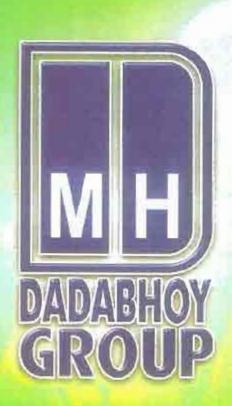
26th ANNUAL REPORT 2009





DADABHOY SACK LIMITED

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COMPANY INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Muhammad Hussain Dadabhoy

Mr. Muhammad Amin Dadabhoy

Mr. Fazal Karim Dadabhoy

Mrs. Humaira Dadabhoy

Mrs. Yasmeen Dadabhoy

Mrs. Noor Bakht Dadabhoy

Mr. Nassemuddin

Chairman

Chief Executive

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Muhammad Umair Bhaur

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Arif Mehmood Uppal

AUDITORS

M/s A.R Khan & Co Chartered Accoutants

LEGAL ADVISOR

Mr. Salim Thepdawala & Company

BANKERS

Saudi Pak Commercial Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan Prime Commercial Bank Limited Muslim Commercial Bank Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

C-30/II, 24th Commercial Street, Phase 2 (Ext), D.H.A, Karachi.

SHARE REGISTRAR

M/s. Technology Trade (Pvt) Ltd. Dagia House, 241-C, Block 2, P.E.C.H.S. Off Shahrah-e-Quaideen, Karachi.

FACTORY

Nooriabad Deh Kalu Kohar, District Dadu (Sindh)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Muhammad Hussain Dadabhoy Mr. Muhammad Amin Dadabhoy

Mr. Naseemuddin

Chairman Member Member

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 26th Annual General Meeting of Dadabhoy Sack Limited will be held on Friday the 30th October, 2009 at 05:00 p.m. at Jinnah Club, Jinnah Cooperative Housing Society behind KESC Office, Tipu Sultan Road Karachi, to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- To read and confirm the minutes of 25th Annual General Meeting of the company held on 29st November, 2008.
- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Accounts of the company for the year ended June 30, 2009 together with Directors and Auditors Reports thereon.
- 3. To appoint auditor for the year ended June 30, 2010 and fix their remuneration.
- 4. To transact any other business as may be placed before the meeting with the permission of the Chair.

Karachi. October 09, 2009 Arif Mehmood Uppal Company Secretary

Note

- The Share Transfer Book of the company will remain closed from 24th October, 2009 to 30th October, 2009 (both days inclusive).
- Any member of the company entitled to attend and vote may appoint another member as his / her proxy to attend and vote on his / her behalf.
- Proxies must be received at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the meeting.



DIRECTOR REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

The directors are pleased to present annual report together with audited financial statement and the auditor's report for the year ended June 30, 2009.

FINANCIAL RESULTS (Rupees in thousands)

	2009	2008
Net Sales	3,750,000	40,948,182
Gross (Loss) / Profit	400,000	(2,728,573)
Operating (Loss) / Profit	(4,161,343)	(11,912,161)
(Loss) / Profit after tax	(7,389,635)	(13,827,085)
(Loss) / Earning Per Share	(1.85)	(3.46)

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK

Financial statements prepared by the company fairly present its state of affairs, results of operation, cash flow and changes in equity.

Proper books of accounts have been maintained by the company.

Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgments.

International Accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed.

The system of internal control has been effectively implemented and is continuously reviewed and monitored by internal audit.

There are no material departures from the best practices of governance as detailed in the listing regulations.

Key operating and financial data for last six years in summarized form is annexed.

There has been nothing outstanding against your company on account of taxes, duties, Levis and other charges except for those which have been disclosed in the financial statements and are being made in the normal course of business.

GOING CONCERN

The Board of Directors is following a strategy of exploring new markets and diversifying its customer base. In view of this, production is expected to commence by the end of March 2010.

EMPHASIS MATTER PARAGRAPHS IN THE AUDIT REPORT

The auditors have included an emphasis matter paragraph in their audit report on account of going concern which is explained above.

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During the year four meetings of Board of directors were held. Attendance by each director is as follows.

Name of Directors	No. of Meetings Attende
Mr. Muhammad Hussain Dadabhoy	04
Mr. Muhammad Amin Dadabhoy	04
Mr. Fazal Karim Dadabhoy	04
Mrs. Humaira Dadabhoy	04
Mrs. Yasmeen Dadabhoy	04
Mrs. Noor Bakht Dadabhoy	04
Mr. Nasimuddin	04

APPROPRIATIONS

No dividends have been declared, as the company would like to keep funds generated to future growth.

AUDITORS

Present auditors M/s. A.R Khan and Co., Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible, have offered themselves for re-appointments.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

With overall strong sentiments for cement industry, we are optimistic about future outlook.

PATTERN OF SHARES HOLDING

Pattern of share holding as at June 30, 2009 required under the reporting framework is annexed.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would like to express thanks to customers for their continued patronage, employees for their hard work and shareholders for their trust in the board.

Karachi

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

October 09, 2009

FAZAL KARIM DADABHOY Chief Executive Officer

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in the listing regulations of Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Company has applied the principles contained in the Code in the following manner.

