Past due | 10 | 427,181 382,565 | 169,472 1,359,106 |
| | | 809,746 | 1,528,578 |

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade debts at the reporting date by type of counter party are as follows:

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|------------------|---------|-----------|
| | Rupees | Rupees |
| | | |
| Commercial banks | 687,696 | 1,211,697 |
| Others | 122,050 | 316,881 |
| | 000 546 | |
| | 809,746 | 1,528,578 |

Based on past experience the management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of trade receivables past due and for other receivables there are reasonable grounds to believe that the amounts will be recovered in short course of time.

30.1.2.2 Counterparties without external credit ratings

Management estimates that the below mentioned balances will be recovered within next 12 months and the probability of default is expected to be zero as all the balance is receivable from related parties and employees of the Company. Consequently, no expected credit loss allowance is required.

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|-------------------|------|------------|------------|
| | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| Loan and advances | | | |
| Related parties | 11 | 21,609,312 | 11,013,202 |
| Employees | | 104,000 | 113,500 |
| | | 21,713,312 | 11,126,702 |

30.1.3 Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when the changes in economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Company's total credit exposure. The Company's portfolio of financial instruments is broadly diversified and all other transactions are entered into with credit-worthy counterparties there by mitigating any significant concentrations of credit risk.

30.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible to always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. During the year Company came under severe liquidity pressure as mentioned in note 2.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as on June 30 2020:

| | Carrying | Contracted | Upto one year | One to | More than |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| | Amount | cash flow | or less | five years | five years |
| | | | Rupees | | |
| <u>Financial liabilities</u> | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Loan payable | 1,600,000,000 | 1,600,000,000 | 1,600,000,000 | _ | _ |
| Rental payable | | | , , , | | |
| • • | 456,497,944 | 456,497,944 | 456,497,944 | - | - |
| Trade and other payables | 55,172,655 | 55,172,655 | 55,172,655 | - | - |
| | 2,111,670,599 | 2,111,670,599 | 2,111,670,599 | - | - |

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities as on June 30 2019:

| | Carrying | Contracted | Upto one year | One to | More than |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | Amount | cash flow | or less | five years | five years |
| | | | Rupees | | |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | |
| Loan payable Rental payable | 1,600,000,000 181,516,802 | 1,600,000,000 181,516,802 | 1,600,000,000 181,516,802 | - | - |
| Trade and other payables | 43,144,896 | 43,144,896 | 43,144,896 | - | - |
| | 43,144,896 | 43,144,896 | 43,144,896 | - | - |

30.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will effect the Company's income or the value of

- Market risk comprises of three types of risks:
 currency risk
 - interest rate risk
 - other price risk

30.3.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. It arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into foreign currency. The Company was not exposed to foreign currency's risk as there was no foreign currency held by the Company at year end.

30.3.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flow of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company has adopted appropriate policies to cover interest rate risk.

As the Company has no significant floating interest rate assets, the Company's income is substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The Company's interest rate risk arises from bank deposit accounts and long-term borrowing. These borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk.

The Company analyses its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis. Various scenarios are simulated taking into consideration refinancing, renewal of existing positions and alternative financing. Based on these scenarios, the Company calculates the impact on profit or loss of a defined interest rate shift. The scenarios are run only for liabilities that represent the major interest-bearing positions.

The Company does not have any fixed rate financial instrument. The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments at the statement of financial position date was as under:

| Financial | assets |
|-----------|-------------|
| Financial | liabilities |

| 2020 | 2019 | |
|---------------|---------------|--|
| Rupees | Rupees | |
| | | |
| 354,470 | 349,380 | |
| 1,600,000,000 | 1,600,000,000 | |
| 1,600,354,470 | 1,600,349,380 | |

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Majority of the interest rate exposure arises on bank deposit accounts and long term loans. The Company does not have any fixed rate financial instrument.

30.3.3 Other price risk

Equity price risk arise from equity securities classified as at fair value through profit or loss. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Company diversifies its portfolio within the eligible stocks in accordance with the risk investment guidelines approved by the investment committee.

Sensitivity analysis

All of the Company's listed equity investments are listed on Pakistan Stock exchange. The table below summarizes the Company's equity price risk as of June 30 2020 and 2019 and shows the effects of a hypothetical 10% increase and a 10% decrease in market prices as at the year end. The selected hypothetical change does not reflect what could be considered to be the best or worst case scenarios. Indeed, results could be worse because of the nature of equity markets and the aforementioned concentrations existing in the Company's equity investment portfolio.

| | 2020 | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | Fair value | "Hypothetical price change" | Estimated fair value after hypothetical change in prices" | Hypothetical increase /(decrease) in OCI | "Hypothetical increase/ (decrease) in profit /(loss) before tax" |
| | Rupees | | | Rupees | |
| Investments | | | | | |
| Long term investments | 249,261,913 | 10% increase | 274,188,104 | - | 24,926,191 |
| o . | | 10% decrease | 224,335,722 | - | (24,926,191) |
| Short term investments | 24,506,196 | 10% increase | 26,956,816 | - | 2,450,620 |
| | 24,300,190 | 10% decrease | 22,055,576 | _ | (2,450,620) |
| | 273,768,109 | | ,, | | |
| | | | 2019 | | |
| | Fair value | "Hypothetical price change" | Estimated fair value after hypothetical change in prices" | Hypothetical increase /(decrease) in OCI | "Hypothetical increase/ (decrease) in profit /(loss) before tax" |
| Investments | Rupees | | | Rupees | |
| Long term investments | 426,125,657 | 10% increase | 468,738,223 | - | 42,612,566 |
| | 420,123,037 | 10% decrease | 383,513,091 | - | (42,612,566) |
| Short term investments | 19,255,828 | 10% increase | 21,181,411 | - | 1,925,583 |
| | 19,455,828 | 10% decrease | 17,330,245 | - | (1,925,583) |
| | 445,381,485 | | | | |

30.3.4 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms. The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in these financial statements approximate their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date.

The carrying amount less impairment provision of trade debts and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Company for similar financial instruments.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).

Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).

Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3)

The table below analyses equity instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorized:

Recurring fair value measurements

| Recuiring ian value measurements | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| | 30-Jun-20 | | | | |
| · | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | |
| · | | Rupees | | | |
| <u>Long term investments</u> | | - | | | |
| Quoted investments | 59,749,496 | - | 189,512,417 | 249,261,913 | |
| Unquoted investments | - | - | 1,260,436,715 | 1,260,436,715 | |
| <u>Investment properties</u> | - | 2,152,618,664 | - | 2,152,618,664 | |
| Short term investments | 24,506,196 | - | - | 24,506,196 | |
| | | 30-Jun-1 | 9 | | |
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | |
| | | Rupees | | | |
| Long term investments | | - | | | |
| Quoted investments | 426,125,657 | - | - | 426,125,657 | |
| Investment properties | - | 2,052,619,045 | - | 2,052,619,045 | |
| Short term investments | 19,255,828 | - | - | 19,255,828 | |

Valuation techniques used to measure fair values

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the statement of financial position date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1. The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximize the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2. If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

As at June 30, 2020, the Company's long term investments in unquoted securities (see note 8), carried at fair value. The fair value of such investments is determined by using level 3 techniques. The fair value of investment in unquoted securities has been determined based on the net asset value.

There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 for recurring fair value measurements during the year except for one quoted investment (FCEL) where level 3 inputs are used to determine fair value as shares of FCEL are not actively traded based on which management ascertained that quoted market value does not reflect actual fair value of investment.

30.4 Capital management

The Company's board policy is to maintain an efficient capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the future development of the Company's business. The Board of Directors monitors the Return on Capital Employed, which the Company defines as operating income divided by total capital employed. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- (i) to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for
- (ii) to provide an adequate return to shareholders.

The Company manages the capital structure in the context of economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may, for example, adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt. The Company finances its operations through equity, borrowing and management of its working capital with a view to maintain an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimize risk.

30.5 Financial instruments by category

Financial Assets

Long term investments
Long term deposits
Trade debts
Short term investments
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables
Cash and bank balances

| 30-juh-20 | | | | | |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------|--|--|
| Total | Assets at fair value through OCI | Assets at fair value through profit or loss | At Amortized Cost | | |
| | ees | Rup | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 1,509,698,628 | - | 1,509,698,628 | - | | |
| 37,500 | - | - | 37,500 | | |
| 809,746 | - | - | 809,746 | | |
| 24,506,196 | - | 24,506,196 | - | | |
| 21,713,312 | - | - | 21,713,312 | | |
| 360,596 | - | - | 360,596 | | |
| 1,557,125,978 | - | 1,534,204,824 | 22,921,154 | | |

Financial Liabilities

Trade and other payables-Unsecured Long Term Payable Mark up payable

| | 30-Jun-20 | | | | | |
|-------------------|--|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| At amortized cost | Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | Total | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 55,172,655 | - | 55,172,655 | | | | |
| 1,600,000,000 | - | 1,600,000,000 | | | | |
| 456,497,944 | | 456,497,944 | | | | |
| 2,111,670,599 | - | 2,111,670,599 | | | | |

Financial Assets

Long term investments
Long term deposits
Trade debts
Short term investments
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables
Cash and bank balances

| 30-Jun-19 | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| At Amortized Cost | Assets at fair value through profit or loss | Assets at fair value through OCI | Total | | |
| | Rup | ees | | | |
| | | | | | |
| - | 1,766,869,692 | - | 1,766,869,692 | | |
| 37,500 | - | - | 37,500 | | |
| 1,528,578 | - | - | 1,528,578 | | |
| - | 19,255,828 | - | 19,255,828 | | |
| 11,126,702 | - | - | 11,126,702 | | |
| 356,006 | - | - | 356,006 | | |
| 13,048,786 | 1,786,125,520 | - | 1,799,174,306 | | |

Financial Liabilities

Trade and other payables-Unsecured Long term payable

Long term payable

Mark up payable

| At amortized cost | Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | Total |
|-------------------|--|---------------|
| | Rupees | |
| | | |
| 43,144,896 | - | 43,144,896 |
| 1,600,000,000 | - | 1,600,000,000 |
| 181,516,802 | - | 181,516,802 |
| 1,824,661,698 | - | 1,824,661,698 |

31 Transactions with related parties

Related parties comprise of entities over which the Directors are able to exercise significant influence. Related parties include entities with common Directors, major shareholders, subsidiary undertakings, associated companies, Directors and key management personnel. Details of transactions with related parties, other than remuneration and benefits to key management personnel under the terms of their employment disclosed in note 31 are as follows:

| Name of Parties | Nature of relationship | Nature and description of related party transaction | Value of transactions made during the year | Value of transactions made during the year |
|---|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| First Capital Equities Limited | Subsidiary(73.23% Shareholding) | Brokerage charges | - - | 11,715 |
| Evergreen Water Valley (Private) Limited | Subsidiary(100% owned) | Rental income earned Rental income received | 11,400,000 803,890 | 11,400,000 2,497,898 |
| | | Payment against investment property | - | 2,000,000 |
| Pace (Pakistan) Limited | Associate(Common Directorship) | Payment against purchase of property | - | 401,000,000 |
| | | Paid on behalf for purchase of property | - | 1,758,814 |
| Media Times Limited | Associate(Common Directorship) | Expense paid Purchase of goods / services Advance against publishing | - - | 259,214 59,200 800,000 |

- **31.1** The amounts due to / due from related parties are disclosed in respective notes to the financial statements.
- **31.2** No impairment allowance is necessary in respect of amount due from related parties

32 Remuneration of Chief Executive, Director and Executives

The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for the year for remuneration, including certain benefits to the Chief Executive, Directors and Executives of the company is as follows:

| | Chief executive | | Executive and non executive directors | | Execu | ıtives |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | | Rup | oees | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Managerial remuneration | 2,400,000 | 2,400,000 | - | - | 1,479,840 | 6,185,280 |
| Medical Expenses Reimbursed | - | - | - | - | 65,085 | 94,080 |
| Provision for gratuity | 599,252 | 399,917 | _ | | 610,743 | 851,516 |
| | 2,999,252 | 2,799,917 | - | | 2,155,668 | 7,130,876 |
| | | | | | | |
| Number of persons | 1 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 1 | 2 |

- 32.1 The Company has also provided executives with company maintained cars. No fees were paid to any director for attending board and audit committee meetings.
- 32.2 Executives are employees whose basic salary exceed Rs. 1,200,000 in a financial year.

33 Date of authorization for issue

These financial statements were authorized for issue on October 07, 2020 by the Board of Directors.

34 Corresponding figures

Corresponding figures have been reclassified wherever necessary to reflect more appropriate presentation of events and transactions for the purpose of comparison and duly disclosed in respective accounts.

35 Impact of Covid-19

Due to rapid spread of COVID-19 all across the world the overall global economy has been affected. In the end of March, 2020, the Government of the Punjab and Government of Sindh announced a temporary lock down as a measure to reduce the spread of the COVID-19. Complying with the lockdown, the Company temporarily suspended its operations. In the Company's case, the lockdown was subsequently relaxed in the end of May, 2020.

After implementing all the necessary Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) to ensure safety of employees, the Company henceforth resumed its operations and has taken all necessary steps to ensure smooth and adequate continuation of its business in order to maintain business performance despite slowed down economic activity.

The COVID-19 Pandemic and associated impact on economic activity had certain effects on the operational and financial conditions of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2020 due to the subdued overall slowdown economic activity and discontinuity of business operations. However, to reduce the impact on the economy and business, regulators/ government arcoss the country have introduced a host of measures on both the fiscal and economic fronts from time to time.

The management of the Company is closely monitoring the situation, and in response to the developments, the management has assessed the accounting implications of these developments on these financial statements, including but not limited to the following areas:

- recoverability of receivable balances';
- valuation of its equity investments;
- the impairment of tangible assets under IAS 36, 'Impairment of non-financial assets'; and
- going concern assumption used for the preparation of these financial statements.

The management of the Company expects that going forward these uncertainties would reduce as the impact of COVID-19 on overall economy subsidies and have concluded that there is no material impact on current financial statements of the Company.

36 General

Chief Executive Officer

The figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

Chief Financial Officer

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED PROFIT OR LOSS

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOWS

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED CHANGES IN EQUITY

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Islamabad Office:
Office # 12 & 13 3rd Floor
Fazal Arcade,
F-11 Markaz, Islamabad.
Tel: 051-2228138
Fax: 051-2228139
E-mail:
njmiconsultants@gmail.com
islamabadoffice@njmi.net

Independent Auditor's report to the members of First Capital Securities Corporation Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of First Capital Securities Corporation Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at June 30, 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the group as at June 30, 2020 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities* for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty relating to Going Concern

We draw attention to note 2 to the consolidated financial statements which more fully explains the factors that indicate existence of material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the ability to continue as a going concern of First Capital Securities Corporation Limited (Parent Company) and First Capital Equities Limited, World Press (Private) Limited and Falcon Commodities (Private) Limited (Subsidiary Companies). However, the financial statements of said subsidiaries and parent company have been prepared on going concern basis, based on the financial and operational measures taken by the management except for Falcon Commodities (Private) Limited financial statements, which has been prepared on non-going concern basis. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

Tel: 042-35754821-22, Fax: 042-36317513, E-mail: nasirg@wol.net.pk



Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In addition to the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Relating to Going Concern section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Following are the Key Audit Matters:

Sr. Key Audit Matters

#

1. Investment property valuation

As stated in the Note 8 of accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Group has purchased investment property of substantial amount during the year and have recognized substantial amount of fair value gain during the year

We identified investment property as key audit matter because it has material impact on consolidated financial statements.

2. Long term financing

As stated in Note 18 of accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Group settled its loan during the year. The interest on loan settled during the year is waived off by the Bank.

The valuation of this settled facility involve complex calculations and significant judgments.

How the matters were addressed in our audit

We performed following key audit procedures to address the assessed risk:

- Obtained independent valuer's report and took an understanding of the scope of valuer's work;
- Assessed the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the external valuer;
- We reconciled the detail of properties valued by the independent valuer to details provided by the company;
- Compared values assigned by independent valuer with the actual transactions occurred during the year, to ensure that value of investment property is reasonable according to the market conditions and not overstated:
- Assessed the appropriateness of the related disclosures in the Company's financial statements.

We performed following key audit procedures to address the assessed risk:

- Obtained loan settlement agreements signed with banks. Inspected and obtained understanding of terms and conditions;
- We critically assessed the design and implementation of controls in place to ensure compliance and to report any

ul.



We identified loan settlement as key audit matter because it has material impact on the on consolidated financial statements.

3. Litigations

There are a number of legal and regulatory matters for which no provision has been established, as disclosed in Note 20 of accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The Group is exposed to different laws, regulations and interpretations thereof and hence, there is a litigation risk. Also there is an inherent risk that legal exposures are not identified and considered for financial reporting purposes on a timely basis. Importantly, the decision to recognize a provision and the basis of measurement are purely judgmental.

We identified litigations as key audit matter because there is a high level of judgement involve in assessing the likelihood of their outcome which effect the level of provisioning and/or disclosures. identified breach of the debt settlement agreements;

 Obtained direct confirmations from banks to confirm settlement and closing balances as at year end. Summarized the responses of banks, analyzed and matched with the amounts disclosed in the financial statements.

We performed following key audit procedures to address the assessed risk:

- Obtained understanding of the Group's controls over litigations through meetings with the management and review of the minutes of the Board of Directors and Board Audit Committee;
- Discussed open matters and developments with the Group's inhouse legal counsel and read correspondence with external legal counsels, where relevant;
- Circularized confirmations to relevant external party legal representatives and follow up discussions, where appropriate, on certain material cases;
- Whilst noting the inherent uncertainties involved with the legal and regulatory matters, assessed the appropriateness of the related disclosures made in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.



Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Imran-ul-Haq.

Date: 67 10 - 20

Islamabad

Nasir Javaid Maqsood Imran

Chartered Accountants

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2020

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|------|--|--|
| | Note | Rupees | Rupees . |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 6 | 276,584,196 | 270,274,885 |
| Intangible assets | 7 | 3,062,519 | 2,562,503 |
| Investment properties | 8 | 3,267,338,763 | 3,167,339,144 |
| Investments accounted for using the equity method | 9 | 476,694,768 | 500,799,831 |
| Long term investments | 10 | 10,706,385 | 14,058,889 |
| Long term deposits and advances - considered good | 11 | 13,166,098 | 12,692,602 |
| | | 4,047,552,729 | 3,967,727,854 |
| Current assets | | | × 8 8 |
| Stock in trade | | 968,643 | 1,077,093 |
| Trade debts | 13 | 562,330,611 | 380,137,747 |
| Loans, advances and other receivables | 14 | 731,574,307 | 770,961,191 |
| Prepayments | | 947,110 | 1,027,296 |
| Interest accrued | |) 777,110 | 32,296 |
| Short term investments | 15 | 254,949,888 | 314,697,240 |
| Cash and bank balances | 16 | 47,971,595 | |
| | 10 | 1,598,742,154 | 61,391,700 1,529,324,563 |
| | | 1,030,712,101 | 1,323,321,303 |
| Current liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 17 | 840,349,739 | 506,495,836 |
| Current portion of long term loans - secured | 18 | 3,077,036,279 | 2,690,131,432 |
| Current portion of lease liability | 19 | 6,572,471 | - |
| Provision for taxation | | 8,515,914 | 2,671,118 |
| | | 3,932,474,403 | 3,199,298,386 |
| Net current assets | | (2,333,732,249) | (1,669,973,823) |
| | | 1,713,820,480 | 2,297,754,031 |
| Non-current liabilities | | SOLVER STATE OF THE STATE OF TH | and the state of the transfer of the transfer of |
| Lease liability | 19 | 7,175,728 | - |
| Deferred tax liability | 12 | 21,025,380 | 1,402,020 |
| Deferred liabilities | 19 | 26,057,985 | 30,171,408 |
| Long term loans - secured | 18 | 245,454,545 | 548,311,117 |
| | | 299,713,638 | 579,884,545 |
| Contingencies and commitments | 20 | The second secon | 500000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 |
| | | 1,414,106,842 | 1,717,869,486 |
| Represented by | | | |
| Equity | | | |
| Share Capital and Reserves | | | |
| | | | |
| Authorized share capital: | | | |
| 320,000,000 (2019: 320,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each | | 3,200,000,000 | 3,200,000,000 |
| Jesued subscribed and raid up share 2007-1 | 2. | 2466.12.12.1 | 8.2222222 |
| Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital Exchange translation reserve | 21 | 3,166,101,120 | 3,166,101,120 |
| Reserves capitalised | | 48,668,733 | 53,446,569 |
| Retained earnings | | 480,054,923 | 480,054,923 |
| | | (2,536,904,220) | (2,253,540,695) |
| Equity attributable to owners of the Parent Company | | 1,157,920,556 | 1,446,061,917 |
| Non-controlling interests (NCI) | | 256,186,286 | 271,807,569 |
| | 1 | 1,414,106,842 | 1,717,869,486 |
| | | | |

