Annual Report 2009



Mandviwalla MAUSER Plastic Industries Limited

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Chairman / Chief Executive Mr. Ali H. Mandiviwalla Mrs. Shireen H. Mandviwalla Director Mr. Nadeem H. Mandviwalla Director Mr. Azeem H. Mandviwalla Director Director Mr. Kalbe Abbas Dharmasey Director Mr. Masih ul Hassan Director Mr. Rahmat Karim Fazli Director (Nominee, SAPICO) Mr. Mohammad Anwar

Board of Audit Committee

Mr. Ali H. Mandiviwalla Chairman
Mr. Kalbe Abbas Dharamsey Member
Mr. Nadeem H. Mandviwalla Member

Company Secretary

Ms. Hina Ambreen

Bankers

Sauid Pak Industrial & Agricultural Investment Company (Pvt.) Limited Standard Chartered Bank Pakistan Limited Industrial Development Bank of Pakistan(IDBP) MCB Bank Limited Bank Al-Falah Limited HBL

Auditors

Jalis Ahmad & Co. Chartered Accountants

Tax Consultants

Haider Naqi & Company (Advocates)

Legal Advisor

Tasawur Ali Hashmi (Advocate)

Registered Office

Mandviwalla Building, Old Queens Road, Karachi - 74000. Tel: 32441116-9 Fax: 32441276 Website: www.mandviwallamauser.com E-mail: mmpil@cyber.net.pk

Shares Registrar

THK Associates (Pvt.) Limited Ground Floor, State Life Building-3, Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed Road, Karachi.

Factory

C-5, Uthal Industrial Estate, Uthal, District Lasbella, Baluchistan. Tel: 0853-610333, 0853-203218, Fax: 0853-610393

Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the 21st Annual General Meeting of Mandviwalla MAUSER Plastic Industries Limited will be held on Friday, October 29, 2009 at 12:00 noon, at Mandviwalla Building, Old Queens Road, Karachi to transact the following business:

- To confirm the minutes of the 20th Annual General Meeting held on October 24, 2008. 1.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited of the Company together with Directors' Reports and Auditors' Reports thereon for the year ended June 30, 2009.
- To appoint Audiors for the year ending June 30, 2010 and fix their remuneration. 3.
- 4. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chairman.

By order of the Board Directors

Dated: October 08, 2009

Karachi

HINA AMBREEN Company Secretary

Notes:

- 1. The share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from October 24, 2009 to October 30, 2009 (both days inclusive)
- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint any other member as his / her proxy to attend and vote on his / her behalf. The instrument appointing proxy must be received at the registered office of the Company duly stamped and signed not later than 48 hours before the meeting.
- 3. Members are requested to notify our Registrar THK Associates (Pvt) Ltd, State Life Building #3, Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed Road, Karachi, if there is any change in their addresses immediately.
- CDC Account Holders will further have to strictly follow the guidelines as laid down in Circular 4, 1 dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Chairman/Directors' Report

The Directors of the company are presenting the 21st Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements of the company for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Financial Results

Financial results are summarized as under.	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
Sales	233,300,261	249,258,221
Gross Profit	20,634,781	22,205,130
Net profit/(loss)after taxation	(22,740,575)	(25,881,718)
Accumulated losses	(339,890,712)	(317,150,137)

Production

Earning per share

The production on the basis of mixed products has decrease by 26% and was 1306 tons compared to 1709 tons during 2008-09.

(3.52)

(3.09)

Sales

The net sales revenue has decreased by 6.40 % to Rs. 233.300 millions as compared to previous year Rs. 249.258 million. Sales decline due a combination of factors like-cost-push-inflation and overall economic recession, however as compared to the reductions in the overall business environment has been witnessed at a reasonable level.

After Tax Profit/Loss and Accumulated losses

The loss after tax is witnessed at Rs. 22.740 million during the year as compared to Rs. 25.881 million (2008). The factors for increase in loss is mainly due to unprecedented 80 to 90% increase in raw material prices in international market resulting in reduced capabilities of the company for raw material procurement, which resulted in expansive costs of production. Production costs increased as the volume decreased substantially due to the overall recession faced during the period.

Default in payments of debts

The company has an aggregate over due liability of Rs. 3.217 million towards its long term debts consisting of SaudiPak Agricultural & Investment Company (Pvt) Limited

and Habib Bank Limited the company has fulfilled its commitment by virtue of pay off Rs.33 million to HBL towards liability. The liability of Industrial Development Bank of Pakistan has been restricted to Rs. 49.33 million by virtue of order/degree of high Court Sindh which resulted in substantial reduction of liability. The company has also plans to further reduce this liability.

Auditors' report to the members

Our auditor, M/s Jalis Ahmed & Co. Chartered Accountant has highlighted certain matters in their reports to the members on the financial statements for the year under review. The respective explanations are as follows.

- Provision for impairment loss of engineering stores in bond of Rs. 19.705 million have not been made as these are still lying in the bonded ware house therefore, the amount of loss cannot be ascertained with certainty. Further explanation is given in note Note 5.1 to the financial statements.
- 2. The Auditors qualified that the trade debtors shown on the balance sheet as of June 30, 2009 is an amount Rs. 33.286 million in respect of various parties, which remains unverified and has not been provided for. Basically these parties are unregistered and our seasonal clients, last year their balance was Rs. 39.136 million. Management is fully confident for the recovery of the amount. Therefore no provision is made in the accounts for the year ended June 30, 2009.
- 3. The company has not recorded any additional liability under section 205 of the income tax ordinance 2001, on deposition of third party tax as mentioned in note No. 19.1.3 into federal treasury within stipulated period. The company expects to satisfy the auditors to the full regarding the same as all obligation have been discharged according to law and proof of which will be provided subsequently to the auditors.
- 4. The auditors have given qualification on the going concern assumption in question on the basis

of indicators as shown in the note 1.1 to the financial statements which have raised doubts that the company will be able to continue as a going concern.

However, the management is of the view that it has a unique product mix and the highest credibility in their field, the technology is very difficult to gain experience in due to which condition in the future are expected of becoming favorable. The company has elaborated the factors in note 1.1 to the financial statements, and which has been considered in preparation of the financial statements on going concern basis.

Auditors

The present auditors M/s Jalis Ahmed Co. Chartered Accountant retire and being eligible to offer themselves for reappointment.

Statement on Corporate and Financial Reporting Frame Work

- The financial statements, prepared by the management of the company, presents, fairly its state a) of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows & changes in equity.
- Proper books of accounts of the company have been maintained. b)
- Appropriate accounting polices have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial c) statements. Accounting estimates are based on reasonable prudent judgment,
- International accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation d) of financial statements and any departure there from if any, has been adequately disclosed.
- The system of financial controls, which was in place, is being continuously reviewed by the e) management for improvement of internal audit and other procedures. The process of review will continue and any weaknesses in the controls will be removed.
- The going concern assumption is discussed in note 1.1 to the financial statements. f)
- There has been no material departure from the best practice of the corporate governance, as g) detailed in the listing regulation.
- Key operating & financial data for the last six years in summarized, form is annexed. h)
- In view of the losses sustained, the company has not declared dividend during the year. (i
- Outstanding taxes & levies:
 - Please refer to note 14 to the annexed financial statements
- During the year four meetings of the board of directors were held. Attendance by each director k) is as follows:-

Board of Directors	No. Of meeting Attended
Mr. Ali H. Mandviwalla	04
Mrs. Shireen H. Mandviwalla	04
Mr. Nadeem H. Mandviwalla	04
Mr. Azeem H. Mandviwalla	04
Mr. Kalbe Abbas Dharmasey	04
Mr. Masih ul Hassan	04
Mr. Rahmat Karim Fazli	04
Mr. Mohammad Anwar (Nominee, SAPICO)	00

Future Outlook

Our Company has in absence of any support for working capital requirements still managed to control increase in the amount of losses despite the reduction in sales, we expect growth in sales revenue in the coming months as increase in prices has effected the overall business situation and turnover of sales will increase however the concentration will remain to curtail major increase in costs/expenses.

Acknowledgment

It is our privilege to share with you our deep appreciation of the sincerity and dedication of our company

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employees during the course of the year who are our main asset.

We would also like to express our gratitude for the support and co-operation of our valued customers, shareholders, suppliers and financial institutions.

Karachi October 07, 2009 On behalf of the Board of Directors ALI H. MANDVIWALLA Chairman / Chief Executive

VISION STATEMENT

To diversify and expand in other related sectors where quality plastic products are not available and fill the gaps in those fields. Increase awareness of our Company and the international quality standards being met nationally and internationally. Further improve whenever possible and identify areas which can be better managed.

MISSION STATEMENT

Our mission is to exceed the expectations of our customers, producing quality plastic products with efficiency, employing international best practices and applying an integrated approach to product research and development, manufacturing technology, operations management, material procurement, financial management and information systems."

Strategic Goals:

- Achieving customer satisfaction by manufacturing quality products, timely management of a. deliveries and after sales support.
- b. Ensuring Quality Manufacturing by producing international quality standard plastic products at competitive prices.
- Expanding customer base by exploring new national and international markets and undertaking C. product research and development in plastic products as well as our own market requirement.
- Ensuring efficient resource management by managing human, financial, technical and d. infrastructural resources to support the above strategic goals and to ensure highest possible value addition to stakeholders.

Core Values:

- Striving for continuous improvement and innovation with commitment and responsibility; 1)
- 2) Treating stakeholders with respect, courtesy and competence;
- 3) Practicing highest personal and professional integrity;
- 4) Maintaining teamwork, trust and support, with open and candid communication;
- 5) Ensuring cost consciousness in all decisions and operations.