The Board comprises seven Directors including CEO. The Company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its Board of Directors.

The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a Director in more than ten listed companies, including this company.

All the resident Directors of the company are registered as tax payers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of Stock Exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that Stock Exchange.

The company has prepared a Statement of Ethics and Business Practices, which has been signed by all the Directors and employees of the company.

The Board has developed a vision statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.

All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO and other Executive Directors, have been taken by the Board.

The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman. The Board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.

The Board arranged one orientation course for its Directors during the year to apprise them of their duties and responsibilities.

The Company Secretary was appointed prior to the implementation of the Code of Corporate Governance. Remuneration, terms and conditions in case of future appointments on this position will be approved by the Board. However, the appointment of CFO and head of internal audit and terms and conditions of their employment have been approved by the Board.

The Directors' report has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code as fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.

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The financial statements of the company were duly endorsed by Chief Executive and CFO before approval of the Board.

The Directors, Chief Executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.

The company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code.

The Board has formed an audit committee. It comprises 3 members; of whom 2 are non-executive directors, including the Chairman of the Committee.

The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the company as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.

The Board has set up an effective internal audit function and personnel involved are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company and they are involved in the internal audit function on a full time basis.

The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review programme of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accounts (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.

We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code have been complied with.

Karachi: 09th October, 2009

FAZAL KARIM DADABHOY Chief Executive Officer



REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH BEST PRACTICES OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE.

We have reviewed the Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of

Corporate Governance prepared by the Board of Directors of Dadabhoy Sack Limited (the company)

and to comply with the Listing regulations No. 37, 40 and 36 Part XI of the Karachi Stock Exchange

(Guarantee) Limited and Lahore Stock Exchange (Guarantee) and Islamabad Stock Exchange

(Guarantee) Limited where the company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate governance is that of the Board of

Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be

objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's

compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not. A

review is limited primarily to inquire of the Company personnel and review of various documents

prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit to financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting

and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We

have not carried out any special review of the internal control system to enable us to express an opinion

as to whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all controls and the effectiveness of such

internal controls.

Based on our review nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement

of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects,

with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance as applicable to the company

for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Karachi: 09th October, 2009.

A.R Khan & COMPANY Chartered Accountants

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FINANCIAL REVIEW FOR SIX YEARS							
Particulars	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	
	PRODUCTION SUMMARY						
Production in Bags	Nil	2,526,735	4,329,800	7,197,900	7,010,700	5,735,750	
	AS	SETS EMPLO	OYED				
Total Assets Employed	70,307	82,615	93,051	92,708	61,328	60,545	
₹: AEV		FINANCED 1	BY				
Shareholders Equity	27,435	33,810	45,869	43,343	43,711	39,812	
Surplus on Revaluation	13,848	14,862	16,011	17,441			
Long term Liabilities	4,339	8,760	12,660	15,423	9,038	8,861	
Deferred Liabilities	8,008	7,219	6,480	8,053	1,714	3,612	
Current Liabilities	16,678	17,964	12,030	8,418	6,865	8,260	
Total Funds Invested	70,308	82,615	93,050	92,678	61,328	60,545	
	TUR	NOVER AND	PROFIT				
Turnover (Net)	3,750	40948	60,350	84,198	87,192	89,521	
Operating Profit (Loss)	(4,161)	(11,912)	2,537	2,960	3,534	12,362	
Profit before Taxation	(4,162)	(13,445)	693	1,761	3,126	15,812	
Profit after Taxation	(7,390)	(13,827)	1,066	1,392	3,898	14,619	
Cash Dividend		=	.a	3,000		5	
Profit (Loss) carried forward	(12,565)	(6,190)	5,869	3,373	3,711	(188)	





A.R.KHAN & COMPANY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Phone Off: 32437244

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e-mail

32416679 arkcapk@yahoo.com

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of DADABHOY SACK LIMITED as at June 30, 2009 and the related profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- a) The Financial Statement of the company for the year ended 30.6.2008 was audited by another firm of Chartered Accountants, they include in their audit report "without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note No.1.2 to the financial statement, which indicate existence of material uncertainty, which may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as going concern. The going concern assumption used in the preparation of these financial is dependent on the ultimate outcome of matters disclosed in note No. 1.2 by the management".
- b) in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- c) in our opinion:
 - the balance sheet and the profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied with which we concur;
 - ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the company's business; and
 - iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the company;

Continued Page 2





A.R.KHAN & COMPANY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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- d) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at June 30, 2009 and of the loss, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- e) in our opinion no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

With out qualifying our opinion, we draw your attention to note No.1.2 to the financial statement, which describe management plans for the betterment of the Company's position and its business also their intension to find diversified markets. During the year Company has lost major portion of its sales and stopped its operation. These events indicate the existence of material uncertainty, which may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as going concern. The financial statement have been prepared on going concern basis dependent on the favorable outcome of the plans mentioned in Note 1.2.