The annexed notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chica losson

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

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FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|---|------|----------------|------------------------------|
| | | pees | Rupees |
| CONTINUED OPERATIONS | | | |
| Operating revenue | 22 | 242,223,910 | 261,830,966 |
| Direct costs | 23 | (136,583,208) | (181,164,461) |
| Gross profit | | 105,640,702 | 80,666,505 |
| Unrealized gain on re-measurement of 'investments | | | |
| at fair value through profit or loss' | 24 | 9,672,441 | (62.052.606) |
| (Loss)/gain on investment properties | | 99,999,619 | (62,953,686) 300,623,792 |
| Operating and administrative expenses | 25 | (186,953,333) | |
| Operating profit | 20 | 28,359,429 | (168,495,467) 149,841,144 |
| Other income | 26 | 100 524 554 | |
| Finance costs | 27 | 108,726,574 | 110,807,599 |
| | 21 | (307,162,662) | (258,372,486) |
| | | (198,436,088) | (147,564,887) |
| Share of loss from investments accounted for using | | | |
| the equity method - net of tax | 9.1 | (26,243,626) | (35,258,395) |
| Impairment on investment in associates | 9 | | (6,528,524) |
| Loss before taxation | | (196,320,285) | (39,510,662) |
| Taxation | 28 | (26,242,356) | (336,357) |
| Loss after taxation | | (222,562,641) | (39,847,019) |
| DISCONTINUED OPERATION | | | |
| Loss after taxation from discontinued operation | 29 | (79,027,599) | (56,852,723) |
| Loss after taxation for the year | - | (301,590,240) | (0)((00 742) |
| | = | (301,370,240) | (96,699,742) |
| Basic and diluted earning/(loss) per share from continued operation | 30 | (0.73) | (0.06) |
| Basic and diluted loss per share from discontinued operation | 30 | (0.18) | (0.13) |
| | | (6.20) | (0.13) |
| Profit/(loss) attributable to: | | | |
| - Owners of the Parent Company from continuing operation | | (289,541,954) | (100,295,853) |
| - Non-controlling interests | | (12,048,286) | 3,596,111 |
| Loss for the year | _ | (301,590,240) | (96,699,742) |
| | = | | (70,077,174) |

The annexed notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

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FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|---|------|----------------|----------------|
| Loss after taxation | | (301,590,240) | (96,699,742) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss: | | | |
| Remeasurement of defined benefit plan - net of tax | 19.3 | 5,057,338 | 3,853,354 |
| Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit and loss: | | | |
| Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using the equity method - net of tax | 9.2 | 308,740 | 64,828,938 |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations recognised as: | | | |
| - Exchange translation reserve | | (4,777,836) | 22,745,276 |
| - Non-controlling interests | | (4,590,469) | 21,853,305 |
| Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year | | (9,368,305) | 44,598,581 |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year | | (305,592,467) | 16,581,131 |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to: | | | |
| - Owners of the Parent Company from continuing operation | | (289,971,184) | 27,938,091 |
| - Non-controlling interests | | (15,621,283) | (11,356,960) |
| | | (305,592,467) | 16,581,131 |

The annexed notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

is

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

| | | Attributable | Attributable to owners of the Parent Company | Company | | | |
|---|---------------|-----------------|--|---|-----------------|-----------------|---|
| | | Capital Reserve | | Revenue Reserve | | | |
| | | Exchange | | | | | |
| | Share | translation | Reserve | Retained | | Non-controlling | Total |
| | capital | reserve | capitalised | earnings | Total | interests | equity |
| Balance at 01 July 2018 | 061 101 331 8 | 500 400 | | Sold Sold Sold Sold Sold Sold Sold Sold | | | 0 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X |
| | 3,100,101,120 | 50,701,295 | 480,054,923 | (2,259,828,819) | 1,417,028,517 | 283,164,529 | 1,700,193,046 |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year | | | | | | | |
| Loss for the year Other comprehensive income | | 277 247 66 | | (62,029,026) | (62,029,026) | (34,670,716) | (96,699,742) |
| Share of reserve on incremental depreciation - net of tax from | | 24,713,270 | | 07,221,841 | 89,967,117 | 23,313,756 | 113,280,873 |
| associate | | | | 1,095,309 | 1,095,309 | | 1,095,309 |
| Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year | 9 | 22,745,276 | ř | 6,288,124 | 29,033,400 | (11,356,960) | 17,676,440 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 30 June 2019 | 3,166,101,120 | 53,446,569 | 480,054,923 | (2,253,540,695) | 1,446,061,917 | 271,807,569 | 1,717,869,486 |
| Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year | | | | | | | |
| Loss for the year | | | | [289 541 954) | (200 5.41 05.43 | (12,040,040) | CALL SOLL FORD |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss) Share of reserve on incremental depredation - not of tay from | | (4,777,836) | | 4,348,606 | (429,230) | (3,572,997) | (4,002,227) |
| associate | | | | 1,829,823 | 1,829,823 | | 1.829.823 |
| Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year | | (4,777,836) | | (283,363,525) | (288,141,361) | (15,621,283) | (303,762,644) |
| | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 30 June 2020 | 3,166,101,120 | 48,668,733 | 480,054,923 | (2,536,904,220) | (288,141,361) | 256.186.286 | 1414 106 847 |

Chief Financial Officer

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

| | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|--|------|---|---|
| Cash flows from operating activities | | | |
| Cash used in operations Retirement benefits paid - net Finance costs paid Taxes paid | 32 | (65,855,567) (819,180) (17,037,209) (1,051,399) | (865,409,212) (6,230,205) (3,815,197) (4,779,523) |
| Net cash used in operating activities | | (84,763,355) | (880,234,137) |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | | |
| Purchase of property plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Purchase of investment property Proceeds from sale of investment property Payment/receipts from investments - net Asset management license Dividend received Long term deposits Interest received Net cash generated from investing activities | | (86,590) 720,000 (25,000,000) 162,870,000 64,269,025 (750,025) - 314,800 25,806,862 | (721,117) 31,407,002 70,997,139 253,620 (3,236,600) 23,967,217 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | 220,144,072 | 122,667,261 |
| activities | | | |
| Receipt/(payment) of loannet | | (156,800,822) | 664,608,325 |
| Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities | | (156,800,822) | 664,608,325 |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | | (13,420,105) | (92,958,551) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | | 61,391,700 | 154,350,251 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 16 | 47,971,595 | 61,391,700 |
| | | | |

The annexed notes 1 to 40 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED IUNE 30, 2020

1 The Group and its operations

- 1.1 The Group consists of First Capital Securities Corporation Limited, (the Holding Company), Ever Green Water Valley (Private) Limited, Falcon Commodities (Private) Limited, First Capital Equities Limited, First Capital Investments Limited, First Construction Limited, Lanka Securities (Private) Limited, Ozer Investments Limited and World Press (Private) Limited (the subsidiary companies) [together referred to as "the Group"] and the Group's interest in equity accounted investee namely; First Capital Mutual Fund, Media Times Limited and Pace Baraka Properties Limited.
- 1.2 First Capital Securities Corporation Limited ("the Holding Company") was incorporated in Pakistan on April 11, 1994 as a public limited company under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Company is involved in making long and short term investments, money market operations and financial consultancy services. Geographical location and location of other offices are as under:

Head Office

Corporate Office

2nd Floor Pace Shopping Mall, Fortress Stadium Lahore Cant,

4th Floor, Block B,C,D Lakson Square Building No.01 Sarwar Shaheed Road Karachi

- 1.3 Ever Green Water Valley (Private) Limited (the Subsidiary Company) was incorporated on December 22, 2005 as Private Limited Company under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. The Company is engaged in the business of Installation & manufacturing of Water purification plants, RO systems, water softness systems and Construction of Buildings and other related activities. The registered office of the Company is situated at 2nd floor Pace Shopping mall, Fortress Stadium Lahore. Ever Green Water Valley (Private) Limited is the wholly owned subsidiary of the Holding Company.
- 1.4 Falcon Commodities (Private) Limited (the Subsidiary Company) was incorporated on December 22, 2005 as Private Limited Company under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. The principal activity of the Company is to carry on the business of commodities brokerage as a corporate member of Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited. The registered office of the Company is situated at 4th Floor, Lakson Square Building No,01 Sarwar Shaheed Road Karachi. Falcon Commodities (Private) Limited is the wholly owned subsidiary of the Holding Company.
- 1.5 First Capital Equities Limited (FCEL) (the Subsidiary Company) was incorporated in Pakistan on January 26, 1995 as a private limited company, under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. The Company was converted into a public limited company on June 18, 1997 and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited formerly Lahore Stock Exchange Limited. The principal activities of the Company include share brokerage and conducting / publishing business research. The Holding Company has 73.23% ownership in First Capital Equities Limited. Geographical locations and addresses of all business units are as under:

Head Office

2nd Floor, Pace Shopping Mall, Fortress Stadium, Lahore Cantt, Lahore.

Corporate Office

4th Floor, Block B,C,D Lakson Square Building No,01 Sarwar Shaheed Road Karachi

- 1.6 First Capital Investments Limited (FCIL) (the Subsidiary Company) was incorporated in Pakistan on October 27, 1994 as a private company limited by shares, under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 having registered office at 2nd Floor, Pace Mall, Fortress Stadium, Lahore Cantt, Lahore. Status of the Company was changed from private limited to public limited on August 06, 2003. The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) has issued a license to the Company to undertake Asset Management Services as required under the NBFC (Establishment and Regulation) Rules, 2003. The Company has been assigned Management Quality Rating "AM4++" by The Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited "PACRA" Credit Rating Company. The main activity of the company is to provide asset management services to First Capital Mutual Fund Limited (The fund). The Holding Company has 78.86% ownership in First Capital Investments Limited.
- 1.7 First Construction Limited (the Subsidiary Company) was incorporated on August 15, 2014 as Public Limited Company under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. The principal activity of the Company is to undertake construction, development and related activities. The registered office of the Company is situated at 2nd Floor, Pace Mall, Fortress Stadium, Lahore Cantt, Lahore. First Construction Limited is the wholly owned subsidiary of the Holding Company.
- 1.8 Lanka Securities (Private) Limited (the Subsidiary Company) was incorporated in Sri Lanka in the year of 1989. The principal activity of the Company is equity debt security brokering and undertaking placement of equity debt securities. The registered office of the Company is situated at No. 228/1, Galle Road, Colombo 04, Sri Lanka. The Holding Company has 51% ownership in Lanka Securities (Private) Limited.
- 1.9 Ozer Investments Limited (OIL) (the Subsidiary Company) was incorporated in Sri Lanka in the year of 2010. OIL has not yet started its commercial activity however main objective of the Company is to provide financial advisory, portfolio management, margin provision unit trust management and stock brokerage services. The registered office of the Company is situated Colombo, Sri Lanka. Ozer Investments Limited is the wholly owned subsidiary of the Holding Company.
- 1.10 World Press (Private) Limited (WPPL) was incorporated in Pakistan on September 11, 2003 as a private limited company under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984. The registered office of the Company is situated at 2nd floor, Pace Shopping Mall, Fortress Stadium, Lahore Cantt, Lahore and its principal place of business is at 113/13 Quaid-e- Azam Industrial estate Kot Lakhpat Lahore. The principal activity of the company is to carry on the business of printers, publishers, packaging, advertisement and specialized directory business, stationers and dealers in all allied products and paper, board and packing materials for industrial and commercial packing. The Holding Company has 65% ownership in World Press (Private) Limited.
- 1.11 Detail of Group's equity accounted investee is given in note 9 to these consolidated financial statements.

2 Going concern assumption

2.1 During the year Parent Company incurred loss amounting Rs. 426.5 Million after tax, moreover the accumulated losses of the company stand at Rs. 1,453.27 Million as at June 30, 2020 (2019: 1,028.39 Million). As at the reporting date current liabilities of the Company exceed its current assets by Rs. 2,056.69 Million. During the year Company failed to fulfil its obligation under diminishing musharka agreement with Silk Bank Limited which led to classification of loan liability as current liability.

Owing to the factors mentioned above the Company in order to carry on its business and to meet its obligations requires generating sufficient operating profits and cash flows. Accordingly there is a material uncertainty relating to the Company's operations that may cause sufficient doubt regarding discharge of its liability in the normal course of business. Continuation of the Company as going concern is heavily dependent on improved cash flows. As at year end the management of the Company is in negotiation with bank to restructure its facility and is confident that this will be done on favorable terms.

Based on above mentioned assumption of the management these financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The financial statements consequently, do not include any adjustment relating to the realization of the assets and liquidation of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as going concern.

2.2 The Board of the Directors of the First Capital Equities Limited (FCEL) (Subsidiary Company) in their meeting held on June 28, 2019, owing to the continuous loss and adverse market conditions, decided to surrender the trading right entitlement certificate (TREC) of Pakistan Stock Exchange and discontinue its brokerage operation and to change the Principal objective of the Company from stock broker to real estate Company.

During the year company incurred loss of Rs. 3.48 Million (2019: Rs. 66.2 Million) this also includes effect of liabilities written back amounting Rs. 78.5 Million (2019: Rs. 62.5 Million), moreover the accumulated losses of the company stand at Rs. 1,071.04 Million as at June 30, 2020 (2019: 1,067.55 Million) and as at the reporting date current liabilities of the Company exceed its current assets by Rs. 498.77 Million (2019: Rs. 261.23 Million).

The management of the Company is continuously in process of negotiating its loan facilities with Banks and as a result of this Company settled its liability against loan form JS Bank Limited as mentioned in Note 16. Owing to the factors mentioned above the Company in order to carry on its business and to meet its obligations requires generating sufficient operating profits and cash flows. Accordingly there is a material uncertainty relating to the Company's operations that may cause significant doubt regarding discharge of its liability in the normal course of business. Continuation of the Company as going concern is heavily dependent on improved cash flows.

The management of the Company is confident that with change in Principal activity and overall expertise of group in real estate sector will have positive impact on the financial performance of the company. Moreover, management is confident that the remaining loan payable to UBL will be settled by sale of properties. Resultantly, these financial statements are prepared on going concern basis. The financial statements consequently, do not include any adjustment relating to the realization of the assets and liquidation of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as going concern.

- 2.3 The financial statements of the Falcon Commodities (Private) Limited (the subsidiary company) have been prepared on non-going concern basis due to the following reasons:
- The Company has generated no revenue during the year (2019: Rs. Nil) against administrative expenses of Rs. 58,550 (2019: Rs. 58,550). The historical trend of earning versus expenses shows a downward trend.
- The net worth and net capital balances of the Company as at June 30, 2020 is less than the minimum net worth requirement of Rs. 10 million and net capital balance requirement of Rs. 25 million
- $As at June 30, 2020 \ the \ outstanding \ balance \ of \ trade \ creditors \ stands \ at \ Rs. \ 372, 147 \ whereas \ bank \ balance \ in \ client \ account \ is \ Rs. \ Nilland \ at \ Rs. \ at \ At \ Rs. \ at \ Rs.$

The above mentioned conditions indicate existence of material uncertainty which cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as going concern and therefore the Company may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. As the management has no realistic alternative basis, therefore these financial statements have been prepared using the non-going concern assumptions of accounting. However, the management of the Company has no intention to liquidate the Company.

- 2.4 During the year World Press (Private) Limited a subsidiary company has incurred an after tax loss of Rs. 7,529,717 (2019: Rs. 1,794,052), the accumulated losses of the company stands at Rs. 29.9 million (2019: Rs. 22.4 Million). Moreover, the reserves of the Company have been significantly depleted. The Company is also facing difficulties in earning revenue. These conditions raise significant doubts on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company in order to carry on its business and to meet its obligations requires generating sufficient operating profits and cash flows. Accordingly there is a material uncertainty relating to the Company's operations that cause sufficient doubt regarding discharge of its liability in the normal course of business. Continuation of the Company as going concern is heavily dependent on improved cash flows and generation of revenue. For this purpose the management of the Company drawn up plans for:
 - $\mbox{\sc Hiring a professional workforce}$ to run the company.
 - Negotiating printing contracts with various clients and reviving the business relationships.

Owing to these factors, the financial statements of the subsidiary company are prepared on going concern basis.

3 Basis of preparation

3.1 These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for these financial reporting comprises of International Financial Reporting (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared from the information available in the separate audited financial statements of the Parent Company for the year ended 30 June 2019 and the audited financial statements of the subsidiary companies for the year ended June 30, 2019 except for Ozer Investments Limited and First Construction Limited the result of whom have been consolidated based on unaudited financial statements. Details regarding the financial information of associates used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are given in Note 9 to these consolidated financial statements.

3.2 Initial application of new standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards

There are new and amended standards and interpretations that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning 01 July 2019 other than those disclosed in note 5.2. These are considered not to be relevant or do not have any significant effect on the Group's financial statements and are therefore not stated in these consolidated financial statements.

3.3 Standards, amendments and improvements to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

There are certain new standards, interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards that will be mandatory for the annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2020 but are considered not to be relevant or have any significant effect on the Group's financial reporting.

Further, IFRS 17 'Insurance contracts' is yet to be adopted by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (The SECP).

4 Rasis of measuremen

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for financial statements of one subsidiary (Falcon Commodities (Private) Limited that are prepared on break up basis, certain financial assets and investment properties that are stated at fair value and staff benefits which are presented at present value.

4.1 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Group's significant accounting policies are stated in Note 5. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates is recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Group's financial statements are as follows:

| a) | Useful life and residual values of property and equipment | Note 5.3 |
|----|---|-----------|
| b) | Impairment | Note 5.8 |
| c) | Valuation of investment properties | Note 5.10 |
| d) | Provisions | Note 5.19 |
| e) | Staff retirement benefits | Note 5.22 |
| f) | Provision for taxation | Note 5.24 |

5 Summary of significant accounting policies

5.1 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

a) Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiary companies. The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements, and have been applied consistently by Group entities except otherwise stated.

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The assets and liabilities of subsidiary companies have been consolidated on a line by line basis and carrying value of investments held by the Parent Company is eliminated against the subsidiaries' shareholders' equity in the consolidated financial statements. Material intra-group balances and transactions have been eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests are that part of the net reserves of the operation and of net assets of subsidiaries attributable to interests which are not owned by the Group. Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated profit or loss, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of financial position respectively.

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquire and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement and the fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognizes any non-controlling interests in the acquire on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognized amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the consideration transferred, amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity and acquisition date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognized directly in profit or loss as a bargain purchase.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financer under comparable terms and conditions.

Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or as a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss or through other comprehensive income as appropriate.

b) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting after initially being recognized at cost.

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in the consolidated profit or loss, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in consolidated other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associates and joint ventures are recognized as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

c) Foreign currency transactions and translation

Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees which is also the Group's functional currency.

Transactions and balances

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the statement of financial position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are stated at fair value are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rates prevailing at the date when fair values are determined. Exchange gains and losses are included in the profit or loss.

d) Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated to Rupees at exchange rates taking US Dollar as base rate at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations, are translated to Rupees at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign currency differences are recognized in other comprehensive income, and presented in the foreign currency translation reserve (translation reserve) in equity. However, if the foreign operation is a non-wholly owned subsidiary, then the relevant proportion of the translation difference is allocated to non-controlling interests. When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the exchange translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests.

When the settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely in the foreseeable future, foreign currency gains and losses arising from such item are considered to form part of a net investment in the foreign operation and are recognized in other comprehensive income, and presented in the exchange reserve in equity.

5.2 Changes in significant accounting policies

The Group has adopted IFRS 16 Leases during the year and the new policy due to adoption is as follows: The Group has adopted IFRS 16 'Leases' from 01 July 2019 which are effective from annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2019.

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) 16 "Leases" has replaced IAS 17 "Leases", the former lease accounting standard. Under the new standard, almost all leases which meet the criteria described in the standard will be recognized on the statement of financial position with only exceptions of short term and low value leases. Under IFRS 16, an asset (the right to use the leased item) is recognized along with corresponding financial liability to pay rentals at the present value of future lease payments over the lease term, discounted with the specific incremental borrowing rate.

The Group has concluded that where the lease term of contracts are short-term in nature i.e. with a lease term of twelve months or less at the commencement date, right of use assets is not recognized and payments made in respect of these leases are expensed in the statement of profit or loss.

The Group has adopted IFRS 16 from July 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective approach and the Group has assessed that the adoption of IFRS 16 does not have effect on prior period figures in statement of profit and loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of cash flows and statement of changes in equity. The effect on prior period financial statements in statements in statement of inancial position on account of re-classification of leased assets from owned to leased category under investment properties and property plant and equipment. In addition to this group recognized right-of-use assets and

corresponding lease liabilities in relation to leases which had previously been classified as 'operating lease'. Right of use assets amounting to Rs 20.3 million were measured at the amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognized in the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2019. Corresponding lease liabilities amounting to Rs 19.08 million were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the Group's incremental borrowing rate as of July 01, 2019. Consequently, depreciation charge on Right of use assets and financial charges on lease liabilities have been recognized in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

 $Further, related \ changes \ to \ the \ accounting \ policies \ have \ been \ made \ in \ these \ consolidated \ financial \ statements.$

5.3 Property, plant and equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is charged to income applying the straight-line method whereby the cost is written-off over its estimated useful life at the rates specified in note 6.1 to these consolidated financial statements.

Depreciation on additions is charged on a pro-rata basis from the month in which the asset available for intended use, while for disposals depreciation is charged up to the month preceding the disposal of the asset. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the depreciation charge is adjusted in the future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount over its estimated useful life.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to income during the period in which they are incurred.

Maintenance and repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Renewals and improvements are capitalized when it is probable that respective future economic benefits will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably, and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized as an income or expense.

Residual value and the useful life of an asset are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant. The Group's estimates of residual value of property and equipment at 30 June 2019 did not require any adjustment. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

5.4 Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss. All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under capital work-in-progress. These are transferred to property, plant and equipment as and when these are available for intended use.

5.5 Non-current assets classified as held for sale and discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which:

- represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations;
- is part of a single coordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations; or
- is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to re-sale.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs at the earlier of disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held-for-sale (IFRS 5). When an operation is classified as a discontinued operation, the comparative statement of profit or loss and statement of other comprehensive income is re-presented as if the operation had been discontinued from the start of the comparative year.

5.6 Leases

Right of use asset

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability. Right-of-use assets that falls under the category of investment properties are carried at fair value as mentioned in note 5.10.

Where the Group determines that the lease term of identified lease contracts are short term in nature i.e. with a lease term of twelve months or less at the commencement date, right of use assets is not recognized and payments made in respect of these leases are expensed in the statement of profit or loss.