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Key Operating And Financial Results

	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Operating Data						
Sales (Net) Cost of sales Gross Profit Operating Profit/lose Financial Charges Profit/(lose) before Taxation Profit/(lose) after Taxation	233,300 (212,665) 20,635 (16,546) (5,024) (21,571) (22,740)	249,258 (227,053) 22,205 (22,908) (1,724) (24,632) (25,881)	264,031 (237,432) 26,589 (18,979) (3,990) (22,970) (24,301)	200,434 (158,099) 42,334 56,717 (7,294) 49,423 48,409	261,873 (248,744) 13,129 (42,095) (11,365) (53,460) (55,022)	236,153 (21,853) 25,303 (26,889) (8,306) (35,196) (37,152)
Financial Data						
Shareholders equity Long term liabilities Deferred liabilities Current liabilities	(208,116) 192,913 11,016 237,803	(183,375) 195,913 10,535 239,302	(159,494) 188,706 9,280 226,620	(131,515) 189,706 12,780 177,010	(238,144) 247,947 13,306 222,683	(183,122) 252,047 11,839 175,708
Fixed Assets Long term deposits current assets	103,633 731 109,547	113,887 733 127,013	123,280 1,675 120,753	134,422 1,455 92,399	171,116 906 85,667	179,534 968 87,866
Key Ratio						
Gross margin Operating margin Net Profit Current ratio* Earning/(loss) per share	8.84% -7.09% -9.74% 0.46:1 (3.09)	9.00% -9.19% -10.38% 0.53:1 Rs.(3.52)	10.07% -7.99% -1.63% 0.51:1 Rs.(3.30)	21.12% 28.29% 24.15% 0.53:1 Rs.6.58	5.01% -16.06% -21.01% 0.45:1 Rs.(7.48)	10.71% -11.40% -15.70% 0.64:1 Rs.(5.05)
Dividend	-	•		5%	-	
Production (Tons)	59					
Installed Actual	4275 1306	4275 1709	4275 1849	4275 1765	4275 2106	4275 2216

^{*}Current ration has been calculated after deducting current maturity of long term liabilties

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING **AS AT JUNE 30, 2009**

NO. OF	HAVIN	G SHARES	SHARESHOLD	PERCENTAGE
SHAREHOLDERS	FROM	то	SHARES HOLD	%
1046	1	100	104062	1.4147
1341	101	500	593265	8.0657
137	501	1000	134100	1.8231
184	1001	5000	524573	7.1318
51	5001	10000	399100	5.4259
61	10001	15000	196000	2.6647
10	15001	20000	182692	2.4837
3	20001	25000	68500	0.9312
3	25001	30000	87000	1.1828
1	30001	35000	31900	0.4336
2	45001	50000	97500	1.3255
2	55001	60000	118576	1.612
2	65001	70000	135500	1.8421
1	80001	85000	83652	1.1372
1	110001	115000	11.1500	1.5566
1	120001	125000	125000	1.6994
1	125001	130000	129500	1.7606
1	145001	150000	145300	1.9754
1	265001	270000	268500	3.6503
1	285001	290000	289800	3.9399
2	415001	420000	837910	11.3917
1	515001	520000	518855	7.054
1	2165001	2170000	2169615	29.4969
2809			7355400	100.0000

CATEGORIES OF SHARE HOLDERS AS AT JUNE 30, 2009

Categories	No. of Share Holders	Total Share Held	Percentage%
Individuals Joint Stock Companies Financial Institutions Modarabas & Mutual Funds	2790 14 4 1	7,166,727 41,773 145,400 1,500	14,333.45 83.55 290.80 3.00
Totai	2809	7,355,400	100.00

DETAIL OF CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS AS AT JUNE 30, 2009

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shareholders	Share Held
Associated companies, undertakings and related parties	Nil	Nil
NIT and ICP	1	5,400
Directors, CEO and their Spouse and Minor Children		
Mr. Ali H. Mandviwalla (Chief Executive)		10,000
Mst. Shireen H. Mandviwalla (Director)		518,855
Mr. Nadeem H. Mandviwalla (Director)		419,455
Mr. Azeem H. Mandviwalla (Director)		418,955
Mr. Kable Abbas Dharamsey (Director)		16,092
Mr. Masih ul Hassan (Director)		500
Mr. Rehmat Karim Fazli (Director)		500
	8	1,384,357
Executives	Nil	Nil
Public Sector Companies and Corporations	Nit	Nil
Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non- Banking Finance Institutions, Insurance Companies, Modarabas and Mutual Funds	4	141500
Individuals	2782	5,782,370
Joint Stock Companies	1 4	41,773
	2809	7,355,400
Shareholders Holding 10% or more Voting interest in Company		
Total Paid-up Capital of the Company 7355400 Shares 10% of the Public Paid -up Capital 735540 Shares		
	Shares Held	Percentage
Mr. Saleem H. Mandviwalla	2,170,115	29.504%

STATEMENT OF ETHICS AND BUSINESS PRACTICES

The articulation of this statement shall be based on the following:

- 1. Questionable and improper payments or misuse of the Company's assets shall be avoided.
- 2. Political contribution shall be avoided.
- 3. Company's interest shall be on first priority.
- There shall be maintained strict confidentiality over the Company's records such as books 4. of account etc.
- Significant violations of any law, to which the Company is subject, shall not be made. 5.

Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of Corporate Governance

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in Regulation No. 37 of listing regulation of Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Ltd., for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Compay has applied the principle contained in the Code in the following manner:

- 1. The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors. At present the Board includes only one executive director and nil representing minority shareholders.
- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than ten listed 2. companies including this Company.
- All the resident directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has 3. defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or any NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- There was no casual vacancy of directors during the year. 4.
- 5. The Company has prepared a "Statement of Ethics and Business Practices", which has been signed by all the directors and employees of the Company.
- The Board has developed vision and mission statement, overall corporate strategy and 6. significant policies if the Company, which have been approved by the Board. A complete record of particulars of significant policies alongwith the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and the Board has taken decisions 7. on material transactions, including determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO.
- The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and in his absence, by a 8. director elected by the Board for his purpose and the Board meets at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meeting, alongwith agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before before
- 9. The Board has conducted orientation courses for its directors during the year to apprise them of their duties and responsibilities.
- 10. The new appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions shall be approved by the Board of Directors in accordance with the Code of Corporate Governance.
- The directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirement of 11. the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12. The financial statements of the Company were duly endorsed by the CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.

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- The directors, CEO and executive do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company 13. other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- The Company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the 14. Code.
- The Board has formed an audit committee. It comprises three members, of whom two are 15. non-executive directors.
- The meeting of the audit committee was held at least once every quarter prior to approval 16. of interim and final results of the Company and as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- The Company has already set-up an internal audit function internally. 17.
- The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory 18. rating under the quality control review programme of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm their spouse and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the form and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- The statutory auditors or the persons associate with term have been appointed to provide 19. other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code have been complied with 20. the except few, towards which reasonable progress is being made by the Company to seek compliance by the end of the next financial accounting year.

REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMEBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH BEST PRACTICES OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the statement of compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance prepared by the board of directors of Mandviwalla Mauser Plastic Industries Limited to comply with the Listing Regulation No. 37 (Chapter XI) and No. 43 (Chapter XIII) of the Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges respectively, where the company is listed.

The responsibility for the compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the statement of compliance reflects the status of the company's compliance with the provision of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not. A review is limited primarily to inquires of the company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop and effective audit approach. We have not carried out any special review of the internal control systems to enable us to express an opinion as to whether the Board's statement on internal controls covers all controls and effectiveness of such internal controls.

Based on our review, owing to the significance of the matters disclosed in our auditors' report, the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the company for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Dated: October 07, 2009 Karachi

Jalis Ahmed & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Audit Engagement Partner: Mr. Iqbal Yuosuf FCA

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of Mandviwalla Mauser Plastic Industries Limited as at June 30, 2009 and the related profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit;

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies used and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:-

- Company's policy for impairment of assets in respect of engineering stores in bond, having cost of Rs.19.705 million is contrary to International Accounting Standard (IAS-36) "Impairment of Assets". The customs authorities allegedly damaged the said stores. No provision for impairment loss has been made in financial statements in this respect. The company has filed a suit against the customs authorities. Since, the engineering stores are held in bond, the extent of damage occurred could not be ascertained with reasonable certainty.
 - Had the company made the provisions as stated in paragraph (a) above the loss for the year would have been Rs. 42.446 million and the accumulated losses would have been Rs. 359.596 million. Furthermore, the net capital deficiency of the company would have been Rs. 227.821 million.
- Included in the trade debtors shown on the balance sheet as of June 30, 2009 is an amount of Rs. 33,286 million in respect of various parties, which remain unverified and against which no provision has been made. In the absence of information we were unable to verify the recoverable amount of debtors;
- As mentioned in note 19.1.3 to the financial statements, the company has not recorded any additional tax liability under section 205 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 that the company may incur on non-deposit of third party tax liability in the government treasury within stipulated time. Since the age of the tax liability is not ascertainable, the estimate of the financial effect cannot be quantified with substantial accuracy.
- d) As fully explained in note no.1.1, 12, 13 and 16 to the financial statements, the company has incurred loss of Rs. 22.741 million for the year and its accumulated losses comes of Rs. 339.891 million as at June 30, 2009. Thus, caused a net capital deficiency of Rs. 208.116 million. The current liabilities have exceeded the current assets by Rs. 128.256 million. The going concern assumption used in the preparation of these financial statements would be valid only if the entity is able to honor its loan obligations and inject sufficient capital into the company. However, no adjustments, if any, have been made in these accounts, that may be necessary in case the company would be unable to continue as a going concern.
- e) With reference to note 19.1.2 to the financial statements, the company has gone into litigation and filed a suit in the High Court of Sindh (Banking Jurisdiction) against a commercial bank. The mark up and penalty accrued thereon has not been accounted for in the financial statements. The banking company has in turn also counter filed a legal suit against the company for recovery of outstanding dues which is pending before the banking court;
- f) In our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- g) In our opinion: -
 - . The balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been

- drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in accordance with the accounting policies consistently applied;
- The expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the company's business; ij.
- iii. The business conducted, investments made and expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the company;
- h) Owing to the significance of the matters on the financial statements, as discussed in the preceding paragraphs, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof do not give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at June 30, 2009 and of its loss, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended, in accordance with the financial reporting framework as referred to in the above paragraph;
- In our opinion no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII i) of 1980).

Date: October 07, 2009

Place: KARACHI

Jalis Ahmad & Co. Chartered Accountants Audit Engagement Partner: Mr. Iqbal Yuosuf FCA

BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2009

	Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Operating fixed assets - at cost less accumulated depreciation	4	103,633,663	113,887,675
Assets in bond	5	19,705,171	19,705,171
Long term deposits	6	731,710	733,510
		124,070,544	134,326,356
CURRENT ASSETS	-		
Stores, spare and loose tools	7	12,960,975	11,633,265
Stock-in-trade	8	25,331,780	39,289,910
Trade debts - unsecured	9	62,701,843	63,375,431
Loan, advances, deposits, prepayments and others receivable	10	7,649,871	11,528,444
Cash and bank balances	11	967,254	1,669,503
	2	109,611,723	127,496,553
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Current portion of long term finances		3,217,998	3,217,998
Morabaha finance	12	2,204,000	1,654,000
Short term finances utilized under mark-up arrangements	13	32,777,940	32,777,940
Current portion of obligation under finance lease	44	968,905	1,388,392
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	14	195,952,210	199,166,791
Provision for taxation	15	2,746,765	1,580,762
		257,007,010	203,103,003
Net current assets/(liabilities)		(128,256,095)	(112,289,330)
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			S 75 No. 100 N
Long term finances	16 ,	192,913,927	195,913,927
Obligation under finance lease	17	-	963,190
Deferred liabilities	18	11,016,934	10,535,746
		203,930,861	207,412,863
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	19		
NET ASSETS	-	(208,116,412)	(185,375,837)
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized capital			
7,500,000 (2008: 7,500,000) ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each	-	75,000,000	75,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	20 T	73,554,000	73,554,000
Subordinated loans	21	58,220,300	58,220,300
Accumulated losses carried forward		(339,890,712)	(317,150,137)
Net shareholders' equity	Ļ	(208,116,412)	(185,375,837)
	-		

The annexed notes form an integral part of these accounts.