Place: Karachi

Dated: n 9 OCT 2009

A. R. KHAN & COMPANY
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Engagement Partner:

Maqsood Raza

FCA



A.R.KHAN & COMPANY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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arkcapk@yahoo.com

REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH BEST PRACTICES OF CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the statement of compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance prepared by the Board of Directors of Dadabhoy Sack Limited to comply with the listing regulations of Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited, where the company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflect the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it doesn't. A review is limited primarily to inquire of the company's personally and review of various documents prepared by the company to comply with the Code.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements, we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

Further, Sub Regulation (xiii) of Listing Regulations 37 notified by the Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Ltd vide Circular KSE/N-269 dated January 19, 2009 required the company to place before the Board of Directors for their consideration and approval related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. Further, all such transactions are also required to be separately placed before the audit committee. We are only required and have ensured compliance of requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the board of directors and placement of such transactions before the audit committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, noting has come to our attention which cause us to believe that the statement of compliance doesn't appropriately reflect the company's compliance, in all material respect, with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance, as applicable to the company, for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Place: Karachi

Dated:

D 9 OCT 2009

A. R. KHAN & COMPANY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Engagement Partner: Maqsood Raza

FCA

DADABHOY SACK LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2009

ASSETS	Note	2009	2008
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	36,961,012	47,804,871
Long term deposits		4,418,516	4,418,516
252. B		41,379,528	52,223,387
Current Assets		- The state of the	2
Stores, spares and loose tools	5	2,408,304	2,408,304
Trade debts	6	20,841,679	20,445,354
Advances	7	5,381,315	5,381,315
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	8	*	1,847,592
Advance income tax	8 9	5,341	24,092
Cash and bank balances	10	291,078	285,131
		28,927,717	30,391,787
Total Assets		70,307,245	82,615,175
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Authorised Capital			
10,000,000 (2008: 10,000,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		100,000,000	100,000,000
Issued, Paid-up & Subscribed Capital			
4,000,000 (2008: 4,000,000) @ Rs. 10 each		40,000,000	40,000,000
Un appropriated (loss) / profit		(12,564,629)	(6,189,542)
		27,435,371	33,810,458
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	11	13,847,584	14,862,132
Non Current Liabilities			
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease	12	4,338,707	8,759,703
Deferred liabilities	13	8,008,015	7,218,718
		12,346,722	15,978,421
Current Liabilities			
Current portion along with overdue of lease liabilities		1,795,515	5,840,771
Trade and other liabilities	14	14,050,318	11,291,659
Taxation	50 O.A.	831,734	831,734
(A)	,	16,677,567	17,964,164
The annexed notes 1 to 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.	9	70,307,245	82,615,175

CHEF EXECUTIVE

DADABHOY SACK LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

	NOTE	2009 RUPEES	2008 RUPEES
Sales - Net	15	3,750,000	40,948,182
Cost of sales	16	(3,350,000)	43,676,755
Gross (loss)/profit		400,000	(2,728,573)
Other income	17	50	398,571
	_	400,050	(2,330,002)
Administrative and general expenses	18	(4,561,393)	(5,051,109)
Other charges	19	- S.	(4,531,050)
		(4,561,393)	(9,582,159)
Operating (loss)/ profit		(4,161,343)	(11,912,161)
Financial cost	20	(265)	(1,532,557)
(Loss)/profit before taxation	-	(4,161,608)	(13,444,717)
Taxation		37 - 37 - 37 - 378	
Current	21		(206,734)
Prior		-	792,156
Deferred		(3,228,026)	(967,789)
	\$ -	(3,228,026)	(382,367)
(Loss)/profit after taxation	=	(7,389,635)	(13,827,085)
Earnings per share	23	(1.85)	(3.46)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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DADABHOY SACK LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

	2009 RUPEES	2008 RUPEES
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	RUPEES	RUFEES
(Loss)/profit before taxation	(4,161,608)	(13,444,717)
Adjustments for:	(4,101,008)	(15,744,717)
Depreciation	2,377,607	6,485,241
Financial charges		1,237,704
Provision for slow moving stores		267,590
Provision for Staff gratuity	_	389,223
Provision for WWF	_ [-
Gain on Disposal	1 - 1	- 1
Profit on bank deposit	(50)	(1,475)
Secretifications with the secretifications of the state of the secretification of the secre	2,377,557	8,378,283
Cash flow from operating activities before working capital changes	(1,784,051)	(5,066,435)
(Increase) decrease in current assets:	7-641-05-45 300-01-5	171
Stores, spares and loose tools		117,304
Stock in trade	n=	4,837,209
Trade debts -	(396,325)	(2,468,436)
Loans and advances	a e	1,194,169
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	1,847,592	(59,257)
	1,451,267	3,620,989
Increase (decrease) in current liabilities:		
Trade and other payables	2,758,660	2,942,470
Cash flow from operating activities after working capital changes	2,425,875	1,497,025
Income tax paid	18,751	(24,271)
Interest paid		(518,108)
Profit on bank deposit	50	1,475
	18,801	(540,904)
Net cash flow from operating activities	2,444,676	956,121
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceed from Sale of Fixed Assets	6,027,523	
Net cash used in investing activities	6,027,523	
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Lease finance liability	(8,466,252)	(991,450)
Net cash outflow from financing activities	(8,466,252)	(991,450)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	5,947	(35,329)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	285,131	320,460
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	291,078	285,131
The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.	1	