Lease liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. Lease payments in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- $a.\ fixed\ payments, including\ in\text{-}substance\ fixed\ payments;}$
- b. variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- c. amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and $% \left(x\right) =\left(x\right) +\left(x\right) =\left(x\right)$
- d. the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

5.7 Intangible assets

5.7.1 Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC)

These are stated at closest estimate of fair value. Provision is made for decline in value other than temporary, if any

5.7.2 Others

Intangible assets acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to income during the period in which they are incurred.

Amortization is charged to the profit or loss on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets unless such lives are indefinite. Amortization on additions to intangible assets is charged from the month in which an item is acquired or capitalized while no amortization is charged for the month in which the item is disposed off.

All intangible assets with an indefinite useful life are systematically tested for impairment at each statement of financial position date. Where the carrying amount of assets exceeds its estimated recoverable amount it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

5.8 Impairment

Financial Assets

The Group recognizes loss allowances for Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) in respect of financial assets measured at amortized cost. The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, except for the following, which are measured at 12-month ECLs:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balance for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than past due for a reasonable period of time. Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. 12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months). The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the Gross carrying amount of the assets. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering of a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. The Group individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Group expect no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

The Group recognizes in profit or loss, as an impairment gain or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date.

Non-Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets and inventories are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount, being higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell, is estimated. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

5.9 Long term loans

 $These \ include \ non-derivative \ financial \ assets \ with \ fixed \ or \ determinable \ payments \ that \ are \ not \ quoted \ in \ an \ active \ market.$

At initial recognition these financial assets are measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. After initial recognition these are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method less impairment loss, if any. A provision for impairment of long term loan is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of loan.

5.10 Investment properties

Properties which are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or for both are classified as investment properties. Investment properties are initially recognized at cost, being the fair value of the consideration given. Subsequently, these are stated at fair value. The fair value is determined annually by an independent professional valuer. The fair values are based on market values, being the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged on the date of valuation between knowledgeable and willing buyer and seller in an arm's length transaction.

Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value is charged to profit or loss. Rental income from investment properties is accounted for as described in note 5.23.

When an item of property, plant and equipment is transferred to investment properties following a change in its use, any difference arising at the date of transfer between the carrying amount of the item immediately prior to transfer and its fair value is recognized in surplus on revaluation of fixed assets. Upon disposal of the item, the related surplus on revaluation is transferred to retained earnings. Any loss arising in this manner is immediately charged to profit or loss.

If an investment property becomes owner-occupied, it is reclassified as property, plant and equipment and its fair value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for accounting purposes for subsequent recording.

5.11 Financial assets

i). Initial measurement of financial asset

The Group classifies its financial assets in to following three categories:

- fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI);
- fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL); and
- measured at amortized cost.

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

ii). Subsequent measurement

Debt Investments at FVOCI: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest / markup income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On de-recognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

Equity Investments at FVOCI: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in the statement of profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets at FVTPL: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest / markup or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss

Financial assets measured at amortized cost: These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest / markup income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

iii). Non-derivative financial assets

All non-derivative financial assets are initially recognized on trade date i.e. date on which the Group becomes party to the respective contractual provisions. Non-derivative financial assets comprise loans and receivables that are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in active markets and includes trade debts, advances, other receivables and cash and cash equivalent.

The Group derecognizes the financial assets when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expires or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risk and rewards of ownership of the financial assets are transferred or it neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control over the transferred asset.

5.12 Trade debts

These are classified at amortized cost and are initially recognized when they are originated and measured at fair value of consideration receivable. These assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Actual credit loss experience over past years is used to base the calculation of expected credit loss

5.13 Settlement date accounting

All "regular way" purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the settlement date, i.e. the date on which the asset is delivered to or by the Group. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are those contracts which requires delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market.

5.14 Inventories

Inventories except for stock in transit, are stated at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined as follows:

- Raw materials are valued using weighted average method. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value and other charges incurred thereon.
- Work in process is valued at the cost of material including appropriate conversion cost.
- Finished goods are valued at cost comprising cost of materials and appropriate conversion cost.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in ordinary course of business, less estimated incidental selling cost.

5.15 Stores, spares and loose tools

Usable stores and spares are valued at the lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value, while items considered obsolete are carried at nil value. Items in transit are stated at cost comprising invoice values plus other charges incurred thereon.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in ordinary course of business, less estimated incidental selling cost.

5.16 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, cash with banks and other short term highly liquid investments (if any) that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of change in value.

5.17 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business, if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Liabilities for creditors and other costs payable are initially recognized at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and/or services, whether or not billed to the Group and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

5.18 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and intends to either settle on net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

5.19 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. However, provisions are reviewed at each statement of financial position date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

5.20 Securities purchased and sold under resale / repurchase agreements

Repurchase agreements

Investments sold with a simultaneous commitment to repurchase at a specified future date (Repo) continue to be recognized in the statement of financial position and are measured in accordance with the accounting policies for investments. Amounts received under these agreements are recorded as "securities sold under repurchase agreements" in short term borrowings. The difference between sale and repurchase price is treated as mark-up on borrowings and is accrued over the life of the Repo agreement.

Reverse repurchase agreements

Investments purchased with a corresponding commitment to resell at a specified future date (Reverse Repo) are not recognized in the statement of financial position. Amounts paid under these obligations are recorded as fund placements. The difference between purchase and resale price is treated as mark-up / interest income on placements and is accrued over the life of the reverse Repo agreement.

5.21 Mark-up bearing borrowings

Mark-up bearing borrowings are recognized initially at cost being the fair value of consideration received, less attributable transaction cost. Subsequent to the initial recognition, these are stated at amortized cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognized in the profit or loss over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

5.22 Staff retirement benefits

Defined benefit plan

The Group maintains an unfunded gratuity scheme for all its eligible employees. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method except for some subsidiaries where effect of actuarial assumption is immaterial. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income. The Group determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset), taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the period as a result of contributions and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

Lanka Securities (Private) Limited operates an gratuity plan for those employees who have completed specific period of service and provision is made annually to cover the obligations under the plan. These benefits are calculated with reference to last drawn salary and prescribed qualifying period of services of the employees.

5.23 Revenue recognition

- a) Capital gains or losses on sale of investments are recognized in the year in which they arise.
- b) Brokerage income, consultancy and money market services are recognized on accrual basis and when services are provided.
- c) Income on placements on account of continuous funding system is recognized on accrual basis.
- d) Underwriting commission is recognized as and when the contract is executed. Take up commission is recognized at the time of actual take-up.
- e) Income from bank deposits, loans and advances is recognized on accrual basis.
- f) Dividend income is recognized at the time of book closure of the company declaring the dividend.
- g) Return on securities other than shares is recognized as and when it is due on time proportion basis.
- $\textbf{h)} \hspace{1cm} \textbf{Mark-up/interest income is recognized on accrual basis.}$
- i) Investment advisory fee is accounted for on accrual basis.
- j) Revenue from sale of goods is recorded when the risks and rewards are transferred i.e. on delivery of goods to customers.
- k) Rental income is recognized on accrual basis.
- l) Revenue from printing services are accounted for at the time of acceptance of goods by the customers.
- m) Construction contracts

Revenue is recognized in accordance with the five step model by applying the following:

- Step 1: Identify the contract with a customer;
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price of the contract;
- $Step\ 4: Allocate\ the\ transaction\ price\ to\ each\ of\ the\ separate\ performance\ obligations\ in\ the\ contract; and$
- Step 5: Recognize the revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Group transfers control of a good or service over time and, therefore, satisfies a performance obligation and recognizes revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

- (i) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the group's performance as the group performs;
- (ii) the group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced;
- (iii) the group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the entity and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

For performance obligations where one of the above conditions are not met, revenue is recognized at a point in time. For sale of properties under construction, the Group's performance for contracts creates an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created and its performance does not create an asset with alternative use to the Group and it has concluded that, at all times, it has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. Accordingly, revenue for these contracts is recognized over time.

The Group measures it's progress towards satisfaction of performance obligation using an input method by reference to the cost incurred relative to the total expected inputs to the completion of the properties. The Group excludes the effect of any costs incurred that do not contribute to the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services to the customer and adjusts the input method for any costs incurred that are not proportionate to the Group's progress in satisfying the performance obligation.

Contract expenses are recognized as incurred unless they create an asset related to future contract activity. An expected loss on a contract is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

5.24 Taxation

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation of income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the year if enacted. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, to provision for tax made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the statement of financial position liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of the taxable profit. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of transaction neither affects accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each statement of financial position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse based on the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss, except in the case of items credited or charged directly to other comprehensive income or equity in which case it is included in other comprehensive income or equity.

5.25 Borrowing costs

Mark-up, interest and other charges on borrowings are capitalized upto the date of commissioning of the related property, plant and equipment acquired out of the proceeds of such borrowings. All other mark-up, interest and other charges are charged to profit in the year/period in which they are incurred.

5.26 Proposed dividend and appropriations to reserves

Dividends declared and appropriations to reserves made subsequent to the statement of financial position date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which such dividends are declared / appropriations are made.

5.27 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting structure. Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions regarding resource allocation and performance assessment.

Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Segment assets consist primarily of property, plant and equipment, intangibles, stock in trade and other debts. Segment liabilities comprise of operating liabilities.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the year to acquire property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

| 6 Property, plant and equipment | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|---------------------------------|------|----------------|----------------|
| Operating fixed assets | 6.1 | 3,915,773 | 10,518,179 |
| Capital work-in-progress | 6.2 | 255,230,106 | 255,230,106 |
| Right of use assets | 6.3 | 17,438,317 | 4,526,600 |
| | • | 276,584,196 | 270,274,885 |

.1 Operating fixed assets

| | | | | | Owned assets | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Freehold building | Construction equipment | Leasehold improvements | Plant and machinery | Computers | Office equipment | Furniture and fixture | Vehicles | Total |
| Cook | | | | | Rupees | | | | |
| Cost Balance at 01 July 2018 | 20,792,005 | 886,088 | 470,315 | 109,104,660 | 36,058,538 | 23,720,777 | 28,119,202 | 59,641,624 | 278,793,209 |
| Additions during the year | 20,792,005 | 000,000 | 470,313 | 109,104,000 | 191,392 | 522,093 | 7,632 | 39,041,024 | 721,117 |
| Disposals during the year | (20,792,005) | - | | | (1,037,170) | (1,361,627) | (1,137,513) | (13,090,685) | (37,419,000) |
| Exchange differences | (20,7 72,003) | | | | 3,606,992 | 669,201 | 2,560,174 | 2,423,927 | 9,260,294 |
| Exchange unterences | | | | | 3,000,772 | 007,201 | 2,500,171 | 2,123,727 | 5,200,251 |
| Balance at 30 June 2019 | - | 886,088 | 470,315 | 109,104,660 | 38,819,752 | 23,550,444 | 29,549,495 | 48,974,866 | 251,355,620 |
| Balance at 01 July 2019 | _ | 886,088 | 470,315 | 109,104,660 | 38,819,752 | 23,550,444 | 29,549,495 | 48,974,866 | 251,355,620 |
| Additions during the year | _ | - | | 103,101,000 | 70,245 | 16,345 | 20,510,105 | - | 86,590 |
| Disposals during the year | | - | - | (20,854,660) | (236,561) | (1,948,665) | (35,700) | (7,337,000) | (30,412,586) |
| Exchange differences | | | | (==,===,===) | (662,991) | (126,150) | (469,437) | (444,358) | (1,702,936) |
| Balance at 30 June 2020 | | 886,088 | 470,315 | 88,250,000 | 37,990,445 | 21,491,974 | 29,044,358 | 41,193,508 | 219,326,688 |
| balance at 30 June 2020 | | 880,088 | 470,313 | 88,230,000 | 37,770,443 | 21,471,774 | 27,044,330 | 41,173,300 | 217,320,000 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 01 July 2018 | 2,062,700 | 886,088 | 470,315 | 85,575,931 | 34,319,008 | 22,108,028 | 26,072,367 | 56,372,711 | 227,867,148 |
| Depreciation for the year | 173,267 | - | - | 18,888,987 | 779,010 | 451,768 | 886,022 | 1,526,016 | 22,705,070 |
| Depreciation on disposals | (2,235,967) | - | - | - | (1,037,170) | (1,166,451) | (1,048,602) | (13,033,597) | (18,521,787) |
| Exchange differences | - | - | - | - | 3,420,455 | 611,111 | 2,331,517 | 2,423,927 | 8,787,010 |
| Balance at 30 June 2019 | - | 886,088 | 470,315 | 104,464,918 | 37,481,303 | 22,004,456 | 28,241,304 | 47,289,057 | 240,837,441 |
| Balance at 01 July 2019 | _ | 886,088 | 470,315 | 104,464,918 | 37,481,303 | 22,004,456 | 28,241,304 | 47,289,057 | 240,837,441 |
| Depreciation for the year | | - | - | - | 483,695 | 401,751 | 566,308 | 511,800 | 1,963,554 |
| Depreciation on disposals | - | | - | (16,214,918) | (236,561) | (1,948,665) | (35,700) | (7,337,000) | (25,772,844) |
| Exchange differences | - | - | - | - | (628,940) | (112,508) | (431,429) | (444,359) | (1,617,236) |
| Balance at 30 June 2020 | | 886,088 | 470,315 | 88,250,000 | 37,099,497 | 20,345,034 | 28,340,483 | 40,019,498 | 215,410,915 |
| Carrying value | | | | | | | | | |
| As at 30 June 2019 | | - | - | 4,639,742 | 1,338,449 | 1,545,988 | 1,308,191 | 1,685,809 | 10,518,179 |
| As at 30 June 2020 | - | - | - | - | 890,948 | 1,146,940 | 703,875 | 1,174,010 | 3,915,773 |
| Rate of depreciation (%) | 5 | 20 | 10 | 7.5 to 20 | 33 to 50 | 10 to 12.5 | 10 to 50 | 20 to 25 | |

| 6.1.1 | Depreciation for the year has been allocated as follows: | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|--|--|-------|---|---|
| Operating and adn | ministrative expenses | 25 | 1,963,554 | 22,705,070 |
| 6.2 | Capital work-in-progress | | 1,963,554 | 22,705,070 |
| Opening balance Additions during t Disposals during t Closing balance | | 6.2.1 | 255,230,106 - - - 255,230,106 | 218,360,106 36,870,000 - 255,230,106 |

- 6.2.1 This represents advance against purchase of property in Pace Tower Gulberg, Lahore and Pace Circle, Lahore amounting to Rs 229.89 Million (2019: Rs 193.02 Million) and Rs. 25.33 Million (2019: Rs 25.33 Million) respectively. Construction work on these properties is in progress as at 30 June 2020. This includes Rs. 25.33 Million (2019: 25.33 Million) paid for purchase of leasehold property.
- 6.2.2 The Group does not hold the title of capital work in progress which includes various shops and apartments situated at Pace Tower, Gulberg and Pace Circle, Lahore. Out of this CWIP amounting Rs. 70.13 million (2019: Rs. 70.13 million) is held in the name of Pace Pakistan Limited, CWIP of Rs. 36.95 million (2019: Rs. 36.95 million) is held in the name of Mr. Liaquat Ali, , CWIP of Rs. 44.6 million (2019: Rs. 44.6 million) is held in the name of Wireless and Cable (Pvt.) Limited and CWIP amounting Rs. 25.33 million (2019: Rs. 25.33 million) is held in the name of Pace Barka Properties Limited. The title of these properties will be transferred on completion. However, the Group has complete control and possession of said property.

| 6.3 Right of use assets Leasehold Building | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|--|------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Cost Opening balance Additions during the year | | 5,683,200 20,391,767 | 5,683,200 |
| Closing balance | | 26,074,967 | 5,683,200 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | |
| Opening balance | | 1,156,600 | 979,000 |
| Charge during the year | | 7,480,050 | 177,600 |
| Closing balance | | 8,636,650 | 1,156,600 |
| Net book value | | 17,438,317 | 4,526,600 |
| Depreciation for the year has been allocated to operative and administrative expenses. | | | |
| 7 Intangible assets | | | |
| Membership cards | | 2,500,000 | 2,500,000 |
| Asset management license | | 562,519 | 62,503 |
| Total | 7.1 | 3,062,519 | 2,562,503 |
| 7.1 Movement in the intangible assets is as follows: | | | |
| Opening balance cost | | 3,250,025 | 5,750,025 |
| Addition | | 750,024 | |
| Impairment loss charged during the year | 7.2 | | (2,500,000) |
| Closing balance cost | | 4,000,049 | 3,250,025 |
| Opening Balance - Accumulated amortization | | 687,522 | 437,514 |
| Add: Amortization for the year | | 250,008 | 250,008 |
| Closing Balance - Accumulated amortization | | 937,530 | 687,522 |
| Closing balance | | 3,062,519 | 2,562,503 |

- 7.2 This represents Trading Right Entitlement Certificate (TREC) received from Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX), in accordance with the requirements of the Stock Exchanges (Corporation, demutualization and Integration) Act, 2012 (The Act). During the year, one of the subsidiary company First Capital Equities Limited decided to discontinued its brokerage operation due to which TREC is classified as held for sale as a result value of TREC is measured at lower of carrying value and fair value less cost to sale.
- 7.3 All the amortization on intangibles has been charged to profit or loss.
- $\textbf{7.4} \ \text{Group has no internally generated intangible assets.}$

| | | | 2020 | 2019 |
|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| 8 | Investment properties | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| Opening balance | | | 3,167,339,144 | 2,890,575,782 |
| Acquisition during t | the year | | 291,822,340 | 846,091,352 |
| Disposal during the | year | 8.4 & 8.8 | (291,822,340) | (869,951,782) |
| Fair value adjustme | ent | | 99,999,619 | 300,623,792 |
| Closing balance | | 8.1& 8.2 | 3,267,338,763 | 3,167,339,144 |
| | | | | |

8.1 Investment properties comprises of following:

- Property situated at Plot No. 523, Khana Kak, Service Road West near Sohan Interchange, Islamabad Express Way, Rawalpindi measuring 70,667 sqft (2019; 70,667) amounting to Rs. 421.49 Million (June 30 2019: Rs. 421.49 Million), title of this property is in name of Capital Heights (Private) Limited which will be transferred on completion of construction work although group have complete control and possession of property.
- Property comprises various shops / counters in shopping malls situated at Gujranwala and Gujrat. Properties having value of Rs. 832 Million (2019: 832 Million) having area of 28,472 sqft (2019: 28,472 sqft).
- Plot-D situated Near Rangers Headquarters Lahore Cantt, having area of 87444 Sqft (2019: 87444 sqft) and market value of Rs. 1,900 Million (2019: Rs. 1,800 Million), title of this property is in name of Pace Pakistan Limited--related party which is mortgaged against the loan facility and title will be transferred after property is released by bank although group have complete control and possession of property.
- 8.2 These includes properties amounting to Rs. 824.7 Million (2019: Rs. 824.7 Million) that are under mortgage by banks against the borrowings. In addition to above investment property amounting Rs. 1,900 Million (2019: Rs. 1,800) is mortgaged with Silk Bank Limited (Eman Islamic Banking) against diminishing musharaka agreement.
- 8.3 The direct expense relating to investment properties were Rs. 100,000 (2019: Rs. 115,000)
- 8.4 The fair value of subject investment property is based on valuation that was carried out by M/s. Negotiator, independent valuer (approved valuator on the panel of Pakistan Banking Association) as on June 30, 2020.
- 8.5 The table below analyze the non-financial assets carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels of fair value also have been defined below;

Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).

Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).

Fair value measurements

Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The following table presents the Group's investment properties that are measured at fair value at 30 June 2020.

| | at 30 June 2020 using |
|---|--|
| | significant other observable inputs (Level 2) |
| Recurring fair value measurements | Rupees |
| Investment properties | 3,267,338,763 |
| | 3,267,338,763 |
| The following table presents the Group's investment properties that are measured at fair value at 30 June 2019. | |
| | Fair value measurements at 30 June 2019 using significant other observable inputs (Level 2) |
| Recurring fair value measurements | Rupees |
| Investment properties | 3,167,339,144 |
| | 3,167,339,144 |

 $There \ are \ no \ level\ 3 \ assets \ or \ transfers \ between \ levels\ 1, 2 \ and\ 3 \ during\ 2020 \ or\ 2019.$

Level 2 fair value of investment properties have been derived using the sales comparison approach. Sale prices of comparable land and buildings in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as location, size, nature and condition of the property. The most significant input into this valuation approach is price per square foot.