Ali H. MANDVIWALLA Chief Executive NADEEM H, MANDVIWALLA Director

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Note	2009 Rup eo s	2008 Rupees
Sales - net	22	233,300,261	249,258,221
Cost of goods sold	23	(212,665,480)	(227,053,091)
Gross profit	-	20,634,781	22,205,130
Operating expenses			
Administrative expenses	24	29,716,619	33,833,827
Selling and distribution expenses	25	8,212,775	11,309,187
		(37,929,394)	(45,143,014)
Operating profit / (loss)	3.	(17,294,614)	(22,937,884)
Other income / (charges)	26	747,791	29,826
	-	(16,546,823)	(22,908,058)
Financial and other charges	27	(5,024,592)	(1,724,570)
Profit / (loss) before taxation	-	(21,571,415)	(24,632,628)
Taxation	28	(1,169,160)	(1,249,090)
Profit / (Loss) after taxation	-	(22,740,575)	(25,881,718)
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	29 _	(3.09)	(3.52)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these accounts.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		2009	2008
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit / (loss) before taxation		(21,571,415)	(24,632,628)
Adjustment for non-cash charges and other items:			
Depreciation on operating assets	4.1	11,938,548	13,109,092
Provision for staff gratuity		3,557,824	3,426,782
(Gain) / loss on disposal of fixed assets		(699,296)	-
Financial charges		5,024,592	1,724,570
		19,821,668	18,260,444
Cash flows from operating activities before working capital changes Working capital changes		(1,749,747)	(6,372,184)
Decrease / (Increase) in current assets			<u> </u>
Stores, spare and loose tools		(1,327,710)	(1,846,065)
Stock-in-trade		13,958,130	(17,953,839)
Trade debts		673,588	12,000,804
Short term loans		<u>-</u>	-
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities		3,878,573	(529,688)
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities		(15,944,467)	12,896,091
		1,238,114	4,567,303
Income tax paid		(3,157)	(999,740)
Staff gratuity paid		(3,076,636)	(2,170,704)
Employees' compensated absences paid		- 1	_
Financial charges paid		(5,073,981)	(1,695,791)
		(8,153,774)	(4,866,235)
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from operating activities		(8,665,407)	(6,671,11 6)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Fixed capital expenditure paid		(1,985,240)	(3,716,667)
Sale proceeds on disposal of fixed assets		1,000,000	
Net (increase)/decrease in long term deposits		1,800	941,052
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from investing activities		(983,440)	(2,775,615)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Short term finances		2000 00.000,000,000	-
Obligation under finance lease		(1,382,677)	1,468,582
Morabaha finance		550,000	(1,150,000)
Long term finances repaid/adjusted		(3,000,000)	7,208,000
Net cash inflow / (outflow) from financing activities		(3,832,677)	7,526,582
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(13,481,524)	(1,920,149)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,235,250	3,155,399
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	33	(12,246,274)	1,235,250

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCC FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE		UNT 30, 2009	
	subscribed and paid up share capital	Subordinated	Accumulated losses carried forward	Net shareholders' equity
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Balance as at July 01, 2007	73,554,000	58,220,300	(291,268,419)	(159,494,119)
Profit/(loss) for the year		•	(25,881,718)	(25,881,718)
Balance as at June 30, 2008	73,554,000	58,220,300	(317,150,137)	(185,375,837)
Profit/(loss) for the year	•	ı	(22,740,575)	(22,740,575)
Balance as at June 30, 2009	73,554,000	58,220,300	(339,890,712)	(208,116,412)
The annexed notes form an integral part of these accounts.	al part of these accoun	.		
Ali H. MANDVIWALLA Chief Executive			NADEEM H, MANDVIWALL Director	ANDVIWALLA

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

The company was incorporated in Pakistan on June 13, 1988, as a Public Limited company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 domiciled in the province of Sindh and is listed on the Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges. The company is mainly engaged in manufacturing and sale of plastic and allied products. The registered office of the company is situated at Mandviwalla Building, Old Queens Road, Karachi.

1.1 GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

The company has incurred a loss after tax of Rs. 22.741 million (2008; Rs. 25.88 million loss) for the year and the accumulated losses comes to Rs. 339.891 million (2008; Rs. 317.150 million) as on June 30, 2009. Thus causing a net capital deficiency of Rs. 208.116 million (2008; Rs. 185.375 million). The current liabilities have exceeded current assets by Rs. 128.256 million (2008; Rs. 112.289 million).

The Management is of the view that the company will be able to continue as a going concern because the sponsors of the company intends to inject funds into the company in the near future. Furthermore, the company has cut down on expenditure and intends to increase sales by means of increased pricing of products which have duly been agreed with the customers. Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared on the basis of going concern assumption.

2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Ordinance, 1984. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Accounting Standards as notified under the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Wherever, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 or directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan differ with the requirements of these standards, the requirements of Companies Ordinance, 1984 or the requirements of the said directives take precedence.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These financial statements have been prepared using accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow statement, under the historical cost convention except for certain financial assets and liabilities which are stated at fair value.

3.2 STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS TO PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the company has adopted all of the applicable revised IAS and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) of IASB, effective for accounting period beginning on or after the dates mentioned below: The adoption of such IAS and Interpretations has no material impact on the financial statements of the current and prior years.

IAS 1 "Presentation of financial statements", issued in September 2007 revises the existing IAS 1 and requires apart from changing the names of certain financial statements, presentation of transactions with owners in statement of changes in equity and with non-owners of the Comprehensive Income Statement. The revised standard will be effective from January 1, 2009. Adoption of this standard will only impact the presentation of the financial statements.

There are other accounting standards, new interpretations that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2008 but are considered not to be relevant or have any significant effect to the company's operations and are therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

3.2 USE OF CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the companies accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future

events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas involving a higher degree of judgments or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows:

- Deferred liability staff gratuity a)
- Provision for taxation b)
- Accrued liabilities c)
- d) Impairments of, doubtful trade debts, capital work in progress
- Useful life of operating fixed assets, intangible assets. e)
- Valuation of assets held for sale f)
- Estimates of impairments and recoverable amounts of assets g)

FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION 3.3

Owned

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any except for capital work-in-progress is stated at cost.

Depreciation on fixed assets is charged to the profit and loss account applying the diminishing balance method whereby the cost of an asset is written off over its estimated useful life. Full year's depreciation is charged in the year of addition while no depreciation is charged in the year of disposal.

Company accounts for impairment, where indication exists, by reducing its carrying value to the assessed recoverable amount. However, no such indication exists till the authorization of these financial statements.

Expenditure incurred subsequent to the initial acquisition of asset is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the items of above assets. All other expenditure is recognized in the profit and loss account as and when incurred.

Gains and losses on disposal are included in income currently.

Leased

Assets subject to finance lease

Assets subject to finance lease are accounted for by recording the asset and related liability at the amounts determined on the basis of lower of fair value of the asset and the present value of minimum lease payments.

The outstanding obligation under the lease less finance charges allocated to future periods is shown as a liability.

Financial charges are allocated to accounting periods in a manner so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge on the outstanding liability.

Depreciation is charged on the leased assets on the basis similar to that of owned tangible assets.

Assets subject to operating lease

Lease rentals payable on assets held under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account.

IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS 3.4

The company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that a fixed asset may be impaired except for assets in bond. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying amounts exceed the estimated recoverable amount, assets are written down to the recoverable amount.

STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS 3.5

Stores, spares and loose tools are stated at cost which is determined under the moving average method except for those in transit and in bond which are valued at actual cost. Provision is made

Mandviwalla MAUSIER

for slow moving and obsolete items. The term cost means invoice price including direct expenses.

3.6 STOCK IN TRADE

Raw materials are valued at lower of cost and estimated net realizable value. Cost is arrived at by using first-in, first-out basis except for goods in transit and in bond.

Finished goods are valued at lower of cost determined on average basis and net realizable value. Cost consists of cost of direct materials, labor and appropriate manufacturing overheads.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of the business less costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Goods in transit and in bond are stated at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges paid thereon.

3.7 TRADE DEBTS

Trade debts originated by the company are recognized and carried at original invoice amount. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off as and when incurred.

3.8 CREDITORS, ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER LIABILITIES

Creditors, accrued expenses and other liabilities are stated at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future in respect of goods and services.

3.9 ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHERS RECEIVABLE

These are stated at cost.

3.10 PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

3.11 FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATIONS

Foreign currency transactions are converted into rupees at the rates of exchange approximating to those ruling at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies have been translated into rupees at the rates of exchange approximating those ruling at the balance sheet date except for liabilities covered under forward exchange contracts which are translated at the contracted rates. Exchange gains or losses are included in income currently.

3.12 REVENUE RECOGNITION

Local sales are recorded on receipt of goods by customers. Sales return are booked as and when advised.

Export sales are recorded on dispatch of goods to customers. Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis.

3.13 BORROWING COSTS

Mark-up, interest and other charges on long term borrowings are capitalized unto the date of commissioning of the related fixed asset, acquired out of the proceeds of such long term borrowings. All other mark-up, interest and other charges are charged to profit and loss account.

3.14 TAXATION

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account available tax credits and rebates and any under/over provisions in respect of prior years.

Deferred

Deferred tax is calculated using the liability method on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date, between the tax base of the assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, un-absorbed tax losses to the extent that it is probable that the deductible temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future

and significant taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences or un-absorbed tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of all deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or subsequently enacted at the balance sheet date.

3.15 STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Defined benefit plan - gratuity

The company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for its all permanent employees who have completed a minimum qualifying period of service. Provision is made on the basis of Actuarial recommendations. The actuarial valuation is carried out using the Project Unit Credit Method. The actuarial gains and losses are recognized at each valuation date.

Employees' compensated absences

The company provides for liability in respect of employees' compensated absences in the year in which these are earned.

The company accounts for these benefits on an accrual basis.