DADABHOY SACK LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

	Share Capital	Accumulated Profit/(Loss) (Rupees	Total
Balance as at 01 July 2007	40,000,000	5,869,083	45,869,083
Profit for the year		(13,827,085)	(13,827,085)
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets		1,768,459	1,768,459
Balance as at 30 June 2008	40,000,000	(6,189,542)	33,810,457
loss for the year		(7,389,635)	(7,389,635)
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets		1,014,548	1,014,548
Balance as at 30 June 2009	40,000,000	(12,564,629)	27,435,370

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTO

DADABHOY SACK LIMITED NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2008

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 The Company was incorporated on September 27, 1983 as a Private Limited Company by the name of Paperpro Industries (Private) Limited. The Company was converted into Public Limited Company on October 27, 1994 and its name was changed to Dadabhoy Sack Limited on January 19, 1995. Its registered office is located at Phase II (Extension), DHA, Karachi. The main activity of the company is manufacturing of paper bags. In February 1996, the Company was listed at Stock Exchanges of Karachi and Lahore.
- 1.2 Due to the recession in Dadabhoy Cement industries Limited, the production of the Company has been practically closed since September 2007. During the year company has continued business on the basis of printing the raw paper sacks. The Company is following a strategy of exploring new markets and diversifying its customer base. In view of the new marketing strategy the company will plans to restart its production by the end of March 2010.

In view of the above these accounts have been prepared on going concern basis.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

b) New accounting standards, interpretations and amendments that are not yet effective:

The following standards, interpretations and amendments in approved accounting standards are only effective for accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2008 and are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain increased disclosures in the certain cases:

- IAS 1 Preparation of Financial statement-(effective on or after January 1, 2009).
- IAS 23 Borrowing Costs (effective on or after January 1, 2009) Amendments relating to mandatory capitalization of borrowing costs relating to qualifying assets.
- IFRS 3 (amendment) Business Combinations and consequential amendments to IAS 27-Consolidated and separate financial statements. IAS 28-Investment in associates and IAS 31-Interest in Joint Ventures (effective prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 July 2009)
- IFRS 8 Operating Segments, effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009).
- IFRIC 11 Group and Treasury Share Transactions.
- IFRIC 12 Services Concession Arrangements; (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008).

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IFRIC 13 - Customer Loyalty Programmes; (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July, 2008)

IFRIC 14 - The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset Minimum Funding Requirements and their intersection (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008).

IFRIC 15 - Agreement for the Construction of Real Estate.(effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 October 2009).

1FRIC 16 - Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Operation.(effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 October 2008).

c) Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for measurement of certain plant and machinery at revalued amounts and certain staff retirement benefits which have been measured at present value.

d) Functional and presentation currency

These Financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupee which is the company's functional currency.

e) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimated and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are beloved to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumption are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are revised if the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments made by management in the application of approved accounting in Pakistan, that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant effect on the financial statement risk of material adjustment in subsequent years are disclosed in note 31 to these financial statements.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Staff retirement benefits (Defined Benefit Plan)

The company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme covering all its permanent employees who have completed their minimum qualifying period of service with the company. Provision is made by the company with reference to employee's last drawn gross salary and number of years of service on the basis of terminal value of scheme on the reporting date to cover obligation under the scheme.

3.2 Employees accumulated compensated absences

The Company's policy in respect of earned leave is to make provision for accumulating earned leave, as per prescribed slab, maximum upto 30, days, over and above of which is considered as lapsed, if not availed by the employee.

3.3 Taxation

Current:

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rate of taxation or one-half percent of turnover under section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001 whichever is higher.

Deferred:

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized.

3.4 Property, Plant and Equipment

Owned

Property Plant and Equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is charged on all assets using the reducing balance method at the rates stated in note 4.

Depreciation on addition is charged from the quarter in which the assets are put to use while no depreciation is charged in the quarter in which the assets are disposed.

The surplus on revaluation of Property Plant and Equipment is reversed to the extent of incremental depreciation and is transferred to accumulated profit.

Gains and losses on sale of fixed assets are included in profit and loss, except that is related to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets (net of deferred taxation), is transferred directly to accumulated profit.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized.

Leased

Leased assets in terms of which the company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance lease. Assets acquired by way of finance lease are stated at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Assets acquired under the finance lease are depreciated over the useful life of the assets at the rates applicable to the Company's own assets.

3.5 Impairment of assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of these assets may not be recoverable. Whenever the carrying amount of these assets exceed their recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized in the profit and loss account.

3.6 Stores, spares and loose tools

These are valued at lower of the moving average cost and net realizable value (less impairment loss if any) other than stores and spares in transit which are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges paid thereon less impairment loss if any.

10.000

25.

3.7 Stock-in-trade

Stock -in-trade, except for stock -in- transit, are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

Methods used to determine cost are:

Raw

First-in-first-out

material.

- Finished Goods:

Average manufacturing cost

- Goods in transit:

Cost plus expenses incurred thereon

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less cost necessary to be incurred in order to make a sale.