8.6 Forced sale value of the investment properties are as follows:

| | | Forced sale value | | Forced s | sale value |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| | | | June | | June |
| | | Area Sq. Ft | 2020 | Area Sq. Ft | 2019 |
| Particulars | Location | | Rupees | | Rupees |
| Various shops, | Grand Trunk Road, Pace Gujrat, Gujrat | 26912 | 720,625,500 | 26912 | 720,625,500 |
| Various Shops | 'Muza dhola zari, G.T Road, Pace Shopping Mall, Gujranwala | 1560 | 28,446,300 | 1560 | 28,446,390 |
| Plot-D | Near Rangers Headquarters Lahore | 87444 | 1,710,002,398 | 87444 | 1,620,005,033 |
| 5th Floor | Pace Mall Model town Link Road Lahore | 11354 | 102,186,090 | 11354 | 102,186,090 |
| Various apartments | Plot No. 523, Khana Kak, Service Road West near Sohan Interchange, Islamabad | 70667 | 379,344,599 | 70667 | 379,342,217 |
| | | 197937 | 2,940,604,887 | 197937 | 2,850,605,230 |

8.7 Details of investment property disposed off having book value each in excess of Rs.5 Million are as follows:

During the year Company disposed investment property for Rs. 156,843,000 and Rs. 134,979,340 having book value of Rs. 139,822,340 and Rs. 152,000,000 to JS Bank Limited and WorldCall Mobile (Pvt.) Limited respectively. Mode of sale was through negotiation with buyers.

| ## Page | 9 | Investment accounted for using the equity method | | | |
|--|-------------------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| Equity held 28% (2019 x 28%) Solitor of mixer Solitor of mixer Solitor Soli | | | Note | | |
| Equity held 28% (2019 x 28%) Solitor of mixer Solitor of mixer Solitor Soli | First Canital Mu | utual Fund Limited (ECMF).Quoted | | | |
| Part | | | | | |
| Conting Cont | | | Ī | 31,369,927 | 51,812,984 |
| Media Times Limited Quoted Sp5992270 (201959.592270) ordinary shares of Rt 10 cach Sp20170 (201951.3893,000 shares) out of total shares that are pledged with various commercial busins. Pace Super Mail (Private) Limited-Unquoted Sp20170 (201951.3893,000 shares) out of total shares that are pledged with various commercial busins. Pace Super Mail (Private) Limited-Unquoted Sp20170 (201951.250) ordinary shares of Rt 10 cach Sp2 | Share of profit/(| Loss) - net of tax | 9.1 | 1,879,537 | (13,914,533) |
| Part Company | Less: Impairmen | t loss on associate investment | | - | (6,528,524) |
| Equats Part | | | <u>'</u> | 33,249,464 | 31,369,927 |
| Equats Part | Media Times Li | mited-Quoted | | | |
| Investment during the year 9,1 9,245 6,992,255 Share of lotes for the year - net of tax 9,1 9,245 Pace Super Mail (Private) Limited-Unquoted 112,250 112,500 112 | | | | | |
| Share of loss for the year - net of tax | Equity held: 3 | 3.32% (2019:33.32%) | | | |
| These includes 13,893,000 shares (2019: 13,893,000 shares) out of total shares that are pledged with various commercial business of the composed of the part of | Investment duri | ng the year | | - | 499,245 |
| Pace Super Mail (Private) Limited-Unquoted 112,500 ordinary shares of Rs 10 each 112,500 ordinary shares of Rs 10 each 112,500 | Share of loss for | the year - net of tax | 9.1 | - | (499,245) |
| 112,500 (2019: 112,500) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Equity held: 0.07% (2019: 0.07%) 112,500 112,5 | These includes 1 | 3,893,000 shares (2019: 13,893,000 shares) out of total shares that are pled | ged with various commercial ban | ks. | - |
| Pace Barks Properties Limited Unquoted 112,500 112 | Pace Super Mal | (Private) Limited-Unquoted | | | |
| Pace Barka Properties Limited-Unquoted | 11,250 (2019: 1 | 1,250) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each | | | |
| Pace Barks Properties Limited-Unquoted S4,790,561 [2019: 54,790,561] ordinary shares of Rs 10 | Equity held: 0 | 07% (2019: 0.07%) | | 112,500 | 112,500 |
| Equity helic 17.95% (2019: 17.95%) | | | | 112,500 | 112,500 |
| Equity held: 17.95% (2019: 17.95%) 469,317,404 424,237,774 5hare of (loss)/ profit for the year - net of tax 9.1 (28,123,163) (20,844,617) (30,844,617) | Pace Barka Pro | perties Limited-Unquoted | | | |
| Share of (loss) / profit for the year - net of tax | 54,790,561 (201 | 9: 54,790,561) ordinary shares of Rs 10 | | | |
| Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year 9.2 308,740 64,828,938 Share of other reserves for the year 9.3 1,829,823 1,095,309 443,332,804 469,317,404 469,317,404 Total investments accounted for using equity method 476,694,768 500,799,831 9.1 Share of (loss)/profit of associates. First Capital Mutual Fund Limited 1,879,537 (13,914,533) Media Times Limited (28,123,163) (28,446,171) Pace Barka Properties Limited 2 47,644,662 352,583,395 9.2 Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income from associates 308,740 64,828,938 First Capital Mutual Fund Limited 308,740 64,828,938 Pace Barka Properties Limited 308,740 64,828,938 Pace Barka Properties Limited 1,829,823 1,095,309 First Capital Mutual Fund Limited 1,829,823 1,095,309 Pace Barka Properties Limited 1,829,823 1,095,309 Pace Barka Properties Limited 1,829,823 1,095,3 | Equity held: 1 | 7.95% (2019: 17.95%) | | 469,317,404 | 424,237,774 |
| 1,829,823 1,959,309 1,829,823 1,959,309 1,829,823 1,959,309 1,443,332,804 469,317,404 1,443,332,804 469,317,404 1,443,332,804 469,317,404 1,443,332,804 469,317,404 1,443,332,804 469,317,404 1,443,332,804 469,317,404 1,443,332,804 469,317,404 1,443,332,804 469,317,404 1,443,332,804 1,879,537 1,391,533 1,879,537 1,391,533 1,879,537 1,391,533 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,425 1,429,423 1,429,425 | | | | | |
| Note | | | | | |
| Total investments accounted for using equity method 476,694,768 500,799,831 9.1 Share of (loss)/profit of associates. First Capital Mutual Fund Limited Media Times Limited Pace Barka Properties Limited (26,123,163) (20,344,617) (28,123,163) (20,344,617) (20,344,617) (20,243,626) (33,258,395) 9.2 Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income from associates First Capital Mutual Fund Limited Pace Barka Properties Pace B | Share of other re | serves for the year | 9.3 | | |
| 9.1 Share of (loss)/profit of associates. First Capital Mutual Fund Limited 1,879,537 (13,914,533) Media Times Limited (28,123,163) (20,844,617) Pace Barka Properties Limited (26,243,626) (35,258,395) 9.2 Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income from associates First Capital Mutual Fund Limited 2 308,740 64,828,938 Pace Barka Properties Limited 308,740 64,828,938 9.3 Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income from associates First Capital Mutual Fund Limited 2 308,740 64,828,938 Media Times Limited 1,829,823 1,095,309 Media Times Limited 1,829,823 1,095,309 Pace Barka Properties Limited 1,829,823 1,095,309 Pace Barka Properties Limited Note 2020 2019 Rupes Pace Barka Properties Limited Note 2020 2019 Rupes Pace Barka Properties Limited Note | | | | , | , |
| First Capital Mutual Fund Limited (1,919,537) Media Times Limited (2,9123,163) Pace Barka Properties Limited (2,8123,163) 9.2 Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income from associates First Capital Mutual Fund Limited (3,00,000) Media Times Limited (3,000) Media | Total investmen | nts accounted for using equity method | | 476,694,768 | 500,799,831 |
| Media Times Limited (499,245) Pace Barka Properties Limited (28,123,163) (20,844,617) 9.2 Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income from associates First Capital Mutual Fund Limited 2 308,740 64,828,938 Media Times Limited 308,740 64,828,938 Pace Barka Properties Limited 308,740 64,828,938 First Capital Mutual Fund Limited 2 2 Media Times Limited 2 2 Media Times Limited 1,829,823 1,095,309 Media Times Limited 1,829,823 1,095,309 Pace Barka Properties Limited 1,829,823 1,095,309 Pace Barka Properties Limited 1,829,823 1,095,309 Media Times Limited 1,829,823 2,095,309 Media Times Limited 1,829,823 2,095,309 Media Times Limited 1,829,823 1,095,309 Media Times Limited 2020 2019 Rupees Media Times Limited | 9.1 | Share of (loss)/profit of associates. | | | |
| Pace Barka Properties Limited (28,123,163) (20,844,617) | | | | 1,879,537 | |
| 9.2 Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income from associates First Capital Mutual Fund Limited C <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(28,123,163)</td> <td></td> | | | | (28,123,163) | |
| First Capital Mutual Fund Limited Media Times Limited Pace Barka Properties Limited 9,3 Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income from associates First Capital Mutual Fund Limited Media Times Limited First Capital Mutual Fund Limited Media Times Limited Pace Barka Properties Limited Pace Barka Propertie | | | | | |
| Media Times Limited 308,740 64,828,938 Pace Barka Properties Limited 308,740 64,828,938 P. Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income from associates First Capital Mutual Fund Limited C C Media Times Limited C C Media Times Limited C C Pace Barka Properties Limited 1,829,823 1,095,309 P. Saperties Limited 1,829,823 1,095,309 9.4 Refer note 38.5 for summarized financial information for associates accounted for using equity method. Note 2020 2019 Rupees 10 Long term investments | 9.2 | Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income from associates | | | |
| Pace Barka Properties Limited 308,740 64,828,938 9.3 Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income from associates First Capital Mutual Fund Limited C < | - | | | - | - |
| 9.3 Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income from associates 308,740 64,828,938 First Capital Mutual Fund Limited | | | | 308.740 | 64.828.938 |
| First Capital Mutual Fund Limited | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| Media Times Limited 1,829,823 1,953,309 Pace Barka Properties Limited 1,829,823 1,095,309 9.4 Refer note 38.5 for summarized financial information for associates accounted for using equity method. Note 2020 2019 Rupees Rupees 10 Long term investments | | | | | |
| Pace Barka Properties Limited 1,829,823 1,095,309 9.4 Refer note 38.5 for summarized financial information for associates accounted for using equity method. Note 2020 2019 Rupees Rupees Rupees | - | | | - | - |
| 9.4 Refer note 38.5 for summarized financial information for associates accounted for using equity method. Note 2020 2019 Rupees Rupees 10 Long term investments | | | | 1,829,823 | 1,095,309 |
| Note 2020 2019 Rupees Rupees 10 Long term investments | | | : | 1,829,823 | 1,095,309 |
| Rupees 10 Long term investments | 9.4 | Refer note 38.5 for summarized financial information for associates account | inted for using equity method. | | |
| 10 Long term investments | | | Note | | |
| Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited 10.1 10,706,385 14,058,889 | 10 | Long term investments | | кирееѕ | кирееs |
| | Pakistan Stock E | xchange Limited | 10.1 | 10,706,385 | 14,058,889 |

10.1 Movement of long term Investments

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | |
|---|---------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | Number | Number of shares | | Rupees | |
| Opening balance | 1,081,453 | 1,172,953 | 14,058,889 | 23,165,822 | |
| Addition | - | - | • | - | |
| Deletion | - | (91,500) | • | (1,807,125) | |
| Closing | 1,081,453 | 1,081,453 | 14,058,889 | 21,358,697 | |
| | | | | | |
| Remeasurement of carrying value of 10 | .2 1,081,453 | 1,081,453 | 10,706,385 | 14,058,889 | |
| shares | | | | | |
| Unrealized (loss)/gain charged to P&L/OCI | | | (3,352,504) | (7,299,808) | |
| | | | | | |
| Sale proceeds from the disposal | | | | (1,478,600) | |
| Carrying value of shares sold during the year | | | - | (1,807,125) | |
| Capital gain realized | | | - | 328,525 | |

 $10.2 \quad \text{Shares having value of Rs. 10,703,821/- (2019: Rs. 14,055,522/-) are freeze against Base Minimum Capital with Pakistan Stock Exchange.} \\$

Level 1 inputs i.e. Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for these shares are used for recurring measurement of fair value.

| 11 Long term deposits and advances - considered good | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|--|------|----------------|----------------|
| Security deposits with: | | | |
| - Central Depository Company (CDC) | | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| - Others | | 37,500 | 352,300 |
| - Fix Deposit in Colombo stock exchange | | 4,016,365 | 3,228,069 |
| - Retention money | 11.1 | 9,012,233 | 9,012,233 |
| | | 13,166,098 | 12,692,602 |

11.1 This represents money retained by Pace Barka Properties Limited (Associate Company) at 5% of contract work on account of interim payment certificates (IPCs) raised regarding work done on the Pace Circle Project. The maximum amount outstanding at any time during the year calculated by reference to month end balances is Rs. 9.02 Million (2019: 9.02 Million).

| 12 | Deferred tax | Note | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|--------------------------|------|------------|-----------|
| This comprises of the following: | | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| Deferred tax liability in respect of gain on investment property 20,000,275 - | | | | - |
| Deferred tax liabil | ity in respect of others | | 1,025,105 | 1,402,020 |
| Defer tax liability | | 12.2 | 21,025,380 | 1,402,020 |

- 12.1 The Group has a unrecognized deferred tax asset amounting to Rs. 525.95 Million (2019: Rs. 521.48 Million) arising on unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences. Tax losses will be carried forward for six years only, in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. However as sufficient taxable profits may not be available in foreseeable future, to recognise this defer tax asset in consolidated financial statement.
- $12.2 \quad This includes deferred tax liability relating to Lanka Securities (Private) Limited subsidiary Company. The same falls under the regulation of different tax authority. The same falls under the regulation of different tax authority. The same falls under the regulation of different tax authority. The same falls under the regulation of different tax authority. The same falls under the regulation of different tax authority. The same falls under the regulation of different tax authority. The same falls under the regulation of different tax authority. The same falls under the regulation of different tax authority. The same falls under the regulation of different tax authority. The same falls under the regulation of different tax authority. The same falls under the regulation of different tax authority. The same falls under the regulation of different tax authority. The same falls under the regulation of different tax authority. The same falls under the regulation of different tax authority. The same falls under the regulation of the regu$
- 12.3 Increase in deferred tax liability is due to derecognition of deferred tax asset by parent company and origination of taxable temporary differences.

| | | | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|------------------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|
| 13 | Trade debts | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| Money market re | ceivables: | | | |
| Unsecured - consi | dered good | | 809,746 | 1,528,578 |
| Receivables agai | nst purchase of shares by clients: | | | |
| Unsecured - consi | dered good | | 175,619,165 | 252,741,664 |
| Unsecured - consi | dered doubtful | | 271,851,411 | 194,991,316 |
| | | | 447,470,576 | 447,732,980 |
| Receivable against professional services rendered: | | | | |
| Related Parties - u | nsecured, considered good | 13.1 | 16,941,168 | 21,945,577 |

| Others: | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|---|------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Unsecured - considered good Unsecured - considered doubtful | | 368,960,532 1,143,540 370,104,072 | 103,921,928 523,093 104,445,021 |
| | | 835,325,562 | 575,652,156 |
| Less: provision for doubtful debts | 13.2 | (272,994,951) 562,330,611 | (195,514,409) 380,137,747 |

13.1 This includes asset management fee amounting to Rs 4,117,968 (2019: Rs. 4,109,733) receivable from First Capital Mutual Fund, an associated company. This also includes receivable from Media Times Limited, an associated amounting to Rs 9,000,000 (2019: Rs 12,133,829). This also includes receivable from Pace Barka Properties Limited, an associated amounting to Rs 3,823,200 (2019: Rs. 5,702,014). Maximum aggregate balance is same as closing.

| 13.2 Provision for doubtful debts | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| Opening balance | | 195,514,409 | 169,318,095 |
| Charge for the year | 25 | 77,480,542 | 26,923,590 |
| Bad debts written off | | - | (727,276) |
| Closing balance | - | 272,994,951 | 195,514,409 |

13.3 During the year the board of directors of the subsidiaries First Capital Equities Limited and Lanka Securities (Pvt.) Ltd. charged provision against the receivable balances of debtors which are considered doubtful amounting Rs. 76.8 Million (2019: Rs. 25.9 Million) and Rs. 0.6 Million (2019: Rs. 0.9 Million) respectively.

| 14 Loans, advances and other receivables | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|--|------|----------------|----------------|
| Considered good | | | |
| Advances to employees: | | | |
| - Executives | 14.1 | 124,000 | 370,871 |
| - Others | | 3,099,556 | 6,871,882 |
| | | 3,223,556 | 7,242,753 |
| Unsecured - considered good | | | |
| Due from associated companies | 14.2 | 92,367,387 | 17,308,618 |
| Stock exchanges | 14.3 | 4,300,000 | 4,843,935 |
| Advance to supplier | 14.4 | 151,159,444 | 181,778,364 |
| Receivable against sale of investment property | 14.5 | 469,755,657 | 549,045,729 |
| Other | | 10,768,263 | 10,741,792 |
| | | 731,574,307 | 770,961,191 |
| | | | |

^{14.1} This doses not include any loan, advance given to Chief executive or Directors.

^{14.2} This include receivable from Media Time Limited given as advance in the normal course of business amounting Rs 1,200,080 (2019: Rs 1,700,080) maximum aggregate balance on month end basis is Rs. 1,700,800 (2019: Rs 1,700,080). This includes receivable from First Capital Mutual Fund amounting Rs. 107,430 (2019: Rs. Rs. 121,649) against dividend and expense sharing and maximum aggregate is also same No collateral is available against this balance. This also includes Rs. 91.05 Million (2019: Rs. 15.48 Million) receivable from Pace Barka Properties Limited against construction contract and maximum aggregate is also same.

^{14.3} This includes exposure deposit with the National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited under the exposure rules. This includes Rs. 4,300,000/ (2019: Rs. 4,300,000/-) deposited with PSX against requirement of Base Minimum Capital.

^{14.4} This includes amount due with respect to HVAC works and with respect to purchase of vertical transportation system at Pace Circle Project. The advance includes partial payment in kind through transfer of properties.

14.5 This includes receivable against sale of investment property amounting Rs. 291.03 Million (2019: Rs. 332.27 Million) from Worldcall Mobile (Pvt.) Limited. Group retains title of the property transferred as collateral against receivable balance. This also includes Rs. 178.71 Million (2019: Rs. 213.5 Million) receivable from Pace Pakistan Limited -- Related party against sale of investment property no collateral is available against this and maximum aggregate balance during the year is Rs. 213.5 Million (2019: Rs. 213.5 Million) calculated on month end basis.

| 15 Short term investments | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|--|------|----------------|----------------|
| Term deposits | 15.1 | 167,552,014 | 244,428,356 |
| Investments at fair value through profit or loss | 15.2 | 87,397,874 | 70,268,884 |
| | | 254,949,888 | 314,697,240 |

15.1 This represents investment in fixed deposits and repo with Bank of Ceylon related party. The maximum amount outstanding at any time during the year calculated by reference to month end balances is Rs. 167.5 Million (2019: 224.4 Million).

| 15.2 Invest | ments at fair value through profit or loss | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|------------------------------|--|--------|----------------|----------------|
| Carrying value at 30 June: | | | | |
| - Related parties | | 15.2.1 | 66,980,791 | 110,611,739 |
| - Others | | 15.2.2 | 7,392,138 | 15,311,023 |
| | | | 74,372,929 | 125,922,762 |
| Unrealized (loss)/gain on re | emeasurement of | | | |
| investments during the y | ear | | 13,024,945 | (55,653,878) |
| | | | 87,397,874 | 70,268,884 |
| Fair value of investments at | fair value through | | | |
| profit or loss at 30 June of | omprises of: | | | |
| - Related parties | | 15.2.1 | 79,252,548 | 62,876,746 |
| - Others | | 15.2.2 | 8,145,326 | 7,392,138 |
| | | | 87,397,874 | 70,268,884 |

15.2.1 Investments at fair value through profit and loss - related parties

| | Note | Shares/I | Units | Carrying va | alue | Fair val | ue | Percentage l | holding |
|---|------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|---------|
| | | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | Numb | er | Rupees | | Rupee | s | % | % |
| Real estate investment and services | | | | | | | | | |
| Pace (Pakistan) Limited - associated company | | 14,638,176 | 14,638,176 | 21,664,500 | 49,561,538 | 30,886,551 | 21,664,500 | 5.25% | 5.25% |
| Mutual funds | | | | | | | | | |
| First Capital Mutual Fund Limited - associate | | 7,621,133 | 6,615,340 | 45,316,291 | 61,050,201 | 48,365,997 | 41,212,246 | 46.00% | 42.31% |
| | | | - - | 66,980,791 | 110,611,739 | 79,252,548 | 62,876,746 | | |

15.2.2 Investments at fair value through profit and loss - others

| | _ | Shares | | Carrying value | | Fair value | |
|------------------------------------|--------|-----------|-----------|----------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| | _ | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | - | Numbe | er | Rupees- | | Rupee | s |
| Insurance | | | | | | | |
| Shaheen Insurance Company Limited | | 849,329 | 849,329 | 3,142,517 | 4,331,578 | 2,573,467 | 3,142,517 |
| PICIC Insurance Limited | | 32,000 | 32,000 | 36,800 | 70,400 | 22,720 | 36,800 |
| Investment Banks | | | | | | | |
| Arif Habib Limited | | 120 | 120 | 3,796 | 6,100 | 3,904 | 3,796 |
| Cement | | | | | | | |
| Pioneer Cement Limited | | 11,000 | 11,000 | 249,150 | 515,460 | 693,440 | 249,150 |
| D.G Khan Cement Limited | | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Service Industry | | | | | | | |
| Pakistan Service Industry | | 80 | 80 | 81,600 | 80,820 | 79,200 | 81,600 |
| Telecommunication | | | | | | | |
| Worldcall Telecom Limited | 15.2.4 | 5,138,707 | 5,138,707 | 3,597,095 | 9,917,705 | 4,470,675 | 3,597,095 |
| Pakistan Telecommunication Limited | | 34,000 | 34,000 | 281,180 | 388,960 | 301,920 | 281,180 |
| | 15.2.3 | | | 7,392,138 | 15,311,023 | 8,145,326 | 7,392,138 |

- 15.2.3 Shares having carrying amount of Rs. 19,477,666/- (2019: Rs. 45,840,496/-) and market value of Rs. 26,624,222/- (2019: 22,037,629/-) are pledged as security against long term loans.
- 15.2.4 This includes 4,220,677 (2019: 4,220,677) shares held under lien as security by National Accountability Bureau (NAB). These shares are held in possession of NAB. Refer to note 25.1.2
- 15.2.5 During the year Group sold investments having carrying value Rs. Nil (2019: Rs. 18,538,686) and realized loss of Rs. Nil (2019: Rs. 289,976).
- 15.2.6 Level 1 inputs i.e. Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for these shares are used for recurring measurement of fair value.

| 16 | Cash and bank balances | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|--------------|---|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Cash in hand | | | 151,055 | 160,184 |
| - Current ac | counts - local and foreign currency | 16.1 | 502,488 | 3,360,779 |
| - Saving acc | ounts - local and foreign currency | 16.2 | 47,318,052 | 57,870,737 |
| | | | 47,820,540 | 61,231,516 |
| | | | 47,971,595 | 61,391,700 |
| 16.1 This | includes Sri Lankan Rupees amounting to LKR. 6,797,047 (2019: | LKR. 7,726,084). | | |

16.2 The deposit accounts carry mark-up at rates ranging from 2% to 13% (2019: 2% to 13%) per annum.

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| 17 Trade and other payables | | |
| Trade creditors 17.1 | 547,814,261 | 342,545,370 |
| | | |
| Accrued liabilities 17.2 | 114,855,611 | 79,040,829 |
| Advances from customers 17.3 | 678,760 | 678,760 |
| Payable against purchase of property 17.4 | 121,503,463 | 6,681,123 |
| Sales tax | 102,842 | 89,920 |
| Federal excise duty 17.5 | 3,786,830 | 3,786,830 |
| Security deposit of shopkeepers | 486,660 | 486,660 |
| Withholding tax | 26,955,371 | 25,353,244 |
| Other liabilities 17.6 | 24,165,941 | 24,863,908 |
| Contract liability 17.7 | | 22,969,192 |
| | 840,349,739 | 506,495,836 |

17.1 Trade creditors include following balances payable in ordinary course of business to associates:

| | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|-------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Pace Barka Properties Limited | 123,926,176 | 123,926,176 |
| Pace (Pakistan) Limited | 74,987,591 | 65,386,302 |
| | 198,913,767 | 189,312,478 |

17.2 This includes payable amounting Rs 949,424 (2019: Rs. 196,300) to Media Times Limited, an associated company against printing and advertisement by one of the subsidiary of the company and balance amounting Rs. 2,556,043 (2019: Rs 1,215,705) to Chief Executive of one of the subsidiary on account of salary and expenses. This also includes Rs. 196,300 (2019: Rs. 196,300) to Media Times Limited against advertisement expense. This includes payable amounting Rs. 132,191 (2019: Rs. 132,191) to Pace Pakistan Limited, an associated company against purchase of vehicle by one of the subsidiary of the company

17.3 This includes Rs. 85,790 (2019: 85,790) payable to Pace Barka Properties Limited against printing advance.

17.4 This includes Rs. 121.5 Million (2019: Rs. 6.68 Million) payable to Pace Pakistan Limited, an associated company against purchase of properties in Pace Fortress Stadium, and Near Ranger headquarters Lahore and Pace Tower, Gulberg Lahore.

| 17.5 Federal Excise Duty (FED): | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|---------------------------------|--------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Opening balance | | | |
| - Related to asset management | 17.5.1 | 3,713,207 | 3,713,207 |
| - Other | | 73,623 | 73,623 |
| Closing balance | | 3,786,830 | 3,786,830 |

17.5.1 As per requirement of the Finance Act, 2013, the Federal Excise Duty (FED) at the rate of 16% on the remuneration of management company has been applied effectively from 13 June 2013. The subsidiary is of the view that since the remuneration is already subject to the provincial sales tax, further levy of FED may result in double taxation, which does not appear to be the spirit of the law. A stay order against the collection has been granted by the Honourable Sindh High Court on a petition filed by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) as on 04 September 2013.