3.16 OFFSETTING

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and the company intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.17 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash in hand and at banks, if any, are carried at cost.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consists of cash in hand, bank balances net off book overdraft.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS 3.18

All the financial assets and liabilities are recognized at the time when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Any gain or loss on the recognition and derecognizing of the financial assets and liabilities is included in the income currently.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 3.19

All transactions with related parties are carried out by the company at arm's length prices using "Comparable Uncontrolled Price Method".

Table Control Contro		Lessehold	Buildings on least-hold land	Plant and mathinery Imported	Plant and machinery local	Engineering stores moulds	Furniture, Hydrant and Air conditioners	Equipment	Generators, Workshops, Tools and Handling Equipment	Tube well	Compressor	Cantaen	Metor	Motor Vehicles	Total
		Owned	Омпас	Owned	Owned	Owned	Owned	Dansed	Owned	łŧ	Owned	Owned	Owned	Leased	
Communication Communicatio	4	Rupess	Rupses	Rupees	Rupete	Rupese	Rupess	Rupess	Papere	Aupees	Paper	Pupper	Aupent	Aupase	Rupees
Part		739,202	32,601,122	253,691,368	10,974,130	57,742,581	9,045,566	5,782,734	12,647,031	431,185	1,306,055	172,115	1,006,503	4,124,649	390,778,24
Table Tabl	ě	•		192,151,272	8,372,303	29,983,502	5,484,726	3,227,320	7,372,739	411,310	842,063	136,627	949.294	916,337	276,888,568
Activation of the control of	Net book value	724,202	Š	61,540,566	2,601,627	277,789,079	3,590,848	2,335,405	8,474,292	19,856	296 987	32,216	137,200	3,204,342	113,467,673
Compare the control of the control	Year ended June 30, 2008												8		
Companies of the boundary control of the boundary co	Operang net book value	739,202		960'095'10	2,801,827	27,789,079	3,550,940	2,536,405	5,474,292	19,855	466,962	36,288	137,208	3,200,362	113,867,976
This 277 S. S. Mark 12 S	Applicates Discoveries of met boost verbus	•		. (58 336)			1	245,461	899,115		381,200	200	•	42,410	1,685,240
This 202 2.00 (1.02) 2.0	Ospreciation	•	(677,025)	(8,148,078)	8	(2,778,908)	357	(278,087)	(834,341)	(3,071)	(169,436)	(11,218)	(27,442)	(650,152)	(11,838,548)
The 202 2.0.01 (2.0.2012 2		,							1				•		
Tright T		139,427	277'ESL'9	***************	2,720,289	1,1,410,62	3,204,736	2,502,780	1,748,067		677,746	44,074	108,787	2,346,242	103,633,663
This could be will be compared as wholey: This could be compar	As at June 39, 2009	-		440								. :			
Tab 202 22 601 12 25 505 209 1,000 000 0 5,700 00 1,000 000 1,00	- 1	ZOZ'AF		105,863,684	11,400,300	37,792,581 32,773,410	9,045,580	8,000,195	13,715,145	431,105	1,669,235	192,919	1,058,303	3,925,731	390,045,113
739-202 22.001-12 233-883-78 10.060-000 5778-201 20.067-000 5.451.000 12.773,031 416,123 1.004.050 170,075 170,075 170,000 170,075 170,000 170,075 170,000 170,075 170,000 170,075 170,000 170,075 170,000 170,075 170,000 170,075 170,000 170,075 170,000 170,075 170,000 170,075 170,000 170,075 170,000 170,075 170,000 170,075 170,000 170,075 170,000 170,075 170,075 170,000 170,000 170,0		736,202	5.183,222	36,332,884	2,725,269	26,049,171	5,204,794	2,502,780	5,709,067	16.84	677.74	44,874	100,707	2,366,342	103,633,663
738,202 2.2601,122 2.20.03,117 2.20.03 2.20.03,117 2.20.03 2.20.03,117 2.20.03 2.20.03,117 2.20.03 2.2	At July 1, 2007												٠		
TBB_202	1	738,202	32,001,122	253,883,268	10,959,030	57,782,581	6,986,568	5,451,096	12,773,001	416,125	1,306,036	170,015	1,086,503	883,000	387,058,574
T39,202 6,411,345 68,359,744 2,675,519 30,867,646 3,807,449 2,006,479 40,006,457 41,469 42,010 233,462 704,009 74,729 7	mulano bayrada socii vaha	710 362	E 494 386	180,313,484	2 878 R18	20 AN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	1 0,089,017	2,845,617	0,764,484	200	726,657	128,005	862.841	178,600	283,779,47
T39,202 Cast	5	·												ALLIANT	1007007
Tablitide Cont Action Tablitide	Opening net book value	739,202	6,611,385	68,369,784	2,875,619	30,887,886	3,807,449	2.505.479	6.008.547	9.779	SA2 478	42.010	2513 1662	204 400	129 280 100
Tab_202 S2.801.122 Z35.801.122 Z35.801.122 Z35.801.123 S26.81.308 S27.728 S26.840 S25.8409	Auditions of cost			8,100.00	15,100	•	49,000	311,638	74,000	18,040	,	2.100.00		3,241,008	3,716,667
T38_282 5,776_347 61,144,096 2,841,267 3,340,840 2,559,405 3,440,540 2,547,247 14,459 441,159 36,724 12,47,247 14,459 441,159 37,722,551 9,046,549 3,722,734 12,47,201 411,169 13,06,103 17,115 1,046,500 41,247,247 12,47,247 14,145 1,306,103 17,115 1,046,500 41,247 12,47,247 14,145 1,306,103	Depradation		(841,138)	(6,837,788)	(269,002)	(3,086,787)	(395,649)	(201,712)	(806,256)	(8,964)	(116,495)	(8,822)	(80,063)	(736,737)	(13,109,092)
T39-202 \$2.201-102 \$2.500	Impairment	. 5		- 472.70						•		-	•	,	•
T39,202 \$22,801,122 \$23,891,136 \$10,972,381 \$0,046,586 \$1,792,734 \$12,847,001 \$411,166 \$1,006,003 \$72,116 \$1,006,003 \$4,124,089 \$1,207,273 \$1,316,003 \$1,316,	CHORING HAY BOOK AMOR	747	3,770,247	91,040,010	(28/LM2	31,789,019	3,380,840	2,539,406	2,474,592	18,465	416,962	76.2	146,613	2,958,948	113,617,675
T39,202 T30,001 T2 T30,001 T2 T30,001 T2 T30,001	As at June 39, 2008				8.			i							
138,202 1,70,247 11,500,084 2,500,087 27,790,072 3,580,440 2,580	Cont.	130,202	32,801,122 27,030,878	190 161 272	10,974,130	37,792,561	0,045,588	9,762,734	12,847,031	431,165	1,305,035	172,115	1,086,503	4,124,589	390,776,241
Plate been alticorded as follows: 2009 2008	Het book value	736,202	5,770,247	61,540,094	2,601,627	27,790,079	3,580,840	2,536,405	6,474,292	18,885	465,162	35,238	137,200	3,266,352	113,287,475
1,326,926 1,32	P. C.	•	ŧ	10	10	¢	2	10	÷	2	R	2	2	2	•
1,326,954 1,326,954 1,527,537 1,527,537 1,326,954 1,527,537 1,527,537 1,326,954 1,527,537 1,52	The depreciation for the year has been alloca	sted as follows:			2009 Rupees		2008 Rupees								
Cost Accumulated Book value Sale Proceeds Chalm(Loss) on Mode of Disposal Rs.	Cost of goods menufactured			L	10,611,583		11,581,555								
Cost Accumulated Book value Sale Proceeds Calin/(Loss) on Mode of Disposal Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs. Re. Re. Re. Re. Re.	Administrative expenses				11,938,546		13,100,002								
Cost Accumulated Book value Sale Proceeds Calin/(Loss) on Mode of Disposal Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs. Re. 2,475,000 2,415,884 59.336 310,000 250,664 Negotiation	Disposal of fixed assets														
Ra. Ra. Ra. Re. Re. 2,475,000 2,415,864 59.338 310,000 250,664 Negodation		Cont	Accumulated	Book value		Gain/(Loss) on disposal	Mode of Disposal		Sold to						
2,475,000 2,415,884 59.336 310,000 260,664 Negotiation		Ą	ź	ź	ž										
	Plant and machinary - Chiller	2,475,000	2,415,884	59,338	310,000	250,664	Negodation	Mujahid E	ngineering Works - Ki	nechi					

Mandviwalla MAWSER

		Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
5	ASSETS IN BOND			
	Engineering stores	5.1	19,705,171	19,705,171
5.1	These are moulds which, have been pledged with a lender. These moulds were important and a lender in respect of which the company has filed suits. Since the Engineering occurred could not be ascertained with reasonable certainty.			
6	LONG TERM DEPOSITS		731,710	733,510
7	STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS			
	Stores and spares	Г	12,960,975	11,633,265
	Loose tools	Į	1,600,849	1,600,849
			14,561,824	13,234,114
	Less: Provision for slow moving stores, spares and loose tools	7.1	(1,600,849)	(1,600,849)
		1.	12,960,975	11,633,265
1.1	Provision for slow moving stores, spares and loose tools			
	Opening balance	Ī	1,600,849	1,600,849
	Charge for the year	ļ	•	-
	Reversal during the year	L		4 000 040
		•	1,600,849	1,600,849
8	STOCK-IN-TRADE		**	
	Raw materials	٦	19,977,454	30,503,965
	Raw materials in bond	-	336,140	
	Finished goods		5,440,853	9,208,612
			25,754,447	39,712,577
	Less: Provision for slow moving finished goods	8.1	(422,667)	(422,667
		:=	25,331,780	39,289,910
3.1	Provision for slow moving stock			
	Opening balance	ſ	422,667	422,667
	Charge for the year		- []	-
	Reversal during the year	L		-
		-	422,667	422,667
9	TRADE DEBTS - Unsecured			
•		r		21.555.464
	Considered good		26,415,843	24,239,431
	Considered doubtful	8	36,286,000 [62,701,843	39,136,000 63,375,431
	Less: Provision for doubt full debts		(H)	-
			62,701,843	63,375,431
10	LOAN, ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHERS RECEIVABLE			
	Loan to employees		448,215	580,280
	Advances to employees - considered good		-	1,980,899
	Advances to suppliers		1,704,502	1,139,248
	Prepayments		108,832	108,832
	Others receivable	r	400 000 1	
	Rebate on export		100,776	100,776
	Advance income tax Mandyiwalla Industrias (Privata) Limited		4,533,647 63,899	1,960,510 483,518
	Mandviwalla Industries (Private) Limited Other receivables	ļ	690,000	400,310
	A) - Hasan Trade Establishment - a related party	Ì	-	5,174,381
			5,388,322	7,719,185 11, 528,444
			7,649,871	44 500 444

Mandviwalla MAWSER

11	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
	Cash in hand Cash at banks - on current accounts		25,785	36,953
	Local currency		441,469	1,064,735
	Foreign currency		-	67,815
	Cash margin with banks		500,000	500,000
			941,469	1,632,550
			967,254	1,669,503
12	MORABAHA FINANCE - secured		2,204,000	1,654,000

This represents the unpaid balance of a Morabaha finance amounting to Rs. 20,000,000 with a sale price of Rs. 21,100,000 obtained from First Prudential Modaraba. In accordance with the court decree dated November 11, 2000, the agreed amount of Rs. 22,500,000 is repayable in 12 monthly installments of Rs. 1,500,000 each effective from December 2000. In case of delayed payments profit at the rate 15% shall be charged for the delayed period. The increase in liability is due to reversal of stale cheques.