3.8 Trade debts

Trade debts are carried at original invoice amount less provision made for doubtful receivable balances, if any. Bad debts are written off when identified.

3.9 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the rates of exchange ruling on the date of transaction. Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are included in income currently, except for exchange differences arising on acquisition of Fixed Assets, if any, which are included in the cost of fixed assets for which no practical means of hedging are present.

3.10 Revenue recognition

Sales are recorded on dispatch of goods to customers.

Scrap sales are recognized when delivery is made to customers.

Other income is accounted for on accrual basis.

3.11 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the company has a legal and constructive obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

3.12 Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost shall be recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred except borrowing cost that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction or production of qualifying asset shall be capitalized as a part of the cost of that asset.

3.13 Transactions with related parties

Transactions with related parties are based on the policy that all transactions between the Company and the related parties are carried out at arm's length. These prices are determined in accordance with the methods prescribed in the Companies Ordinance, 1984.

3.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash-in-hand and bank balances only.

3.15 Financial Instruments

Financial Assets:

Financial Assets are deposits, trade debts, loans and advances, other receivables and cash and bank balances against which Company has right to receive cash. These are stated at their nominal value as reduced by appropriate allowances and estimated irrecoverable amount, if any.

Financial Liabilities:

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual agreements entered into. Significant financial liabilities are long term loans, creditors, accrued and other liabilities for which Company has obligation to pay cash or another financial asset. All financial liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of consideration received at initial recognition.

Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4 PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

	Cost / Revaluation as as at 1 July 2008	Additions	Cost / Revaluation as at 30 June 2009	Rate @	Accumulated depreciation as at 01 July 2008	Adjustment of Depreciation of revalued assets on revaluation date	Depreciation for the year	Accumulated depreciation as at 30 June 2009	WDV value as at 30 June 2009
Land - freehold	4 500 000	-	1 200 300		(R	ipees)			
IM	4,500,000	*	4,500,000		i unione como so	2	57	₹ 8	4,500,000
Building on freehold land	4,000,000	8	4,000,000	10	1,035,904	REE	296,410	1,332,314	2,667,686
Plant and machinery	32,077,500	-	32,077,500	10	8,301,697	0#0	9	8,301,697	23,775,803
Fork lifter	630,000	2	630,000	20	609,320	11 2 -1	*	609,320	20,680
Office equipment	420,705	₩0	420,705	10	307,492	(2)	11,321	318,813	101,892
Electrical equipment	862,077	•	862,077	10	652,621	(4)	20,946	673,567	188,510
Security equipment	54,335	±0.5 • 1.5 • 1.5	54,335	10	48,642	: * 6	569	49,211	5,124
Furniture & fittings	5,920,288	983	5,920,288	10	1,733,511		418,678	2,152,189	3,768,099
Motor vehicles	392,469	1191	392,469	20	381,156	14	2,263	383,419	9,050
:=	48,857,374		48,857,374		13,070,343		750,186	13,820,529	35,036,845
Leased Assets							14.70000	14.1 CASSING TOWNS	
Motor Vehicles	21,095,580	(8,466,252)	12,629,328	20	9,077,740	(4,585,515)	1,627,421	10,705,161	1,924,167
2009	69,952,954	(8,466,252)	61,486,702		22,148,083	(4,585,515)	2,377,607	24,525,690	36,961,012
2008	69,952,954		69,952,954		10,364,836		6,485,241	22,148,083	47,804,871

4.1 Due to stoppage of the plant at factory, all the depreciation is charged to the Administrative expense, however no any production related depreciation charged thereof

4.2 Had there been no revaluation, the net book value of specific classes of Operating Property, Plant and Equipment as at June 30, 2008 would have been as follows:

3	2009	2008
	Rupees	Rupees
Land	82,115	82,115
Building on free hold land	2,246,768	2,246,768
Plant & machinery	8,081,098	8,081,098
CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY AND A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PART	10,409,981	10,409,981

4.3 Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets

This represents surplus over book values resulting from the valuation of fixed assets carried out in the year 2005 adjusted only by the surplus realized on disposal of any of revalued assets, incremental depreciation arising out of revaluation and deferred taxation. The revaluation of fixed assets of the company was carried out by independent valuer M/s. Zafar Iqbal & Company and a report dated August 10, 2005 has been issued.

5 STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS

Stores, spares and loose tools	2,408,304	2,675,894
Provision for slow moving	48000 DE 200	(267,590)
	2,408,304	2,408,304

6 TRADE DEBTS-UNSECURED

Considered good	6.1	20,841,679	20,445,354
		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	Table 1 and

6.1 The amount represents due from associated company-DCIL. The maximum aggregate amount due at the end of any month during the year was Rs 4,314,900 (2008: 20,445,354).