On 30 June 2016 the Honourable Sindh High Court of Pakistan passed a Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of FED after 1 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. Further, subsequent to the yearend Finance Act 2018 has excluded the asset management companies from levy of FED with effect from 01 July 2016 where provinces have levied their respective provincial sales

In view of uncertainty regarding the applicability of FED on asset management services, the management as a matter of abundant caution, has not reversed the provision of FED and related sales tax impact amounting to Rs 3.713 million (2019: Rs 3.713 million) as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honourable Sindh High Court of Pakistan.

17.6 This includes Rs 18,043,865 (2019: Rs 16,351,751) payable by Parent Company in respect of final settlements of employees who have left the company.

This also includes amount Rs. 211,363 (2019: Rs. 211,363) payable to First Capital Mutual Fund a fund managed by FCIL a subsidiary company and Rs. 1,573,950 (2019: Rs. 866,190) to

17.7 This includes payable amounting Rs. Nil (2019: 22.6 Million) to Pace Barka Properties Limited and Pace Pakistan Limited respectively, against construction contracts.

| 18 | Long term loans - secured | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Term finance facili | ities | | 3,322,490,824 | 3,158,217,101 |
| Deferred notional | income | 18.1 | - | (2,067,417) |
| Accrued mark-up | classified as long term | | - | 82,292,865 |
| | | - | 3,322,490,824 | 3,238,442,549 |
| Current portion | | 18.2 | (3,077,036,279) | (2,690,131,432) |
| | | 18.3 | 245,454,545 | 548,311,117 |

18.1 This represents the difference between amortization cost and carrying value and restructuring of long term loans. Amortized cost has been determined using effective interest rate upto 12.29% (2019: upto 12.29%) per annum based on the original loan agreements.. Movement is as follows:

| | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Deferred notional income | | |
| Opening balance | 2,067,417 | 42,695,331 |
| Amortized during the year | (2,067,417) | (40,627,914) |
| Closing balance | | 2,067,417 |

18.2 This includes loan obtained from United Bank Limited (UBL) with an original mark up rates of 8% (2019: 8%) by one of the subsidiary First Capital Equities Limited. But owing to the negotiations with the bank the markup on this loan was frozen. The management of the Company is in negotiation with UBL and are confident that this loan will be settled against property as previously done on favorable terms. The bank has granted extension to the Company for settlement of loan till December 31, 2020.

During the year parent company failed to fulfil its obligation under diminishing musharka agreement and recognized penalty payable till June 30, 2020 on the rental due at the rate of 6 month KIBOR (ask side) plus 5% per annum calculated on daily basis. The parent company was unable to pay the rental due against the use of diminishing musharka asset. Consequences of the default are as follows:

- Bank have a right to issue written notice to FCSCL to terminate the agreement and repossess the diminishing musharka asset;
- Bank can enforce FCSC to fulfil its obligation under purchase agreement of musharka asset and
- Bank have a right to demand accrued & unpaid rent and supplementary rent.

This payable is charged by the way of hypothecation over following assets:

- Diminishing Mushrka Asset
- Current assets of the parent company

18.3 During the year one of the subsidiary First Capital Equities Limited settled loan of JS Bank Limited amounting Rs. 156.8 Million. The interest accrued on loan amounting Rs. 78.5 Million is waived off as per the settlement agreement.

| 19 Lease liability | | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|---|---|-----------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Present value of minimum lease payn Less: Current portion of lease liabiliti | | - | 13,748,199 (6,572,471) 7,175,728 | - - - |
| Maturity analysis Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year | | - - | 6,572,471 8,831,232 15,403,703 | - - - |
| 19 Staff retirement | benefits | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
| Amount recognized in the statemen | nt of financial position is as follows: | | | |
| Present value of defined benefit oblig Accumulating compensated absences | | 19.1 - | 24,867,436 1,190,549 26,057,985 | 28,980,859 1,190,549 30,171,408 |
| 19.1 Movement in n | et obligation | | | |
| Liability at 01 July | | | 28,980,859 | 66,231,435 |
| Expense charged to profit or loss account Remeasurements charged in other | | 19.2 | 3,467,465 | 10,395,833 |
| comprehensive income | | 19.3 | (5,057,338) | (3,853,354) |
| Benefits payable transferred to short term liability | | | (1,704,370) | (4,675,726) |
| Benefits paid during the year | | | (819,180) | (39,117,329) |
| Liability at 30 June | | - = | 24,867,436 | 28,980,859 |
| 19.2 Charged to pro | fit or loss | | | |
| Current service cost Interest cost | | | 2,752,565 714,900 | 9,662,502 733,331 |
| | | - - | 3,467,465 | 10,395,833 |

| 19.3 | Charged to other comprehensive income | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Changes in fir Experience ac | nancial assumptions djustments | | (102,191) (4,955,147) | (585,363) (3,267,991) |
| | | | (5.057.338) | (3.853.354) |

The latest valuation of defined benefit obligation was conducted by Nauman Associates (consulting actuaries) except for Lanka Securities (Private) Limited and Evergreen Water Valley (Private) Limited as of 30 June 2020. Significant actuarial assumptions are as follows:

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|-----------|--------------|-------------|
| Discount rate | Per annum | up to 14.25% | up to 11.5% |
| Discount rate used for year-end obligation | Per annum | up to 10.5% | up to 11.5% |
| Expected rate of salary increase in future years | Per annum | up to 10% | up to 10% |

20 Contingencies and commitments

20.1 Contingencies

Parent Company

- The senior management of the Company was contacted by 'National Accountability Bureau' (NAB) dated June 22,2002 in respect of certain transactions in FIB carried out by the Company related to Workers Welfare Fund ("WWF") during the year 1999. On review of related records and information and discussions with the senior management, National Accountability Bureau's investigation concluded that two employees of the Company had colluded with WWF officials to defraud WWF. On this basis, National Accountability Bureau required the Company to pay or guarantee to pay on account of WWF a sum of Rs. 46 Million in view that public funds were involved and it was the Company's vicarious liability. The Company had paid National Accountability Bureau an amount of Rs. 13.8 Million and had provided adequate security against the balance amount recovered from the parties involved. National Accountability Bureau had recovered Rs 12.127 million from various parties involved and informed that Company's liability stands reduced by the said amount. The Company had also paid an amount of Rs 10 million as full and final settlement during the financial year ended 30 June 2004. Thus a sum of Rs 23.8 million as discussed above has so far been written off in the Company's accounts. However, the Bureau has again raised a demand of Rs. 10 million, which remains un-recovered from various parties involved. The Company has informed National Accountability Bureau that the said amount is not payable. The Company has also lodged a counter claim for sums paid to National Accountability Bureau, which were actually siphoned by the employees of WWF and other parties involved. The instant writ petition was disposed of with direction to the respondents / National Accountability Bureau authorities that they shall hear the petitioner and decide the matter in accordance with law expeditiously. The Company is confident of its favorable outcome, therefore no provision has been made in the financial statements.
- 20.1.2 During financial year 1998-1999, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") raised a demand of Rs. 0.8 Million in respect of tenderable gain under section 224 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in respect of purchase and sale of shares of Shaheen Insurance Company Limited. Appellate Bench of SECP passed an order against the Company. The Company filed an appeal in Lahore High Court against the order of the Appellate Bench of SECP, which has been decided in favor of the Company. SECP had filed an appeal in the Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment of the Honorable Lahore High Court. The Appeal has resulted in remand of the proceedings to the Lahore High Court; by the Honorable Supreme Court vide order dated 29.04.2010. The matter will be re-decided by the Lahore High Court. Honorable Lahore High Court passed an order dated 20-05-2015 to issue notices to the Appellants and consigned the appeal to record. In stated proceedings, Company has engaged a new Counsel who has filed Application for restoration of the stated Appeal and matter is pending before Lahore High Court. Management considers that there are strong grounds to support the Company's stance and is hopeful for a favorable decision. Consequently, no provision has been made in these financial statements for this amount.
- 20.1.3 CTR No. 14/2002 reference has been directed against the judgment of ITAT dated 03.02.2001 whereby the order passed under 66 A of the Income Tax Ordinance, 1979, for the assessment years 1995-1996, by IAC of the Income tax Range III, Companies Zone II, Lahore has been affirmed. The C.T.R is now pending before the Honorable Lahore High Court and is to be heard along with other identical matters. There is likelihood of a favorable decision in favor of Company in as much as said order is in conflict with earlier judgments of the superior courts. The case has to be fixed by office of the Honorable Lahore High Court Lahore.
- 20.1.4 The Income Tax Appellate Tribunal Lahore vide its Order dated 19th November 2008 for Assessment Year 1996-1997, 1999-2000, 2001-2001,2002-2003, Tax Year 2003 and 2004 held that allocation of expense cannot be made against Capital Gain. During the preceding year Tax References No. PTR 131/09 to 140/09 filed by the Tax Department against order of Income Tax Appellate Tribunal Lahore dated 19th November 2008. The Honorable Lahore High Court vide its order dated 10th March 2015 accepted the references filed by department for the above mentioned years, and cases were remanded back to Income Tax Appellate Tribunal Lahore. The Company has preferred CPLAs before the August Supreme Court against the Orders passed by the Lahore High Court Lahore in all Tax References Nos. PTR 131/09 to 140/09. The Company is confident of a favorable decision in the matter.
- During the year 2014-2015, Shaheen Insurance Company Limited has filed a suit against the Company, First Capital Equities Limited, Pace (Pakistan) Limited, World Press (Pvt.) Limited, Trident Construct (Pvt.) Limited and Media Times Limited on April 24, 2015 for the cumulative recovery of Rs. 188.74 Million from the Company or alternatively recovery of Rs. 0.513 Million from the Company against insurance premium. The case is pending before the honourable court of Mr. Imran Khan, Civil Judge Lahore. The legal counsel is confident of success of the case in company's favor.
- 20.1.6 During the year 2017-2018, Al-Hoqani Securities & Investment Corporation (Pvt.) Ltd has filed suit against the Company, First Capital Equities Limited, Pace Barka Properties Limited, Mr. Azhar Ahmed Batla, Mrs. Amna Taseer and Adamjee Assurance Company Limited on May 14, 2018 for the recovery of Rs. 76,304,380 along with markup of 10% from March 15, 2012 to date. Plaintiff claims that they have an unsettled charge against property located at Clifton Karachi owned by Pace Barka Properties Limited (previously owned by First Capital Equities Limited). As per Pace Barka Properties Limited this claim is unlawful and no such charge exists on this property. The case is pending before the honorable High Court of Sindh. The legal counsel is confident of success of the case in company's favor.
- 20.1.7 During the current year, company have failed to fulfill its obligation under diminishing musharka agreement for rental payment. As a consequence Company might be asked for to pay the termination amount (accrued and unpaid rent, supplementary rent), until the date of approval of these financial statements no such notice have been received from Bank. As per management's opinion there is no other adverse consequences on the company except payment of unpaid and accrued rentals which is already classified and current liability. Refer note 21 for detail.

First Capital Equities Limited (the subsidiary company)

- 20.1.8 During the year 2007-08, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) served a show cause notice to the Company under Section 4 & 5 of Listed Companies (Substantial Acquisition of Voting shares and Takeovers) Ordinance 2002, alleging that the Company has facilitated certain investors in acquisition of approximately 39% shares of Haseeb Waqas Sugar Mills Limited. The Company has submitted its reply to the show cause notice to the SECP. SECP has decided the case and has imposed a fine of Rs. 500,000/- on the Company on April 17, 2009. The Company has filed an appeal in Appellate Tribunal SECP against the aforesaid order and as a result the order was set aside by Tribunal on December 03, 2015 with an instructions to initiate fresh proceedings as per law.
- 20.1.9 During the year 2008-09, M/s Savari (Pvt.) Limited, Muhammad Rafi Khan, Muhammad Shafi Khan and Aura (Pvt.) Limited, the clients of the Company has defaulted to pay their debts Rs. 239,900,022/-. The Company has filed a suit on February 01, 2009 in Civil Court, Lahore for recovery from these clients. The Management is confident that company would be able to recover the above stated debt.
- During the year 2009-10 the Company has lodged a complaint to Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan on September 10, 2009 for taking appropriate action against the Universal Equities (Pvt.) Limited for dishonored cheque of Rs. 1,000,000/- tendered as part payment towards its outstanding liability by Universal Equities (Pvt.) Limited by the Company and for recovery of Rs. 25.20 million till February 2010. The Universal Equities (Pvt.) Limited has filed a suit for permanent injunction alleging therein that the Company be directed not to initiate criminal proceedings against the dishonored cheque. The Learned Trail Court has declined to issue injunctive order in this regard against the Company. The Learned Appellate Court has also turned down the request of the Universal Equities ((Pvt.)) Limited to interfere in the order of the Learned Trail Court passed in favor of the Company. Later on the civil suit filed by the Universal Equities (Pvt.) Limited was dismissed by the court. However the company has also filed an application on June 20, 2011 for winding up the Universal Equities (Pvt.) Limited before the honorable Lahore High Court Lahore. Which is pending before the High Court and the company is confident of a favorable decision in the case.
- During the year 2010-11, the JS Bank Limited demanded immediate repayment of outstanding liabilities in relation to finance facilities availed by the Company and a Notice U/s 176 of the "Contract Act 1872" was served to the Company by the JS Bank whereby selling of all pledged securities was threatened if the outstanding liability was not discharged. The Company has filed a suit on February 03, 2011 before the Sindh High Court at Karachi under the original banking jurisdiction for recovery of an aggregate amount of Rs. 318,915,192/- on account of actual losses and accrued damages against the JS Bank Limited for charging the exorbitant interest rate and unilaterally changing the margin requirements of the securities pledged with JS Bank Limited and alleged sale of some of pledged securities. The Company has raised strong legal and factual objections in respect to the threatened sale of the pledged securities and has obtained an injunctive order whereby the JS Bank Limited has been restrained from selling the securities pledged by the Company. The mark up portion claimed by the bank is Rs. 82.29 million. The court may also award the cost of fund together with cost of suit, if the case is decided against the company. During the year the Company entered in to a settlement agreement with Bank and settled its loan liability and the legal case is in process of withdrawal.
- 20.1.12 A case was filed in the Sindh High Court on May 19, 2009 for the Recovery of Rs. 5,161,670 along further mark up of 20 % from the date of suit till realization against loss on trading of shares from Mr. Nazimuddin Siddique who act as agent of the Company under brokerage agency agreement. Legal counsel is confident about the recoverability of balance but adopting conservative approach management decided to provide provision against this balance.
- 20.1.13 In the year 2014-15, the Company was contesting the case with Askari Bank Limited in the Honourable High Courts of Sindh and Lahore filed on February 04, 2014, in which PLA to defend the cases has been filed by the Company. The Company has also lodged counter claim and claim damages from Askari Bank Limited. During the year Company entered in to a settlement agreement with Askari Bank Limited and Company disposed the counter claim while the Bank agreed to withdraw the original case as per the settlement agreement.
- 20.1.14 During the year 2014-2015, Shaheen Insurance Company Limited has filed a suit against the Company, First Capital Securities Corporation Limited, Pace (Pakistan) Limited, World Press (Pvt.) Limited, Trident Construct (Pvt.) Limited and Media Times Limited on April 24, 2015 for the cumulative recovery of Rs. 188.74 Million from First Capital Securities Corporation Limited or alternatively recovery of Rs. 105.78 Million from the Company against reverse repo purchase transaction and insurance premium. The case is pending before the honorable court of Mr. Imran Khan, Civil Judge Lahore. The legal counsel is confident of success of the case in company's favor.
- 20.1.15 During the year 2016-17, Soneri Bank Limited has filed suit against the company on May 27, 2016 for recovery of Rs. 148,342,600/- under section 9 of the Financial Institution (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance 2001. Leave to defend application has been filed and is pending before the honorable High Court of Sindh. The Company entered in debt property swap agreement with Bank, as per settlement agreement negotiated the Bank agrees to withdraw this case on settlement of agreed liability.
- 20.1.16 During the year 2016-17, JS Bank Limited has filed suit against the company on May 05, 2018 for recovery of Rs. 234,484,862/- under section 9 of the Financial Institution (Recovery of Finances) Ordinance 2001. Leave to defend application has been filed and is pending before the honorable High Court of Sindh. During the year the Company entered in to a settlement agreement with Bank and settled its loan liability and the legal case is in process of withdrawal.
- 20.1.17 During the year 2017-2018, Al-Hoqani Securities & Investment Corporation (Pvt.) Ltd has filed suit against the Company, First Capital Securities Corporation Limited, Pace Barka Properties Limited, Mr. Azhar Ahmed Batla, Mrs. Amna Taseer and Adamjee Assurance Company Limited on May 14, 2018 for the recovery of Rs. 76,304,380 along with markup of 10% from March 15, 2012 to date. Plaintiff claims that they have an unsettled charge against property located at Clifton Karachi owned by Pace Barka Properties Limited (previously owned by First Capital Equities Limited). As per Pace Barka Properties Limited this claim is unlawful and no such charge exists on this property. The case is pending before the honorable High Court of Sindh. The legal counsel is confident of success of the case in company's favor.
- During the year ending June 2018 a complaint was filed by Mr. David Williams Jeans before the Learned Judge, Consumer Court, Lahore on November 11, 2018 against the Company stating therein that an amount of € 12,750/- had been transferred in 2003 to the Company for the purchase of shares of World Call Company. The claimant sought relief of Rs. 2,200,000 and € 12,750/- against the Company. While as per the legal counselor of the Company this will be settled against the transfer of shares and there is no likelihood of any financial loss. Based on this legal counsellor opinion management decided not to record any provision as value of provision is not certain.
- 20.1.19 The Company has entered into an arrangement with different commercial banks for modification in the terms of their financial liabilities. The bank has frozen/waived off their accrued mark-up and any further mark-up on certain terms and conditions. The main issue in this restructuring is that if the company failed to comply with the terms of agreements, the concession / reliefs shall stand withdrawn. The Company is very much confident that they will adhere to all the terms and conditions.

World Press (Private) Limited (the subsidiary company)

20.1.20 The company is non compliant with the provisions of various tax laws. This may result in imposition of penalty from the relevant regulatory authority. Since, the amount of penalty cannot be measured reliably thus no provision has been recorded in the financial statements.

Lanka Securities (Private) Limited (the subsidiary company)

20.1.21 During the year 2014 via case No. DMR/2544/14 plaintiff named Ananda Wijerathne filed a suit against Lanka Securities Private Limited in the District Court of Colombo for the recovery of amount Rs LKR 1,300,000 (PKR 987,817). The case is awaiting further trial.