13 SHORT TERM FINANCES UTILIZED UNDER MARK-UP ARRANGEMENTS

Secured - from banking company Standard Chartered Bank Standard Chartered Bank

	32,777,940	32,777,940
13.2	18,007,305	18,007,305
13,1	14,770,635	14,770,635

- 13.1 This represents the running finance facility of Rs. 15 million (2008: Rs.15 million) bearing mark-up of 6 month Kibor plus 6% with a floor of 11% (2008: 6 month Kibor plus 6% with a floor of 11%) per annum payable quarterly. The loan is repayable in 12 monthly installments of Rs. 1,250,000/- (2008: Rs.1,250,000/-) each. The loan is secured against charge on stocks and/or book debts valuing Rs. 38 million with 25% margin, equitable mortgage on residential property of the directors, undertaking of a customer that the receivables under the contract with the company will be assigned to the Bank and personal guarantees of all directors. The expiry date of facility was January 31, 2006.
- 13.2 This represents the Letter of Credit facility of Rs. 45 million (2008: Rs. 45 million) for a maximum of 180 days. The facility was expired on January 31, 2006. The facility is secured against charge on stocks and/or book debts valuing Rs.28 million with 25% margin, equitable mortgage on residential property of the directors, undertaking of a customer that the receivables under the contract with the Company will be assigned to the Bank, personal guarantee of all directors and lien on import documents.

14 CREDITORS, ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES

Creditors Accrued liabilities		148,159,517	169,041,874
Salaries and wages (Permanent) Salaries and wages (Contract & Daily wages) Mark-up on short term finances and lease finance Accrued expenses		1,173,449 847,142 5,001,539 5,183,484	2,349,298 5,050,928 10,312,925
Other liabilities		12,205,614	17,713,151
Sales tax (refundable) / payable Sales tax penalty payable Advances from customers and others Unclaimed dividend Third party tax liability Book overdraft Rent payable to Mandviwalla Estate (Private) Limited	14.1	3,622,905 814,380 10,412,262 2,561,173 3,818,391 13,213,528 1,144,440 35,587,079 195,952,210	(1,353,468) 814,380 6,807,567 2,561,173 3,147,861 434,253 - 12,411,766 199,166,791

14.1 The said amount may attract penal provision under section 205 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 in respect of additional tax at the rate of 18% per annum. Since the age of the liability can not be ascertained, the estimate of the financial effect can not be quantified with substantial accuracy.

14.2	This represents adverse bank book balance due to post dated cheques.	Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rup ee s
15	PROVISION FOR TAXATION			
	Opening balance Provided during the year	28	1,580,762	1,331,412
	Current	Г	1,169,160	1,249,090
	Prior		-	-
	7 1101		1,169,160	1,249,090
		9.0	2,749,922	2,580,502
	Payments/adjustments during the year		(3,157)	(999,740)
	Layine instantant and and Jose	1. 	2,746,765	1,580,762
16	LONG TERM FINANCE - Secured	16.1	5(3.85)	
	From banking companies:			8 <u>94 - 8</u> 8
	Habib Bank Limited	16.2	86,695,000	86,695,000
	Industrial Development Bank of Pakistan	16.3	46,393,000	49,393,000
		-	133,088,000	136,088,000
	From financial Institutions:			
	Saudi Pak Industrial and Agricultural			
	Investment Company (Private) Limited	16.4	55,835,925	55,835,925
			188,923,925	191,923,925
	Current maturity and over dues of long term loans	_	(3,217,998)	(3,217,998)
		%: -	185,705,927	188,705,927
	Long term borrowing from directors and others			ATI 200 TO 1966 BOOK 1500
	- unsecured and non interest bearing		7,208,000	7,208,000
		-	192,913,927	195,913,927

16.1 All the loans stated in note 16.2 to 16.4 are secured by a combination of specific charge on land, building, plant and machinery of the company, floating charge on present and future properties and assets of the company, hypothecation of moveable assets of the company, pledge of specific engineering stores and personal securities of the directors.

, 16.2 Habib Bank limited

This represents the balance of rescheduled loan facility obtained from Habib Bank Limited (HBL). In accordance with the rescheduling agreement the outstanding balance of the loan has been broken into Rs.89,826,000 and Rs.52,869,000 representing principal and mark-up respectively. The loan is repayable in 108 monthly installments from Rs.500,000 to Rs.2,445,625 per month, effective from April 30, 2003 and carries Nil mark-up. In case of default of more than five days in making payments, penalty at the rate of 46 paisas per Rs.1,000 per day will be charged by the bank.

Furthermore, in case of default in repayments of two monthly installments during a calendar year, the rescheduling package will stand withdrawn along with all concessions and the bank will be entitled to claim the entire liability in lump sum including penal interest, other payments and other charges. However till the authentication of this financial statement, the company has not paid to comply with rescheduled agreement.

16.3 Industrial Development Bank of Pakistan

Opening balance Waived Payments Closing balance

	46,393,000	49,393,000
L	(3,000,000)	_
16.3.1	-	(54,240,650)
	49,393,000	103,633,650

16.3.1

This amount represents the waiver/reversal of loan through order given by High Court of Sindh in respect of outstanding loan liability of Industrial Development Bank of Pakistan (IDBP). The waiver is given under State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) BPD Circular letter No: 29 dated October 15, 2002, and has been disclosed as per the circular No: 09/2005 dated October 27, 2005 of Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and to be disclosed until the entire liability of IDBP is repaid / extinguished.

According to the order of the High Court of Sindh dated January 27, 2006, the settlement agreement have reached between IDBP and the company, and the liability towards the company in respect of IDBP stands to the extent of Rs. 46,393,000/-. The company is required to pay 10% down payment towards settled amount and to repay balance amount according to the revised repayment schedule. However, till the authorization of these financial statements, the company has not paid 10% down payment and no revised repayment schedule was received by the company. However, the company has paid Rs. 3 million during the year.

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2009 2008 Note Rupees Rupees

16.4 Saudi Pak Industrial and Agricultural Investment Company (Private) Limited

55,835,925

55,835,925

This represents the balance of a rescheduled loan facility amounting to Rs. 88,836,998 obtained from Saudi Pak Industrial and Agricultural Investment Company (Private) Limited (SAPICO). In accordance with the compromise agreement accepted by the company on September 28, 2000, the outstanding balance of the loan has been broken into Rs. 54,617,998 and Rs. 34,218,000 representing principal and frozen mark-up respectively. The principal portion is repayable in 33 monthly installments ranging from Rs. 1,500,000 to Rs. 1,558,999 effective from October 6, 2000 and carries nil mark-up. Further, the frozen mark-up is payable in 24 equal monthly installments effective from May 31, 2003 along with mark-up at the rate of 44 paisas per Rs. 1,000 per day, if the company defaults in fulfilling the conditions mentioned in the said agreement.

In case of default by the company in making two consecutive payments of principal and frozen mark-up, Saudi Pak Industrial and

Agricultural Investment Company (Private) Limited will have the right to enforce the total outstanding amount against the company.

OBLIGATION UNDER FINANCE LEASE

Minimum Lease payments Less: Future financial charges

Current maturity

1,382,677	2,778,704
(413,772)	(427,122)
968,905	2,351,582
968,905	1,388,392
	963,190

17.1 The above represents finance leases entered into with leasing companies for motor vehicles. The liability is payable by February 2011 in monthly installments.

Monthly payments of leases bearing pre-determined mark up rates include finance charge ranging from 14% to 18% per annum which are used as discounting factors.

Monthly payments of leases bearing variable markup rates include finance charge at KIBOR + 3% to KIBOR + 5%. KIBOR is determined on semi annual basis for next six monthly rentals.

DEFERRED LIABILITY

18.1 Deferred Taxation

In view of the consistent tax losses and expected future turnover, it is probable that the company will not have sufficient future taxable income and hence will not able to utilize the deductible temparory difference. Therefore, deffered tax asset of Rs. 12.407 million (2008; Rs. 40.208 million) has not been recognized in these accounts.

18.2 Staff retirement benefits

Staff	00	~4	I4
эшп	CHI.	atu	ш

Charge for the year Benefits paid during the year Net liability / (assets) at the end of the year

Net liability / (assets) at the beginning of the year

18.3	1,696,858
	44 040 044

8,838,888

8,838,888

7,582,810

3,426,782

11,009,592

(2,170,704)

Employees' compensated absences

1,696,858 11,016,934 10,535,746

8,838,888

3,557,824

12,396,712

(3,076,636)

9,320,076

8,838,888

Unfunded gratuity scheme Rupees	Unfunded gratuity scheme Rupees
9,543,607	9,543,607
9,543,607 (704,719)	9,543,607 (704,719)

18.2.1 Present value of defined benefit obligation

Fair value of plan assets

Unrecognized actuarial gains/(losses) Unrecognized transitional liability Net liability / (assets) at the end of the year

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	2009	2008
18.2.2 (Income) / Charge for the Defined Benefit Plan Not	e Rupees	Rupees
Current service cost Interest cost Expected return on plan assets Actuarial (gain) / losses recognized	610,521 945,370	610,521 945,370
Recognized transitional (assets) / liability	1,870,891	1,870,891
	3,426,782	3,426,782
The principal assumption used in the actuarial valuation are as follows:		
100 Miles	%	%
Discount rate	12	12
Expected rate of increase per annum in future salaries	12	12
Expected mortality rate	As per EFU mortality table	As per EFU mortality table
18.3 Employees' compensated absences		
Net liability / (assets) at the beginning of the year	1,696,858	1,696,858
Charge for the year	1,696,858	1,696,858
Benefits paid during the year	-	-
Net liability / (assets) at the end of the year	1,696,858	1,696,858

19 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

19.1 Contingencies

19.1.1 Wash Basin Mould

The company has filed two suits 32/92 for Rs. 84,509,000 against the Customs Authority for damaging the wash basin mould during illegal detention. These suits were dismissed and the company has filed an appeal a sinst these judgments in the Sindh High Court which is still pending.