7 ADVANCES

Considered go) (D	d
---------------	-----	---	---

Advance for expenses	5,381,315	5,381,315
Against Letter of credit		•
	5,381,315	5,381,315

8 DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS & OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Deposits		
	Prepayments		147,592
	Lease key money		1,700,000
	.51	(-	1,847,592
9	ADVANCE INCOME TAX		

10 CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Advance income tax

Cash at banks		
Current accounts	284,873	284,873
PLS accounts	6,204	258
	291,078	285,131

5,341

5,341

24,092

24,092

12

Opening balance	14,600,474	15,591,924
Obtained / (Disposal) during the year	(3,909,258)	\$40
Paid during the year	(4,556,994)	(991,450)
	6,134,222	14,600,474
Current portion	(1,795,515)	(2,230,936)
Overdue		(3,609,835)
	(1,795,515)	(5,840,771)
	4,338,707	8,759,703
		

12.1

l ,		2009	9 2008	2008		
	Minimum lease payment	Financial Charges for Future Period	Present value of minimum lease payments	Minimum lease payment	Financial Charges for Future Period	Present value of minimum lease payments
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Not later than one year	1,795,515		1,795,515	7,396,110	1,555,339	5,840,771
Later than one year and not later than five years	6,134,222	1,795,515	4,338,707	9,294,733	535,030	8,759,703
Less: Over Due & Current maturity	(1,795,515)	<u> </u>	(1,795,515)	(7,396,110)	(1,555,339)	(5,840,771)
	6,134,222	1,795,515	4,338,707	9,294,733	535,030	8,759,703

12.2 Finance Lease-Significant terms and conditions

S.	-4-0-2-5X -5-0-0	0.70	Installments				
No.	Name of Lessing Company	Nature of lease	Frequency	Amount Rupees	Number	Date of expiry	LR.R.
L.	Saudi Pak Commercial Bank	One vehicle	Monthly	86,180	60	July 25, 2008	11%
2.	Askari Commercial Leasing Limited	Two vehicles	Monthly	31,144	60	March 20, 2010	14.629%
3.	Askari Commercial Leasing Limited	Two vehicles	Monthly	226,352	60	Dec. 04, 2010	14.930%

- 12.3 These are secured against demand promissory notes and security deposits. Lessee has assumed and is bearing entire risk of loss and damages to the assets and to bear the cost of repair, taxes and insurance.
- 12.4 In case of breach, Askari Commercial Leasing Limited shall have a general lien over all assets of the lessee. The lessor shall become entitled to receive from the customer the amount of recomputed markup on outstanding sums in case of failure to repay on demand.
- 12.5 The vehicles leased from Askari Commercial Leasing Limited are not to be sub leased, let for hire or loaned by lessee under any circumstances whatsoever.

			2009	2008
13	DEFERRED LIABILITY		Rupees	Rupees
	Discourse (Company)		5.00	W.
	Deferred Taxation	13.1	5,436,701	4,647,404
	Staff gratuity		2,571,314	2,571,314
			8,008,015	7,218,718
13.1	The net balance for deferred taxation is in respe Deferred tax liability	ect of foll	lowing temporary di	fferences:
			140	2
	Revaluation surplus		5,570,647	5,770,155
	Deferred tax asset		14-00-000-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-0	Stockholm Sandrafor
	Accelerated tax depreciation		766,014	(222,791)
	Provision for gratuity		(899,960)	(899,960)
			5,436,701	4,647,404
			2009	2008
13.2	Liability for gratuity arose in the following man	ners:	Rupees	Rupees
	Present Value of defined benefits obligations		2,571,314	2,571,314
	Fair Value of Present Assets		20 year 6 12 year 12 79	#,~ / L,J LT
			2,571,314	2,571,314
	Unrecognised actuarial losses		m 52	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
	Liability recognized in the balance sheet		2,571,314	2,571,314
13.2.	Movement in net liability recognized			
	Opening Balance		2 571 314	2 192 001
	Expenses recognized		2,571,314	2,182,091
	Benefits paid during the year		.	389,223
	Closing balance		2,571,314	2,571,314
			2,3/1,314	2,371,314
13.2.	Expense recognized/Prepaid cost			
	Current service cost		(#)	171,014
	Interest cost		(1)	218,209
	Expected return on plan assets		(4)	9
	Recognized transitional asset		\$	<u>.</u>
	Net actuarial (gain)/loss recognized .		<u> </u>	-
	Principal Assumptions			389,223
	Principal Assumptions Following are a few important actuarial assumptions			
	Following are a few important actuarial assumptions Discount rate	•	E MORE TO THE MORE TO LAN	nowed the
	Expected rate of increase in salary		12% Per Ai 11% Per Ai	
	The state of the s		1170 FCFA	muni
14	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Accrued expenses		6,259,484	3,943,265
	Trade Creditors		337,450	
	Income tax	14.1	4,432,253	4,443,024
	Sales tax payable		548,099	475,999
	SED Payable		37,500	
	Unclaimed Dividend		415,650	415,650
	W.P.P.F	14.2	1,765,100	1,765,100
	WWF		38,621	38,621
	Others		216,162	210,000
			14,050,318	11,291,659

(10)

....

14.1 This represents the income tax deducted from staff salaries but not deposited with the FBR in accordance with the provisions of Income tax ordinance 2001. The company has applied to FBR for payment in installments.