20.1.22 During the year 2014 via case No. HCC/503/14/MR plaintiff named C.A Chanmukapawan filed a suit against Lanka Securities Private Limited in the Commercial High Court of Colombo for the recovery of amount LKR 3,298,534 (PKR 2,506,422). The case is awaiting further trial

20.1.23 During the year 2016 via case No. HCC/31/16/MR plaintiff named HNB filed a suit against Lanka Securities Private Limited in the Commercial High Court of Colombo for the recovery of amount Rs LKR 11,000,000 (PKR 8,358,453). The case is awaiting further trial in Supreme Court of Srilanka.

20.1.24 During the year 2018 via case No. 1/42/2018 plaintiff named Buddhika Suraj Wickramarathne on account of an industrial dispute filed a suit against Lanka Securities Private Limited in LT No 1-Borella. The case is fixed for trial on September 12,2018 on account of defendants (Lanka Securities Private Limited) witness to be cross examined

20.1.25 During the year 2018 via case No. 8/180/17 plaintiff named JCR Udayakumara on account of an industrial dispute filed a suit against Lanka Securities Private Limited in LT No 8-Borella. The case is awaiting further trial on October 23,2018 on account of defendants (Lanka Securities Private Limited) witness to be cross examined.

20.1.26 During the year 2018 via case No. 1/43/2018 plaintiff named KDLK Randeniya on account of an industrial dispute filed a suit against Lanka Securities Private Limited in LT No 1-Borella . The further court dates for the above case are September 12,2018, October 17,2018 & November 14,2018.

20.1.27 During current year via case No. CA/Writ/326/2019 plaintiff Court of Appeals filed a suit against Lanka Securities Private Limited in the local court. The case is awaiting trial

The lawyers and Directors of the subsidiary company are of the opinion that the outcome of these cases will not result in material liability for the company. Accordingly no provision recognized in the financial statements.

Falcon Commodities (Private) Limited (the subsidiary company)

20.1.28 The Income tax department has passed an order dated 07 May 2014 against the Company for the recovery of tax amounting to Rs. 362,215 for the tax year 2012. The tax authorities have disallowed certain expenses amounting to Rs. 1,355,803. The Commissioner of Inland Revenue (Appeals) has remanded back the case to the tax department. Therefore, in view of the above no provision is recognized in these financial statements.

| 20.2 Co | ommitments | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|-----------------------|------------------------|--------|----------------|----------------|
| Commitments include a | amounts in respect of: | | | |
| Capital expenditure | | 20.2.1 | 12,195,000 | 12,195,000 |
| Ijarah lease rental | | | - | 3,331,995 |
| | | | 12 195 000 | 15 526 995 |

20.2.1 One of the subsidiary (First Capital Investment Limited) entered into an agreement to purchase capital work in progress from Wireless n Cable (Pvt.) Ltd for Rs. 49,065,000. Out of this Rs. 36,870,000 is paid as an advance and remaining Rs. 12,195,000 is to be paid as per the property purchase agreement.

21 Share capital

Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital

| 2020 | 2019 | | 2020 | 2019 |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Number of | shares | | Rupees | |
| 38,165,030 | 38,165,030 | Ordinary shares of Rs 10 | | |
| | | each fully paid in cash | 381,650,300 | 381,650,300 |
| 278,445,082 | 278,445,082 | Ordinary shares of Rs 10 | | |
| | | each issued as bonus shares | 2,784,450,820 | 2,784,450,820 |
| - | | | | |
| 316,610,112 | 316,610,112 | | 3,166,101,120 | 3,166,101,120 |
| | | | · | |

21.1 Ordinary shares of the Parent Company held by related parties as at year end are as follows:

| | Note | 2020 | | 2020 | | 201 | 9 |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----|---|
| | | Percentage of holding | Number of shares | Percentage of holding | Number of shares | | |
| Amythest Limited Sisley Group | 21.1.1 21.1.2 | 22.75% 9.92% | 72,034,306 31,395,000 | 22.75% 9.92% | 72,034,306 31,395,000 | | |

21.1.1 Beneficial owner of the above mentioned holding was Salman Taseer (Late) resident House No. 118, Street No 3 Cavalry Ground Lahore and also the authorized agent. Pakistani shareholder associated with this entity is Mrs. Aamna Taseer.

21.1.2 Beneficial owner of the above mentioned holding is Aamna Taseer resident House No. 118, Street No 3 Cavalry Ground Lahore and also the authorized agent. Pakistani shareholder associated with this entity is Mrs. Aamna Taseer.

| | | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|--|--|---------------------|---|---|
| 22 | Operating revenue | | | |
| Brokerage ir | | | 167,739,553 66,827,617 | 216,166,968 30,397,024 |
| Dividend inc Money mark | | | 3,846,650 | 253,620 9,876,085 |
| | on sale of investments | | 2,104,045 | 3,565,479 |
| | advisory fee from FCMF and open fund management | | 2,492,353 | 2,822,254 |
| Rental incon | ne | | 243,010,218 | 275,000 263,356,430 |
| | Sales tax | | (786,308) 242,223,910 | (1,525,464) |
| 23 | Direct costs | | 242,223,910 | 261,830,966 |
| Materials co | nsumed | | | 18,734,468 |
| Salaries and | benefits | | 25,538,944 | 50,535,027 |
| - | nd fuel consumed | | 1,443,619 | 8,627,511 |
| Rent, rates a | | | 532,000 | - |
| | communication | | 100,670 34,700 | 1,108,767 81,500 |
| Travelling ex Entertainme | | | 4,485 | 200,328 |
| Repair and r | | | 135,339 | 1,315,126 |
| - | ing and maintenance | | • | 37,050 |
| | ise of machinery | | | 10,380,603 |
| | ruction expenses | | 102,785,547 | 41,222,940 |
| Miscellaneo | | | 6,007,904 | 8,507,064 |
| Installations | | | 136,583,208 | 40,414,077 |
| | | | 2020 | 2010 |
| 24 | Unrealized gain on re-measurement of 'investments at fair value through profit or loss' | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
| Long term ir | ivestments | 10 | (3,352,504) | (7,299,808) |
| Short term in | nvestments | 15 | 13,024,945 | (55,653,878) |
| | | | 9,672,441 | (62,953,686) |
| 25 | Operating and administrative expenses | | 2020 | 2019 |
| 43 | | | | |
| | | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| | ges and benefits | Note | 67,230,183 | 112,033,412 |
| Stock exchar | ges and benefits age charges | Note | 67,230,183 2,945 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 |
| Stock exchar Rent, rates a | ges and benefits nge charges nd taxes | Note | 67,230,183 2,945 1,748,056 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 |
| Stock exchar | ges and benefits nge charges nd taxes | Note | 67,230,183 2,945 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 |
| Stock exchar Rent, rates a Telephone a | ges and benefits nge charges nd taxes | Note | 67,230,183 2,945 1,748,056 325,853 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 |
| Stock exchar Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and | ges and benefits nge charges nd taxes nd fax stationery | Note | 67,230,183 2,945 1,748,056 325,853 445,224 - 40,839 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 |
| Stock exchar Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling a | ges and benefits age charges and taxes and fax stationery and conveyance | Note | 67,230,183 2,945 1,748,056 325,853 445,224 - 40,839 403,672 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 |
| Stock exchar Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and | ges and benefits ge charges nd taxes nd fax stationery nd conveyance maintenance | Note | 67,230,183 2,945 1,748,056 325,853 445,224 - 40,839 403,672 444,687 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 |
| Stock exchar Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling and Repairs and Postage and | ges and benefits uge charges nd taxes nd fax stationery nd conveyance maintenance courier | Note | 67,230,183 2,945 1,748,056 325,853 445,224 40,839 403,672 444,687 544,580 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 |
| Stock exchar Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Postage and Vehicle runn | ges and benefits uge charges nd taxes nd fax stationery nd conveyance maintenance courier | Note | 67,230,183 2,945 1,748,056 325,853 445,224 - 40,839 403,672 444,687 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 |
| Stock exchar Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Postage and Vehicle runn News papers Entertainme | ges and benefits uge charges nd taxes nd fax stationery dd conveyance maintenance courier ing s and periodicals nt | Note | 67,230,183 2,945 1,748,056 325,853 445,224 40,839 403,672 444,687 544,580 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 2,314,814 |
| Stock exchar Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Postage and Vehicle runr News paper: Entertainme Brokerage co | ges and benefits uge charges nd taxes nd fax stationery nd conveyance maintenance courier ting s and periodicals nt commission and capital value tax | Note | 67,230,183 2,945 1,748,056 325,853 445,224 40,839 403,672 444,687 544,580 795,992 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 2,314,814 61,818 1,504,631 |
| Stock exchar Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Vehicle runr News paper: Entertainme Brokerage oc Legal and pr | ges and benefits uge charges nd taxes nd fax stationery nd conveyance maintenance courier ting s and periodicals nt commission and capital value tax ofessional charges | Note | 67,230,183 2,945 1,748,056 325,853 445,224 - 40,839 403,672 444,687 544,580 795,992 - 156,215 - 6,090,809 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 2,314,814 61,818 1,504,631 |
| Stock exchar Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Vehicle runr News papers Entertainme Brokerage of Legal and pr Lease rental | ges and benefits uge charges nd taxes nd fax stationery nd conveyance maintenance courier ting s and periodicals nt tommission and capital value tax ofessional charges s on Ijarah facilities | Note | 67,230,183 2,945 1,748,056 325,853 445,224 40,839 403,672 444,687 544,580 795,992 - 156,215 - 6,090,809 2,014,696 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 2,314,814 61,818 1,504,631 |
| Stock exchar Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Vehicle runr News paper: Entertainme Brokerage of Legal and pr Lease rental | ges and benefits age charges and taxes and fax stationery and conveyance maintenance courier aing as and periodicals ant commission and capital value tax ofessional charges son I jarah facilities ant | | 67,230,183 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 2,314,814 61,818 1,504,631 - 5,722,412 3,347,120 3,939,201 |
| Stock exchar Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Vehicle runr News paper: Entertainme Brokerage of Legal and pr Lease rental | ges and benefits uge charges Ind taxes Ind fax stationery Ind conveyance Imaintenance Indicate Indicates | Note | 67,230,183 2,945 1,748,056 325,853 445,224 40,839 403,672 444,687 544,580 795,992 - 156,215 - 6,090,809 2,014,696 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 2,314,814 61,818 1,504,631 |
| Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Vehicle runr News paper: Entertainme Brokerage of Legal and pr Lease rental Advertiseme Provision for | ges and benefits ge charges nd taxes nd fax stationery nd conveyance maintenance courier ing s and periodicals nt commission and capital value tax ofessional charges s on Ijarah facilities ent r doubtful debts itten off | | 67,230,183 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 2,314,814 61,818 1,504,631 - 5,722,412 3,347,120 3,939,201 |
| Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Postage and Vehicle runn News papers Entertainme Brokerage of Legal and pr Lease rental Advertiseme Provision for Bad debt wr Fees and sub Auditors' rei | ges and benefits ige charges ind taxes ind fax stationery ind conveyance maintenance courier ining s and periodicals int int int offessional charges s on Ijarah facilities int r doubtful debts itten off iscriptions inuneration | 13.2 25.1 | 67,230,183 2,945 1,748,056 325,853 445,224 - 40,839 403,672 444,687 544,580 795,992 - 156,215 - 6,090,809 2,014,696 4,091,496 77,480,542 3,603,004 1,176,694 2,679,717 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 2,314,814 61,818 1,504,631 - 5,722,412 3,347,120 3,939,201 26,923,590 - 1,716,931 3,399,951 |
| Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Postage and Vehicle runn News papers Entertainme Brokerage of Legal and pr Lease rental Advertiseme Provision fo Bad debt wr Fees and sut Auditors' ren Depreciation | ges and benefits ige charges ind taxes ind fax stationery ind conveyance maintenance courier ining is and periodicals int immission and capital value tax ofessional charges is on Ijarah facilities int int odubtful debts itten off iscriptions inuneration in on right to use asset | 13.2 25.1 6.3 | 67,230,183 2,945 1,748,056 325,853 445,224 - 40,839 403,672 444,687 544,580 795,992 - 156,215 - 6,090,809 2,014,696 4,091,496 77,480,542 3,603,004 1,176,694 2,679,717 7,480,050 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 2,314,814 61,818 1,504,631 5,722,412 3,347,120 3,939,201 26,923,590 |
| Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Postage and Vehicle runn News papers Entertainme Brokerage of Legal and pr Lease rental Advertiseme Provision for Bad debt wr Fees and suf Auditors' rer Depreciation Depreciation | ges and benefits ige charges ind taxes ind fax stationery ind conveyance maintenance courier ining is and periodicals int int int int int int int in | 13.2 25.1 | 67,230,183 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 2,314,814 61,818 1,504,631 5,722,412 3,347,120 3,939,201 26,923,590 |
| Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Postage and Vehicle runr News papers Entertainme Brokerage of Legal and pr Lease rental Advertiseme Provision for Bad debt wr Fees and suf Auditors' rei Depreciation Deposits wri | ges and benefits ige charges ind taxes ind fax stationery ind conveyance maintenance courier ing s and periodicals int | 25.1 6.3 6.1 | 67,230,183 2,945 1,748,056 325,853 445,224 - 40,839 403,672 444,687 544,580 795,992 - 156,215 - 6,090,809 2,014,696 4,091,496 77,480,542 3,603,004 1,176,694 2,679,717 7,480,050 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 2,314,814 61,818 1,504,631 - 5,722,412 3,347,120 3,939,201 26,923,590 - 1,716,931 3,399,951 177,600 22,705,070 1,881,375 |
| Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Postage and Vehicle runr News papers Entertainme Brokerage of Legal and pr Lease rental Advertiseme Provision for Bad debt wr Fees and suf Auditors' rei Depreciation Deposits wri | ges and benefits age charges and taxes and fax stationery and conveyance maintenance courier aing s and periodicals ant commission and capital value tax affections and charges s on Ijarah facilities ant coubtful debts atten off ascriptions an on right to use asset atten off loss on TREC | 13.2 25.1 6.3 | 67,230,183 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 2,314,814 61,818 1,504,631 5,722,412 3,347,120 3,939,201 26,923,590 1,716,931 3,399,951 177,600 22,705,070 1,881,375 2,500,000 |
| Stock exchar Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Postage and Vehicle runr News paper: Entertainme Brokerage of Legal and pr Lease rental Advertiseme Provision for Bad debt wr Fede and sul Auditors' rei Depreciation Deposits wri Impairment | ges and benefits age charges and taxes and fax stationery and conveyance maintenance courier aing s and periodicals ant commission and capital value tax affections and charges s on Ijarah facilities ant coubtful debts atten off ascriptions an on right to use asset atten off loss on TREC | 25.1 6.3 6.1 | 67,230,183 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 2,314,814 61,818 1,504,631 - 5,722,412 3,347,120 3,939,201 26,923,590 - 1,716,931 3,399,951 177,600 22,705,070 1,881,375 |
| Stock exchar Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Postage and Vehicle runn News papers Entertainme Brokerage of Legal and pr Lease rental Advertiseme Provision fo Bad debt wr Fees and sul Auditors' rei Depreciation Depreciation Deposits wri Impairment Miscellaneon | ges and benefits ge charges and taxes and fax stationery and conveyance maintenance courier aing a and periodicals ant commission and capital value tax ofessional charges as on Ijarah facilities ant ar doubtful debts atter off ascriptions anuneration a on right to use asset atter off loss on TREC asset a | 25.1 6.3 6.1 | 67,230,183 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 2,314,814 61,818 1,504,631 5,722,412 3,347,120 3,939,201 26,923,590 1,716,931 3,399,951 177,600 22,705,070 1,881,375 2,500,000 36,171,382 245,250,275 |
| Rent, rates a Telephone a Utilities Insurance Printing and Travelling an Repairs and Postage and Vehicle runn News papers Entertainme Brokerage of Legal and pr Lease rental Advertiseme Provision for Bad debt wr Fees and sub Auditors' ren Depreciation Depreciation Depreciation Depreciation Depreciation Miscellaneon Related to o | ges and benefits age charges and taxes and fax stationery and conveyance maintenance courier aing s and periodicals ant commission and capital value tax affections and charges s on Ijarah facilities ant coubtful debts atten off ascriptions an on right to use asset atten off loss on TREC | 25.1 6.3 6.1 | 67,230,183 | 112,033,412 2,897,655 4,399,218 2,980,524 3,134,631 234,797 710,633 2,826,772 2,849,220 817,518 2,314,814 61,818 1,504,631 - 5,722,412 3,347,120 3,939,201 26,923,590 - 1,716,931 3,399,951 177,600 22,705,070 1,881,375 2,500,000 36,171,382 |

25.1 Auditors' remuneration

| 25.1 | Auditors' remuneration | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | Parent | Subsidiary | Total | Total |
| | | company | companies | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | | Rupees | | |
| Annual audit | | 500,000 | 1,300,217 | 1,800,217 | 2,023,451 |
| Consolidated acc | ounts | 275,000 | • | 275,000 | 475,000 |
| Half yearly revie | | 200,000 | 287,000 | 487,000 | 495,000 |
| Other certificatio | | | | | 295,000 |
| Out of pocket exp | penses | 50,000 1,025,000 | 67,500 1,654,717 | 117,500 2,679,717 | 111,500 3,399,951 |
| | | 1,023,000 | 1,034,/1/ | 2,079,717 | 3,399,931 |
| | | | | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| 26 | Other income | | | | |
| Income from fin | nancial assets | | | | |
| Income on depos | it accounts | | | 2,926,089 | 2,602,844 |
| Interest from sta | ff loans | | | 69,946 | 71,181 |
| Income on term | deposits | | | 16,619,337 | 21,666,803 |
| Income from et | her than financial assets | | | | |
| | operty, plant and equipment | | | 2,107,303 | 12,509,789 |
| - | crued interest written back | | | 78,510,295 | 62,507,396 |
| | vestment property | | | 70,310,273 | 5,400,000 |
| | on delayed payments | | | 8,277,357 | 3,341,078 |
| Miscellaneous | on delayed payments | | | 216,247 | 2,708,508 |
| riiscondificado | | | | 108,726,574 | 110,807,599 |
| | | | _ | 100,720,071 | 110,007,033 |
| | | | | 2020 | 2019 |
| | _ | | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| 27 | Finance costs | | | | |
| Mark-up on long | term loans | | | 301,660,518 | 216,658,959 |
| Mark-up on shor | t term borrowings | | | 408,301 | 192,068 |
| Mark up amortiz | ed | | 18.1 | 2,067,417 | 40,627,914 |
| Finance charges | on assets subject to finance lease | | | 2,612,074 | - |
| Bank charges and | d commission | | | 414,352 | 893,545 |
| Loan settlement | charges | | | - | - |
| | | | _ | 307,162,662 | 258,372,486 |
| 28 | Taxation | | | | |
| Current | | | | 7,018,200 | 13,243,328 |
| Prior Year | | | | -,010,200 | (13,086,169) |
| Deferred | | | | 19,224,156 | 179,198 |
| | | | | 26,242,356 | 336,357 |
| | | | | -, , | , |

28.1 There is no relationship between tax expense and accounting profit since the majority of the Group Companies have taxable losses for the year and are subject to minimum and final. Accordingly no numerical reconciliation has been presented.