A sult No 768/93 is also pending in the High Court of Sindh against the EFU General Insurance Company for refusing payments of

claim for damage to the wash basin mould. The amount of claim and mark-up thereon (as claimed) comes to Rs. 48,770 million.

19.1.2 Standard Chartered Bank

Suit no. 355/2007 filed by the company against Union bank Limited for accounts, declaration and injunction, which is pending before the Banking Court 1.

Suit no. 34/2007, filed by Standard Chartered Bank against the company for recovery of Rs. 40,093,120/- which is pending before the Banking Court 1.

19.1.3 Additional Tax Liability

The company has not provided for additional tax to be levied under section 205 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 in respect of third party tax liability as mentioned in note 14.1 to the financial statements. The company believes that the said amount will be paid in due course.

19.1.4 The company is contingently liable to pay frozen mark up on long term loan from Habib Bank Limited and Saudi Pak Industrial and Agricultural Investment Company (Private) Limited amounting to Rs. 52,869,000/- and Rs. 34,218,000/- respectively as per the rescheduling agreement and compromise agreement reached between the company and the above banking company and financial institution.

19.2 Commitments Nil Nil

19.2.1 Guarantee issued to Honorable High Court of Sindh amounting to Rs.500,000 (2008; Rs.500,000).

20 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP SHARE CAPITAL

Number o	t shares			
2009	2008			
7,355,400	7,355,400	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid in cash	73,554,000	73,554,000
Reconciliation	of share ca	apita!		
7,355,400	7,355,400	Opening balance	73,554,000	73,554,000
-	-	Issued during the year	-	÷
7,355,400	7,355,400	Opening balance	73,554,000	73,554,000

Mandviwalla MAUSTER

Consist sustantial distriction in the state of the state					
2 Subordinated Loan - Unsecured Size 200.00 Size 2				2009	2008
Due to director Due to employee S3.250.300 4.970.000 4.9		N	ote	Rupees	Rupees
Due to employee	21	SUBORDINATED LOAN - Unsecured			
Due to employee 4,870,000 4,870,000 5,820,300		Due to director		E2 250 200	50 050 000
21.1 These represent interest he loans obtained from directors and a employee of the company. The directors and the employee have confirmed that they would not cell for repayment until all loans of the demonship have been settled.					
Cordiffmed that they would not call for repayment until all loans of the &mpany have been settled. Cordiffmed that they would not call for repayment until all loans of the &mpany have been settled.					
22 SALES	21.1	These represent interest free loans obtained from directors and a employee of the com-	рвлу.	The directors and the	employee have
Local sales Export sales 22.1 232,236,766 248,138,777 1,119,444 249,258,221 227,787,351 227,787,		committee that they would not call for repayment until all loans of the company have been settle	d.		
Export sales 22.2 1,063,495 1,119,444 249,525,221	22	SALES			
Export sales 22.2 1,063,495 249,255,221 22.1 Local sales		Local sales	22.1	232,236,766	248.138.777
22.1 Local sales		Export sales		1,063,495	
271,787,351 287,844,396 2,481,600 37,227,609 322,236,768 248,186,77 2				233,300,261	249,258,221
Special excise duty 27,707.375 261,644,6501 37,227,609 37,22	22.1	Local sales			
Sales tax (37,227,609) (37,224,009) (27,224,009) (27,224,009) (27,224,009) (27,224,009) (27,224,009) (27,224,009) (27,224,009) (27,224,009) (24,138,777) (24,138,777) (24,138,409) (24,138,777) (24,138,409) (24,138,777) (24,109) (24,138,777) (24,109) (24,138,177) (24,109) (24,138,177) (24,109) (24,138,177) (24,139) (24,138,177) (24,139) (24,138,177) (24,139) (24,138,177) (24,139) (24,138,177) (24,139) (24,138,177) (24,139) (24,138,177) (24,139) (24,13				271,787,351	287,844,396
23.2 Export sales				(2,322,976)	(2,481,600)
### Cost of goods manufactured Cost of goods manufactured Cost of goo		Sales tax			
Trade discount / commission 1,063,495 1,119,444 23 COST OF GOODS SOLD Opening stock of finished goods Cost of goods manufactured 23.1 208,901,403 21,561,297 218,110,015 236,322,030 (9,208,612) 212,669,162 27,113,418 Export rebate Export rebate Export rebate Cost of goods manufactured Raw materials consumed Store and spares consumed Store and subscription Store and store an	22.2	Export sales		232,230,700	240,136,111
Trade discount / commission 1,063,495 1,119,444 23 COST OF GOODS SOLD Opening stock of finished goods Cost of goods manufactured 23.1 208,901,403 21,561,297 218,110,015 236,322,030 (9,208,612) 212,669,162 27,113,418 Export rebate Export rebate Export rebate Cost of goods manufactured Raw materials consumed Store and spares consumed Store and subscription Store and store an		Gross sales		1.062.406	1 440 444
Cost of Goods Sold				1,063,495	1,119,444
Opening stock of finished goods 3.1 28,901,403 231,561,297 Closing stock of finished goods 218,110,015 236,322,030 (5,440,853) (9,208,612) 227,113,418 Export rebate (3,682) 212,665,480 227,113,418 (60,327) 227,053,091 23.1 Cost of goods manufactured 23.1.1 161,720,491 176,971,404 (60,327) 23.1 Cost of goods manufactured 23.1.1 161,720,491 176,971,404 (60,327) 23.1 Cost of goods manufactured 23.1.1 161,720,491 176,971,404 (60,327) (60,327) (60,327) (60,327) (60,327) (60,327) (60,327) (60,327) (60,327) (60,327) (60,327) (60,327) (60,327) (60,327) (70,71,404) (70,67) (70,67) (70,67) (70,67) (70,67) (70,67) (70,67) (70,77,1,404) (70,67) (70,77,1,404) (70,67) (70,77,70,77) (70,70,77,70,77) (70,70,77,70,77) (70,70,70,77) (70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,70,7				1,063,495	1,119,444
Cost of goods manufactured 23.1 208,901,403 231,561,287 218,110,015 236,322,030 (5,440,653) (5,440,653) (2,208,612) (2,208	23	COST OF GOODS SOLD			50
Cost of goods manufactured 23.1 208,901,403 231,561,287 218,110,015 236,322,030 (5,440,653) (5,440,653) (2,208,612) (2,208		Opening stock of finished goods		9 208 612	4 760 722
Closing stock of finished goods		Control of the contro	23.1	53 939	
Closing stock of finished goods (5,440,853) (29,208,612) 212,669,162 227,113,418 (3,682) (6,0327) (27,053,091					
Export rebate 3,682 60,327 212,665,480 227,053,091 23.1 Cost of goods manufactured		Closing stock of finished goods		(5,440,853)	(9,208,612)
23.1 Cost of goods manufactured 23.1.1 161,720,491 176,971,404 3,025,776 2,743,967 5,243,967 5,243,967 1,479,169 1,179,169 1,180,619 7,943,237 1,185,619 7,33,237 1,185,619 7,33,237 1,185,619 7,33,237 1,185,619 7,33,237 1,185,619 7,33,237 1,185,619 7,33,237 1,185,619 7,35,000 1,10		Export rebate			
Raw materials consumed 23.1.1 161,720,491 3,025,776 3,025,776 2,743,967 2,743,967 3,025,776 9,283,250 7,971,503 1,479,169 1,47					
Store and spares consumed 3,025,776 2,743,967 5,243,967	23.1	Cost of goods manufactured		····	····
Store and spares consumed 3,025,776 2,743,967 5,243,967		Raw materials consumed	244	161 720 401	176 074 404
Salaries, wages and other benefits 9,283,250 7,971,503 Indirect labor (external processing) 4,597,879 11,479,169 Utilities 16,102,843 15,752,134 Rent for generator 1,880,878 1,750,000 Repairs and maintenance 1,880,878 1,375,738 Rent, rates and taxes 66,156 59,943 Postage, telephone and telegram 61,536 59,943 Fee and subscription 55,000 101,000 Traveling, conveyance and vehicle running expenses 1,185,619 733,237 Printing and stationery 53,908 63,019 Freight and octroi 157,510 855,870 Office expenses 97,864 45,705 Miscellaneous 1,100 39,648 Depreciation 1,100 39,648 Cost of goods manufactured 208,901,403 231,561,297 23.1.1 Raw materials consumed 151,193,980 12,805,083 Closing stock 181,697,945 207,475,369 Closing stock (19,977,454) (30,503,965)			.J. I. F	18	
Indirect labor (external processing)		Salaries, wages and other benefits			
Rent for generator Repairs and maintenance Repairs and maintenance Repairs and maintenance Rent, rates and taxes Rent, rates and rates Rent, rates					
Repairs and maintenance Rent, rates and taxes Rent, rates and rates Rent, rates and rates Rent, rates Rent, rates and rates Rent, rate				16,102,843	15,752,134
Rent, rates and taxes					122 133
Postage, telephone and telegram Fee and subscription Traveling, conveyance and vehicle running expenses Printing and stationery Freight and octroi Office expenses Miscellaneous Depreciation Cost of goods manufactured Opening stock Purchases Postage, telephone and telegram 61,536 59,943 59,943 61,100 101,000 173,237 733,237 773,237 855,870 63,019 63,					
Fee and subscription Traveling, conveyance and vehicle running expenses Printing and stationery Preight and octroi Office expenses Miscellaneous Depreciation Cost of goods manufactured Opening stock Purchases Fee and subscription 55,000 101,000 733,237			i	10 B	154
Traveling, conveyance and vehicle running expenses 1,185,619 733,237 Printing and stationery 53,908 63,019 Freight and octroi 157,510 855,870 Office expenses 97,864 45,705 Miscellaneous 1,100 39,648 Depreciation 4.1 10,611,593 231,561,297 23.1.1 Raw materials consumed Opening stock Purchases 151,193,980 194,670,286 Closing stock (19,977,454) (30,503,965) Closing stock (19,977,454) (30,503,965)					
Printing and stationery 53,908 63,019 Freight and octroi 157,510 855,870 Office expenses 97,864 45,705 Miscellaneous 1,100 39,648 Depreciation 4.1 10,611,593 11,581,555 Cost of goods manufactured 208,901,403 231,561,297 23.1.1 Raw materials consumed 30,503,965 12,805,083 Purchases 151,193,980 194,670,286 Closing stock (19,977,454) (30,503,965) Closing stock (19,977,454) (30,503,965)		55 COMMITTED IN CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR OF		- The state of the	
Freight and octroi Office expenses Miscellaneous Depreciation Cost of goods manufactured Opening stock Purchases Closing stock Closing stock Closing stock Closing stock Closing stock Freight and octroi 157,510 855,870 97,864 45,705 45,705 11,000 39,648 45,705 11,000 39,648 45,705 11,000 39,648 45,705 11,000 39,648 45,705 11,000 39,648 45,705 11,000 39,648 11,000 39,6					
Office expenses 97,864 45,705 Miscellaneous 1,100 39,648 Depreciation 10,611,593 11,581,555 Cost of goods manufactured 208,901,403 231,561,297 23.1.1 Raw materials consumed 30,503,965 12,805,083 Purchases 151,193,980 194,670,286 Closing stock (19,977,454) (30,503,965)		Freight and octroi			
Depreciation		Paragraph and the second secon		97,864	
Cost of goods manufactured 208,901,403 231,561,297 23.1.1 Raw materials consumed Opening stock Purchases 151,193,980 181,697,945 181,697,945 181,697,945 (30,503,965)				1,100	39,648
23.1.1 Raw materials consumed Opening stock Purchases 151,193,980 194,670,286 181,697,945 207,475,369 Closing stock (19,977,454) (30,503,965)			4.1		
Opening stock 30,503,965 12,805,083 Purchases 151,193,980 194,670,286 Closing stock (19,977,454) (30,503,965)	23.1.1			208,901,403	231,561,297
Purchases 151,193,980 194,670,286 181,697,945 207,475,369 Closing stock (19,977,454) (30,503,965)					Decodes constr
181,697,945 207,475,369 Closing stock (19,977,454) (30,503,965)					:
Closing stock(19,977,454)(30,503,965)		T UI (1835)	Į.		
		Closing stock			
			1		
	_		100		