14.2 Workers' profit participation fund

Others

Finished goods

Closing balance

Opening balance

Cost of goods manufactured

1,765,100	1,548,333
Sala a de set como co	216,767
	ie .,.
1,765,100	1,765,100
	1947 P
1,765,100	1,765,100
	1,765,100

14.3 This represents the amount of WPPF used by the company in its operation payable to the trust of the fund. The company is charging interest on the amount at interest rate prevailing in the market and shall transfer amount for distribution to the members by the trustees of the trust by March 2009 or earlier as soon as its liquidity improves.

15	SALES - Net			
	Sales		3,750,000	47,499,651
	Less: Sales tax & CED		# # 	6,551,469
		0.=	3,750,000	40,948,182
16	COST OF SALES	2=	name i	
	Opening stock-Raw material		=	4,763,991
	Purchases	16.1	3,350,000	30,181,800
		-	3,350,000	34,945,791
	Closing stock-Raw material			
	Raw material consumed	:-	3,350,000	34,945,791
	Stores and spares consumed		39 = 1	229,504
	Provision against slow moving stores		5.5	267,590
	Fuel and power			153,261
	Salaries, wages and other benefits	0.1	179	4,088,756
	Fees and subscription			5: A
	Insurance		(=)	26,490
	Repairs and maintenance		12	1,000
	Depreciation	4	(#E	3,891,145
	Other			

3,350,000

3,350,000

43,603,537

73,218

73,218

43,676,755

16.1 This represents purchase of semi finished bags from M/s Thall Limited.

17	OTHER INCOME	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
	Return on bank deposits	50	1,475
	Gain on Disposal of Fixed Assets	: * :	11,385
	Liabilities written back	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	385,711
		50	398,571

18 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	Directors remuneration & other benefits	25.1	€ <u>~</u> 1;	1,709,543
	Traveling and conveyance		7 <u>4</u> 1	18,705
	Rent, rates and taxes		140,000	230,600
	Printing and stationery		26	9,270
	Insurance	03998 45	ggs annone	13,245
	Auditor's remuneration	18.1	245,000	260,000
	Legal and professional		resident Georg	200,000
	Salaries & Wages		1,375,569	#€
	Depreciation	4	2,377,607	2,594,096
	Fees and subscription		163,075	3,321
	Others	1,500	260,142	12,329
			4,561,393	5,051,109
18.1	Auditors' remuneration			
	Audit fee		150,000	150,000
	Half yearly review		60,000	60,000
	Certificate on compliance with code of corpora	ate governance	35,000	35,000
	Out of pocket expenses	522	15,000	15,000
		<u> </u>	260,000	260,000
19	OTHER CHARGES			
*#.550	257.60 - 12			
	Workers welfare fund		(*)	-
	Workers' profit participation fund		:=:	
	Raw material written off			4,531,050
		-		4,531,050
20	FINANCIAL CHARGES		15,	
	Interest on WPPF		94.0	216,767
	Interest on finance lease		:5: :2::	1,237,704
	Bank charges		265	78,086
		_		70,000
			265	1,532,557
			2009	2008
21	TAXATION		Rupees	Rupees
21.1	Provision for taxation		· ·	2.5.450E
	Tax charge for the current year/minimum tax	·		206,734
	Provision for income tax has not been provided 2009 by finance act 2008.	d as the minimum	tax has been abol	ished for the tax
22	REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS			
		140 150A		Director
	The aggregate amount charged in the accounts f Managerial remuneration	for the year are as	follows :	
	Traveling & utilities			
	marching of utilities		- : -	1,709,543
		_	• · · · ·	1,709,543
	Number of persons		1	. 1

- 22.1 In view of the current status of the company the directors have voluntarily waived the remuneration.
- 22.2 Some working Directors are also provided with free use of Company's owned and maintained cars.

23 EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED

	Profit / (loss) after taxation	(7,389,635)	(13,827,085)
	Weighted average ordinary shares in issue during the year	4,000,000	4,000,000
	Earnings per share	(1.85)	(3.46)
24	PLANT CAPACITY	No of b	ags
	Installed capacity	26,000,000	26,000,000
	Utilized capacity		2,526,735
	Utilized capacity % age	0.00%	9.72%

Reason of Low Production:-

Currently the company sells exclusively only to its associated company (DCIL), due to which the installed capacity could not be fully utilized.

25 TRANSACTIONS WITH ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

The related parties comprise of parties related to group companies (associated companies), Directors and their close family members, staff provident fund, executives, major shareholder of the company and financial institution having nominee on the Board of Directors. Remuneration and benefits to executives of the company are in accordance with the terms of the employment while contributing to the provident fund is in accordance with staff service rules. Transactions with related parties during the year and balances at the year end other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements were as follows:

	Sale of bags		40,948,182
25.1	Purchase of electricity The transactions with associated companies are made at at terms and conditions.	m's length value und	153.261
26	CASH AND CASH POHINA PRIMA	2009 Rupees	2008 Rupees
20	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and bank balances	291,078	285,131

27 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

27.1 Interest rate risk exposure

The information relating to the Company's exposure to interest rate risk based on maturity dates is as follows:

	2009							
	Interest bearing		Non-interest bearing					
	Maturity within one year	Maturity after one year	Sub Total	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year	Sub Total	Total	2008
				RUPEES				
Financial Assets								
Frade debts	627		\$\$	20,841,679		20,841,679	20,841,679	20,445,354
Advances	(25)	â)	#2	5,381,315	#	5,381,315	5,381,315	5,381,315
Deposits, prepayments & other receivable	(20)		-12	929	4,418,516	4,418,516	4,418,516	6,118,516
Cash and bank balances	6,204		6,204	284,873	2	284,873	291,078	285,131
	6,204		6,204	26,507,867	4,418,516	30,926,383	30,932,588	32,230,316
Financial Liabilities				F1376				
Lease liability	1,795,515	4,338,707	6,134,222	97	2	3.70	6,134,222	11,291,659
Trade & Other Psyable		(5)	s	14,050,318		14,050,318	14,050,318	5,840,771
	1,795,515	4,338,707	1,795,515	14,050,318	A A	14,050,318	15,845,833	17,132,430
Net fianancial assets/(liabilities)	(1,789,311)	(4,338,707)	(1,789,311)	12,457,549	4,418,516	16,876,065	15,086,754	15,097,886

27.2 Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if the counter parties failed completely to perform as contracted. There is no credit risk as the company makes 100% sales to Dadabhoy Cement Industries Limited which is an associated company of DSL.

27.3 Concentration of credit risk

The Company is exposed to concentration of credit risk in respect of trade debts as there is only one customer to whom the company sells its goods. However, since the customer is an associated company the risk is mitigated.

27.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk reflects an enterprise's inability in raising funds to meet commitments. The company follows an effective cash management and planning policy to ensure availability of funds and takes appropriate measures for new requirements.

27.5 Fair value of the financial instruments

The carrying value of all financial instruments reported in the financial statements approximates their fair value.

27.6 Financial risk management objectives

The company's activities exposed it to a variety of financial risks, including the effect of changes in foreign exchanges rates, credit and liquidity risks associated with various financial assets and liabilities respectively as referred in note no 30.1. The company finances its operation through equity and management of working capital with a view to maintaining a reasonable mix between the various sources of finance to minimize risk. Taken as whole, risk arising from the companies financial instruments is limited as there is no significant exposure to market risk in that respect.

28 ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

28.1 Income Tax

In making the estimates for income taxes currently payable by the company, the management considers the current income tax law and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.

28.2 Property, Plant and Equipment

The company's management estimates useful lives and related depreciation charge for its plant and equipment. The company reviews the value of the assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and equipments with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

29 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements have been authorized for issue on _______, 2009 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

30 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of rupees.



DADABHOY SACK LIMITED PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS ON 30TH JUNE, 2009

NO. OF SHAREHOLDERS	SHAREHO	TOTAL SHARES	
	FROM	то	
59	101	500	29,200
18	501	1,000	17,400
2	1,001	5,000	7,500
1	10,001	50,000	10,000
5	50,001	100,000	320,530
1	100,001	300,000	276,000
2	300,001	1,740,000	3,339,370
88			4,000,000

Catagories of Shareholders	No. of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage %
Individuals	84	284,630	7.12
Joint Stock Companies	3	3,615,370	90.38
Financial Institutions	1	100,000	2.50
	88	4,000,000	100.00

INFORMATION AS REQUIRED UNDER CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AS ON 30-06-2009

SHAREHOLDERS CATEGORY	NO. OF SHARE HOLDER	SHAREHOLDING
ASSOCIATED COMPANIES		
DADABHOY TRADING CORPORATION (PVT) LTD.	1	1,739,370
DADABHOY CEMENT INDUSTRIES LTD.	1	276,000
DADABHOY HYDROCARBON LIMITED	1	1,600,000
DIRECTORS		
MR. MUHAMMAD HUSSAIN DADABHOY	1	700
MR. MUHAMMAD AMIN DADABHOY	1	56,616
MR. FAZAL KARIM DADABHOY(CHIEF EXECUTIVE)	1	52,178
MRS. HUMAIRA DADABHOY	1	55,207
MRS. YASMEEN DADABHOY	1	56,529
MRS. NOOR BAKTH DADABHOY	1	700
MR. NASEEMUDDIN	1	500
BANKS, DFIS, NBFIS, INSURANCE COMP.ETC.	- 544 	
NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN TRUSTEE DEPTT	1	100,000
GENERAL PUBLIC		284,630
SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING 10% OR MORE VOTING IN	ITEREST	
DADABHOY TRADING CORPORATION (PVT) LTD.	1	1,739,370
DADABHOY HYDROCARBON LIMITED	1	1,600,000

DADABHOY SACK LIMITED TWENTY SIXTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING 2009 FORM OF PROXY I / We ____ Of being A member of DADABHOY SACK LIMITED and holder of Ordinary Shares as per registered Folio No. _____ Hereby appoint _____ Of _____ Or failing him _____ Of Vide Registered Folio No. As my / our proxy to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the Twenty Sixth Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on 30th October 2009 and at any adjournment thereof. Signed my me/us this day of 2009 Signed by the Shareholders Important: This form of Proxy duly complete must be deposited at the Company's Five Rupees Registered Office, C 30/II, 24th Commercial Street, Phase 2 (Ext). D.H.A, Revenue Stamps Karachi not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting. A proxy should also be a shareholder of the Company.

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For Office use

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