29 Discontinued operations

During the year the management of one of the subsidiary company (First Capital Equities Limited) decided to surrender its TREC with Pakistan Stock Exchange and to discontinue stock broker operations due to continuous loss and declining market. The broker operation was not previously classified as a discontinued operation. The comparative statement of profit or loss has been restated to show the discontinued operation separately from continuing operations. Results of discontinued operations are as follows:

| | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|---|------|----------------|-------------------|
| Brokerage commission | | | |
| Brokerage income - gross | | - | 24,020,666 |
| Less: | | | |
| Sales tax | | - | (3,009,383) |
| Capital value tax | | | (857,273) |
| Brokerage income - net | | • | 20,154,010 |
| Operating and administrative expenses | | (79,027,599) | (76,754,808) |
| Taxation | | - | (251,925) |
| Loss after taxation from discontinued operations | | (79,027,599) | (56,852,723) |
| 29.1 Cash flows from/(used in) discontinued operations | | | |
| Net cash used in operating activities Net cash from investing activities | | (2,167,504) | (72,837,843) - |
| Net cash flow for the year | | (2,167,504) | (72,837,843) |

30 Earning/(loss) per share - basic and diluted

Net profit/(loss) for the year from continued operations

Net profit/(loss) for the year from discontinued operations

Weighted average number of ordinary shares as at 30 June

Earning/(loss) per share - basic and diluted--continued operations Earning/(loss) per share - basic and diluted -- discontinued operations

There is no dilution effect on the basic EPS as the Group has no such commitments.

| Rupees | (231,670,043) | (20,395,777) |
|---------|---------------|--------------|
| Rupees | (57,871,911) | (41,633,249) |
| Numbers | 316,610,112 | 316,610,112 |
| Rupees | (0.73) | (0.06) |
| Rupees | (0.18) | (0.13) |

31 Transactions with related parties

Related parties comprise of entities over which the directors are able to exercise significant influence, entities with common directors, major shareholders, associated companies, directors and key management personnel. Details of significant transactions and balances with related parties, other than those which have been specially disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements are as follows:

Details of transactions with related parties and balances with them at year end are as follows:

| | | | 2020 | 2019 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Name of Parties | Nature of relationship | Nature and description of related party transaction | Value of transactions made during the year | Value of transactions made during the year |
| | | | Rup | ees |
| | | | | |
| Bank of Ceylon | Associated | Share transaction | 539,983,869 | 508,874,070 |
| | | Brokerage income | 2,436,177 | 2,319,048 |
| | | Interest income | 26,198,698 | - |
| | | Investment in Repo | 15,172,935 | 14,298,785 |
| | | Investment in fixed deposit | 46,438,256 | 43,762,834 |
| Merchant Bank of Sri Lanka | Associated | Share transaction | 5,142,663 | 4,846,381 |
| | company | Brokerage income | 32,538 | 31,017 |
| Pace Pakistan Limited | Associated | Purchase of property | 139,822,340 | 378,000,000 |
| (share hold | company | Service Charges | 671,760 | 671,760 |
| | (snare notding 5.11%) | Brokerage income | - | 4,741 |
| | 5.1170) | Sale of investment property | - | 430,000,000 |
| | | Payment on behalf of group | - | 1,758,814 |
| | | Sale of goods and services provided | 55,080,749 | 38,400,000 |
| | | Payments against Purchase of property | 59,813,082 | 620,235,214 |
| First Capital Mutual Fund | Associate | Asset management fee | 2,492,353 | 2,432,977 |
| | (shareholding 63.42%) | Brokerage income | - | 42,980 |
| | 03.4270) | Other Receivable | 107,430 | 121,649 |
| | | Payment received | 2,605,767 | 188,466 |
| | | Investment in units | 20,500,000 | - |
| | | Redemption of units | 18,500,000 | - |
| Pace Barka Properties Limited | Associate | Rental income earned | - | - |
| | (shareholding | Sale of goods and services | 12,616,625 | 95,393,979 |
| | 17.95%) | Payment received | - | - |
| Media Times Limited | Associate (shareholding 33.08%) | Purchase of goods and services | 753,124 | 59,200 |
| | | Advance against publishing | 500,000 | 800,000 |

- **31.1** The amounts due to / due from related parties are disclosed in respective notes to the financial statements.
- 31.2 No impairment allowance is necessary in respect of amount due from related parties

32

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|----------------|---------------|
| | Rupees | Rupees |
| Cash generated from operations | | |
| Loss before taxation | (275,347,884) | (96,111,460) |
| Adjustments for: | <i>(, , ,</i> | (, , , |
| Depreciation | 1,963,554 | 22,705,070 |
| Depreciation of right of use | 7,480,050 | 177,600 |
| Finance cost | 307,162,662 | 216,851,027 |
| Accrued interest written back | (78,510,295) | (62,507,396) |
| Loss/(Gain) on re-measurement of short term investments | (9,672,441) | 62,953,686 |
| Loss on disposal of investment properties | - | - |
| Loss/(gain) on re-measurement of investment properties | (99,999,619) | (300,623,792) |
| Capital gain on sale of investments | (2,104,045) | (3,565,479) |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | (2,107,303) | (12,509,789) |
| Provision for doubtful debts and bad debts written off | 77,480,542 | 26,923,590 |
| Deposits written off | 2,934,962 | 1,881,375 |
| Impairment losses | | 2,500,000 |
| Share of loss from investments accounted for using equity method | 26,243,626 | 35,258,395 |
| Impairment on investment in associates | - | 6,528,524 |
| Dividend income | - | (253,620) |
| Retirement benefits | 3,467,465 | 6,638,795 |
| Interest income | (24,988,226) | (25,837,475) |
| Bad debts written off | 3,603,004 | - |
| Amortization | 250,008 | 250,008 |
| Provision for penalty | 32,227,745 | - |
| Deferred notional income | | 40,627,914 |
| | 245,431,689 | 17,998,433 |
| Loss before working capital changes | (29,916,195) | (78,113,027) |
| Effect on cash flow due to working capital changes: | | |
| Decrease/(increase) in: | | |
| Inventories | 108,450 | 35,576,694 |
| Trade debts | (261,764,697) | 253,585,473 |
| Loans and advances | (14,404,509) | (398,141,374) |
| Short term investments | | 59,243,018 |
| | (276,060,756) | (49,736,189) |
| (Decrease)/increase in: | | |
| Trade and other payables | 240,121,384 | (737,068,871) |
| Short term borrowings | - | (491,125) |
| | 240,121,384 | (737,559,996) |
| | (35,939,372) | (787,296,185) |
| | (65,855,567) | (865,409,212) |
| | | |

33 Financial instruments

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Group's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Group's risk management policies.

33.1 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties failed completely to perform as contracted. The Group's credit risk arises from deposits with banks, trade debts, loans and advances and credit exposure arising as a result of dividends from equity securities and other receivables. The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk as exposure is spread over a large number of counter parties in the case of trade debts.

To manage exposure to credit risk in respect of loans and advances, management performs credit reviews taking into account the borrower's financial position, past experience and other factors. Loans terms and conditions are approved by the competent authority.

33.1.1 Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the year end:

| | | 2020 | 2019 |
|---------------------------------|--------|---------------|---------------|
| | Note | Rupees | Rupees |
| Long term deposits and advances | | 13,166,098 | 12,692,602 |
| Long term investments | | 10,706,385 | 14,058,889 |
| Trade debts - net | 33.1.2 | 562,330,611 | 380,137,747 |
| Loans and advances | | 731,574,307 | 770,961,191 |
| Interest accrued | | - | 32,296 |
| Short term investments | 33.1.2 | 254,949,888 | 314,697,240 |
| Bank balances | 33.1.2 | 47,820,540 | 61,231,516 |
| | | 1,620,547,829 | 1,553,811,481 |

33.1.2 Credit quality of financial assets

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about counterparty default rates.

| Trade debts | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| Trade debts as at balance sheet date are classified as follows: | | |
| Foreign | 368,960,532 | 103,921,928 |
| Domestic | 193,370,079 | 276,215,819 |
| | 562,330,611 | 380,137,747 |

The trade debts as at the balance sheet date are classified in Pak Rupees. The aging of trade receivables at the reporting date is:

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | R | s |
| Neither past due not impaired | 369,587,913 | 490,439 |
| Past due 1 - 60 days | 3,387,121 | 4,898,129 |
| Past due 61 - 120 days | 1,210,410 | 12,405,623 |
| Above 120 days | 188,145,167 | 362,343,556 |
| | 562,330,611 | 380,137,747 |

Short term investments

These short term investments are pledged with various financial institutions. For details, refer note 15.

Bank balances

Bank balances as at balance sheet date are classified as follows:

| | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|----------|------|----------------|----------------|
| Foreign | | 6,797,047 | 7,276,084 |
| Domestic | | 41,023,493 | 53,955,432 |
| | 16 | 47,820,540 | 61,231,516 |

 $The \ credit \ quality \ of \ Group's \ bank \ balances \ can \ be \ assessed \ with \ reference \ to \ external \ credit \ rating \ agencies \ as \ follows:$

| | Rating | | Dating against | |
|---------------------------------|------------|-----------|----------------|--|
| | Short term | Long term | Rating agency | |
| Faysal Bank Limited | A-1 + | AA | PACRA | |
| Bank Al Falah Limited | A-1 + | AA+ | VIS | |
| Allied Bank Limited | A-1 + | AAA | PACRA | |
| Bank Islami Limited | A-1 | A+ | PACRA | |
| Soneri Bank Limited | A-1 + | AA- | PACRA | |
| Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited | A-1 + | AA+ | PACRA | |
| Bank Al Habib Limited | A-1 + | AA+ | PACRA | |
| Silk Bank Limited | A-2 | A- | VIS | |
| United Bank Limited | A-1 + | AAA | VIS | |
| Askari Bank Limited | A-1 + | AA+ | PACRA | |
| Albaraka Islamic bank | A1 | A | PACRA | |
| MCB Bank Limited | A-1 + | AAA | PACRA | |
| MCB Islamic Bank Limited | A-1 | A | PACRA | |
| Dubai Islamic Bank Limited | A-1 + | AA | VIS | |
| JS Bank Limited | A-1 + | AA- | PACRA | |
| Bank of Ceylon | NA | AA+ | Fitch Ratings | |
| MBSL Bank | NA | A | ICRA (Lanka) | |

33.1.3 Counterparties without external credit ratings

Management estimates that the below mentioned balances will be recovered within next 12 months and the probability of default is expected to be zero. Consequently, no expected credit loss allowance is required.

| | Note | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|---------------------------------|------|----------------|----------------|
| Long term deposits and advances | | 13,166,098 | 12,692,602 |
| Long term investments | | 10,706,385 | 14,058,889 |
| Trade debts - net | | 562,330,611 | 380,137,747 |
| Loans and advances | | 731,574,307 | 770,961,191 |
| Interest accrued | | - | 32,296 |
| Short term investments | | 254,949,888 | 314,697,240 |
| | | 1,572,727,289 | 1,492,579,965 |

33.1.4 Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when the changes in economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Group's total credit exposure. The Group's portfolio of financial instruments is broadly diversified and all other transactions are entered into with credit-worthy counterparties there-by mitigating any significant concentrations of credit risk.

33.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible to always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Group is not materially exposed to liquidity risk as substantially all obligations / commitments of the Group are short term in nature and are restricted to the extent of available liquidity. In addition, the Group has obtained running finance facilities from various banks to meet any deficit, if required to meet the short term liquidity commitments.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

| • | | 2020 | | |
|---------------|--|--|-----------------------------|---|
| Carrying | Contracted | Upto one year | One to | More than |
| Amount | cash flow | or less | two years | two years |
| | | R u p e e s | | |
| | | | | |
| 3,322,490,824 | 3,322,490,824 | 3,077,036,279 | 245,454,545 | |
| 840,349,739 | 840,349,739 | 840,349,739 | | |
| • | | - | - | |
| 4,162,840,563 | 4,162,840,563 | 3,917,386,018 | 245,454,545 | |
| | | | | |
| | | 2019 | | |
| Carrying | Contracted | Upto one year | One to | More than |
| Amount | cash flow | or less | two years | two years |
| | | R u p e e s | | |
| | | | | |
| 3,156,149,684 | 3,156,149,684 | 2,690,131,432 | 466,018,252 | |
| 506,495,836 | 506,495,836 | 506,495,836 | - | |
| 82,292,865 | 82,292,865 | - | 82,292,865 | |
| 3,744,938,385 | 3,744,938,385 | 3,196,627,268 | 548,311,117 | |
| | Amount 3,322,490,824 840,349,739 - 4,162,840,563 Carrying Amount 3,156,149,684 506,495,836 82,292,865 | Amount cash flow 3,322,490,824 3,322,490,824 840,349,739 840,349,739 - 4,162,840,563 4,162,840,563 Carrying Contracted Cash flow 3,156,149,684 3,156,149,684 506,495,836 506,495,836 82,292,865 82,292,865 | Carrying Contracted or less | Carrying Contracted Upto one year two years |

33.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will effect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

Market risk comprises of three types of risks:

- currency risk
- interest rate risk
- other price risk

33.3.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. It arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into foreign currency. The Group was exposed to foreign currency's risk on conversion of balance in foreign currency account maintained in Lankan Rupees (LKR). The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk for LKR and US dollar is as follows:

| | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Foreign debtors | 368,960,532 | 103,921,928 |
| Foreign currency bank accounts | 6,797,047 | 7,276,084 |
| Foreign creditor and other payables | 328,413,383 | 121,436,771 |
| Net exposure | 47,344,196 | (10,238,759) |

The following significant exchange rates have been applied:

| - | Average rate | | Reporting date rate | |
|--------------|--------------|-------|---------------------|-------|
| _ | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| | 0.883 | 0.817 | 0.893 | 0.846 |

Sensitivity analysis

At reporting date, if the PKR had strengthened by 10% against the foreign currencies with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been higher by the amount shown below, mainly as a result of net foreign exchange gain on translation of foreign currency account balance.

| | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Net effect on profit or loss | 4,734,420 | (1,023,876) |
| | 4,734,420 | (1,023,876) |

The weakening of the PKR against foreign currencies would have had an equal but opposite impact on the post tax profit.

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit / (loss) for the year and assets / (liabilities) of the Group.

33.3.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Group's significant interest bearing financial instruments was as follows:

| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
|---------------------------|----------|----------|---------------|---------------|
| | Effecti | ve rate | Carrying an | nount |
| | (in Pero | entage) | (Rupees | s) |
| Financial liabilities | | | | |
| Long term loans - secured | up to 15 | up to 15 | 3,322,490,824 | 3,238,442,549 |
| | | | 3,322,490,824 | 3,238,442,549 |

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss account.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased / decreased for the year by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2019.

| | Profit or loss | | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | 100 bps Increase | 100 bps Decrease | | |
| As at 30 June 2020 | Rupees | | | |
| Cash flow sensitivity - Variable rate financial liabilities | 33,224,908 | (33,224,908) | | |
| As at 30 June 2019 | | | | |
| Cash flow sensitivity - Variable rate financial liabilities | 31,561,497 | (31,561,497) | | |

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit/(loss) for the year and assets / liabilities of the Group.

33.3.3 Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). The Group is exposed to equity price risk because of investments held by the Group and classified on the balance sheet at fair value through profit or loss and available for sale investments. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity securities, the Group diversifies its portfolio within the eligible stocks in accordance with the risk investment guidelines approved by the investment committee.

Sensitivity analysis

The table below summarizes the Group's equity price risk as of 30 June 2020 and 2019 and shows the effects of a hypothetical 10% increase and a 10% decrease in market prices as at the year end. The selected hypothetical change does not reflect what could be considered to be the best or worst case scenarios. Indeed, results could be worse because of the nature of equity markets and the aforementioned concentrations existing in the Group's equity investment portfolio.

| | Fair value | Hypothetical price change | Estimated fair value after hypothetical change in prices | Hypothetical increase / (decrease) in shareholders' equity | Hypothetical increase (decrease) in profit / (loss) before tax |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|---|
| 2020 | | | Rupees | | |
| Investments Investments at fair value through profit or loss | 98,104,259 98,104,259 | 10% increase 10% decrease | 107,914,685 88,293,833 | : | 9,810,426 (9,810,426) |
| 2019 | | | | | |
| Investments Investments at fair value through profit or loss | 84,327,773 | 10% increase 10% decrease | 77,295,772 63,241,996 | - | 7,026,888 (7,026,888) |

33.3.4 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The carrying value of all financial assets and liabilities on the balance sheet approximate to their fair value.

a) Fair values versus carrying amounts

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the statement of financial position are as follows:

| | 2020 | | 2019 | |
|---|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | Carrying amount | Fair value | Carrying amount | Fair value |
| | | Rupe | es | |
| Financial assets | | | | |
| Long term investments | 10,706,385 | 10,706,385 | 14,058,889 | 14,058,889 |
| Long term deposits and advances - considered good | 13,166,098 | 13,166,098 | 12,692,602 | 12,692,602 |
| Trade debts | 562,330,611 | 562,330,611 | 380,137,747 | 380,137,747 |
| Loans, advances and other receivables | 731,574,307 | 731,574,307 | 770,961,191 | 770,961,191 |
| Interest accrued | - | - | 32,296 | 32,296 |
| Short term investments | 254,949,888 | 254,949,888 | 314,697,240 | 314,697,240 |
| Cash and bank balances | 47,971,595 | 47,971,595 | 61,391,700 | 61,391,700 |
| | 1,620,698,884 | 1,620,698,884 | 1,553,971,665 | 1,553,971,665 |

| | 2020 | 0 | 201 | 9 | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------|--|--|
| | Carrying amount Fair value | | Carrying amount | Fair value | | |
| Financial liabilities | Rupees | | | | | |
| Long term loan | 3,322,490,824 | 3,322,490,824 | 3,238,442,549 | 3,238,442,549 | | |
| Trade and other payables | 840,349,739 | 840,349,739 | 506,495,836 | 506,495,836 | | |
| | 4,162,840,563 | 4,162,840,563 | 3,744,938,385 | 3,744,938,385 | | |

b) Valuation of financial instruments

In case of equity instruments, the Group measures fair value using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

Level 1: Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market.

Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable inputs.

Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes all instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data

Fair values of financial assets that are traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices. For all other financial instruments the Group determines fair values using valuation techniques.

Valuation techniques used by the Group include discounted cash flow model. Assumptions and inputs used in valuation techniques include risk-free rates, bond and equity prices, foreign currency exchange rates, equity and equity index prices. The objective of valuation techniques is to arrive at a fair value determination that reflects the price of the financial instrument at the balance sheet date that would have been determined by market participants acting at arm's length.

Valuation models for valuing securities for which there is no active market requires significant unobservable inputs and a higher degree of management judgment and estimation in the determination of fair value. Management judgment and estimation are usually required for selection of the appropriate valuation model to be used, determination of expected future cash flows on the financial instrument being valued and selection of appropriate discount rates, etc.

The table below analyses equity instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised:

| 30 June 2020 | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|--|------------|---------|---------|------------|
| Equity securities | | Rupe | es | |
| Long term investments Short term investments | 14,058,889 | | | 14,058,889 |
| | 70,268,884 | - | - | 70,268,884 |
| | 84,327,773 | - | - | 84,327,773 |
| 30 June 2019 | | | | |
| Equity securities | | | | |
| Long term investments | 14,058,889 | | | 14,058,889 |
| Short term investments | 70,268,884 | | | 70,268,884 |
| | 84,327,773 | - | - | 84,327,773 |

33.3.5 Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Group's processes, personnel, technology and infrastructure, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of corporate behavior. Operational risks arise from all of the Group's operations.

The Group's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance the avoidance of financial losses and damage to the Group's reputation with overall cost effectiveness and to avoid control procedures that restrict initiative and creativity.

The primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls to address operational risk is assigned to senior management within the Group. This responsibility is supported by the development of overall Group standards for the management of operational risk in the following areas:

- requirements for appropriate segregation of duties, including the independent authorization of transactions
- requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of transactions
- compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements
- documentation of controls and procedures
- requirements for the periodic assessment of operational risks faced, and the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified
- development of contingency plans
- training and professional development
- ethical and business standards
- risk mitigation, including insurance where this is effective

33.4 Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain an efficient capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the future development of its business. The Board monitors the return on capital employed, which the Group defines as operating income divided by total capital employed. The Board also monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

The Group's objectives when managing capital are:

- (i) to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- (ii) to provide an adequate return to shareholders.

The Group manages the capital structure in the context of economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the debt-to-equity ratio - calculated as a ratio of total debt to equity.

The debt-to-equity ratios at 30 June 2020 and at 30 June 2019 were as follows:

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Rupees | Rupees |
| | | |
| Total debt | 3,322,490,824 | 3,238,442,549 |
| Total equity and debt | 4,736,597,666 | 4,956,312,035 |
| Debt-to-equity ratio | 70.15% | 65.34% |

 $The increase in the debt-to-equity\ ratio\ in\ 2020\ resulted\ primarily\ due\ to\ material\ finance\ facility\ obtained\ by\ Group\ during\ the\ year.$

Neither there were any changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year nor the Group is subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

34 Remuneration of Chief Executive, Directors and Executives

The aggregate amount charged in the consolidated financial statements for the year for remuneration, including certain benefits, to the chief executive, directors and executives of the Group is as follows:

| | Chief exec | cutive | Direct | ors | Executives | | |
|------------------------------|------------|-----------|--------|--------|------------|------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | |
| | | | | Rupees | 5 | | |
| Short Term Employee Benefits | | | | | | | |
| Managerial remuneration | 2,400,000 | 2,400,000 | - | - | 24,215,266 | 33,711,232 | |
| Re-imbursable expenses | - | - | - | - | 283,479 | 807,238 | |
| Utilities | - | - | - | - | 140,000 | 442,956 | |
| House rent | - | - | - | - | 560,000 | 1,771,824 | |
| Post Employment Benefits | | | | | | | |
| Provision for gratuity | 599,252 | 228,573 | - | - | 7,829,347 | 6,903,402 | |
| | 2,999,252 | 2,628,573 | | | 33,028,092 | 43,636,652 | |
| Number of persons | 1 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 11 | 17 | |

The Group has also provided executives with company maintained cars. No fees were paid to any director for attending Board and Audit Committee meetings.

Executives are employees whose basic salary exceed Rs. 1,200,000 in a financial year. Comparative figures have been restated to reflect changes in the definition of executives as per Companies Act, 2017.

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|------|------|
| 35 Number of employees | | |
| The average and total number of employees are as follows: | | |
| Holding Company Average number of employees during the year | 12 | 20 |
| Total number of employees as at 30 June | 8 | 19 |
| Subsidiary Companies | | |
| Average number of employees during the year | 93 | 92 |
| Total number of employees as at 30 June | 61 | 125 |

36 Operating segments

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's business. The primary format, business segment, is based on the Group's management reporting structure.

Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire segment assets that are expected to be used for more than one year.

The Group's operations comprise of the following main business segment types:

Type of segments and nature of business

1 Financial services

Business of long and short term investments, sale/purchase of shares, money market operations and financial consultancy services.

2 Investment advisory services

Investment advisory services to open end mutual funds.

3 Construction and water sanitation

Business of construction, development and other related activities of real estate properties. Installation and manufacturing of water purification plants, reverse osmosis systems and water softness system.

4 Printing and publishing

 $Business\ of\ printers,\ publishers,\ packaging,\ advertisement\ ,\ specialized\ directory\ and\ stationers.$

The identification of operating segments was based on the internal organizational and reporting structure, built on the different products and services within the Group. Allocation of the individual organizational entities to the operating segments was exclusively based on economic criteria, irrespective of the participation structure under Companies Ordinance, 1984. For the presentation of reportable segments in accordance with IFRS 8, both operating segments with comparable economic features and operating segments not meeting the quantitative thresholds were aggregated with other operating segments.

37 Segment analysis and reconciliation

Information regarding the results of each reportable segments is included below. Performance is measured on the base of profit after tax as included in internal management reporting that are reviewed by the Group Executive Committee. Segment profit is used to measure performance and making strategic decisions as such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of certain segments relative to other companies that operate within these industries.