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2009 Note Rupees Rupee	2008 Rupees 12,310,479 3,072,406 3,426,782 3,703,102 116,000 2,896,644 1,247,669 1,492,780 612,473 1,527,537 446,535 382,353 395,684
24 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Rupees Salaries, allowances and other benefits 13,231,314 Traveling, conveyance and vehicle running expenses 2,348,668 Gratuity expense 3,557,824 Rent, rates and taxes 2,291,141 Donation 24.1 120,300 Utility charges 1,026,161 Postage, telephone and telegram 1,056,888 Insurance 1,056,888 Insurance 554,375 Depreciation on operating assets 4.1 1,326,954 Fee and subscription 472,168 Entertainment 693,691 936,991 Printing and stationery 351,810 683,500 Books and periodicals 27,169 320,000 Auditors' remuneration 24.2 320,000 Loss on theft 169,237	12,310,479 3,072,406 3,426,782 3,703,102 116,000 2,896,644 1,247,669 1,492,780 612,473 1,527,537 446,535 382,353 395,684
24 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Salaries, allowances and other benefits 13,231,314 Traveling, conveyance and vehicle running expenses 2,348,668 Gratuity expense 3,557,824 Rent, rates and taxes 2,291,141 Donation 24.1 120,300 Utility charges 1,026,161 Postage, telephone and telegram 1,056,888 Insurance 554,375 Depreciation on operating assets 4.1 1,326,954 Fee and subscription 472,168 Entertainment 693,691 Printing and stationery 351,810 Legal and professional charges 683,500 Books and periodicals 27,169 Auditors' remuneration 24.2 Loss on theft - Miscellaneous and office expenses 169,237	12,310,479 3,072,406 3,426,782 3,703,102 116,000 2,896,644 1,247,669 1,492,780 612,473 1,527,537 446,535 382,353 395,684
Salaries, allowances and other benefits 13,231,314 Traveling, conveyance and vehicle running expenses 2,348,668 Gratuity expense 3,557,824 Rent, rates and taxes 2,291,141 Donation 24.1 120,300 Utility charges 1,026,161 Postage, telephone and telegram 1,056,888 Insurance 1,056,888 Insurance 554,375 Depreciation on operating assets 4.1 1,326,954 Fee and subscription 472,168 Entertainment 693,691 351,810 Printing and stationery 351,810 683,500 Legal and professional charges 683,500 27,169 Auditors' remuneration 24.2 320,000 Loss on theft 169,237	3,072,406 3,426,782 3,703,102 116,000 2,896,644 1,247,669 1,492,780 612,473 1,527,537 446,535 382,353 395,684
Traveling, conveyance and vehicle running expenses 2,348,668 Gratuity expense 3,557,824 Rent, rates and taxes 2,291,141 Donation 24.1 120,300 Utility charges 1,026,161 Postage, telephone and telegram 1,485,419 Repairs and maintenance 1,056,888 Insurance 554,375 Depreciation on operating assets 4.1 1,326,954 Fee and subscription 472,168 Entertainment 693,691 Printing and stationery 351,810 Legal and professional charges 683,500 Books and periodicals 27,169 Auditors' remuneration 24.2 320,000 Loss on theft - Miscellaneous and office expenses 169,237	3,072,406 3,426,782 3,703,102 116,000 2,896,644 1,247,669 1,492,780 612,473 1,527,537 446,535 382,353 395,684
Traveling, conveyance and vehicle running expenses 2,348,668 Gratuity expense 3,557,824 Rent, rates and taxes 2,291,141 Donation 24.1 120,300 Utility charges 1,026,161 Postage, telephone and telegram 1,485,419 Repairs and maintenance 1,056,888 Insurance 554,375 Depreciation on operating assets 4.1 1,326,954 Fee and subscription 472,168 Entertainment 693,691 Printing and stationery 351,810 Legal and professional charges 683,500 Books and periodicals 27,169 Auditors' remuneration 24.2 320,000 Loss on theft - Miscellaneous and office expenses 169,237	3,072,406 3,426,782 3,703,102 116,000 2,896,644 1,247,669 1,492,780 612,473 1,527,537 446,535 382,353 395,684
Gratuity expense 3,557,824 Rent, rates and taxes 2,291,141 Donation 24.1 120,300 Utility charges 1,026,161 Postage, telephone and telegram 1,485,419 Repairs and maintenance 1,056,888 Insurance 554,375 Depreciation on operating assets 4.1 1,326,954 Fee and subscription 472,168 Entertainment 693,691 351,810 Legal and professional charges 683,500 Books and periodicals 27,169 Auditors' remuneration 24.2 320,000 Loss on theft - Miscellaneous and office expenses 169,237	3,426,782 3,703,102 116,000 2,896,644 1,247,669 1,492,780 612,473 1,527,537 446,535 382,353 395,684
Rent, rates and taxes 2,291,141 Donation 24.1 120,300 Utility charges 1,026,161 Postage, telephone and telegram 1,485,419 Repairs and maintenance 1,056,888 Insurance 554,375 Depreciation on operating assets 4.1 1,326,954 Fee and subscription 472,168 Entertainment 693,691 Printing and stationery 351,810 Legal and professional charges 683,500 Books and periodicals 27,169 Auditors' remuneration 24.2 320,000 Loss on theft - Miscellaneous and office expenses 169,237	3,703,102 116,000 2,896,644 1,247,669 1,492,780 612,473 1,527,537 446,535 382,353 395,684
Donation 24.1 120,300 Utility charges 1,026,161 Postage, telephone and telegram 1,485,419 Repairs and maintenance 1,056,888 Insurance 554,375 Depreciation on operating assets 4.1 1,326,954 Fee and subscription 472,168 Entertainment 693,691 Printing and stationery 351,810 Legal and professional charges 683,500 Books and periodicals 27,169 Auditors' remuneration 24.2 320,000 Loss on theft - Miscellaneous and office expenses 169,237	116,000 2,896,644 1,247,669 1,492,780 612,473 1,527,537 446,535 382,353 395,684
Utility charges Postage, telephone and telegram Repairs and maintenance Insurance Insurance Depreciation on operating assets Fee and subscription Entertainment Printing and stationery Legal and professional charges Books and periodicals Auditors' remuneration Loss on theft Miscellaneous and office expenses 1,026,161 1,485,419 1,056,888 1,056,888 1,0756,888 1,026,188 1,026,191 1,026,161 1,485,419 1,026,161 1,485,419 1,026,161 1,485,419 1,026,888 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,954 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,888 1,026,954 1,026,	2,896,644 1,247,669 1,492,780 612,473 1,527,537 446,535 382,353 395,684
Repairs and maintenance Insurance Insurance Depreciation on operating assets Fee and subscription Entertainment Printing and stationery Legal and professional charges Books and periodicals Auditors' remuneration Loss on theft Miscellaneous and office expenses 1,056,888 554,375 4,1 1,326,954 472,168 693,691 693,691 693,691 251,810 27,169 24.2 320,000 24.2	1,492,780 612,473 1,527,537 446,535 382,353 395,684
Insurance Depreciation on operating assets Fee and subscription Entertainment Printing and stationery Legal and professional charges Books and periodicals Auditors' remuneration Loss on theft Miscellaneous and office expenses 554,375 1,326,954 472,168 693,691 351,810 251,810 27,169 27,169 24.2 320,000 169,237	612,473 1,527,537 446,535 382,353 395,684
Depreciation on operating assets Fee and subscription Entertainment Printing and stationery Legal and professional charges Books and periodicals Auditors' remuneration Loss on theft Miscellaneous and office expenses 4.1 1,326,954 472,168 693,691 351,810 2683,500 27,169 24.2 320,000 169,237	1,527,537 446,535 382,353 395,684
Fee and subscription Entertainment Printing and stationery Legal and professional charges Books and periodicals Auditors' remuneration Loss on theft Miscellaneous and office expenses 472,168 693,691 351,810 683,500 27,169 320,000 169,237	446,535 382,353 395,684
Entertainment 693,691 Printing and stationery 351,810 Legal and professional charges 683,500 Books and periodicals 27,169 Auditors' remuneration 24.2 320,000 Loss on theft 5 Miscellaneous and office expenses 169,237	382,353 395,684
Printing and stationery Legal and professional charges Books and periodicals Auditors' remuneration Loss on theft Miscellaneous and office expenses 351,810 683,500 27,169 24.2 320,000 169,237	395,684
Legal and professional charges Books and periodicals Auditors' remuneration Loss on theft Miscellaneous and office expenses 683,500 27,169 320,000 4.2 320,000 169,237	3353
Books and periodicals Auditors' remuneration Loss on theft Miscellaneous and office expenses 27,169 320,000 169,237	1 004 000
Auditors' remuneration Loss on theft Miscellaneous and office expenses 169,237	1,264,950
Loss on theft Miscellaneous and office expenses 169,237	26,039
Miscellaneous and office expenses 169,237	285,000
7	400,000
23(110,013	227,395 33,833,828
	33,033,020
24.1 The directors or their spouses did not have any interest in the donee's fund.	
24.2 Auditors' remuneration	
Statutory annual audit fee 150,000	150,000
Half yearly review	85,000
Review report on code of corporate governance	25,000
Out-of-pocket expenses 25,000	25,000
Other related services 25,000 320,000	285,000
	200,000
25 SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES	
Salaries, wages and benefits	4 000 046
	1,622,245
	8,201,749
Commission 360,950 Traveling, conveyance and vehicle running expenses 497,460	11,340 516,362
Packing material 33,224	50,280
Sales promotion, publicity and advertisement 371,362	907,211
8,212,775	11,309,187
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
26 OTHER INCOME / (CHARGES)	
Scrap/ other sales 48,495	25,393
Exchange gain	4,433
Gain / (loss) on sale of fixed assets 699,296	-
747,791	29,826
27 FINANCIAL AND OTHER CHARGES	
Bank charges 89,697	167,244
Mark-up on old force period	-
Mark up paid to supplier on late payments	957,718
Mark up on finance lease	314,627
Mark-up on short term loan	188,251
Mark up on early payment	96,730
Mark-up on leased vehicles Evchance (nain) / loss	-
Exchange (gain) / loss	i
3,V24,392	1,724,570