37.1 Information about reportable segments

| - | Financial Se | | Investment adviso | | Printing and p | | Construction and w | | Tota | |
|--|---------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 |
| - | | | | | Rupe | es | | | | |
| External revenues | 70,231,732 | 58,689,479 | 2,148,580 | 2,432,977 | - | - | 167,739,553 | 216,166,968 | 240,119,865 | 277,289,424 |
| Direct cost | (5,418,496) | (5,094,784) | - | - | - | - | (131,164,712) | (176,069,677) | (136,583,208) | (181,164,461) |
| Operating expenses | (233,559,065) | (211,062,234) | (13,171,190) | (21,720,014) | (8,917,020) | (1,794,052) | (10,333,657) | (17,202,499) | (265,980,932) | (251,778,799) |
| Other income | 104,434,767 | 100,617,204 | 2,421,349 | 3,013,781 | 1,387,303 | | 2,587,200 | 11,872,166 | 110,830,619 | 115,503,151 |
| Finance cost | (248,234,874) | (216,581,720) | (3,244) | (20,524) | | - | (58,924,544) | (41,770,242) | (307,162,662) | (258,372,486) |
| Gain on investment properties | 99,999,619 | 300,623,792 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 99,999,619 | 300,623,792 |
| Unrealized gain / (loss) on | | | | | | | | | | |
| re-measurement of short investment | 6,731,925 | (44,968,824) | 2,940,516 | (17,984,862) | - | - | | | 9,672,441 | (62,953,686) |
| Share of loss from investments accounted | | | | | | | | | | |
| for using the equity method | (28,123,163) | (21,343,862) | 1,879,537 | (13,914,533) | - | - | - | - | (26,243,626) | (35,258,395) |
| Profit / (loss) before taxation | (233,937,555) | (39,120,949) | (3,784,452) | (48,193,175) | (7,529,717) | (1,794,052) | (30,096,160) | (7,003,284) | (275,347,884) | (96,111,460) |
| Taxation expense for the year | (19,632,650) | 11,433,536 | (171,886) | (194,638) | - | - | (6,437,820) | (11,827,180) | (26,242,356) | (588,282) |
| Profit / (loss) after taxation | (253,570,205) | (27,687,413) | (3,956,338) | (48,387,813) | (7,529,717) | (1,794,052) | (36,533,980) | (18,830,464) | (301,590,240) | (96,699,742) |
| Other information Segment assets | 4,660,646,372 | 4,507,139,214 | 211,293,627 | 212,720,273 | 9,013,731 | 16,795,449 | 765,341,153 | 760,397,481 | 5,646,294,883 | 5,497,052,417 |
| Segment liabilities | 3,473,917,481 | 3,064,365,488 | 7,606,656 | 6,183,086 | 9,994,322 | 10,246,322 | 740,669,582 | 698,388,035 | 4,232,188,041 | 3,779,182,931 |
| Depreciation | 1,668,986 | 19,833,900 | 85,620 | 1,421,440 | - | 1,386,650 | 208,948 | 240,680 | 1,963,554 | 22,882,670 |
| Capital expenditure | 86,590 | 7,254,775 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 86,590 | 7,254,775 |

| | | 2020 Rupees | 2019 Rupees |
|--------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------|
| | | Rupees | Rupees |
| 37.2 | Reconciliation of assets | | |
| Assets | | | |
| Total assets | of reportable segments | 5,169,600,115 | 4,996,252,586 |
| Investments | accounted for using the equity method | 476,694,768 | 500,799,831 |
| Consolidate | ed total assets | 5,646,294,883 | 5,497,052,417 |
| 37.3 | Geographical information | | |
| _ | venue is based on the geographical location of t l location of the assets. | he customers and segments a | ssets are based or |
| | | 2020 | 2019 |
| | | Rupees | Rupees |
| 37.3.1 | Revenue | | |
| Pakistan | | 175,396,293 | 231,422,227 |
| Sri Lanka | | 66,827,617 | 30,408,739 |
| | | 242,223,910 | 261,830,966 |
| 37.3.2 | Non-current assets | | |
| Pakistan | | 4,028,795,862 | 3,962,061,177 |
| Sri Lanka | | 18,756,867 | 5,666,677 |
| | | 4,047,552,729 | 3,967,727,854 |
| 37.4 | Revenue on the basis of major products and | services | |
| Dividend inc | come | - | 253,620 |
| Money mark | | 3,404,115 | 8,739,898 |
| | on sale of investments | 2,104,045 | 3,565,479 |
| | advisory fee from FCMF | 2,148,580 | 2,432,977 |
| Brokerage ir | | 66,827,617 | 30,397,024 |
| Rental incon | | - | 275,000 |
| Revenue aga | inst construction contracts | 167,739,553 | 216,166,968 |
| | | 242,223,910 | 261,830,966 |

38 Interests in other entities

38.1 Material subsidiaries

The Group's principal subsidiaries as at June 30, 2020 are set out below. Unless otherwise stated, they have share capital consisting solely of ordinary shares that are held directly by the Group, and the proportion of ownership interests held equals the voting rights held by the Group. The country of incorporation or registration is also their principal place of business.

| Name of entity | Place of business | Ownership inte owners of 2020 | | Ownership inter controlling 2020 | | Principal activities |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|--|--------|--|
| First Capital Investments Limited | Pakistan | 78.86% | 78.86% | 21.14% | 21.14% | Asset management services |
| Lanka Securities (Private) Limited | Sri Lanka | 51% | 51% | 49% | 49% | Sale/purchase of shares, consultancy services, money market operations, underwriting, placements and equity research, etc. |
| World Press (Private) Limited | Pakistan | 65% | 65% | 35% | 35% | Printing, publishers, packaging, advertisement and specialized directory business and stationers |
| Falcon Commodities (Private) Limited | Pakistan | 100% | 100% | 0% | 0% | Carrying on the business of commodities brokerage as a corporate member of Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited |
| Ozer Investments Limited | Sri Lanka | 100% | 100% | 0% | 0% | Providing financial advisory services, portfolio management, margin provision, unit trust management and stock brokerage |
| First Capital Equities Limited | Pakistan | 73.23% | 73.23% | 26.77% | 26.77% | Sale/purchase of shares, consultancy services, money market operations, underwriting, placements and equity research, etc. |
| Evergreen Water Valley (Private) Limited | Pakistan | 100% | 100% | 0% | 0% | Installation and manufacturing of water purification plants and construction activities |
| First Construct Limited | Pakistan | 100% | 100% | 0% | 0% | Construction company |

38.2 Non-controlling interests

Set out below is summarized financial information for each subsidiary that has non-controlling interests that are material to the group. The amounts disclosed for each subsidiary are before inter-company eliminations:

| | First Capital Investments Limited | | Lanka Securities (Pr | rivate) Limited | First Capital Equi | ies Limited | World Press (Private) Limited | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Summarized balance sheet | | | | | | | | | |
| Current assets Current liabilities | 17,195,659 9,446,226 | 63,113,967 8,144,313 | 555,307,842 332,069,972 | 366,841,604 125,215,366 | 509,245,495 1,008,014,920 | 627,924,323 889,162,881 | 12,107,854 12,087,002 | 15,249,874 12,339,002 | |
| Current net assets / (liabilities) | 7,749,433 | 54,969,654 | 223,237,870 | 241,626,238 | (498,769,425) | (261,238,558) | 20,852 | 2,910,872 | |
| Non-current assets Non-current liabilities | 161,394,611 7,874,949 | 159,278,278 7,710,745 | 18,756,867 10,309,482 | 10,351,545 1,402,020 | 844,759,872 3,675,000 | 845,848,001 238,811,117 | <u> </u> | 4,639,697 | |
| Non-current net assets/(liabilities) | 153,519,662 | 151,567,533 | 8,447,385 | 8,949,525 | 841,084,872 | 607,036,884 | - | 4,639,697 | |
| Net assets | 161,269,095 | 206,537,187 | 231,685,255 | 250,575,763 | 342,315,447 | 345,798,326 | 20,852 | 7,550,569 | |
| Accumulated non-controlling interests | 34,092,287 | 43,661,961 | 113,525,775 | 122,782,124 | 91,637,845 | 92,570,212 | 7,298 | 2,642,699 | |
| Summarized statement of comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue (continued & discontinued operation) | 7,510,445 | (15,995,638) | 61,409,121 | 30,408,739 | 8,358,759 | 17,094,595 | - | - | |
| Profit/(loss) for the year Other comprehensive income/(loss) | (46,374,214) 1,106,122 | (48,624,385) 590,972 | (12,619,224) 1,151,468 | (19,112,212) 2,725,551 | (3,482,879) | (66,273,719) - | (7,529,717) - | (1,794,052) - | |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) | (48,033,413) | (48,033,413) | (17,124,641) | (17,124,641) | (66,273,719) | (66,273,719) | (7,529,717) | (1,794,052) | |
| Profit/(loss) allocated to NCI | (9,803,509) | (10,279,195) | (6,183,420) | (9,364,984) | (932,367) | (17,741,475) | (2,635,401) | (627,918) | |
| Other comprehensive income/(loss) allocated to NCI | 233,834 | 124,931 | 564,219 | 1,335,520 | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u> </u> | <u>-</u> | |
| Dividends paid to NCI | - | | | - | - | - | | - | |
| Summarized cash flows | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash flows from operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Cash flows from financing activities | (7,182,984) (2,750,025) - | 24,787,704 (15,000,000) - | (76,537,307) 10,590,331 - | (41,760,017) 47,811,230 - | 21,125,100 132,563,000 (156,800,822) | (429,490,843) 455,201,977 (128,891,675) | (6,035,191) 6,027,000 - | (232,402) - - | |
| Net (decrease)/increase in cash | · | | | | | | | | |
| and cash equivalents | (9,933,009) | 9,787,704 | (65,946,976) | 6,051,213 | (3,112,722) | (103,180,541) | (8,191) | (232,402) | |

38.3 Interests in associates

Set out below are the associates of the group as at 30 June 2018 which, in the opinion of the directors, are material to the Group. The entities listed below have share capital consisting solely of ordinary shares except FCMF, which are held directly by the Group. The country of incorporation or registration is also their principal place of business, and the proportion of ownership interest is the same as the proportion of voting rights held and total units in case of mutual fund.

| Name of entity | Place of business | Ownership interest | Ownership interest held by the Group | | Value | Carrying Value | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|-------------|--|
| | | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | |
| First Capital Mutual Fund | Pakistan | 46.00% | 42.31% | 33,249,464 | 31,369,927 | 33,249,464 | 31,369,927 | |
| Media Times Limited | Pakistan | 33.32% | 33.32% | 78,661,796 | 50,057,505 | - | - | |
| Pace Barka Properties Limited | Pakistan | 18.00% | 18.00% | - | - | 469,317,404 | 469,317,404 | |
| Pace Super Mall | Pakistan | 0.10% | 0.10% 0.10% | | - | 112,500 | 112,500 | |
| | | | _ | 111,911,260 | 81,427,432 | 502,679,368 | 500,799,831 | |

38.4 Commitments and contingent liabilities in respect of associates

No commitments and contingent liabilities in respect of associates exist as at 30 June 2020.

38.5 Summarized financial information for associates

| 30.5 Summarized intalicial information for associates | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------------|-----------|--|
| | First Capital Mutual Fund | | Media Times | Limited | Pace Barka Properties Limited | | |
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Summarized balance sheet | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Rs'000 | | | |
| Current assets | 125,269,263 | 117,255,677 | 55,765,345 | 50,448,918 | 2,581,543 | 2,633,717 | |
| Current liabilities | 19,742,437 | 19,843,565 | 842,075,069 | 776,576,393 | 1,471,530 | 1,403,192 | |
| Current net assets / (liabilities) | 105,526,826 | 97,412,112 | (786,309,724) | (726,127,475) | 1,110,013 | 1,230,525 | |
| Non-current assets | _ | _ | 226,127,376 | 275,743,200 | 4,033,986 | 4,064,349 | |
| Non-current liabilities | _ | _ | 284,649,288 | 291,216,227 | 253,144 | 249,064 | |
| Non-current net assets | - | - | (58,521,912) | (15,473,027) | 3,780,842 | 3,815,285 | |
| Net assets/(liabilities) | 105,526,826 | 97,412,112 | (844,831,636) | (741,600,502) | 4,890,855 | 5,045,810 | |
| Summarized statement of comprehensive income | | | | | | | |
| Revenue | 10,787,703 | (37,764,548) | 165,452,269 | 177,165,827 | (25,410) | 195,763 | |
| Profit/(loss) for the year | 6,206,554 | (43,208,097) | (110,019,052) | (244,506,124) | (156,675) | (116,126) | |
| Other comprehensive (loss)/income | -,, | - | 6,787,918 | 1,189,323 | 1,720 | 361,164 | |
| Total comprehensive income/(loss) | 6,206,554 | (43,208,097) | (103,231,134) | (243,316,801) | (154,955) | 245,038 | |
| • | | <u> </u> | | | | | |

39 Date of authorization for issue

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue on <u>07-10-200</u> by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company.

40 General

Corresponding figures have been re-classified wherever necessary to reflect more appropriate presentation of events and transactions for the purpose of comparison.

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest of Pak Rupee.

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Financial Officer

Director



FORM OF PROXY

The Company Secretary
First Capital Securities Corporation Limited
2nd Floor, Pace Shopping Mall
Fortress Stadium, Lahore Cantt
Lahore

| Folio No./CDC A/c No.: | |
|------------------------|--|
| Shares Held: | |

Signature of Witness 2

| ore | | | | | | | | | | | • | | |
|---|---|------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------|---------|------|----------------|-------------------------|
| I/We | Option 1 Appointin | _ | | | - | | | S/o | | D/o | | | W/ |
| 1, , , , | | | | CNIC | ; | | be | ing the me | mber(s) | | | pital Se | |
| Corporation | Limited | | , | appoint | | 5./ | | | | S | /o | D/o | W/ |
| | | _CNIC S/o | D/o | . W/o. | | _ or | failing | him / CNIC | her | Mr. | / | Mrs. | Mis a |
| my/our proxy t 2020 at 12:00 | | ne/us and | on n | ny/our be | half at the Anni | ual Gen | eral meetir | ng of the Co | ompany | to be | held | on 28 (| Octobe |
| Signed under | my/our hand | ds on this | | | day of | | , | 2020 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Affix | Rev | enue S Rupe | tamp o |
| Signature of m (Signature sho | | vith the spe | ecim | ien signat | ure registered v | with the | Company |) | | | | | |
| Signed in the | presence of | : | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Signature of V | Vitness 1 | | | | | | Sig | gnature of \ | Vitness | 2 | | | |
| | Option 2 E-voting a | ıs per the | Con | npanies (| (E-voting) Reg | ulation | s, 2016 | | | | | | |
| Corporation Li for e-voting th proxy and will | mited holde rough interr exercise e-v | er of mediary ar voting as p | nd h | Class ereby cor ne Compa | Ordinary shansent the appoing anies (E-voting), please | are(s) a ntment Regula | s per Regi of executions, 2010 | stered Folion on officer _ and herel | o No oy dema | and for | poll | her | eby op a: lutions |
| Signature of m | | vith the spe | ecim | ien signat | ure registered v | with the | Company |) | | | | | |
| Signed in the | presence of | : | | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes

Signature of Witness 1

- A member eligible to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint another member as proxy to attend and vote in the meeting. Proxies in order to be effective must be received by the company at the Registered Office not later than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting.
- In order to be valid, an instrument of proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy of such power of attorney, must be deposited at the Head Office of the Company 2nd and 3rd Floor, Pace Shopping Mall, Fortress Stadium, Lahore Cantt. Lahore, not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
 - a) Individual beneficial owners of CDC entitled to attend and vote at the meeting must bring his/her participant ID and account/sub-account number along with original CNIC or passport to authenticate his/her identity. In case of Corporate entity, resolution of the Board of Directors/Power of attorney with specimen of nominees shall be produced (unless provided earlier) at the time of meeting.
 - b) For appointing of proxies, the individual beneficial owners of CDC shall submit the proxy form as per above requirement along with participant ID and account/sub-account number together with attested copy of their CNIC or Passport. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two witnesses with their names, addresses and CNIC numbers. The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or Passport at the time of meeting. In case of Corporate entity, resolution of the Board of Directors/Power of attorney along with specimen signatures shall be submitted (unless submitted earlier) along with the proxy form.

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED

| | براکسی فارم | کمپنی سیکرٹری |
|---|---|---|
| فوليونمبر/CDCاكاؤنث نمبر: | ֶלָו טטלץ יָלו טטלץ | فرسك يبيثل سيكيو ريثيز كار بوريش كمبيثة |
| | | دوسری منزل، پیس شاپیگ مال، |
| موجود جمص : | | فورٹرلیس سٹیڈیم ، لا ہور کینٹ، لا ہور |
| | | پېلی وضع |
| | | دوسر ہے شخص کو پراکسی مقرر کرنا |
| را بنت شناختی کاره | | |
| ے کیپٹل سکیوریٹیز کارپوریش لمیٹڈکے رکن کی حیثیت سے | | |
| شاختی کارڈ نمبہ | | |
| کو اس کی ناکامی کی صورت میر ند . | | |
| شناختی کارڈ نمب | | |
| ء کو 12:00 بیجے منعقد ہونے والے سالانہ اجلاس یا اس کے کسی بھی | | |
| / ہما را پرانسی مقرر کرتے ہیں۔ | لت اور ووٹ کرنے کے لئے اپنا ^ا | وقفه میں عام میں اپنی/ ہماری جگه شر |
| | | , |
| | | بتاریخ ز روخطی |
| | | زىروقىقى |
| | | ر کن کے دستخط |
| | ا على مداالق من أ الهيكور) | ر ن بے د محط (دستخط کمپنی میں رجسٹر ڈنمونہ دستخط کے |
| | <i>ـــــــ عبرها.ن ہو</i> نے چاہیں) | (د خط چی ۵۰۰ ربستر د سمونده خط |
| | | کی موجودگی میں دستخط کئے گئے |
| گواہ 2 کے دستخط | | گواہ 1 کے دشخط |
| | | دوسری وضع |
| | اد. منظم المنظم الم المنظم المنظم | دومری و ب کمپنیز (برتی ووثنگ)ریگولیشنز 16(|
| بنت | | |
| ے۔ پیٹل سیکیو ریٹیز کاریوریشن کمبیٹڈ کے رکن اورصص | | |
| . ب پیروسیر و دبیور ک میلات کار در این میرق و وشکار جھس کے ما لک ہونے کی حیثیت سے خالث کے ذریعے برقی ووشکا | | |
| ویگولیشنز 6 1 0 2ء کے تحت ایگزیکیو شن | | |
| ۔ نرری پررضامندی کااظہار کرتے ہیں۔اس لئے ہم قرار دادوں پر | | * * * |
| رسی از این | • | |
| | | پپونت می مورد اور برقی دستخطاس ای تفصیلات، پاس ورد اور برقی دستخطاس ای |
| | • | بتاریخ |
| | | ز برد تخطی |
| | | <u> </u> |
| | | کی موجود گی میں دستخط کئے گئے |
| گواہ 2 کے دستخط | <i>.</i> | گواہ 1 کے دستخط |
| | | (برائے مہر بانی پشت پرنوٹس دیکھیں) |

FIRST CAPITAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED

نوڭس:

- 1. سالا نہ اجلاس میں شرکت اور ووٹ کا اہل کسی دوسرے رکن کواپنی جگہ شرکت اور ووٹ کرنے کے لئے پراکسی مقرر کرسکتا ہے۔ توثیق سے اجلاس کے انعقاد سے 48 گھٹے پہلے پراکسیز سمپنی کے رجسٹر ڈ آفس میں پہنچ جانی چاہئیں۔
- 2. جائز ہونے کی غرض ہے، پراکسی کا دستاویز اور مختار نامہ یا اتھارٹی (اگر کوئی ہے) جسے کے ماتحت اس پر دشخط کئے گئے ہیں، یا ایسے مختا نوٹری سے نقید ایق شدہ نقل اجلاس کے انعقاد سے 48 گھٹے پہلے کمپنی کے مرکزی دفتر واقع دوسری اور تیسری منزل، پیش شاپنگ مال، فورٹر ایس سٹیڈ بھر، لا ہور کینٹ، لا ہور میں بہنچ جانی چا ہمیں۔ SECP کمپنیز (برقی ووٹنگ) ریگولیشنز 2016ء پر عمل درآ مدکرتے ہوئے اراکین ثالث بطور پراکسی کی جانب سے ایگزیکیوشن آفیسر کی تعیناتی پر کمپنی کے اجلاس کے انعقاد سے 10 دن پہلے اپنی تحریری رضامندی سے مشروط برقی ووٹنگ کے ذریعے پنائق رائے دہی استعال کر سکتے ہیں۔
- a) کواحد بینی فیشیئل ما لک جواجلاس میں شرکت اور ووٹ کرنے کے اہل ہیں، اپنی شراکت کی شاخت، اکاؤنٹ اور ذیلی اکاؤنٹ اور ذیلی اکاؤنٹ اور ذیلی کے داروباری ادارہ ہونے کی صورت میں بورڈ آف دارو کی نامزدگان کے نمونہ کے دستخط (اگریقبل ازیں فراہم نہ کیا گیا ہے) اجلاس کے انعقاد کے وقت پیش کرنا ہوں گے۔
- (b) پراکسی کے تقرر کے لئے CDC کے انفرادی بینی فیشنل مالکان شراکت کے آئی ڈی، اکاؤنٹ/ ذیلی اکاؤنٹ نمبر بمع CNIC یا سپورٹ کی مصدقہ نقول کے مندرجہ بالاضروریات کے مطابق پراکسی فارم جمع کرائیں گے۔دوگواہان اپنے نام، پتااور CNIC یا سپورٹ پیش کریں گے۔ ممراہ پراکسی فارم کی توثیق کریں گے۔ اجلاس کے انعقاد کے وقت پراکسی اپنااصلی CNIC یا پاسپورٹ پیش کریں گے۔ کاروباری ادارہ کی صورت میں، بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز/ پاورآف اٹارنی بمع نمونہ کے دستخط پراکسی فارم کے ہمراہ جمع کرانے ہوں گے۔