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28	TAXATION	N	ote	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
	Current Prior	28.1		1,169,160	1,249,090
28.1	Current			1,169,160	1,249,090
	Under normal assessment Income tax on exports - u/s 115(4) of ITO, 2001	28.1.1		1,161,184 7,976 1,169 ,160	1,240,694 8,396 1,249,090
28.1.1	Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit				
	Profit / (loss) before taxation			(21,571,415)	(24,632,628)
	Tax at the applicable rate		<u>,</u>	35%	35%
	Tax effect of income taxed at lower rate				
	- On exports - Turnover tax	[7,976 1,161,184 1,169,160	8,396 1,240,694 1,249,090
	Brought forward tax losses		(2	210,623,258)	(185,990,630)
28.2	The income tax assessments have been finalized up to the tax year 2	2008.			

29 EARNINGS PER SHARE

30

No figures for diluted earnings per share has been presented as the company has not yet issued any instrument which would have an impact on earnings per share when exercised.

Profit/(loss) after taxation	(22,740,575)	(25,881,718)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	7,355,400	7,355,400
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	(3.09)	(3.52)
TRANSACTIONS WITH ASSOCIATED/RELATED PARTIES		
Short term borrowings from director	F2 2F0 200	50.050.000

Short term borrowings from director	53,250,300	53,250,300
Short term borrowings from employee	4,970,000	4,970,000
Staff gratuity payable	9,320,076	8,838,888
Staff gratuity charged	3,557,824	3,426,782
Staff gratuity paid	3,076,636	2,170,704
Rent expense	2,280,000	2,280,000
Rent payable to Mandviwalla Estate (Private) Limited	1,144,440	.=
Advance to Al Hasan Trade Establishment	<u>=</u>	5,174,381
Advance to Mandviwalla Industries (Private) Limited	63,899	483,518

There were no transactions with related parties other than those already disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements.

30.1 All transactions with related parties are carried out by the company at arm's length prices using "Comparable Uncontrolled Price Method".

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31 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND EXECUTIVES

	CHIEF EX	ECUTIVE	EXECU	TIVES	TOTAL	TOTAL
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Managerial remuneration	1,242,576	780,000	460,704	2,324,460	1,703,280	3,104,460
Lease rentals		•		=	-	_
Housing allowance	559,164	420,000	207,312	1,251,624	766,476	1,671,624
Medical allowance/expense	160,500	100,000	59,507	298,007	220,007	398,007
Utilities	124,260	78,000	46,068	232,446	170,328	310,446
Motor vehicle expense and					-	_
conveyance allowance	310,290	300,000	98,650	600,000	408,940	900,000
	2,396,790	1,678,000	872,241	4,706,537	3,269,031	6,384,537
Number of persons	1	1	1	3	2	4

- 31.1 The chief executive and certain executives are also provided with free use of company maintained motor vehicles.
- 31.2 Aggregate amount charged in these accounts in respect of non-executive directors fee is Rs. Nil (2008; Rs. Nil).

32 PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION (IN TONS)

The production capacity of the whole unit plant on single shift basis, comes to 4,275 tons (2008: 4,275) tons per annum. However, the attainable capacity varies on the basis of the product mix determined for the year. The capacity based on the product mix manufactured during the year ended on June 30, 2009 comes to 1,306 tons (2008: 1,582 tons) which is 31% (2008: 37%) of the total capacity. The shortfall in the capacity utilized is mainly due to shortage of raw materials, electricity failure problem and difficulties in material procurement due to persistent increase in raw materials prices in international markets.

22	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Note	2009 Rupees	2008 Rup ee s
33		G.		
	Cash and bank balances		967,254	1,669,503
	Book overdraft		(13,213,528)	(434,253)
		6.2	(12,246,274)	1,235,250

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	2	Mark up bearing maturity			Non-mark-up bearing maturity	saring maturity		
	Up to	Over one year		Up to	Over one year	Over		
	one year	up to five years	Sub-total	one year	up to five years	five years	Sub-total	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupese	Rupees
Financial assets			61					
Deposits		•	***	I.	451,010	280,700	731,710	731,710
Trade debts	•	•	•	62,701,843	g t	•	62,701,843	62,701,843
Advances and other receivables	•	•	¥	7,541,039		٠	7,541,038	7,541,039
Cash and bank balances	'	1		967,254		•	967,254	967,264
	1	•		71,210,136	451,010	280,700	71,941,846	71,941,846
Financial liabilities								8
Subordinated loans	•	ı	•	1	•	56,220,300	58,220,300	58,220,300
Long term finances	•	185,705,927	185,705,927	3,217,998		7,209,000	10,425,998	196,131,925
Short term finances	32,777,940	30.00	32,777,940	•		•	٠	32,777,940
Morabaha finance	•	•		2,204,000		4	2,204,000	2,204,000
Creditors, accrued and								
other lebilities		-		195,758,724	ı i	•	195,756,724	195,756,724
	32,777,940	185,705,927	218,483,867	201,178,722		65,428,300	266,607,022	485,090,889
Sensitivity gap - 2009	(32,777,940)	(165,705,927)	(218,463,867)	(129,968,586)	451,010	(65,147,600)	(194,665,176)	(413,149,043)
		Mark up bearing maturity			Non-mark-up bearing maturity	aring meturity		
	ct qu	Over one year		Up to	Over one year	Over		
	one year	unto five years	Sub-total	one year	unto five years	five years	Sub-total	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Ruptes	Rupees	Rupees
Pirencial access			19-					
			•	•	452,610	280,700	733,510	733,510
Short-term lane			•	83,375,431	ii i	•	63.375,431	63,375,431
	c	•	•		·	•	•	•
Advances and other receivables	(1)	•	•	11,419,812	¥	•	11,419,612	11,418,612
Cash and bank balances		•		1.669,503	•		1,669,603	1,669,503
	•			76,484,546	452,610	280,700	77,198,056	77,198,056
		•		•	•	58,220,300	68,220,300	58,220,300
Long term finances	•	188,705,927	188,705,927	3,217,998	٠	7,208,000	10,425,998	199,131,925
Short term finances	32,777,940	S4	32,777,840		i	Ŀ	Ť	32,777,940
Morabaha finance	•	•	1	1,654,000	•	Les	1,854,000	1,854,000
Creditors, accrued and								
other liabilities				194,665,462		•	194,665,462	194,685,482
	32,777,940	188,705,927	221,483,867	199,537,460	•	65,428,300	264,985,760	488,448,627
Sensitivity gap - 2008	(32,777,840)	(188,705,927)	(221,483,887)	(123,072,914)	452,810	(65,147,600)	(187,787,704)	(409,251,571)

⁽a) the affective rate of profit / mark-up are disclosed in the respective notes.(b) On-balance sheet gap represents the net amount of on-balance sheet items.

34.2 Capital risk Management

The company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefit for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

During 2009 the company's strategy was to maintain leveraged gearing. The gearing ratios as at June 30, 2009 and 2008 were as follows:

Total borrowings	245,296,298	236,349,700
Cash and bank	(967,254)	(1,669,503)
Net debt / (cash)	244,329,044	234,680,197
Total equity	(208, 116, 412)	(185,375,837)
Total capital	36,212,632	49,304,360
Gearing ratio	675%	476%

The company finances its operations through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to maintaining an appropriate mix of such instruments.

Taken as a whole, company is materially exposed to capital risk.

34.3 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the value of financial instruments. As indicated in note 36.1, the company is exposed to interest rate risk as most of the financial liabilities are interest based.

34.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an institution will be unable to meet its net funding requirements. To guard against this risk the company's assets are managed with liquidity in mind, maintaining a healthy balance of cash and cash equivalents. The maturity profile is monitored to ensure that adequate liquidity is maintained.

34.5 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The company is not materially exposed to credit risk as the customers are reputable local and foreign parties.

34.6 Fair values of financial instruments

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction. The estimated fair values of all the financial assets and liabilities are not materially different from their book values as at the balance sheet date.

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34.7 Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist in foreign currency. The company has a foreign currency bank account and export its products to various countries and is exposed to movement in foreign exchange rates.

35 STAFF STRENGTH

The total number of permanent employees at the year end were 41 (2008: 41).

36 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These accounts were authorized for issue on October 07, 2009 by the Board of Directors of the company.

37 GENERAL AND LEVEL OF PRECISION

37.1 Figures in these accounts have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

Ali H. MANDVIWALLA Chief Executive

NADEEM H, MANDVIWALLA Director

FROM OF PROXY

The Secretary,

Mandiviwalia Mauser Plastic Industries Limited

Mandviwalia Building

Old Queens Road,

Karachi.

!/We
of —
Being a member of Mandviwalla Mauser Plastic Industries Limited and a holder of
Ordinary Shares as per share Register Folio No
hereby appoint————————————————————————————————————
who is also Member of the company, of ———————————————————————————————————
as my/our proxy to vote for me / us and on my/our behalf at the 21st Annual General Meeting of the
company to be held on October 30, 2009 at any adjournent thereof.
Sined this day of2009

Signature on Rs. 5:00 Revenue Stamp

(Signature should agree with the specimen signature registered with the Company)

NOTE:

- A member entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting may appoint any other member on his/ her behalf except that a corporation may appoint a person who is not a member
- 2. This form should be signed by the Member. If the member is a corporation, it's common seal should be affixed to the instrument and signed by authorized person(s).

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